PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

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ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY FEBRUARY 1, 1892 PRICE TWO CENTS.

BREVITIES.

—"Alabama," is to be interpreted at Music Hall to-morrow evening.

—The Choral Society will hold a divided rehearsal this evening at eight o'clock.

—Services will be held in the German Reformed church Wednesday evening at 7.45 o'clock.

—The City Common Council met in adjourned session this evening at eight o'clock.

—The Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission chapel has arranged for a dime social.

—There is to be a "shoot" at the residence of Mr. Douglass Darby at Mt. Pleasant to-morrow afternoon.

—The members of the New Jersey Editorial Association are holding their annual meeting to-day at Trenton.

—A warrant will be issued for the arrest of a hackman named Dennis Kilbride. He is charged with cruelty to animals.

—Arnie Rothenhousen was to-day arrested by Policeman Giese for causing a disturbance in the barracks of the Salvation Army.

—The Mayor will appoint the city officials for the ensuing year at the meeting of the City Council which is to be held this evening.

—Overseer of the Poor, J. W. A. Baurasehs of North Plainfield, gives notice in another column that his books are open for inspection.

—A P. & R. freight train, bound West, broke in two at the Grace street bridge yesterday afternoon. The accident was discovered in time to avert a wreck.

—A horse belonging to Michael Higgins, the liveryman, was frightened on Front street yesterday and ran away. The animal was caught near the depot.

—The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Warren Mission Chapel will hold a meeting in the parlor of the chapel to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—Captain Grant yesterday took George Killian to the county jail to serve out a ten day's sentence imposed by City Judge Codington for drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

—Mr. George Fairchild, who is selling his stock of furniture preparatory to leaving business, calls the attention of prospective buyers to an important fact, in his advertisement elsewhere.

—The Elizabeth team will play the first game in the Central New Jersey Base Ball League, to which Plainfield belongs, on the Elizabethport grounds on Saturday, May 7, with the Somervilles.

—Mr. George H. Fountain, the Bible class teacher at Hope chapel spoke at the First Church of Christ, last evening to a large congregation, on the subject "Man's Past and Future Dominion."

—To-morrow will be the Feast of the Purification. Services will be held in the Grace and Holy Cross Episcopal churches. At the former church Holy Communion will be celebrated at ten o'clock.

—The bowling team from the Crescent League visited Jersey City Friday evening and rolled a game with a team from the New Jersey Athletic Club. The Plainfielders were defeated by a score of 910 to 729.

—Policeman Fredrickson early Sunday morning arrested an Italian who was under the influence of liquor. When the officeman searched the fellow at the station house he found a stiletto concealed on his person.

—At a regular meeting of the Ephermal class this evening in the First Baptist church, Mr. Geo. H. Fountain will deliver an address on "Thoughts connected with the Creation." All the members are requested to be present. Visitors will be welcome.

—Just as it has done for two years past, New Jersey is leading the country in legal business, for the year 1700 applications were brought in during 1891. Five new councils have already been established during the present fiscal year, and more than a dozen more are under way.

—Edsall is early this season in opening complete lines of new Spring goods in each of his departments. He announces in his new advertisement to-day that his house has never been so well stocked with new and elegant goods as now. He gives a special invitation to all to make an early call of inspection.

—Mrs. E. M. Whittemore of New York, who is so well known as a leader in rescue work among the poor in the slums of that place will lecture here Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Park Avenue Baptist church and at 7:45 p. m. in Rescue Hall. All are invited to attend both the Reading and the evening meeting in the Reform Hall and listen to her address.

United States Daughters of New Jersey.

The following is clipped from The World:

"Mrs. Margaret Herbert Mather has been appointed President of the Society of the United States Daughters of New Jersey. The object of the organization is to render aid to the impoverished and unfortunate, and in every way to promote the welfare of the descendants of those who established the Government of the United States. When the English fleet sailed up the Potomac and burned the Capitol, the officer in command sent a message to an ancestor of Mrs. Mather saying he was a relative and would pay him a visit. Mr. Herbert replied: 'I have no hospitality to offer the enemies of my country, and shall esteem it a favor if you stay away.' De Witt Clinton Mather, of Round Brook, Somerset county, is also interested in the Society."

IN THE COURT.

Prisoners Plead and Sentences Imposed.

Saturday morning there was a special session of the Union county Court of General Quarter Sessions. Judge McCormick presided, and on motion of Prosecutor Marsh there were several arraignments.

Charles Connell, who is charged with the larceny of lumber from the Singer Works, pleaded not guilty to three indictments. The trial will take place on Feb. 2.

Richael Killigrew and John Heise were arraigned on indictment for entering. They pleaded guilty and sentence was suspended.

William F. Avery, assault and battery, pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to the county jail for ten days.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. George Butcher of West Front street is seriously ill.

Mr. Elon S. Rogers has returned to this city after a pleasant visit to friends in Buffalo, N. Y.

Mr. Harry Van Emburgh entertained a number of his friends at his home on East Second street Friday evening.

Miss Alice Yendes, of Rochester, will give a parlor reading in the rooms of the W. C. T. U. this evening at 8 o'clock.

Mrs. E. P. Williams was the successful contestant in the game between the Ladies' and Gentlemen's teams played by Mr. Geo. E. Williams, the West Front street druggist.

Judge W. R. Codington has resigned the treasurership of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company. Mr. L. E. Barkalew has been elected in his stead.

Charles McNabb of Netherwood, formerly a resident here, is studying law in the office of Wm. A. Coddington at Plainfield.—Bound Brook Chronicle.

Sunday. Oliver Wethered, the infant son of John D., and Georgie E. James, died. The funeral was this afternoon from the parents residence on East Second street.

Mr. Edward Kolli, who is employed on the staff of the New York Commercial Advertiser, has been visiting at the residence of Mr. Carl Kaerth of East Second street for several days past.

Policeman Kiely did not go on duty last night. Instead he was present at the christening of his young son and entertained a number of his friends at his home on West Fourth street.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank F. Baynon were "at home" to their many Plainfield friends at the residence of Mr. W. C. Ayres, on West Second street, Saturday evening. They will receive again to-morrow evening.

Ex-Mayor L. V. F. Randolph will speak, Tuesday evening, at the mission on East Third street, on his travels. As Mr. Randolph is a most observant as well as experienced traveller an interesting address may be looked for.

Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Boehm of West Front street entertained the sixth anniversary of their marriage. A large number of friends were present and thoroughly enjoyed themselves. Yesterday was also Mrs. Boehm's birthday.

Miss Isabel Watson, a missionary from Burmah, will address the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society in the Bible class room, adjoining the lecture room of the First Baptist church, Wednesday, Feb. 3d at three o'clock p. m. A cordial invitation is extended to the women of other churches to be present.

Unique Fire Insurance Question.

Westfield is in the midst of a unique fire insurance discussion. About two weeks ago the house of Baseball Manager Coding caught fire. The Fire Department was called out, and, as there was no other water available, the cesspools were tapped and the house was flooded with sewerage. Now Mr. Coding looks to the Citizens' Insurance Company for the full value of the property, claiming that pounds upon pounds of fumigators and barrels upon barrels of lime have been used in vain. The insurance companies offer to settle for the actual fire damage.

Catholic Church Notes.

Next Wednesday will be the Feast of St. Blaze. It will be appropriately observed in the Catholic churches in this city and North Plainfield. At the conclusion of the services in the morning all members of the congregation will be blessed.

Services will be held in St. Mary's church next Friday evening in honor of the Sacred Heart.

On and after Sunday next the vesper and benediction service will be held in St. Mary's church at eight p. m. instead of 3:45 p. m. as formerly.

Real Estate Transfer.

The following real estate transfer has been recorded in the Union County Clerk's office at Elizabeth:

Jeremiah Manning et ux., to Matthew H. Brandis, conveys lot of w. lot situated in Plainfield, and on Dunellen avenue; dated January 9, 1892; consideration $1,400.

Married by the Justice.

Miss Rebecca Witterman and Mr. Samuel Kramer of North Plainfield were Sunday married at the office of Justice Hetfield. The Justice performed the ceremony.

County Board of Examiners.

There will be a stated meeting of the County Board of Examiners, for teachers' certificates, in the Prospect street school building, Westfield, on Saturday, February 6th.

JAMES—On 31st of January, 1892 at 182 Bound Brook street, Oliver Wethered, infant son of John D., and Georgie E. James.

JOHAN SEBASTIAN BACH

MR. FREDERIC DEAN'S LECTURE SATURDAY.

On the Father of Modern Music and of Fugues.—Criticisms of Some Well Known Musicians.

The five German giants, Bach, Handel, Gluck, Haydn and Mozart, are to form the subjects, to be given consecutively, in the lectures of course D. These lectures are given every Saturday from twelve to one, in the Scharwenka Conservatory of Music, Fifth avenue, New York.

A party of ladies from Plainfield went in last Saturday to attend the lecture on Bach, and they were very much interested in it.

Mr. Dean likened the "Art of Music" to a mighty temple, with the exterior of which we alone are acquainted. When once inside our attention is drawn to the high altars, and especially to the most ancient one to the right. It has this inscription emblazoned upon it in characters of gold:—

"Johan Sebastian Bach—
The Father of Modern Music."

Rubenstein recently said, Bach, Beethoven and Schubert occupy the highest pinnacles in music.

When Dr. Hans von Bulow was in this country several years ago, he was asked to define his musical creed.

"I believe," he answered, "in the three great 'B's' Bach, Beethoven and Brahms."

Robert Schuman says, "Bach is one to whom music owes almost as great a debt as a religion owes to its founder."

When Sebastian was but ten years old his father died. As he was now an orphan he took up his abode with his elder brother Christopher, who was organist at Ohrdorf. Here little Sebastian first learned to play upon the Clavier.

The lad was always ahead of his lessons and desired more advanced work, but this his brother-preseptor refused to give him.

One day Sebastian happened upon a Mss. containing delightful compositions by some of the most noted writers of the day. His brother, finding him poring over it, snatched it from him and locked it up.

As the door was of iron lattice work, the persistent boy soon found a way to work the book out between the bars. Then waiting until the house was still, he crept to the garret with the coveted prize and began to copy everything by moonlight. Candles he had not, but the moonlight served his purpose, and so he toiled night after night, for six long months. Finally his task was completed and the prize was his.

His brother, however, upon hearing of the matter, demanded the copied treasure and threw it into the fire.

Baffled in this direction our little hero looked about for another outlet for his musical heart yearnings. He soon found it in the ranks of the "Metenschaller," where he was gladly welcomed on account of his beautiful soprano voice.

His duties in the Sunday choir were his chief delight, and much of his later power over his favorite instrument, the organ, came to him directly from the Sunday afternoons, spent with the first organist Bohm.

In these days there lived an organist, named Johann Adam Reinken, who up to the day of his death, at the age of ninety-nine, was the wonder of all the surrounding country. Although he was at Hamburgh and young Sebastion was at school at Luneburg, the lad often walked the distance to hear the old gentleman play. Later this very organist, upon hearing Bach extemporize upon the Chorale, "By the Waters of Babylon," exclaimed:

"I thought that this art was dead, but I see that it still lives in you."

The young student also walked to Celle, to attend the famed Hof-Kapelle. This was, in a great measure, composed of Frenchmen, and naturally occupied itself with instrumental music of the French school. Here Sebastian became better acquainted with the branch of music he most admired.

At the age of eighteen, Bach was appointed the leader of the Prince's band in Weimar, and soon after was made organist in the "new church" at Arnstadt.

Once his own master, he worked with restless activity. No task seemed too great, no problem too profound for his quick and thorough solution. He labored night and day, for two years at Arnstadt, during which time nothing particular is known of him.

About this time, Dietrich Buxtehude, an organist of national reputation, had inaugurated a series of Musical Services into his church. These consisted of Advent services on the five Sunday evenings preceding Christmas. The reputation of these services must have been great, for Bach traveled fifty miles on foot to hear them.

Bach's reputation as an organist steadily increased and, in 1607, at the age of twenty-three, he was made court organist at Weimar. "From this time," says his biographer, "we may consider his studies to have been completed. At Weimar his fame as an organist of his time reached its climax. There, also, he wrote his chief organ compositions. Productions unsurpassed and unsurpassable."

For the next six years his fame increased and his influence widened and in 1613, at the age of twenty-nine, he is appointed "Hof-concert meister." Now we find him beginning those yearly tours of organ and clavier recitals, which he continued for so long a time. In the Autumn of his first year of travels, he met and vanquished one of the most brilliant organists of the day, in the following manner:

Louis Marchand, the court organist at Versailles, had been banished from France. He succeeded in ingratiating himself into the favor of the King of Poland, who made him his court organist. This so irritated the Kapellmeister, Volumier, that he determined to crush the Frenchman. For this purpose he invited Bach over from Weimar. Both met, and at a certain Royal Concert, remained incognito in the audience, while Marchand played a French air and followed it by brilliant variations of his own. He arose amid deafening applause.

Volumier's time had now arrived and he hastily summoned Bach from the audience and offered him Marchand's seat. Bach repeated Marchand's brilliant variations and added twelve of his own of great beauty and difficulty. He then concluded the same by handing the Frenchman a pencil written theme, and challenged him to an organ composition on the given subject. Marchand accepted, the date was set, and a brilliant audience assembled, to hear the rivals play. On the morning of the appointed meeting, however, the Frenchman fled from the town, and in the evening the audience crowned the new master in his place. Louis d'Marchand died in misery, at the age of sixty-one years.

Upon his return from Dresden, Bach was appointed Kapellmeister at Coethen, by Prince Leopold, a young man, who was so fond of his new music master, that he insisted upon his accompanying him wherever he went.

Bach's duties were comparatively easy, and he employed his leisure time in producing a great amount of instrumental music. For his duties, in the direction of the Royal Orchestra and Chapel, Bach received three hundred dollars per annum.

Coethen was no place for a man of Bach's ambition and when the Prince's ardor began to cool, he was glad of the chance of getting back to Luneburg. Here we find him in 1720, trying for the position of organist in the "Jacobi Kirche," which place, however, he failed to secure. It was given to a young and unknown candidate, who had paid the council $1000 for the position.

Haendel was at Halle, at this time, and Bach tried several times to meet him, but he was always unsuccessful, and so the two great composers never met.

In 1723, Bach settled down for his life, Bach resided in Leipsic, where, in 1723, he was appointed Cantor in the Thomasschule. He here had no peace with his colleagues. Besides this, he was continually hampered by the narrowness of the ideas of the leaders, yet in spite of every opposition he was the celebrity of the town and surrounding country. His social position was of the highest. All musicians of note who came into his neighborhood paid him a visit. Dresden, which was the music centre of the time, did him universal honor.

His house was the centre of musical culture and refinement.

His wife was a beautiful singer and his children were musically gifted.

Three years before his death and when he was sixty-two years of age, Bach made his famous journey to Potsdam and Berlin, to visit Frederic the Great, in whose service was his son Emanuel, as Court Cembalist.

Here he was treated with the greatest kindness by everyone.

He tested nearly every piano and organ in Potsdam and excited the greatest wonder by his improvisation on any given or self-chosen theme.

Upon his return to Leipsic he began to lose his eyesight, a loss so great, which had never fully recovered from the strain upon them in copying the manuscript by moonlight, when but little over ten years of age. They continued to grow worse, and on July 28, 1750, in his sixty-sixth year, the great man died, blind.

Thus lived and died, one of the strongest and sweetest characters in history.

A man of grand ideas, who lived up to them in the strictest and most painstaking manner.

A musician of gigantic possibilities, every one of which was utilized to the very best advantage.

Of him it could well be said, "Behold the Man as well as the Musician."

Like many another, Bach's genius was not appreciated during his life time. It was not until the close of the 18th century that his greatness began to be understood.

In 1799 the "Well-tempered Clavier" was published in London and in 1800 the Jacob brothers astounded musical London, with performances of Bach's fugues and pieces for the organ.

In 1802 a statue was erected in front of his old study. The statue perpetuates the features of the great master.

Bach wrote a treatise on the "Art of Fugues," during the last year of his life. This work was written for no less than sixteen fugues and four canons, for one piano and two fugues for two pianos. In this work upon his own name "B. A. C. H." in the German notation is equal to B natural. The fugue being written in B flat.

There are only a few of his noted fugues.

For over 200 years, Bach's ancestors were all wonderful musicians and in him culminated all the genius and artistic power of the race. With his immediate descendants, all trace is lost of the once tremendous musical power of that great family.

All of the Bach's had large families and all of the boys were taught to adopt the rule. He was married twice and had twenty children, of which number but seven grew to maturity. Of these, his third son Philip Emanual is the most noted.

Bach devoted his life to his family and his art. He gave all his children a thorough education.

He was the first to settle the long dispute between the old church modes and the modern system.

His influence upon the technical part of piano-playing is tremendous.

On July 28, 1850, in celebration of Bach's death, the "Bach-Gesellschaft" was formed in Germany.

The society published a complete critical edition of Bach's works.

Bach wrote in every form and branch of music, and the number of his works is enormous. Because of the variety of his compositions, the time may come when it will be said of him as of Homer:

"This was not written by one, but by many."

E.

George Hampton Arrested.

Friday a United States Deputy Marshal went to Bound Brook from Trenton and arrested George Hampton, who has been indicted for issuing fraudulent pension papers. He was bound over to appear at the next Tuesday in answer to the charge.

George is a trustworthy colored man who seems to have become the victim of pension sharks. His numerous friends believe him innocent and intend to attempt to defraud the government and will see that he is properly defended.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

SET FIRE TO A ROYAL CASTLE.

An Incendiary at Konigsberg Fails in His Design and Escapes.

BERLIN, Feb. 1, (Special.)—An attempt was made on Sunday to fire the royal castle at Konigsberg. The incendiary got across to the main tower, poured petroleum over one of the floors, and, then set fire to it. Smoke and flames burst from the tower, and for a time there was a lively scare, the whole town turning out to witness the conflagration.

The fire, however, was got under control before it had done much damage. The incendiary made good his escape, and no clew has been found to him up to the present.

THE EIDER ASHORE.

She Runs on the Isle of Wight Rocks in a Fog.

LONDON, Feb. 1, (Special.)—The steamship Eider of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, Capt. Heineke, which left New York for Bremen on Jan. 23, went ashore last night on the Atherfield, nine miles west of Ventnor, Isle of Wight.

Both passengers and mail, according to latest despatches, have been got off safely.

$50 for the Rescuers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1st. (Special.)—Deputy Street-Cleaning Commissioner William J. Dalton to-day sent to Mayor Grant his personal check for $50 to be given to the crew of the schooner Everett Webster for their heroism in saving the crew of the street-cleaning tug Edwin Webster, which was blown out to sea and sunk off Highland Lights.

Lawyer Jerome All Right.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1st. (Special.)—Lawyer Jerome has so far recovered from his illness as to be able to continue the defense of Carlyle Harris, who is on trial for wife murder.

ATHLETICS AND MUSIC.

The Interesting Programme at the Y. M. C. A. Saturday Evening.

The Young Men's Christian Association gave the first of a series of free entertainments to the men of our city at their rooms on Saturday evening. The attendance was large and an interesting programme was acceptably rendered.

While the programme as a whole was enthusiastically received the cornet solos of Prof. Wm. Bartow of Bound Brook are deserving of very special mention. A most pleasing feature of evening was the exhibition of skill on the horizontal bar and tumbling by the following members of the Young Men's Institute of the Y. M. C. A. of New York: Messrs. A. Harvey, Samuel Ludwig, Harry Schmidt and Harry La Mont. Messrs. Schmidt and La Mont delighted all with their fencing as did also Prof. Conde on the violin. President Murray spoke a few words of welcome and the coffee, for which the Ladies' Nine are famous, was served with cake by the Reception Committee. Another entertainment will be held on next Saturday evening.

Somerset County's Proud Marksmen.

Members of Company H., of Somerville were made happy Saturday night, when the badges and bars won by the company's marksmen at Sea Girt, were awarded by Captain Cook. Three of the decorations, won General Howard, Governor Green and John L. Kuser, honorary members of Company H., were sharpshooter's badges. The following men received sonorary badges: Lieutenant W. Y. Steele, Corporal H. H. Parker, H. C. Ackerman, of Plainfield; J. A. Burkman, P. M. Van Cleef and H. T. William. Fourteen bars of honor were awarded to as many more men.

Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Dunellen Post Office for the month ending Jan. 31, 1892:

Berman, Mr
Brady, Mr
Cowing, Mrs Mary
Field, J B
Hodge, Wm
Jones, Jacob
Johnson, Mrs John
Langdon, Mrs
Jon, Morrat
M'y'r Houser Hall (3)
Osborne, John
Ramsey, Edward
Sanders, Mrs Edw
Truth, Wm
Van Aite, J
Worden, Benj P

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. James H. Harold, P. M.

Have some

H-O.

for breakfast.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We got a bargain last week in 100 fine Winter Coats for Ladies. We bought them at half their regular value, and will sell them the same way.

Spring goods are coming in fast, and buyers will find our assortment of Embroideries, White Goods, Cutting Flannel, Ginghams, etc., the finest ever displayed in Plainfield.

Our great sale of Sheeting and Muslin will continue. 8-4 Utica Sheeting 19c.; 9-4, 21c.; 10-4, 23c.; Pride of the Loom, 8c.; Dwight Anchor, 8c. These are all straight goods and we put on prices in back and white so that other would be competitors will know what to ask for their goods.

We will sell 1,000 Fine Embroidered Handkerchiefs, that cost 30c. to land, for 15c. each.

100 doz. Ladies full regular fast black Hose 10c. pair.

100 doz. extra heavy, full regular, fast black Hose for Children, 25c. per pair. Actual value, 40c.

Another case, and 'twill be the last, of those 40in. Henriettas, all shades, 25c. yard, Worth 38c.

One case 2,000 yds fine Dress Seersuckers. Actual values 10c., they go for 5c.

There is a lot of Granite Iron Ware that must be sold this week. Price no object as long as we sell it. VAN EMBURGH & WYNNE.

WE GIVE

QUOTATIONS, AND WE GUARANTEE OUR CUSTOMERS

TO GIVE

them the advantage of the lowest current prices and the best assorted stock of staple groceries to select from in the city.

EXTRA VALUE IN DRIED FRUITS.

Extra choice California prunes, 3 lbs, 25c.; extra choice California peaches, 2 lbs, 15c.; extra choice California apricots, 15c lb; extra choice California cherries, 15c lb; extra choice California pitted plums, 10c lb; extra choice California Bartlett pears, 10c lb; extra choice California blackberries, 10c lb; extra choice California raspberries, 10c lb; extra sun dried apples, 5 lbs, 25c.

ORANGES—Extra fine oranges (strictly Florida) from 12c. dozen up. Extra fine lemons 15c. dozen. Don't forget that we are Headquarters for Rio Teas, Coffees, Butter, Flour, Hams, Shoulders, Bacon, etc

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light.
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the BEST BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have it. 25 BAGS to the barrel. Duluth and Jersey Bran, and make a specialty of reclaimed Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

Cents-a-Word Column.

FOUR room house to rent. $8 month. Small garden Only a few blocks from Post Office. Call at News office. 3 1tf

HUSBAND and wife wanted to take full charge of dairy. House, garden, etc. Americans preferred. Good salary. Address "Brooks," care Evening News. 1dtw

LOST—On Sunday evening, a pocketbook containing a sum of money and other papers which owner can identify. A suitable reward will be paid if returned to 52 East Fifth street.

MACHINIST wanted. At Schenck's machine shop.

MONEY to loan on bond and mortgage. Box 344, Plainfield P. O. 29 6t

MALE or female agents wanted. $5 a day made without overwork. Address "Bookseller," care of Evening News. 1dtw

PLEASANT rooms, with excellent board; terms $4.75 per week. 1 6

PROTESTANT girl for general housework or upstairs work. Can be seen at present employer's, 63 Somerville avenue. 29 3

TO LET—Store now occupied by Phillip Swain, No. 43 West Front street. Also desirable storage room with plastered walls. Apply to Wm. H. Stillman. 29 6

THE HOUSE owned and occupied by the late A. D. Button, 14 La Grande avenue, Plainfield, N. J., for sale. Inquire on the premises, Esquire on premises, or, at 71 Barclay street, New York. 1 eod 1t

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply at No. 95 Grove street, North Plainfield. 1 3

WANTED—Good cook and laundress. Call at 13 Rockview avenue. 1 6

WANTED TO BUY—Horse of six or seven rooms. Located within five or ten minutes walk of town. Give full particulars, and reply by mail only to "Cash," care of Evening News. 30 3

WANTED—A reliable Protestant woman to take care of invalid lady. Apply mornings at 9 West Ninth street. 30 3

Special Notices.

NOTICE.

The books of the Overseer of the Poor of the Township of North Plainfield are now open for inspection every day from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. at my office, 26 Harmony street, North Plainfield. J. W. A. BAURASCHS, Overseer.

Dated Jan. 30th, 1892. 30 2w

A NEW STYLE

OF

DERBY

Out TO-DAY, at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

Only 30 Days More!

FURNITURE AT COST!

Closing Out Sale

at

FAIRCHILD'S,

21 and 23 East Front street.

STORE OPEN

From 7 a. m. to 9 p. m.

SATURDAY 10 P. M. 30 2w

ANNOUNCEMENT

OUR NEW SPRING GOODS are now ready for inspection.

ALL the departments are supplied to the fullest extent with the newest and most desirable goods that can be found in the markets.

IT is impossible to particularize in a small "ad." like this, but would say that we are now better prepared to supply the wants of the people than ever before.

OUR New Spring Dress Goods this season surpass anything we have ever offered. The styles and colorings are elegant, and will well repay an inspection.

THE Wash Dress Fabrics are just lovely, and comprise about everything that the trade demands.

LADIES are always interested in pretty Hosiery, though Gentlemen are interested in large and the patterns are just as handsome as they can be.

WE intend to do the largest business in our dress lining department that we have ever done, and therefore have increased this line about one-fifth. You can be suited here.

WE extend a special invitation to everybody to make us an early call, and examine our cheap and elegant goods, before making your Spring purchases.

LOOK OUT for our Carpet Announcement soon.

EVERYTHING the Newest, Cheapest and Best at

EDSALL'S.

MUSIC HALL

ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY!

For One Night Only.

Tuesday, Feb. 2nd,

OF

MR. A. M PALMER'S COMPANY,

in the great New York success,

ALABAMA!

Augustus Thomas' beautiful, sweet-toned romance of the South.

EDITORIAL NOTES

In everything but politics and religion always have your hand upon the top rail of the fence, ready to jump over on the winning side.

The logic of events points to a time not far distant when the supply of gold as the exclusive legal tender metal will be exhausted in Europe. Then the nations there will be obliged to talk silver with us. Mr. Goschen, the British chancellor of the exchequer and the well known friend of silver, hints that *the time has almost come in England* now. The next step will be the international monetary conference called for by Senator Teller.

A newspaper correspondent asked Maurice Thompson, the author, if he had any hobbies, to which he replied that he had two noble ones—Greek literature and fresh air. Concerning the first of these nothing is to be said. It does not concern the public one way or the other. But the second one is far nobler than the first, and it is one which can be shared by all Thompson's fellow countrymen and the world at large. The cultivation of the fresh air hobby is to be commended. It can be fostered alike by people of means and people of no means.

Sir William Thompson, the famous electrician, advanced the theory twenty years ago that the first germs of life were brought to our planet by the meteors that fall in such showers. It is now suggested that diamonds came upon the earth in the same way. There are no known geological processes that will account for their formation. Diamonds, small but abundant, have been found in meteoric iron. Although small white stones of this kind have been noticed most of those found have been black *diamonds, the hardest variety known*, and the kind employed in pointing diamond working tools.

Consolidated New York.

There is one way in which New York city can remain larger than Chicago for fifty years to come, and it is a sure way. It is the way adopted by the windy western city itself just before a census. It is easy and simple—merely the taking in of the outlying districts.

For some years a commission has been at work *quietly making arrangements* for consolidation with Brooklyn. Its report and recommendations have been laid before the New York legislature for acceptance and action. The commission, at the head of which is the indefatigable Andrew H. Green, asks the legislature to empower it to prepare a bill for submission to the voters of the districts concerned. The enlargement proposed will take in Brooklyn, Staten Island, part of Queens, bring immediately north of the present limits of New York also a portion of the suburbs of Brooklyn. Thus New York, Brooklyn, Staten Island and a number of outlying towns will be consolidated into one tremendous New York with a population of not less than 2,500,000. Then if two more bridges are built between New York and Brooklyn and in some way not yet clear rapid transit can be secured from the upper end of New York city to the Battery, and from Staten Island to New York and Brooklyn, the sun will never shine upon a more magnificent city than this will be before many years. New York seems bound to take this step in self defense. The bitterest opposition to it would probably come from the mayors and town councils of Brooklyn and the small suburban towns, who do not want to be deprived of their civic dignities.

The Mexican Army.

If late dispatches are true it is not to be wondered that the rebels in Mexico are not easily put down. The Mexican law that sentences a criminal puts him at discretion into the penitentiary or into the regular army to serve out his sentence with the military forces. Thus it comes about that a large proportion of the Mexican army is composed of convicted criminals. It is like that system in vogue in some of our own states of leasing out penitentiary convicts to labor on public works. In the District of Columbia city prisoners thus work on the new streets of Washington.

The plan might prosper in the case of public works, but it could be nothing but a failure in the case of soldiers. The fellow who has been convicted of a penitentiary offense has naturally not much love for his country about that time. During our own war "Billy Wilson's" famous regiment of Zouaves was composed chiefly of toughs and criminals from New York, but they did not desert of their own free will, presumably from patriotism. As a matter of fact, these men, who might have been expected to make desperate fighters, cut a poor figure. They died from disease more rapidly than members of regiments recruited from respectable ranks. From one cause or another the regiment dwindled away rapidly, so that it was not long after the early years of the war. In this the case is far worse than this, the criminals there being convicts under sentence, forced into the ranks against their will. A country is in a serious position when its national security and honor are in the keeping of men who cannot help being cowards, quakers and traitors.

BLAINE'S REPLY TO CHILI

The Late Unpleasantness Evoluting Into a Love Feast.

AN INTERESTING WEEK IN CONGRESS

The Senatorial Contests Will Be Decided. David B. Hill Will Make His Debut and the Big Fight Against Judge Woods' Confirmation Will Reach Its Climax.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The following is the reply sent by Secretary Blaine to the Chilian note of apology of Jan. 25:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.

Egan, Minister, Santiago:

I am directed by the president to acknowledge the receipt of Senor Pereira's dispatch of the 25th inst. *It has been communicated to congress* and has given great pleasure to the people of the United States and to the executive department, as it restores the correspondence between the two republics to a basis of cordiality and makes, as he believes, a full and honorable adjustment of all unsettled matters easily attainable. The president has seen with gratification the expressions of regret for, and condemnation of, the assault upon the sailors of the Baltimore offered by Mr. Pereira, and congratulates the Chilian government upon the frank and ample withdrawal of the Matta circular and upon the spirit of justice displayed toward Minister Egan.

You will assure the Chilian government that the president will be glad to receive, in the most generous spirit, these friendly overtures.

Believing that the subject of reparation *for the assault upon the seamen of the Baltimore* is now capable of adjustment between the two governments by direct diplomatic methods, the president postpones for the present any discussions of the suggestions made by Senor Pereira as the result of other methods, not doubting that the sense of justice of Chili will enable the two governments to speedily and honorably make a full end of the whole matter.

An Interesting Week in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—A very interesting week is promised in the proceedings of the senate. Before the close of this afternoon a vote will be taken on the Weil and La Abra claims bill, and that much discussed measure, which has been the unfinished business for two weeks, will be *thankfully disposed* of by those senators who had begun to believe that the length of time consumed in its deliberation would surpass in length that consumed by discussing the Blair educational bill.

An exciting feature of the week will be in all probability a fight against the adoption of the report of the committee on privileges and elections in favor of Senator Dubois in his contest with W. H. Clagett.

It is expected that the report will be presented Tuesday by Senator Teller, chairman of the committee, and that its immediate consideration will be demanded. Senator Stewart will lead the attack, arguing in favor of giving the seat to Clagett; but judging from the position of the committee it is hardly probable that the report will not be adopted.

The Call-Davidson case will also be acted on. It will be disposed of rapidly, the committee on privileges and elections having reported unanimously in favor of Senator Call retaining his seat.

Hill's Senatorial Debut.

After these cases are disposed of Mr. Puddock intends to call up his bill to take up as a continuing order his pure food bill, the substitute for the pure lard bill which passed the house during last congress. Senator Hill will be joined in his opposition to Mr. Rathbun's confirmation by at least one Republican senator, Mr. Wolcott, of Colorado, who has severely criticised the public acts of the removal of Postmaster Flood and the appointment of Mr. Rathbun to fill the vacancy.

The Fight Against Judge Woods.

But by far the most interesting event expected during the week will be the fight against the confirmation of Judge Woods, of Indiana, who was recently nominated to be judge of the Fifth judicial circuit, created under the act of last congress providing for nine judicial circuit judges. A meeting of the judiciary committee will be held this evening and if Senator Voorhees, who has led the attack on Judge Woods, does not bring forward more witnesses to appear himself, the committee will act on the matter and, in all probability, recommend the confirmation of Judge Woods. Immediate consideration will be asked for if the action is taken. The nominations of the other circuit judges will be reported favorably when the committee reports on Judge Woods' case. Senators Voorhees and Turpie, of Indiana, will make a vigorous attack on Judge Woods' judicial record and the secret session in which the nomination is considered promises to be one of the most interesting that has occurred.

The House Programme.

No programme of business has been decided on for the house this week except the discussion and disposition of the rules. As soon as they are disposed of it is understood that it is thought the senate selected for consideration will consume the remainder of the time left after the rules are out of the way. The anti-lottery legislation bill, if called up, is likely to be recommitted.

Chili Is Satisfied.

SANTIAGO, Feb. 1.—The Chilian congress has adjourned after passing a bill allowing the president to borrow twenty-five millions of dollars in order to withdraw notes issued by Balmaceda. Public opinion in Chili is satisfied with the course of the Chilian government relative to the dispute with the United States, and the press believes it to the American people and to other countries to judge of the rights and wrongs of the Baltimore affair, centers in the precedent which the United States is preparing solemnly to lay down for itself.

Bought with British Gold.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 1.—The cotton presses of this city have been bought by an English syndicate for $1,000,000 and will be consolidated into the New Orleans Cotton, Warehouse and Compress company.

OUR FLAG WAS NOT THERE.

An English Sea Captain Starts a Wild Riot at Bridgeport.

BRIDGEPORT, Feb. 1.—The city was thrown into a state of great excitement when the big three masted schooner, Glendon, Captain Trowbridge, of St. John, N. B., came slowly up the harbor flying the English jack. The Stars and Stripes were not visible.

This was in direct violation of the United States laws, and Bridgeport's citizens were not slow in noticing it. They gathered along the docks to the number of several thousand. The vessel was to land near the Fourth regiment armory, but on arriving there the captain found a big mob and some fifty members of Company C. The were cries of:

"Down with the flag!"

"Riddle it with bullets!"

Captain Trowbridge was told to take down the flag or leave the harbor. He dropped anchor in the middle of the stream. Then the soldier boys put out in boats with the intention of tearing down the flag. The crew prevented them from boarding the vessel at the muzzles of many guns. Then they retreated to the wharf guard. The captain ordered them to disperse or he would shoot. They defied him to do so, and told him to come toward the dock at his own peril.

Then Captain Trowbridge, pistol in hand, swore he would shoot the first man who laid hands on the halyards. When the vessel finally reached the dock at Sword's wharf there were over 1,000 men congregated there. An attempt was made to tear down the flag, but the crowd was driven back at the point of revolvers, with which the crew of the schooner were armed. Finally an American flag was hoisted on an adjoining schooner amid much enthusiasm and cheering. The British flag still floats, but it will be forcibly removed unless it is hauled down.

A PRETTY NOVELTY.

Interchangeable Gaiter Tops That Can be Worn With Any Shoe.

The above illustration represents something entirely novel in the way of a gaiter that has just now in the stores. It is made in cloth, and by a most ingenious arrangement of ball and socket fastenings can be fastened on to any boot or shoe, so as to give all the smart appearance of a cloth top boot. These gaiters look specially pretty when worn, as sketched, over patent leather shoes, or on boots with patent leather toes. Their *chief value, however, is the possibility of* many shoe tops to match each gown, which just now is so fashionable.

An Excise Bill Denounced.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Representatives of a number of temperance societies met here to protest against the passage of the excise bill recently introduced in the legislature, and issued an appeal which calls on all persons to help fight what it terms "the most iniquitous measure ever introduced in a legislative body in any civilized community."

A Famous Desperado Killed.

TAHLEQUAH, I. T., Feb. 1.—Wiley Hampton, the ruthless marshal-desperado whose course of crime began in his fourteenth year and who since career has been notorious, was killed in the Cherokee, six miles up, by the deputy United States Marshals Postoak and Whitehorn, was shot and killed by Deputy United States Marshal Bruner.

Pensions for Negroes.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 1.—The Mississippi legislature, by a large majority, has decided to petition congress to pension the negroes of the state who were actively in the Confederate service or who followed their masters through the war and were wounded or disabled.

The Webster Rescued.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 1.—Captain George Clark and the crew of the tug Edwin H. Webster, of New York, which was ordered out on Tuesday morning to rescue the crew of the schooner Everett Webster, Captain Bowen, of Philadelphia.

A Society Man in Jail.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 1.—John Ferguson, a popular society man and the clerk of the Indiana school of Kansas City, who embezzled $30,000 of the bank's money, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to four years in the penitentiary.

Jamaica and the Fair.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Colonel Ward, commissioner from Jamaica to the World's Fair, has visited the city and square feet. A striking feature of the exhibit will be the display made of all the plants the island produces.

Brazil Thinks of Don Pedro.

RIO JANEIRO, Feb. 1.—The new government of Brazil has suspended proceedings in the confiscation of the property belonging to Pedro II. and the other members of the family of the late emperor.

Yacht Builder Hothrock Dead.

BROOKLINE, Mass., Feb. 1.—Samuel E. Hothrock, one of Boston's oldest yacht builders, died suddenly of grip. For twenty-five years Mr. Hothrock was master builder in the Charleston navy yard.

Colonel Anderson Dropped Dead.

ATLANTA, Feb. 1.—Colonel Robert Anderson fell dead in the street this morning at his home in this city. Colonel Anderson was one of the best known railroad men in Georgia.

Shot His Friend Dead.

BERLIN, Feb. 1.—Drs. Siebert and Mahe, known as the Damon and Pythias of medical circles, quarreled about a lady, fought a duel, and Mahe was shot dead.

Malignant Diphtheria Prevalent.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 1.—Malignant diphtheria is epidemic at Kelly's Station, a little hamlet of 300 families, forty miles from here. Six deaths have occurred.

A GREAT PREACHER DEAD

London's Famous Divine, Spurgeon, Expires in France.

HE WAS THE REGENT OF ENGLAND.

He Acquired Fame While a Youngster by His Power of Oratory and Was Known as the "Boy Preacher." He Also Was Considerable Fame as an Author.

MENTONE, Feb. 1.—The ministerial labors of Charles Haddon Spurgeon, the world renowned preacher, are at an end. At 11:45 o'clock last night he died in his fifty-eighth year. Mrs. Spurgeon, his private secretary and several intimate friends were at his bedside when he passed away. He was unconscious when death came and had not spoken for hours prior thereto. Mr. Spurgeon has been ailing for more than a year from stomach trouble, and in the early part of last July his death was hourly expected. His wonderful constitution, a mystery to the doctors, while his faithful congregation ascribed it to the efficacy of prayer. He suffered a fortnight of untold agony. Paroxysms of pain and fits of delirium followed each other at such frequent intervals that death undoubtedly would have been welcomed by the patient sufferer.

The English Beecher.

The life of this eminent preacher has been one of remarkable interest to the people of the civilized world. What Henry Ward Beecher was to America was Charles Haddon Spurgeon to Great Britain. Though not admired by many of the most learned and scholarly preachers of the day, he possessed a secret power, a charm over his audiences, resting an inseparable tie.

REV. C. H. SPURGEON.

The foundation of his success seemed to have been in his earnestness and evident sincerity. His followers would say, in referring to his character, that they loved him because he did not aim to make a profession of business or religion. The great preacher's father, Rev. John Spurgeon, was *a preacher of popularity in Upper* street, Islington, and his father, ig turn, was also a preacher of some note. Both were, like Cromwell and Milton, Independents, a sect to which Baptists of today owe their origin.

Charles Haddon Spurgeon was born in Kelvedon, Essex, on June 19, 1834. He was educated in Colchester, and afterward became an usher in Newmarket. He refused to comply with the requests of his relatives to study for the ministry in one of the Independent colleges, and joined the church of Anabaptists over which the late Robert Hall, in Cambridge, presided.

Young Spurgeon wrote religious tracts, and occasionally appeared in the pulpit, delivering his first sermon in the village church at Feversham, near Cambridge. He soon became famous in England and America as the "Boy Preacher," and when only seventeen years old took charge of a small Baptist chapel at Waterbeach.

He Deserted the Baptist Union.

He was called to the New Park Street Baptist chapel in Southwark, London, in 1853, and there the wonderful powers of the speaker were first developed. Crowds flocked to his place of worship at prayer meetings and Sunday services to such a degree that the congregation was forced to move to larger quarters at Exeter hall. But even the latter place was inadequate to *the demands of the people who thronged to* hear his magic words, and another move was made to Surrey hall. In 1860 his congregation erected a new chapel in Newington with a seating capacity of 8,000.

The Baptist union and the matter religious seed throughout London is evidenced from the fact that he personally established thirty-six chapels in his own city, supplied with ministers trained in a college of his own founding.

The last act of his eventful life in the church was his withdrawal in 1887 from the Baptist union, caused, as it was then stated, by his independence of character and outspoken, broad minded doctrine. He said that he could not agree with the union's views on hell.

In 1888 was celebrated the delivery of his 2,000th sermon. His sermons have been circulated in all parts of the world and volumes have been published collectively, besides a volume entitled "Gems: Brilliant Passages from the Discourses of C. H. Spurgeon."

His Fame as a Writer.

As a writer Mr. Spurgeon's name is far reaching. Among his works are "Feathers for Arrows, or Incidents of Illustrations from My Note Book," "Sermon Plowings," "Talks on Plain Advice for Plain People," "Evening by Evening," "The Saint and His Saviour," "Morning and Evening Sheaves," "Types and Emblems" and "Lectures to My Students."

Mr. Spurgeon never laid claim to the distinction of being a great orator. He always talked in a slow, deliberate way, his enunciation being clear and his pronunciation perfect. His language hypercritical people might not all choose, being directly to the point and, like the man himself, simple and strong. In his discourse the fact was noticeable that he never sought for fine phrases. His voice was not beautiful or pleasing at first to a stranger's ear, yet it possessed those qualities most demanded in a public speaker. It never grew harsh and touch a responsive chord in every heart and his reading of the Scriptures was most effective.

Abuse for O'Brien.

THURLES, Feb. 1.—Mr. O'Brien arrived unexpectedly here. He was recognized at the station, and loudly groaned at by a hostile crowd. Cries of "Murder!" Renegade!" etc., were hooted at him, and cheers were given for Mr. Redmond.

May Be a Complete Wreck.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The accident to the British man-of-war Victoria, the flagship of Vice Admiral Hoskins, which went ashore on the Syrian coast, is more than at first reported, and the vessel is in danger of becoming a complete wreck.

He Jumped From the Train.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 1.—A freight train left the track near the Center street crossing of Bergen brewster, of this city, jumped from the accident uninjured and was hurled against a signal tower. He was seriously injured.

Two Lads Drowned.

TAUNTON, Conn., Feb. 1.—Henry Schleier and James D. Calahan, aged respectively eight and ten years, were drowned by breaking through the ice upon which they were driving.

HOEY'S NEW SCHEME.

Pennsylvania Railroad Officials Deny That They Are in It.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Feb. 1.—The yearly contract between the Pennsylvania railroad and the Adams express company, May 1, and a rival concern will then enter the field so long covered by the *Adams people.* The head of the new company will be John Hoey.

Denied by the Railroad People.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 1.—Pennsylvania railroad officials are emphatic in their denial in relation to the establishment of a new express company for the purpose of competing with and ultimately crushing the Adams Express company. John Hoey, ex-president of the Adams Express company; George B. Roberts, president of the Pennsylvania railroad; Frank Thompson, vice president, and Matthew O'Brien, vice president of the Southern Express company, are said to be the prime movers in the scheme. Mr. Thompson laughed at the idea and declared that he knew nothing about it.

More Trouble for Harris.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Feb. 1.—Carlyle W. Harris, in 1890, conducted the famous Neptune club here, which was a resort for questionable characters. The club was *raided and Harris lodged in jail and indicted* by the Monmouth county grand jury. He gave bail for appearance. His case has been called several times, but his counsel presented 'physicians' certificates stating that he was too ill to appear. Should he be acquitted on the charge of poisoning his wife he will be arrested by the New Jersey authorities.

A Noted Sister of Charity Dead.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 1.—Sister Philomena died at the age of eighty-four. Her worldly name was Teresa Fitcher, and she had been for fifty-five years a Sister of Charity. She had been connected with the Charity hospital for fifty years, and had special charge of the insane. Her only absence from the hospital was during the war, when she went to the front and for four years attended the soldiers in the Confederate hospitals at Holly Springs and other places in Mississippi.

Fears for Three Steamers.

CAIRO, Ills., Feb. 1.—The steamers Jay Gould, My Choice and Sidney Dillon are known to be ice bound at some point between here and Memphis. They belong to the Valley company and considerable uneasiness is felt by their agent regarding them, especially if all the gorges in the river above have broken loose, which they probably have.

Postmaster Fields' Suspense.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 1.—Postmaster Field resigned his office but after a conference with Postmaster General Wanamaker concluded to reconsider his action. Friends of Mr. Field say that the cause of the trouble was the action of the authorities in Washington in removing Mr. Field and to run the office through a so called postal commission.

Railway Employees in Session.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The convention of the Railway Employees' Insurance association was held at the Academy of Music with about 2,000 delegates, representing the Brotherhoods of Locomotive Engineers, Railway Trainmen, Railway Conductors, Railway Firemen and the Order of Railway Telegraphers. The deliberations were secret.

Hanged Himself in His Cell.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—William Cords, a prisoner in the Jefferson Market prison, hanged himself in his cell. His body was sent to the morgue.

She Played with Fire.

HUNTSVILLE, N. C., Feb. 1.—The three-year-old daughter of Joseph Stafford was burned to death while playing with the stove fire.

Lumber Goes Up in Smoke.

SAN ANTONIO, Feb. 1.—The extensive lumber yards of Martin & Berryver was destroyed by fire. The loss is heavy.

Foraker in New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Ex-Governor Forraker, of Ohio, arrived in the city. He is at *the Fifth Avenue hotel.*

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION

75 Park Avenue.

HOME MADE

—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes

FRESH EVERY DAY.

50c. a Bottle

for

EMULSION

of

COD LIVER OIL,

with HYPOPHOSPHATES,

at

Williams' Pharmacy,

No. 80 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

THE BEE HIVE

Men's Unlaundried Shirts, the "Pride," A quality, good linen bosom, well made, reinforced front and double back..... 50c.

The "Pride," B quality, made of best muslin and fine linen bosom, the best shirt in the world..... 69c.

Boys' "Pride" shirts..... 45c.

Youths' "Pride," extra, this size shirt can only be obtained at the "Bee Hive" in Plainfield..... 69c.

Louis Callman

80 WEST FRONT STREET

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

Not Drunk.

Just dizzy! There is a pressure on the brain, owing to a clogging of the system.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

will remove the obstruction and restore the natural functions to act naturally. They were Sick Headache, and all Nervous and Trouble, Dizziness, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fits, Nervousness, Giddiness, Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushing of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, Indigestion, Constipation and Chronic Diseases generally.

Of all druggists. Price 25c. cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.

FINE ROASTED EVERY DAY

Fruits, Nuts, Confectionery and Temperance Drinks.

I have thoroughly renovated the store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.

DAVID CLARK,

Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

BROWN & HILL,

Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in FORCE'S HOTEL, NO. 5 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Best black stand connected with the shop

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST,

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 87 Duer St., Forth Plainfield.

DON'T FORGET

In making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

At LINBARGER'S, the Tailor,

NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

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ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alice L. Pell, P. O. Box 1094.

FRENCH LESSONS.

Instruction and entertainment in French Lectures. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School and others. For terms and a trial lecture, write to Prof. L. Vivoux, care of Misses Berthier and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,

Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891.

For circulars address the Acad-my or address EDWARD S. HARNED, Prin. 9 30 y

JOSEPH FAWCETT'S

KINDERGARTEN and SCHOOL,

15 GROVE STREET.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,

Teacher of pianoforte. Gives lessons at residence of pupils; reasonable terms. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 16 somerset street.

Lodges.

Friendship and Progress.

1873. Membership, 135,000. 1891.

Death benefits paid over $25,000,000 since organization. OLYMPIA Lodge, 3401, KNIGHTS OF HONOR, meets First and Third Thursdays, at 8 p. m., in Wetmpaia Lodge Rooms, Music Hall Building.

Louis I. Van Arsdale, Dictator.

Joseph A. Frey, Reporter.

Watchung Commandery, No. 24, second and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 12 85 ly

Special Notices.

H. S. BENSON,

76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and seed-man. Choice grasses, provisions and groceries, white and yellow Dent corn, seed and garden; flower pots and hanging baskets; pure cider vinegar four years old. 9 29 3m

MRS. LINDSAY,

Intelligence Office, 94 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a few of those maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 29 3

ROSES GROUPS,

In immense volume. Artist's materials, 14 Dudley, 31 West Front street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

BARGAINS.

In Coal, wood, tents, fertilizers, plows, harrows, Coal and we the improvements on the Perth Amboy and Woodbridge Clay Works, Office above the coal yard, Second street, North Plainfield.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS

for sale on easy terms at Edgewood Park. Inquire of

E. F. E. CHASE,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. G. Mulford, Real Estate Broker, Call and see them. 9 30 tf

Coal stored the year round.

P. L. Force, 200 Fourth avenue.

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Just dizzy! There is a pressure on the brain, owing to a clogging of the system.

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Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alice L. Pell, P. O. Box 1094.

FRENCH LESSONS.

Instruction and entertainment in French Lectures. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School and others. For terms and a trial lecture, write to Prof. L. Vivoux, care of Misses Berthier and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,

Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891.

For circulars address the Acad-my or address EDWARD S. HARNED, Prin. 9 30 y

MISS FAWCETT'S

KINDERGARTEN and SCHOOL,

15 GROVE STREET.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,

Teacher of pianoforte. Gives lessons at residence of pupils; reasonable terms. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 16 somerset street.

Lodges.

Friendship and Progress.

1873. Membership, 135,000. 1891.

Death benefits paid over $25,000,000 since organization. OLYMPIA Lodge, 3401, KNIGHTS OF HONOR, meets First and Third Thursdays, at 8 p. m., in Wetmpaia Lodge Rooms, Music Hall Building.

Louis I. Van Arsdale, Dictator.

Joseph A. Frey, Reporter.

Watchung Commandery, No. 24, second and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 12 85 ly

Special Notices.

H. S. BENSON,

76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and seed-man. Choice grasses, provisions and groceries, white and yellow Dent corn, seed and garden; flower pots and hanging baskets; pure cider vinegar four years old. 9 29 3m

MRS. LINDSAY,

Intelligence Office, 94 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a few of those maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 29 3

ROSES GROUPS,

In immense volume. Artist's materials, 14 Dudley, 31 West Front street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

BARGAINS.

In Coal, wood, tents, fertilizers, plows, harrows, Coal and we the improvements on the Perth Amboy and Woodbridge Clay Works, Office above the coal yard, Second street, North Plainfield.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS

for sale on easy terms at Edgewood Park. Inquire of

E. F. E. CHASE,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. G. Mulford, Real Estate Broker, Call and see them. 9 30 tf

Coal stored the year round.

P. L. Force, 200 Fourth avenue.

ALL IS MIRACLE.

Where the cause is unknown. The wonderful cures of Ayer's Sarsaparilla are miracles. By the use of this medicine, thousands, apparently on the verge of the grave, have been restored to health and strength.

R. J. SHAW, Plainfield, N. J.

ELECTRO-MAGNETIC

and Electric Baths as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES,

CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM

FEMALE COMPLAINTS

DYSPEPSIA

and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

82 East Second street, corner Washington

NOTICE!

I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my

Liberty Street Market

where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices

GOOD MEAT!

Of all kinds.

Charles Arnold,

21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Regars for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

CIGAR STORE,

42 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown, the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

The public may be assured that every article ruined by improper laundering. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,

24 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

SAVE SIXTY PER CENT.

For the purpose of advertising more extensively the quality of our work, we will

Hang all Paper,

Purchased from us during DECEMBER for

HALF PRICE,

Our stock consists of all the latest designs.

A. D. Van Sciver,

Opposite Dept. (Chotels Building,) 47 North Avenue.

Professional Cards.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,

Counsellor at Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Conveyancing promptly made. Offices No. 25 West Front street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,

Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & HEND,

Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitors and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TRALE,

Attorney, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 32 and 33. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield N.J.

PLAINFIELD

JONES & CO.

Were quicky and thoroughly done. Terms cash on completion. Our specialty is removing ashes, cleaning cellars, etc. Orders by letter or otherwise attended to. Orders left at my store, 8 Somerset street, or at my residence, 10 Somerset street, will receive prompt attention. 9 23

PURE MILK

Delivered to any part of the city by

D. MCKENON.

A postal addressed to me, or to Police Headquarters will receive prompt attention. 9 23

LAY SOAKING IN BLOOD.

A Shocking and Brutal Murder in a New Jersey Village.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY IN WASHINGTON.

Howard Schneider Fatally Shoots His Wife and Instantly Kills His Brother-in-Law on the Streets of the Capital, While They Were Returning from Church.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 1.—One of the most atrocious murders that ever happened in Essex county occurred some time during last night at Millburn, a small village nine miles from here. The victim is Mrs. Teresa Senior, an old lady sixty-five years of age, who kept a small candy and notion store on Millburn avenue, the main street of the place. Early in the evening her husband, who is employed as a night watchman at Fourat's hat factory at South Orange, left for his work, leaving his wife alone to tend to the few customers who came to the store. It was very late when she closed for the night. At 7 o'clock this morning Joseph Senior, the husband, returned from work. He went into the house, which is at the rear of the store, and was nearly prostrated at the sight which met his gaze.

Her Throat Cut from Ear to Ear.

Stretched on the floor in the middle of the store lay the lifeless body of Mrs. Senior. The floor was covered with blood and the contents of the store were strewn in every direction. A small shawl covered the face of the woman, and when it was removed it was seen that her throat had been cut from ear to ear. Besides these terrible injuries there were eleven stab wounds on various parts of the body, most of them being in the side and breast. The cutting had been done with an old, blunt case knife. This weapon lay on the counter nearby, and was covered with blood.

Robbery was plainly the incentive of the crime for the entire store had been ransacked and $45 that had been placed in a secret place was gone. It is thought that the terrible deed was committed by Gus Lentz, a German, who works in a hat factory near the town and who has been in prison for stealing some gold watches from persons in the neighborhood. He was seen in the town Saturday, and told some men that if he could get enough money he would go back to Germany.

Watching for the Assassin.

On the other hand it is thought that some one well acquainted with the house and who had been a visitor there did the act. This theory is strengthened by the fact that a vicious dog that guards the place made no outcry at any time during the night.

Lentz is believed to be in New York. A general alarm has been sent out for his apprehension, and the police are watching all railroad and steamship lines so that he cannot leave the country.

SHOT HIS WIFE AND HER BROTHER.

A Terrible Double Tragedy on the Streets of Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—A double tragedy occurred here last night in the neighborhood of Eighteenth and Q streets, a fashionable residence part of the city, in which Howard *Schneider* killed his brother-in-law, Frank Hamlink, aged twenty-one years, and perhaps fatally wounded his own wife. Schneider is a young man of good family, but of dissolute habits. Last June he took a fancy to then Miss Hamlink, out riding, and driving to Hyattsville, Md., showed her a marriage license which he had procured in Baltimore, and at the point of a pistol threatened to kill her and himself if she did not marry *him*.

Thoroughly frightened she consented, and upon her return home she kept the matter quiet, but it finally leaked out. The parents of both parties, after consultation, concluded that it was best to let the couple live together and Schneider took up his residence with his wife's folks. Soon after he became dissipated and kept late hours, and last Wednesday night he was locked out of the house. *He then made threats that he* would kill his wife and her father, Mr. Hamlink.

Shot Through the Heart.

Last night he sent a note to his wife by a colored man, asking for his clothes, and requesting her to leave home and go with him. Mrs. Schneider replied that she did not care to have anything to do with him. A short time afterward Mrs. Schneider, in company with her brother and sister, went to church. Schneider hearing of this, lay in wait for her, and on the return of the party from church he fired five shots at them, three striking young Hamlink the first entering the body, causing instant death. Another shot struck Mrs. Schneider in the abdomen, and is thought to be fatal. Mrs. Schneider's sister escaped without injury.

As soon as the deed was committed Schneider walked to the police station and surrendered himself, and informed the officer at the desk that he had shot a man on Q street in self defense.

Mrs. Schneider Will Die.

Mrs. Schneider was carried to her parents' home and a physician summoned. She was conscious but in too great agony to give an account of the tragedy. An examination of her injuries was made, and the physician in her case is hopeless. She is about twenty-three years of age and an attractive woman. The murderer is not yet thirty. He comes of an eminently respectable family and followed the calling of an electrician. His brother is a well known architect.

A new model Marwin, Hulbert & Co.'s revolver, 38-caliber, with five empty shells, *was found in the street near the scene of the* tragedy, and is supposed to belong to Schneider.

Schneider met Jennie Hamlink on the streets several days ago and threatened to cut her throat for having informed Colonel Hamlink of his marriage to her sister.

Last Thanksgiving day he wantonly shot an inoffensive old man who had climbed into his brother's buggy while it stood outside a livery stable, and seriously injured him in the leg. He was arrested and is now under $1,000 bonds for that offense.

A Monitor Aground.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Feb. 1.—Information has reached the Naval academy that one of the monitors, on her way to Norfolk in tow of the academy steamer Standish, is aground in James river.

Came Down on His Head.

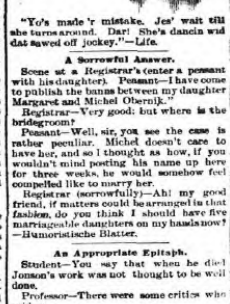
NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—James Riordon varied the prevailing style of descending stairs, and instead of coming down on his feet came on his head. He fractured his skull.

Cyrus Field Improving.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Cyrus W. Field today sat up for a few moments for the first time since his attack of pneumonia. Dr. Fulke thinks the chances are that he will recover.

A Hidden Mystery.

"Ain't dat ridickelous?"
"Wha's dat?"
"Why, dat Miss Snet dancin on de flo' all by herse'f."



"Yo's made 'r mistake, Jes' wait till she turns around. Dar! She's dancin wid dat sawed off jockey."—Life.

A Sorrowful Answer.

Scene at a Registrar's center a peasant with his daughter.

Registrar—Have you come to publish the banns between my daughter Margaret and Michel Obernik?

Peasant—Well, sir, you see the case is rather peculiar. Michel doesn't care to have her, and so I thought as how, if you wouldn't mind posting his name up here for three weeks, he would somehow feel compelled like to marry her.

Registrar (sorrowfully)—Ah! my good friend, if matters could be arranged in that *fashion*, do you think I should have five marriageable daughters on my hands now? —Humoristische Blatter.

An Appropriate Epitaph.

Student—Do you say that the man he died Jonson's work was not thought to be well done.

Professor—There were some critics who said so.

Student—Probably that is why they wrote above his grave, "Rare Ben Jonson."—Boston Post.

Wanted to Look Well.

Husband—What on earth did you get that new gown for?

Wife—I expect a new servant girl to-day and of course, my dear, I must receive her properly.—Cloak Review.

RUSSIA LOOKING BACKWARD.

The Czar Is About to Send the Peasants Into Serfdom Again.

BERLIN, Feb. 1.—It insisted on high authority that the czar will put back the peasantry in a condition of serfdom such as existed before the liberation of the serfs by the late Emperor Alexander. The reason is that the land is not sufficient for independent cultivation by the peasantry. The Russian government proposes to allot great tracts of land on the same conditions as before 1861.

One-third of the harvest is to be stored in communal magazines for the support of the peasants, one-third is to be sold by the government for the payment of local debts to the state and one-third is to be retained for the payment of government taxes. The peasants will not be allowed to move from their communes, but will be bound to the soil and will be obliged to fulfill their contracts with the state.

The system will be first applied in the provinces of Samara and Saratoff, and if successful will be extended all over the empire. The execution of the new law will be intrusted to the district officials—Bezanski natchalniki." *As these are recruited from* the reaction nobility, who are in favor of the restoration of serfdom, they are certain to report the scheme a success.

It May Be Serious for Mexico.

LAREDO, TEX., Feb. 1.—Garza is organizing his army in the states of Tamaulipas and Coahuila, where all the people are in sympathy with his cause, and the states of Vera Cruz, *Puebla* and Guanajuata are preparing for their proposed revolt with extraordinary activity. Catarino Garza's army is all the time increasing, and there is no doubt that the Mexican people, with few exceptions, are dissatisfied with the present government.

Carried Away by Ice.

BOSTON, Feb. 1.—Enormous blocks of ice were washed *ashore along Revere beach*, destroying bathhouses and doing damage to property. A part of the Cleveland house was carried away and the Hotel Strathmore is damaged. Huge ice barriers have been formed and travel has ceased on the Boston, Revere Beach and Lynn railroad.

He Sacrificed Twenty Lives.

ATLANTA, Feb. 1.—John Boyd, a desperate character, who has confessed that he was the leader of the gang of train wreckers who threw the passenger train off the track on the Western Railway of North Carolina in September last, near Statesville, by which twenty lives were lost, has been arrested.

Shot Dead by a Policeman.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 1.—Harry De Greyer, well known contractor, was shot dead in Golden Gate park by Policeman Harper, who claims that De Greyer was driving too fast, and that when remonstrated with he pulled a pistol and fired, and in self defense the officer shot.

Another Outbreak in China Feared.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 1.—From letters that appear in the North China Daily News, published at Shanghai and received here by way of Vancouver, it is plain that the American an European missionaries fear another outbreak along the Yangtze river next spring.

Strict Sunday Closing.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Feb. 1.—The strenuous measures resorted to has made the Sunday closing laws so effective that newspapers or food could not be purchased after 10 a. m.

THE MITCHELL-WARD MURDER.

Diverse Opinions as to What Prompted the Awful Crime.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 1.—Miss Mitchell and Miss Johnson's first Sunday in jail was eventful, inasmuch as crowds of people from 10 o'clock until 4 crushed through the corridors eager to see the young ladies. At an early hour a Presbyterian preacher went to Miss Mitchell's room and asked to pray for her, but the young lady does not put much faith in the efficacy of prayer. Miss Johnson being a Catholic the preacher's offer to pray in her behalf was respectfully declined.

The state and the lawyers for Miss Mitchell hold opposite opinions as to the cause for the commission of the crime. The attorney general will attempt to show that Alice Mitchell either killed Freda Ward to avenge herself on Miss Ward's sister, Mrs. Valmer, or that there had been a misunderstanding between the slayer and her victim and that Miss Mitchell, moved by hate, killed her. One of the theories of the state is that there is a man in the case. The attorney general will prompt to show that Alice Mitchell either killed Freda Ward to avenge herself on Miss Ward's sister, Mrs. Valmer, or that there had been a misunderstanding between the slayer and her victim and that Miss Mitchell, moved by hate, killed her. One of the theories of the state is that there is a man in the case. The attorney general will prompt to show that Alice Mitchell either killed Freda Ward or that she intended to cause more kiss Freda goodby.

Came Back without His Prisoner.

JERSEY CITY, Feb. 1.—Detective Dalton, whose actions while in San Francisco waiting for the extradition of John Hyer, who had embezzled $4,000 from a firm of Jersey City real estate brokers, was severely commented on, arrived home, minus his prisoner. Dalton said he had *accasion* to go from the car in which he and his prisoner were, and when he returned Hyer was gone. The train was running at a high rate of speed at the time. Dalton is of the opinion that Hyer was either killed or badly hurt as he jumped from the train.

Flooded with Counterfeits.

LIMA, O., Feb. 1.—Government detectives are swarming all over this section of the state in their efforts to discover a mint which is turning out counterfeit dollars, halves, and quarters, which are pronounced by experts to be the best ever turned out. The gang started in Buffalo and flooded all the towns along the lake to Detroit, and it is thought that fully $100,000 worth of the bogus money has been put into circulation during the past three or four days.

Gas Killed Them Both.

CHICKASAW, O., Feb. 1.—Casper Hein was thawing out a gas regulator, when the building took fire. He went to turn the gas off, but turned the wrong valve, causing it to escape into the house. When he opened the door the gas overcame him and he sank to the floor dead. Henry Keiser hastened to the rescue and met death in the same way.

Widespread Embezzlement.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—F. W. Smith, one of the bailiffs in the Cronin murder case who was indicted for attempting to bribe jurors, has been arrested for embezzling over $30,000, scattered among victims from Maine to California. He bought small amounts of hardware on credit and sold them at auction.

Mail Bags Burned Up.

DEWITT, N. Y., Feb. 1.—A lamp exploded in the New England mail car of train No. 82 on the New York Central railroad. The car and the contents were destroyed. Mail Clerk Charles Hedler, of Utica, lost his clothing and was slightly burned. The mail destroyed was all gathered along the Central road.

A Plucky Bride.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 1.—At the marriage of Isaac Preuner and Lena Cohen the floor in the bride's house gave way and the whole party were tumbled into the cellar. Everybody was more or less injured. The bride was carried out insensible, but revived and the marriage took place in a neighbor's.

Salvationists Mobbed.

PARIS, *Feb. 1.—A band of members of the* Salvation army met with a hostile reception on the Boulevard des Italiens today. There were a number of scuffles between roughs and Salvationists, the mob which encouraged these assaults, hissing and hooting the harassed band.

Murdered and Robbed.

MILBURN, N. J., Feb. 1.—Teresa Senior, aged sixty-five years, was found dead in the candy store she keeps here. Her throat was cut from ear to ear and there was a deep knife wound in her side. The back door of the store was open and the money drawer was empty.

Prince George's Decree.

BERLIN, Feb. 1.—The newspaper Vorwaerts publishes a decree by Prince George of Saxony, son of King Albert, and heir apparent to the throne, in which the prince vehemently denounces all superiors who maltreat the soldiers under their command.

Twenty of the Crew Drowned.

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 1.—The British ship Eferndale was blown ashore three miles north of Gray's harbor and is a total wreck. Three of the crew reached the shore. Twenty others were lost. The names of those drowned have not been learned.

A Riot in a Saloon.

SMITHTON, Pa., Feb. 1.—A riot occurred in Schnots' saloon between drunken Italians and negro coal miners. Charles Reinzie, an Italian, was shot in the abdomen, and Joe Anderson, a negro, was shot through the neck. Reinzie will die.

The Building Collapsed.

OMAHA, Feb. 1.—A two story brick building suddenly collapsed, crashed on to a small frame building next door, completely wrecking both. It and fatally injured Undertaker C. W. Gring, who occupied it.

Murdered and Cremated.

DEVER, Feb. 1.—Daniel S. Ecker and J. S. Myers have been arrested charged with shooting Fred Alban and then cremating him. Alleged cattle stealing caused the crime.

Murder, Robbery and Arson.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—Burglars entered the house of a man named Debourges, near Compiegne, and after murdering him and his wife, plundered and set fire to the house.

A Conductor Instantly Killed.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 1.—William Thompson, of Buffalo, a conductor on the New York Central road was struck by a wild cat engine and instantly killed.

Perished of Hunger and Cold.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Feb. 1.—The steamer Queen Alexandra reports that ten miners perished of hunger and cold.

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass

is constructed to meet the wants of the man who wants a good glass at a moderate price. Every glass is guaranteed perfect in every respect. Sold by all dealers. Ask for QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS or will have an introduced on receipt of price for examination and approval.

Prices { Smallest size (2x 4) $3.50 / Largest size (3x 6) $5.00 } All in Leather mounted case with strap.

The largest size is the most powerful.

On receipt of price, we will send any of the above by insured mail, postpaid.

QUEEN & CO.,
—Manufacturers—
924 Chestnut St. Philadelphia.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North Avenue
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING call at
Bremmer Bros',
28 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost any more than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices
on good working pants.

C. DICKINSON
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY
PRESENTS
Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses. Eyes examined FREE.
13 PARK AVE.
Do to forget the number.

To the Public:
Neuman Bros.
Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, Prence ved Sugar Corn, Succotash & Mottrill Peas, Sugar Corn, Succotash & Morrill Peas, Sugar Corn, Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Yarl Tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's Stewed Tomatoes, Fait & Wisterner's extra sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early June Peas, Hamburg Asparagus Beans, Hudson River Asparagus and Tips.
Special reduction given by the case and dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats.
79 BROADWAY.

WHAT'S THAT?
Oh only the usual fall in prices before taking our annual inventory.
Read a few of the Bargains!
100 doz. Towels at 7c., worth 10c. Good Gingham 5c. Worsted Dress Goods 11c., formerly 18c. Best Prints 5c. Full line of Lace 8c. Ladies' Knit Skirts 50c., formerly 75c. Heavy Toweling 4c. Our 50c. Corset we will sell for 39c.
REMNANTS of all kinds at HALF PRICE.
Ingrain Carpets 25, 35, 41 and 49c. Mattings 13 1-2c. Oil Cloths 26c. Ladies', Misses and Children's Cloaks. Largest variety at greatly reduced prices. Agency for King's Dyeing Company, of Boston, Mass.
E. H. BOBBIN, 7 West Front Street.

E. H. HOLMES,
DEALER IN
Coal and Wood.
Best quality of Lehigh Coal kept constantly on hand.
OFFICE, with Woolston & Buckle,
27 North Avenue
YARD, 24 MADISON AVENUE,
Opposite Electric Light Station.

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
70 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly erected steam elevating machinery, erected for that purpose, which so confidently enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method now in use.
TYLER (LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK) COAL, highest qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
SCREENS AND PROMPT DELIVERY.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for transporting Lehigh Coal, and solicits a share of the trade. Orders left at the office or at the yard will receive prompt attention.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:30, 8:45, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:30, 5:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 5:00 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.
Arrive—8:45 a. m., 5:30, 9:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 5:00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:00 to 10:00 a. m.
Mail closes at 5:00 p. m.

E. B. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time Table in effect Nov. 15th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 7:14, 8:27, 8:58, 9:14, 9:58, 10:58, 11:58 a. m., 12:27, 1:14, 2:27, 3:27, 4:27, 5:27, 6:27, 7:27, 8:27, 9:27, 10:27, 11:27 p. m., 12:27 night. Sunday, 8:27, 8:58, 9:58, 10:58, 11:58 a. m., 12:27, 1:27, 2:27, 3:27, 4:27, 5:27, 6:27, 7:27, 8:27, 9:27, 10:27, 11:27 p. m., 12:27 night.

Leave Plainfield at 2:14, 4:27, 5:58, 6:14, 6:58, 7:58, 8:58, 9:58, 10:58, 11:58 a. m., 12:27, 1:27, 2:27, 3:27, 4:27, 5:27, 6:27, 7:27, 8:27, 9:27, 10:27, 11:27 p. m., 12:27 night. Sunday, 4:27, 5:58, 6:58, 7:58, 8:58, 9:58, 10:58, 11:58 a. m., 12:27, 1:27, 2:27, 3:27, 4:27, 5:27, 6:27, 7:27, 8:27, 9:27, 10:27, 11:27 p. m., 12:27 night.

Leave Plainfield at 4:27, 5:58, 6:58, 7:58, 8:58, 9:58, 10:58, 11:58 a. m., 12:27, 1:27, 2:27, 3:27, 4:27, 5:27, 6:27, 7:27, 8:27, 9:27, 10:27, 11:27 p. m., 12:27 night. Sunday, 4:27, 5:58, 6:58, 7:58, 8:58, 9:58, 10:58, 11:58 a. m., 12:27, 1:27, 2:27, 3:27, 4:27, 5:27, 6:27, 7:27, 8:27, 9:27, 10:27, 11:27 p. m., 12:27 night.

PLAINFIELD AND EDISON.
Leave Plainfield at 8:27, 9:58, 11:58 a. m., 1:27, 3:27, 5:27, 7:27, 9:27, 11:27 p. m. Sunday, 8:27, 9:58, 11:58 a. m., 1:27, 3:27, 5:27, 7:27, 9:27, 11:27 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 8:27, 9:58, 11:58 a. m., 1:27, 3:27, 5:27, 7:27, 9:27, 11:27 p. m. Sunday, 8:27, 9:58, 11:58 a. m., 1:27, 3:27, 5:27, 7:27, 9:27, 11:27 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.
Leave Plainfield at 5:58, 7:58, 8:58, 9:58, 10:58, 11:58 a. m., 12:27, 1:27, 2:27, 3:27, 4:27, 5:27, 6:27, 7:27, 8:27, 9:27, 10:27, 11:27 p. m. Sunday, 8:27, 9:58, 11:58 a. m., 1:27, 3:27, 5:27, 7:27, 9:27, 11:27 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 5:58, 7:58, 8:58, 9:58, 10:58, 11:58 a. m., 12:27, 1:27, 2:27, 3:27, 4:27, 5:27, 6:27, 7:27, 8:27, 9:27, 10

OUR YOUNG FOLKS

A FAMOUS PAINTER.

An Aspiring Boy Who Successfully Carried Out the Dream of His Youth.

In the middle of the last century there lived in Pennsylvania a youth whose devotion to his pencil was the passion of his very childhood. He was always drawing and painting, and he had dreams of becoming a famous artist. He and a school fellow once borrowed a horse. Now, who was

BENJAMIN SKETCHING HIS BABY SISTER.

to sit in the better place? West vowed that he would not straddle behind anybody in the world, so the sooner youth gave way to the inspiring Benjamin and quietly rode behind him. But this was not all. As they jogged along, one boy asked the other, "And what are you going to be, Benjamin?"

"I'm going to be a painter."

"A painter! And what is that? A man who daubs paint over doors and gates?"

"No, indeed; but one who paints pictures for kings and emperors to admire, and who is fit company for them too."

"Ay, but we have no kings or lords in America," observed the boy behind.

"Yes; but you see I mean to go to Europe, where there are plenty," said the ambitious Benjamin.

One day his mother entered the nursery and found her boy making a picture of his little sister in the cradle. Time passed on and his devotion to his pencil continued. He became the famous painter, Benjamin West, who, having settled in England and gained the patronage of King George III, succeeded Sir Joshua Reynolds as president of the Royal academy. He painted many famous pictures, and dying in 1820 was buried in St. Paul's cathedral. Such a life history as this illustrates Wordsworth's idea in the beautiful poem of "The Happy Warrior," that he is happy in his profession who—

When brought
Among the tasks of real life, hath wrought
Upon the plan that pleased his childish thought.

Popular Parlor Games.

"Bring a clay pipe," was the startling addition to an invitation to a reception. Nobody could decide what it meant. The mystery was solved, however, when the guests entered the parlor and saw on a round table in the center of the room half a dozen pumah bowls, in rosecand blue glass and Japanese ware, filled with flaky soapsuds.

Each guest was entitled to blow three bubbles, and a silver handglass was the prize for the girl who blew the largest bubble and a card case the boy's prize. Three judges had a trying time in deciding the winner of the prizes. Amateur blowers were allowed to practice in the corner out of range of the prize bubble blowers.

"Bring your thimble," was another odd request, received by a number of young ladies in the invitations, but when the guests reached the house they found out what the thimbles were wanted for. There were sixteen guests, and on each chair were placed sixteen little muslin aprons, with the hems carefully basted. A girl received a prize for the best hemmed apron and a boy got the booby prize for the largest stitches, while one bright youth did not get his needle threaded until the hour for sewing was over.

Another party at which walking, not for a cake, but for a pair of silver shoe buckles, is also described in Golden Days. The way the head and shoulders were carried, as well as the manner of walking, was considered by the judges.

My Partner.

We went to a party last night—
My two little brothers and I—
There were loes and creams, pink and white,
And a rich birthday cake, mountains high.

There was jelly and sweet lemonade—
And we danced to a band in the hall,
Where almost a scramble we made
For the partners most pretty and tall.

And now, as I watched the rest whirl,
I felt rather jealous, you know,
For mine was a fat little girl,
Who trod, oh, so hard! on my toe.

I ASKED HER TO DANCE. SHE SAID "YES."

Then I saw, in a corner alone,
A lady with such a kind face,
She'd a necklace that sparkled and shone,
And a fan all of feathers and lace.

I asked her to dance. She said "Yes."
And soon we were spinning around;
And I never once stepped on her dress,
Though it floated a yard o'er the ground.

So when they were talking today
Of their partners so pretty and tall,
I think of my lady, and say
That mine was the best, after all!

Jack Sparrow in India.

Jack sparrow has now conquered another country, for we learn that he has found a home in India. There he is full of fight and impudence, just as he is elsewhere. Let him see himself in a mirror and he will attack that other bird for hours, not stopping to eat, drink or rest. An instance is mentioned in which a sparrow reared her family in a cage that hung above the head of a working tailor, and was not dismayed by the fact that the cage was often taken down that visitors might the better behold the family within.

The Servant Girl Then and Now.

The servant girl question is still a burning one in nearly every center of population and it is likely to remain a question of paramount interest to housewives for some little time to come.

A good many more or less foolish solutions of it have been proposed and abandoned and still social philosophers are worrying over it without material result. In Belfast, places they can't agree among themselves what the question really is, and those who do agree upon that point can't agree upon any other except that the hired girl is an uncertain quantity and a source of infinite vexation to housekeepers.

The hired girl is human. That is one point that often seems to be forgotten by those who complain about her. If it were always remembered possibly the servant girl question would settle itself. Bridget and Gretchen would be wholly insensible. They have their woman's pride, their feminine instincts and contradictions, and when they are not taken into account trouble is bound to follow.

It is to be noted that our great-great-grandmothers had precious little worry with their help. Mistress was in the habit of living in the same family till she got married, and about as often as not she married one of her mistress' boys. In any event she was a "lady" and not a "servant." She resented the latter appellation and bore herself independently and worthily before the eyes of men. Her education was defective, of course, but it was that of her mistress, and the two read the Bible together with the same uncertainty as to the big words and the long names of the mighty men of old. When they died and went to heaven we are taught that they were not there separated by any line of caste or favor.

But it's different nowadays, to be sure.

It is impossible for the hired girl to be taken into the family as one of the family. Yet her lot might still be softened and brightened by a little human sympathy and friendly interest. If she is a good girl it will make her better, and if she is bad it will tend to restrain her from becoming worse. And she is not likely to leave a place where she seems to be appreciated.—Chicago News.

Professional or Married Life for Women.

Dr. Arabella Kenealy, a well known London physician, has settled with the following: "Women should not attempt to carry on a profession after marriage. I mean the women of the upper and middle classes who go into the professions. It is not necessary that they should be the breadwinners, that duty should devolve upon the husband, and I am confident that the rising generation would be healthier and stronger in every way if the mothers would exert themselves less.

"I look anxiously as every baby that comes under my notice in the hope that I shall find some improvement in the type, some increase in the number of babies of the generation that has preceded it, but instead of this there is only steady deterioration observable. This deterioration is particularly noticeable among the children of very active mothers. The cleverest and most highly educated women, the women who take the most active part in public affairs, are the most weakly and puny children. Another thing, women are going into too active forms of exercise.

"When I see a young married woman tells me that she is captain of a cricket eleven or a football team, I can only say I am perfectly aghast. Women must place before themselves the alternative, to earn their living, to exercise their faculties, and to gratify their ambitions in a professional career or to become good wives and mothers, and if they choose the domestic life they must recognize that they must sacrifice their personal happiness and ambition in the future happiness and success of their children."

A Woman of Mohammed's Time.

In the fifth century of the Hegira the Sheikha Sinadia, surnamed Fedhumuna ("the glory of women"), lectured publicly at the Musjid-i-Jama of Bagdad to large audiences on literature, rhetoric and poetry. She occupies in the annals of Islam a position of equality with the most distinguished ulemas. What would have befallen this lady had she flourished among the fallow religionists of St. Cyril can be judged by the fate of Hypatia. Possibly she would not have been torn to pieces, but she would in a certainty have been burned as a witch. Dust-ul-Hemma, corrupted into Deemus, "the lion heart," the heroine of many battles, fought side by side with the bravest knights.

It is a calumny, therefore, to say that the Islamic system has lowered the status of women. The teacher who, in an age when no country, no system, no economy gave any right to woman, maiden or married, mother or wife—who, in a country where the birth of a daughter was considered a calamity, secured to the sex rights which are only unwillingly and under pressure being conceded to them by the civilized nations of the nineteenth century—deserves the gratitude of humanity.

If Mohammed had done nothing more his claim to be a benefactor of mankind would have been indisputable. Kind under the laws as they stand at present in the pages of the legists, the legal position of Moslem females may be said to compare favorably with that of European women.—Ameer Ali in Nineteenth Century.

The Art of Entertaining.

Nowhere does the capacity of hostess better appear than in the choice of her guests. It involves nice judgment of the characters, pursuits and kind of her friends, and decides the fate of the evening. Granted a well chosen company, her cares are then of the lightest description, for it is one of the greatest of pleasures this harmonious mingling of minds. She has the satisfaction of feeling that she has been instrumental in enlarging the sum of social happiness, and that her home is fulfilling one of the many beneficent purposes for which homes exist.

But when the company is a large one and the diversity of mind is necessarily great a tax is laid on her entertaining genius of a more serious kind. It is advisable to have a definite object in this case, a carefully arranged programme. This is the secret of the usual success of dancing parties, and quite brilliant evenings may be attained in the way of private theatricals, tableaux, charades, readings, etc. Every circle will have its own favorite amusement. A group of people interested in literature and art become utterly oblivious of the flight of time when some hostess has done them the lasting service of bringing them together, and this is no less true of those who derive their enjoyment from music.

But pleasant as such specialistic evenings are it is conceivably a most necessary thing that wider sympathies be engendered by a mingling of tastes.—Chambers' Journal.

Sugar Better Than Starch.

In doing up fine lace do not use any starch, but in the last rinsing water dissolve a little fine white sugar.—New York Journal.

ABOUT BEDDING.

Suggestions That Are Healthful and Should be Heeded.

The best bed coverings are light woollen blankets. The impervious cotton comforbibles so much used are the most unwholesome of any covering. A hair mattress, as is conceded now, is the very best bed and a single mattress with a set of good springs is all sufficient. Where there are two mattresses over the springs they are not as likely to be well aired, and therefore are more likely to retain the exhalations of sleep. A good hair bolster is the most wholesome head rest, but many persons prefer a feather bolster because they are not used to it. Sleeping with a number of pillows under the head is certainly injurious, as it tends to raise the head into a cramped unnatural position.

THE SHOULDER WATCH.

The Latest Fad of the Conspicuous Woman.

The swagger young woman is wearing her watch just now on her shoulder, just in front of the arm. The chatelaine attachment which used to fasten it to her belt is gone, and the watch is held in place by a brooch made for that purpose in the form of a true lover's knot or the fleur-de-lis, and pinned conspicuously on her shoulder. Inside her cape, or her gown? Not a bit of it! Outside where any passer-by can see the time o' day, and where it must be excellent prey for the skilful fingers of thieves.

Sugar Revives Fire.

Half a teaspoonful of sugar will nearly always revive a dying fire, and, unlike the few drops of coal oil which servants are so fond of using, and which have caused so many sad accidents, is perfectly safe.

Kerosene Will Clean a Tea-Kettle.

To clean a tea-kettle, take it away from the fire and wash off with a rag dipped in kerosene, followed by a rubbing with a dry flannel cloth.

Avoid Smoky Lamps.

In trimming lamps with broad wicks dip the ends a little lower than along the middle and thus avoid a smoked or cracked lamp.

To Bake Pies.

In baking all pies where the contents are liable to soak into the undercrust, like a lemon, custard or pumpkin pie, it is better to put on the lower crust first and bake it half done, and then add the custard or other soft filling. "But the pie-crust will rise in great waves," a doubting sister urges, "and leave no shell." This is true if the pastry is put on as it is. The pie plate, which should be a tin one, is first lined with the pie-crust and the crust is repeatedly pricked to prevent its puffing. Then it is brushed over with the white of an egg. The best way to egg pastry is to turn the whole white of an egg over it, allowing it to pass over every portion; then turning it off. When the white of an egg is used in this way one white will be sufficient to egg three or four pies. When undercrust is prepared and baked in this way it is crispy, brown and tender, instead of sodden, as the undercrusts of such pies too often are; and the pie, when done, readily slips off the tin plate on to a porcelain one.—N. Y. Tribune.

The Only Wholesome Cake.

A distinguished physician, whose name is known all over the medical world, once said when questioned in reference to fruit cake that it was probably one of the only cakes that was wholesome.

Heretical as the statement sounds, one must pronounce unwarped by preconceived prejudices and see if you are not compelled to admit the truth of it. There is no unwholesome article used in this rich cake. It is dependent on eggs and not on an unwholesome alkali and acid ferment to raise it. It contains wine and spice which assist the digestion. It is no rich that a comparatively small quantity satisfies the appetite, while one may eat inordinately of a cheap cake raised with baking-powder without gaining the same amount of nutrition from it.

Splendid Mince Meat.

Boil five pounds of lean and juicy beef until tender, keeping closely covered while boiling. When cool, chop very fine. Chop well three pounds of nice beef suet, seven three pounds of raisins and chop three pounds of well washed and dried currants and two pound of citron cut into thin slices. Grate the rind of six fresh lemons, two tablespoonfuls of cinnamon, four good sized nutmegs, grated, one teaspoonful of ground white ginger, one teaspoonful of each chop fine fourteen good-sized pippins; mix these well together. If necessary, use more apples. Put in a stone jar; cover with good French brandy and wine. Keep in a cool, dry place.—Detroit Free Press.

The Worst Part of Housekeeping.

And yet it is a fact that dishwashing is the one great irksome fact of housework. It makes the wife determined that she will have a servant, and makes the servant hate to be one. Dishes and knives and forks are the great curse of our modern civilization. Without them there would be no servant girl question; there never was one before they were introduced. A Society for the Abolition of Dishes might do a good deal to abolish the servant question.

Lime Water for Dyspepsia.

For dyspepsia pour one quart of cold water on two tablespoonfuls of unslacked lime, let it stand a few minutes, bottle and cork and when clear it is ready for use. Put three tablespoonfuls in a cup of milk and drink any time, usually before meals.

Fresh Table-Cloths.

Red table-cloths and napkins lose their fresh, red color soon unless carefully handled. They should be soaked for half an hour in cold water, then put quickly through lukewarm suds, rinsed in salt water and hung up immediately.

If a Child Swallows a Pin.

"If a child has swallowed anything that will not digest," said a noted physician, "particularly if it is sharp, let him eat immediately two or three pieces of dry bread; this is very apt to surround the object swallowed with a sort of coating. In addition let the food for several days be more solid than usual, and under no circumstances give purgative medicine. The chances are that the child will feel no trouble from the carelessness."

Table Linen.

Responsible dealers say that with proper care the table linens of to-day will be in weekly use will last ten years. The table linen of old times has outlasted generations. But there is no linen spun now.

This Date in History—Feb. 1.

In the Roman Catholic church this is the festival of St. Bridget (or St. Bride), who was born at Fochard, in County Louth, Ireland, about 320 A. D., and established the Sacred Sisterhood at Kildare.

1521—Edward Coke, law writer and lord chief justice of England, born at Milcham, Norfolk; died 1633.

1678—George Franklin Edmunds, jurist and statesman, born at Richmond, Vt.

1808—Hon. William Pennington, of New Jersey, elected speaker in congress after a bitter contest lasting eight weeks.

1861—The convention of Texas adopted the Ordinance of Secession, seventh state.

1862—Battle at Mill Creek and Newberne, N. C., and Smithfield, Va.

1876—John Forster, renowned editor of the London Daily News, died, aged 64.

1886—Mills and factories burned at Tonawanda, Fraser loss, $250,000. The banks of Amsterdam loaned $15,000,000 to Russian railroad contractors.

1890—The Portuguese consul in the Transvaal issued a menacing proclamation to the effect that Portugal must control Manicaland; much excitement in Europe and prompt action by Great Britain.

Evening Coiffures and Gloves.

The hair is very simply arranged with evening toilets. It is slightly waved and drawn back from the front to a coil placed half high in Greek fashion, or lower if the contour of the head requires it. All elaboration is in the jeweled ornaments worn, as a diamond tiara, a crown shaped comb at the back or diamond headed pins. A favorite ribbon ornament is a tornade of narrow white, pink or blue moire or satin ribbon twisted over wire, with a tiny bow and standing ends, worn around the back coil, or farther forward if more becoming. Fillets of ribbon and wreaths of small blossoms are worn by very young women and girls.

White kid gloves are worn in the evening alike with white and colored dresses. They are of undressed kid, easy fitting on the hand as well as on the arm, and are just long enough to reach the sleeves of the gown. Tan colored and black suede gloves are the exception that proves the rule of the white glove.—Harper's Bazar.

That Was All.

Smith—I say, Smythe!

Smythe (who is running at the top of his speed, stops)—Well, what is it? Hurry up (puff, puff), please. I have only two minutes.

Smith—I merely wanted to say that you'd lose your train if you didn't hurry up.—Yankee Blade.

1892 February. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29					

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5	4:39 p.m.	Third Quarter	20	7:15 p.m.
Full Moon	12	2:38 p.m.	New Moon	27	10:00 p.m.

Hotels.

THE ALBION.
EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE.
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
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24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable -:- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,
West Front street, Opp. Madison avenue
Wallace V. Miller,
Proprietor.
A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

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Manufacturer of
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Bicycles, Drills and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smokestack painting and painting.
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Closing Out Sale!
HOLIDAY BARGAINS!
WALL PAPER AT COST.
In order to close out this year's stock of WALL PAPER to make room for New Goods,
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
(Successors to W. F. Adams, 20 East Front Street.)

OUR GRAIN LEATHER
AND
CORK -:- SOLE -:- SHOES
Are just the thing for this weather. We also have a good assortment in double sole Calf Skin Shoes. Rubbers in plenty. We sell you the BEST at the price others charge you for the "No Goods."
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE
22 W. FRONT STREET.

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A DINNER is never relished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and most carefully selected stock of Choice
Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes,
BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER.
If given a call will be able to compare our goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.
F. LINKE, Wholesale Wine and Liquor dealer. Telephone Co. 157.

H. E. RIDER, Manager. A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.
THE METROPOLITAN STABLE,
20 and 21 North Avenue, Through to Second Street.
MATCHED CARRIAGE PAIRS,
HIGH-ACTIONED "T-CART"
AND DOG CART HORSES,
CANADIAN HUNTERS,
COBS AND ROADSTER HORSES,
LADIES' SADDLE
AND DRIVING HORSES.
ALSO A SPECIALTY IN GENTLEMEN'S ROAD TEAMS, SINGLE
DRIVERS AND TROTTERS.

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AT THE 5 AND 10C. STORE.
Call and get a card free, and see how really beautiful these books are. We have them on exhibition. You have your choice of four different kinds.
We have just received a big assortment of "Bargain Wares," and we are going to sell them at half their value. We are prepared to suit you in the dinner-furnishing line, and in Lamps and Chimneys our reputation is made as to low price and assortment. We have a few Dinner Sets at $10, $15, and $25 that are bargains indeed, as all agree who have seen them, at that price.
Just imagine what six 5 and 10c. counters heavily laden most contain, and, when you want to get your money's worth, go direct to
J. C. Allen's, 28 West Front Street.

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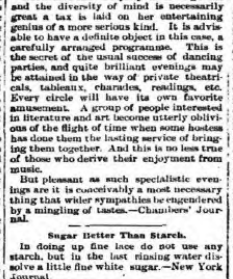
when mamma uses

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Wash your baby with Anti-Chap Soap. Dust it baby with
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Papa, Mamma, Everybody should use the delightful Anti Chap. Your druggist keeps it. 25 cents.

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The latest samples of ball tickets, masquerades, lodges, etc., programmes, menu, orders of dance, wedding invitations and fine stock generally, have just been received by THE NEWS Job Department. When you are in need of any kind of Job Work call and see samples.
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is my rule. The BEST give better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.
Put you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Worsted, Embroidery Silks, and stamped linen goods.
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Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

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OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.
GENUINE : BARGAINS!
Call and examine before they are are all gone.
WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE,
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GLYCEROLE OF ARNICA!
The best preparation for the skin on the market.
FREE FROM ALL GREASE!
Readily absorbed. The Ladies' delight.
25 Cents a Bottle.
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J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
General Hardware and House-furnishings,
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Carpenter and Machinist Tools!
BUILDERS' HARDWARE.
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USUAL LOW PRICES. TELEPHONE CALL 122.

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BY THE
POUND!
Old Sagamore Mills, 15c lb.
Envelopes to match, 5c. package.
Kensington Wove and Devonshire Linen, 25c. per lb.
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A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

O. M. DUNHAM,
46 West Front Street.
Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR, WINTER CAPS, ETC.
Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

We have a new line of
Skates and Sleds
Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of
Musical Instruments
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A. M. Vanderbeek,
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Hyde & Jackson,
Bankers,
20 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Offer choice Railroad and Water Bonds, yielding from 5 to 6 per cent., which have received personal investigation.
WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.
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Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

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45 per Year in Advance. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be warmer and cloudy, followed by rain or snow.

BREVITIES.

—The police are looking for a little boy with curls who was lost this morning. He is well dressed.

—An infant at birth usually weighs one-twentieth of the maximum weight it ought to attain in middle life.

—Frank Conshea of North Plainfield was arrested by Borough Marshal Rutledge, last night for creating a disturbance.

—The members of the Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. are requested to attend their meeting to be held this evening.

—Forty-three students received instruction in Mechanical Drawing and Book-keeping at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms last evening.

—Henry Hess, arrested by Borough Marshal Rutledge Saturday evening, will be tried at seven-thirty o'clock this evening. He is charged with being drunk and disorderly.

—The Somerset county jail contains a large numbers of prisoners. A large number of them have secured commitment on one pretext or another, so as to avoid the cold weather. There are four prisoners sick.

—In the February New England Magazine Walter Blackburn Harte writes a thoughtful estimate of Walt Whitman's genius. He wisely avoids the extremes of adulation and depreciation, into which most critics of Whitman have fallen. He also contributes a small story, "John Parmenter's Protege," which contains a good deal of human nature and humanity.

—Cape May has no steam-whistle in its confines, it seems, and he that is early appreciate the service of Engineer James Hand, of West Jersey Railroad accomodation train, who opens wide the throttle of his locomotive every week-day morning when he mounts his engine promptly at six o'clock. Light sleepers are like to be also hated who do not appreciate the engineer's thoughtfulness so much.

—Charles Johns of Fort Lee shot a bird the other day that is puzzling the taxidermists and naturalists in the vicinity. The head and beak are like those of a pigeon. It has blue-jay wings and tail, and the breast and body of a pheasant. It is about the size of a dove. Some think it is a cross between three birds, and instance which naturalists say is extremely rare among wild birds. Mr. Johns says the bird uttered a very peculiar cry, which attracted his attention. The bird is stuffed and on exhibition.

—A very estimable widow has a son who is far from estimable. Evil combinations have surrounded him. Gamblers he once had, and the ravages of dissipation are already becoming visible. His poor mother is nearly broken-hearted. She was confiding her troubles one day to an old and trusted friend. "I am afraid," said her friend, "that you are not firm enough with John; you are too easy with him." "On the contrary, I am sometimes afraid that I am too harsh." "Why, what have you been doing?" "Only scolding the thing but I have talked to him a great deal." "What have you said?" "Why, I have said, 'John? John!' and other severe things."

PERSONAL.

Mr. P. P. Dumont, of Broadway, having overcome a severe attack of the grip, which confined him to the house several weeks, is once more able to be about.

Word was received to-day of the death, at Saranac Lake, N. Y., of Miss Leonie A. Martin of Park avenue, this city. Miss Martin some time ago was taken with the grip, which took such a serious turn that her brother, Mr. Frank L. C. Martin was telegraphed for. Miss Martin was the daughter of the late J. Marc Martin, and had a large circle of friends in Plainfield and elsewhere.

CHIEF ASTFALK FOR SHERIFF.

The Chief Makes an Early Semi-Public Announcement of his Candidacy.

Chief Engineer "Nat" Astfalk of the Elizabeth Fire Department, has had a semi public announcement of his candidacy for the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Union county. This was made at a social gathering of some of the firemen of Westfield last Thursday night. The chief was announced as "the next Sheriff of Union county." He responded to the call and explained to the firemen how his friends had told him that he was taked of as the candidate for Sheriff. He explained that he had never been defeated in any contest he had ever entered, and he felt assured that if he received the nomination he would be elected. His friends told him that the first thing he had to do was to get the delegates, and that was why he West-field firemen the impression that he would look after those delegates.

At the meeting the Chief gave a gold watch to Chief Engineer Schmitt and Assistant Engineer Robert Woodruff, Jr., of the Westfield Fire Department. Some of the firemen thought that that was the first step towards getting the Westfield delegates to line up.

The nomination will not be made for about a year.

Chief Astfalk is a saloon-keeper of Elizabeth and is popular among the firemen.

DEATHS

SUTTON—In this city, February 2d, Leo, Cornelius Sutton, age six months and fifteen days.

Interment will be made in St. Mary's cemetery, Wednesday, at three p. m.

MARTIN—At Saranac Lake, N. Y., on Monday, Feb. ninety 1, Leonie A., daughter of the late J. Marc Martin.

Notice of funeral hereafter. 2 2-2

CITY COMMON COUNCIL.

THE FOURTH MEETING HELD LAST EVENING.

New City Officers Appointed—Fifty Dollars for Police Clothing—License Applications.—The Resolution Relating to the Street Railway.—Other Business.

The City Common Council met in regular session last evening. President Ginns and Councilmen Ackerman, Bird, Case, Erickson, Frazee, Gallup, Johnston, Marsh, See and Weber responded to roll call.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Mr. J. B. Dumont asked for permission to enlarge his barn. The petition was referred to the Fire and Buildings Committee with power.

Mr. J. F. Hubbard and others petitioned for a crosswalk on Sixth street and Madison avenue.

Their request was granted.

In a communication the members of the W. C. T. U. requested Council not to grant any licenses. The document was referred to the Committee on Licenses.

A bill from ex-Councilman Seymour G. Smith amounting to $119.50 which he claimed was expended in testing the electric lights, was referred to the committee on Public Lights.

F. X. Schoonmaker presented a bill for $30 which he says he contracted in changing the grade in front of his house. The bill was referred to the Street Committee.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

The Mayor appointed the following city officials for the ensuing year:

Corporation Counsel—Craig A. Marsh.
Street Commissioner—Thomas S. Meeker.
Overseer of the Poor—A. Vanderbeck.
Chief Engineer—Thaddeus O. Doane.
First Assistant—James A. Martin.
Second Assistant—John Murray.

Before voting for the confirmation Mr. Frazee spoke in favor of Mr. J. Erwin Waters, who, he said, had always done his duty faithfully, and that as he was the present First Assistant Chief he thought he should be re-appointed. He said he respected Mr. Martin and knew him to be an upright man, but that he for one would vote to retain Mr. Waters in office.

Mr. Martin's nomination was then confirmed by a vote of 9 to 2.

The nomination of Dr. Allis as city physician was confirmed.

The following regular police officers were appointed by the mayor and confirmed—George W. Grant, Thomas McCue, Patrick Lynch, Patrick Flanagan, Charles Gross, Patrick Kiely, Joseph Cooney, Christian Fredrickson and Frank Conde.

SPECIAL POLICE.

S. R. Hope, William Mundy, Robert Walker, Thomas Parsons, W. H. Scott, Andrew Muir, W. J. Mattox, G. A. Rockafellow, Jacob Kriney, J. Babbitt, Thomas Martin, Cadwallader Jones, Frank Moran, Philip Giese, Henry Augleman, W. H. Miner, David F. Stewart, Edward Ryan, Joseph Nunn, Charles J. Noel, Morris Higgins, Christopher Augerbauer, J. Saunders, Benjamin Alabaud.

As members of the Board of Health the mayor nominated Dr. Geo. W. Endicott, Lemuel W. Serrell and Henry B. Newball. The nominations were confirmed.

The annual report of the City Treasurer was read and ordered printed in the official papers.

In a communication the City Assessor stated that there had been eleven new streets opened that did not show on the map, that they had been built up and he suggested that all streets opened should be recorded on the map and that street-signs with the name of the street thereon be placed on the corner of every street. The matter was referred to the City Committee on Streets.

The quarterly report of the city physician was read and ordered filed.

Captain Grant in a communication asked Council to appropriate fifty dollars to buy uniforms for the police. It was referred to the Police Committee.

The bonds of W. R. Mattox and Amos Moffett, who were elected constables, were received and ordered recorded.

Councilman Marsh stated that the bond of Aaron J. Mattox was not ready for presentation. He informed the Council that Mr. Mattox had been elected constable in the Fourth Ward and that as he was the choice of the people he should be given a chance to qualify. On motion Mr. Marsh's suggestion was adopted.

In reference to salaries the Finance Committee reported as follows:

Corporation Council, $1,000, including services before the Board of Health; Street Commissioner, $1,500, without services as City Surveyor; City Clerk, $750; City Judge, $600; City Physician, $300; Overseer of the Poor, $400; Assessor, $1,000; Collector, $1,500; Treasurer, $800; Commissioner of Appeals, $5 a day; Chief Fire Department, $700; First Assistant Chief, $150; Second Assistant Chief, $100; Janitor No. 2 Engine House, $180; Driver Gazelle, Engine, No. 1, $600; Driver Gazelle Hose, $600; Driver Alert Hose, $600; Janitor Council Chamber, $50, and $3 for every adjourned and special meeting; Driver Hook and Ladder Company, $600; Captain of Police, $90; $60 for regulars and 25 cents an hour for specials when on duty.

Mr. Erickson moved that the salary of each officer be taken up separately and voted on. It was so ordered.

In reference to the salary of the Street Commissioner Mr. Frazee inquired if that included surveying, etc.

Mr. Gallup said that that was the agreement last year.

Mr. See said that he did not believe in compelling a man to do $2,500 worth of work and only pay $1,500.

The salary of the city physician on motion was placed at $300.

Mr. Ackerman moved that the annual salary of the Assessor be $1,000. In explaining his motion he said it was less than the Assessor asked for. His motion prevailed.

The salaries of the janitors of the various Fire Department houses were raised from $130 a year to $165. Mr. Frazee made the motion.

The same gentleman spoke in reference to the drivers of the various engines and moved that their salary be increased ten dollars a month, making it $60 instead of $50. The motion was unanimously carried.

Mr. Marsh moved that at the suggestion of the Mayor in reference to the appointment of three extra policemen be adopted and that he be instructed to appoint them at the next meeting. It was so ordered.

Mr. Frazee moved that the liquor ordinance be printed in pamphlet form.

The committee were instructed so to do, the expense not to exceed $100.

Mr. Johnston offered the following resolution in reference to a street railway:

WHEREAS, It has been alleged under oath that the written contents which by a vote of Council are to be filed in the City Clerk before the Common Council has power to locate the tracts of any street railway, and the proposed or filed prior to the adoption of the ordinance dated April 27, 1891, which purported to locate the tracks of the Plainfield Street Railway Company, and that the question has been in litigation since May last, and is likely to remain in the courts for many months to come, and said company has done nothing to expedite said cause, and has taken so little interest in the litigation as to allow the taking of testimony against it without said company being represented by counsel at the examination, and

WHEREAS, the Supreme Court of this State has recently by Judge Reed, concurred in by Judges Magie and Dixon, filed January 8th, inst, decided that an ordinance preceeding to vest in a corporation the right to place posts and stringed wires in the public streets of a city, is a part of a system of propelling street cars by the electric motors is a nullity, and the ordinance last above referred to would seem to be governed by said opinion of the Supreme Court, and

WHEREAS, it is in the sense of the Common Council that the best interests of the City of Plainfield required that a street railway in this city should be constructed, and put into actual operation at the earliest date practicable,

Resolved, That the City Clerk be and he hereby is instructed to advertise in the Englishtown News and Street Railway Journal, for sealed proposals to be submitted to him on or before Monday, March 7, 1892, to be opened at the regular meeting of the Common Council to be held on that date at the Council Chamber in this city at eight o'clock p. m., which proposals shall set forth that the proposed company is organized under the act of the Legislature of the State of New Jersey entitled, "An Act to provide for the Incorporation of Street Railway Companies and to regulate the same," approved April 6, 1886, and the acts amendatory thereof, and supplemental thereto, and shall specify in detail the route and routes proposed, the character and description of motive power, rails, street cars and other equipment, and the terms and advantages offered.

Resolved, That the following named citizens of Plainfield be and are hereby requested to act as a committee to cooperate with the City Committee on Water and Sewerage in the investigation of such plans for a system of sewerage for the City of Plainfield (said committee to report their conclusions in writing to the Common Council at its regular) W. Sorrell, George H. Babcock, Joseph W. Yates, James E. Martine, J. B. Dumont, C. T. Wheeler, Andrew W. Rockefellow, John W. Murray, George H. Frost, B. O. Rowers, Rowland Cox, H. B. Newball, Nathaniel Kelly, Dr. Durrie, Wilson W. Lamyon.

Resolved, That the city clerk furnish the gentlemen named in the foregoing resolution with a copy of the foregoing report, and of these resolutions, with the request that they signify their willingness, or otherwise, to act on said committee.

Resolved, That said committee meet for organization, etc., in the Mayor's office on Tuesday evening, February 9, at eight o'clock p. m.

Resolved, That the Committee, when organized, have power to fill any vacancy that may occur in any account in the Committee.

Resolved, That the sum of $500 (or so much of it as may be necessary, but that amount not to be exceeded without further action by the Common Council) be, and the same is hereby appropriated for the use of said committee in the employments for the purpose of being able to meet incidental expenses of the committee; all bills for such expenditures to be approved and to be acted upon by the Common Council in usual form.

Resolved, That the Mayor be invited and requested to act with said committee.

The following bids were submitted for crushed stone:

John G. Cook, $1 per ton delivered.
Wm. Manning, 94 cents per ton.
Smalley Bros., 98 cents per ton.

On motion the proposals were referred to the Street Committee.

A communication signed by Albert Hedden and others in reference to macadamizing East Front street was referred to the Committee on Streets.

After Mr. Frazee inquired the Committee on Streets reported progress in reference to the Liberty street sewerage question.

Mr. Ackerman explained that the committee had had a conference with the Corporation Counsel and that he told them to proceed slowly. Continuing he said we will therefore have to proceed more slowly than we wish to.

The Water and Printing Committee reported in reference to sewerage. The report is as follows:

Plainfield, N. J., February 1, 1892.

To the Common Council:

Gentlemen—Your Committee on Water and Sewerage would respectfully invite attention to the following extract from the Mayor's message, dated January 4, 1892, to the Common Council, viz.:

"The question is a very important one and should be treated with all the care and deliberation that its importance demands. In order that we may have the benefit of the most advanced information on the subject, we should call to our aid some expert of recognized standing, and make ourselves thoroughly familiar with those phases of the problem which interest us most. Let us find out if it is possible for us to secure an outlet to tide-water. If not, what other system will best meet our requirements. Let us prepare ourselves to act intelligently in the premises, and to this end I would suggest the selection of a committee of citizens to co-operate with a committee from your Honorable Body in an intelligent effort to determine:

1st. Whether sewerage should be introduced at the present time.

2d. What system will be best suited to our needs.

3d. The cost of and how to obtain the same."

Your committee concur in the statements and suggestions made by the Mayor, and recommend that such measures be taken by the Common Council as will insure a thorough and exhaustive investigation of the whole subject of sewerage, as it relates to the needs of this city, and as shall place at the disposal of the Common Council such information and plans as will enable it to act intelligently and promptly on the subject in the near future.

To facilitate the attainment of such results your committee recommend the adoption of the annexed resolution.

Respectfully,
Respectfully,
WM. G. E. SEE,
C. H. BIRD,
Committee on Water and Sewerage.

Mr. Ackerman moved that the Printing and Stationary Committee be instructed to obtain bids for the printing of the new directory book in book form and that they award the contract to the lowest bidder.

On motion of the same gentleman the City Clerk was instructed to purchase a desk, the sum to be expended not to exceed $35.

On motion $1,000 was transferred from the poor fund to the general fund.

Mr. Case made a motion that a Special Committee of five members of Council, including the president, be appointed to confer with the directors of the Central Railroad in reference to the moving of the freight house from its present location. It was so ordered.

The president appointed Councilmen Case, Marsh, Ackerman and Gallup.

Mr. W. W. Nash was appointed as delinquent tax collector.

Mr. Ackerman offered a resolution regulating the compensation of the delinquent tax collector. It was adopted.

Mr. See reported in reference to the lease on the Council Chamber and recommended that it be renewed for one year with the privilege of five. It was so ordered.

Mr. Frazee inquired if the lighting of the Council Chamber was included in the rent.

Mr. See said it was.

Mr. Marsh—"Hold on there I have a bill in my pocket for gas. It is for gas from October 1st to December 1st, but I don't know where the gas is."

The City Clerk was then ordered to inclose the Council from the audience.

Mr. Ackerman thought that some amount of money should be specified.

Mr. Marsh—"O, make it $1,000."

Mr. Erickson moved that the amount not exceed five hundred dollars.

An ordinance repealing the ordinance in reference to the Liberty street sewer and its second reading, ordered engrossed and advertised.

On motion the various committees were requested to report what monies they needed for the year at the next meeting of Council.

The bills of Chief Carey and Patrick Lynch for the time they were suspended were referred to the Committee on Police.

Mr. Aaron J. Mattox was given until the next meeting to qualify for a constable in the Fourth Ward.

On motion of Mr. Marsh the rules of order and by-laws presented by him at the first meeting of Council were adopted as the rules and by-laws of the present Council for the ensuing year.

On motion the Committee on Printing and Stationary were authorized to print one hundred copies of the same printed, but to obtain bids and award the contract to the lowest bidder.

The ordinance in reference to the opening and widening of Pearce street was placed on its third reading.

A petition from J. F. MacDonald in reference to Pearce street was read and ordered filed.

The ordinance was placed on its third reading, passed finally and adopted.

Mr. Marsh said that he had a communication in his hands from the Captain of Police stating that the police had no pants and he moved that fifty dollars be appropriated in order to procure their purchase.

Mr. Frazee required if there were not some liquor licenses applications on the desk of the clerk.

The clerk replied that there were.

Mr. Frazee moved that they be submitted to the Council. The motion prevailed.

The following persons made applications:

Henry F. Windham, 11 E. Front street.
J. H. Force, North Avenue.
John Beerbower, corner Park avenue and Second street.
James Conneely, 34 Park avenue.
Frederick Casper, East Front street.
A. Hahn, 17 West Front street.
Charles Bock, East Second street.
W. H. Lee and Arthur Scott, Muhlenberg place.
Charles Smith, West Front street.
J. J. Goff, corner Third and Liberty streets.
Michael Watson, South Second street.
Frank Linke, West Front street.
Jacob Hilman, Somerset street.
John Rafferty, Park avenue.
W. F. Miller, 17 Park avenue.
E. P. Thorn, 17 Park avenue.

The petitions were referred to the Committee on Licenses.

The meeting then adjourned.

Will Effect Scotch Plains.

Senate bill No. 8, was introduced January 12, by Senator Marsh. It is an act making it unlawful for Township Committees of any township in this State to grant licenses for the sale of spirituous, vinous or malt liquors. It reads as follows: "Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, that from and after the passage of this act it shall be unlawful for any Township Committee of any township in this State to grant any license for the sale of spirituous, vinous or malt liquors within said township. And be it enacted, that all acts, whether general or special, inconsistent with the terms of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed, and that this act shall take effect immediately." It is understood that this act applies only to Fanwood Township, the Township Committee grants licenses. It is said to be the only Township Committee in the State that grants licenses. The passing of this act will simply place Fanwood in line with all other townships and her licenses will be granted by the Mayor. The reports are, however, that the bill was defeated in the Senate last night.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

DELAYED INCOMING TRAINS.

An Engine Pell Across the Track.—Two Hours Consumed in Taking it Apart.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2d, (Special.)—At nine o'clock this morning a switch engine in the yard of the Grand Central depot took the wrong point of the switch and ran across the incoming track. At Fiftieth street the engine stopped and fell diagonally on the track.

All the incoming trains were stopped. It was necessary to take the stray engine to pieces before it could be removed from the track.

Several delayed trains had to wait in the tunnel, which was a very unpleasant experience for the passengers. The tunnel was filled with smoke. The delay lasted about two hours. The out going trains were not affected.

Many of the passengers got out and walked, making loud expressions of displeasure. The train from Mount Vernon due at 9:25 did not reach the Grand Central Depot till 11:15.

IN THE COURT.

The Trial of Criminal Cases Begun Yesterday.

The Union County Court of General Quarter Sessions was in session yesterday, convening at ten o'clock. Judge McCormick presided with Associates Hyer and Wiley. There were several indictments on the calendar for trial, but two or three were set down for later days.

The first case moved for trial was the State vs. Hansen Woodruff. The defendant is indicted for the larceny of a blanket. The testimony for the defense was in denial and an attempt to prove an alibi. The case was not concluded.

A Suit to Recover Funds.

The Executive Committee of the State Firemen's Relief Association have ordered their counsel, Wm. H. Corbett, to bring suit against the Madison Association to recover the $2,000 illegally loaned to the hook and ladder company of that place. The money of the local Relief Association is received from the State to provide a fund for the relief of needy exempt firemen and for the assistance of active firemen injured while on duty, and all the taxes collected from Insurance Companies not incorporated under the laws of this State are divided by Secretary of State equally among the various associations to constitute such fund. The Madison Association had something over $2,000 and loaned it to the local department for twenty years at one per cents, a formal agreement to that effect was made upon the supposition that the money in the Treasury of the association belonged to it outright, but it doesn't. The law prescribes how the money shall be invested and that law was ignored. At the last convention of the order it was expressed that the Madison Association would re-invest this money, but not having kept their pledge the suit will be brought to forfeit the money back to the State.

Loyal Ladies' League.

The State convention of the Loyal Ladies' League, an organization affiliating with the G. A. R., was held in the rooms of Torbert Post, Morristown, on Wednesday and Thursday. On Wednesday evening the tenth anniversary of the organization was observed. Mrs. Mary S. Olsen, of Plainfield, the President of the League, presided, and addresses were made by Rev. Dr. John McNaughton, Dr. S. W. Pierson and Rev. A. M. Sherman, of Morristown, John S. Gibson, of Dover and others. Recitations were made by Comrades Wm. Sachs and L. P. Haunas, and vocal music was furnished by Comrades Haunas, Beers and Clift, making a very enjoyable evening to those present.

Legislation for Drunkards and Tramps.

The bill favorably reported to the Assembly makes the prices for committing tramps fifteen cents for the justices and and twenty-five cents for the constable. Its intention is to do away with high fees which have led justices and constables to make the commitment of tramps a specialty in some localities. Another bill, passed to a third reading, requires every person arrested for drunkenness (other than tramps), to pay $1 to the township.

H.-O. is first best in everything. All good grocers sell it so you don't have to take the second-rate if you don't want to.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We got a bargain last week in 100 fine Winter Coats for Ladies. We bought them at half their regular value, and will sell them at half.

Spring goods are coming in fast, and buyers will find our assortment of Embroideries, White Goods, Outing Flannel, Gingham, etc., the finest Ever displayed in Plainfield.

Our great sale of Sheeting and Muslin will continue. 8-4 Utica Sheeting 19c.; 9-4, 21c.; 10-4, 23c.; Fruit of the Loom, 8c.; Dwight Anchor, 8c. These are all straight goods and we put on prices in black and white so that other would-be competitors will know what to ask for their goods.

We will sell 1,000 Fine Embroidered Handkerchiefs, that cost 30c. to land, for 15c. each. 100 doz. Ladies full regular fast black Hose 10c. pair.

100 doz. extra heavy, full regular, fast black Hose for Children, 25c. per pair. Actual value, 40c.

Another case and 'twill be the last, of those 4-in Hamlettas, all shades, 25c. yard. Worth 38c.

One case 2 000 yds fine Dress Seersuckers. Actual value 10c., they go for 8c.

There is a lot of Granite Iron Ware that must be sold this week. Prices no object, as long as we sell it. VAN EMBURGH & WORKS.

WE GIVE

QUOTATIONS, AND WE GUARANTEE OUR CUSTOMERS

TO GIVE

them the advantage of the lowest current prices and the best assorted stock of staple groceries to select from in the city.

EXTRA VALUE IN DRIED FRUITS.

Extra choice California prunes, 2 lbs. 25c.; extra choice California apricots, 15c. lb; extra choice California peaches, 2 lbs. 15c.; extra choice California pitted plums, 10c. lb; extra choice California Bartlett pears, 15c. lb; extra sun dried apples, 5 lbs. 25c. extra sun dried blackberries, 10c. lb; extra choice California silver prunes, 15c. lb; extra sun dried apples, 5 lbs. 25c.

ORANGES—Extra fine oranges (strictly Florida) from 12c. dozen up. Extra fine lemons 15c. dozen. Don't forget that we are Headquarters for fine Teas, Coffees, Butter, Flour, Hams, Shoulders, Bacon, etc.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. Don't forget that we are Headquarters for fine Teas, Coffees, Butter, Flour, Hams, Shoulders, Bacon, etc.

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following Ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council at a special time and ordered engrossed preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., February 2, 1892.

AN ORDINANCE

To repeal an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for Sewerage in the City of Plainfield."

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That the ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for Sewerage in the City of Plainfield" adopted by the Common Council October 18th, 1891, and re-adopted November 2d, 1891, notwithstanding the objection of the Mayor, be and the same is hereby repealed.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following Ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council at a special time and ordered engrossed preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., February 2, 1892.

AN ORDINANCE

To repeal the Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for the Laying and Purchasing of a Supply of Water to the City of Plainfield for the Purpose of Extinguishing Fires and Other Lawful Uses and Purposes."

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That the ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for the Laying and Purchasing of a Supply of Water to the City of Plainfield for the Purpose of Extinguishing Fires and Other Lawful Uses and Purposes," adopted by the Common Council July 27th, 1891, re-adopted August 3d, 1891, notwithstanding the objection of the Mayor, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Only 30 Days More!

FURNITURE AT COST!

Closing Out Sale

at

FAIRCHILD'S,

21 and 23 East Front street.

STORE OPEN

From 7 a. m. to 9 p. m.

SATURDAY 10 P. M.

MUSIC HALL.

ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY!

For One Night Only.

TO-NIGHT

OF

MR. A. M PALMER'S COMPANY,

In the great New York success,

ALABAMA!

Augustus Thomas' beautiful, sweet-toned romance of the South.

ANNOUNCEMENT

OUR NEW SPRING GOODS are now ready for inspection.

ALL of the Departments are supplied to the fullest extent with the newest and most desirable goods that can be found in the markets.

IT is Impossible to particularize in a small "ad." like this, but would say that we are now better prepared to supply the wants of the people than ever before.

OUR New Spring Dress Goods this season surpass anything we have ever offered. The styles and colorings are elegant, and will well repay a careful inspection.

THE Wash Dress Fabrics are just lovely, and comprise about everything that the trade demands.

LADIES are always interested in pretty Hamburgh Embroideries. Our assortment is large and the patterns are just as handsome as they can be.

WE expect to do the largest business in our dress trimming department that we have ever done, and feel confident that we have the most elegant double. You can be suited here Sure.

WE extend a special invitation to everybody to make us an early call, and examine our cheap and elegant goods, before making your spring purchases.

LOOK OUT for our Carpet Announcement soon.

EVERYTHING the Newest, Cheapest and Best at

EDSALL'S.

IMPERIAL MILLS 49 BEST IMPERIAL PATENT DULUTH, MINN.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A COMPETENT woman wants work by the day, or will take in washing and ironing. Can laundry shirts, cuffs and collars in the best manner. Please call at Mr. Baker's grocery store, South Plainfield. 3-3

BEAUTIFUL palms, India rubber trees, etc., etc. Fresh stock at Dennison's Hillside avenue greenhouses. 3-3

$2,500 TO LOAN on bond and mortgage, at 5 per cent. Address P. O. Box 264. 2-2

EIGHT ROOM house, an 1 barn, on Manning avenue, North Plainfield, for rent. $25 a month. Address "Rent," care of EVENING NEWS. 2-2

FOUR room house to rent, $8 month. Small garden. Only a few blocks from Post Office. Call at News office. 2 1tf

FIRST-class waist finisher wanted. Only first-class operator need apply. Address "Immediate," care of EVENING NEWS. 2 2tf

LOST—A bunch of keys. Finder please leave for owner at Post Office.

PLEASANT rooms, with excellent board; terms reasonable. At 12 Rockview avenue. 1-6

TO LET—Store now occupied by Phillip Swain, No 31 West Front street. Also basement store with plastered walls. Apply to Wm. M. Stillman. 29 2tf

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply at No. 95 Grove street, North Plainfield. 1 3

WANTED—Good cook and laundress. Call at 12 Rockview avenue. 1 2tf

EDITORIAL NOTES

The Humbug of Hypnotism.

The hostility of medical practitioners generally to all forms of telepathy, spiritualistic manifestations, hypnotism and clairvoyance may be explained by the fact that pretenders in these fields generally claim to be able to work marvelous cures without the aid of the doctors, and they are invariably willing to take handsome fees for their services. Naturally physicians hate them, and would hunt them out of existence if possible. This spirit of trade opposition has led medical men to ignore and 'deny facts which would have been of real service to them if they had descended from their pedestals sufficiently to investigate and appropriate these.

To this observation Dr. Ernest Hart, who writes in The Nineteenth Century, is partly an exception, partly not. Dr. Hart early studied hypnotism. His paper is entitled "Hypnotism and Humbug." He experimented carefully and scientifically in the field of mesmerism. He found he himself possessed a remarkable power for *putting people to sleep at will*. This was useful to him in his medical practice. Then he undertook to explain to himself how he did it. He established satisfactorily that there was no electric fluid about it that passed from him to the subject, neither magnetic, vital nor any other kind of *fluid*. He could produce the sleep when he suggested the idea to the patient without making any gestures or passes, and even when he set his will against the patient's going to sleep after the suggestion had been once made. He therefore concluded that the patient himself invariably hypnotized himself, and that the doctor had nothing actively to do with it.

He explains the going to sleep by a change of idea on the part of the patient. This changes the circulation of the blood in the brain and produces an unusual impression, congesting some of the small cranial arteries, contracting others. The unusual impression performs the hypnotization, which seems reasonable enough, but if this is all, why cannot anybody hypnotize anybody else when he suggests to him that he will go to sleep? This point Dr. Hart leaves in the dark. Also, there are a thousand mysteries which Dr. Hart's little tape measure fails to touch in this ticking off of the universe. Facts which his measure by no means compasses are authenticated by persons whose word is at least as good as Dr. Hart's. All those facts he whistles down the wind, exactly as a doctor whose trade has been attacked, and exclaiming, "Imposture, imposture, imposture!" And the same, calling a thing hard names when you do not understand it, does not explain it. Nine-tenths of the truth of all so called mysterious happenings are doubtless humbugs, yet there remains the sanity hard hundredth.

When we read how the people of 2000 years ago paid $6,000 for a single bulbous tulip bulb we think patiently of the foolishness of the thirteenth century. But when the people of 250 years hence read how Americans of the present part of over $10,000 for one horse, is it certain that they will not look back on us with a feeling akin to that which Alice Fanny Squeers expressed for Nicholas Nickleby in her famous postscript: One hundred and five thousand dollars for Axtell, $100,000 for St. Blaise and now for the young Kentucky trotter Allerton, which has been sold greater than either of those named. If English Richard had lived in our time he might well have been willing to give his kingdom for a horse, since his whole kingdom just at that nick of time would have been worth scarcely more than Axtell, St. Blaise or Arion. There is no sign of prices for trotting and thoroughbred stock going lower either. On the contrary, they are steadily higher. We will be curious to know whether this thing will last till every grocer wagon has not a ticket to it at a fancy horse. The craze will not soon die out for fast horses from the fact that every few years now sees the record lowered, especially for trotting horses, and there will naturally be a desire to know the final limit of the speed that can be got out of horseflesh.

Mr. Penman, of Brooklyn, announces to the world that he has extracted aluminum from clay at a cost of five cents a pound by a new process he has invented. When he does so then aluminum will become the most valuable adjunct in the domestic line that the world has obtained. A metal that can be used instead of iron, steel, brass, copper, nickel or zinc in the finishing or furnishing of a house, and yet will not tarnish or corrode or melt easily and forms no poisonous compounds like brass or copper, will indeed be a blessing. Nozzles and door knobs made from it will never need scouring.

Strange it must have seemed to the British royal family and something of a forecast of doom to find that there were a hundred thousand workingmen, thoroughly organized, who refused to send resolutions of condolence to the death of Prince Albert Victor, at the same time that the same workingmen passed resolutions expressive of the sincerest sorrow at the loss of Cardinal Manning. They knew who had been their friend

MISS MITCHELL DEFIANT

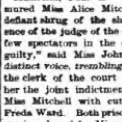
But Miss Johnson Fainted When Charged with Murder.

MISS WARD'S ASSASSIN IN COURT.

"Present Insanity" the Plea for Miss Mitchell, Who Wielded the Razor and "Not Guilty" for Miss Johnson Who Is *Charged with Being an Accessory.*

MEMPHIS, Feb. 2.—"Not guilty," murmured Miss Alice Mitchell, with a slight, defiant shrug of the shoulders in the presence of the judge of the circuit court and a few spectators in the court room. "Not guilty," said Miss Johnson, in a low but *distinct voice, trembling with emotion when* the clerk of the court finished reading to her the indictment charging her and Miss Mitchell with cutting the throat of Freda Ward. Both prisoners were formally arraigned, and for Miss Mitchell the plea of insanity was entered and for Miss Johnson Attorney Patterson entered a plea of not guilty.

This was a disappointment to the 80,000 people of Memphis, each of whom having appointed himself a committee of one to be



ALICE MITCHELL.

present at the arraignment. It was the intention of Judge Dubose to have the prisoners brought into his court in the morning, but as he did not make his intention known to others than the court officers only the regular lounging

ers and a few lawyers and one newspaper man were present when the young ladies were ushered in.

Miss Johnson Fainted.

When Miss Johnson entered every person in the court room jumped to his feet. "Take your seats," shouted Judge Dubois, in a startling voice, and every one sat down. After Miss Johnson came Alice Mitchell, the murderess, preceded by her brother and followed by her aged mother. Both were heavily veiled. After passing sentence on a negro chicken thief Judge Dubois, without deigning to look at the fair prisoners, said in a sharp, rasping voice:

"Mr. Clerk, arraign those two prisoners."

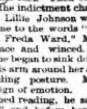
Both girls arose to their feet. Then Clerk Hunter began to read the indictment charging Alice Mitchell and Lillie Johnson with murder. When he came to the words "did cut, stab and wound Freda Ward," Miss Johnson raised her face and winced. A stifled sob broke her, and she began to sway when her father put his arm around her and held her in a standing posture. Miss Mitchell betrayed no sign of emotion.

When the clerk finished reading, he said: "What say you both," and before her attorney could interpose, Miss Johnson quickly and nervously said: "I am not guilty." Miss Mitchell took the cue from Miss Johnson, raising her head and saying in a thin voice, "Not guilty."

You honor," said Attorney Patterson for Miss Johnson, "I desire to enter a plea of not guilty."

Insanity Miss Mitchell's Plea.

Colonel Ilsett then arose and said, "Your honor, I desire to enter for Miss Mitchell a



FREDA WARD.

plea of present insanity, and will present the plea to you in writing before or." The judge looked straight in front of him and said, "Very well, sir. Mr. Sheriff, take those prisoners on to jail and keep them there until further order." As Miss Mitchell turned away she lifted her veil and had a good view of her face was of stone.

As the last person, Mr. Johnson, went to jail and nervously said: "I am not guilty." Miss Mitchell took the cue from Miss Johnson, raising her head and saying in a thin voice, "Not guilty."

"You honor," said Attorney Patterson for Miss Johnson, "I desire to enter a plea of not guilty."

Insanity Miss Mitchell's Plea.

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HORSE AND HOAR CLASH

A Tilt Between the Massachusetts Members in the House.

THE DEBATE OVER THE NEW RULES.

A Slap at Ex-Speaker Reed's Rulings, Which the Latter Did Not Let Go Unnoticed—A Resolution Asking for the Recall of Minister Egan from Chili.

WASHINGTON, Feb 2.—The senate disposed of the long discussed La Abra and Wall claims by referring the question of their fraudulent character to the court of claims, and reached the Paddock pure food bill on the calendar. Active opposition to the measure was developed from the states interested in the production of cotton seed oil, and the session hour expired while the question of fixing a day to take up the bill was still pending. Mr. Manderson's printing bill attended the floor for tomorrow.

A Tilt Between Hoar and Morse.

A lively tilt between young Sherman Hoar and "Rising Sun" Morse, of Massachusetts, furnished a "curtain raiser" for the edgeroom debate on the new code of rules in the house. Mr Hoar, rising to a correction of the record, said that under the rules by which the house was now governed no member was permitted to enlarge his remarks in the record unless he received special leave to do so. Continuing, he said:

In a speech delivered some days ago by my colleague, Mr. Morse, he brought us the very stale fish peddling story. I requested that the gentleman be permitted to proceed, as his speech was beneficial to the Democratic party of my state. I hold in my hand the official stenographic report of Mr. Morse's speech and a copy of the type written speech which Mr. Morse subsequently furnished. Not content, Mr. Speaker, with his own handwriting, "laughter on the Republican side." [General laughter.]

The gentleman's imagination was perfectly correct. The only applause that the Republican party would give to his remarks was to those which he never delivered. [Laughter.] I know the Republican party and the gentleman well enough to know that the remarks he never delivered were sure to obtain Republican applause.

Mr. Morse didn't relish the charges made against him by his youthful colleague, and he replied:

The statement made by the gentleman is substantially false. The words quoted about fish peddling I did not deliver. As for my young friend, he will be wiser when he grows older. Why, Mr. Speaker, he is reported to have shed tears over your election. His fond hopes of a chairmanship and fame had been dashed to the ground. In his congressional campaign my colleague declared that the Democratic party stood for honest money. He will be wiser when he grows older. [Laughter.] He belongs to the kindergarten at present.

Mr. Hoar replied that he would make no answer to remarks which were both personal and impertinent.

A Shot at Reed.

Mr. Burrows (Mich.) offered an amendment that the speaker should count a quorum whether the members were in their seats or not.

Mr. Alderson (Dem., W. Va.) moved to amend by providing that the speaker should not count hats, umbrellas, overshoes and canes in the cloak room.

Mr. Reed (Rep., Me.) said that this was evidently a shot at his rulings last session. He thought the officers of the house were capable of carrying out the rules of the house as they understood them. If the house had a majority of members actually present, it was constituted to do business, and it had no right to exercise that fact or to refuse to take any reasonable methods for obtaining a quorum. This question had the sanction of every court to which it had been referred, and the house itself ought to sanction it.

Mr. Alderson said he did not take issue with Mr. Reed on the question of the ability of the officers of the house to do what was right. During the Fifty-first congress, gentlemen who were down stairs in both tails and down town were counted to make up a quorum in order that the Republican congress might carry out its purposes against the wishes of the people, who had condemned such action by an overwhelming defeat of their party. He cited the case of Mr. Forman, of Illinois, who was counted although he was out of the city at the time. He said vacant places was counted again and again to make a quorum. The present speaker (Mr. Crisp) was counted by Mr. Reed when he was at the Metropolitan hotel. His amendment was not a reflection on the present committee on rules, but it was a just reflection on the action of the speaker of the last house.

Reed Defends His Course.

Mr. Reed said he would make no reply to the general declarations made by Mr. Alderson. They merited no reply. But the specific statements made that Mr. Forman was counted when in Illinois was correct. Mr. Payson was then in the chair, and he made an answer to that charge. There was no method of counting a vote or the presence of a member which is not liable to error or mistake. There were repeated instances where members were not only recorded when they did not vote but who were recorded on the opposite side, and this actually changed the vote of the house. There were numerous instances in the record of this character previous to the last congress. He cited the case of a former colleague (Mr. Philbird, of Maine,) who said he had repeatedly voted in one way and the clerk had recorded him in the opposite way. These errors exist and are common to human nature.

They were not to be charged to the method of counting a quorum, which had been the practice ever since parliamentary bodies were instituted. Mr. Blount (Dem., Ga.) did not think it wise that the speaker should be allowed to count a quorum. He reiterated what had been said previously as to the action of the last congress on this matter. Measures were then passed which changed the institutions of the country. With the bad example before it, with the history of the operations of the speaker's power, this house would not hesitate one moment to place its seal of disapproval on it.

Mr. Alderson withdrew his amendment and the yeas and nays were demanded by Mr. Reed on the amendment of Mr. Burrows, pending which, on motion of Mr. Catchings, the house adjourned until tomorrow.

Representative Arnold, of Missouri, presented for reference a resolution requesting the president to recall the minister of the United States to Chili, Mr. Patrick Egan, to the end that reciprocity or amicable relations between the two countries may be had and maintained.

And Liberty Was in Sight.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 2.—The discovery has been made that a gang of a dozen or more prisoners at the penitentiary had been running a tunnel, and but for this timely exposure would have been able to escape in a few days. The convicts had been engaged in the tunnel about three months and had it about completed.

A Learned Doctor.

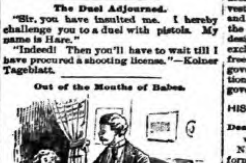
One of our physicians recently received the following letter from a country physician (?): "Dear dock I have a pashunt who phisicel sines shoes that the wurjipse was ulcerated of, and its lung have dropped intoo his stumick. He is unabel to swollar and I fear his stumick tube is gon. I have giv hym evry thing without effekt. his fadder is wilthy and verry influenshial. he is an active member of the M. E. chirch and god nos I dont want to loose hym. what shall I doo. xcus bay returns male. yours in needs."—Medical News.

The Duel Adjourned.

"Sir, you have insulted me. I hereby challenge you to a duel with pistols. My name is Hare."

"Indeed! Then you'll have to wait till I have procured a shooting license."—Kolner Tageblatt.

Out of the Months of Babes.



"And are you writing poetry for the papers, papa?"

"I'm writing for the papers, George, but not poetry. Why do you mention that?"

"Because I heard Uncle Jim say if you'd spend as much time peddling matches as you waste in writing poor poetry you'd be a rich man."—Philadelphia Times.

Like Father, Like Son.

Young Father (in the future)—Great Scott! Can't you do something to quiet that baby? Its eternal squalling just drives me wild.

Young Mother (calmly to servant)—Maria, bring in my husband's mother's phonograph and put in the cylinder marked "At ten months." I want him to hear how his voice sounded when he was young.—Young Ladies' Fashion Bazar.

A Bad Ending.

Count Poco d'Argento—I called upon Mr. Gaswell this afternoon and made a formal proposal for his daughter's hand.

Interested Friend—Ah, indeed! And what was the outcome?

Count Poco d'Argento (sadly)—I was.—Boston Post.

A Matter of Location.

Chicago Man—I want to change my order for a linen duster and order a fur lined one.

Tailor—Yes, sir. Nothing wrong, sir?

Chicago Man—Oh, no. I have just moved into a more northern part of the city.—Clothier and Furnisher.

A Fair Sign.

"I am afraid that George is tiring of me!"

"Why, dear?"

"He has been telling me that I am too good a woman for the wife of such a man as he is."—Indianapolis Journal.

A Powerful Motor.

Wife—Dear me! How are we ever to get through this crowd? We'll miss the train. Husband—Raise your umbrella and walk ahead. I'll follow.—New York Weekly.

No Death in the Family.

Clubberly—What have you got a mourning band on your silk hat for?

Pinkleton—The hat needed it.—Clothier and Furnisher.

Actually Blind.

Closefist—Saw a genuine blind beggar today.

Hanks—Are you sure?

Closefist—Yes; he was begging from an other blind man.—New York Sun.

Too Long.

A.—If I were a minister I should hate to dine at a banker's table.

B.—Why?

A.—Think of three days of grace!—Yale Record.

Harris Rests His Case.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—The defense in the trial of Carlyle W. Harris rested after disproving some of the evidence of the experts for the prosecution and without putting Harris on the stand. The case may go to the jury this afternoon.

Mother and Daughter Killed.

WOODBURY, N. J., Feb. 2.—Mrs. Euchl Hill and her four-year-old girl, while walking on the tracks, were mangled to death by the Brighton express train. They were carried full 50 feet and when picked up were unrecognizable.

Black Diphtheria Raging.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 2.—Diphtheria of the blackest type has broken out here and it is spreading at an alarming rate. A number of deaths have occurred within the past few days. Five children of Dr. McCormick are lying at death's door.

Spurgeon's Body to Be Embalmed.

MENTONE, Feb. 2.—The features of the late Rev. Mr. Spurgeon are not changed. The bed is covered with flowers and wreaths, and telegrams continue to pour in. The remains are to be embalmed and conveyed to England.

A Mystery of the Sea.

LEWES, Del., Feb. 2.—No report has been received as to the identity of the steamer reported sunk nine miles off the capes, nor has anything been learned here of the whereabouts of the crew of the sunken vessel.

Samoa's Troubles Ended.

AUCKLAND, Feb. 2.—Advices have been received from Samoa to the effect that Mataafa's followers have abandoned their cause and the danger of a civil war is now over.

Will Turn Them Out Farmers.

GENOA, Neb., Feb. 2.—Over a hundred Indian children from the Pima and Apache (Arizona) tribes have arrived at the agricultural school here.

The Victoria May Be Floated.

LONDON, Feb. 2.—There are good reasons to hope that the man-of-war Victoria, wrecked on the Greek coast, will be floated.

Colonel Upham Retired.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Colonel J. J. Upham, Eighth cavalry, has been placed upon the retired list.

THE ANTI-LOTTERY LAW VALID.

It Is Declared to Be Constitutional by the Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The constitutionality of the anti-lottery law passed by the last congress was upheld by the supreme court, which affirmed the decision in the cases of Doyne and Rapier, publishers of the New Orleans States and the Mobile Register, who were indicted on charges of sending through the mails newspapers containing lottery advertisements.

The decision in these cases last suits. The decision is to the effect that the power vested in congress to establish postoffices and postroads embraced the regulation of the entire postal system of the country, and designated what may and what may not be excluded. There is no abridgment of the freedom of the press, for the reason that the government does not prohibit communication by other means, but simply through the government agencies which it controls.

HIS WORD AS GOOD AS HIS BOND.

Deacon White's Terms of Settlement with His Creditors Unprecedented.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—S. V. White was formally posted on the stock exchange yesterday as a candidate for readmission. The committees will vote on the application on Thursday.

The terms of Mr. White's settlement with his creditors were made known yesterday. They have no precedent in the history of Wall street. In a word, his New York creditors, amounting to $1,000,000, have taken his word to pay up, with interest, as soon as he is able. All have signed off their claims and have given Mr. White a full release. They asked for no paper from him in acknowledgment of the claim.

Mr. White said to them, "Gentlemen, I will pay you, with interest, when I get on my feet again."

Wall street men said it was the greatest compliment the street had ever witnessed.

We May Have to Salute the Lion.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The hissing of the British flag by a crowd at Bridgeport, Conn., caused a flurry in department circles. The dispatch states that the British flag was hissed because the schooner Glendon, a Canadian craft, did not also display the United States ensign in violation of United States law. State and navy department officials state that there is no law requiring foreign vessels to display the United States flag on entering a United States seaport. Some officials said that if the dispatch was a correct statement of the facts in the case the United States would probably be called upon to apologize to Great Britain.

The Behring Sea Negotiations.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The British commissioners, Sir George Baden-Powell and Dr. Dawson, in charge of the British side of the Behring sea negotiations, had an audience with Secretary Blaine at the state department. The commissioners on the part of the United States are Professor T. C. Mendenhall and Professor E. Hart Merriam. The joint commission will hold daily secret sessions at the state department until the differences now existing are adjusted.

Chili Thoroughly Satisfied.

VALPARAISO, Feb. 2.—There is extreme gratification felt both in official and unofficial circles at the message sent by Secretary Blaine to Minister Egan announcing that the reply to the ultimatum was satisfactory. There is not the least doubt now but that the visit of a squadron of United States warships would be regarded as an additional proof of a desire to renew friendly relations with Chili.

A Union Pacific Strike Imminent.

OMAHA, Feb. 2.—A week ago a committee of Union Pacific railway trainmen laid a bill of grievances before Assistant General Manager Dickinson, who, instead of replying thereto, took a trip to Chicago and has not yet returned. Today the trainmen announced that they wanted an answer at once, and intimated that a strike would follow an unfavorable one.

It May Be Russia and Austria.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 2.—The friction between Russia and Austria is increasing daily. Austrian soldiers are deserting across the frontier into Russia at every opportunity, and are naturalized as subjects of the czar. It is claimed in large Hungarian circles that comrades of the deserters are ready to follow them in the event of a war between Austria and Russia.

Hon. Oscar Rathbun Dead.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 2.—Ex-Lieutenant Governor Oscar Jarvis Rathbun, of Woonsocket, died suddenly in the union depot here. He was fifty-nine years old. Mr. Rathbun was a prominent business man and was well known throughout the state. He was elected lieutenant governor in 1882 and served until 1884.

Met Their Brother's Fate.

FLEMINGTON, N. J., Feb. 2.—Two boys, aged twelve and fourteen, sons of George R. Abbott, of Pottersville, this county, were skating upon the ice on a pond, were drowned. Another son of Mr. Abbott was drowned while swimming last summer.

Heavy Bail for Wilson.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Justice Patterson, of the supreme court, has fixed bail at $10,000 in the case of Stephen F. Wilson, the manager of female baseball teams, under conviction of abduction, pending appeal.

To Act on Justice Bradley's Death.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The meeting of the Bar association of the United States supreme court to take action upon the death of the late Justice Bradley will be held in the courtroom next Saturday.

The Pittsburg Cases Postponed.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 2.—In the criminal court the cases against Mayor Chris Hastings, ex-Mayor Pearson and Mayor Wyman were postponed until Wednesday morning.

Maryland Gets Her Direct Tax.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The treasury department today paid to the state of Maryland her share of the direct tax, amounting to $371,236.

Mrs. Schneider Dying.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—MRS. Schneider is dying from the wounds inflicted by her husband at the same time that he killed her brother.

A Rothschild Dying of Cancer.

LONDON, Feb. 2.—Bertha, the daughter of Baron Alphonse Rotschild and wife of Mr. Albert Rothschild, is dying of cancer of the breast.

Skated in a Dangerous Spot.

BORDENTOWN, N. J., Feb. 2.—Harry and Willie Wilson, aged thirteen and eleven years, were drowned while skating at Kinkora.

A Boy Frozen to Death.

RECKSECKO, Pa., Feb. 2.—Solomon Shaffer, sixteen years old, was found by the roadside frozen to death.

NEW STORE,

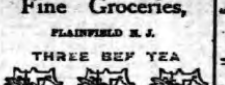
Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE BEE TEA



To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, Preserved Sugar Corn, Burnham & Morrill Paris Sugar Corn, Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Rari Tomatoes, P. H. Leggett's Stewed Tomatoes, Fait & Webster's extra sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early June Peas, Hamburg Sortingless Beans, Hudson River Asparagus and tips.

Special reduction given by the case and dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats.

79 BROADWAY.

E. H. HOLMES.

DEALER IN

Coal and Wood.

Best quality of Lehigh Coal kept constantly on hand.

OFFICE, with Woolston & Buckle.

27 North Avenue

YARD, 24 MADISON AVENUE.

Opposite Electric Light Station.

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.

FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.

Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.

I have thoroughly renovated the store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.

DAVID CLARKE,

Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

BROWN & HILL,

Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in FURCHTGOTT HOTEL, 124 SOUTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Boot black stand connected with the shop

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

28 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Educational.

LOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address MISS. 41 Front st, P. O. Box 1090.

LANGUAGE LESSONS

Instruction and entertainment in French Lectures. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield. Wentlied and surroundings learned late from Principal Plainfield High school, and others. For terms and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Vireux, care of Misses Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,

Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891.

For information, address at the Academy or residence EDWARD N. HARNED, Prin. & Prop. 197 PARK AVE., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S

KINDERGARTEN and SCHOOL,

15 GROVE STREET.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Leaves terms at classes. Best of references. No. 16 Somerset Street.

Lodges.

Fraternity and Prosecution.

1873. Membership, 136,000. 1891.

Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization. Membership now 1,000,000.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR, meets First and Third Thursdays, at 8 p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge Room, Muse Hall Building.

LOUIS L. VAN ALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. FRY, Reporter.

Wetumpka Commandery, No. 1, meets second and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 12 30 ly

Special Notices.

H. S. BRENNER,

76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner. Choice groceries, provisions and produce; white granite, C. C. yellow rock sugar and glassware; flower pots and hanging baskets; pure cider vinegar four years old. Best grade ammunition.

MISS LINDSAY,

Intelligence Office, 24 West Front Street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 29 7

ROGERS GROUPS,

Remarque etchings. Artist's materials at cowan's, 23 West Front street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

BARGAINS.

In wagons, carts, furnitures, gloves, harness. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin lawn mower. E. Webb, Bent street, North Plainfield.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS

can be purchased at Edgewood Park. Easy terms.

R. F. M. CHASE,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. G. Mulford, Real Estate Broker, Call and see them. 50 feet above the sea level.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—6.45, 8.30, 10.30 a. m., 12.30, 4.30, 6.30, 8.30 p. m. Mail closes at 6.45, 8.30, 10.30 a. m., 12.30, 4.30, 6.30, 8.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8.30 a. m., 2.30, 6.30 p. m. Mail closes at 8.30 a. m., 2.30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 9.30 p. m.

P. M. PEPPER, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time given is Eastern Time. Jan. 31, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 12.14 a. m., 5.00, 6.14, 6.40, 6.00, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.01 night. Sundays at 12.14 a. m., 5.00, 6.14, 6.40, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.01 night.

Leave New York at 2.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sundays at 2.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.38, 6.28, 8.03, 7.30, 8.03, 9.03, 10.00, 11.03 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.03, 2.03, 3.03, 4.03, 5.03, 6.03, 7.03, 8.03, 9.03, 10.03, 11.03 p. m., 12.01 night. Sundays at 5.38, 8.03, 9.03, 10.03, 11.03 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.03, 2.03, 3.03, 4.03, 5.03, 6.03, 7.03, 8.03, 9.03, 10.03, 11.03 p. m., 12.01 night.

Leave Newark at 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night. Sundays at 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.

Leave Plainfield at 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sundays at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

Leave Newark at 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night. Sundays at 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 8.45, 7.30, 8.07, 9.13, 11.00, a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.01 night. Sundays at 8.45, 9.13, 9.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.01 night.

Leave Somerville at 6.45, 7.30, 8.07, 9.13, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.01 night. Sundays at 8.45, 9.13, 9.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.01 night.

Passengers for Somerville change cars at Bridgewater Junction.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.30, 8.07, 9.13 a. m., 1.00, 4.00, 6.30 p. m. Sundays at 8.45, 9.13 a. m., 4.00, 6.30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.45 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Tamaqua, Williamsport and Sunbury.

8.07 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Station, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

9.13 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Williamsport, Lewisburg, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

1.00 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

4.32 p. m. for D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc. Parlor car to Mauch Chunk.

6.30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc.

8.30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown.

6.45 p. m. Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

8.30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

9.45 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 9.13 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauchchunk, Ismaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, etc. 4.30 p. m. Sundays for High Bridge branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Reading and Harrisburg.

6.30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 8.03, 11.09 a. m., 3.04, 4.37, 6.00, 8.03 p. m. Sundays at 5.37, 8.03, 9.09 a. m., 4.30 p. m. For Perth Amboy 5.37, 8.03, 11.09 a. m., 3.04, 4.37, 6.00, 8.03 p. m. Sundays 5.37, 8.03, 9.09 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

For Atlantic City 5.37 a. m., 1.00 p. m.

For Freehold 5.37, 8.03, 11.09 a. m., 3.04, 4.37, 6.00, 8.03, 9.09 p. m. Sunday 5.37, 8.03, 9.09 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

SOUTHWARD CONNECTIONS.

For Philadelphia at 5.37, 8.03, 10.47 a. m., 12.27, 3.04, 4.37, 6.00, 8.03, 9.09 p. m. Sundays at 5.37, 8.03, 10.47 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

For Trenton 5.37, 8.03, 10.47 a. m., 12.27, 3.04, 4.37, 6.00, 8.03, 9.09 p. m. Sundays at 5.37, 8.03, 10.47 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 8.03, a. m., 12.27, 3.04, 4.37, 6.00, 8.03, 9.09 p. m. Sunday at 8.03 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass Agt.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Supt.

Pennsylvania R. R.

Standard Railway of America.

Protected throughout by block system. Fine looking switch and block signal system.

Trains leave Plainfield as follows:

4.35 a. m.—Western Express daily, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars for Pittsburgh, Columbus, Cleveland, and St. Louis, daily except Saturday for Cleveland, Toledo, Chicago and Indianapolis, daily except Saturday, for Chicago and Toledo.

12.27 p. m.—Western Express Daily, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars for Pittsburgh, Columbus, Cleveland, and St. Louis, daily except Saturday for Cleveland, Toledo, Williamsport, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

5.18 p. m.—Pacific Express, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars, daily, for Chicago and Toledo, daily except Saturday, for Cleveland.

For Baltimore, Washington and the southwest, 10.47, 7.50, 9.10 a. m., 3.36, 5.20 p. m. On Sundays at 4.05, 6.00, 9.10 a. m., 9.30 p. m.

For Newark and New York, 5.37, 6.28, 6.46, 7.45, 8.03, 8.45, 9.03, 9.45, 10.03, 10.45, 11.03, 11.45 a. m., 12.27, 1.03, 1.45, 2.03, 2.45, 3.04, 3.45, 4.37, 5.03, 5.45, 6.00, 6.45, 7.50, 8.03, 8.45, 9.09, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. On Sundays—8.03, 8.54, 9.09, 9.45, 10.03, 10.45, 11.03, 11.45 a. m., 12.27, 1.03, 1.45, 2.03, 2.45, 3.04, 3.45, 4.37, 5.03, 5.45, 6.00, 6.45, 7.50, 8.03, 8.45, 9.09, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m.

For Elizabeth—1.00, 6.28, 8.03, 9.09, 10.41, 11.47 a. m., 12.50, 1.36, 2.42, 3.26, 4.50, 5.20, 6.40, 7.21, 7.27, 7.47, 9.17, 9.47, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. On Sundays—1.00, 9.09, 10.41, 11.50 a. m.

For New Brunswick—1.00, 7.10, 7.50, 9.58, 11.37 a. m., 12.55, 1.36, 2.42, 3.26, 4.58, 5.15, 5.40, 6.06, 7.45, 8.07, 9.26, 11.07 p. m. Sundays at 9.26, 9.58, 10.49, 11.41 a. m., 12.50, 1.36, 5.40, 7.47, 7.10, 9.26, 11.07 p. m.

For Woodbridge—6.44, 9.46, 10.59 a. m., 2.30, 4.45, 5.44, 6.44, 7.19 p. m., 12.31 night. On Sundays 10.25, 11.47 a. m., 5.44, 10.14 p. m.

For Perth Amboy—12.35, 6.44, 10.59 a. m., 2.30, 4.45, 6.44, 7.19, p. m. Sundays 11.47 a. m., 10.14 p. m.

For South Amboy—12.35, 5.44 a. m. Sunday 10.25 a. m., 5.44 p. m.

For East Mahlotone—7.10 a. m., 12.55, 5.15 p. m.

For Long Branch—7.10, 10.47 a. m., 12.55, 5.15, 11.57 a. m., 12.55, 1.36, 2.42, 4.04, 5.15, 6.27, 7.47, 8.42, 9.26, 11.07 p. m. Sundays 9.26, 9.58, 10.49, 11.41 a. m., 12.50, 1.36, 5.40, 7.47, 7.10, 9.26, 11.07 p. m.

For Asbury Park, Philipsburg and Belvidere, via Trenton—7.10 a. m., 7.45, 8.37 p. m., 9.40 p. m. Sunday—

For Flemington—7.10 a. m., 4.04 p. m.

For Bordentown, Burlington and Camden, via Trenton—7.10, 10.47 a. m., 12.55, 5.15, 11.57 p. m. Sundays 10.41 a. m. and 7.47 p. m.

For Lambertville and Intermediate Junction—7.10 a. m., 4.04 p. m. Sundays 4.30 p. m.

For Cape May, Sea Isle and Ocean City 1.30 p. m. week days.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, points on New York and Long Branch R. R. and Coast, 5.37, 8.42, 5.44 p. m. Sunday 10.25 a. m.; 5.44 p. m. daily stop at Asbury Park Sundays.

For Sea Side Park, Island Heights, Toms River and Seaside Park, 8.42 a. m. week days. Seaside Park, Sundays only, 10.25 a. m.

For Bay Head, 8.42 a. m., 4.30, 5.15 p. m. via Monmouth Junction, week days.

For Monmouth Junction, without change, 8.30 p. m. daily.

For Red Bank, 8.42 a. m., week days, and 10.25 a. m. Sundays, connect at Jersey City with boats to Brooklyn and New York, and at Red Bank with stages for Oceanport, Shrewsbury, Long Branch and Atlantic Highlands, avoiding double ferriage and the Bay and Kill von Kull bridges.

Leave New York for Plainfield—4.00, 6.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 12.30, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sundays 4.00, 6.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 12.30, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night.

Leave Philadelphia for Plainfield—3.30, 5.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 p. m., 12.35 night. Sundays 3.30, 5.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 p. m., 12.35 night.

Leave Trenton for Plainfield—4.30, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night. Sundays 4.30, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night.

Leave Baltimore and Washington at 8.30, a. m., 12.05, 1.10, 4.10, 5.10, 6.10, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10 p. m., 12.10 night. Sunday at 8.30 a. m., 4.10 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen Pass Agt.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Supt.

NO AUCTION SALE AT CAREY'S

UNTIL

Friday, February 5th, One p. m. Sharp.

As the auctioneer is taking a vacation. Store your furniture at CAREY'S.

60 Separate Storage Rooms.

76, 78 and 80 West Front Street.

Lumber & Coal

LOOMIS & RICE

Bidway. 49 TELEPHONE 75

Real Estate & Insurance.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

REAL ESTATE

AND

Insurance.

Money to loan on first mortgage.

NO. 68 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

46 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

49 North avenue.

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 963.

M. M Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front Street

P. O. BOX 51.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street, H. S. Hayes,

THE CURIOSITY SHOP

WONDERFUL MACHINES.

They Turn Out Screws So Small That 200,000 Are Required to Make a Pound.

Not the least marvelous of the many ingenious automatic machines of the present day is one for turning out the small screws and parts of a watch. The Horological Review says of it: "Some of the screws are so small that the thread and slot for the screw driver cannot be seen by the naked eye. It takes about 200,000 of these little screws, made by the automatic machines, to make a pound, and yet they are perfect in shape. They are made thus: The wire is fed in the machine automatically through a self-revolving spindle, and is griped by a chuck. Instantly a circular cutter comes into place and turns down the screw part. While the turning is being done a threading die is operating, and the instant the cutter is through with its part the die turns around on the turned part and screws on and off like a flash cutting the thread. At once a steel arm is seen to swing over, and just as the screw is being cut off from the wire it is picked up by steel fingers and carried over to a spot where a saw is swiftly running.

"The slot is then cut and another motion of the arm and fingers releases the screw, which is carried by a stream of oil into a sieve among thousands of screws just like it. That part of the mechanism which grips the screw is called 'arm and finger,' and the two terms applied because the motions accurately resemble those of a human arm and hand. That arm has an uncanny touch for it works with unerring regularity. The operation goes on constantly and tirelessly for ten hours per day, and when night comes each machine has made 10,000 of the tiny screws. One motion follows another so quickly that a novice is filled with wonder and amazement. Oil is forced in tiny streams with great pressure upon the cutting parts and then runs off through a drip, to be again pumped and forced to the machines."

Christina Rossetti.

Foremost among living poets stands Christina Rossetti. Her fervid genius finds expression in lyrics of surpassing sweetness and sonnets admirable for form, in ballads where the supernatural is treated with eerie simplicity. The delicacy of her touch is as remarkable as the passion of her soulfelt music. It creates an illusive atmosphere well suited to such visionary ballads as the "Goblin Market," "The Prince's Progress," and the "Dream-Land," which is part of the spell woven by one who comes to us from dreamland. "Led by a Shell," Death, the transient nature of love and joy are the motives of many of her sweetest lyrics. Christina Rossetti, in an age when doubt chills many a woman's heart, has reached to a height of spiritual vision from which she looks

To where the sunshine sleeps
On the everlasting hills.

Of late, her writings have been almost altogether of heavenly things. We must not omit to mention her delightful nursery rhyme book, "Sing-Song." Miss Rossetti's first poems appeared in The Germ, the organ of the pre-Raphaelite movement, of which Dante Rossetti was one of the leaders. She wrote in its columns under the pseudonym of Ellen Alleyn.

Notes.

Before bells came into use, various instruments were used to summon congregations to worship. In Egypt they are said to have followed a Jewish custom in using a trumpet. Nods in some oriental churches a kind of rattle gave the signal. In monasteries, monks took it in turn to go around the cells, calling the inmates to their devotions by knocking with a hammer. This was called the "night signal," or the "awakening instrument." Bells are said to have been invented by Paulinus, bishop of Nola, in some oriental church in the latter part of the Fourth century. This, however, is doubted. They were introduced into Roman churches until the year 865, and were first introduced into the Latin church in 604. They were common in France as early as the Eighth century.

Women in Turkey.

Women are very useful in Turkey. In Roumelia and Macedonia girls do much of the harvest work and most of the thrashing is done by them. There is very little agricultural machinery of any kind. Girls also take care of the flocks, and the shepherdess is a favorite character in the much loved idyls. The rights of women are respected in Turkey. A daughter inherits the same as her brother. In cases of divorce, the husband must pay a dowry to the wife. As regards custody of children, the son belongs to the mother as long as he requires her care and the daughter until she reaches the age of puberty. If the mother dies, her female relatives have the daughter; if there are no female relations on the mother's side they go to those on the father's.

Floral Emblems of the Romans.

The Romans, with their many gods and goddesses, devoted to each of the principal ones a certain flower. The lily was sacred to Juno; the myrtle and the rose were the emblems of Venus; to Minerva were given the violet and the olive; dittany was the flower of Diana. Ceres had the poppy. Mars, the ash; Bacchus, the grape leaf. Hercules, the poplar, and Jupiter, the monarch of trees, the oak. Translating this floral code we may conclude that among the Romans the lily and the oak stood as the emblems of power; the myrtle and the rose, of love; the olive and the violet, of learning; the ash, of war, and the grape leaf, of festivity.

Round Robin.

A round robin is a petition or protest signed in such a way that no name heads the list. Of course the signatures are placed in a circular form. The device is French and the term a corruption of rond (round), ruban (a ribbon). It was first adopted by the officers of government as a means of making known their grievances.

"Defend Me from My Friends."

The French Ana assigns to Marechal Villers talking leave of Louis XIV. this aphorism. "Defend me from my friends. I can defend myself from my enemies!"

Canning, in his "New Morality," wrote
But of all plagues, good heaven, thy wrath can send,
Save, save, oh, save me from a candid friend.

Keycold.

The expression keycold was in olden times used to convey the idea of deadly cold, lifeless. In Richard III. Shakespeare says:

Poor keycold figure of a holy king!
Pale ashes of the house of Lancaster!
Thou bloodless remnant of that royal blood!

RUNNING A RACE WITH TIME.

The Old Year Was Out First, but the Girl Won Hand.

It was the last night of the old year. The clock on the mantel had clicked away the fleeting hours with brazen tongue and crossed its hands over its bold, painted face until they pointed to 11:45.

Painfully upright in his chair sat the diffident youth whom Miss Pinkie McGraw had been entertaining since 8:30. With unselfishly in entertaining since 8:30. With that rare artistic sense that now and then crops out even in the young and inexperienced, he had turned down the light in order that the contrast between his red necktie and his lemon colored mustache might be a little less glaring, and the conversation had ranged from Shakespeare to Jackson park, with occasional stoppages caused by temporary breakdowns in the conversational machinery.

"In fifteen minutes, Miss Pinkie," he observed, looking at the clock, "the year 1891 will have gone into history."

He made an effort to hitch his chair a little nearer, but only succeeded in moving it a little farther away.

"I am—er—aware, Miss Pinkie," he proceeded, "that I must have—I'm—seemed unusually dull this evening"——

"Not at all, Mr. Yagson—not at all," softly interposed the young lady.

"Yes, I must have been pay a dowry to the wife. As regards custody of children, the son belongs to the mother as long as he requires her care and the daughter until she reaches the age of puberty. If the mother dies, her female relatives have the daughter; if there are no female relations on the mother's side they go to those on the father's.

"Tis—the year 1891 will always be a memorable one to me, Miss Pinkie. It—it was in the year 1891 that—that I first became acquainted with you."

"Yes," she replied retrospectively. "But all years are memorable. A year is a long time, you know."

Again Mr. Yagson felt oppressed by a momentary uncertainty. Had the year 1891 seemed longer to her because he had known him for a longer period?

"I'm—yes?" he said, "but don't you think some years are more—er—memorable than others?"

"Oh, of course."

Mr. Yagson felt himself growing more helpless, but a glance at the clock seemed to nerve him to another effort.

It was 11:53.

Giving his chair one more well meant but unsuccessful hitch he broke out again:

"All this evening, Miss Pinkie, I have been—h'm—h'm—thinking that"——

"Beg pardon?"

"I was going to say that all this evening I have been wondering whether"——

"You have been wondering whether"——

"Whether it has ever—h'm—occurred to you that I must surely have some object in"——

It was 11:57.

"Some object," he went on huskily, "in coming."

"I am not sure I quite understood that last remark, Mr. Yagson."

"I—I am not sure I—er—quite understand it myself," he gasped, looking hopelessly around the room.

It was 11:59.

"I have been saying to say—h'm—to say that I have been thinking all the evening that I must have occurred to you that I—I must surely have some—some—object"——

"You made a remark to that effect a few minutes ago, Mr. Yagson."

"Yes. I—that is—I—the fact is, Miss Pinkie, that I have been thinking all the

Once more he stopped and looked with appealing eyes around the room.

And while he looked, lo! the clock, in slow and majestic measure, struck the hour of 12.

Then Miss Pinkie McGraw promptly rose up.

Swiftly crossing the room, she took the trembling young man by the hand and said, with a radiant smile and an unmistakable note of triumph in her voice:

"Theodore, this is leap year! Will you marry me?"

He hid his blushing face on her shoulder, and said brokenly, "Yes!" and the agony was over.—Chicago Tribune.

WASTED SYMPATHY.

He Wanted to Help the Sufferer, but It Was No Use.

The boat had just left her slip at Staten Island, when a man began to walk up and down the cabin and hold his jaw and groan, and it wasn't long before everybody made out that he was a case of toothache. Whoever says New Yorkers are hard hearted and lack sympathy does them an injustice. It wasn't five minutes before a dozen persons had taken a sympathetic interest in the case and were anxious to do something. The man who seemed to have most sympathy, however, was an old man who had a bushel of red peppers in a basket down stairs. He was forcing the season a little with a plush cap and a pair of fine pants on him, but no one could doubt that he was big hearted.

"Case of toothache, eh?" he queried as he intercepted the man in his walk. "Oh, waal, that don't amount to much. Ever see better fall weather than this?"

The victim looked at him in a puzzled way but did not reply.

"How'd 'lection suit you?" continued the old man in a lively way.

The man with the toothache shut up one eye and groaned.

"Lots of fellers predictin a mighty hard winter, but I don't see any signs of it. I don't go much on predictions; do you?"

The victim got a twinge just then which lifted one foot off the floor and produced a double groan.

"Some of 'em purtend to tell what the winter is going to be by the way the frogs act, but I don't go a cent on frogs. How can a frog tell what sort of weather we are going to have? Is a frog more intelligent than a human being? The idea is all nonsense."

"What do you want, sir?" asked the sufferer as the pain let up for a moment.

"Oh, nuthin in particular. When I have the toothache I like to have some one talk to me. It sorter takes the mind off the ache. I've cured my old woman by telling her a funny story. Ever hear the yarn about the preacher and the deer?"

"I want you to go away and let me alone!" exclaimed the other, as his hand went up to his jaw again.

"Don't you want to be talked to?"

"No, sir."

"You don't! Don't you want to forget that toothache?"

"No, sir! I'm in no condition to stand nonsense!"

"Waal, by George! Then my sympathy is not wasted!"

"No, sir!"

"All right, sir—all right! If you don't want it I'm not the man to force it upon you. If you are that kind of a man you can take your old tooth and go to Texas with it! Some folks can appreciate kindness and some can't. Them as can't won't get no sympathy out of me."

The man with the toothache continued his walk, signing and groaning, while the old man sat down to rest and said:

"Let 'er ache! I'd a-had him cured in ten minutes if he'd been the right sort of a man. I hope he'll have to have that tooth drawed afore he gets through with it. Did you see the way he looked at me?"

"Yes."

"He acted as if he was goin to draw off and hit me, but it's a powerful good thing for him that he didn't do it! Why, sir, if he had I'd a lit onto him like a hurricane onto a 'skeeter, and the toothache would never have bothered him no more! The idea of him actin' up that way! Waal, then it just shows you what sort o' natures some critters have got and how useless it is to waste any sympathy on 'em!"—New York Evening World.

IN CONFIDENCE.

He Wanted to Give Him a Good Send Off for Georgia.

Down on the pier of the Savannah steamboat line everybody was looking at and talking about a man who was bowlegged to such a degree as to appear to be standing on each side of a vinegar barrel. He was not only bowlegged, but his toes turned in, and as he walked up and down the stevedores quit work to look at him. By and by the man came and climbed up on the cotton bale beside me, and as he was a talkative chap we soon began a conversation. He was going down the coast as a passenger, but lived in the interior of the state.

Two strange men, if of the right sort, soon become friendly when thrown together. It was so with us. It wasn't over five minutes after he found I had been on the Georgia coast when he confidentially asked:

"How's that climate down there for weak lungs?"

"Splendid. You'll be benefited right away."

"Good for catarrh?"

"It is said to be."

"I'm troubled some with rheumatism."

"The change will probably be good for you."

"Then you'd recommend me to go, would you?"

"Why, I think it will help your case."

The man looked all around to be sure that no one was near enough to overhear, and then dropped his voice almost to a whisper and said:

"I want to tell you something in strict confidence and ask your advice."

"Well?"

"For the last six or eight months," he whispered, looking around again, "I've had a sneaking idea that I was getting a trifle bowlegged. What do you think? If it's so would the climate help me any?"

"My dear sir, the climate of Georgia will do most anything, but don't you worry. I assure you that there is not the slightest cause for it."

"Have you seen me on the ground?"

"Yes."

"And wasn't—wasn't"——

"Not a bit of it. If we could trade legs I'd give you $500 to boot."

"You don't say! Heaven bless you! Say, it's been worth a 200 acre farm to me, you! Hanged if I hadn't worried myself almost sick over it. Shake, old fellow! If I had it in my power I'd make you the next president."

I lied to him, of course. I did it deliberately. I did it to make him feel good, and in order that he might enjoy his trip. Any citizen of New York who will hurt a bowlegged man's feelings as he is about to sail away on a trip for his health is a mean man and can never prosper.—New York Evening World.

GONE FOREVER.

The History of a Timepiece That Is Founded on Fact.

It was at the time when the leaves were beginning to turn in November that Henry Smith made the startling discovery that his watch had stopped.

He wound it up, tapped it gently with his knuckles and then shook it, but it only ticked a few times in a sickly way, and then it stopped again.

"It needs cleaning and a new balance staff," said the watch doctor to whom he took it.

"You may do the work," Henry said. "How long will it take?"

"About a week," replied the watchmaker. "In the meantime you may carry this watch," and he handed out a small silver timepiece which wound with a key.

One week from that day Henry Smith again sought the shop of the watchmaker to get his watch. The proprietor of the shop assured him smilingly that the work was not yet completed, and told him to call around in three or four days. When the longer time had elapsed Henry Smith called again and was told that the watchmaker had been very busy—so busy, in fact, that he hadn't done Mr. Smith's work. Another time was named for the completion of the cleaning and the replacing of the balance staff.

Days became weeks; weeks rolled into months, and still Henry Smith with lamblike patience continued to call for his watch at stated intervals. He always received the same answer, unblushingly given, "Not quite done." Christmas time came and went and the old year was ticked out by a small, silver, key wind watch which reposed in the pocket of Henry Smith.

He engaged in the practice of his profession. Success rewarded his efforts. He was much sought after and had multitudinous engagements, all of which were faithfully kept on time recorded by a small, key wind watch with a silver case. But in the midst of the press of his professional duties he still found time to call periodically for his watch. It was never done. And the months rolled into years.

Upon the occasion of one call he had been favored by getting a glimpse of his own timepiece. It had looked at him with its white face like some ghost of the dear, dead past, and he had hurriedly turned and gone out.

Time wheeled on. Gray hairs began to appear among Henry Smith's locks, and still he continued to call at the watchmaker's with ironical persistency.

Occasionally, about this time, he was accompanied by one or another of his children. Year succeeded year, and finally his grandchildren led the hoary-headed, tottering old man on his ever fruitless mission.

There is no need to trace this sad narrative to the last excruciating details. Suffice it to say that there was a denouement. An affair must necessarily be serious to have one of those.

There was also a moral. A small silver watch, that wound with a key, was in it to the last too.—Minneapolis Tribune.

The Best Way.

"And now," continued the photographer to his sensitive subject, "look pleasant."

"To achieve that desirable end suppose you lend me five dollars."—Fliegende Blatter.

Proof Positive.

"Papa," said a talkative little girl, "am I made of dust?"

"No, my child. If you were you would dry up once in awhile."—San Francisco Wasp.

This Date in History—Feb. 2.

1461—Sir Owen Tudor, father of Henry VII, died.

1631—Sir William Phipps, famous as governor of Massachusetts, born in Woolwich, Me.; died 1695; he had 26 brothers and 5 sisters.

1794—Lottery in the city of Washington, D. C., authorized by act of Congress.

1802—Treaty of peace between Mexico and the United States, whereby Mexico ceded to Guadalupe Hidalgo, Gold discovered in California the embarrassments vastly increased the value of the ceded territory.

1820—Big tenement house burned in New York and 9 families left homeless.

1826—General David Hunter died at Washington; born 1802.

1856—Mrs. Mary Howitt, English author, died at Rome; born 1804. Turkish authorities arrested 41 revolutionists who were leaving Roumania, exciting another European scare on the "eastern question."

1880—Dr. Theodore L. Cuyler, of Brooklyn, retired in the thirtieth year of his pastorate.

Cod His Eye Teeth.

Mr. Gotham—Come back east to live, eh? What was the matter with Dugout City?

Returned Veteran—Too noisy. Couldn't sleep.

Mr. Gotham (to himself)—That town must be booming.

Returned Veteran—I'm not going back there again. I'm entitled to sell out.

Mr. Gotham (hastily)—Put the figure low and I'll buy.

* * * * * * *

Mr. Gotham (a month later)—See here! That property you sold me in Dugout City isn't worth taxes. The town is dead and grass growing in the streets. You said you left because it was so noisy there you couldn't sleep.

Returned Veteran (fiancously)—Y-e-s. Can any one sleep with forty million frogs singing under his window?—New York Weekly.

Answered.

"Sam," said a high toned gentleman, "you are honest. Why do you put all the good peaches on top of the measure and the little ones on the bottom?"

"For de same reason, sah, dat makes de front ob your house marble, an' de back ob it chiefly slop bar'l, sah."—Texas Siftings.

A Righteous Strike.

"But," said the hotel keeper to the striking waiters, "you get precisely the same food that we serve to the guests."

"Yes," replied the leader, "that's what we are kicking about."—New York Sun.

1892 February. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29					

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5	4:39 a.m.	Third Quarter	20	7:15 p.m.
Full	12	2:39 p.m.	New	27	10:09 p.m.

THE ALBION.

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE.

SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.

Rooms from $1 to $2 per day.

Newly furnished and thoroughly steel throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

1238 6m

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable Rates

LANG'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Opp. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

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A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE

Successor to Chase & Conover

Electrical Machinery.

Motors, Belting and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Repairing in all branches. Machine work done by the day or contract.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York office, 200 Fourth avenue.

Closing Out Sale!

OF

WALL PAPERS AT COST.

In order to close out the remainder of the stock of Wall Papers at the present location, we will sell the remaining rolls for New Goods.

Mason, Ayers & Co.,

(Successors to W. F. Ayers, 20 East Front street.)

OUR GRAIN LEATHER

AND

CORK -:- SOLE -:- SHOES

Are just the thing for this weather. We also have a good assortment in double sole Calf Skin Shoes. Rubbers in plenty. We sell you the BEST at the price others charge you for the "No Goods."

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE

22 W. FRONT STREET.

43 WEST FRONT STREET.

A DINNER is never complete without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call attention of our customers to our large and well selected stock of Choice

Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes

BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of

PORTER AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER.

If given a call will be able to convince our goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.

F. LINKE, Wholesale Wine and Liquor dealer. Telephone Co. 157.

H. S. MIDDLEMAST, Manager. A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

THE METROPOLITAN STABLE,

29 and 31 North Avenue, a block through to Second Street.

MATCHED CARRIAGE PAIRS,

HIGH-ACTIONED "T-CART"

AND DOG CART HORSES,

CANADIAN HUNTERS.

COBS AND BUSINESS HORSES,

LADIES' SADDLE

AND DRIVING HORSES.

ALSO A SPECIALTY IN ONE

TEAMSTER'S ROAD TEAMS, SINGLE

DRIVER AND TROTTERS.

PRETTY BOOKS GIVEN AWAY

AT THE 5 AND 10C. STORE.

Call and get a card free, and we now really beautiful books. We have them on exhibition. You have your choice of four different kinds.

We have just received a big assortment of "Surprise Waists" and we are going to sell them at half their value. We are proud of them as they are fashionable, fine and in Lounge and Chemisette materials and to be low priced as they are. We have a few Dresses out at $10, $15, and $18 and are the same as sold, as all agree who have seen them, at that price.

Just imagine what $5 will do, counters heavily laden must and this, and, when you walk to get your money's worth, go direct to

J. C. Allen's, 28 West Front Street.

A NEW STYLE

OF

D E R B Y

Out TO-DAY, at the store of

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5 West Front Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST,

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 87 Duer St., North Plainfield.

JUST OUT.

The latest samples of ball tickets, masquerades, lodges, etc., programmes, menus, orders of dances, ball programmes, invitations and the like, etc., etc., generally, have just been received by THE NEWS Job Department. When you are in need of any kind of Job Work call and see samples.

"The Very Best"

is my rule. The NEWS gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.

Put you ran. Come to my store for the latest and greatest Notions, Novelties, Embroidery Silks, and Stamped Linen Goods.

C. E. CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

No. 9 East Front street.

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Successors to

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Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

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Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

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30 DAYS ONLY!

OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.

GENUINE : BARGAINS!

Call and examine before they are are all gone.

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GLYCEROLE OF ARNICA!

The best preparation for the skin on the market.

FREE FROM ALL GREASE!

Readily absorbed. The Ladies' delight.

25 Cents a Bottle.

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General Hardware and House-furnishings,

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BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

HARNESS and BLANKETS.

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O. M. DUNHAM,

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Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,

WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

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38 PARK AVENUE.

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Bankers,

30 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box L. Telephone Call 42. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week. Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Weather.
Is promises to rain or snow, and then sleet all colder.

BREVITIES.

—The Borough Council will hold a meeting Friday evening.

—The monthly business beeting of the W. C. T. U. will be postponed until the third Thursday.

—There will be a devotional meeting in the W. C. T. U. rooms to-morrow afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

—A number of sportsmen from this city participated in a "shoot" held at Mt. Pleasant yesterday.

—"The Story of the Revival," a history of the B. Fay Mills meetings at Elizabeth is for sale by Mr. Brady, 49 North Avenue.

—The license applications presented at the last meeting of Council will be acted on at a meeting to be held February 29th.

—Everbody interested in the opening of North Broadway, is invited to attend a meeting at Spencer's Hall this evening. There should be a full attendance.

—The Rev. A. F. Schauffler, D. D., of New York City will address Sunday-school teachers and others interested in the chapel of the Crescent avenue church, Monday, Feb. 15th, at eight o'clock.

—Two tramps were yesterday taken to Elizabeth by Captain Grant, to serve out a thirty days' sentence imposed by City Judge Codington. The charge against them was drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

—Sandlinvians have still an opportunity to join the class in English branches that meets twice each week at the Y. M. C. A. rooms. A $5 membership entitles to this and other privileges of the Association.

—"Alabama" the play which had such a successful run in New York was given before a large audience at Music Hall last evening. The plot of "Alabama" is simple and pleasing and was evidently most satisfactory to the audience.

—A New York exchange says that it is a singular coincidence, that the verdict of guilty in the case of Carlyle Harris was rendered one year after the body of Helen Potts, his wife, was carried into her mother's house, at Asbury Park.

—After the routine business at the regular meeting of the Camera Club held in their rooms on East Front street last evening, Mr. Geo. H. Babcock gave a very interesting talk and demonstration of a new developer. It is a most pronounceable name, which is said to be wonderful for producing tones and clearness in lantern slides. He exhibited some of the solution and compared its results with those of other developers, showing it far superior.

—Sir Edwin Arnold, who has been enjoying an interesting trip through the United States, has a made careful study of the conditions which govern the family relations and rights of the Mormons in a paper called "Love and Marriage in Japan" in the January number of The Cosmopolitan. The article is illustrated by the quaintest possible Japanese sketches among which is the bride and across the bottom of each page. An excellent photograph of W. D. Howells, serves as a frontispiece. Mr. Howells as a writer of fictions reviewed in the same number by H. H. Boyesen. The President of John Hopkins University gives a most practical paper for parents on "Boys and Boys' Schools," illustrated by curiously old photographs. Murat Halstead turns back lovingly to his early farm days, and tells of the "Pets and Sports of a Farmer Boy." The Spanish industry fully illustrated. An Afghan Story by Archibald Forbes. The Story of the Brazilian Republic by Adams, late Minister to that country, and the Leading Pictures of the United States in photography, are other leading articles of the month.

PERSONAL.

Mr. A. W. Ten Eyck of Bay street was last night tendered a surprise party by a number of friends. All present had a most enjoyable time.

Mr. George Van Slyck formerly of this city, was taken to college about eight weeks ago with typhoid malaria, which has now changed to congestion of the lungs. His friends are much worried about his condition.

Mr. F. M. Hulett of Pottsville, Pa., who has just completed the purchase of the music store of Mr. Thompson Park will open at 74 West Front street, April 1st, due notice of which will be given in our advertisement columns.

Mr. H. F. Skiff of this city and Miss J. V. Baker of Philadelphia will be married at the home of the bride Thursday afternoon. After the wedding tour, which will include a visit to Washington, Mr. and Mrs. Skiff will reside at 31 Carleton avenue, this city.

Christmas Donations to the Children's Home.

Wm. D. Murray, $10; Mrs. McDonald, $1; Through Miss Everett, $1; Chas. Potter, $25; Mrs. Chas. Potter, $10; Mrs. R. McDonald, $5; Dr. O. L. Jenkins, $55.70; Mrs. L. Walz, $2; Constance L. Wilhelmina Patton, $5; Mrs. J. W. Murray, $5; Miss Kate Embury, $5; Mrs. Wm. B. Ostrom, $1; Mr. Henry McGee, $10; Mrs. J. F. Randolph, $5; Mrs. H. G. Rankie, $5; Seventh-day Baptist church, $10; Mrs. Geo. Depue, $3; Holy Cross Sunday school, $6.40; Mrs. Robert T. Currie, $3; Mrs. W. R. Richards, $5; Mrs. Francis Wood, $5; Mrs. Fred G. Mcalle, $5; Mrs. Kate Emerson, $1; Miss Julia Borden, $1.

All other donations for the year will be acknowledged in the annual report.

Need Investigation.

At the meeting of Council Monday evening when the applications for license were presented President Ginna requested the License Committee to thoroughly investigate and look into every application, as he his opinions some of them needed investigation.

Charles Brown's Reception to Young Men.

(Contributed.)

The lecture room of the First Baptist church was filled last evening with an audience of nearly three hundred, composed principally of young men from Plainfield and their friends. The occasion being a reception given to his Sunday school class by Mr. Chas. B. Brown.

A fine programme was prepared, and after a few appropriate remarks by Dr. Yerkes and Mr. Brown, in which the latter spoke of the remarkable growth of the class from four to eighty in one year. Mr. MacClymont opened the evenings entertainment with a finely executed solo. This was followed by a reading by Miss Kocap entitled, "A Visit to the Dime Museum," after which Master Ellis Curry the boy violinist from Bound Brook gave some remarkably good music. Master Ellis is only thirteen years old. Mr. John Carney, was here introduced as Plainfield's Phunny-man by Mr. Brown and immediately proceeded to keep the audience in roars of laughter by his inimitable humor. Mr. Barnes then sang a solo entitled, "Honor and Arms," in which his fine bass voice was shown to good advantage.

Mr. Benjamin La Vere then delighted those present by his wonderful mastery of the cornet. He received several encores.

During the serving of refreshments and afterwards, Mr. Biglow took several flash light pictures, one of which was composed of the four young men who originally started the class, with Mr. Brown, their teacher. Mr. Biglow took about a dozen photographs in all.

The second portion of the programme was opened with a solo by Mr. Barnes, followed by reading by Miss Kocap, entitled, "Asieep at the Switch."

The programme was closed by Mr. Benjamin La Vere giving several variations on the cornet, and those present retired feeling very grateful to Mr. Brown for the liberal and pleasing entertainment, which he had given the boys in remembrance of the remarkable work accomplished the past year.

WARDEN DODD'S MEMORY.

After Several Years He Identifies a Criminal.

John Mitchell, one of the tramps who was yesterday sentenced to the county jail for thirty days for causing a disturbance on the streets of this city while drunk, was identified by Warden Dodd of the Union county jail as the man who several years ago stabbed Detective Philip Breen, now assistant warden of the jail. Mr. Breen was a former resident of this city.

Books Added During January, 1892.

Bourne, H. R. F., Sir Philip Sidney.
Butterworth, The Christmas Book.
Carson, H. L., Supreme Court of U. S.
Davis, R., Adventures on Mississippi.
Dean, F., National Flowers.
Guerin, M. de' Journal.
Hunt, W., History of Italy.
Johns Hopkins University Studies, vol. nine, (9.)
Kinglake, A. W. Eothen.
McMaster, J. B. Hist. of the U. S., vol. 3.
Norton, C. E., Church Building in the Middle Ages.
Putnam, G. H., Question of Copyright.
Reddall, H. F., Fact, Fancy and Fable.
Roosevelt, T., New York.
Schouler, J. Hist. of the U. S., vol. 5.
Spencer, Herb. Justice.
Stephens, H. M., French Revolution, vol. 2.
Tyler, H. M., Greek Play, and its Presentation.
U. S. Dept. of Agric., Album of Agricultural Statistics of the U. S.

No Action Taken.

No action has as yet been taken on the resignation of the Rev. Asa Reed Ditts, which was presented at the close of the services in the Park Avenue Baptist church last Sunday evening.

Rev. Mr. Ditts has been pastor of the church for three years past. The whole trouble is said to have arisen on account of the Building Committee refusing to audit certain claims which the pastor considers are just debts against the church.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Plainfield Post Office for the week ending February 1, 1892:

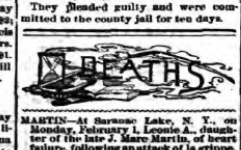
Bauer, Mrs Ida (2) | Keitch, Mrs W
Bowne, Miss Alice | Kinsella, Abru Mrs
Collins, F J | King, A J
Clark, John | Newman, Laura F
Clary, Carata Miss | Lord, Grace
Deane, J W | Pardell, Mr
DeGraf, Mrs | Parker, Judger
Davis, S S | Platt, J H Mrs
Emott, Mrs James | Randolph, Miss H
Halladay, Mary | Richards, Miss Ivah
Hibbert, Alfred | Thosan, Mrs H

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. E. R. Pope, P. M.

Committed For Ten Days.

Annie Rottschouseen and "Mollie' Stevens, the two girls who were arrested by Policeman Giese for causing a disturbance in the barracks of the Salvation Army, were yesterday arraigned before City Judge Codington.

They pleaded guilty and were committed to the county jail for ten days.



MARTIN—At Saranac Lake, N. Y., on Monday, February 1st, 1892, Frank, daughter of the late J. Mare Martin, of heart failure, following an attack of la grippe. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 125 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J., on Thursday, 4th inst., at half-past two p. m.

THE LEGISLATURE.

A RACE-TRACK FEELER IS QUICKLY VOTED DOWN IN THE SENATE.

The Day in the House—Corporation Bill No. 49, Criticised by Assemblyman Lane—The Mechanics' Lien Bill Seems Doomed—Too Many Pages—Will Any of the Race-Track Bills Pass?

The Senate had its annual political debate yesterday afternoon, and President Adrain seemed to be sorry that he was not on the floor to engage his ancient foe from Atlantic.

Robert S. Hudspeth, the knight from Hudson, touched lances with John F. Gardner. They began in a very innocent way over the bill to pay $600 to an assistant engrossing clerk and $500 to an assistant sergeant-at-arms. Senator Cranmer tried to amend it to death.

Senator Gardner said that the bill was a piece of useless extravagance, and, as the way the Democracy was going on unhindered a Legisitrve session of a month or so would soon cost the people half a million dollars.

Senator Hudspeth retorted that in the past the Republicans were not slow in creating unnecessary offices and clamoring for their payment. He referred particularly to their action in employing dozens of men during the Stahr-McDonald contest.

"I put Senator from Hudson acknowledges himself to be the spawn of the corruption that was revealed in that investigation," said Mr. Gardner, "then he is only doing his duty to his serpent mother, but as a Senator and a citizen he ought to have some expression of his filial obligation so publicly."

"I feel honored" retorted Mr. Hudspeth, "in being the spawn of a constituency that set its seal on that matter by relegating to politicel oblivion all who had anything to do with that conspiracy, except the gentleman from Atlantic."

"Considering there were 4,500 fraudulent votes revealed in that investigation," rejoined Mr. Gardner, "there doesn't appear to be a very great foundation for any moral glory or for boasting. Such rottenness, corruption, fraud and violations of the election laws was never found anywhere else in the United States. In that sense the Senator from Hudson represented a county without a model. Such a power of corruption and fraud may have done its work in New Jersey, but I warn the gentleman that, though the gods of the mills grind slowly they grind exceedingly fine. Even now I believe the sun to be approaching its western decline."

The amendment was voted down by 14 to 5. Mr. Cranmer then moved to have the bill apply to the Legislature, but that was voted down. The bill was ordered to be engrossed and have a third reading.

The bill requiring constables to take their prisoners before the nearest Justice of the Peace was handled roughly in the Senate. It is supposed to be in the interest of Guttenberg. Senator Garrison said he could see no merit in the bill. The Republicans voted against it and they were helped by Senators Miller, McMickle, Cornish, Martin, Butcher and Barker, making the vote 11 to 8. The bill was killed much to the surprise of those behind it. The vote is taken as an indication of the feeling on the race-track question, as the Democratic Senators against the bill all come from the rural districts.

John Purcell Kenney hurried through its express time the bill authorizing an expenditure of not more than $35,000 to build a new police station house in Greenville.

The Democratic Senators held a caucus to consider the claims of numerous applicants for clerkships and doorkeeperships. They decided not to appoint any more.

There was a deluge of talk to-day over the Mechanics' Lieu law and the proposed "constitutional amendment" granted it postponed. The motion to delay was carried. Then Mr. Cole moved to indefinitely postpone. Cole triumphed by a vote of 32 to 22.

Assemblyman Patrick O'Neill draws $4,000 salary from Jersey City as tax collector or receiver. His colleague, Mr. Tumulty, has put into material shape the general belief that this sum is altogether too small for such a great man. Mr. Tumulty's bill provides that assemblymen in first-class cities may fix the salary at $5,000, but they must not reduce the salary. Mr. Coyle proposes that the Mayor of Hoboken shall have power to appoint a finance board of five members to arrange the city affairs and act as commissioners of appeal. Any second-class city may adopt the act by ordinance.

Mr. Harding introduced a bill creating in first-class cities commissions to assess all benefits and damages. There shall be three commissioners appointed by the Mayor at a salary of $1,000 each. Mr. Dupee thinks that attorneys should be admitted after examination without having to serve any term in the office. He has a bill that says so. Mr. Mosher proposes that Mayors of first-class cities be elected every two years. He thinks those now holding office is to be three years, dating from the beginning of their terms.

Mr. Kalisch introduced a bill giving investigating committees of the Board of Works power to compel the attendance of witnesses, power to examine them under oath and power to insist upon the production of books and papers.

Bill No. 168, introduced by Mr. Rooney, sets forth that the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, may appoint three persons for terms of five years to constitute a Board of Commissioners of Electrical Subways. The commissioners are to have absolute power to regulate the placing of all kinds of electric wires, and may remove or order them put underground, and their decision shall be final.

Mr. Cavanagh put in a bill to compel the street railroad companies to put poles for overhead wires on the side of the street. Mr. O'Neill suggests that members of the Board of Finance in first-class cities should be paid $5,000 each. Mr. Harding has a little list of prospective legislation to enable Newark to buy or condemn land to build a new storage reservoir.

THE STAR ROUTE SCANDAL.

Privations Undergone by the Mounted Mail Carriers of the Rural South.

The Star Route Mail Service of this country has made many men rich, and kept many men poor The mail carrier who jogs along the muddy country roads in this State generally has not an extra coat to his back and few extra dollars in his pocket. The man who buys up many routes from the Government—frequently has more money than he knows what to do with. At least, other persons, especially the humble mail carrier, sometimes think so. Proof of such guilt in this business is not what it once was, by a great deal, for competition, that great leveler of incomes, is now deep.

Every four years the contracts for Star Routes are let for Kentucky, North Carolina, Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama, Florida, Georgia and South Carolina, and, in fact, all other States of the Union. Every detail is then mapped out separately and a separate bond given for each. The Government is very particular in this respect. The bids are made according to the weight of the mail to be carried, the distance of the route, and the number of times per week it has to be carried. In few, if any cases, does the man who makes the lowest bid carry the mail himself, for generally one man or one firm gets several hundred of the contracts. The contractor then sublets the routes to men who agree to carry it for so much per year. This is generally a vast difference in between his idea of what it costs to carry the mail and the Governments. It is said that some carriers, who have to wade every day, do not make fifty cents per diem. Besides, they have to furnish their own conveyance. It is generally carried on horseback, though a buggy, a 'bus, or a stage may be used. This, in fact, is the distinctive characteristic of a Star Route as different from other forms of mail services. The Government does not specify how it shall be carried.

The hardships of the street car driver are nothing compared with the suffering that some of the mail carriers in the State have to undergo. In rain, snow, sleet, or hail, they have to make their long daily rides. The thermometer may get so low that cattle freeze in the field, but the mail carrier is expected to be invulnerable for the pay of 50 cents a day. He has to catch trains, on pain of losing his contract and thereby forfeiting his bond, when the roads are little less than beds of quicksand. He has to feed his horse, himself and family, not to mention clothing and the expense of keeping his vehicle in order, if he uses one, for 50 cents a day. They must be wonders of economy, three mail carriers, in some portions of the State, especially in the southern part, the mail carrier has to go only once a week. There are places scattered from Louisville where mail is received only three times a week. The carrier, however, has one thing to compensate for his small pay, when mail is delivered only once a week. He is a very important personage there, outranking the county judge, except when the examining trial of a murderer is to be held. A larger crowd, who have not heard from the outer world for six days, await his arrival. The first sight of him, as his horse turns a bend in the country road, is a village sensation, the greatest probably since he made his last trip. In addition to the mail, he carries the gossip of other neighborhoods and the news from the entire outer world. When he slights from his horse and stretches his limbs, he is quickly the center of a crowd of eager inquirers. Thus his small pay and many privations are not without their reward.—Louisville Courier Journal.

THE GRIP.

How It Seizes and Controls Its Subject in a Typical Attack.

You are suddenly impressed with the fact that you have taken cold, or rather that cold has taken you. You try to localize the climate, but in vain. It is not a cold in the head, or in the throat, or on the lungs, or in the joints. It is a cold which makes its attack with impartial malignity upon every portion of the human frame at the same moment. You cough—or rather you do not cough; you are constrained to cough.

You are conscious of an emotion as though the effort were in operation in your head a pile-driver, whose purpose apparently is to drive several piles through the top of your head, or failing in that, to dislodge entirely the upper portion of the cranium. But this is not the only emotion attending your cough. You also feel as though the effort were designed to disorder the entire pneumatic system and to expose it for the inspection of a curious and gainsaying world.

At this point comes in another symptom. You have heard of a restless; you have heard of being as weak as a cat; you have heard of the proverbial weakness of the Tourist; valey in Massachusetts, which is so weak that it will not run down hill.

The weakness pervades both body and mind. You endeavor to exercise your mental powers by wrestling with a few of the problems which perplexed the readers of Mother Goose, but you find yourself floored by the effort. You are compelled to fall back and think of nothing, of the poetic merits of Walt Whitman, of the virtues of Tammany; you easy to pillow your head against vacancy.

Not, however, that there are no compensations for the city-bred man who evinces you have committed in wasting time and strength.

You are aware of the resources that are afforded by the figures in the paper on your chamber walls. When, at length, you feel that you have fully explorations you realize how much adventures and experience there is in those figures. You realize that the solution of the further corner is an achievement when you are sick; you put off to next year the task of solving the transcendental toon. You are allowed to realize one great truth, that you have gone through a cycle of everything only when we are deprived of it. You never know before what wealth was possessed in your modicum of strength and in the privilege of breathing, and of feeling your legs.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

ROBBING UNCLE SAM.

One of the Most Mysterious Mail Robberies Ever Perperrated.

New York, Feb. 3d. (Special.)—One of the largest and most mysterious mail robberies that have occurred recently in connection with the New York Post Office, took place last night on a Hoboken ferry boat. The facts that the Post Office authorities are able or willing to divulge are meagre.

Last night seven pouches of mail matter, containing a large number of letters, were loaded on two mail-carts. The mail left the New York office at 7 p. m., and the boat started for Hoboken at 7:10. One pouch was for Hoboken, and the other six for Bathkio and intermediate points. When the mail was reached Hoboken they were opened, and it was found that the pouches had disappeared utterly. The doors were locked as they left the New York office and there was not a sign to show how they had been taken. The was showed no signs of having been tampered with.

THE STOLEN BOY.

He Has Been Returned to His Home.

Bedford, N. Y., Feb. 3d, (Special.)—Ward Waterbury, the boy who was kidnapped on Monday at Long Ridge, on the New York and Connecticut line, was brought home this morning at 3 o'clock by John Close, a friend of the boy's father.

Father and mother were endeavoring to console each other when at 3 o'clock this morning the door bell rang and John Close entered with the missing boy.

As Mr. Waterbury opened the door in answer to the ring Ward sprang into his father's arms and then into his mother's, who had followed her husband to the door.

The boy was hugged and kissed again and again, and was asked more questions in a minute than he could answer in an hour.

He cannot describe the men who kidnapped him.

THE STATE HOSPITALS.

Senator Werts' Bill and What it Will Accomplish — Married Women's Rights.

Senator Werts expects to introduce a substitute to his Asylum bill next week, but it will only correct some typographical and grammatical errors and will not change materially the object of the measure as the same as the one introduced during the session. Its purpose is to consolidate the laws under which the two great asylums of the State are being operated. At present they are controlled by one board, but under two distinct acts. The Morris Plains Asylum is under what is known as the dual system. Under the proposed law one system will be established for both.

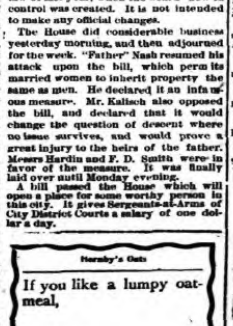
The Board of Managers will consist, as at present, of seven members to hold office five years. There will be no change in the present board. The board is required to visit the asylums or hospitals, as they are to be designated under the new bill, at least once a year They can adopt rules for the appointment and distribution of the inmates of the hospitals of patients. They are authorized to establish rules for the appointment and regulation of the appointment of executive officers, assistants, attendants and employees; for fixing the conditions of admissions, support and discharge of all patients, and for conducting the business affairs of the institution. They shall appoint a medical director for each hospital and as many assistants as they deem necessary. These medical directors shall have control over all patients subject to the rules of the board. A warden for each hospital is to be appointed who shall be general manager of the buildings and grounds. Their duties are fixed by the bill. This removes will strengthen the operation of the law of last year, when the board now in control was created. It is not intended to make any official changes.

The House did considerable business yesterday morning, and then adjourned for the week. "Father" Nash resumed his attack upon the bill, which permits married women to inherit property the same as men. He declared it an infamous measure. Mr. Kalisch also opposed the bill, and declared that it would change the question of descent where no issue survives, and would prove a great injury to the heirs of the father. Messrs Hardin and F. D. Smith were in favor of the measure. It was finally laid over until Monday evening.

A bill passed the House which will open a place for some worthy person in this city. It gives Sergeants-at-Arms of City District Courts a salary of one dollar a day.

Hornby's Oats

If you like a lumpy oatmeal,



don't buy it.

Nothing cheap about it or in it.

AUCTION SALE
AT
CAREY'S PALACE AUCTION ROOM,
Corner Front and Grove streets, Plainfield, N. J., on
Friday, Feb. 5th, 1 p. m. Sharp,
Consisting of
Household Furniture, Crockery, Carpets,
Etc. Terms Cash.
T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook& Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Great Overcoat Sale.
30 DAYS ONLY!
OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.
GENUINE : BARGAINS!
Call and examine before they are all gone,
WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE,
30 WEST FRONT STREET.

OUR GRAIN LEATHER
AND
CORK -:- SOLE -:- SHOES
Are just the thing for this weather. We also have a good assortment in double sole Calf Skin Shoes. Rubbers in plenty. We sell you the BEST at the price others charge you for the "No Goods."
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 W. FRONT STREET.

Cent-a-Word Column.

ANYONE desiring the services of a seven-teen year old boy, by the day, week or month, kindly address 48 East Fourth street. 2-2

BEAUTIFUL palms, India rubber trees, cyclamen, etc. Fresh stock at Dennis's Hillside avenue greenhouses. 2-2

$2,500 TO LOAN on bond and mortgage, at 5 per cent. Address P. O. Box 244. 2-3

EIGHT ROOM house, all barn, on Manning avenue, North Plainfield, for rent. $25 a month. Address "Rent," care of Evening News. 2 2

FOUR room house to rent. 88 month. Small garden. Only a few blocks from Post Office. Call at News office. 2 1tf

FIRST-class waist finisher wanted. Only first-class operator need apply. Address "Immediate," care of Evening News. 2 2tf

HOUSE—Eight rooms; cellar. Newly cleaned. To rent 66 Manning avenue. 2 3tf

PLEASANT rooms, with excellent board; near depot. 45 74 Broadway. 1 6

TO LET—A house of five good-sized rooms. Inquire at No 197 Somerset street.

THE HOUSE owned and occupied by the late A. D. Buttoc, 14 La Grande avenue, Plainfield, N. J., for sale, to close the estate. Enquire on premises, or, at 71 Barclay street, New York. 1 eod 14tf

TO LET—Store now occupied by Phillip Swain, No 32 West Front street. Also separate storage room, with plastered walls. Apply to Wm. M. Stillman. 29 tf

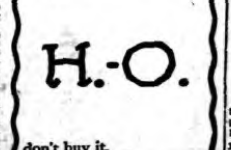
WANTED—A steady, Protestant woman to take care of invalid lady. Apply morningsat 9 West North street.

WORK by the day wanted, by a seamstress. Address "Work," care Evening News. 2 2tf

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply at No. 25 Grove street, North Plainfield. 1 3

WANTED—Good cook and laundress. Call at 12 Rockview avenue. 1 2tf

Everybody Likes Me.



ANTI-CHAP.

I contain no greasy or sticky substances. I penetrate the skin; I eradicate spots and pimples; I keep the skin smooth, soft, pliable, I am invisible. Try me, and I will become your favorite.

All Druggists sell me at 25 cents.

Also remember the Famous ANTI-CHAP SOAP in connection with "ANTI-CHAP."

A NEW STYLE
OF
DERBY
Out TO-DAY, at the store of
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.

ANNUAL STATEMENT
OF THE
Dime Saving Institution
of Plainfield, N. J.,
JANUARY 1, 1892.

ASSETS.

Loans on Bond and Mortgages (first liens)	$136,400 00
Value of property (cost $250,)	
Building's mg'd. insured for 136,600	
PAR VALUE. MARKET VALUE.	
45,000 Union County Bonds	43,100 00
17,000 North Plainfield school bonds	17,765 10
2,000 Fire Dep't do	2,000 00
10,000 Jersey City Water do	10,650 00
16 000 Scotch Plains School District No. 14 Bonds	16,800 00
5,700 Bound Brook School District No. 2, Bonds, 3, 4	5,700 00
1,000 North Plainfield Fire Dep't do	1,000 00
Demand on all loans	36,900 00
Interest due and accrued	4,619 00
Furniture and fixtures	1,450 00
Cash in banks	19,791 14
Cash in office	992 15
	$275,767 89

LIABILITIES

Amount due depositors	$267,271 00
Surplus	8,496 89
	$275,767 89

State of New Jersey, } ss.
County of Union. }

John W. Murray, President, and Elias R. Pope, Treasurer, of the Dime Savings Institution, being duly sworn, each for himself says that the foregoing statement above is true and correct, and shows the actual condition of the said Institution on the first day of January, 1892.

JOHN W. MURRAY,
ELIAS R. POPE.

Sworn and subscribed before me this twentieth day of January, 1892.

JAMES C. POPE, Notary Public.

We, the undersigned committee, made an examination of the books, vouchers, assets and liabilities of the said Institution, with schedules thereof, and certify that a true exhibit of the assets and liabilities of said Institution on January 1, 1892.

J. R. COWLES,
FRANCIS H. GARDNER,
J. FRANK HUBBARD, } Committee.

2 2 2t

EDITORIAL NOTES

Walt Whitman did not die when he was told to, but lived to be propped up in bed and read his own obituary notices. "We'll beat the doctors yet," was his remark, when it was gently hinted to him that he might reasonably expect in a few hours or days more to wake up on the other shore. And beat them he did, for that time at least.

The latest Southern woman aspirant for literary honors is a young story writer of Tennessee who, like Charles Egbert Craddock, writes under a masculine name. Will Allen Drumgoole. But in this case the name is her own real one. Boston pets and fetes Miss Drumgoole, therefore her success must be considered assured.

Resolutions for amendments to the United States constitution show which way the wind begins to blow sometimes. For instance, a petition has been introduced into the senate and house the object of which is to do away with the electoral college and elect president and vice president of the United States by direct vote of the people. Another petition sent to the senate calls for a constitutional amendment which shall more effectually prevent the union of church and state.

The Kalmyyki.

Dr. Hans Kaarberg did not at all believe that the condition of the savage is better off as to health and happiness than that of the civilized man, and Germanlike he undertook to prove it. He made a journey to the steppes of Asia where dwell the barbaric Kalmyyki, otherwise the Kalmuck Tartars, who absolutely and not very respectfully decline thus far to be civilized. Dr. Kaarberg found, of course, that the Kalmyyk's wife was his bond slave. If she left him for a handsomer man the old Mongolian law permits her to be tied to the tail of a wild horse and driven *out over the steppes. It, on the contrary,* the Kalmyyk husband skips with a handsomer woman little or no punishment is meted out to him. But the Kalmyyk women are, as a rule, perfectly healthy and scarcely troubled at all with the ailments that afflict civilized women.

The Kalmyyk is an incorrigible horse thief and drunkard, though he makes a faithful servant. He is brutal when enraged at something weaker than himself, but otherwise cowardly, in which respect he is not altogether different from some civilized men. The Kalmyyki do not have consumption, rheumatism, bronchitis, gout, measles or weak eyes, *neither epilepsy, anæmia nor nervous* prostration. But they have fevers and smallpox constantly, and are dying off before the advance of civilization. So you pays your money and you takes your choice.

About Flower Gardens.

In The Nineteenth Century Sir Herbert Maxwell, Bart., M. P., gives some suggestions regarding which are of use to rich or poor. He writes of the theme in winter because the winter is the time to prepare for a garden, if one is going to have it. A rare glimpse is given us, also of its character at the great bulbist, Limmens, who used to say when he first beheld a field of English gorse, it was so beautiful.

Sir Herbert rejoices that the popular taste is returning from great flaring masses of red and yellow autumn flowers to the old favorites of the Elizabethan age, when outdoor English flowers were celebrated in prose and song. The first essential of a garden, however, is that it should contain some flowers that are in *bloom at all times,* since some of blossoms following one another as their respective months for opening come and pass. It must never be said, "You should have seen our garden a month ago; then it was indeed beautiful." The gardener, professional or amateur, who understands his business will know how to provide for a succession of beautiful blooms—from the crocus that peeps up through the snow to the flower that sheds its fast pale petals when snow comes again.

In England there is one family of plants that will blossom in the dead of winter, "bridging the gulf between the embers of October and the first sparkles of February." This is the hellebore family, to which the Christmas rose belongs. One of these "opens its great bells, of the color of apple blossoms, in the first days of November, thenceforward, blow high, blow low, come sleet or snow or frost or rain, will maintain great wreaths of bloom till well on in January." It is not likely that we could have this plant in the severer climate of the northern part of the United States, still there are portions of the country where it would undoubtedly thrive.

The writer has not half the opinion of forced and hothouse floral beauties that he has of the natural outdoor flowers, and he congratulates us on the increase of these. We have a hundred species to choose from where the Eighteenth century gardener had one. If with all this wealth we do not have lovely gardens it is certainly our own fault. Mr. Maxwell further regrets that statuary has gone out of fashion in the decoration of gardens, for nowhere else can it be used to such advantage, giving as it does a feeling of repose to the beauty of nature all about it.

DEATH MOCKS AT HARRIS

The Student Found Guilty of Murder in the First Degree

FOR POISONING HIS GIRL WIFE.

A Dramatic Scene Was Enacted in Court When the Verdict Was Announced, the Prisoner's Mother Screaming Out, "It's a Lie! It's a Lie!"—Review of the Case.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Carlyle W. Harris, the young student charged with having poisoned his wife, Helen Potts, was found guilty of murder in the first degree by a jury of his peers.

About two weeks ago the case came to trial and has been progressing ever since. Yesterday the summing up occupied most of the day, and early this evening Recorder Smyth charged the jury. They went out about 9:30 and at 10:45 returned a verdict of murder in the first degree.

The verdict was very unexpected to the accused and he broke down completely when it was announced. His mother, who has been constantly at his side during the trial, was very much affected and created a scene. She fell back in her chair shrieking loudly, "*It's a lie—a lie.*"

A Mother's Anguish.

"Oh! my God!" she screamed, and the tone of that scream sent a shudder through every person in that courtroom, excepting one. That one was the convicted man himself. He stood there defiant, facing the jury without a tremor, with face unblanched, while one by one the members of the jury repeated the words of his doom. Still that mother's screams rang out, and as the jurors repeated their verdict she struggled upward from her chair, and in desperation she shook her clenched fists at the jury and cried: "They know it's a lie! They know it's a lie!" The mother's faith, that had blinded her to the appalling mass of evidence which showed her son's guilt, remained with her to the very end, and even after the end came that faith set itself up in defiance of all other opinions, all other conclusions.

CARLYLE W. HARRIS.

As the jury was leaving the courtroom to *commence its deliberations Mrs.* Harris, the mother of the defendant, who had left her seat within the inclosure, broke down and fell upon the floor in hysterics. She clasped her son, the defendant, about the knees and clung to him desperately, weeping and moaning.

"Don't feel so, mother," said Carlyle Harris, putting his hand on his mother's head. The woman continued to sob, however, and the defendant, assisted by his brother, Abready Harris, lifted his mother from the floor and took her to a chair. As he did so he said, "Never mind, mother. Isn't this the moment we've been waiting for for a whole year? Be brave."

History of the Case.

The case has been one of the most sensational of its kind in recent years and has attracted a widespread interest. On Feb. 1, 1891, Helen Potts, daughter of a wealthy railroad contractor of Asbury Park, who was in attendance at a fashionable boarding school in this city, died after a brief illness.

The death at first was supposed to be due to natural causes, and preparations proceeded for the funeral. Then in some manner the name of Carlyle Harris, of Asbury Park, who was studying medicine in this city, became linked with that of the dead girl.

The whispers grew as time progressed, until finally the authorities in this city took cognizance of the matter, and an autopsy was held. In the body of the young lady, which resulted in the discovery that death was due to morphine poisoning. Harris was arrested, and indicted, and then the fact leaked out that he and Miss Potts had been clandestinely married. Facts were developed which showed the young man's character up in no favorable light, and the authorities became convinced that he had murdered the young woman.

MRS. POTTS-HARRIS.

He admitted having prescribed some morphine pills for his wife for some affection which he claimed she was afflicted with, but stated that the pills were not sufficiently large to do her harm.

Harris Cool to the End.

But the evidence submitted to the jury and to Harris' guilt was overwhelming, and the judge remarked after the verdict had been rendered, no other decision could have possibly been reached. As in all capital cases the prosecution had the last word, and when *Colonel Wellman gave a* Scriptural quotation at the close of his address in a deep toned, resonant voice, a thrill went through the audience as though an avenging angel had spoken. "Whosoever sheddeth man's blood, by man's hand his blood shall be shed."

The accused man had stood the strain of Colonel Wellman's terrible arraignment without any apparent quiver of a muscle, but he got red and white by turns, and his big eyes blinked very fast as Colonel Wellman was closing, and it seemed evident that if the ordeal of the summing up speech lasted much longer, the nervy young man would have broken down.

As it was, the conquerors of the accused throughout the most trying day of the trial was little less than marvelous. It was a magnificent exhibition of self control, whether it came from conscious innocence or from sheer bravado, and when the verdict was announced he was, apparently, the coolest person in the room. It is understood that the prisoner will be sentenced next Monday. The case will be appealed.

In Hydrophobia's Agony.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 3.—Policeman Peter T. Chandler died here after writhing in intense agony for the last three days from hydrophobia. He was bitten by a dog six weeks ago.

Lansford Wants a National Bank.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The Lansford National bank of Lansford Pass has asked for authority to establish a national bank.

Register For Resigns.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—D. M. Fox, register of the land office at Des Moines, Ia., has resigned.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

Senator Voorhees Denies an Alleged Disbrow with Quay, Cameron and Higgins.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The temperature of the senate chamber was perceptibly raised by several disputes during the morning hour by a personal explanation which Mr. Voorhees, of Indiana, made in reference to a Washington dispatch in a Philadelphia paper which, he stated, he considered, as he contended, of violating senatorial courtesy and attempting to make a dicker with the Pennsylvania senators, Quay and Cameron, and the Republican senator from Delaware, Mr. Higgins, to defeat the Democratic selection for United States circuit judge from their state, Mr. Bradley, in return for their assistance in defeating the nomination of Judge Woods, of Indiana, to a circuit judgeship in that circuit.

Mr. Voorhees characterized the statement as untrue, and attached to it and to its authors a number of exceedingly forcible epithets. He was sustained in the main features of his denial by Senators Quay, Cameron and Higgins and by Mr. Wilson (Iowa), of the judiciary committee. When the excitement raised by this incident had quieted down the senate took up the Manderson bill to regulate the public printing, and had discussed less than half the details of that measure when executive session was called. The presidential nominations sent in during the day were referred, and the senate adjourned.

The proceedings in the house were devoid of special interest, the entire session being devoted to a discussion of the rules, which was confined to that subject, being largely technical in character, and little digression was made into political discussion.

Representative Grady introduced a bill to reduce the president's salary to $25,000 a year, to reduce all other salaries, wages, fees and commutations exceeding $100 and less than $167 per month by 10 per cent.; ranging from $167 to $250, 15 per cent.; exceeding $500, except in the case of the salary of the president and other salaries forbidden by law to be reduced, 20 per cent.

The Democratic caucus called for Friday night next has been declared off. Representative Harter, of Ohio, who circulated the call, said: "I have decided not to press the call for a caucus this week on the silver question. Frankly, I think the danger of silver legislation for this session has passed."

FASHIONS

At a Children's Party.

ALL HANDS AROUND.

A simple, but graceful little dress was worn at a child's party recently, and is shown above *It was a Grecian style of* dress in white cashmere with bronze silk Greek designs; black stockings and white satin sash.

Can Folly Go Farther?

There is a code of fashion in relation to the *garments worn by ladies' pet dogs.* Its latest edicts in regard to canine fashions set forth that at breakfast only a simple garment of blue or white flannel should be worn, and a collar at this hour of the day is considered vulgar. For the morning walk a close-fitting coat of striped or spotted English cheviot with a mantle well covering the chest is correct, with a leather collar of antique gold or silver. For the afternoon drive the costume is of blue or fawn cloth, with a collar of velvet hung with tiny medallions, and for evening dress the pet is draped in a gown of velvet richly embroidered, and has the family crest embroidered on his collar.

The Cleopatra Girdle.

The Cleopatra girdle has become a reality in these days of soft swathing draperies, the effect of which would be ruined by even the suggestion of a corset. It is scarcely stiffer than a Jersey and has not sufficient consistance to hold the figure in place without giving a single artificial line. It is comfortable beyond words, but being so short can obviously be worn only by slight, willowy women.

The silk Roman sashes are the rage again. They are in all the tints of the rainbow and have a very deep silk fringe, *making a graceful back drapery to a plain* evening gown.

A Famous Hotel to Be Closed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The Grand Central hotel, famous as the place where Ed Stokes shot Colonel Jim Fisk, after years of service as a hostelry, will close its doors on Thursday next on account of poor business.

Expelled from the G. A. R.

ALBANY, Feb. 3.—The following order has been issued to Quarrels Adam Newkirk, of Phil Kearney post, No. 8, is dishonorably discharged and dismissed from the Grand Army of the Republic."

Crushed to Death by a Tree.

STANTON, N. J., Feb. 3.—Walter Bishop, a wealthy young farmer, was killed instantly by the cutting down of a tree on his farm while the trunk suddenly fell on him and crushed him to death.

The Fleet Did Not Foil.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 3.—The dispatch announcing the failure of the trustees of the Varnish company of this city was entirely erroneous. Its affairs were never more prosperous.

A Forlorn Hope on the Zider.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The captain and crew of the crew of the Elder remain on board of the forlorn hope that something may be done tomorrow to float the steamer.

This Murder Is a Mystery.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 3.—Augustus Lentz, who was charged with *Mrs. Beahn's murder,* and proven guilty, is at present more worried when the murder was committed.

KIDNAPED FOR RANSOM.

A Wealthy Man's Son Carried Off from Broad Daylight.

$6,000 DEMANDED FOR HIS RETURN.

Charles Waterbury, the Child's Father, Is Notified That Unless He Pays That Amount to the Abductors He Will Never See His Boy Again.

POUND RIDGE, N. Y., Feb. 3.—One of the boldest cases of kidnaping ever perpetrated in this state was committed late yesterday afternoon, and as a result the residents in this section are in a state of the greatest excitement. Charles Waterbury is one of the wealthiest and most prominent men in this section. He resides in Pound Ridge, but only half of his farm lies in this township, the other lying in Long Ridge, Conn. Mr. Waterbury claims to be a citizen of New York state. He has a wife and two children by a former wife, aged 7 years, and a younger son, four years of age. Ward attended district school No. 1 in Pound Ridge, of which Miss Stead is the teacher. The distance from the Waterbury homestead to the school house is about two miles.

As his eight-year-old son, Ward, was returning from school with a companion about his own age, he was stopped in the road by three men, who seized and carried him to a carriage close by. When evening came and the boy did not return the parents became alarmed, and Mr. Waterbury went out to seek him, but to no purpose. When he got home he found his nephew, Charles Waterbury, waiting for him with a letter, which, the nephew said, had been given him by a strange man, with instructions to deliver it to Charles F. Waterbury. Mr. Waterbury opened the letter, which read as follows:

$6,000 Ransom Demanded.

To Mr. Charles F. Waterbury:

SIR—I have you as prepared to deliver the sum of $6,000 in cash as a ransom to us you will never see your son again. The money to be at Miller's bridge, in front of Miller's mill, one mile east of Bedford court house, at midnight Tuesday.

There was no signature to the letter. Mr. Waterbury closely questioned his nephew Charles regarding the appearance of the man who had given him the letter. The nephew then told all that he knew of his uncle:

"I was fox hunting near Long Ridge and was returning home when I met a one horse wagon coming down the road. It was driven by a rough looking man, and two more men of similar appearance were walking a short distance behind the wagon.

As the wagon passed I noticed an object wrapped up in a blanket lying in the bottom of the wagon. I paid little attention to what I saw at the time, but I am now convinced that the object in the wagon was little Ward. As the wagon passed, one of the men who was walking handed me the letter and requested that I give it to Charles F. Waterbury. He said that it was of the utmost importance that Mr. Waterbury should receive it that night. I did not suspect that the men who were going when I saw them in the direction of Stamford, Conn.

The Parents Frantic.

Mr. Waterbury and his family were almost driven wild on the receipt of this startling note. What to do they did not know. Finally Mr. Waterbury drove to Greenwich and notified the authorities there. Telegrams were sent to New York asking the aid of the metropolitan police, and neighbors and friends were notified of the disappearance of the child.

Miller's bridge, where the child is to be delivered up, is in a secluded locality near a small place called Bedford. The bridge is built across a small stream and is in the midst of a large open lot, and no one can approach it without being seen from the bridge. The locality is a particularly bad one, and timid people never cross the bridge at nightfall if it can be helped.

The place has been the hangout for a bad gang of young and old roughs and tramps for years past, and many a robbery is reported within its domain.

Willing to Pay for His Child.

Mr. Waterbury, this afternoon went to the bank and drew out $6,000, which he says he will pay to the abductors of his child, and make no fuss, as soon as they produce his little one. The detectives and local police have been kept busy driving from one place to another today hunting through deserted farmhouses and outbuildings and in suspicious places for some trace of the boy, but at nightfall they had not succeeded in finding any.

Mr. Waterbury feels sure that no one took the child for a grudge against him but merely for the sake of ransom. It is said that five or six years ago a man named Jos Hitchcock worked for Mr. Waterbury as a farmhand, and finally disappeared with a valuable horse belonging to his employer. Hitchcock was afterward captured, the horse recovered, and was given a term of five years' imprisonment in Sing Sing prison. Mr. Waterbury and his friends think that perhaps this man is the leader of the kidnapers.

Miss Johnson May Go Mad.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 3.—The attorneys for the defendant will not ask the trial of Miss Mitchell, slayer of Freda Ward, for two weeks. The confinement in jail is telling terribly on Miss Johnson, and unless she be removed to more pleasant quarters and separated from Miss Mitchell, she will lose her mind.

He Turned the Wringer Wrong.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Feb. 3.—The Rev. Albert Witham, of Solon township, has filed a complaint against his wife Lottie. He says she slapped him violently in the face because he did not turn the clothes wringer just right.

Colonel Hernandez Shot.

CITY OF MEXICO, Feb. 3.—Colonel Hernandez, who was recently condemned to death by a court martial at Monterey for sympathizing with Garza, made an attempt to escape and was shot by a guard.

The Danger of Leaking Gas.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Seven persons were made unconscious by leaking gas in a tenement house here, and were taken out just in time to save their lives.

Murdered His Father-in-law.

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—Carmeno Venuto has been arrested here for the murder of his father-in-law near Naples on Oct. 28, 1890.

Minister McCoy's Departure.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Mr. W. D. McCoy, of Indiana, the newly appointed minister to Liberia, will leave for his post Saturday.

The Victoria Will Be Saved.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The British war ship Victoria has been half floated, and she will be saved.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

Electrical Execution Bill Passes Both Houses and Goes to the Governor.

ALBANY, Feb. 3.—Colonel W. L. Brown's bill permitting nightly accredited correspondents attached to newspapers in this state to witness electrical executions has passed both branches and is now in Governor Flower's hands. The bill gives the governing power is vested in the agent or warden of the prison.

The anti-trust bill, which was introduced in the senate last year by Senator Roesch and which met an untimely fate by the dead lock at the close of the session, reappeared in charge of its original sponsor.

Bills Passed—Mr. Farquhar introduced the Sullivan bill of last year providing that no machinery not run by hand shall be used in penal institutions, and that convicts shall be employed in industries requiring no machinery.

Bills Passed—Mr. Farquhar's amending the military code by providing for the establishment of a signal corps in the National Guard. Mr. Sulzer's increasing the costs that may be allowed district attorneys for collecting the collateral inheritance tax.

The State to General Sherman.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—General Henderson, Senator Sherman and General Schofield, having charge of the proposition to erect an equestrian statue to General Sherman in this city, have decided that the best site is that directly in front of the treasury department on the south side, facing Pennsylvania avenue. Congress is expected to make an appropriation of $55,000, and military organizations are raising money for the erection of the statue.

He Turned on the Gas.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—A man attempted suicide in the Putnam House by turning on the gas and was found unconscious. In his room were two letters, one addressed to Mrs. G. L. Thompson, South Twenty-second street, Philadelphia, and one to Mrs. L. C. O'Donnell, Lexington avenue, this city. The former is supposed to be his mother and the latter his sister. He may recover.

Buried with Military Honors.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 3.—General Henry A. Barnum was buried in Oakwood cemetery with military honors. All the local military companies and Grand Army posts, with the Twenty-fourth Separate company, of Oswego, accompanied the remains to the grave, over which three volleys were fired as a final tribute to the departed hero.

Its Assets Wiped Out.

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—The Universal Banking association, a short period endowment order, has closed its doors, and certificate holders are demanding their money in vain. The first certificates of the order were soon to mature, but the company is without assets, heavy expenses having wiped out the contributions.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is

Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent* a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass

is constructed to meet the wants of those who require a large field glass at a moderate outlay. Every farmer will understand the advantage of being able to quickly see the movements of his employees or of his neighbors' crops at a distance; also of insect invasion upon fruit trees, &c. In the QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS he will have an invaluable assistant for these purposes.

Prices { Smallest size $5.50 / Largest size 12.00 } All in sizes and qualities kept in stock. Sent to any address on receipt of price by insured mail, postpaid.

QUEEN & CO.,

—Manufacturers—

924 Chestnut St. Philadelphia.

"The Very Best"

is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction to me the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.

Put you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Worsteds, Embroidery Silks, and stamps of linen goods.

C. E. CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

No. 9 East Front street.

C. DICKINSON

OPTICIAN

and

JEWELER,

has a full line of

JEWELRY

for

HOLIDAY

PRESENTS.

Also Gold frame Spectacles and Eye Glasses to suit all sights.

13 PARK AVE.

Do not forget the number.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

PAINLESS EFFECTUAL

BEECHAM'S PILLS

PATENT PILLS.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX

Of all druggists. Price 25c. cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION.

73 Park Avenue.

HOME MADE

—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—

FRESH EVERY DAY.

50c. a Bottle

for

EMULSION

of

COD LIVER OIL,

with HYPOPHOSPATES,

at

Williams' Pharmacy,

No. 80 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

WHAT'S THAT?

Oh, only the usual fall in prices before taking our annual inventory.

Read a few of the Bargains!

100 dcs. Towels at 7c., worth 10c. Good Gingham 5c. Worsted Dress Goods 11c., formerly 18c. Best Prints 5c. Fruit of the Loom 8c. Jersey Knit Skirts 50c., formerly 75c. Heavy Toweling 4c. Our 50c. Corset we will sell for 39c.

REMNANTS of all kinds at HALF PRICE.

Ingrain Carpets 25, 35, 43 and 49c. Mattings 12 1-2c. Oil Cloths 25c. Ladies', Misses and Children's Cloaks in large variety at greatly reduced prices. Agency for King's Dying Company, of Easton, Pa.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

DON'T FORGET

In making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

AT LINBARGER'S, the Tailor,

NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for *ready made garments.*

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages or all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for horses' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

THE BEE HIVE

Men's Unlaundried Shirts, The "Pride." A quality, good linen bosom, heavy muslin, reinforced front and double back.....50c.

The "Pride," B quality, made of best muslin and fine linen bosom, the best shirt in the world.....69c.

Boys' "Pride" shirts.....45c.

Youths' "Pride," shirts, this size shirt can only be obtained at the "Bee Hive" in Plainfield.....69c.

Louis Callman.

40 WEST FRONT STREET

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

60 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly established Electrical Mechanical screen for coal coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other process in use.

Office [Lehigh and Hemlock Coal Co.'s] Docks quicker and better than carried in bags.

HOUSE AND HEATED LORRIES.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for furnishing coal, and solicits the favor of a call, and is prepared to execute orders with promptness in the best manner at short notice.

THEIR BLOOD WAS EVIDENTLY IMPURE.

R. Pendleton of the Cottage "after two doctors, who had been treating me for blood poison, had given me up to die, I commenced using S. S. S. Marvelous and specific blood purifier. Sold by druggists. Treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free.

S. S. S. Co., Atlanta, Ga.

and Electric Baths as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES, CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPEPSIA and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

61 East Second street, corner Washington

NOTICE!

I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my

Liberty Street Market

where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices

GOOD -:- MEAT!

Of all kinds.

Charles Arnold,

21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIARWOOD PIPES,

Holders and Segars for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

SEGAR STORE,

42 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved manner. Our

The most costly fabrics are very often ruined by improper laundering. Leave yourselves to us and be sure of good work. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,

14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

SAVE FIFTY PER CENT.

For the purpose of advertising more extensively the quality of our work, we will

Hang all Paper,

Purchased from us during DECEMBER, for

HALF :- PRICE.

Our stock consists of all the latest designs.

A. D. Van Sciver,

Opposite Depot, (Chenoa Building,) 47 North Avenue.

Professional Cards.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 28 West Front street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Special Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Particular care to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TRAIL,
Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 22 and 23. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield N. J.

PLAINFIELD

CODDLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Prices reasonable. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Dr. Jones' residence, corner of Second and Liberty streets, or at Jones' Coal, Lime, Garden and Field Fertilizers, P. O. box 666. Telephone call 26.

PURE MILK.

Delivered to any part of the city by

D. H. G. McMICHAEL.

A postal addressed to No. 60 East Front street will receive prompt attention. 999

SALISBURY HAS SPOKEN.

England's Premier Boldly Defines His Party's Policy.

WILL FIGHT SECESSION TO THE END

Threats to Abolish the House of Lords if Irish Home Rule Is Defeated Go for Naught—The Catholic Church in Ireland Denounced as Hostile to England.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—It was anticipated that at Exeter Lord Salisbury would deliver an address on the course of his party in regard to the coming general election. Therefore the attendance of Conservatives and their Liberal Unionist allies included many from other places, anxious to hear the premier's remarks.

Lord Salisbury, after alluding to the prosperous condition of the empire and the satisfactory prospects abroad, said that, as bearing upon the great issue of whether the United Kingdom should remain united or separation take the place of union, the recent elections were unimportant. Even the coming general election would be merely the opening stage in a protracted struggle.

The supporters of the union would fight the issue to the very end and by every constitutional means. They would not be deterred from taking advantage of every safeguard provided by the constitution, regardless of the threats made by certain speakers on the other side as to what would happen to the house of lords should that body undertake to reject an Irish home rule measure passed by the commons.

The Catholics Attacked.

Such a threat would have no influence whatever. The lords would be justified in requiring that a measure so important should be submitted to the people, and that they should have a chance to pass intelligently upon its provisions.

It was important for the opponents of separation to remember that, however much Irishmen quarreled among themselves, they were united on the issue of the lowest terms which they could accept from England, and these involved virtual separation from Great Britain, coupled with papal dominance in Irish affairs through the medium of the Roman Catholic hierarchy, whose power in Irish politics has been so signally displayed.

The Roman church in Ireland had always been hostile to England. Englishmen had now ar ived at the turning point of the ways when they would be summoned to show the qualities whereby their ancestors in former ages had obtained their empire and to prove whether they were worthy to retain it.

It Caused a Sensation.

As Lord Salisbury uttered the closing remarks he showed more than usual energy in his tone and manner, and his earnestness made a deep impression. The speech has created a profound sensation. It is generally accepted as indicating an early election, probably next summer. It is also accepted as a throwing down of the gauge on the part of the Tories to the effect that they will use the house of lords to defeat Irish home rule and defend the authority of that house by any means that may be necessary. The speech is universally construed as proof that the Tories are desperate and mean to make a stand for the home rule issue against the tide of radicalism. The demonstration at Exeter was highly successful, a great display of enthusiasm being developed in spite of the drenching rain.

Special trains brought thousands of people from London and other cities, the various delegations being accompanied by bands. As darkness approached the storm grew worse and the torrents of rain extinguished the gas devices, which had been arranged with such mottoes as "Welcome Salisbury," "Peace with Honor," etc.

Ten Thousand Listened.

The building where the principal meeting was held was a structure erected especially for this occasion, standing in a large open field and christened "Salisbury Hall." The edifice was 232 feet long, 200 feet broad and 80 feet high, and was constructed of wood, with a covering of felt. Its cost was $10,000. The hall was very conveniently arranged, there being thirteen doors for entrance and exit. A corps of 600 workmen had been attended to the reception and seating of the delegates as they arrived.

There were 10,000 people in the audience. A chorus of 300 voices sang "Hearts of Oak" and other popular songs while the meeting was awaiting the arrival of Lord Salisbury, and when he appeared "Rule, Britannia" and other stirring anthems were heard. The arrival of the premier was announced by a fanfare of trumpets, and on catching sight of the distinguished guest, the audience, all standing, cheered lustily, the applause lasting fully five minutes. Lord Salisbury's face remained perfectly expressionless during this ovation, in which he seemed to see nothing personal to himself.

The impression given by the speech was that the general elections will be held during the coming summer.

Opposed to the Early Convention.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The committee in charge of the movement against an early Democratic state convention say many hundred Democrats request the call for the mass meeting, at which letters will be read from men in all parts of the state, who are also opposed to the early convention.

Millionaire Hopkins Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 3.—Mark Hopkins, the millionaire, died here. He was taken down with the grip a short while ago, and this so weakened him that he was unable to withstand an attack of heart trouble. His estate is valued at $3,000,000.

Grip Fatal to Old People.

GALENA, Ills., Feb. 3.—*The mortality here during January was the greatest ever known.* There were thirty-five deaths, the grip being responsible for two-thirds of them. Old people suffered the most.

The Petrel at Singapore.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—News was received at the navy department of the arrival of the United States steamer Petrel at Singapore on her way to China.

A Cotton Steamer Sunk.

BEAUMONT, Tex., Feb. 3.—The Neches river steamer Charles Lee, loaded with cotton, sank near Wright's Landing, and will be a total loss.

An Indian Fugitist.

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 3.—The Indian Spotted Horse in a prize fight here knocked out McManus, of New York, in nineteen rounds.

Medical Men in Session.

ALBANY, Feb. 3.—The eighty-sixth annual meeting of the Medical Society of the State of New York is in session here.

MET HIS MATCH

He had fought the polar bear
All the lion in his lair,
He had monkeyed with gorillas on the shores of Bengucla;
With a boa constrictor big
He had often danced a jig,
And he kept a potted monster of the dreaded name of Gila.

He had ridden on the tail
Of a North Pacific whale,
He'd attended shark reunions off the Spanish Main,
He had flipped the heel and toe
With an elephant or so,
And he'd fought a dozen duels with the deep and deadly Lascar.

But he took himself a wife
In the very prime of life,
And sent him out, for ribbons and some things that he might fetch her;
And he started on a hop
To the very nearest shop
But just fifty minutes later he was brought home on a stretcher.

—TOM MASON in Cloak Review.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Twenty persons lost their lives as a result of the election riots in Buda Pest last week.

The Brazilian minister of war has resigned. The minister of marine has been appointed to succeed him, and will hold both portfolios ad interim.

Hon. Edwin G. Eastman, of Exeter, has been nominated for attorney general of New Hampshire, vice Daniel Bernard, of Franklin, deceased.

A. Dupire, of Cote St. Louis, near Montreal, and his three children were terribly injured by the explosion of a dynamite cartridge he was thawing out.

The president and members of his cabinet have left Washington for Gettysburg, where on June 2, when the High Water Mark monument will be dedicated.

Ex-President Cleveland will address the university of Ann Arbor on Feb. 22, and a public reception will be tendered him in Detroit the same evening.

President Gilman, of the Johns Hopkins university, will preside at an anti-lottery meeting in Baltimore next Sunday. Cardinal Gibbons is among the vice presidents.

Three of the seven congressional district Alliance organizations in Kansas have served notice that they will send contesting delegations to St. Louis on Feb. 22.

A boat belonging to her majesty's steamer Belle Isle, the coast guards' vessel at Kingstown, foundered in Dublin bay. Four of her crew were drowned.

A bottle which was found floating near Lerwick, the chief town of Mainland, one of the Shetland islands on Dressy sound, has been picked up, containing a message from Fowla, an island of the Shetland group, stating that the inhabitants of Fowla are on the verge of starvation.

An Ovation to Cleveland.

ATLANTA, Feb. 3.—Ex-President Cleveland passed through here en route from New Orleans. At Central station he was given a tremendous ovation. Fully 5,000 people were assembled in and around the station, cannon saluted the arrival of the train, and before it had stopped Governor Northern had got aboard the train and introduced Mr. Cleveland to the multitude. For twenty minutes he shook hands with the crowd, and in response to a call he made a few remarks, thanking the people for their cordial reception, and expressing his pleasant remembrances of his visit here five years ago. He had declined all previous invitations to speak, he said, but it would require a man with greater backbone than he was reputed to have to resist such an outpouring.

The First Claim Against Chili.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The first claim for indemnity against the Chilian government, for assault upon the United States steamer Baltimore's sailors, was filed at the state department today by W. W. Kerr, of Philadelphia, attorney for the heirs of William Riggin, who was killed by the Valparaiso mob on Oct. 16. The petition, which is addressed to the secretary of state, is signed by John I. Riggin, Mary Zimmerman and Ella Matthews, brother and sisters of Riggin.

He Gets a New Union Jack.

MONTREAL, Feb. 3.—A new Union Jack, purchased by subscriptions, has been sent to Captain O'Grady, of the British ship Glendon, who refused to haul down his colors at Bridgeport, Conn., at the demand of an excited mob. There is considerable amusement here at the efforts of the American press to give the Bridgeport incident an English twist by reporting the name of the captain of the Glendon as Trowbridge, when as a matter of fact it was O'Grady.

A Son Shoots His Father Dead.

SAVANNAH, Feb. 3.—Deputy Collector of Customs David Porter was shot dead by his son, David Porter, Jr., aged sixteen. The elder Porter came home a maniac from drink and began to abuse the members of his family. When he attempted to chastise his wife the son shot him. The coroner's jury discharged the boy.

Mr. Cleveland Leaves for Home.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 3.—Ex-President Cleveland has left New Orleans for home.

ONLY CHARRED BODIES REMAIN.

Three Killed and Several Injured in a Newark, N. J., Fire.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 3.—A frightful explosion has occurred in this city, by which three people were instantly killed and several others injured. The accident occurred at the hat factory of J. Bummel, at the corner of Johnson and Rawson streets. An alcohol condenser, which is used by the firm to stiffen hats, was out of repair and several plumbers were at work fixing it when the flames from the torch which they carried ignited the alcohol, and a terrible explosion followed. The machine was in a small building, 20 by 47 feet, and the roof and sides were completely blown out. The three men who were working at the machine were buried under the debris, which took fire, and now only two charred bodies can be found, the other being missing.

The dead are Oscar Leurich, plumber; Alfred D. Andersen, plumber's helper, nineteen years old; Dan O'Keefe, from Newburg, N. Y., plumber's helper, twenty-eight years old.

The body of Dan O'Keefe has not yet been found, but it is supposed to be under the ruins. The machine that caused such awful destruction was the invention of a man named Cook, of New York, and had been out of order every few days since it had been placed in the building. Leurich had been employed to fix the machine every time it had become disarranged and was quite familiar with it. He was thirty-two years old and leaves a widow and five children. The only manner in which his body could be identified was by its size, he being a very broad shouldered person.

The injured persons are only slightly hurt, being cut and bruised by flying missiles. The report of the explosion was heard several miles away.

THAYER STILL HOLDS ON.

He Proposes to Act as Nebraska's Governor for a Month More.

OMAHA, Feb. 3.—A dispatch from Lincoln says: John L. Webster, Thayer's attorney, came down to Lincoln and was closeted with the ex-governor for some hours. The entire situation was carefully reviewed and Webster put forth the strongest endeavors and most clinching arguments to prove to his client that the best thing that he could do at the present time would be to simply step down and out, surrendering the office to Governor Boyd without further delay. But Thayer was obdurate, and said that he should continue to exercise the office of governor until he received a mandate from a court from which there was no appeal. "I am governor now," he said, "and I shall continue so for at least a month." Nothing would shake him in his determination and he will hold to his resolution.

Governor Boyd said he had not decided on what course to pursue. He expects Thayer to notify him to come and take office, but the latter has not yet done so and, if disposed, can hang on until the supreme court mandate issues on Feb. 29. Governor Boyd has notified his former appointees that he is governor and they are preparing to resume charge of their respective stations. State Treasurer Hill, whose bond application, also was rejected by Thayer, has notified oil companies that his is the only inspection that will go, and they have recognized him. It is possible that the personnel of the executive department will be entirely reorganized without resistance from the Thayer outfit.

A Railroad Man Assassinated.

PINE BLUFF, Ark., Feb. 3.—W. A. McKinzie, agent and operator at Watson, Ark., for the St. Louis and South western railroad, was assassinated about midnight. It is believed that he was murdered by tramps who contemplated robbery, and who were frightened away before they could execute their design. They will be tracked by bloodhounds.

He Was Related to Mrs. Cleveland.

IRONTON, O., Feb. 3.—Charles Wilbur Folsom, a well known commercial traveler, fell dead in his hotel here while suffering from the grip. He lingered several hours after shooting himself and pleaded earnestly with the doctor to save his life, but he died. He was a distant relative of Mrs. Grover Cleveland.

Want Government Land Loans.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The treasury department is receiving a number of letters from people who think the government loans money at 2 per cent from $1,000 to $5,000 to be forwarded to them as a loan on their land, or that they be advanced loans to buy lands and the land accepted as security.

Yard's Bail Increased.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—H. H. Yard, who was arrested charged with aiding and abetting Gibbon W. Marsh and Charles W. Lawrence in misapplication of the funds of the Keystone bank, was given a hearing, at the conclusion of which Yard was held for court and his bail increased from $15,000 to $50,000.

All Have Been Rescued.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—A message from Delaware Breakwater says the schooner Servia has on board men supposed to have been the crew of the steamer Switzerland. All are reported to have been rescued. No. 2. This completes the list of the eighteen men who were driven to sea by the gale last week.

More Hebrews in the Mills.

LOWELL, Mass., Feb. 3.—Several families of Russian Jews have reached Lowell from the Baron Association of New York, and some have obtained work in the mills. The labor unions will take action in the matter.

Pennsylvania and the Fair.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 3.—The chairmen and secretaries of the various World's fair committees of this state are holding a session here this afternoon in the house of Pennsylvania's display at the exhibition.

Elkins' Granddaughter Dead.

TRENTON, Feb. 3.—Stephen B. Elkins, secretary of war, will come to Trenton Thursday to attend the funeral of his granddaughter, Hallie Elkins Oliphant, who has just died, aged eight months.

Over Four Hundred Drowned.

YOKOHOMA, Feb. 3.—The Chinese steamer Nanchow has been lost. There were over 400 Chinese on board besides six Europeans. All hands perished except twenty-nine Chinamen.

May Boycott the Fair.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The executive council of the Federation of Labor says if the World's fair authorities do not recognize union labor the exposition will be boycotted.

A Savings Bank Fails.

OMAHA, Feb. 3.—The Commercial and Savings State bank at Kearney, capital $100,000, has closed its doors.

Dosch's Want Egan Recalled.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The Herald's Valparaiso correspondent says Chili does not now want Egan recalled.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn

8 North Avenue.

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE BEF TEA

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, Creamed Pepper Corn, Succotash & Morrill Paris Sugar Corn, Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Earl Tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's Stewed Tomatoes, Fort & Webterner's extra sifted Peas, Golden Gate Peas, Parisian pearl, June Peas, Stamburg Springless Beans, Hudson River Asparagus and tips.

Special reduction given by the case and down. Also a fine assortment of Gerden & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats.

70 BROADWAY.

E. H. HOLMES.

DEALER IN

Coal and Wood.

Best quality of Lehigh Coal kept constantly on hand.

OFFICE, with Woolston & Buckle.

27 North Avenue

YARD, 24 MADISON AVENUE.

Opposite Electric Light Station.

PEANUTS &c. PER QUART.

FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.

Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.

I have thoroughly renovated the store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.

DAVID CLARKE,

(Successor to J. K. Clark, deceased.

BROWN & BILL,

Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in CORCH'S HOTEL, NO. 5 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Boot black stand connected with the shop.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

28 E. Second Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

On good working pants.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alice H. Pell, P. O. Box 1099.

PIANO LESSONS
Instruction and entertainment in French, Location. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Summer time. Principal Plainfield High school, and other references. For terms and time, address, write to Prof. L. Vircux, care of Misses Berthier and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,
Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED SUNDAY, Sept. 14th, 1891.
For information call at the Academy or address EDWARD N. HARNED, Principal, 107 Park Ave., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S
KINDERGARTEN
and School,
15 GROVE STREET.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of pianoforte. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Latest terms to classes. Best of references. No. 14 Somerset Street.

Lodges.

Fraternity and Protection.
1873. Membership, 126,000. 1891.
Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization. WETUMPKA LODGE, 3401, KNIGHTS OF HONOR, meets First and Third Thursday evenings, in Wetumpka Lodge Room, Music Hall Building.
Louis F. Van Alstyne, Dictator.
Ralph A. Frey, Reporter.

Wetumpka Commandery, No. 84, second and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 12 30 ly

Special Notices.

H. N. SPENCER,
70 and 72 Somerset street, grocer and cookman. Choice groceries, provisions and produce; white granite, C. C. yellow rock stone and flint glass ware; fancy and hanging baskets; pure cider vinegar four years old. Best grade ammunition.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Intelligence Office, 24 West Front street. Three girls were sent to Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 30 7

ROGERS GROUPS,
Rare Etchings and Engravings, Artist's materials, at Swain's, 23 West Front street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

BARGAINS.
In sugars, teas, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Farris iron wagon. John F. Webb, Rose street, North Plainfield.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS
For sale cheap and on Improved Payments. Apply to Somerset street. Address
R. F. M. CRANE,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. G. Mulford Real Estate Office, 107 Park Ave. 25 feet above the sea level

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:25, 9:50, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4:40, 6:25, 9:30 p. m.
Close—7:45 a. m., 12:30, 4:30, 6:30, 9:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—9:50 a. m., 4:40, 9:30 p. m.
Close—9:45 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 6:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

E. S. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time-table in effect Nov. 15th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 7:14, 8:27, 8:58, 9:48, 11:08, 11:58, 12:48, 1:38, 2:28, 3:18, 4:08, 4:58, 5:48, 6:38, 7:28, 7:56, 8:38, 9:18, 10:08, 10:58, 11:48 p. m. 12:38 night. Sunday, 2:14, 4:14, 4:56, 5:56, 6:56, 7:56, 8:56, 9:56, 10:56, 11:56 a. m., 12:56 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St., 8:30, 10:05, 11:00, 12:00, 12:40, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. 12:30 night. Sunday, 4:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 7:10, 8:07, 9:45, 11:03 a. m., 12:22, 1:54, 3:07, 4:30, 5:20, 6:30, 7:30, 8:36, 9:45, 11:15 p. m. 12:45 night. Sunday, 9:45, 11:03 a. m., 12:22, 1:54, 3:07, 4:30, 5:20, 6:30, 7:30, 8:36, 9:45, 11:15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 7:45 a. m., 2:05 p. m. Sunday at 5:45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 7:10, 9:45 a. m., 1:00, 5:20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5:45 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesarre and Scranton.
10 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton and Allentown.
9:45 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesarre, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesarre, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Reading and Williamsport.
1:30 p. m. for D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Wilkesarre, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc. Parlor car to Mauch Chunk.
5:20 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg.
6:30 p. m. for Flemington.
7:30 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.
8:36 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.
9:45 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesarre and Scranton. 5:15 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, etc. 2:05 p. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Reading and Harrisburg.
6:30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 7:00, 11:03 a. m., 12:22, 3:41, 5:20 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 9:45 a. m., 4:30 p. m. For Perth Amboy 7:45, 9:05, 11:03 a. m., 12:22, 3:41, 5:20, 7:30 p. m. Sunday 9:45 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

SOUTH SHORE ROUTE.
For Philadelphia 1:00, 6:57, 7:30, 9:5, 10:47 a. m. 12:27, 1:38, 3:06, 4:30, 5:05, 6:30, 7:58, 8:38, 9:15, 11:46 p. m. 12:01 night. Sundays at 7:30, 11:15 a. m., 3:06, 5:05, 6:30, 7:58, 8:38, 9:15, 11:46 p. m. 12:01 night. For Trenton 9:30, 9:47 a. m. 12:27, 1:38, 3:06, 4:30, 5:05, 6:30, 7:58, 8:38, 9:15, 11:46 p. m. 12:01 night. Sundays at 7:30, 11:15 a. m., 3:06, 5:05, 6:30, 7:58, 8:38, 9:15, 11:46 p. m. 12:01 night. For Baltimore and Washington at 9:30 a. m., 12:27 p. m. Sundays at 7:30 a. m. For Atlantic City, 9:30 a. m. Sundays at 7:30 a. m. For Cape May, 9:30 a. m. Sundays at 7:30 a. m. For Wilmington, 9:30 a. m., 12:27 p. m. Sundays at 7:30 a. m. For Delaware Division points, 9:30 a. m., 12:27 p. m. Sundays at 7:30 a. m.

For tickets and information apply at the company's office, 229 Broadway, New York, and at the station in Jersey City.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen'l Supt.
J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.
Standard time of America.

Protected throughout by the inter-locking switch and block signal system.

On and after Nov. 15th, 1891, trains leave Elizabeth as follows:

4:30 a. m.—Western Express daily, with Pullman Vestibule, parlor and sleeping cars daily for Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Cleveland and St. Louis, only except Saturday, for Chicago and Toledo.

7:00 p. m.—Western Express daily, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, daily except Saturday for Cleveland, Toledo, Wilmington, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

8:45 p. m.—Pacific Express, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars, daily for Pittsburg, Chicago and Toledo, daily except Saturday, for Cleveland.

For Baltimore, Washington and the South—1:00, 6:57, 7:30, 9:50 a. m., 12:30 p. m. Sunday at 1:00, 6:30, 9:00 a. m.; 9:30 p. m.

For Philadelphia—1:00, 6:57, 7:30, 9:50, 10:47 a. m., 12:27, 1:38, 3:06, 4:30, 5:05, 6:30, 7:58, 8:38, 9:15, 11:46 p. m. 12:01 night. Sundays at 7:30, 11:15 a. m.; 3:06, 5:05, 6:30, 7:58, 8:38, 9:15, 11:46 p. m.

For Trenton—1:00, 6:57, 7:30, 9:50, 10:47 a. m., 12:27, 1:38, 3:06, 4:30, 5:05, 6:30, 7:58, 8:38, 9:15, 11:46 p. m. 12:01 night. Sundays at 7:30, 11:15 a. m., 3:06, 5:05, 6:30, 7:58, 8:38, 9:15, 11:46 p. m.

For Atlantic City, daily, except Sundays, with day coaches attached, 1:30 p. m.

For Long Branch—7:00, 8:44, 9:46, 10:59 a. m., 12:22, 1:54, 3:07, 4:30, 5:20, 6:30, 7:30, 8:36, 9:45, 11:15 p. m. 12:45 night. Sundays at 9:45, 11:03 a. m., 12:22, 1:54, 3:07, 4:30, 5:20, 6:30, 7:30, 8:36, 9:45, 11:15 p. m.

For Asbury Park—7:00, 8:44, 9:46, 10:59 a. m., 12:22, 1:54, 3:07, 4:30, 5:20, 6:30, 7:30, 8:36, 9:45, 11:15 p. m. 12:45 night. Sundays at 9:45, 11:03 a. m., 12:22, 1:54, 3:07, 4:30, 5:20, 6:30, 7:30, 8:36, 9:45, 11:15 p. m.

For Ocean Grove—7:00, 8:44, 9:46, 10:59 a. m., 12:22, 1:54, 3:07, 4:30, 5:20, 6:30, 7:30, 8:36, 9:45, 11:15 p. m. 12:45 night. Sundays at 9:45, 11:03 a. m., 12:22, 1:54, 3:07, 4:30, 5:20, 6:30, 7:30, 8:36, 9:45, 11:15 p. m.

For Lambertville, Philipsburg and Belvidere, via Trenton—7:00 a. m.; 2:45, 5:57 p. m.; 5:40 p. m. Sunday.

For Flemington—7:30 a. m.; 4:04 p. m.

For Easton and Allentown—7:30 a. m. Junction—7:30 a. m.; 4:04 p. m. Sundays 4:30 a. m.

For Bethlehem—7:30 a. m. Mauch Chunk 1:30 p. m. week days.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, points on New York and Long Branch 11:00—9:00 a. m.; 1:25, 3:30, 4:30 p. m. Sunday 12:10 p. m. Do not stop at Asbury Park on Sundays.

For New York, Liberty St., Jersey City, Tom's River, 9:45 a. m and 5:40 p. m. week days Easton Park, Sundays only, 10:25 a. m.

For Somerville—7:30, 11:45 a. m., 4:30, 5:15 p. m. Sundays 10:25, 11:45 a. m.; 5:44 p. m.

For Bound Brook—7:00 a. m.; 12:45, 5:15 p. m.

For Trenton—(6), 6:57, 7:30, 7:50, 9:00, 9:50, 10:47 a. m., 12:27, 1:38, 3:06, 4:30, 5:05, 6:30, 7:58, 8:38, 9:15, 11:46 p. m. 12:01 night. Sunday 1:00, 6:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:41, a. m.; 5:40, 9:30 p. m.

For Lambertville, Philipsburg and Belvidere, via Trenton—7:30

ABOUT THE HOUSE.

PRACTICAL INFORMATION FOR THE PROGRESSIVE HOUSEKEEPER.

Fancy Needle Work How So Popular—More Valuable Receipts for the Scrap Book—Gathered From Many Source and all Useful to Know.

"I am afraid I have greatly interfered with my own practice," said a celebrated aurist in the N. Y. Tribune, "by giving the following advice to many of my friends: At the first symptoms of earache let the patient lie on the bed with the painful ear uppermost. Fold a thick towel and tuck it around the neck; then with a teaspoon fill the ear with warm water. Continue doing this for fifteen or twenty minutes; the water will fill the ear orifice and flow over on the towel. Afterward turn over the head, let the water run out, and rinse the ear with warm glycerine and cotton. This may be done every hour until relief is obtained. It is an almost infallible cure and has saved many cases of acute inflammation. The water should be as warm as possible, but not too hot."

AN HERB BED.

How to Dry Flavoring Plants—The Value of a Winter Garden.

An herb bed is a necessary part of a good kitchen garden. Nothing gives so much variety to the table as the proper use of herbs and flavoring. Herbs are in perfection for flavoring just before their time of budding out for flowering, and they should then be gathered to dry for winter use. The simplest way of drying them and the best is to cut off their roots and hang their stalks from the rafters of the kitchen, where they are gradually dried by the heat of the stove. After they are dried, they should be taken down and the leaves stripped carefully from the stalks, pounded fine and put away in air-tight tin boxes for winter use. It is much easier to buy the herbs already prepared, but there is an immeasurable difference in the quality of herbs properly dried and kept but a season and those which have been dried by the wholesale methods of dealers and may have been in stock for years. The best time for gathering herbs for drying is on a sunny day, when the leaves are not wet with moisture. All herbs, like fruits, should be dried rapidly in order to retain their aroma and for this reason many people put them on pans and dry them in the heating closet of the stove which is usually under the oven. They believe that they dry more rapidly there than when hung on the rafters, but in some stoves this closet is so situated that there is great danger of the herbs becoming scorched. All herbs need in the best French cookery may be grown in a small plot in the ordinary back yard in our cities with very little care, in sufficient quantity for the use of the average family. Summer savory, thyme, sweet marjorie, chervil and tarragon may be raised in this way and dried for family use, though tarragon is rather better fresh, and may be raised with parsley in a window garden in the kitchen during the cold months. Chives and chervil also thrive well in a winter window garden and are an important part of the outdoor herb garden in late summer.—N. Y. Tribune.

Fruit Skins and Cores.

Many good housekeepers do not know that the most delicious jelly can be made of fruit skins and cores such as are usually thrown away. There is more gelatinous matter around the core and skin of all fruit than in any other part. A delightful jelly may even be made of apple skins and cores, though it is improved in flavor and jellies more easily if a small quantity, of the cores and skins of quinces are added to it. A very excellent jelly is made of grape skins and quince skins in about equal quantities. Pear skins contain less gelatinous matter than any other fruits, but if used in connection with quince skins will make a fair jelly.—N. Y. Tribune.

THE VALUE OF ONIONS.

The Most Valuable and Yet Most Neglected Fruit of the Garden.

While the onion stands at a disadvantage among vegetables on account of its pronounced and not wholly agreeable odor, it is doubtless, one of the most valuable and healthful products of the garden. This value is not confined to its use as an article of diet, since the efficiency of onions poultices in cases of croup and similiar diseases are too well known to need repetition. The roasted heart of an onion, placed in the ear as hot as it can be borne, will often relieve cases of earache when other remedies fail, and a very excellent cough sirup is made by putting one-half cup of minced onions into a cup of vinegar and molasses, simmering on the stove for half an hour and then straining. A teaspoonful of this sirup taken frequently will relieve severe cases of cough and hoar-eness.

It is claimed that onions, as an article of food, are an excellent blood purifier, greatly improving the complexion, and, of course, entirely harmless. As a nervine, they are very beneficial, either cooked or raw, and, if eaten in the natural state, the addition of a little salt or pepper makes them more palatable. The large imported variety are much less pungent and more agreeable to the taste than the smaller native growth, but equally efficient in remedial action.—Good Housekeeping.

Some Things to Try.

Try gratberries for malaria.

Try a sun bath for rheumatism.

Try ginger-ale for stomach cramps.

Try cam-broth for a weak stomach.

Try a wet towel at the back of the neck when sleepless.

Try swallowing saliva when troubled with a sour stomach.

Try buttermilk for removal of freckles, tan and butternut-stains.

Try to cultivate an equal temper, and don't borrow trouble ahead of time.

Try hard cider—a wineglassful three times a day for sprue and rheumatism.

Try a hot dry flannel over the seat of neuralgic pain and renew it frequently.

To Make Liquid Glue.

A good liquid glue, always ready for use, is made by filling a small jar with glue of a good quality broken into fine pieces, then fill the jar with acetic acid and keep in a vessel of hot water until the glue is all melted.

Grilled Breast of Lamb.

Parboil the meat, score it, covering with beaten egg and bread crumbs; season well; broil thoroughly over a clear, slow fire; serve with any sauce liked.

Put a sprained ankle at once into hot water for ten minutes. If the pain is severe apply a bran bag dipped in hot vinegar.

CRETAN EMBROIDERY.

Another Style of Decorative Needle Work That is now So Popular.

The Island of Crete possessed an especial interest for those who have a fancy for quaint designs for decorative needlework, since from it we obtain, though in anything but profusion, a very remarkable description of silk embroidery on linen, the counterpart of which, in design as well as coloring, is apparently to be met within no other one of the islands of the Ægean Sea, from which delightful wonders in the way of stitchery are imported to charm our eyes, and encourage our efforts towards industrious toil of work, moulding and coloring, long since obtained by workers, over whom the inspiration of Greek art had exerted its beneficent influence.

THE CRETAN STITCH.

The one stitch predominating in the Cretan work is a kind of very close herringbone; the stitches being taken in so close a proximity to each other, that the effect of a plait or twist is produced. The method of the execution of the stitch is very clearly demonstrated on the engraving upon this page, and readers should have no difficulty whatever in correctly working it out. In addition to this simple Cretan herringbone stitch, satin, chain, stem and occasionally seed stitches are used in Cretan embroideries, nevertheless, the method in which, with the exception of the seed stitch, they are introduced, being very clearly demonstrated on the little design which our artist has prepared in order to give readers some slight idea of the character of the patterns peculiar to Cretan work. The birds, of which there are five distinct varieties, in most cases being placed vis-a-vis, and thus distinctly indicating the very ancient sources of inspiration from which the *motif* of the design was taken. The coloring of this particular piece of work is somewhat lighter and more delicate than that ordinarily met with in Cretan work, the predominating colors being a deep golden brown, fawn-brown, yellow, cream, two shades of dull green, and a very lovely tint of azure-blue, with a very occasional touch of bright red. In the particular portion of the skirt from which the little illustration is taken, the entire bird is outlined in chain-stitch in fawn-brown, with the exception of the eyes and wing feathers, which are outlined with gold silk, the inner portion of the wing being filled in with the same silk in satin-stitch. The small circular flowers above the bird are likewise satin-stitched, with cream-white seeds outlined with fawn-brown. The two large flowers are in diverse colors, one having its outer circle worked in green and the other in blue, the little intermediate rings of stem-stitching being of golden brown, and in the centre of the flower some white and gold and fawn are judiciously blended. The foliage is brown, green, fawn, and blue, the amount of each color being introduced rather in a haphazard fashion, but in such a manner as to produce a most charmingly satisfactory result. In some of the birds and large flowers of this old skirt the seed stitching is brought in as filling which very pleasantly breaks up the the otherwise uniform method of carrying out the pattern.

A CRETAN DESIGN FOR A MAT.

As to the uses to which Cretan work may be applied at the present day, scarcely too much can be said in its favor as a decoration for tea cloths, table covers, sofa pillows, towel shams, nightdress cases, toilet covers, and other small adjuncts for which the possibility of being frequently washed is a desideratum; this being one of the special attractions of Cretan work, that it may be executed with entire disregard as to any apprehension of damage in washing. If silks are used which are absolutely fast, and, either in the flocelle or twisted order, admirably adapted for the working of herringbone stitch Should flocselle be selected, four threads of it should be used, as indicated in the illustration given of the stitch. Occasionally, however, six strands may with advantage be threaded into the needle, as the nature of the design, etc., may thus be more quickly covered.

Potato Salad.

Small potatoes not suitable to cook with jackets on should be boiled, sliced and used for salads. Boil them and while warm peel and slice thin; cook some parsley, an onion, and add to the sliced potatoes; season with salt and pepper, and add over two or three dessert spoonfuls of oil, or melted butter can be used, and moisten the whole with vinegar. Sliced beet and cucumber can be added to the salad, but it must be done before the oil and vinegar are mixed with the potatoes.—Good Housekeeping.

Snow Balls.

Boil one pint of milk; when cool add one-half cup of butter and lard mixed, a little less than one-half cup of sugar, one-quarter of a cake of compressed yeast and a little salt and flour enough to make a soft dough. Let the mixture rise, mould and in the morning roll out as thin as dough-nuts; cut round, fold with a little butter spread between. Let them rise again, then bake in a quick oven.

Hashed Mutton, A. D. 1392.

Take slices of a leg of mutton, the marrow of a beef bone, and some Spring onions finely minced; put in an earthen-ware jar and cover with a little good strong stock; seal your jar and simmer in a pot of water till the meat has absorbed the gravy; then open, throw in a pinch of cinnamon, a spoonful of lemon juice, and a few cloves. Simmer again a few seconds, then serve, without gravy.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

WOMEN CAN QUICKLY LEARN FROM THIS COLUMN.

The Full Fashions Already Seen and Those Which are to Follow—Things Which All Bright Women Should Know.

A woman in the Washington Post thus solves the woman question: "What man exists who desires to claim that the source from which he sprung is inferior? As long as man is born of woman he is going to respect and reverence her, if for nothing else, for having given such a shining light into the world as himself! It's a case of Hobson's choice! Bound to do it on his own account, don't you know? But he does not want her just like himself. He is even glad to acknowledge her as an equal, and even superior, but when it comes to similar he rebels and draws the line! And in truth what a monotonous world it will be when we all dress after one style, and act the same at all times and places. I am glad I won't be alive. Are not you? Say yes!"

THE FOOLISH LITTLE FLY.

"Oh mother, dear mother," exclaimed a young fly,
"What is that pretty thing which hangs up there so high?
There are nice little windows, and pretty doors,
I wish you'd go near it and take me with you."

"My child," cried his mother, "beware, oh, beware!
That house is for us but a trap and a snare;
What-ever you do, do not venture too near,
For inside is a creature which all flies must fear."

But one day Mrs. Fly flew away from her home,
And Baby Fly thought "I am dull here alone,
To just peep in that mansion sure cannot be wrong,
'Tis no distance to go and I will not stay long."

Mr. Spider was watching, as you may be sure,
To see if a fly would come in at his door;
So he quietly waited till Baby drew near,
Then to fly came forward and said,
"Come in dear,
I have so many pretty things here you shall see,
If you'll come in and spend a few minutes with me,
I have some lovely sweets, too, up here on my shelf,
Do walk in, Mr. Fly, and pray help yourself."

Silly Baby walked in, but it grieves me to say
That he never was heard of again from that day;
If he'd taken advice before 'twas too late,
This sad tale I never should have to relate.

An "Ile" Boat.

An observing old gentleman was once travelling on a steamboat up the Hudson River. Presently he happened to see a queerly shaped boat near the opposite bank.

"Hallo, Captain, what's that?" he exclaimed.

"That is an ile boat, sir," replied the Captain.

"What would a Nile boat be doing on the North River? But it looks exactly like one!"

"I tell you it is an ile boat," said the Captain again.

"And I tell you you don't know what you are talking about," replied the old gentleman, decidedly. "How could a Nile boat get here? And what do you know about Nile boats, anyhow?"

These insinuations were too much for the Captain. He got angry.

"I guess I know as much about river boats as any man on the Hudson!" he cried, indignantly. "Them ile boats has been goin' around and up and down for years, and when the last Saratoga was built about here! Not know an ile boat—huh!"

And after that the old gentleman said no more.—Harper's Young People.

The Reason Why.

No more beside the moonlit sands,
Do young folks wander, holding hands
While Love's old tales are being told,
Because—it's growing too blamed cold.
—Life

Accounted For.

Charlie—Ta'as; when I was a boy, you know, I was kicked by a mewel and had my brains dashed out, and the doctor—

Maud—Sewed up the scalp without putting them back. How careless! Charlie Aw, aw!—Indianapolis Journal.

The Other Beat a Retreat.

Two bears that beat as one—
A heavy step—a scare—
And, strange to say, the other
One heart alone was there.
—Oakland Tribune.

Some Strike Fire Very Easily.

Scientists claim to have discovered that the human frame contains sulphur in variable quantities. This probably accounts for some girls striking better matches than others.—Puck.

The Usual Way.

A woman came after
The very first man;
And that is how
The trouble began.
—Baltimore American

Something Got 'Twixt.

"You say the chicken soup isn't good? Why, I told the cook how to make it. Perhaps a s'ddin't eates the idea."

Boarder—No; I think it was the chicken she didn't catch.—Brandon Bard.

Tall or Tale!

The huntsman loudly boasteth now
Of how he never doth fail,
He misses birds upon the wing,
But hits them in the tale.

Conscientious Patrick.

"Now, Patrick," said a Judge, "that do you say to time urge? Are you guilty or not guilty?"—"Faith! but I ain't sitthers for yer Honor to say, it's no use swearin'. Wait till I hear the evi'ence."

Fame.

Be sure long ago to succeed in life
Am the cross that he was also crucified
And a lash of thorns I have to wear
Before I reach the crown.

How Time Flies.

M. s. Pastem—Say would you mind telling me what time it is? I am in a hurry to get home to dinner, and I'm afraid I've left my watch at home.

Mr. Pastem—Why, certainly, it is exactly 2:30.

Mrs. Pastem—Why, what do you mean by telling me it is 2:30? It is only 12 o'clock.

Mr. Pastem—Yes, I know it is, but I've got to be back at the office at 2:30.

Hotels.

THE ALBION.

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE

SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.

Elegant furnished suites and single rooms to rent.

Special rates to permanents.

FRANK E. MILLER.

12 28 6m

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Op. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Electric Bells and Engines repaired. Models for inventions drawn and from castings. Forging to all branches. Brackets for hanging and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 346 Broadway.

Closing Out Sale!

ALL NOTIONS REDUCING!

WALL PAPER AT COST.

In order to make room for our large stock of WALL PAPER to make room for New Goods.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

Successors to W. F. Adams, 29 East Front street.

GLYCEROLE OF ARNICA!

The best preparation for the skin on the market.

FREE FROM ALL GREASE!

Readily absorbed. The Ladies' delight.

25 Cents a Bottle.

Sold only at

L. W. Randolph's City Pharmacy,

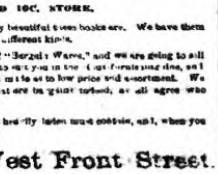
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

H. F. RIDER, Manager. A. D. THORP ON, Proprietor.

THE METROPOLITAN STABLE

29 and 31 North Avenue, through to Second Street.

MATCHED CARRIAGE PAIRS,
HIGH-ACTIONED "T-CART"
AND DOG CART HORSES,
CANADIAN HUNTERS,
COBS AND BUSINESS HORSES,
LADIES' SADDLE
AND DRIVING HORSES.
ALSO A SPECIALTY IN GENTLEMEN'S ROAD TEAMS, SINGLE DRIVER AND TROTTERS.



PRETTY BOOKS GIVEN AWAY

AT THE 5 AND 10C. STORE.

Call and get a card free, and see how really beautiful these books are. We have them on exhibition. You have your choice of four different kinds.

We have just received a big assortment of "Bargain Wares," and we are going to sell them, at half their value. We are prepared to suit you in the Cutlery line also, as well in Lamps and Chimneys our assortment is made so as to low price and assortment. We have a few Dinner sets at $10, $15, and $16 that are to great value, as all agree who have seen them, at that price.

Just imagine what six 5 and 10c. counters heaped fully laden with goods, will, when you want to get your money's worth, go direct to

J. C. Allen's, 28 West Front Street.

43 WEST FRONT STREET.

A DINNER is never relished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our customers to the extensive assortment of

Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes

BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER.

If given a call will be able to compare our goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.

F. LINKE,

We Lead in Wine and Liquor Dealer.

Telephone Co. 157.

ANNOUNCEMENT

OUR NEW SPRING GOODS are now ready for inspection.

ALL of the Departments are supplied to the fullest extent with the newest and most desirable goods that can be found in the markets.

It is impossible to particularize in a small "ad" like this, but we will say that we are now better prepared to supply the wants of the people than ever before.

OUR New Spring Dress Goods this season surpass anything we have ever offered. The style and quality are right, and will well repay a careful inspection.

THE Wash Dress Fabrics are just lovely, and comprise about everything that the trade knows.

LADIES are always interested in pretty Hamburgs, Embroideries. Our assortment is large and the patterns are just as handsome as they can be.

WE expect to do the largest business in our dress lining department that we have ever done, and therefore have increased this line largely in value. Call and see the stock of these lines.

WE extend a special invitation to everybody to call in on Monday next, and examine our cheap and elegant goods, before making your Spring purchases.

LOOK OUT for our Carpet Announcement soon.

EVERYTHING the Newest, Cheapest and Best at

EDSALL'S

JUST OUT.

The latest samples of ball tickets, menu cards, badges, etc., programmes, invitations, cards of dance, and fine invitations and flat of all generally, have just been received by THE News Job Department. When you are in need of any kind of Job Work call and see samples.

Miss Blanche Fellows

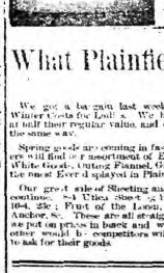
SOPRANO SOLOIST,

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 97 Duer St., North Plainfield.



Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!

This is a facsimile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Some of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DOUGH Imperial, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of the article. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have the BEST Feed Barley, Oats and Corn in Bran, and make a specialty of recleaning Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We got a bargain last week in 100 fine Winter Cloths for Ladies. We bought them at half their regular value, and will sell them the same way.

Spring goods are coming in fast, and buyers will find a full assortment of Embroideries, White Goods, Cutting Flannel, Gingham, etc., the most Evergreen Store in Plainfield.

Our great sale of Sheeting and Muslin will continue. 54 Utica Sheeting, 9-4, 21c.; 10-4, 23c.; Fruit of the Loom, 10-4, 20c.; Dwight Anchor, 8c. These are all straight goods and are put on prices in bunch and white so that other would-be competitors will know what to ask for their goods.

We will sell 1,000 Fine Embroidered Handkerchiefs, that cost 30c. to land, for 15c. each.

100 doz. Ladies full regular fast black Hose 10c. pair.

100 doz. extra heavy, full regular, fast black Hose for Children, 25c. per pair. Actual value, 40c.

Another case, and 'twill be the last, of those 40c. Henriettas, all shades, 25c. yard Worth 38c.

One case 2,000 yds fine Dress Seersckers. Actual value, 10c., they go for 8c.

There is a lot of Granite Iron Ware that must be sold this week. Price no object as long as we sell it. VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

WE GIVE

QUOTATIONS, AND WE GUARANTEE OUR CUSTOMERS

TO GIVE

them the advantage of the lowest current prices and the best assorted stock of staple groceries to select from in the city.

EXTRA VALUE IN DRIED FRUITS.

Extra choice California prunes, 3 lbs. 25c.; extra choice California peaches, 2 lbs. 15c.; extra choice California apricots, 2 lbs. 25c.; extra choice California cherries, 15c. lb.; extra choice California pitted plums, 10c. lb.; extra choice California Bartlett pears, 15c. lb.; extra choice Calif'a ma blackberries, 10c. lb.; extra choice California silver prunes, 15c. lb.; extra sun dried apricots, 2 lbs. 25c.

ORANGES—Extra fine oranges (strictly Florida) from 12c. dozen up. Extra fine lemons 15c. dozen. Don't forget that we are Headquarters for fine Teas, Coffees, Butter, Flour, Raisins, Currants, Spices, etc.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. GROWERS' ASSOCIATION, 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.

This Date in History—Feb. 3.

1627—Henry Cromwell, the only child of Oliver, who inherited his talents, born at Huntingdon; died 1674; he was viceroy of Ireland when the Stuarts were restored; the last male descendant of old Noll Cromwell; died in 1821.

1802—Albert Sidney Johnston, born in Mason county, Ky.; killed at A. S. JOHNSTON, Shiloh 1862.

1807—Joseph Eggleston Johnson, general, born at Cherry Grove, Va.; died 1891.

1811—Horace Greeley born at Amherst, N. H.; died 1872.

1820—Elisha Kent Kane, famous arctic explorer, born in Philadelphia; died in Havana 1857. The cortes (national legislature of Spain) passed an act abolishing the Inquisition.

1820—Mississippi formally readmitted to the Union.

1860—Secretary Tracy's residence in Washington was burned and Mrs. Tracy, Miss Tracy and a French maid, Josephine Morel, lost their lives.

A Case in Point.

She—I believe that a people are both outwardly and inwardly influenced by their natural surroundings—that scenery influences physiognomy—the Highlanders, you know, have rugged faces.

He—Yes, and that Chicago girl behind me, who lives on Prairie avenue, is plain looking.—Life's Calendar.

A Fastidious Epicure.

Henri Monnier, when dining at a restaurant, noticed a long hair trailing on the omelette which had been set before him. Calling the waiter, he gracefully handed him the dish, saying:

"Mon ami, I prefer my omelettes bald!"—Soleil du Dimanche.

Doubt.

Rosalie—Mr. Trotter proposed to me last night.

Her Mother—Well, what did you tell him?

Rosalie—I was so rattled I don't know what I said, but I think I accepted him.—Epoch.

Unaccountable.

Husband—I must tell you of a funny thing that happened today? Do you remember that this morning you sewed a button on my trousers?

Wife—Why, certainly. What of it?

Husband—It is still there.—Brooklyn Life.

1892 February. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29					

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter 4, 4:39 p. m.
Full Moon 12, 2:38 p. m.
Third Quarter 20, 7:15 p. m.
New Moon 27, 10:47 p. m.

Writing : Paper

BY THE

POUND!

Old Sagamore Mills, 15c lb.

Envelopes to match, 5c. package.

Kensington Wave and Devonshire Linen, 25c. per lb.

Envelopes to match, 10c. package.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR, WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc in fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

38 PARK AVENUE.

Hyde & Jackson

Bankers,

50 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Offer choice Railroad and Water Bonds, yielding from 5 to 6 per cent, which have received personal investigation

WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.

9-1m

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Boxes, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street,

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING,

Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 7y

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

65 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 42. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4 1892 PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Weather.
The weather promises to be clear and distinctly colder

BREVITIES.

—Henry E. Dixy is booked to appear at Music Hall.

—In another column we publish the various applications for licenses.

—The Borough Council will meet in regular session to-morrow evening.

—The annual statement of the Dime Savings Institution is published in another column.

—At a meeting of the Independent Gun Club of North Plainfield held last evening several applicants for membership were elected.

—The American's of Jersey City will roller boat a game with the Westfield bowling team this evening. The game will be rolled at Westfield.

—Edsall says unless you have examined his stock, you have no idea what an extensive line of dress linings and furnishing's he is now offering. He says he has increased this department to almost double.

—George Jenkins of Somerville will render banjo solos, and Theo. Drury, the well-known baritone soloist of N. Y. City, will sing at the free entertainment to be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms next Saturday evening.

—Engineer Leonard and conductor Hedly, who were jailed for the second time on the charge of causing the recent wreck on the Reading road, at Pennington, were released Wednesday, each giving bail for $5,000. They will be required to plead Feb. 8.

—Policeman Giese requests us to contradict the statement published in another paper last evening in reference to his not knowing the difference between counterfeit money and good money. He says that the machine exhibited to him could not turn out money fast enough for him to spend.

—He didn't read the paper, for they hadn't any news—at least they didn't coincide with his especial views—and when he came to town one day with criticisms ripe, he climbed an electric lamp post to light his ancient pipe; he hadn't read the papers, but he knew just what was best; he simply touched the wires—the fluid did the rest.

—Wm. H. Crane in his new play "For Money," at the Star Theatre New York, is the leading theatrical attraction in that city now. Mr. Crane in his new creation, the character of the Colonel, has made a popular hit equal to that which he made in "The Senator," and the Star is kept crowded to the doors at every performance The play is a collection of funny sayings and ludicrous situations which keep the audience in a roar of laughter from the rise of the curtain to its final fall. "For Money" is especially pleasing to ladies and children, and matinee seats have to be secured far in advance, in order to get the choice places. Mr. Crane will probably play "For Money" to the close of his engagement in May, as the fourth week has opened to even greater business than that done at the opening of the engagement. *

THAT NEW STREET.

Money Needed for Preliminary Expenses.

Persons interested in the opening of the new street through the Borough *met in Spencer's Hall last evening.* Assessor Cooley presided.

Mr. Newton Smalley announced that about $125 were needed for the preliminary expenses. Of this about one-half had been collected. The rest must be in hand before the next meeting, which will be Monday evening, when committees will report.

An additional committee, comprised of the following gentlemen, was appointed—Messrs. Smally, Woodland, Goodwin, Martin and Bird.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Frank Probasco is visiting his parents on East Front street for a week.

Mr. William Rogers of West Second street left yesterday for Buffalo, N. Y.

Mr. Charles Schermerhorn of North avenue is convalescent from the grip.

Mrs. Carmon Parse of Grove street left yesterday afternoon for Knoxville, Tenn.

Mrs. W. K. McClure and daughter of Crescent avenue are visiting friends at Montreal, Canada.

Mr. Frederick Sadford, formerly of this city but now of Philadelphia, is visiting his mother in North Plainfield.

Mr. Wm. J. Properly has returned to his home on East Front street from a week's visit to friends in Dunellen.

Messrs. Ellis A. Campbell of Park avenue and Edward P. Thorn of East Front street have returned from a visit to the South.

Mr. David Linbarger of Prospect place, North Plainfield, has been confined to the house for the past three weeks by illness.

Master Willie Thiers of Somerset street has returned to the Military school at Corgwall-on-the-Hudson, where he is a student.

The Amount of Bail Greatly Exaggerated.

Mosco Quass, the young man who was arrested on the charge of embezzlement and who on Tuesday last appeared at New Brunswick and waived examination, as reported in THE NEWS at the time, requests us to state that a report in another paper stating that he was placed under five thousand dollars bail is untrue. He says the amount of bail was greatly exaggerated in that paper.

THE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

A Meeting Held Last Night.—Important Business Transacted.

The regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Public Library was held last evening. All members were present except Mr. Talmage and Mr. Tyler. The minutes were read and approved. The following bills were approved and ordered paid out of the general fund.
Samuel H. Allen, janitor and sundries $42.55
Wm. H. Williams, papers, etc 11.57
Miss Adams, salary 50.00

The treasurer reported that he had transferred the balance of $338.97, standing to the credit of the special fund to that of the general fund.

The report of the librarian for January was read, approved and ordered filed.

The committee on lectures reported that they had arranged for lectures as follows:

February 18. Prof. John M. Tyler—"Animal Intelligence."

March 3. Prof. Henry B. Richardson—"Shakespeare Ilied, or a Story of Old German Life."

March 17. Prof. Russell Sturges—"Interior Architecture of Modern Residences."

March 31. Bishop John H. Vincent—"A talk about to-morrow."

The lectures are to be held at the Casino, some of the lectures to be illustrated by a stereopticon, and that they had placed tickets in the hands of the directors for sale, and also with Miss Adams at the library building where anyone can get them.

On motion the report of the committee was received and the committee ordered retained.

The treasurer reported that he had arranged for a deposit in the city bank by the librarian, and in her name as librarian of the fines and dues received, and from which the small items of sundry expenses are to be taken, that the amount received from this source and so deposited amounted for the months of November, and December, 1891, and January 1892, to $64.54, that the disbursements were $16.28, and that the balance now on hand is $48.17.

Adjourned. WM. M. STILLMAN, Sec'y.

Librarian's report for January, 1892:

Vols. on accession book, Dec. 31, '91,	10537
" added by purchase	17
" " gift	1
" now in the library	10559
Number of card-holders	2269
Cash from fines, sales, and subscriptions from non-residents	$20.99

Home circulation:

Fiction	993.
Juvenile	228.
Biography	69.
Travel	67.
Philosophy	15.
Religion	36.
Sociology	29.
Philology	2.
Natural Science	40.
Useful Arts	19.
Fine Arts	38.
Literature	121.
History	115.
Bound Magazines	11.
Total	1773.
Visitors to building	2305.

Gifts during the month: From Mrs. J. S. King, "Poor Girl;" from J. Evarts Tracy, "Supreme Court of the U. S.;" from Mrs. Ellen Hyde, "Greek Play, and its Presentation;" from U. S. Dept of Agriculture, "Album of U. S. Agriculture Statistics;" from O. F. Adams, "Told at Tuxedo."

E. L. ADAMS, Lib'n.

COURT NOTES.

The State vs. Sarah P. Aikens and Harry R. Cooper Now on.

The Union County Court of Special Sessions and Orphans' Court convened yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, Judges McCormick, Wiley and Byer on the bench.

After several matters in the Orphans' Court had been disposed of Prosecutor Marsh informed the Court that the following named prisoners retracted their former pleas of not guilty and had entered pleas of guilty to save the State the expense of trials.

The State vs. Frank Davis, charged with entering and breaking, pleaded guilty. Sentence Saturday at 9.30 a. m.

State vs. John Woods, plea of guilty accepted. Sentence Saturday.

State vs. Charles Connell; charge, grand larceny, plea of guilty accepted. Sentence Saturday.

The next case called was that of the State vs. Sarah P. Aikens and Henry R. Cooper, charge, adultery, Lawyer Louis A. Graff appearing for the defendants. The State claims that Sarah P. Aikens, nee Burbank, the wife of Samuel Aikens, left her husband after they had lived together three months as man and wife and took up her residence with a young man named Henry R. Cooper, and the defendants there and then did unlawfully cohabitate with each other.

The defendants, through their counsel, lawyer Graff, made a general denial to the charge. After a jury was impaneled and the evidence all heard they retired and rendered a verdict of guilty with recommendation to mercy.

Firemen Indignant.

Gazelle Engine Co., No. 1, held a meeting last evening and appointed a committee to await on the Mayor and ascertain whether or not he had received the petition in reference to the re-appointment of J. Brown Waters as First Assistant Chief Engineer.

The various companies in the department appear to be very indignant as to the manner in which their communication was treated and threaten to refuse to act as firemen.

—The Township Committee will meet Friday evening to settle the year's business.

PROPOSED LEGISLATION.

Measures Introduced in the Senate and House of Assembly.—$5 Tax on Dogs, Etc.

The following were introduced in the Senate Tuesday evening:

No. 74. Mr. Werts. Provides for proof of the organization of corporations authorized to be created under laws of this State.

No. 75. Mr. Werts. Sets off a part of the township of Hanover, Morris county, and annexes to it township of Boonton.

No. 76. Mr. Werts. Requires an engineer and fireman to operate locomotives when in use, under penalty of $500.

No. 77. Mr. Werts. Amends Corporations Act, approved March 6, 1865.

No. 78. Mr. Cranmer. Provides for changing course of certain public roads in Ocean county.

No. 79. Mr. Budspeth. Authorizes the payment of claim of Jordan Stationery Company, for stationery furnished House of Assembly in 1887.

No. 80. Mr. Miller (by request). Provides for the purchase of system of sewerage in fourth-class cities.

No. 81. Mr. Miller. Appropriates $5,000 for the propagation of shell fish from riparian funds.

No. 82. Mr. Hinchliffe. Authorizes issue of bonds in cities, to pay for street and sewer improvements, in anticipation of the collection of assessments.

No. 83. Mr. Hinchliffe. Establishes police courts in cities of second-class, and provides that they shall be appointed by the Governor for five years at a salary of $2,000; authorizes said Justices to try certain criminal cases, to assess and collect costs.

No. 84. Mr. Butcher. Allows county superintendents of schools their traveling expenses in addition to their salaries. No. 85. Mr. Cranmer. Provides for the salaries of county superintendents.

No. 86. Mr. Marsh. Authorizes Elizabeth to issue bonds in payment for constructing water bonds.

No. 87. Mr. Cranmer. Empowers the governor to appoint a commandant of cadets in military schools.

No. 88. Mr. Butcher. Sets off part of Landis township, Cumberland county, into Franklin township, Gloucester county.

Joint Resolution No. 2. Provides for the payment for printing the records of the late war.

HOUSE.

No. 111. Mr. Lane. Changes the boundary line between Union and Essex counties.

No. 112. Mr. Lanning. Changes the Assembly district lines in Mercer county, putting the Second ward of Trenton in the Third district.

No. 113. Mr. Hutchinson. Gives constables power to serve replevin writs in District Courts.

No. 114. Mr. Hutchinson. Revises the age limit for persons to be admitted to deaf, dumb and blind institutions.

No. 115. Mr. Swart. Limits the charge that railroads may make for carrying and returning milk cans to twenty cents each can.

No. 116 Mr. Beckman. Provides that boroughs shall hereafter elect Mayors for four years, and makes it also eligible to office.

No. 117. Mr. Glorieux Amends the rural cemetery act.

118. Mr. T. Smith. Authorizes any municipality to remit taxes on personal property not more than four per centum annually.

No. 119. Mr. Kyte. Fixes a tax of $5 on every dog.

No. 120. Mr. O'Neill. Fixes the rates to be charged by sleeping car companies.

No. 121. Mr. Giedlich. Authorizes corporations, increasing their plants, to issue bonds, to be secured by mortgage on such plants.

No. 122. Mr. Wright. Authorizes townships to acquire and improve lands for public parks.

No. 123. Mr. Zeller. Fixes terms of borough assessors and collectors at three years.

No. 124. Mr. Burns. Enables Trenton to vote on the Water Department.

No. 125. Mr. Lanning. Requires locomotive firemen to serve three years as such before they can become locomotive engineers.

No. 126. Mr. Heaney. Authorizes cities that are in arrears in paying salaries for lighting streets, etc., to issue temporary bonds.

No. 127. Mr. Heaney. Authorizes the Judge of City District Courts to engage a stenographer whenever he thinks a case before him requires such officer.

No. 129. Mr. Heaney. Authorizes the Governor to loan tents, etc., to the Sons of Veterans.

No. 129. Mr. Smith. Authorizes trustees to collect taxes in Asbury Park.

No. 130. Mr. Smith. Authorizes county or township authorities to bind out poor children.

No. 131. Mr. J. Carroll. Amends the act relative to clams and oysters.

No. 132. Mr. Lanning. Candidates have to be nominated twenty days before election. This gives the striker good opportunities to get to his "line of work." For the purpose of relieving the pressure caused by the Reapportionment bill in the House reducing the time to ten days, and it came up on second reading to-day, Mr. Lanning introduced a bill in the Senate providing that those nominated did not suit them. These remarks brought Mr. Heaney, O'Neill to his feet. Mr. O'Neill spoke pathetically of the wear and tear upon the constitution of a man who had to undergo a three weeks' campaign.

"I think I'm as strong as the average member," Mr. O'Neill said, "and yet I must confess that after finishing such a campaign I feel more fit for the hospital or the asylum than anything else. I believe *every member of this House sees the* need of reducing the time."

Mr. Lanning. Mr. Lane.

"That's all right in country districts, where you have a large territory to go over," said Mr. Lane, "but the strikers to get at you," retorted Mr. O'Neill.

The bill was referred to third reading after Mr. Kalisch had told the members how much better it would be for everybody to shorten the time.

K. of P. District Meeting.

The district meeting of the Fourteenth District, Knights of Pythias, at Harmony lodge room in Elizabeth, last night was largely attended. When the regular business had been transacted remarks were made by Past Grand Supreme Chancellors Rutan and Badsely of Newark, Grand Chancellor Ulrich of Plainfield, Colonel Wilson of Long Branch, Hitchcock of Newark and Rhodes of Elizabeth.

Delegations of Knights were present from Plainfield, Jersey City, Newark, and Somerville. When the meeting closed the large party proceeded in force to G. A. R. hall on East Jersey street, where an elegant supper was in waiting and to which full justice was done.

—$15,000 is to be expended in erecting a building to represent New Jersey at the coming World's fair at Chicago.

CARLYLE W. HARRIS, THE CONVICTED MURDERER.

One of His Victims a Plainfield Girl, His Wife's Beauty.

It is not generally known that Carlyle W. Harris, convicted in New York of the murder of his young wife, formerly Miss Helen Nellson Potts of Ocean Grove, has relatives in Plainfield, and that a Plainfield girl, at the age of fourteen, was one of his many victims, being the one referred in the testimony on his trial, as his first wife. When his real character was discovered the child wife had no difficulty in procuring a divorce from him, but her life has been wrecked as a result of his villainy. It is possible that his timely conviction will save others, who, had he escaped discovery, might have met the same fate as the one for whose murder he was convicted.

It is a common thing in newspapers to speak of a young woman in similar matters as beautiful. It gives a more sensational turn to the account. Every one is beautiful to some one. No one beautiful to every one. It is kindness of spirit on the part of the reporters generally which gives the young women the benefit of the doubt, especially as it is probable that no two persons will agree as to what constitutes beauty in a young woman.

"The face of a young woman," said a prominent local minister, at a funeral recently, "is one of the most beautiful things in nature, especially when it is associated with innocence and purity of soul, and nobleness of character."

One who was personally acquainted with Harris (as he was known), considers that no picture of her in any of the public prints give the faintest idea of her beauty. She was famed in both Asbury Park and Ocean Grove as a young girl of remarkable beauty. It was this beauty which of all the girls in the "twin cities by the sea" attracted young Harris *and led finally to her death, proving to* be in her case truly a fatal gift.

Second of the Ragan Lectures On Belgium and Holland.

Amicis, E. de Holland and its people.

Boughton, G. H.—Artist strolls in Holland Harpers v 66 and 69.

Boughton, G. A.—Sketching rambles in Holland.

Champney, E. W.—Three Vassar girls abroad.

Champney,—Three Vassar girls on the Rhine.

Field, H. M.—Lakes of Killarney to the Golden Horn.

Frouentin, E.—Old Masters of Belgium and Holland.

Guild, C.—Abroad Again.

Hare, A. J. C.—Sketches in Holland.

James, H. Jr.—Transatlantic Sketches.

King, E.—Europe in storm and calm.

Kuglar.—Handbook of painting. Dutch schools.

Meriwether, L.—Tramp Trip.

Morrison, L. A.—Rambles in Europe.

Motley, John Lothrop.—Dutch republic.

Motley, J. L.—United Netherlands.

Motley, J. C.—John of Barneveld.

Rogers, F.—Seaside life of Holland.

Warner, C. D.—Saunterings.

Young, A.—Young folks History of the Netherlands.

REFERENCE WORKS.

Browne, J. H.—Holland and the Hollanders. (Harpers, v. 44.)

Dudley of Leicester. (Living age, v. 162)

Etiquette in Holland. (Living age, v. 153.)

Jewett, S. O.—Afternoon in Holland. (Atlant. v. 65.)

Rhodes.—Political and Social Life in Holland. (Living age, v 186.)

Waring, G. E. Jr.—Holland-land. (Scrib. v 9.)

Waring, G. E. Jr.—Droogmakery. (Scrib. v 10.)

Waring, G. E.—Dutch farming. (Scri. v. 10.

Mrs. Elizabeth B. Custer.

"In the ranks of self-reliant, self-supporting, successful women, a popular and picturesque personality is that of Elizabeth B. Custer, widow of the fearless but ill-fated general. After the fatal battle she took under her special care the widows of the officers that were killed and has ever since affectionally designated them as "my widows," interested herself in securing pensions and employment for them, and lightened for every way possible their burden of sorrow."

Mrs. Custer, who is the author of "Boots and Saddles, or life in Dakota with General Custer," "Tenting on the Plains," and "Following the Guidon," will give a talk on "Garrison Life on the Plains," at Seminary Hall, on Saturday *afternoon, February 6th, at four o'clock,* as advertised elsewhere.

Tickets, for sale for sale at Reynolds' pharmacy, also from Mrs. F. Wood, Franklin place; Mrs. A. D. Sheppard, Somerset street; Mrs. J. Miller, Broadway; Mrs. W. E. Lowe, Park avenue; Mrs. Wm. L. Patton, Ninth street; Mrs. V. B. Hart, Broadway.

The Twenty-Third Convention.

The twenty-third annual convention of the Young Men's Christian Association of New Jersey will be held at Paterson, Feb. 11-14. The following are some of the topics on which will address the convention; the Rev. A. F. Schauffler, D.D., Robert E. Speer, William Bulkie and Col. A. S. Bacon of New York city; W. D. Murray and C. F. Kissam of Plainfield. Programme and information may be obtained from Robert E. Speer, Kissam and W. D. Murray of the State Committee, E. L. Suffern of the District Committee or at the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

A Small Fire.

A small fire occurred in Bowman's boarding house on West Front street yesterday afternoon. The fire started in a bedroom on the third floor and was caused by the explosion of a kerosene lamp. The damage was slight.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

SEVEN DIED OF YELLOW JACK.

The Steamship Busson Arrives After a Terrible Voyage.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4th, (Special.)—Another steamship arrived in port to-day from Santos, where the terrible scourge of yellow fever is raging, and was detained at Quarantine.

She is the British steamship Busson, from Santos, Dec. 29.

First Officer Yorker was in charge, because of the death of the former commander, Capt. Glasscool, from the fever in port at Santos.

In all seven members of the Busson's crew have died of yellow fever. The other victims of the scourge were William Baker, Fourth Officer; Austin Huggard, the second steward, and James Ely, John Brennan and Franz Daumun, all firemen.

Four other members of the crew were also stricken and were landed at Bahia and sent to a hospital there.

The Busson's commander reports that the scourge is raging in Bahia with terrible results.

RUSSELL SAGE, JR., DEAD.

He Expired This Morning at the Windsor Hotel at 11:15.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4th. (Special.)—Russell Sage, Jr., died at the Windsor Hotel at 11:15 o'clock this morning.

He became unconscious the early part of last week and has remained in a comatose condition ever since. His death has been hourly expected since Monday morning.

Russell Sage, Jr., was the nephew of the well-known financier of that name, and would have been his heir had he lived.

AN EARTHQUAKE IN OMAHA.

A Man Injured and a House Crushed. —Much Excitement.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 4th. (Special.)—A slight shock of earthquake was felt here last night. It lasted only a few seconds. A large bank of earth caved in and buried a house belonging to P. H. Green. Mr. Green was in the house at the time and was seriously injured.

CARDINAL MANNING'S WILL.

Shows Him to Have Been Worth Only £100.

LONDON, Feb. 4th, (Special.)—The will of the late Cardinal Manning was opened to-day. It shows that he possessed less than £100, which was in consols, and a collection of books. The will contains no statement of public interest.

A Child Born in a Horse Car.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4th, (Special.)—Minnie *Spindle*, aged 35, of 162 Monroe street, gave birth to a baby in a Grand street car, near Broadway, this morning. Mother and child were removed to St. Vincent's Hospital.

New Market Notes.

Bishop Scarborough will visit the Epis' copal church here next Sunday evening. Service begins at 7.30 o'clock.

It is said that the L. V. agent here, Mr. J. Y. Rupell, has purchased a lot and will begin to build as soon as Spring opens.

Why not have a free reading room in our village when the new hall is completed? It is certainly something that is very much needed—a place for the young men to spend their evenings (and ladies also) instead of the streets and stores.

Prof. T. H. Roberts has started a German class here. Now is an opportunity for anyone to learn to speak that language at a very moderate cost.

The C. L. S. C. are preparing to have an entertainment in the near future.

Mr. Edgar S. Schenck recived an award of $20 damages in the late arbitration trial which is certainly a very small amount, considerdering the damage he sustained.

But you don't like oatmeal.

H.-O.

Of course not. But have you eaten H.-O.?

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.
Notice is hereby given that Charles Smith has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 17 Park avenue, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

Joseph A. Mintz, I. H. Boehm, Samuel Fisher, William Newcomb, Thomas Gallagher, Jacob Blum, Daniel S. Pond, Henry Goeller, Frank Hall, Matthias Heitz, Charles Van Horn, John Wisnewski,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 22nd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.
Notice is hereby given that Walter Coon has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 17 Park avenue, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

Walter Coon, John Adams, James Fitzpatrick, William F. Trust, Michael Moore,

J. H. Force, Alexander Sergeant, Thomas Brown, John E. Beerbower, Charles Brown,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 22nd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.
Notice is hereby given that Charles Black has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 17 East Second street, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

Robert Simpson, John H. Conway, Henry C. Drake, W. H. Manning, John Wilson,

Benjamin F. Moore, Charles H. Hammesl, E. P. Curtis, Garrett H. Hammesl, Thomas O'Gorman, Michael Wunderlich, John Burns,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 22nd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.
Notice is hereby given that John Rafferty has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 46 Park avenue, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

John H. Mcintyre, S. Fisher, Fred Casper, Thomas Callahan, James Ryan,

Michael Dwyer, George McCusker, Edward Hannon, John J. Kenney, Michael Dwyer,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 22nd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.
Notice is hereby given that J. H. Force has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 5 North avenue, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

John L. Force, Jan H. Force, George A. Moore, Jr., F. Marx,

William Lang, John Force, Frank Hainebach, Gustave L. Henry, Hugh S. Lang,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 22nd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.
Notice is hereby given that Frank Linke has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors in quantities from one quart or upwards, at 61 West Front street, in the Fourth Ward, which application is signed by

P. J. Kretzing, William Mcgarty, Joseph S. Cutter, John Mcgarty, John B. Dellart,

August Bartlan, James Mccarthy, J. E. Martine, William Fitzgerald Peter Weaver,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 22nd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.
Notice is hereby given that H. F. Windham has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 11 East Front street, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

William Retter, J. H. Buckley, D. J. Crowley, Edward Vanderveer, Thomas Kane,

Michael Heffernen, Thomas Kane, Thomas Ryan, J. M. Kavanagh, Thomas Mcgarty,

John M. Schorb,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 22nd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.
Notice is hereby given that Wallace V. Miller has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors in quantities from one quart or upwards, at the first door above the Second ward, which application is signed by

Frank Miller, Frederick J. Miller,

George Van Nest, Joseph Mcdonald, Thomas Carty,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 22nd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.
Notice is hereby given that John R. Hall has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors in quantities from one quart or upwards, at the first door above the Second street, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

George R. Cook, John Cook, Jacob Cook, Carl Dorn, William Jones, Walter L. Reinhold,

Lewis Peterson, John Gerhardt, Thomas Mcmahon, Fred R. Walter, C. Taylor Reid, A. H. Force,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 22nd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.
Notice is hereby given that Arthur Scott has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at the corner of Middle avenue and Second street, in the Fourth Ward, which application is signed by

Ernst Krutzsch, James Mcgrath, Jacob Grieb, Carl Schmidt, William Jones, Samuel W. Baxter,

William Mcgrath, Jr., Thomas Mcgrath, Winfield S. Chase, Jr., Frederick W. Sparks, Steve Mcintyre, Matthew Kilpatrick, Jr.,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 22nd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.
Notice is hereby given that John J. Cleff has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the North-westerly corner of Somerset street and North avenue, in the Fourth Ward, which application is signed by

Mary E. Gaffney, Daniel Mccarthy, James Deady, Frederick Weighal, Lewis H. Morgan, John Deady, Joseph Cleff,

Thomas Ning, Patrick Notley, Patrick Mcgrath, John Donnelly, Arthur Scott,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 22nd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.
Notice is hereby given that Michael F. Watson has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors in a building on the northerly side of Grand avenue, 100 feet from Second street, in the Fourth Ward, which application is signed by

Charles Jaeger, T. A. Mccarthy, John Mccarthy, James F. Walsh,

James Marston, Michael Mccarthy, Charles Freeman, John Mccarthy, Oliver S. Randolph, George W. Eddy,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 22nd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

AFTERNOON LECTURE,

By Mrs. General Custer,

AT SEMINARY HALL,

Saturday, Feb. 6th,

at 4 o'clock. Subject:

"GARRISON LIFE ON THE PLAINS"

Admission 50 Cents.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

Office:

27 North Avenue.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Putnam's Diplomacy.

Our readers have doubtless followed with interest the Chilian diplomatic correspondence, heavy and lengthy though it was. It was in proper diplomatic form, and each party to the controversy stated its case in full in the properest kind of language and wound up with assurances of distinguished consideration to the other side.

The correspondence in the Chilian affair may, however, be contrasted by those interested in such matters with a batch of diplomatic writing in which that sturdy old Revolutionary hero, General Israel Putnam, figured. Not far from Peekskill, N. Y., is an eminence called Gallows Hill. It got its name during the Revolutionary war from the fact that a young man named Palmer was hanged there as a spy by order of General Israel Putnam. The gallows itself was a rude structure of logs and stood till long after the war of the Revolution had ended. Palmer was a handsome, athletic young man. American born, belonging to a fine family. He had a wife and children in Yorktown at the very time that he was charged with being the secret spy of the British government and also with trying to get recruits from his own fellow countrymen for the British army.

A more flagrant crime in the eyes of "Old Put" could not have been committed. Palmer was captured, tried and found guilty and condemned to be executed. Every effort was made to save him. His wife knelt at the feet of that stern old patriot with her babe in her arms. Sir Henry Clinton himself sent a flag of truce with a letter demanding that the prisoner be released, and threatening vengeance if his demand was not complied with.

For reply General Putnam sent to Sir Henry Clinton the following letter, which may be taken as a model of the kind of diplomatic correspondence he went in for:

HEADQUARTERS, 7th August, 1777.

SIR—Edmund Palmer, an officer in the enemy's service, was taken as a spy, lurking within the bounds of American lines. He has been tried as a spy, condemned as a spy, and shall be executed as a spy; and the flag is ordered to depart immediately. ISRAEL PUTNAM.

P. S.—He has been accordingly executed.

The point to General Putnam's diplomatic correspondence is in its postscript.

Men's Brains and Faces.

One of the New York World artists has been making a curious experiment. Bringing together a number of pictures of prominent and possible candidates for the presidency, he "mixed them babies up," so to speak. Taking the upper part of the face of one candidate he joined it to the lower half of another man's portrait and exhibited the effect of this strange partnership in a half page illustration of the paper.

Among the pictures selected were those of Grover Cleveland, Governors Pattison, Abbett, Boies and Roswell P. Flower and Senators Carlisle and Gorham. The bald pate of David B. Hill was affixed to the lower half of ex-President Cleveland's well known countenance with a result sorrowful to behold. Indeed in foxy faced villain who must have been at the very least a run-away tank enabler. Strangely enough, how the ingenious paragrapher was that of the head and face of a small, tin, man.

Nobody looked like himself, or indeed like anybody else. The humiliating discovery is made that it is not the noble expression of countenance, not the radiance of intellect or the glance of the eagle eye that enables us to recognize the faces of our friends. On the contrary, it is merely some peculiar cut of hair or whisker, some bulbous nose or wrinkle in the cheeks. Not even noses are reliable, unless one happens to be a broken or crooked one. In these pictures we observe that Mr. Hill's bald head and the curl of his mustache, Mr. Cleveland's lower jaw and Governor Flower's eyebrows are the only constant factors that are recognizable in the composites.

It is a pity six weeks of every new congress must elapse before the house gets its rules arranged so that it can work under them. The old rules of former party would be much better as a working formula while the proper committee was preparing the new rules than this wasting of time. The result is that congress is just prolong its long session till far into the hot weather of Washington. Then two or three valuable congressmen carry home with them germs of malarial or typhoid fever and are cut off untimely in their career of usefulness and glory.

In the Chilian difficulty the wise and dignified attitude both of United States congressmen and the newspaper writers is matter for congratulation. There was not a flavor of jingoism in any of the leading papers of the country or in the utterances of our prominent men in politics, army or navy. This attitude, however, is really more dangerous than one of blunder would be.

The sultan of Morocco has granted an important concession to Great Britain. It is permission to erect a semaphore on Cape Espartel, at the entrance to the Straits of Gibraltar. If any European power wants it closed in time of war however, it must be closed. What is a semaphore? It is a signal station.

THE PLOT FAILED.

Kidnaped Ward Waterbury Returned to His Parents.

HIS ABDUCTORS CAPTURED.

The Boy's Cousin, Who Planned the Scheme, Hiding in a Cave.

And He, Too, Cannot Escape and Will Soon Be Caught—This Daring Abduction Was Only the Prelude to a Still More Startling One in Which Millionaire Lockwood's Son Was to Be the Victim, and He Was to Have Been Held for $50,000 Ransom.

LONG RIDGE, N. Y., Feb. 4.—Retribution came swift to the kidnapers of eight-year-old Ward Waterbury. Not only did the boy's abductors, hemmed in on all sides, deliver up their hostage without the $6,000 ransom, but they were themselves captured last night, and the details were unearthed of a remarkable conspiracy of which the abduction of Ward Waterbury was only the beginning. The leader of the conspiracy sought refuge from arrest in the cave where it was intended to hide the abducted boy.

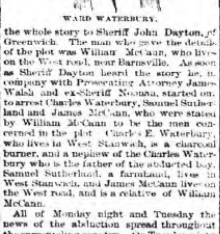
Big as was the ransom of $6,000 demanded for the return of the captive, it was small compared to the game which the kidnapers were after. By the seizure and holding of Ward Waterbury until $6,000, or nearly that amount of money, had been paid for his return, the conspirators simply desired to get enough money to enable them to perform a far more daring abduction, by which they hoped and intended to receive $50,000.

William H. F. Lockwood is a boy of eighteen, who weighs hardly 100 pounds, and who is the only child of ex-President Ingraham Lockwood, of the Loan, Trust and Deposit bank of Greenwich, Conn. Greenwich is a town within about eight miles of the scene of the abduction of Ward Waterbury. William Lockwood is now attending school at Hackettstown, N. J.

The plan was to kidnap young Lockwood, probably by getting him into a carriage on the pretext that his father was very ill and had sent for him. Elaborate preparations were to be made, with the aid of the ransom money to be secured for young Waterbury, to insure the safe hiding place and keeping young Lockwood in hiding until his father should give up $50,000.

Overshot Their Mark.

But the plotters overstepped the mark of safety. They confided their plans to one man, who refused to join them, and he told



WARD WATERBURY.

the whole story to Sheriff John Dayton, of Greenwich. The man who gave the details of the plot was William McCann, who lives on the West road, near Barnsville. As soon as Sheriff Dayton heard the story he, in company with Prosecuting Attorney James Walsh and ex-Sheriff Noonan, started on the trail of Ward Waterbury. Samuel Sutherland and James McCann, who were stated by William McCann to be the men concerned in the plot. Charles E. Waterbury, a cousin of Ward Waterbury, is a clerical burner, and a nephew of the Charles Waterbury who is the father of the abducted boy. Samuel Sutherland, a farmhand, lives in West Stanwich, and James McCann lives on the West road, and is a relative of William McCann.

All of Monday night and Tuesday the news of the abduction spread throughout the surrounding country. On Tuesday night no clew had been found except the footprints leading westward for half a mile from the Long Ridge church, where the boy was met by his captors.

The Abductors Weakened.

The father then decided to go to Miller's bridge, the lonely spot where he was ordered to produce the $6,000 if he wanted to recover his child alive. Waterbury drove five miles alone, from his house to the bridge, which he reached just at midnight. He did not have the $6,000, nor did he have any money whatever. He did, however, have a dark lantern.

All was silent at the bridge, but as Waterbury stood there waiting for the kidnapers, who did not come, he was in plain view of the criminals, who could not get away in safety in an unbuckle since 9 o'clock that night. Had the kidnapers, who alluded to hell as their home, they would have been captured at any cost.

Finally after an hour's waiting, the father was accosted by the watching farmers, and went home. The Middle Patent, West Stanwich and Long Ridge roads, which meet at Miller's bridge, were all guarded, so they determined, were the farmers that the criminals would not get away that every man who passed along the roads toward the bridge was halted.

Henry Hait, for whom the bridge is named, was stopped by the farmers as he was driving along in a phaeton, and detained until he was identified.

While this thought scene was being enacted at the lonely bridge all along the country roads, a far different one was going on in the retreat to which the kidnapers had taken the abducted boy. Something was going wrong with their plans.

"Come Back on Us."

The men who had the captive in charge were growing restless and angry. According to Ward Waterbury's story, as told afterward, the two men who had him captive were to be joined by a third one, unknown man, who, for some reason boy did not understand, failed to appear or to send word to them. Finally, referring to the absent man, one of the two said: "He's gone back on us, sure," to which the other agreed.

The boy's clothing was not taken off after he fell into the hands of the men who held him prisoner. On the second night of his captivity, which was Tuesday night, he says he was ordered to go to bed with one of the men, which he did. In the middle of the night, as it seemed to him, the boy says he was awakened and taken between the two men, he was marched over fields and hills and through creeks for a long time until, half frozen and utterly exhausted, he could walk no longer.

Then, with a curse, one of the men took the boy on his back and the journey was continued. The two men seemed perfectly familiar with their surroundings, even on night. At last the boy was put down on the ground again beside a haystack which stood opposite a big barn. Up the road could be clearly seen the outlines of a farm house. "Go to that house," said one of the men, "and pull the bell and tell them who you are. They will know what to do."

The men then disappeared and the boy climbed the fence and staggered to the house. It was the house of Lewis Close, a farmer and produce dealer, who lives at Barnsville. This was at 2:25 o'clock in the morning and the inmates of the house were asleep. They were aroused by a pounding upon the door and the cry of a child.

"It's the lost boy," exclaimed Mrs. Close, springing out of bed. And so it was, Ward Waterbury was found. Chattering with cold, and with wet clothing, he was taken into the kitchen, food and restoratives were given him and he was bundled up in a huge overcoat and his feet were placed in the warm oven.

Ward Brought Home.

These remedies soon restored him, and he then told for the first time the story of his adventures. Mr. Close immediately hitched up a team, and, taking the recovered boy, drove five miles to the Waterbury home at Long Ridge. Close and the boy reached the Waterbury place just a few minutes after the disheartened and tired out father had returned from his fruitless midnight trip to Miller's bridge, where he was to meet the abductors of his boy. The abductors had weakened, and had restored their captive in a vain effort to avoid, if possible, the detection of their crime.

The lost boy was welcomed home as though he had been saved from certain death. Waterbury, accompanied by his son, started out to the Bell, Connecticut, the place where he had been held captive.

A consultation was held at the house of Ebenezer Waterbury, of Stanwich, brother of the boy's father, by those interested in capturing the kidnapers. The rescued boy repeated his story, and in describing the place to which he was taken, said:

"It was upstairs. There was matting on the floor, and a bed, a washstand and two chairs in the room. There were cupjams on the inside of the windows. I didn't see or hear any women in the house. I think it was a vacant house which had been fixed up for us to stay in."

Parties were organized, and a systematic search of the country was made by 200 men, which resulted in the discovery of the house about two miles east of Long Ridge.

A mile east of this house is a cave, celebrated as the Devil's Den. It also was searched, and in a chamber of the cave was found a handkerchief carried by the boy when he was abducted.

The boy himself does not know whether he was taken to the cave or not, but the finding of the handkerchief, and the apparently dazed condition of the boy and his lack of memory of what happened to him, points strongly to the theory that the child was drugged. This belief is widespread, although not proved to a certainty.

Ward's Cousin in the Scheme.

The most damaging evidence that first pointed to the guilt of any suspect was the direct contradiction between the statement of the boy after he was recovered and the statement of Charles E. Waterbury, the nephew of the abducted boy's father, and who brought the father the note which demanded the $6,000 ransom.

Waterbury said he had met the missing boy on the evening of the day of the abduction in the company of three men, all armed with shotguns, and had no role in a buggy. These men, he said, gave him the note and ordered him, at the muzzles of their guns, to deliver it. When the missing boy was found by his father he instantly showed that Charles E. Waterbury's assertion was false. The boy was taken by two men instead of three; they did not have guns or a buggy, nor they did not meet Charles E. Waterbury or give him a note.

It was concluded, therefore, that Charles E. Waterbury was one of the kidnaping, and that the note demanding $6,000 was not given to him, as he alleged.

The most step in fixing the guilt was taken when William McCann stated yesterday afternoon to Postmaster N. A. Knapp, of Round Hill, that six weeks ago Charles E. Waterbury had approached him and after explaining the remarkable plot to hold banker Lockwood's son, asked McCann to join it. McCann refused.

Last Thursday McCann went on, "Waterbury came to me again and asked me to go into the plot to abduct Ward Waterbury, but I refused. I knew when it was going to be done and who was going to do it."

Postmaster Knapp showed McCann the danger of keeping silence under such circumstances, and McCann, realizing the position, immediately drove to threewalk with Knapp and made his statement to Sheriff Dayton and Prosecuting Attorney Walsh.

The Jail Is Filled.

The officials did not wait to prepare warrants, as the district attorney could order an arrest on sight. In three hours from the time of starting James McCann and Samuel Sutherland had been arrested and lodged in jail at Greenwich. James McCann immediately confessed, and said that Charles E. Waterbury intended to meet the father of the boy at Miller's bridge Tuesday night, and would have done so but for the fact that he (McCann) backed out.

That explained why no one met the father at the bridge. Perhaps it was well it happened so, for the other men, who were lying in ambuscade there, were in desperate mood. They, too, were fathers.

In the meantime, Charles E. Waterbury heads the hue and cry against him, and took alarm. He told McCann, before McCann was arrested, that he would spend the night in the Devil's Den. Waterbury heard of McCann's arrest and instantly fled, closely pursued by Sheriff Dayton, Constable Fitzroy and a posse.

Waterbury succeeded in reaching the Devil's Den and at a late hour was still in the cave. He is surrounded, cannot escape, and will probably be captured tonight.

The fate of the girl, the instigators, one of the boldest of abductions, while the kidnaped child is again restored to its parents.

The greatest part of the scheme, the abduction of the banker's son, failed through the failure of the preliminary abduction, the capture of the boy, the raising of funds with which to carry out the complete plan.

Murphy Heads the List.

ALBANY, Feb. 4.—The following delegates were chosen to represent Rensselaer county at the state Democratic convention: First district, Edward Murphy, Jr.; Dennis J. Whalen, James Kerwin; second district, S. Edgar Reynolds, J. Thomas Dennis, Clarence E. Allen.

THE LOTTERY CRUSHED.

Louisiana's Notorious Gaming Scheme to End Its Career.

IT WILL NOT TAKE A NEW CHARTER.

John A. Morris, the Head of the Concern, Gives Notice That It Will Wind Up Its Affairs Because the United States Court Decided It Unconstitutional.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 4.—John A. Morris, the principal owner and director of the Louisiana State Lottery company, has given notice that he intends to withdraw his proposition for the recharter of his company and will wind up its business, retiring from the field when its charter expires in 1894. This action is the result of the decision of the United States supreme court declaring in favor of the constitutionality of anti-lottery postal laws, which shuts the company out of the mail, prohibits it from sending any circulars or bills thereof by the mails, and prohibits and punishes, under a heavy penalty, the sending of any newspapers containing notices or advertisements of lotteries.

Mr. Morris says that he is a lawabiding citizen and intends to obey the law, and since the supreme court declares that the anti-postal act is constitutional it precludes him from carrying on business. This so cripples and injures business that it is impossible to carry it on and pay the state of Louisiana a license of $1,250,000 a year, as the amendment extending the charter of the company proposes, without actual loss to the stockholders. He says that should the people vote to extend the charter he will refuse to accept the proposition. This ends forever the great lottery war which has been waged in Louisiana for the past two years and which has brought about a split in the Democratic party and the nomination of two Democratic tickets.

Senator Power Better.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Senator Power, of Montana, who was taken suddenly ill last night, and whose life was in danger from hemorrhage of the bowels, is much better.

An Old Time Shoemaker Dead.

WEST MEDWAY, Mass., Feb. 4.—Alexander Grant, aged ninety-one, died here. He made the first pair of pegged boots in Massachusetts, whittling out the pegs by hand.

A Drunkard's Crazy Crime.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 4.—Abraham Hilton, living at 98 Bergen street, made a murderous attack upon his wife and afterward cut his own throat and will die.

May Indict the Whisky Trust.

BOSTON, Feb. 4.—It is believed that the federal grand jury, now in session here, will return an indictment against the officers of the whisky trust.

A Monument to Newman.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—The city council of Oxford has accepted the proposition to erect a monument to the memory of the late Cardinal Newman.

A Catholic Church Burned.

LYNDONVILLE, Vt., Feb. 4.—The Catholic church here was burned. Loss, $8,000; insured for about $4,000. The fire caught from candles.

Ex-Governor Scales Lying.

GREENSBORO, N. C., Feb. 4.—Ex-Governor Scales is dying and many lives through the day.

Hotels.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE.
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Se-cet family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.

12 28 6m

CASPAR'S HOTEL,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable -:- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,
West Front street, Opp. Madison avenue
Wallace V. Miller,
Proprietor.
A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

Closing Out Sale!
SPLENDID BARGAINS!
WALL PAPER AT COST.
In order to lose out the year's stock of WALL PAPER to make room for New Goods.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
(Successors to W. F. Adams, 20 East Front street.)

"The Very Best"
is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.
But you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Worsteds, Embroidery Silks, and stamped linen goods.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

SEVEN MAIL POUCHES STOLEN.
Somebody Evidently Has Skeleton Keys That Open the Mail Vans.
New York, Feb. 4.—Seven mail pouches containing letters were mysteriously stolen from wagons in charge of the United States mails while they were on a ferryboat on their way from this city to Hoboken. The government officials put the blame on the drivers, who, contrary to orders, left their wagons while they went into the mail's cabin to smoke. The two wagons robbed were Nos. 35 and 36. Driver Walker, of No. 35, had six pouches, namely, the Buffalo and Emporium, the Mount Morris, Elmira, Waverly, Scranton and Buffalo. Wagon No. 36, Driver J. J. O'Keefe, was robbed of one pouch containing a large local mail for Hoboken supposed to contain upward of 2,000 letters.
Postoffice Inspectors Charles L. Morris, Benjamin H. Shopp and Hartshorn were detailed on the case. They have some clew to the identity of the robbers, which, they say is unwilling to divulge at present. They think it probable that the robbers may have had skeleton keys. The robbers are suspected of being the same who robbed the Elmira mail of two pouches on Dec. 22.

Was This Girl Buried Alive?

BUFFALO, Feb. 4.—When the body of Frances Schurtz, who was buried in Dunkirk, was exhumed, the casket was found to contain, besides the corpse, a quantity of water sufficient to have drowned her. This discovery strengthens the belief that she was buried alive and drowned in the grave ere she could awake from the trance in which she was interred. Coroner Reed has taken the sworn statements of the girl's family and, while he has not yet made a report, he censures those who brought about the funeral before the permit had been obtained.

A Young Woman Shot Dead.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Maggie Weltmueller, twenty years old, a domestic, was shot and instantly killed by Frank Zenner. The murderer escaped. No cause is known for the crime.

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But you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Worsteds, Embroidery Silks, and stamped linen goods.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

Woman's Exchange
AND INDUSTRIAL UNION
73 Park Avenue.
SOME MADE
Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes
FRESH EVERY DAY.

50c. a Bottle
for
EMULSION
of
COD LIVER OIL,
with HYPOPHOSPATES,
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
No. 80 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

WHAT'S THAT?
Oh, only the usual fall in prices before taking our annual inventory.
Read a few of the Bargains!
100 doz. Towels at 7c., worth 10c. Good Gingham 5c. Worsted Dress Goods 12½c., formerly 18c. Best Prints 5c. Fruit of the Loom 5c. Lace 5c. Jersey Knit Skirts 50c., formerly 75c. Heavy Toweling 4c. Our 50c. Corset we will sell for 39c.
SPECIALS of all kinds at HALF PRICE.
Lap-rain Carpets 25, 33, 42 and 49c. Mattings 12½c. Oil Cloths 25c. Leader, Misses and Children's Cloaks. Largest variety at greatly reduced prices. Agents for King's Dyeing Company's patent.
I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

C. DICKINSON
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY
PRESENTS
Also Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses examined FREE.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

DON'T FORGET
In making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LINDABURY'S, the Tailor.
NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,
at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit out.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

THE BEE HIVE
Men's Unlaundried Shirts, "Pride," A quality, good linen bosom, heavy muslin, reinforced front and double back..... 50c.
The "Pride," B quality, made of best muslin and fine linen bosom, the best shirt in the world..... 69c.
Boys' "Pride" shirts..... 45c.
Youths' "Pride," shirts, this size shirt can only be obtained at the "Bee Hive" in Plainfield..... 69c.
Louis Callman.
40 WEST FRONT STREET

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
20 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for cut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
Offers (Lehigh and Hosstrador Coal highest qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
Rooms and Desires Lumber.
He would also announce that he has recently added facilities for furnishing sand screened and dry, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the most prompt and efficient manner.

ALL IS MIRACLE.
Where the cause is unknown. The wonderful power of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, prepared by the Curative Medical Compound, has restored health to thousands of sufferers, when all other remedies failed. It is a concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla, and is the best blood purifier ever offered to the public.
Prepared by J. C. Ayer, Plainfield, N. J.

CATARRH
and Electric Baths as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES, CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM in FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPEPSIA and Chronic Diseases generally.
Consultation Free!
32 East Second street, corner Washington

NOTICE!
I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my
Liberty Street Market
where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices.
GOOD -:- MEAT!
Of all kinds.
Charles Arnold,
21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!
By a po ular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,
Holders and Segars for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's,
SEGAR STORE,
19 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.
The most costly fabrics are very cleanly refined by latest improved process. Lace curtains preformed equal to new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.
H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

SAVE FIFTY PER CENT.
For the purpose of advertising more extensively the quality of our work, we will
Hang all Paper,
Purchased from us during DECEMBER for
HALF -:- PRICE.
Our stock consists of all the latest designs.
A. D. Van Sciver,
Opposite Depot, (Chesola Building,) 47 North Avenue.

Professional Cards.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 28 West Front street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds, Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Over Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness at fair rates. Residence in the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 287 Broadway, New York city, room 43 and 44. Plainfield and Trader's Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield N. J.

PLAINFIELD
JOBBERS EXCAVATING COMP'Y
J. A. Co
JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Teams in operation. Our apparatus is improved of by the Board of Health. Furnish coal by the load to consumers. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of Top Soil Loam, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. box 660. Telephone call 38.

PURE MILK
Delivered to any part of the city by
D. D. SCHENCK.
A postal addressed to No. 60 Front Street will receive prompt attention. 98

CONVICTS IN REBELLION

A Desperate Outbreak at the Deer Island Reformatory.

THE PRISON IN A STATE OF WRECK

The Guards Were Helpless, and the Prisoners, Who Had Armed Themselves, Fought the Police for Hours, Till Clubbed Into Submission.

BOSTON, Feb. 4.—There are scores of prisoners on Deer island with bruised heads today, and a strong guard of Boston police surrounds the reformatory. The prisoners received their wounds from clubs wielded by the policemen in quelling the worst outbreak ever seen at the place. The police had clubs and the prisoners had knives, ice picks, chisels and hammers. The reformatory guard were helpless, and while the Boston police were on the way to the place the rioters had complete charge of the institution. The place looks as though a tornado had struck it. Windows are broken in almost every wing of the building, and much other property was destroyed.

Affairs at the island have been in bad shape for some time, owing to dissension among the commissioners of public institutions. The prisoners took advantage of the strained relations and have had pretty much their own way. The confinement of a prisoner in the guardhouse last night called forth from the others a peremptory demand for his release. This was refused and directly after breakfast today the trouble began.

Convicts Run Wild.

A concerted attack was made on the guardhouse, the two guards retreating before the mob, which numbered more than 200 prisoners. After breaking the windows and battering in the door the mob started for the sheds. Pete Dalton, ice picks and pickchisels were seized and the prisoners came back to begin an attack on the house of industry itself.

They went through the rooms, and were making things lively there about the time the police arrived. Several of them had gone also to the storeyard near the water front. They threw hammers and other tools into the water. One party headed for the boiler rooms, but Chief Engineer Page kept them at bay with his revolver.

When the Boston policemen reached the scene the prisoners were in possession of the lodging room. Most of them were armed. Their yells were accompanied by a vigorous brandishing of implements. They threatened to kill the policemen if they entered the room. Before the attack Superintendent Gorrish gave them an opportunity to go quietly to their cells. The sight of the blue coats had had its effect, and more than half of the rioters submitted to arrest.

Fought Even in Their Cells.

The others were still defiant and the order was given to charge. Clubs were used indiscriminately. The prisoners made a rush upon the officers. There were a few attempts of retreat on the part of the police and then a sharp advance. In their retreat the prisoners separated. This made easy work. Each officer seized a man and forced him to submission.

In the cell room the men renewed the fight. Those possessing weapons struck the officers. The police made a rush on the upper division of cells hurled buckets and chairs over the railing upon the heads of the police. There was a rain of chairs, stools and buckets for several seconds. Scissors and knives, which the men who were employed in the tailoring department possessed, came down from above during the melee.

The riot lasted nearly three hours. The mayor and the commissioners of public institutions visited the island after it was all over, and will remain there for the present. It is intimated that the mayor will make a clean sweep of the commissioners and the Deer Island officials and appoint an entirely new set.

A Republican Call.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The Republican state executive committee has been called by General J. W. Husted, chairman, to meet at the Fifth Avenue hotel Saturday, Feb. 13, at noon. The early call is brought on by the state committee will be considered, and also the time for holding the Republican state convention to elect delegates at large to the national convention at Minneapolis.

Blew Up a Car.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 4.—Preston Kippler, a striking conductor of the Manchester line, has been arrested on suspicion of having caused an explosion which wrecked one of the cars of the company, thereby endangering the lives of eight men.

Defrauded Their Creditors.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 4.—Nothing has been learned of the whereabouts of Walter R. Jones and C. J. Jones, the cotton brokers who suddenly left the city. They have defrauded their creditors to the amount of $100,000.

Omaha Shaken by an Earthquake.

OMAHA, Feb. 4.—A severe shock of earthquake was felt here lasting for several seconds. A few houses were toppled over and three inmates buried in the debris. They were removed bodily injured.

Lucy Bellotte Kills Herself.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Feb. 4.—Lucy, the eighteen-year-old daughter of Colonel G. B. Bellotte, of this city, committed suicide by shooting herself. No cause is known for the act.

The Rice Trust Consummated.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 4.—The syndicate which has been negotiating for the purchase of all the rice mills in the city closed the deal today. English capital is behind the trust.

Mrs. Schneider May Recover.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Mrs. Hoard M. Schneider, who was shot by her husband and supposed to have been mortally wounded, is improving and her recovery is possible.

Judge Vennard Dead.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 4.—Judge H. T. Vennard, who was for many years prominent in political circles, died of grip. He was eighty years old.

A Marvelous Silver Strike.

DENVER, Feb. 4.—In the famous Mollie Gibson silver mine at Aspen a 6-foot body of ore has just been discovered which is worth fully $10,000 a ton.

Silver Purchases.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The treasury department purchased 439,000 ounces of silver 0, 90, 87, 90.85, 91 and 91.10 cents per

Death of Colonel Cox.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 4.—Colonel Theodore Cox died today of Bright's disease.

SIR MORELL MACKENZIE DEAD.

He It Was Who Treated the Late Emperor Frederick's Throat.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—Sir Morell Mackenzie, the eminent physician, is dead.

Sir Morell Mackenzie was born July 7, 1837, in Essex county, England. His father was a well known surgeon, and the son was brought up to the same profession. He was patronized by royalty and nobility and acquired considerable wealth. Twenty-three years ago he founded the hospital for diseases of the throat, in Golden square, London, and was always devoted to its service. His fame as a throat physician caused him to be called upon, by recommendation of Queen Victoria, to attend the late Emperor Frederick, then crown prince, when the affection of the throat, which ultimately proved fatal, began to develop itself seriously.

Dr. Mackenzie's engagement was not pleasing to the German physicians, and a bitter rivalry arose. Dr. Mackenzie took the ground that the affliction of the crown prince was not necessarily incurable, a position which, from a political standpoint, was highly important and gratifying to the crown prince and his English relatives, as an incurable disease would have disqualified him for the German throne. After the death of Kaiser Frederick Dr. Mackenzie was pursued vindictively by the criticism of German medical men, being, on the other hand, upheld by the Kaiser, Bismarck family and the Empress Frederick. His connection with the case brought him world wide fame and also much annoyance. He published a defense of his treatment which excited much attention. Dr. Mackenzie had a splendid advertisement of his efficiency as a throat physician in his clear, ringing voice, which showed that his own throat was in perfect condition. He was made a knight in 1887.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

The Blanket Ballot Bill Introduced in the Senate by Mr. Saxton.

ALBANY, Feb. 4.—Mr. Saxton introduced the blanket ballot bill in the shape of numerous amendments to chapter 909 of the laws of 1890, the ballot reform law. Each ballot is divided into as many separate columns as there are different political parties or nominating bodies that have named candidates. At the top of each column shall be printed the name and a pictorial device of the political party nominating. Then shall follow the name of each office, and under each name the name of the person nominated for such office. At the left of every party name and of the name of each candidate shall be printed a small square within which the voter shall mark his choice with a rubber stamp and red ink pad.

The voter may stamp the name of every candidate, or, if he chooses, he may stamp the name of the party only, and this will count as a vote for every candidate named by that party. Sealed packages of ballots shall be delivered to the inspectors just before the polls open. This is the system in use in Ohio and some other states. The bill comes from the Reform club in New York city.

The assembly committee on ways and means agreed to put over the consideration of the World's fair bill until next week.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

A Day of Quiet Debate in the Senate and in the House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Details of the Manderson printing bill occupied the attention of the senate all the day after the morning hour. The discussion took a wide range, including civil service reform, the eight hour law and other topics in its scope, but possessed little general interest, and less than twenty senators sat in it. When the senate adjourned 73 of the 100 sections forming the bill had been disposed of.

The discussion of the rules occupied the time of the house, and nothing of note occurred to mar the even tenor of the debate, which was devoid of public interest.

Lentz May Be the Assassin.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 4.—It begins to look as though August Lentz murdered Mrs. Teresa Senior at Millburn. A clerk in a lodging house at 5 New Chambers street, New York, positively identifies Lentz as a man who called at that place between the hours of 6 and 8 o'clock Sunday evening with blood on his shirt front. A letter which dropped from the man's coat bore the inscription, "Gustave Lentz."

Another Man Gone Wrong.

BRATTLEBORO, Vt., Feb. 4.—Albert M. Johnson, town clerk, treasurer and tax collector of the town of Wilmington, has disappeared, and $1,200 of the town's money is missing. Johnson is a veteran of the Sixteenth Vermont volunteers, and was a Methodist church leader.

Russell Sage Loses His Case.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 4.—Decision in the case of the St. Louis, Kansas City & Colorado Railway versus Russell Sage has been rendered. The case is the first of a series involving about $1,000,000. By the decision the case of Mr. Sage is thrown out of court.

Shot Himself Through the Head.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Feb. 4.—Colonel John Withers, cashier of the San Antonio National bank, shot himself through the head. Colonel Withers was educated at West Point with General Grant. No cause has yet been learned for the deed.

Mrs. Barnaby's Will Probated.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 4.—The will of Mrs. Barnaby, for whose death Dr. Graves was convicted, which was made in West Chester, Pa., and known as the "Worred will," was admitted to probate. There was no contest.

Father and Daughter Found Dead.

MONROE, Mo., Feb. 4.—Moses Jollison, a well to do farmer, and his daughter Sarah, twenty-eight years old, were found dead in their beds, having perished from want of care during a severe attack of grip.

Steinitz Ties the Score.

HAVANA, Feb. 4.—The fourteenth game of the chess match, a Ruy Lopez, was won by Steinitz after thirty-seven moves, who thus equals the score, which is as follows: Steinitz, 5; Tschigorin, 5; drawn, 4.

Fava's Successor Coming.

ROME, Feb. 4.—Count Catalani, the Italian minister at Copenhagen, is making the preparations to proceed to Washington in place of Baron Fava. The count is a general favorite in Copenhagen.

Italy's New Consul at New Orleans.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The president has recognized Riccardo Motte as consul of Italy at New Orleans, for the states of Louisiana, Texas, Mississippi, Arkansas, Alabama and Texas.

Newark Will Be There.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 4.—Newark will be represented by a professional baseball club next season. The Newark Baseball and Exhibition company will be organized with a capital of $10,000.

Builders Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

No. 66 West Front street, for ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK. ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT, Practical Carpenter and Builder. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialties—Fine church work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544

William C. Smith, Practical Mason and Builder. All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 775

JOHN HERRMANN, Plain Builder, and hard wood finisher, shop corner of Grand and Rogers streets, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1057. J. HERRMANN, 8 Rogers street.

C. V. SAUER, Carpenter and Builder, Clinton avenue, near Depot, North Plainfield. Jobbing attended to. Satisfaction given cheerfully on all kinds of work

John P. Emmons, MASON AND BUILDER. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 943.

PIERSON & GAYLE, Carpenters & Builders P. O. BOX 51.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street, H. S. Bagley, No. 15 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick, CARPENTER AND General Jobber. SHOP, 30 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J. Storm doors and weather strips a specialt Jobbing promptly attended to

Window Screens made to order.

Real Estate & Insurance

ISAAC BROKAW & SON, REAL ESTATE and Insurance. Money to loan on first mortgage. NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Edw. C. Multord REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE 45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE. DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING 19 North avenue

M. M Dunham, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE. No 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE. Money to Loan on approved security. Cor Front street and Park avenue.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION OF PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President. WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President. NATHAN HARPER, " " ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

NEW STORE. *Barkalew & Dunn* 18 North Avenue Fine Groceries, PLAINFIELD N. J. THREE BEE TEA

To the Public: **Neuman Bros.** Desire to call special attention to their choice and safe lines of new canned vegetables, viz: Fruit de Fine, Fresno red Sugar Corn, Succotash & Morrill Farm Sugar Corn, Strawberry Tomatoes, Red Tomatoes, P. E. Sugar Peas, Red Tomatoes, Fat & Wilkerson's extra sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early June Peas, Hamburg Sortsgiene Beans, Hudson River Asparagus and tips. Special reductions given by the case and dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats 79 BROADWAY.

We have a new line of **Skates and Sleds** Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of *Musical Instruments* and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek, 32 PARK AVENUE.

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART. FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.

I have thoroughly renovated the store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage DAVID CLARK, Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

BROWN & HILL, Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in POSCH'S HOTEL, NO. 1005 SOUTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Boot black stand connected with the shop

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING call at **Bremmer Bros',** 28 Somerset Street, And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices on good working pants.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Al berti, P. O. Box 1509.

FRENCH LESSONS. Instruction and entertainment in French Lecture, class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson address, or call on Prof. L. Vitou, care of Misses Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY. Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891. For information call at the Academy or address REV. CHAS. H. HARNED Principal 320 y 187 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S KINDERGARTEN and SCHOOL. 15 GROVE STREET.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupils' residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 18 Somerset Street

Lodges.

Fraternity and Protection. 1873. Membership, 135,000. 1891. Death benefits paid over $32,000,000 since organization. WETUMPKA LODGE, 5601, KNIGHTS OF HONOR, meets First and Third Thursdays, at 8 p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge Rooms, Hinde Hall Building. LOREN L. VAN ALSTYNE, Dictator. RALPH A. FRY, Reporter.

Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 12 95 1y

Special Notices.

H. S. SPENCER, 76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner. Choice groceries, provisions and produce; white granite, C. C. yellow rock stone and gian-ware; flower pots and hanging baskets; pure cider vinegar four years old. Fruits and confectionery.

MISS LINDSAY, Intelligence Office, 24 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines and shrubs. 320 y

ROGERS GROUPS, Hennessy etchings. Artist's materials At Swain's, 33 West Front street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

BARGAINS. In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvement on the Parris iron wagon. John F. Wells, Bank street, North Plainfield.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address E. F. M. CHASE, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the sea level

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS. Arrive—6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 p. m. SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS. Arrive—8.30 a. m., 5.30 p. m. Close—9.30 a. m., 6.30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS. Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.

E. B. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey stations in New York, foot of Liberty street, and Communipaw, foot of Central avenue.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.40, 6.28, 6.58, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 5.40, 7.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.10, 7.10, 7.40, 8.10, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 10.40, 11.10 a. m., 12.10, 12.40, 1.10, 1.40, 2.10, 2.40, 3.10, 3.40, 4.10, 4.40, 5.10, 5.40, 6.10, 6.40, 7.10, 7.40, 8.10, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Sunday, 6.10, 8.10, 10.10 a. m., 12.10, 2.10, 4.10, 6.10, 8.10, 10.10, 11.40 p. m. Passengers for Bound Brook change cars at Dunellen.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.40, 7.30, 9.05, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.00, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.00, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 9.30, 11.30 a. m., 4.30, 6.30, 8.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.40, 8.10, 9.40, 11.10 a. m., 12.40, 2.10, 3.40, 4.40, 6.10, 7.40, 9.10, 10.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.10, 10.10 a. m., 4.40, 6.40, 8.40, 10.10, 11.40 p. m. Passengers for Bound Brook change cars at Dunellen.

PLAINFIELD AND PERTH AMBOY.

Leave Plainfield at 5.40, 7.30, 9.05, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.00, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.00, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.40, 7.30, 9.30, 11.30 a. m., 4.30, 6.30, 8.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave Perth Amboy at 6.25, 8.00, 9.30, 11.00 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 3.00, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 9.00, 10.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.00, 9.30, 11.00 a. m., 1.30, 3.00, 4.30, 6.30, 8.30, 10.30 p. m. Passengers for Bound Brook change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.40, 7.30, 9.05, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.00, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.00, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.40, 7.30, 9.30, 11.30 a. m., 4.30, 6.30, 8.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.40, 8.10, 9.40, 11.10 a. m., 12.40, 2.10, 3.40, 4.40, 6.10, 7.40, 9.10, 10.40 p. m. Sunday at 8.10, 10.10 a. m., 4.40, 6.40, 8.40, 10.10, 11.40 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.45 a. m. for Pittston, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton 7.50 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton and Allentown.

9.05 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

9.30 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Hazleton, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. through coach to Williamsport.

1.00 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

4.30 p. m. for D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bound Brook, Harrisburg, etc. Parlor car to Mauch Chunk.

5.20 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc.

6.30 p. m. for Flemington.

6.55 p. m. Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

8.30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

5.45 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 9.30 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, etc. 5.20 p. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Pottsville, Harrisburg and Harrisburg.

8.30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 4.57, 8.03, 11.09 a. m.; 2.04, 3.49, 6.09, 8.03 p. m. Sundays, Ocean Grove 8.02 a. m., 4.30 p. m. For Perth Amboy 4.57, 8.03, 9.03, 11.09 a. m.; 2.04, 3.01, 6.09, 7.05 p. m. Sundays 7.05 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

For Atlantic City 3.05 a. m.; 1.05 p. m.

For Cape May 3.05 a. m.; 1.05, 3.01, 8.30 p. m.

For Trenton 5.45, 8.39, 9.43, 10.47 a. m., 12.37, 1.50, 4.05, 5.25, 6.25, 8.40, 9.30 p. m., 1.17 night. Sundays at 8.39, 11.16 a. m., 2.04, 3.25, 4.14, 6.55 p. m. 1.17 night.

For Baltimore and Washington at 9.05, a. m.; 2.05, 4.14, 7.40 p. m., 1.17 night. Sunday at 4.30 a. m., 2.05, 4.14, 6.14 p. m., 1.17 night.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen Pass Agt.

J. H. OLRAUSEN, Gen Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Standard Railway of America.

Protected throughout by the inter-locking switch and block signal system.

On and after Nov. 16th, 1891, trains leave Elizabeth as follows:

4.55 a. m.—Western Express daily, with Pullman Vestibule Parlor and sleeping cars daily for Pittsburgh, Columbus, Cleveland, and St. Louis, only except Saturday, for Chicago and Toledo.

7.00 p. m.—Western Express daily, with Pullman Vestibule Parlor and sleeping cars daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati, and St. Louis, daily except Saturday for Cleveland, Toledo, Williamsport, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

8.42 p. m.—Pacific Express, with Pullman Vestibule Parlor and sleeping cars daily for Chicago and Toledo, daily except Saturday, for Cleveland.

For Baltimore, Washington and the South—1.03, 6.35, 7.30, 9.10 a. m.; 1.30, 9.30 p. m. On Sunday at 1.03, 6.30, 9.10 a. m., 9.30 p. m.

For Newark and New York—2.05, 5.24, 5.46, 6.17, 6.47, 7.15, 7.47, 8.15, 8.47, 9.15, 9.47, 10.15, 9.41, 9.46, 10.20, 10.46, 10.49, 11.07, 11.40, 12.09 p. m., 12.15, 1.20, 2.05, 2.30, 3.05, 3.15, 3.45, 4.05, 4.06, 4.23, 4.56, 5.06, 5.36, 6.17, 6.36, 7.06, 8.17, 9.11, 9.50, 10.36, 11.50 p. m.

On Sundays—3.05, 5.34, 8.45, 9.20, 9.47, 10.12, 10.36, 10.49 a. m.; 2.04, 2.46, 3.35, 4.45, 5.54, 6.05, 6.36, 7.06, 8.17, 9.11, 9.50, 10.36, 11.50 p. m.

For New York only—4.30 a. m. daily.

For Philadelphia—1.03, 2.05, 5.24, 5.46, 6.17, 6.47, 7.15, 7.47, 8.15, 8.47, 9.15, 9.47, 10.15, 9.41, 9.46, 10.20, 10.46, 10.49, 11.07, 11.40, 12.09 p. m., 12.15, 1.20, 2.05, 2.30, 3.05, 3.15, 3.45, 4.05, 4.06, 4.23, 4.56, 5.06, 5.36, 6.17, 6.36, 7.06, 8.17, 9.11, 9.50, 10.36, 11.50 p. m.

On Sundays—3.05, 5.34, 8.45, 9.20, 9.47, 10.12, 10.36, 10.49 a. m.; 2.04, 2.46, 3.35, 4.45, 5.54, 6.05, 6.36, 7.06, 8.17, 9.11, 9.50, 10.36, 11.50 p. m.

For Atlantic City, (daily except Sundays), with day coaches and parlor cars, 11.20 p. m.

For Rahway—12.54, 1.00, 6.44, 7.16, 7.43, 7.59, 8.54, 9.58, 10.40, 11.52 a. m., 1.05, 1.07, 2.40, 3.36, 4.01, 4.26, 4.48, 5.05, 5.40, 6.00, 6.05, 6.12, 6.17, 6.37, 7.16, 8.07, 9.00, 9.45, 10.40, 11.14 p. m.

For Elizabeth—1.00, 6.38, 6.44, 7.16, 7.43, 7.59, 8.54, 9.58, 10.40, 11.47 a. m., 12.54, 1.50, 2.47, 3.28, 4.30, 5.30, 5.40, 7.21, 7.37, 7.47, 8.17, 8.47, 9.13, 9.30, 10.14, 11.00, 11.55 p. m.

For Newark—1.00, 6.38, 6.44, 7.16, 7.43, 7.59, 8.54, 9.58, 10.40, 11.47 a. m., 12.54, 1.50, 2.47, 3.28, 4.30, 5.30, 5.40, 7.21, 7.37, 7.47, 8.17, 8.47, 9.13, 9.30, 10.14, 11.00, 11.55 p. m.

For Jamesburg, via Monmouth Junction—2.05, 10.40 a. m. Sundays 10.40 a. m.

For Cape May, Ocean City and Ocean City 1.20 p. m. Sundays 11.55 p. m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, points on New York and Long Branch R. R. 8.42 a. m., 12.15, 4.56, 5.46 p. m. Sunday 10.25 a. m.; 5.46 p. m. to best stop at Asbury Park and Ocean Grove.

For Freehold—7.16, 11.52 a. m., 4.26, 5.46 p. m. via Monmouth Junction. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Boston, without change, 8.30 p. m. daily.

For Fall River, Newport and Providence, connect at Jersey City with boats to Brooklyn pier, 5.00 p. m. daily, except Sunday, for Fall River, Newport and Providence, avoiding double ferriage and New Jersey and New York City.

For Shrewsbury, 7.16, 11.52 a. m., 4.26, 5.46 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Red Bank, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Matawan, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Keyport, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Holmdel, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Freehold, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Long Branch, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Asbury Park, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Ocean Grove, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Lakewood, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Toms River, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Barnegat, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Tuckerton, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Beach Haven, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Atlantic City, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Cape May, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Ocean City, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Sea Isle City, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Stone Harbor, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Wildwood, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Anglesea, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Cape May Point, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Delaware Water Gap, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Stroudsburg, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Scranton, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Wilkesbarre, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Hazleton, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Pottsville, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Harrisburg, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Williamsport, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Erie, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Rochester, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Buffalo, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Niagara Falls, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Chicago, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Cincinnati, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For St. Louis, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Kansas City, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Omaha, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Denver, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Salt Lake City, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For San Francisco, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Los Angeles, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Portland, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Seattle, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Tacoma, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Spokane, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Helena, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Butte, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Missoula, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Great Falls, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Fort Benton, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Miles City, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Glendive, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Bismarck, 7.16, 9.10, 11.52 a. m., 12.37, 4.26, 5.46, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 5.46 p. m.

For Minneapolis, 7.

THE ETHICS OF NURSING.

Suggestions About the Sickroom That Should Be Observed at Any Cost.

First and foremost it is necessary to carry out to the letter every direction of the doctor, especially in regard to medicine and diet. Strict obedience to his orders and their careful following out will insure to the patient the best results from his skill. A large, sunny room, if possible, should be selected for the invalid. The room should be kept thoroughly ventilated and at a temperature not lower than 68 degs. or higher than 70 degs. Keep the air the patient breathes as pure as the external air without chilling him.

Keep the upper sash of the window lowered a few inches, avoiding, of course, a draft. Let the patient be well covered and air may be freely admitted without the least danger. Far more persons are killed by the want than by an excess of fresh air.

In giving a person in bed a sponge bath, either for cleanliness or to lower the temperature in fever, be sure not to uncover too large a surface at once. Pin a soft shawl, warm, but not too heavy, around the shoulders, fastening it at the back and remove the nightdress under that. Put the hand under the shawl and sponge the skin, a little at a time, being very careful not to have the sponge too wet, and dry with a towel. Proceed this way until the whole body is bathed.

The teeth should be washed with a small piece of clean rag dipped in fresh cool water.

A woman's hair should be combed every day if she can stand it without too much fatigue. If advised to go from day to day it becomes no matter that it is almost impossible to disentangle it. Braided in two braids it is far more comfortable than when arranged in one, for each braid can be drawn well to one side, avoiding the hard ridge one braid sometimes makes, and which becomes very tiresome to lie upon.

If, unfortunately, the hair becomes tangled, a little sweet oil will loosen it and render it more easily combed. Use a coarse comb, combing gently downward from a point near the ends of the hair and gradually approaching the head at each movement. This will remove all the loose hairs without much pulling.

Be particularly neat and precise regarding the cleanliness of the sickroom. Do not, however, make the mistake of using a feather duster, as this only transfers the dust from one place to another instead of removing it entirely. The furniture and woodwork should be wiped with a damp cloth. If there is a carpet in the room brush it lightly each day with a broom slightly wetted to keep the dust from rising in the air.

Should the patient be allowed to eat fruit, a few grapes or an orange peeled and divided may be given on a plate over a bowl of ice. The coolness thus obtained causes the fruit to be much more grateful to the palate. To obtain cracked ice without unnecessary pounding and in the presence of the invalid, wrap a small lump in a folded towel and use a long stout pin to break off the pieces. If the point is pressed firmly near the edge of the block fragments can be easily separated.

In preparing a meal for any one whose appetite is delicate care should be taken to make it look as enticing as possible. The tray should be decked out in its snowiest, daintiest cover. The glass, silver and china should absolutely shine, while the repast itself should consist of a few choice bits, not a large portion of such viands, but such delicately and temptingly served.

There is nothing that so quickly disgusts a feeble appetite as a quantity of food presented at one time.

Above all, do not worry the patient regarding what he shall eat or drink. Prepare something he is known to like and of which the doctor approves without any previous comment. It is your duty to think for your charge. Anticipate his wants before he has had time to express them.

Do not flinch him with questions regarding whether he is too hot or too cold, whether he prefers beef tea or chicken broth for his luncheon.—Philadelphia Times.

How to Help the Doctor.

A well known doctor once complained to the writer that he had the greatest trouble when treating sick children in getting any lucid and helpful resume of their symptoms from the lips of the mother. "Here is a case in point," said he. "A few days ago a young mother came to me about her little boy, who had what she called a pathetic little cough. I asked her if a cough is a symptom of which pathology takes no note. So I asked more definite particulars. 'What kind of a cough is it?' I asked again.

"'Oh, such a pathetic cough,' she answered. 'But is it a loose cough, or a hacking cough, or a tight cough, or a bark cough?' I persisted.

"'I'm sure I don't know,' she said, sadly puzzled, 'but it is a sad little cough.' And that is a fair sample of the way a great many physicians find themselves puzzled about babies. The mothers or nurses seem to have so little skill in interpreting their symptoms."

Women and mothers, this thing ought not to be. A young mother with a first baby may find herself a little puzzled for the first few weeks to recognize the most striking symptoms in a baby's illness, but she ought soon to be able to make a very intelligent diagnosis of ordinary ills. She ought to be able to tell whether the baby is in acute pain or not, and in most cases what the pain is located, whether his cry is a tired cry or a hungry one or a sick one. She ought to be able to take his temperature and his pulse beats as accurately as a physician, to discriminate his coughs and his way of breathing. The condition of his bowels should be significant to her also, and even of his skin. It takes certain matters that come with a little attention in watching and a little knowledge to inter pretation and brains.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Mothers of Strong Men.

Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, one of the highest authorities in the world on nervous diseases and a profound student of life, regards women as the physical leaders of the race, and says that cultivation of the brain at the expense of the body is an incalculable evil to future generations. Nature has her seasons of rest and her seasons of productiveness," the famous physician once said. "The soil after harvest lies fallow for a season or it loses all its rich juice. You women knew a great many of powerful brain and masterful energy. I mean—born of a weak woman. Superiority and strength of mind in men come almost invariably from the mother. The father may transmit traits as he often transmits weaknesses, but the mind of the male child almost always derives its real force from the mother. If she has a strong character, strong virtues and has lived a simple, healthy life, her son will reap the richer harvest of vital and mental strength, because neither has been exhausted by the mother. The father's character is apt to reappear in the daughters."

The view is one of such interest and importance that every one will find something in his or her own experience and observation that will bear upon it. The thought back of it is that women should be educated and their minds cultivated, but neither overeducated, as at some female colleges, nor overcultivated or overstrained by work or society; that their lives should be so ordered that a surplus of mental and physical strength should be stored as the ground derives fruitfulness and stores future wealth by lying fallow and producing nothing for a time.—New York Press.

Working Women and Their Place Today.

The proportion of women whose daily toil is hard labor of some kind or other is not greater now than it has been in other periods. On the contrary, it is probably smaller. But at no former time has the wage earning woman been so distinct a social and economic factor. Woman's work was formerly hedged in very closely by domestic traditions. Her life was a part of the life of some family, and as an unattached industrial unit she was practically nonexistent.

Newer conditions have obviously changed all this, and every city has its army of young working women seeking an independent livelihood, just as it has its larger army of young men. The army of young workingmen in great towns—young men wholly unattached and fighting the battle of life upon their individual resources—has not been very long recognized as a distinct social element, and one for which peculiar pity should be made. But its recognition has been more general, and there has been better provision made for it than for the other army of young working women.

Yet the position of the young woman is much the more difficult. The kinds of work open to women are not half so numerous as those that young men can enter. And women's wages average little more than half as much as their brothers. The practical difficulties in the way of procuring employment are especially great for young women, and conventional obstacles everywhere. The rights, the needs, the temptations of working girls call for agitation and for organized action. And in many ways the movement has begun.—Albert Shaw in Scribner's.

How to Cure a Nervous Headache.

You know when you've a nervous headache and a night of agony unless something is done quickly.

Try this. Slip off your bodice and bare your neck. Unbind your hair and tie a loose knot on the top of your head. Then take a sponge and a bowl of hot water—just as hot as you can bear it.

Pass the hot wet sponge slowly and steadily over the face and forehead for eight or ten minutes, keeping the sponge as hot as you can bear it. By that time your face will look and feel as if it were parboiled. But don't worry.

Then bathe the back of the neck as you have the face, first sponging the sponge each time well on the back of the head.

Keep this up for the same length of time; then, without looking at yourself in the glass, because that would be sure to disquiet you, dry your face and neck softly and go and lie down for half an hour.

Close your eyes and think of just this one thing. How heavy you are on the couch and how easily it supports you. This is really an important part of the cure.

Lie there for half an hour, if you don't fall asleep in a couple of hours. Then get up and take the deferred look in the glass.

The tired look has gone, the muscles have regained their tone, the wrinkles have disappeared. You look like your younger sister. Best of all, the darting pain in the head and the pessimism of the soul have gone too.—Boston Herald.

What Next in Woman's Societies?

Woman's societies will reach their high est good when the prefatory "woman's" is discarded. Exclusive organization on the part of one sex has reached the extreme where the upward turn now leads back, on the line of its own momentum, to supply the union of husbands and wives in the common cause of benefiting humanity. Doubtless thousands of brave men today, apathetic regarding general human welfare, would bound to their places at the wheel if appealed to by wives converted to the new gospel of unbounded, brave aid. The best way to disarm an opponent is to throw the cause on his hands, appealing for his support.

Let such titles as "Woman's suffrage association" give place to the "United Societies for Woman's Franchise."

There is no limit to what the modest source from which all these benefactions have sprung will be ever and gratefully remembered.

But in the full realization of social reforms accomplished only by the addition of man's effective power, women working for that end can well afford to relinquish like titles when the time comes no more than propose a higher mission for them and a new progress for all.—Margaret W. Noble in Chautauquan.

"Fluffy" Girls and Their Ways.

A young man, speaking of a girl to a matron of his acquaintance, recently said:

"Oh, she's one of those fluffy girls."

"My dear boy," said the matron, "what on earth is a fluffy girl?"

"Why, don't you know?" replied the young man. "A girl who has blue eyes, golden hair, brilliant coloring and looks like a bit of Dresden china. A girl who is always hitched up in a big armchair and has a plaintive little tale of woe to confide to you—not to you, my dear madam, but to me, to some man. The girl who wears charming gowns, all frills and ribbons, and hopelessly intricate to masculine eyes; who is always delightfully clean, with fresh curled hair and white hands certain perfumes; has curious gestures and modes of expression, who wears tinkling ornaments on her wrists and quantities of rings on her fingers; who abounds in parasols, fans and shawls, which we men carry trailing humbly about in her wake. This is the fluffy girl, and, my lady, that is my experience with her has taught me that she usually possesses a temper as fluffy as her gown."—Hartford Times.

Potatoes as an Aid in Washing.

To wash clothes without fading them, wash each piece by potatoes, then grate them into cold water. Saturate the article to be washed in this potato water, and they can then be washed with soap without any rinsing of the color. I have taken off out of carpets with this potato water a stain that cold water would make the color run ruinously. Have also set the color in figured black muslins, in colored merinos, in ribbons and other silk goods. Often the potato water cleanses sufficiently without the use of soap; but the latter is necessary, I find, where there is any grease in such cases (white soap). I have also taken mud and rust with a flannel rag. In woolen goods it is necessary to strain the water, else the particles will adhere. Use the potato water on good goods from which they can well be shaken.—Cor. Detroit Free Press.

Homely Gymnastics.

That there is not much sanitary or strengthening influence in the operation of dusting is evident, and yet many women, disdaining a heavier work, reserve this ill-merited duty for themselves and waste much time upon it. Muscular motion is of little value unless vigorous and swift. The slow walk and loitering movement do not rouse the blood from its torpidity. The lowliest labor when zealously performed may be followed by an unexpected hygienic effect. Thus is the instance of a penniless young man, threatened with fever in a strange country, shipping as a deck hand to return and die among his people. The voyage he wrathfully swung the dirt from the shipboards and with it the disease that had invaded his life stuff.—Alice B. Tweedy in Popular Science Monthly.

Uses for Pillow Shams.

Fashionable bed dressing having retired pillow shams, economists sewing a supply of these squares have sought various methods to utilize them. One woman turned her fine pair of hemstitched linen and embroidered "covers" into tea cloths by adding some gay little buds and pansies in natural colors. She might easily have left them all white, since such tea cloths are equally used for the permanent 5 o'clock tea table as for the occasional one.

Another woman converted some of her pretty ones into shoe pillow sign by adding a plain side. She kept one pillow thus incased on the family sitting room lounge, "of which," she said, "we are all so fond that it is seldom vacant, and its stuff pillow cover was difficult to keep clean."—Her Point of View in New York Times.

A Practical Suggestion.

One of the most practical suggestions for service is that of the woman who comes in to work "by the day." There is very much more in this idea of daily service or of employing a woman who, in common parlance, "does day's work," than has ever been fully developed. Washing and scrubbing are at present the principal duties of such workers. But these, although they represent the hardest labor, cover only a small part of the daily house work.

The sweeping and dusting, the sewing, the cooking, the dish washing, the "clearing up"—most indispensable of tasks—the mending and the chamber work—all these come into the home life and into the line of a housekeeper's duties.—Harper's Bazar.

Color of the Bridal Dress.

Married in white, you have chosen all right.

Married in gray, you will go far away.

Married in black, you will wish yourself back.

Married in red, you will wish yourself dead.

Married in green, ashamed to be seen.

Married in blue, he will always be true.

Married in pearl, you will live in a whirl.

Married in yellow, ashamed of your fellow.

Married in brown, you will live out of town.

Married in pink, your spirits will sink.—Old Rhyme.

How to Sharpen a Carving Knife.

A carving knife needs to have a different kind of an edge from a razor. The steel which ordinarily accompanies a carving knife and fork is very well to give a finishing touch to the edge, but an ordinary whetstone, much coarser, does for his saythe or sickle, is the most useful implement a carver can keep at hand. One or two rubs on each side of a knife wheets it up nicely, and then two or three finishing touches from the steel and the knife is in order to do most excellent execution.—New York Telegram.

Materials for Children's Dresses.

In regard to the material to be used for the clothing of infants a well known physician believes that it should be soft, and as light in weight as possible. For those who can afford it, the flannel made from the color of the plain cloth. Soft, pliable camel's hair stuffs in wide diagonals and also fancifully woven in feather designs, are excellent for cold weather. Used in waved and chevron stripes are liked for darker tailor made gowns in Stanley brown, stone colors, navy blue and in blue black as well as jet black. Besides these are rough bourrettes, illuminated at intervals with bright threads and many fleecy stuffs that are used for entire gowns, with the exception of the collar and cuffs of leather. A great deal of velvet is used in combination with cloths, and the favorite trimmings are braidings and fur.

Tailors will again make a stand in favor of short skirts that escape the ground for all walking dresses. Belted waists with yokes and fancy vests are in great favor with tailors as with the dressmakers. They also show princess gowns, some fastened in the back, others with coat fronts, and the exceptionally stylish coat basque. But, above all else, they make the legitimate tailor bodice, the coat in all its varieties, as the long tail coat, the short French coat, the becoming shape with corselet front and coat back, and the simple and familiar riding habit bodice, which is always in favor for morning and traveling dresses. Sleeves of moderate fullness at the top and closely buttoned on the forearm are preferred for most tailor gowns.—Harper's Bazar.

1892 February. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29					

This Date in History—Feb. 4.

211—Lucius Septimius Severus, Roman emperor and famous warrior, who completed the conquest of Britain, died at York, England; born 146.

638—Egbert, first King of United Saxon England.

1685—John Rogers burned at the stake at Smithfield; last general persecution of note in England.

1778—Josiah Quincy, orator and Federalist, born in Massachusetts; died there May 1, 1864. Josiah Quincy who first suggested a dissolution of the Union in congress.

1804—Professor Mark Hopkins, famous American scholar, born in Stockbridge, Mass.

1861—Southern Confederacy officially organized in Montgomery, Ala.

1875—William A. Buckingham, ex-governor of Connecticut, died.

1876—Explosion in St. Etienne mine, Belgium, and 108 lives lost.

1882—Guiteau sentenced to death.

1887—Secretary of the United States supreme court celebrated.

Tailor Gowns.

Smooth faced cloths, more costly than they have been at previous seasons, are in high favor and fashion for elaborate gowns. They come in very light shades of tan, reseda, lilac and rose, and are combined with fleecy wools and timbre cashmeres in a ground the color of the plain cloth. Soft, pliable camel's hair stuffs in wide diagonals and also fancifully woven in feather designs, are excellent for cold weather. Used in waved and chevron stripes are liked for darker tailor made gowns in Stanley brown, stone colors, navy blue and in blue black as well as jet black. Besides these are rough bourrettes, illuminated at intervals with bright threads and many fleecy stuffs that are used for entire gowns, with the exception of the collar and cuffs of leather. A great deal of velvet is used in combination with cloths, and the favorite trimmings are braidings and fur.

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MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter 5 4:39 p. m.
Full Moon 12 2:31 p. m.
Last Quarter 20 7:18 p. m.
New Moon 27 10:43 p. m.

Writing Paper BY THE POUND!

Old Sagamore Mills, 15c lb.

Envelopes to match, 5c. package.

Kensington Wave and Devonshire Linen, 20c. per lb.

Envelopes to match, 10c. package.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

A NEW STYLE OF DERBY

Out TO-DAY, at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST.

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 87 Duer St., North Plainfield.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK P. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smoke-stack building and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 380 Fourth avenue.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Blind Hinge, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

BLIND, SASH TURNING.

Any plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 31 ly

Something New Again at the 5 & 10c. Store.

3, 5, 7 and 10c. Counters. This gives you many things for three cents that you formerly paid five for, and many things for seven cents that formerly sold for ten cents. Our counters are all loaded, and bargains indeed you now have offered you. We do not bind ourselves to keep this up long, so come while you have the chance. Also keep in mind that while we aim to undersell others we do not in the least underestimate the value of our goods. You can be suited here Sure.

WE extend a cordial invitation to every body to make us an early call, and examine our cheap and elegant goods, before making your Spring purchases.

LOOK OUT for our Carpet Announcement soon.

EVERYTHING the Newest, Cheapest and Best at

EDSALL'S

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduce! on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,

WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

Hyde & Jackson.

Bankers,

30 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Offer choice Railroad and Water Bonds, yielding from 5 to 6 per cent., which have received personal investigation.

WRITE FOR PARTICULARS. 9-1m

AUCTION SALE AT CAREY'S PALACE AUCTION ROOM,

Corner Front and Grove streets, Plainfield, N. J., on

Friday, Feb. 5th, 1 p. m. Sharp,

Consisting of

Household Furniture, Crockery, Carpets,

Etc. Terms Cash. T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Great Overcoat Sale.

30 DAYS ONLY!

OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.

GENUINE : BARGAINS!

Call and examine before they are are all gone.

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE,

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

ANNOUNCEMENT

OUR NEW SPRING GOODS are now ready for inspection.

ALL of the Departments are supplied to the fullest extent with the newest and most desirable goods that can be found in the markets.

IT is Impossible to particularize in a small "ad." like this, but would say that we are now better prepared to supply the wants of the people than ever before.

OUR New Spring Dress Goods this season surpass anything we have ever offered. The style and colorings are elegant, and will well repay a careful inspection.

THE Wash Dress Fabrics are just lovely, and comprise about everything that the trade demands.

LADIES are always interested in pretty Hamburgh Embroideries. Our assortment is large and the patterns are just as hand-some as they can be.

WE expect to do the largest business in our dress lining department that we have ever done, and therefore have increased the line almost double. You can be suited here Sure.

WE extend a cordial invitation to every-body to make us an early call, and examine our cheap and elegant goods, before making your Spring purchases.

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Offer choice Railroad and Water Bonds, yielding from 5 to 6 per cent., which have received personal investigation.

WRITE FOR PARTICULARS. 9-1m

Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given that I will, on account of the subscribers, as surviving Executors of and Trustees under the will of Charles J. Fox, deceased, of the city of Plainfield, and duly appointed, and acting for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the eighteenth day of March, next.

ENOCH KEENAN,
ALANSON J. FOX.

Dated January 8th, 1892. 1 12 9

Cent-a-Word Column.

ANYONE desiring the services of a seven-handed young colored man by the day, week or month, kindly address 48 East Fourth street. 3 2*

$2,500 TO LOAN on bond and mortgage, at 5 per cent. Address P. O. Box 244. 2 3

FOUR room house to rent. $8 month. Small garden. Only a few blocks from Post Office. Inquire at 5 Bonnell street. 2 3d

FIRST-class waist finisher wanted. Only first-class operator need apply. Address "Immediate," care of Evening News. 2 3d

FOR SALE—A $165 organ, been used very little, no further use for it and will sell for $75. Address "Organ," care Evening News.

HOUSE—Eight rooms; cellar. Newly cleaned. To rent 66 Manning avenue. Key next door. 2 1t

PLEASANT rooms, with excellent board; near depot. At 51 Broadway. 1 6

TO LET—Store now occupied by Phillip T. Swain, No. 31 West Front street. Also separate storage rooms, with plastered walls. Apply to T. Swain, No. 31. 29 6t

WANTED—A girl for general housework on a farm. Must be a good washer and ironer. Wages $12 per month. Address P. O. Box 596, Plainfield, N. J. 4 3

WANTED—Good cook and laundress. Call at 19 Rockview avenue. 1 4*

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE DIME SAVING INSTITUTION, of Plainfield, N. J., JANUARY 1, 1892

ASSETS.

Loans on Bond and Mortgages (first liens)	$126,100 00
Value of pawnbroker's goods $204,150 Build'gs on'g'd insured for 136,000	
PAR VALUE. MARKET VALUE.	
42,000 Union County Bonds	45,140 00
17,000 North Plainfield school bonds	17,65 10
2,000 "	2,000 00
10,000 Jersey City Water Bonds	10,050 00
16 000 Scotch Plains School District No. 14 Bonds	16,000 00
5,700 Dunellen School District No. 3, Dunellen, N. J.	5,700 00
1,000 North Plainfield 7's p bonds	1,000 00
Demand on all loans	20,950 00
Interest due and accrued	4,619 00
Furniture and fixtures account	1,450 00
Cash in banks	10,791 14
Cash in office	699 15
	$275,767 89

LIABILITIES.

Amount due depositors	$267,271 00
Surplus	8,496 89
	$275,767 89

State of New Jersey, } ss.
County of Union, }

JOHN W. MURRAY, President, and ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer, of the Dime Savings Institution, being duly sworn, depose and say, each for himself, that the statement above is true and correct, and shows the actual condition of the said Institution on the first day of January, 1892.

JOHN W. MURRAY,
ELIAS R. POPE.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this twentieth day of January, 1892.

JAMES C. FORD, Notary Public.

We, the undersigned committee, made an examination of the securities, vouchers, assets and liabilities of the said Institution, with the books attached, and found this a true exhibit of the financial condition of Said Institution on January 1, 1892.

J. B. COMFORT,
FRANCIS H. GARDNER, } Committee.
J. FRANK HUBBARD,

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the BEST BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in favor of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have the BEST Feed, Barley, Oats and Jersey Bran, and make a specialty of ruleaned Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We got a bargain last week in 100 fine Winter Coats for Ladies. We bought the 3 half dozen regular value, and will sell them the same way.

Spring goods are coming in fast, and buyers will find our assortment of Embroideries, White Goods, Cutting Flannel, Gingham, etc., the finest Ever displayed in Plainfield.

Our great sale of Sheeting and Muslin will continue. 54 Utica Sheeting 19c.; 9-4, 21c.; 10-4, 24c.; Fruit of the Loom, 8c.; Dwight Anchor, 8c. These are all straight goods and we put on prices in bunch and white so that other would be competitors will know what to ask for their goods.

We will sell 1,000 Fine Embroidered Handkerchiefs, that cost 30c. to land, for 15c. each, 2 for 25c. Ladies full regular fast black Hose 10c. pair.

100 doz. extra heavy, full regular, fast black Hose for Children, 25c. per pair. Actual value, 50c.

Another case, and 'twill be the last, of those 40in. Hemstitchs, all shades, 25c. yard. Worth 38c.

One case 2,000 yds fine Dress Seersuckers. Actual values 10c., they go for 8c.

There is a lot of Granite Iron Ware that must be sold this week. Price no object as long as we sell it. VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

WE GIVE

QUOTATIONS, AND WE GUARANTEE OUR CUSTOMERS

TO GIVE

them the advantage of the lowest current prices and the best assorted stock of staple groceries to select from in the city.

EXTRA VALUE IN DRIED FRUITS.

Extra choice California prunes, 3 lbs, 27c.; extra choice California peaches, 2 lbs, 15c.; extra choice California apricots, 1 lb; extra choice California cherries, 15c lb; extra choice California pitted plums, 10c. lb; extra choice California Bartlett pears, 15c lb; extra choice California blackberries, 10c. lb; extra choice California silver prunes, 15c. lb; extra sun dried apples, 3 lbs, 25c.

ORANGES—Extra fine oranges (strictly Florida) from 15c. dozen up. Extra fine lemons 15c. dozen. Don't forget that we are Headquarters for fine Teas, Coffees, Butter, Flour, Hams, Shoulders, Bacon, etc.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS AND BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

65 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street, Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5 1892 PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be warmer and cloudy, followed by rain or snow.

BREVITIES.

—Real estate men say that small rentable houses will soon be in great demand.

—The Borough Council will hold a regular meeting this evening at eight o'clock.

—Mr. A. C. LaBoyteaux will speak to men at the Y. M. C. A. rooms Sunday at 4:15 p. m.

—Gazelle Engine Company No. 1, will take their apparatus out for "wash" this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

—"Grieving Divine Love" will be Dr. Lewis' theme to-morrow morning at 10:30. Strangers are always welcome.

—Special services in honor of the Sacred Heart will be held in St. Mary's church this evening at eight o'clock.

—In another column Mr. Frank P. Haffner and Mr. George McVey give notice of a dissolution of partnership.

—Read what you can buy Ferris's hams and bacon, Pillsbury's flour, etc. for at the store of the United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association.

—The man who regularly reads his local newspaper is not the one who is caught on skin games and swindling schemes of various kinds.

—The Water Supply Company have signed a contract to supply the Potter Press Works with water for their boilers and the extinguishing of fires.

—"Type writer's stub finger" is said to be the newest affliction, continual drumming upon the keys of the machine being destructive to tapering fingers.

—The dime sociable given last evening under the auspices of the Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission Chapel was thoroughly enjoyed by all present.

—The Rev. Josiah Strong, author of "Our Country," will deliver next Thursday evening the opening address of the Y. M. C. A. State Convention held at Paterson.

—Branch No. 8, Emerald Beneficial Association last night tendered their friends an evening sociable at T. A. B. Hall. A large number were present and thoroughly enjoyed the affair.

—The Warren Mission invites all its friends to join with its members in the monthly family prayer service, next Sunday evening. The subject will be "Abraham's Family and Home."

—The Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias of this State will meet in Trenton on the 17th and 18th of February. The silver anniversary will be celebrated with appropriate exercises in Taylor's Opera House.

—Now is the time of year when the effect of "burning the candle at both ends" is showing itself in the faces of followers of society in sunken eyes and cheeks, prominent veins under the eyes and general lassitude.

—A very interesting programme has been prepared for the Epworth League meeting in Vincent Chapel this evening. All young people are cordially invited to be present in Vincent Chapel to-night and join the "Observation Party."

—Sellers of real estate must remember that a sale won't always occur within a day, week or month, but by occasionally advertising and keeping before the eyes of the prospective buyer the fact that the property is for sale, the advertiser will reap the harvest.

—Plain death excites but little attention. It must be presented in some novel form to claim particular notice in a community where there is an average of a death every ten minutes of each twenty-four hours. Even deaths of a violent nature must present new phases or involve people of importance to be worth much space in the New York newspapers. Suicides have become so common and uninteresting that it is not unusual to see four or five attempts in that line occupy not more than as many lines, each grouped under a general head. So small and utterly insignificant a thing is death in a great city.—New York Herald.

—A great many men are troubled with pimples on the face, which are unsightly at best, and especially annoying when they come, as they often do on the nose. Of course they arise from some impurity of the blood and need constitutional treatment, but until this is obtained a safe and easy way of preventing them to apply arnica to the skin. A pimple never comes without warning; a few hours before there is always a slight inflammation or swelling, and if a drop of arnica be applied to the spot when the swelling begins half a dozen applications in the course of a day will drive the pimple back under the skin.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

—A New York State weather prophet named L. W. Chamberlin is out with predictions for February and March as follows: In February, mild weather from the 1st to the 10th, with a possible rain about the 6th. A cold wave about the 15th or 16th, with brisk to high westerly winds the last six days of the month. No storms of any note. In March, however, two storms of considerable energy are booked, one about the 12th, and the other about the 27th. Both will be followed by a fall of temperature. A severe storm is set down for the 20th, when the meteorological conditions will be about the same as brought about the severe storm of March 12th, 1888.

Kilpatrick's Case Adjourned.

The case of Matthew Kilpatrick, who was arrested a few weeks ago for selling liquor without a license and which was set for trial before City Judge Dod to-day, was adjourned.

Warren Mission Entertainment.

There was a large attendance at Warren Mission Chapel last night, at the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor entertainment. Ex-Councilman Dunham presided, and the programme rendered was as follows:

1. Singing ..... Choir
2. Readings ..... Miss Marsh, of Westfield
3. Concert Solo ..... DeWitt Prance
4. Tableau ..... Before and after the evening
5. Recitations ..... John Vogel
6. Solo and chorus, Tell my Mother not to weep ..... Charles Parle; Choir
7. Dialogue ..... Country Courtship
8. Recitations ..... Miss Marsh
9. Tableau ..... Evening prayer
11. Dialogue ..... Aunt Betsey's Chagrin
12. Solo and Chorus, Write a loving letter to mother ..... Master Nicholas Squires and Choir
13. Tableau ..... Rock of Ages

Much credit is due to the Social Committee, and the friends taking part in furnishing such a pleasing programme. Special mention is made of the recitations furnished by Miss Susie Marsh and John Vogel, also of the last Tableau—displaying the text light on the one clinging to the Cross, and the little children surrounding same.

PERSONAL.

Mr. W. R. Jennings of 45 Somerset street has gone to Pittsfield, Mass., on a business trip.

Miss Emma Dennis has returned to her home on Washington street from a pleasant visit to friends in Bloomsbury, N. J.

The engagement of Mr. Stanton Smith and Miss Hattie Briggs, formerly of this city, but now of Fanwood, is announced.

The funeral of the late Matthew Hughes took place this morning from St. Mary's church. Interment was made in St. Mary's cemetery.

Ex-Chief of Police W. S. Chase has entirely recovered from a sprained ankle which he received by falling on a sidewalk covered with ice and snow.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. McClymont of Washington avenue, North Plainfield, celebrated their "silver wedding" Wednesday evening at their home. The celebration was rather novel, inasmuch as only the guests who attended the wedding were invited. A song those present were: Rev. and Mrs. Thomas McClymont of Newark, N. J., Mr. and Mrs. Wm. F. Holmes of Mr. Ararat, Miss Jessie Pangenger Agent of the Delaware, Lacka wana and Western Railroad,) Mr. and Mrs. George W. Marlow, and Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Johnston, of New York.

A reception was held at the residence of Mrs. W. Rushmore on Union avenue last evening in honor of ex-Councilman Townsend Rushmore and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rushmore. A large number of their friends were present and spent an enjoyable evening. The decorations at Rushmore's were by Mr. T. J. Denton of Hillside's florists. Among those present were: Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Janes and son, Miss Anthony, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. Beebe, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Murray and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Erickson, Miss D. E. Boone, Mr. and Mrs. W. Ackerman, Mr. Fred and Miss Lillie Newman, Miss Scribner, Mr. Stillman, Mr. John Leal, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Rushmore and Mrs. Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. Haviland, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph DeGraff, Mr. and Mrs. Roger Murray, Mr. Raymond Frank, Mr. and Mrs. Cokefair, and Mr. and Mrs. Graydon.

A Dangerous Place.

The water-break on New street which caused the breaking of one of the traces attached to Gazelle Engine No. 1, while the company was responding to an alarm of fire last evening is the same one that caused Mr. George Rickert, who was then driver for the same company to fall from the driver's seat several years ago thereby fracturing one of his legs in two places. The place is a dangerous one and should be remedied immediately.

Broke the Trace.

While responding to the alarm of fire last evening, and in going over a waterbreak on West avenue one of the traces attached to Gazelle Engine No. 1, while the company was responding to an alarm of fire last evening is the same one that caused Mr. George Rickert, who was then driver for the same company to fall from the driver's seat several years ago thereby fracturing one of his legs in two places. The place is a dangerous one and should be remedied immediately.

Ragan's Illustrated Lecture.

A large audience enjoyed the second of the series of Ragan's illustrated lectures at Music Hall last evening. The subject was "Belgium and Holland" and was very ably handled throughout, as are all of the professor's lectures. Next Tuesday he gives another at Music Hall, the subject will be "The Heart of America."

A Small Fire.

At six o'clock last evening an alarm of fire was sounded from box 43, located at the corner of Front street and Plainfield avenue. The fire proved to be in a house owned by Mr. John Hetfield on that thoroughfare and was caused by a lamp explosion.

Bank Burglars up the State.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Feb. 3.—Lattimer & Winton's Bank, at Addison, twenty-five miles west of Elmira, was entered by burglars early yesterday morning. It is believed that they secured plunder amounting to from $10,000 to $15,000.

The McKay estate loses $5,000 in money and unregistered Houston City (Texas) bonds; Chas. Gillett, $5,000 in gold; Mrs. D. J. Wright, $4,000 in currency, bonds, and others lose small amounts. There is no clue to the robbers.

Losses such as the above or by robberies from residences or farm houses are of frequent occurrence, and if property owners would take warning from the above and would place their securities and valuables for safe keeping at the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company, Equitable Building, New York, their property would be safe from robbery or destruction by fire, rates from $5 to $400 per year.

UNION COUNTY COURTS.

MORROW AND HOPLOCK CONVICTED OF LUMBER THEFTS.

The Defendants Surprised by Connell's Confession—The Darcy Case to be Tried Next Week.

The first of the indictments for the robbery of lumber from the wharves of the Singer Company was tried yesterday in the Union County courts, beginning immediately after the noon adjournment. The defendants were James Morrow, Joseph Hoplock and Charles Connell—the latter pleading guilty and giving testimony for the State.

The cases have excited some interest as being instances of bold river thefts. During October and November there were taken from the Singer Company's wharves large quantities of lumber. On the night of November 9 a watchman caught the thieves in the act, and fired upon them. The thieves were in a small boat and escaped.

Nearly three thousand feet of lumber were taken from the wharf that night. The next morning two loaded skiffs were found in the slough, and a quantity of loose lumber was also picked up adrift on the water.

The lumber was identified by the Singer men and the police were notified. An investigation began, which resulted in the arrest of Morrow, Hoplock, Connell and Peter Darcy, the latter in Brooklyn on Saturday last. The police also traced the quantities of lumber stolen prior to Nov. 9, to the possession of Moses W. Ryan, a builder, who bought it of Connell, on the latter's representation that he was a canal boatman and had brought the lumber from New York State.

The indictment tried yesterday was for the robbery of the night of Nov. 9, in which Darcy was not implicated. Mr. Crowley J. Kelly was assigned as counsel for the prisoners, and Hon. John T. Dunn became his associate.

In behalf of the State, Supt. L. B. Miller, of the Singer Company, related to the jury the particulars of the loss to the company, and to the identification of the lumber recovered.

Chief Tenny testified to having his attention called to the finding of the skiff loads of lumber and to detailing Capt. Long and Detective McGrail to watch up the cases. The officers arrested Connell and Hoplock, and Hoplock made a confession on the morning he was taken to police headquarters.

Captain Long and Detective McGrail told the jurors how, on evidence which they had received, they arrested Connell and Hoplock. Detective McGrail related the confession Hoplock made on the morning of his arrest. He said that they took three skiffs from the creek and rowed to the Singer docks. They loaded the skiffs and rowed them. They were loading the third skiff when a watchman fired upon them. They threw the lumber overboard and rowed to Connolly's dock, foot of Elizabeth avenue.

Captain Long told of the capture of Morrow on Sunday, December 13th, and which has been fully described in the Elizabeth Journal. Captain Long was assisted by Sergeant Walsh, and the capture was after a most desperate attempt of Morrow to escape by jumping into the sound.

Freeman Merrill, Isaac King and Harvey Dixon, owners of the skiffs taken on the night of the robbery by the thieves, testified to finding their boats the next day.

Charles Connell, the defendant who pleaded guilty, was called by the State and to the facts as related by Hoplock in his confession.

Mr. Kelly opened the defense by addressing the jurors, stating that the defendants would deny any complicity in the robbery, and that their only connection with the whole matter was as longshoremen they handled some of the lumber while in the employ of Connell.

The last Darcy was then at foot of Sumner street, and was taken to Mr. Ryan's.

As this was prior to the facts mentioned in the indictment, the only testimony the prisoners gave on the stand was a denial of the charge.

Hoplock admitted talking with the police some, but said he was starved into making some statements, going without food from the time of his arrest, until he was sent to the county jail the next day.

This was denied by the State's rebuttal testimony.

Hon. John T. Dunn summoned up for the defense, and court adjourned until yesterday morning when Mr. Marsh made the closing argument for the State. The jurors were charged by Judge McCormick and retired a short time after 11 o'clock.

In the case of Sarah Aitken and Henry Cooper, on indictment for adultery the jurors brought in a verdict of guilty and recommended them to mercy.

This morning Catherine Scudder pleaded not guilty to petty larceny of $6, the property of Laura Bingham. The trial was set down for Thursday of next week.

MORROW AND HOPLOCK CONVICTED.

The jury in the case of Hoplock and Morrow retired at twenty minutes to eleven o'clock this morning and were out five minutes when they returned with a verdict of guilty.

The indictment in which Peter Darcy is associated with Morrow and Connell, will be tried on Monday next. All the jurors excepting those empanelled on a case which had been called were discharged until Monday.

The next indictment moved was against Adolph Poppenga, for assault and battery on August Miller. Judge Gilbooly defended the accused.

STATE NEWS

Ice twelve inches thick is being gathered from Greenwood Lake.

Freehold is talking of indulging in the luxury of a Masonic temple.

The Great Egg Harbor river was frozen solid on Wednesday of last week for the first time in five years.

An epidemic of diphtheria has broken out afresh in New Egypt. Eleven deaths have occurred and new cases are reported daily.

The city physicians of Jersey City have vaccinated 1,426 public school children during the past two weeks, acting under orders from the authorities.

Thomas Manning, 18 years old, of Bloomfield, was cowhided by Mrs. James Houston because he came to her candy store and asked if she had goose eggs for sale.

William Alexander Shannon died at Newark last week aged 67. He was once Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, and at the beginning of the War of the Rebellion was placed in charge of the Currency Bureau.

Two young men of Elizabeth and Rahway, who tried to raise a military company for the prospective Chilean war, secured in one afternoon fourteen volunteers in Rahway and forty-four in Elizabeth.

A suit for $65,000 damages against the Western Union Telegraph Company, for failure to deliver a message, was picked up a live wire lying on the ground, was instituted in Camden on Thursday by Merritt L. Thompson.

William H. Harrison, Jr., of Hackensack, while working as a painter on the house of Charles H. Harris, on Friday, fell to the ground and struck on his head. His skull was fractured and several ribs were broken. He died soon after being taken to his home.

Henry Compton, a liquor dealer of Paterson, made an assignment to Lawyer Robert Williams. The assets are $29,000, while the liabilities are but $21,000. The largest creditors are local business men. Want of ready money to meet heavy claims caused the embarrassment.

On Friday afternoon while Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Stafford of Huntville, Sussex county, were in the yard in front of their house, they heard the screams of their little three-year-old girl. Rushing into the house they found the child's clothes enveloped in flames. The fire was quickly put out, but not until the little one was so badly burned that she died that night.

The Camden Law and Order League is about to renew its war on the Gloucester race track. They have had detectives on the ground each day since the gates were reopened, and the Prosecuting Committee has been directed to cause the arrest of President J. W. Thompson and all others who were responsible for the opening.

Andrew Yankirk, a colored man, died of exposure and dissipation, at Flemington. He was found dead in Pyatt's livery stable. Many years ago he used to sleep in barns and stables, living on such food as he could beg or pick up, spending for the little he got from charity or by carrying for horses or doing odd jobs.

The sight of a murder being committed and fear that she herself was to be shot, caused the death of Mrs. De Mora, a French music teacher, living at Jersey City. She was walking on the street with Mrs. Bailey, when she saw Arthur Strocker kill his wife. Mr. De Mora ran into a store, fainted, and the shock came a hemorrhage next day that resulted fatally.

TUBERCULOSIS IN CATTLE.

A New Opinion About Using the Meat and Milk of Diseased Animals.

Dr. Henry F. Formad, one of the leading pathologists of this country, has made an examination of the milk and meat of tuberculous cattle at the request of the State Dairy Commissioner, and takes a decided stand in opposition to the prevailing views on this subject. He says that he is convinced that the danger from the use of milk and meat of cattle affected by tuberculosis is much overdrawn, notwithstanding the contrary statement of some good authorities.

On account of the high standing of Dr. Formad his opinion will have great weight. His opinion in this case probably have a tendency to check the ruthless destruction of herds of fine Jerseys which has been going on for some years. Both the State and National authorities have made great expenditures in trying to check the growth of this disease. Experiments, the doctor says, were made on some guineas pigs, which were inoculated in the anterior chamber of the eye with samples of milk, but after eight weeks no tubercle bacilli were discovered. Dr. Formad also made an examination of the meat of cattle affected with this disease, but has never been able to find any bacilli. He thinks the only objection to the use of this milk is that it is less nourishing than the milk of healthy cows. There is little or no danger of catching the disease from it.

A Test in Pronunciation.

The following is a list of all the words which have recently been mispronounced in the course of an extended contest at various school teachers' conventions throughout the country. The list is copied from the New York Truth. In one instance not less than 1,400 school teachers were competing for the mastership of the words. It is a rest, by the way, which very few men of wide study and great precision of speech could withstand:

Acclimatize	Gough	Clique	
Grimace	Spinach	Maritime	
Grimy	Coerlolence	Recess	
Glove	Falsehood	Jasmine	
Halibut	Cognomen	Sacrifice	
Haunt	Predilection	Visor	
Height	Sough	Swarths	
Laundry	Senile	Brooch	
Leisure	Ragine	Exile	
Naturally	Ragin	Irrefragable	
Swarthy	Construe	Garrulity	
Slough	Costumely		

The Contents of the Elkwood Sold.

This morning Constable Mattox sold the furniture, fixtures and contents of the Elkwood Hotel, situated on West Second street and formerly owned by Mr. J. R. Miller. The articles were sold at a sacrifice.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

FOUND DEAD.

Elsner, the Murdered, Killed Himself Near His Victim's Home.

New York, Feb. 5th, (Special.)—True to his written promise Fred Elsner or Zeuner, the jealous lover who murdered his sweetheart, Maggie Weismuller, a pretty servant girl in Harlem, on Wednesday night, sent a bullet crashing into his own weak brain between midnight and four o'clock this morning.

His body was found at 8:30 o'clock in a vacant lot on East One Hundred and Eighteenth street, 200 feet east of Lenox avenue, and almost directly opposite the house of the Weismuller family, where the corpse of his victim lay awaiting burial.

THE VICTORIA FLOATED OFF.

Only the Outer Shell of the Ship Was Broken by the Rocks.

LA VALETTA, Malta, Feb. 5th. (Special.)—A despatch from Athens announces that the British man-of-war Victoria, which went ashore on the Greek coast, has been floated by the efforts of tugs and lighters sent from Pireus. The outer shell was broken by the rocks.

She will be towed to this point, where she is expected to arrive about Feb. 14th. She will be put into dry docks for repairs. Her guns, which were unshipped to lighten her, will be brought on by the steamship Tyne, which helped to pull her off.

A DEATH SENTENCE IMPOSED.

He is to be Electrocuted in the Week Beginning March 21.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5th, (Special.)—James E. Minnaugh, who murdered Edward Moran in Dowling's saloon, at Second avenue and Forty-fourth street, Dec. 21, 1890, was this morning sentenced by Recorded Smyth to be executed at Sing Sing during the week commencing March 21.

MURDERER FITZSIMMONS DEAD.

He Cut His Throat to Cheat the Gallows at New Orleans Yesterday.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 5th, (Special.)—Fitzsimmons, the murderer of Detective Gilkinson, who cut his throat in the parish prison yesterday, died at one o'clock this morning.

Judge W. J. Magie.

The suggested appointment of Judge William J. Magie by President Harrison as the successor of Justice Bradley is one eminently fit to be made. The citizens of Union county have known Judge Magie from boyhood, and have watched with pride his advancement in reputation as a lawyer and a jurist. His appointment of Judge by Governor McClellan and his reappointment by Governor Green met the unanimous approval of all parties. He stands pre-eminent among the judges of our State for legal ability, uprightness, and all those qualities of mind and heart which we desire to find upon the supreme court bench.

If the unanimous approval of the citizens of New Jersey could secure his appointment there is no doubt but Judge Magie would be called to fill the vacancy. —Elizabeth Herald.

Money Refunded.

The Postmaster General has informed Congress of the action taken by him in the following cases of postmasters in New Jersey for losses sustained by their offices by reason of fire or other casualties, and through no fault or negligence on their part.

J. N. Van Cleft, Blawenburg, loss by burglary, $96.61, claim allowed; T. E. Hayes, Bloomfield, burglary, $41.18, allowed; W. B. B. Mason, Bound Brook, burglary, $161.44, allowed; H. G. Looker, Lyons Farms, burglar, disallowed, as amount of loss was not satisfactorily proved.

Of Course This Does Not Refer to Plainfield.

He sat at his door at noonday
Lonely, glum and sad.
The flies were buzzing about him,
Led by a blue-winged cad.
Not a customer darkened his portal,
Not a sign of business was there;
But the flies kept on buzzing
About the old man's hair.
At last in misery he shouted:
"Great Gods! I'm surrounded with flies!"
And the zephyr that toyed with his whiskers replied:
"WHY DON'T YOU ADVERTISE?"

Hornby's Oats

After all, this is the best—

H-O.

Is it a perfect food for everybody?

It is.

Your grocer sells it.

Something New Again at the 5 & 10c. Store.

5, 6, 7 and 10c. Counters. Things you many things for three cents that you formerly paid five for, and many things for seven cents that formerly sold for ten cents. Our counters are all loaded, and bargains indeed you now have offered you. We do not bind ourselves to keep up the present prices when you have the chance. Also bear in mind that while we aim to undersell all others we are a further inducement we are GIVING AWAY Five Different Styles of Valuable Books, viz.: "The Living World," "Buffalo Bill's Life and Times," "The Book of Fun," "The Book of Mr. Talmadge," and Webster's Encyclopedia, all handsomely and elaborately illustrated. We have these books on exhibition and any child can get one with a little effort. We punch from a card that we give free to all purchasers to the amount of $20, when the holder takes his choice of the books named free. Any number may use the same card, so filling it sooner and securing a book quicker. Buy all your goods of us, and get one of these handsome books as a present. Spring goods are coming in daily, and will be sold at 5, 6, 7 and 10c. Remember, as you will want to stock up shortly, remember the card and give us a call. We have also a full line of Tinware, Glassware, Cutlery, Combs and Brushes at prices the lowest. Ladies, Crockery, Stone and Glassware, Iron and Woodenware, and general housefurnishings, and for 10c. Royal Tooth Powder, anything better and purer is not known.

J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

IF NOT, WHY NOT?

PAY CASH FOR YOUR GROCERIES?

Ferris's Celebrated Hams and Bacon, 12c. lb; best sugar cured Hams, 11c. lb; best sugar cured Shoulders, 7c. lb; best sugar cured Bacon, 10c. lb; best Sausages, 12c. lb; best Trenton prepared Ham Gravy, 25c. lb; Pillsbury's best Flour, xxxx, $5.60 bbl; Pearl Patent (best flour on earth), $5.00 bbl; Magnolia, (our Leader), $5.50 bbl; Morgan's Sapolio (large size), 5c.; Ivory Soap, 5c.; Pyle's Pearline (1 lb size), 5c.; 6 for 25c.; Pyle's Pearline (small), 6 for 25c.; Babbitt's 1776 (1 lb size), 3 for 25c.; Babbitt's 1776, (small), 6 for 25c.; Hixby's Royal Polish (for ladies' shoes), 5c. bottle; Hixby's best shoe blacking (10c. size), 5c. box; Sweet Cider, guaranteed refined, American and French candy, 5 lbs. for $1.00; home made Bread, 10c. loaf; best Hominy (5 lbs.), 19c. Headquarters for Gilt Edge Eggs and Creamery Butter. Fine Teas and Coffees a specialty.

Your orders shall always receive prompt personal attention. Always alive to the interests of our customers.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

AFTERNOON LECTURE,
BY
Mrs. General Custer,
AT SEMINARY HALL,
Saturday, Feb. 6th,
at 4 o'clock. Subject:
"GARRISON LIFE ON THE PLAINS"
Admission 50 Cents.
4 2

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
Office:—
27 North Avenue.

Cent-a-Word Column.

FIRST-class waist finisher wanted. Only first-class operator need apply. Address "Immediate," Journal Office, Elizabeth. 2 2tf

FOR SALE—A $165 organ, been used very little, no further use for it and will sell for $75 Address "Organ," care EVENING NEWS. 4 3

HOUSE—Eight rooms; cellar. Newly cleaned. To rent 66 Manning avenue. Key next door. 2 tf

ROOMS TO RENT—Part of house, corner 5th of Sixth and Liberty streets. 2 2

PLEASANT rooms, with excellent board; near depot. At 74 Broad way. 1 6

THE HOUSE owned and occupied by the late A. D. Button, 14 La Grande avenue, Plainfield. N. J., for sale, to close the estate. Enquire on premises, or, at 71 Barclay street, New York. 1 eod 10*

WANTED—A girl for general housework on a farm. Must be a good washer and ironer. Wages $12 per month. Address P. O. Box 516, Morristown, N. J. 4 3

Special Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Frank P. Haffner and John H. McVey, in the City of Plainfield, for whom Rogers Brothers, as agents, sold goods on subscription, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of January, 1892. All debts owing to said co-partnership are to be received by the said Frank P. Haffner and all demands on the said partnership will be presented to him for payment by him to be settled by him. Said Haffner may be found at present at his residence, P. O. Box 146, Dunellen, New Jersey, within ten days from date.

FRANK P. HAFFNER,
JOHN H. MCVEY.

Dated, February 4, 1892. 5 1w*

AN ORDINANCE.

To widen Peace street.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their Aldermen do ordain as follows:

Section 1. That Peace street in the said City of Plainfield from the northerly side of Front street to the southerly side of Second street be widened and laid out that said street shall be of the uniform width of fifty-six feet, and the centre line of the said street, which said centre line is described as follows:

Beginning at an iron monument in the centre line of said Front street, where the same is intersected by the southeasterly side line of Peace street, produced northeastwardly, and running thence in a magnetic course of south, forty-nine degrees and twenty minutes east (S. 49 deg. 20 m. E.) one hundred and one hundred and eighty-eight and five tenths (188.5) feet, to a point in the northeasterly line of the southwesterly line of the right of way of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, as the same is now laid out and opened, and a line parallel with the centre line of said street and distant thereon thirty (30) feet in a southwesterly direction.

That the lands and real estate and the apportionment of damages and benefits to be assessed for the said widening of Peace street, shall be assessed by the Commissioners appointed for the said widening of Front street by the Common Council of the City of Plainfield and the general statutes in such case provided and provided.

That there be taken from the lines of Peace street as the same exists at present, to the lines as the same exists as widened, as aforesaid, the following lands, to wit: All the lands within the City limits, and the property of Peace street, as the same exists at present, and the property of Front street, as the same exists at present, and the property of Second street, as the same exists at present, and the property of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, as the same exists at present, and the property of the southwesterly side line of said street as

EDITORIAL NOTES

An editor gave to his readers this remedy for hard times, "Stop buying." Yes, but what then will become of the people who sell?

A girl of fifteen years married an aged man who refused to support her. He was sued and sentenced to pay her $1.50 a week. She could have got that much money in an easier way and had a home besides if she had gone to work for it.

When the house committee on foreign relations made their customary call on the secretary of state at the beginning of the year, Mr. Blaine urged on them with earnestness and enthusiasm the necessity for action in the matter of enabling the Nicaragua canal to be completed quickly. He urged that both from the commercial and strategic standpoint its importance could not be overestimated.

The Chilian Temper.

Jan. 7, 1891, the Chilian navy broke into open revolt against President Balmaceda. United States Minister Egan reported this fact to his government. A revolution followed, and fighting was kept up until the insurgents conquered and a new government was set up Sept. 1. This fact was also at once reported by Minister Egan, who was thereupon instructed to recognize the new government. This he did Sept. 5. From Aug. 27 till the 31st mob law reigned in Santiago, while the old government was dying and the new one coming in. Balmaceda's supporters were mobbed in the streets and their property destroyed. One hundred of the Balmaceda refugees fled for safety to the United States legation. The minister admitted them and protected them till the disorder subsided. The other foreign legations did the same, except the British, which refused.

Minister Egan's course in saving the lives of the refugees excited ill feeling against him and Americans generally on the part of the adherents of the new *government. This feeling had begun* before. May 8 a revolutionary transport, the Itata, endeavored to take away from San Diego, Cal., supplies and munition in violation of the law of neutrality among nations. The United States cruiser Charleston pursued her and brought her back from Iquique, the principal port in possession of the insurgents. Aug. 20 the revolutionists landed a force at Quinteros bay to attack Valparaiso. Rear Admiral Brown, of the United States navy, was in Chilian waters then with the San Francisco. He steamed to Quinteros bay to watch the movement, knowing beforehand that it was to be. The revolutionists thereupon charged that he went as a spy to report their movements to the Balmaceda government. This is certainly not true, but the Chilians perhaps believe it.

The Itata incident, the cutting of a telegraph cable, the presence of the San Francisco at Quinteros bay, together with a belief—said to have been fostered by English traders and merchants for commercial advantage—that the United States sympathized with the Balmaceda-ists, prepared the violent Spanish-American temper to lash itself into fury when the American legation protected the Balmaceda refugees. It was nothing to the point that other legations did the same. The outburst was against "North Americans," as the Chilians call the people of the United States. Sept. 17 Minister Egan wrote to his government that ever since the Itata incident a bitter feeling had existed against the United States among the young and unthinking element, "a feeling which the English did all in their power to promote and foster."

Then came the deplorable street fight in Valparaiso, in which two American sailors were killed and seventeen wounded. The evidence obtained by the United States tends to show that this assault on American sailors was premeditated, and arranged for the time when the Baltimore's men should have their day ashore. A comrade of one of the men who was killed says the affair began by a Chilian sailor spitting in the face of one of the Baltimore's men. The United States asked an explanation. When this was not given apology and indemnity were added to the demand of the United States.

To our representations Senor Matta answered that our statements were false, that the affair of the Baltimore's men was nothing but a row among drunken sailors. Senor Matta even accused the president of the United States of deliberate lying. Jan. 20 Senor Matta went so far as to ask the recall of Minister Egan as a person not pleasing to the Chilian government. To this demand Mr. Blaine answered that it would be quite time to consider that matter after Chili had explained her own offensive conduct.

And at last, to end the story like a satisfactory romance, Chili apologized in the handsomest manner, withdrew both Matta's offensive utterances and the demand for the recall of Egan, and agreed to submit the Baltimore affair to the adjudication of any tribunal the United States might select, and everybody must be glad there is to be no war. But "it is solely because we were ready for war that war was averted," says the New York Sun. All's well that ends well.

TO SAVE HER HUSBAND.

Mrs. Osborne Surrenders Herself to the English Police.

SHE STOLE THE HARGREAVE JEWELS

And Will Plead Guilty of Obtaining Money Under False Pretenses from the Jewelers to Whom She Sold Them—Captain Osborne Still Loves His Wife.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—Mrs. Florence Ethel Osborne was arrested on the arrival of the steamer from Calais. The lady took her arrest calmly. Upon her arrival at Calais she gave her proper name and made no attempt to conceal her identity. During the voyage across the channel she remained on deck. She was an object of much curiosity when she entered the steamboat and when she landed. Mrs. Osborne was in traveling attire. She looked pale, but on the whole seemed rather better physically for her journey abroad, and a bystander at Dover, who evidently had seen her before, was heard to remark that she was prettier than ever. The police treated her with courtesy, and she was under no apparent constraint. She was at once escorted to the Dover train and brought to London.

Since the fact became known that Mrs. Osborne intended to surrender in order to save her husband from the loss of his pros-

MRS. OSBORNE.

pects in the army, the current of public opinion has set somewhat in her favor. It is stated that she will plead guilty to the charge of obtaining on false pretenses from the jewelers, Messrs. Spink & Sons, the £550 which they had paid to her for the jewelry which she stole from Mrs. Hargreave. This charge is being pushed against her by the authorities of the city of London. Whether additional prosecutions will be instituted for perjury and for theft does not rest with the city police, as those alleged crimes were not committed within the city limits.

Perjury May Be Charged.

It is known that neither Major nor Mrs. Hargreave have any desire to bring further misery upon their former intimate, and it is said that Mrs. Hargreave is plunged in grief about Mrs. Osborne, and is pining for her society. Whatever may be the fact as to this, it is known that both Major and Mrs. Hargreave, when approached on the subject of a prosecution for the robbery, said with emphasis that they would sooner spend a year abroad than have anything to do with such a step. A prosecution for perjury is, however, not improbable on the ground that the interests of public justice require it, and it is not believed that any movement in that direction has been made as Mr. John Elliot, grandfather of Mrs. Osborne, has been sparing no effort, financial or otherwise, to secure his granddaughter's release from the maze of trouble in which she is involved. He has, it is stated, offered to reimburse all parties who have been put to loss by her conduct. Mrs. Osborne will be arraigned tomorrow for examination and held for trial at the Old Bailey. An attempt will probably be made to secure her release on bail, and in view of her voluntary surrender it is thought that it will be successful.

He Still Loves His Wayward Wife.

Captain Osborne's sympathy is not as far as London bridge, where he parted from her with evidence of deep sorrow and affection. As he walked away he looked back repeatedly for the last glimpse of her. She was dressed in black and presented a good appearance. Mrs. Osborne spoke with the detectives and did not seem fearful as to the result. She was taken to the police station at Cloak lane for the night. She stated that she had been at Gisors, in Normandy.

Captain Osborne is reported to have said that his wife is full of courage, and would endure such punishment as the courts might inflict without flinching or shirking. She would be content if the penalty imposed did not exceed one year.

She Had Married an Opium Fiend.

BROOKINGS, S. D., Feb. 5.—Judge Andrews granted a divorce to Mrs. Olia da Silva Young, who belongs to the well known da Silva family, of New York. The father of the defendant, Jesse Young, is the late lord mayor of London. Mr. and Mrs. Young were married at St. Thomas' church, Fifth avenue, New York city, June 2, 1880. Young treated his bride shamefully and the honeymoon lasted just a week. She returned to her mother with the cry, "I have married a madman." Young is an opium fiend.

Wouldn't Hurt a Hair of Gould's Head.

MILLVILLE, N. J., Feb. 5.—Ephraim Pine, the Millville crank who tried to borrow $1,500,000 from Jay Gould in New York, arrived home today. He is discouraged for not getting the financier to back his big enterprise. He does not know what dynamite is, never owned a gun of his life, and would not harm a hair of Mr. Gould's head. Pine for several years worked on an oyster boat. He has always had big schemes on his brain.

Coudert Will Preside.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The call for the mass meeting which is to be held in Cooper Union on Feb. 11 to protest against the early Democratic state convention received many significant today. Nearly fifty members of the consolidated exchange, who claimed to be Democrats, sent in their names and also letters of encouragement. The mass meeting will be presided over by Frederick R. Coudert.

To Equalize Taxation.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 5.—A tax conference is in session here in the interest of legislation providing for a more equitable system of taxation than prevails in this state. The conference is composed of representatives of agriculture, transportation, labor, manufactures, trade and the county commissioners, comprehending the productive and distributive resources of the state.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

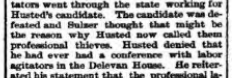
The Anti-Sunday Excursion Law Signed by Governor Flower.

ALBANY, Feb. 5.—Senator O'Connor introduced, for Senator Saxton, the bill to prescribe a fee bill of the people's Municipal league, which was brought to Albany by L. L. Delafield. It provides for a blanket ballot, in which the party tickets are grouped in parallel columns. At the top of each column is the name of the party and its device. An illiterate voter can take into the voting booth a simple ballot and can mark the device with a stamp, thus signifying his intention to vote the entire party ticket. In the case of a split ticket, the voter can mark each name separately, or can stamp the device at the top of one column, scratch the names he does not want on that ticket and mark corresponding candidates in other party columns. Professor Collin, the governor's legal adviser, informed Mr. Delafield that such a ballot, with the concomitant sample ballot, could not be considered unconstitutional, as it would not disfranchise the illiterate voter. The bill, whatever its merits, will receive but small consideration, as the Democrats are preparing a ballot bill of their own. It will be introduced, however, for several weeks.

Sohmer's anti-Pinkerton bill passed the assembly by a vote of 90 to 27. General Master Workman Powderly fought the bill with great earnestness. He said that professional labor agitators were no better than professional thieves. This statement excited the ire of Sulzer, who said that Husted, while chairman of the Republican state executive committee, met a number of labor agitators in the Delevan House during the last campaign. What passed there no one knew, but immediately afterward these labor agitators went through the state working for Husted's candidate. The candidate was defeated and Sulzer thought that might be the reason why Husted now called them professional thieves. Husted denied that he had ever been in a conference with labor agitators in the Delevan House. He reiterated his statement that the professional labor agitators, when he said were anarchists and socialists, were thieves.

"They are 'snides,'" he shouted, "who never earned an honest day's wage. They are not workingmen. No man has a greater respect or has done more for real laboring men than I have. But these fellows are thieves who fatten on the fruits of the hard labor of the honest workingman."

Governor Flower signed the law amending the electrocution act which provides for the presence of reporters at executions.



Dress Sleeves.

It is absurd for a woman with scrawny arms to make herself such a slave to fashion as to persist in wearing short sleeved evening dresses. Long sleeves, when made of some soft, diaphanous stuff, like crepe de chine, draped or daintily puffed all the way up, are always nicer to look upon than thin arms. With the aid of the lovely gauzes now used for trimming it is possible to make almost any figure look pretty. Such defects as prominent collar bones and shoulder blades may be hidden under a soft cloud of silk muslin without in any way robbing a dress of its smart appearance.

In the accompanying illustration two styles of short sleeves are shown for ladies who are young and plump enough to ap-

LATEST STYLES IN SLEEVES.

pear in decollete dresses. Fig. I consists of a puffing, headed with spangled net and bertha band in jeweled embroidery. In Fig 2 is represented a garniture of beaded gimp, crossing the shoulder and forming a dropping triangle, below which spreads out a short puffed sleeve in silk lisse or crape. The remaining figure shows a pretty day wear in dark gray cloth, enhanced with rows of tinsel cord, but toned across a tab of pale hyacinth blue velvet.

Beardsley Sworn In.

ALBANY, Feb. 5.—Commissioner Beardsley, the new appointee on the state railroad commission, was sworn in and qualified for his position by Deputy Secretary of State Benedict.

Killed in a Freight Wreck.

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 5.—A freight train on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad was wrecked here. Engineer Lew F. Pennington, of Wymore, was killed.

Against Reciprocity.

TORONTO, Feb. 5.—Ontario pronounced in favor of the government and against reciprocity in the two constituencies in which elections were held yesterday.

Yellow Fever Killed Seven.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The steamer Buffon, which arrived this morning from Santos and other Brazilian ports, lost seven men while at Santos from yellow fever.

The City Must Pay This.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 5.—In the superior court a jury awarded Mrs. William Beardsley $1,000 for damages sustained by falling on a defective sidewalk.

The Mail Pouches Still Missing.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—None of the seven pouches of first-class mail matter stolen from the mail wagons on the Hoboken ferryboat have been found.

A Hurricane in Madrid.

MADRID, Feb. 5.—Much damage was done by a hurricane that swept over the city, and dozens of persons were injured by flying fragments of buildings.

A Trotter Man Instantly Killed.

ALTOONA, Pa., Feb. 5.—Thomas Jones, a young man, whose home is at Trenton, N. J., was instantly killed while walking on the railroad tracks.

Money and Bookkeeper Missing.

HAMBURG, Ia., Feb. 5.—The Bank of Hamburg here was robbed of $4,000. It is supposed to have been done by the bookkeeper, who is missing.

SPLIT BY THE LOTTERY.

Chaos Reigns Supreme in the Politics of Louisiana.

ONE OF THE FACTIONS IS ARMING,

And Bloodshed May Be the Ultimate Outcome of the Bitter Fight—The Lottery Goes Out of Business Because Its Enormous Earnings Had Shrunk to Nothing

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 5.—The McEnery regular Democrats have called a meeting of their state central committee for Feb. 13 to consider the lottery situation. It is understood that it will try to arrange a compromise by agreeing upon a fusion ticket composed of an equal number of candidates from each of the Democratic tickets, but the bitterness between the factions is so great that the chances are decidedly against a reconciliation.

This bitterness has been increased by the removal from office of a large number of Democrats because they supported McEnery, the regular Democratic nominee, for governor, and by the refusal to give the regular representation at the polls. For some weeks the Democratic state central committee has been trying to get from Governor Nicholls the pledge that he would grant the party at least one commissioner of election at each polling place. This, however, was not promised, and there have been many threats of difficulty at the polls.

The arrival by the El Paso train today of forty cases of guns consigned to the chairman of the executive committee created a sensation, an indication of the critical condition of affairs. The Republicans are far from being together than the Democrats, especially if there is a division among the latter.

Their differences are not so sincere. Each faction wants to send the delegates to the national Republican convention but cares very little beyond that, and they can and will, in every probability, come together in the state ticket.

Why the Lottery Gave Up.

The action of the lottery company through Mr. Morris in refusing to accept extension of its charter is due entirely to the fact that the anti-lottery postal law has made it impossible for the company to carry on business and pay the state of Louisiana $1,250,000 a year with profit. The scheme of the lottery calls for 312 daily and twelve monthly drawings, as follows: Two grand extraordinary semi-annual drawings, with 100,000 tickets, each of $40, yielding, if all tickets are sold, $8,000,000; ten monthly drawings, with 100,000 tickets each of $20, yielding $2,000,000; 312 daily drawings, with about 75,000 tickets at $1 each, only a small proportion of which are sold; policy tickets without limit.

The total money in the scheme is $51,333,000, if all the tickets are disposed of. The daily drawings, however, cut only a small figure, being all sold in Louisiana, and most of them in New Orleans. At the height of its prosperity, just before the passage of the anti-lottery postal law in 1890, the company had 90,000 tickets sold at each drawing of the tickets, or 80 per cent., each month, producing a gross sum from the monthly drawings of $19,000,000, of which sum 25½ per cent. went to the state of Louisiana, and 13 per cent. for other expenses, leaving a net revenue of $3,345,000 a year. The daily drawings brought in $1,187,500 gross and $308,125 net, making the total revenue $3,798,125.

The Profits Had Dwindled to Nil.

From the time the law was passed the business has shrunk rapidly. The decline during the first month was nearly one-half. The company resorted to various schemes for overcoming the obstruction and did considerable business through express and other companies, but the proportion of tickets sold steadily decreased, and of late only 30 per cent. were sold. This left the company a net profit of only $1,330,000 from the monthly drawings and not more than $240,000 from the daily drawings. It was impossible under these circumstances to pay the state of Louisiana an annual license of $1,250,000 and carry on the business with any chance of profit.

The company has paid as high as 180 per cent. dividends, but the last dividend was only 40 per cent. At the time of a renewal of the charter in 1880 it had still four full years to run. The company then had an income of between $3,500,000 and $4,000,000 a year, which was increasing at the rate of 10 per cent. annually, the lottery scheme having to be changed every few years and tickets issued in order to accommodate the demands on it. About 15,000,000 pieces of tickets were sold annually, and between 3,000,000 and 4,000,000 persons regularly patronized the lottery. Had not congress interfered, the company stood to make between $16,000,000 and $20,000,000 during the remainder of its charter. The demand for an extension of their charter, the prominence of the anti-lottery sentiment, the political excitement in Louisiana and the passage by congress of the anti-lottery postal law has cost the company nearly all that much money.

A Bust of the Poet O'Reilly.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—A bust of John Boyle O'Reilly was presented to the National Catholic university here. It was the work of Samuel Kitson, the famous sculptor. The bust is a fine likeness of the dead poet.

Their Stealings Swelling.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 5.—R. R. and R. Jones have effectually covered their tracks in their flight and their confidential bookkeeper is also missing. Their stealings have swelled to $250,000.

The Socialists Snubbed.

BERLIN, Feb. 5.—No member of the Socialist party has been invited to the reception given by the emperor to the chamber of commerce because of their opposition to the education bill.

Deacon White Reinstated.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The stock exchange reinstated S. V. White and T. W. Hopkins, representing the firm of S. V. White & Co. The announcement was received with cheers.

A Hunchback Hanged.

IRVINE, Ky., Feb. 5.—William Pucket, a hunchback, known as "Rambuck Bill," was hanged here for the murder of Henry Hall during an election row Nov. 4, 1890.

An Old Episcopal Minister Dead.

BOSTON, Feb. 5.—Rev. Thomas R. Lambert, the oldest Episcopal clergyman in the state and twenty years chaplain in the navy, died, aged eighty-two.

The Attorney General Sick.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Attorney General Miller is suffering from a severe cold and will be obliged to cancel his social engagements.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

Call Sealed in the Senate—The Rules Adopted in the House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The day was occupied in the senate by an able but dry and technical discussion of the point involved in the decision of the Call-Davidson Florida election case that a plurality of a legislature could elect a United States senator, and it was not necessary to a choice that there should be a quorum of both houses. There was no difference of opinion on the question before the senate. The report of the committee on privileges and elections affirming the legality of Mr. Call's re-election by a plurality of the legislature was unanimously adopted, and the senate adjourned till Monday.

The house was engaged in a discussion of the rules, which were finally adopted, with a few unimportant amendments, just as reported by the committee on rules. The house being now provided with legislative machinery, will enter upon the consideration of the measures reported from various committees, and from now on the business of this session may be dated.

A bill appropriating $300,000 additional to carry on the work of the census office was reported to the house by Mr. Sayers, of Texas. The census office asked for several amounts to cover deficiencies and to carry on the work, the lowest amount asked being $275,000.

President Dill Discharged.

CLEARFIELD, Pa., Feb. 5.—The trial of President Dill, of the First National Bank of Clearfield, and of the Houtzdale bank, came to a sudden ending. From the nature of the evidence Judge Mayer took the case from the jury and ruled that the First National bank was responsible for the amount of the draft, and that Dill could not be convicted in the face of the evidence adduced. The judge directed that a verdict of "not guilty, but pay the costs," be entered on the record, and Dill was discharged on all the commonwealth cases on the docket in this county.

A Memory of the Flood.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Feb. 5.—The dedication of the Johnstown Memorial hospital took place here in the presence of a large assemblage of people. The speech of General D H. Hastings was the principal feature of the day. James B. Scott, of the Pittsburg Bessemer association, transferred the deed to the Conemaugh Valley Hospital association. Resolutions of thanks to a charitable world were adopted.

Chicago's Waters Polluted.

CHICAGO, Feb. 5.—Dr. Rauch, appointed by the state board of health to investigate, reports that this city's water supply is being polluted by the sewage from the river flowing into the lake, and that an epidemic of typhoid fever has resulted therefrom. The city engineer says he has no funds with which to state the nuisance, however great the necessity might be.

Tried to Thaw Frozen Dynamite.

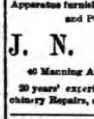
YORK, Pa., Feb. 5.—Three large dynamite cartridges which Jacob Lehman's men were placed near the boiler in the engine house at the Baker quarries at Campbell's station to thaw, by expansion, the number of Colonel Neives Hernandez, the Mexican army officer who was recently shot, reprimanded Juan Gomez, a private in his troop. Later he was attacked by Gomez and shot dead. The murderer escaped.

A New Republican Paper.

CORTLANDVILLE, N. Y., Feb. 5.—A new Republican evening paper will appear on March 1 under the title of The Evening Standard, an offspring of the present Weekly Standard. Mr. Hiland B. Clark will publish it, and Professor Blodgett will act as editor in chief.

Three People Burned to Death.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Feb. 5.—The home of A. W. Lennig, in East Jacksonville, was burned, and Mrs. Lennig and her two children—Ralph, aged seven; Horace, aged two—burned to death.



Queen's Farmer's Field Glass

is constructed to meet the wants of those who require a powerful glass at a moderate price. Every farmer will understand the advantage of being able to quickly see the movements of his employees by day or night, some distant point of his farm, or to observe insects upon fruit trees, &c. In the Queen's Farmer's Field Glass he has a glass that he will have an invaluable assistant for these purposes.

Prices	All in
(Smallest size $5.50)	Morocco case
(Medium size 7.50)	stout leather case
(Largest size 12.00)	with strap.

The largest size is the most powerful.

On receipt of price, we will send any of the above by insured mail, postpaid.

QUEEN & CO.,
—Manufacturers—
924 Chestnut St. Philadelphia.

EITHER

Hot Water
or
Steam Heating

Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.

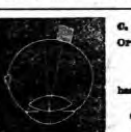
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

CRUSHED STONE!
ALL SIZES.
Of finest
Light Blue Color.
References:—
P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.
Smalley Bros.,
94 SOMERSET ST. RARITAN.

Woman's Exchange
AND INDUSTRIAL UNION.
22 East Front St.
HOME MADE
Bread, Rolls, Pies, Cakes,
FRESH EVERY DAY.

50c. a Bottle
for
EMULSION
of
COD LIVER OIL,
with HYPOPHOSPHATES,
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
No. 80 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

WHAT'S THAT?
Oh, only the usual fall in prices before taking our annual inventory.
Read a few of the Bargains!
100 doz. Towels at 7c., worth 10c. Good Gingham 5c. Worsted Dress Goods 11c., formerly 25c. Best Prints 5c. Fruit of the Loom 8c. Jersey Knit Jackets 50c., formerly 75c. Heavy Toweling 4c. Our 50c. Corset we will sell for 39c.
REMNANTS of all kinds at HALF PRICE.
Ingrain Carpets 25, 35, 42 and 49c. Mattings 12 1-2c. Oil Cloths 25c. Ladies', Misses and Children's Cloaks. Largest variety at greatly reduced prices. Agency for King's Dyeing Company, of Easton, Pa.
H. H. HOBBS, 7 West Front Street.



C. DICKINSON
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY
PRESENTS
Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses. Eyes examined FREE.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

DON'T FORGET
In making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LINBARGER'S, the Tailor,
NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,
at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a Fit.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 20.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for rent.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Heating Stoves,
OTHELLO RANGES,
FURNACES
and
Fire Place Heaters!
FURNACE WORK,
WATER-PIPING,
PLUMBING,
A. M. GRIFFEN,
Telephone Call No. 6. 13 East Front Street

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical coal cleaner, by means of which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of cleaning.
UPTON (LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL) highest qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
HOUSE AND FURNACE COAL A SPECIALTY.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Tuesday, and Saturday forwardings, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

LORD BANNERS SAID,
"Men of the greatest views must use the ordinary elements of the present moment." Here are the ordinary elements of Dress Goods, Silks, Velvets, &c., and here are the greatest views, the greatest variety, and the greatest Dress Goods cutter in Plainfield, who will execute them by simply giving the ideas.
R. J. Shaw, Plainfield, N. J.

DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS,
SKIN DISEASES,
CONSTIPATION,
RHEUMATISM
FEMALE COMPLAINTS
DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic Diseases generally.
Consultation Free!
63 East Second street, corner Washington

NOTICE!
I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my
Liberty Street Market
where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices
GOOD -:- MEAT!
Of all kinds.
Charles Arnold,
31 Liberty street.

Election is Over!
By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,
Holders and Cases for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
CIGAR STORE,
42 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved manner.
The most costly fabrics are very carefully and thoroughly washed. Long experience refitted equal to new. Our wagon will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET,
H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

SAVE FIFTY PER CENT.
For the purpose of advertising more extensively the quality of our work, we will
Hang all Paper,
Purchased from us during DECEMBER, for
HALF -:- PRICE.
Our stock consists of all the latest designs.
A. D. Van Sciver,
Opposite Depot, (Chocola Building,) 47 North Avenue.

Professional Cards.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master in Chancery, Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 20 West Front street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners in Chancery, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Notary Public and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also Assistant Engineer, City Water Supply. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Particulars sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TRALLE,
Architect, 207 Broadway, New York city, rooms 23 and 33. Importers and Traders Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield N. J.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Telephone in operation. Our apparatus is the only one in Plainfield. Prompt attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lehigh, Hardgrove and Shale Fertilizers.
P. O. box 698. Telephone call 56.

PURE MILK.
Delivered to any part of the city by
D. SCHENCK.
A postal card addressed to No. 60 Somerset street will receive prompt attention. 997

HIS LIFE WAS IN PERIL.

Ward Waterbury's Cousin Had Threatened to Kill Him.

THE ARCH CONSPIRATOR CAPTURED

Charles E. Waterbury, Who Concocted the Kidnapping Outrage, Safe Behind Prison Bars—He Confesses and Says He Wanted to Start a Dive with the Ransom.

GREENWICH, Conn., Feb. 5.—Charles E. Waterbury, arch plotter in the conspiracy to kidnap Ward Waterbury, his eight-year-old cousin, was arrested while trying to escape from the cave called the Devil's Den, in which he had hidden. Waterbury was captured by Constables John O'Neill and George Fillick, two of the posse who surrounded the cave in which it was supposed Waterbury had taken refuge. Constable Fitzroy and eight men entered the cave. Each was armed and carried a torch. The door of the cave, as the officers advanced, was found to be covered with dried leaves, and bits of bread and other food were found scattered about. No trace of Waterbury was found.

Just as the constables were about to give up the search in disgust one of them, named O'Neill, saw a man crawling along on his hands and knees. He was coming from the direction of the cave and headed for a narrow path which leads to the rear of his house. O'Neill and Sellick jumped on him together and found that he was the man they were in search of.

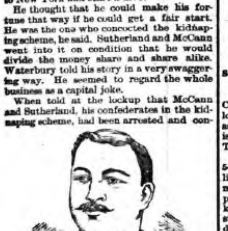
Waterbury rose with a smirk on his face, and as he rubbed the dust off his clothes said he was just on his way to surrender himself. A bundle of clothing he had in his arms and a cocked revolver in one hand belied his words. He was bundled into a carriage and at once brought to this place.

His Ambition Was to Start a Dive.

On the way here Waterbury made a confession to Constable Fitzrop. He said that he had abducted Ward because he knew that his father had lots of money, part of which he felt belonged rightfully to him. He was sick and tired of living in Stanwich, he said. He made up his mind to go down to New York and start a dive.

He thought that he could make his fortune that way if he could get a fair start. He was the one who concocted the kidnapping scheme, he said. Sutherland and McCann went into it on condition that he would divide the money shares and share alike. Waterbury told his story in a very swaggering way. He seemed to regard the whole business as a capital joke.

When told at the lockup that McCann and Sutherland, his confederates in the kidnaping scheme, had been arrested and con-



CHARLES E. WATERBURY.

fessed, he seemed to be greatly dejected. When his home was searched a false beard was found. It will be remembered that Ward Waterbury said one of the men who abducted him had a black beard, and it is believed that Charles put this on as a disguise to prevent Ward from identifying him.

There was a tremendous crush for admission at the city hall when the three prisoners were arraigned before Judge Hoyt, and the police were powerless to control the mob that fought and struggled to get into the court room. When court opened the room was densely packed by a crowd of spectators. Waterbury and Sutherland were then arraigned on a charge of abduction, and McCann, who has turned state's evidence, was put on the witness stand.

Intended to Kill Ward.

He told how Charles E. Waterbury had approached him and proposed the abduction of Ward Waterbury. Charles E. Waterbury planned the whole affair and told McCann that the boy must be kept in the house until the money was obtained. McCann says that Waterbury told him he intended to kill his cousin Ward if he didn't get that $6,000. McCann told Waterbury that it was bad enough to kidnap the boy, but he would not have the child's blood on his hands. He would not be a party to murder. He said he would throw up the whole affair.

McCann then denied that he was one of the men who kidnaped Ward. He said he gave up the job the night before, and told Charles E. Waterbury that he would have nothing to do with him.

The authorities have reason to believe that this last statement is untrue. When Ward Waterbury was asked in court if he could identify McCann as one his abductors he said, "He look just like one of them would look with his goatee off." McCann has always worn a goatee, and had just finished shaving off when he was arrested.

The next witness was Ward Waterbury and a burst of excitement went around the room as he took the stand. He told the story of his abduction practically the same as published. The boy shuddered as he related the story of how he was stolen. He evidently has not recovered thoroughly from his fright.

May Be Tried in New York.

Waterbury was held to appear before the criminal part of the superior court in Bridgeport, Conn., Feb. 16. McCann was held for the same court, but Sutherland was held in $5,000 bail to appear in the court here. District Attorney Platt, of White Plains, N. Y., has issued a requisition for Charles E. Waterbury, his wife and the abducted boy to appear before the grand jury. If indictments are found an application will be made to the governor of Connecticut for the extradition of Waterbury and McCann. In Connecticut the extreme penalty for kidnaping is three years, but in New York it is fifteen years.

An Egg Famine in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 5.—This city is in the midst of an egg famine, owing to the bad condition of country roads and inability of farmers to get eggs to market.

Two Dead and Six Dying.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 5.—Two men were killed outright and six others fatally injured by the fall of a scaffold at the Shook furnace.

Science in Everyday Life.

II.

III.

—Life.

THE LEADERS OF CHILI'S MOB.

Sentenced at Last for the Assault on the Baltimore's Crew.

VALPARAISO, Chili, Feb. 5.—Judge of Crimes Foster today passed sentence on the long pending and much discussed Baltimore assault case of Oct. 16, 1891. His sentence is subject to review by the court of appeals. The finding of the court is as follows:

Carlos Arena, alias Gomez, sentenced to 540 days' imprisonment for wounding William Turnbull, the coal heaver of the Baltimore, who died of his injuries; 300 days for public disorder, and 40 days for carrying a knife and twenty days for giving an assumed name. This makes a total of 920 days.

Jose Abumada sentenced to 320 days' imprisonment *for injuring Turnbull.*

Frederico Rodriguez sentenced to 140 days' imprisonment for wounding Boatswain's Mate Charles W. Riggin, another of the murdered American seamen, for public disorder and for carrying a knife.

It is held by Judge Foster that the evidence does not show that Rodriguez killed Riggin. On the contrary, is is claimed that Riggin's death was caused by a shot which was fired by some unknown person.

Gomez and Rodrigues, under the Chilian penal code, must pay the families of Turnbull and Riggin damages. These damages are recoverable by civil suit.

John L. on Another Spree.

DENVER, Feb. 5.—John L. Sullivan has been on a big "tare" ever since arriving in the city. The big champion left the Broadway theater, where he was acting, and boarded the Tabor Grand, where Stuart Robson was holding forth. Sullivan fought his way into the stage in the midst of a scene, and seizing Robson's hand exclaimed, "Shake with Honest Hearts and Willing Hands." As the audience caught on they raised a great applause, and Sullivan started to make his little speech but was removed by stage hands.

Pioneer Stewart Dead.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Feb. 5.—John Stewart, who was the oldest living pioneer of southern California, died here, aged eighty-one. Stewart first came here in 1830, when he was pilot of the ship Alert. He was a shipmate of Richard Henry Dana, author of "Two Years Before the Mast," in which book he is frequently spoken of.

Desperado Hall Must Die.

BRISTOL, Tenn., Feb. 5.—The application for a new trial in behalf of Talton Hall, the desperado, was refused, and he will hang March 14. Hall has abandoned all hope. There is great excitement in the neighborhood, as it is thought that an attempt will be made to rescue him.

A Cronin Case Canard.

CHICAGO, Feb. 5.—Rumors to the effect that a new trial had been granted to the slayers of Dr. Cronin are utterly without foundation. As well as can be learned the supreme court has not as yet prepared an opinion on the appeal from the lower court.

He Owned the 111 Fated Gem.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—Joseph W. Carroll, a lithographer, failed today for over $80,000. Mr. Carroll gained considerable notoriety as the possessor of the "Orange diamond," which is said to be an ill fated gem, and which caused so much litigation last summer

A Confessed Firebug.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., Feb. 5.—David Horner has been placed under $2,000 bail for having repeatedly tried to burn the Excelsior schoolhouse, Reidersville. He confessed to five attempts.

Trezza Saved from Death.

ALBANY, Feb. 5.—Governor Flower has commuted the sentence in the case Nicola Trezza, who is now in Sing Sing under sentence of death, to imprisonment for the term of his natural life.

A Lumber Company Fails.

ALTOONA, Pa., Feb. 5.—The Blair and Cambria Lumber company, a large corporation doing business in this and all the surrounding counties, has failed for $20,000, but creditors will be paid in full.

Counterfeit Fives Afloat.

ALTOONA, Pa., Feb. 5.—Professional counterfeiters have flooded this city with spurious $5 legal tender notes. The counterfeits are poor. Two banks took them in without detecting the fraud.

FITZSIMMONS STABS HIMSELF.

The Pittsburg Murderer Attempts Suicide and Tells of the Bloody Whip.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 5.—P. C. Fitzsimmons, the Pittsburg murderer, made a desperate attempt to end his life in the parish prison by cutting his throat. He was being taken care of in the hospital department of the prison. He got up in the morning and dressed, and left a note in a letter which he placed in his pocket. Then he asked for a cigar, and when a nurse promised to go out and secure some paper he went to a bed, threw himself upon it and drew a blanket over his face. Those in the room heard him groaning but believed he was dreaming.

About twenty minutes after Fitzsimmons had laid down Detective Murphy and a Pittsburg newspaper man came to the hospital and going to the bed pulled off the blanket. They were startled to see Fitzsimmons covered with blood and gasping. Assistance was immediately sent for and an examination showed that the murderer had stabbed himself with a penknife three times on the left side and once on the right, the knife penetrating deeply. He had bled for twenty minutes and was very weak. The wounds were stitched up but the doctors said the man would probably die.

The letter Fitzsimmons wrote was addressed to C. H. Fitzsimmons, William Fitzsimmons and The Times-Democrat and Picayune. In it he states that the last year of his existence was of a lamentable character and that he has pursued crime, which has placed his liberty in jeopardy. Preferring death to imprisonment, he made up his mind to kill himself, which would prevent further mental worry and relieve his parents from further disgrace. He says his wife was improperly convicted at the Allegheny county house of murder in the second degree through the perjury of a detective and the prejudice of the judge and jury. He swears before hurting himself positively that his wife is innocent of the crime she was convicted of, and says he made his escape from the Allegheny county jail because he knew beforehand that he would be convicted.

HARRIS LOOKS FOR A NEW TRIAL.

He Denies a Vile Story About Himself and a Miss Van Zandt.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—Carlyle W. Harris maintains his self composure and is confident that the motion for a new trial will be granted and that he will surely be acquitted. The motion for a new trial will be argued Monday. Harris' lawyers are very sanguine, and many of their fellow attorneys have assured them that a new trial will end in an acquittal.

If the new trial is denied and a time set for Harris' execution, a notice of appeal will be served. This in itself will act as a stay of proceedings, and will leave Harris in the Tombs until the matter is settled by the court of appeals, probably a year from now.

The friends of young Harris were greatly wrought up over the story printed that he had once married a fourteen-year-old girl named Julia Van Zandt, and had abandoned her after performing upon her a criminal operation. Harris himself denied the story, saying that he was only eleven years old at the time of the alleged marriage. His attorneys ridicule the story in strong language.

Lawyer Jerome has received several letters bearing on the question of the verdict. One of the letters declared that a band of eleven men are banded together to kill him. He should he ever leave the Tombs a free man.

Justice Bradley's Will.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 5.—The will of the late Joseph P. Bradley, associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, left all his property to his widow during her lifetime, and at her death the estate is to be divided between his daughters, Mary B. Hunt, of Falmouth, Carolina Bradley, of Washington, D. C., and his son, Charles Bradley, of this city, and the two children of his dead son, William H. Bradley, of this city.

Manning Died Penniless.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The will of the late Cardinal Manning is published. His only funds £100 in consols, are left to his aged sister. In his cottage were found a sovereign, a half sovereign, a shilling and sixpence. He had saved nothing for himself. Of the large sums received by him all had been disposed of in charities in his lifetime.

Urging Patton's Appointment.

ALTOONA, Pa., Feb. 5.—The Blair County Bar association unanimously endorsed a petition to President Harrison to appoint the Hon. Edward M. Paxton, chief justice of the supreme court of Pennsylvania, to the position on the United States supreme bench made vacant by the death of Justice Bradley.

A Mob Kills the Wrong One.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 5.—The two Martin negroes who were acquitted last fall on a charge of barn burning near Hendersville, returned yesterday and went to their mother's cabin and a mob of men shot through the windows, killing the boys' mother at the first fire. The boys escaped.

Church Rites to a Suicide.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Feb. 5.—Colonel John Withers, late cashier of the San Antonio National bank, was interred in consecrated ground, notwithstanding the fact that he was a suicide. Mass was sung in St. Mary's Catholic church and the body was then interred with military honors.

Russell Sage, Jr., Dead.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—Russell Sage, Jr., died in his room in the Windsor hotel of nervous prostration. Since the tragedy in his uncle's office, early last December, he had been confined to his bed. Mr. Sage was fifty years old, and leaves a personal fortune of $250,000.

Hanged for Wife Murder.

CLAY CITY, Ky., Feb. 5.—Simpson Brush was hanged for the murder of his wife in June, 1890. The woman had been married eighteen months and was asleep with her four-months-old baby in her arms when he shot her.

Jockey Anderson Pleased.

CAMDEN, N. J., Feb. 5.—Soldier Anderson, the colored jockey, who was acquitted of the charge of murdering "Buddy" Robinson, while in prison was robbed of all he possessed by his partner, who has fled to Texas.

Forty Persons Drowned.

BERLIN, Feb. 5.—The river Oder has been running high, and in the rush of waters yesterday thirty barges were unmoored near Breslau and carried down the stream and about forty persons were drowned.

A New Cable Line Opened.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The new cable to the Bahamas, from Jupiter, Fla., was opened for business today.

Rouvier Has the Grip.

PARIS, Feb. 5.—M. Rouvier, minister of finance, is seriously ill with the grip.

NEW STORE.

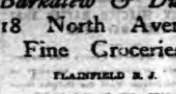
Barkalew & Dunn.

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE DEP TEA



To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attee tion to their choice and select line of canned vegetables, viz.: French Peas, Preserved Sugar Corn, Succotash & Merrell Parts Sugar Corn, Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Karl Tomatoes, P. H. Leggett's Stewed Tomatoes, Fait & Westerver's extra sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early June Peas, Hamburg Asparagus Beans, Endless River Asparagus and tips.

Special reduction given by the case and dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gorden & Ditworth's Jellies and Mince Meats.

79 BROADWAY.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three 3 per cent, per annum, payable semi-annu ally

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.

NATHAN HARPER. " "

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

BROWN & HILL,

Having added a hair cutting parlor, in connection with their store, No. 51 SCOTT AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Boot black stand connected with the store.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

28 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture,

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Educational.

EDUCATION.

Instruction in Elocution, classes private lessons. For terms, address Miss A. Hart, P. O. Box 1046.

FRENCH LESSONS.

Instruction and entertainment in French Lecture, class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield. Wetfield and surrounding. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. Prospectus and trial lesson free, write to Prof. A. Viroux, care of Misses Barbour and Newton, 17 La Grandavenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,

Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891.

For information address the Academy or address EDW. RD N. HARNED, Prin. 8 20 y 187 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J

MISS FAWCETT'S

KINDERGARTEN and SCHOOL.

15 GROVE STREET.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,

Teacher of piano. Given lessons either at her own or at pupils' residence. Address 1 Somerset Block of residence. No. 17 Somerset Street.

Lodges.

Fraternity and Protection.

1873. Membership, 136,000. 1891.

Death benefits paid over $30,000,000 since organization. WYOMING LODGE, No. 2601, KNIGHTS OF HONOR, meets First and Third Thursdays, at 8 p. m., in Wetmpahs Lodge Rooms, Hunt Block Building.

Louis I. Van Alstyne, Dictator.

Wetumpka Commissioner, No. 24, second and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 12 30 1y

Special Notices.

H. SPENCER,

76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and dealer in choice family groceries, provisions, produce; white granite, C. C. yellow rock stone and glassware; flower pots and hanging baskets; cider vinegar four years old. Best grade sour cookies.

MRS. LIBDAY,

Intelligence Office, 91 West Front street. Good girls wanted. No. 1 Lodi place, a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 20 y

ROGERS GROUPS,

Bronzene statuary. Artist's materials. At Swain's, 32 West Front street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

BARGAINS.

In lumber, coal, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parker Press Cart. John P. Wells, Basonet, North Plainfield.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS

can be purchased at Edgewood Park. Somerset street. Apply to

E. F. M. CHASE,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. G. Mallory, Real Estate Broker, Call and see them. 450 feet above the sea level

Kline's Extracts

Pure Fruit Flavors

Several good forwarders of theatrical baggage wanted. Apply at once to

NEW YORK BAGGAGE AND EXPRESS CO.,

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:00 a. m., 2:00 p. m.

Close—10:00 a. m., 6:00 p. m.

Sunday Mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:00 to 10:00 a. m.

Mail closed at 5:00 p. m.

E. E. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Nov. 15th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 12 14, 2 37, 4 36, 6 04, 6 20, 6 30, 7 05, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 3 00, 5 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty st., foot of, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Express trains for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7 40, 7 50, 9 05, 11 09 a. m., 12 37, 1 30, 3 05, 4 30, 5 30, 6 40, 7 30, 9 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 9 05 a. m., 12 37, 1 30, 5 30, 7 30, 9 30, 11 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8 05, 7 10, 9 07, 11 09 a. m., 1 30, 3 05, 4 30, 5 30, 6 40, 7 30, 9 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 9 05 a. m., 1 30, 5 30, 7 30, 9 30, 11 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 05 a. m., 1 30, 5 30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6 05 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Shamokin, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton 9 05 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton and Allentown.

10 30 a. m. for Flemington, DELAWARE Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

4 40 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

1 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

6 40 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

11 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc.

8 30 a. m. for Flemington.

4 30 p. m. Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

4 30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

9 40 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Whitehaven and Scranton, 4 15 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Whitehaven and Scranton, 2 05 p. m. Sundays only for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Reading and Harrisburg.

5 40 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin and Williamsburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3 47, 8 05, 11 09 a. m., 4 05, 5 00 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8 05 a. m., 5 00 p. m. For Ocean Grove only at 5 05, 9 05, 11 09 a. m., 1 05, 2 34, 5 00, 7 05 p. m. Sunday 9 05 a. m., 1 05, 5 00 p. m.

For Atlantic City 9 05 a. m., 1 05 p. m.

For Cape May, Sea Isle and Ocean City, 11 09 a. m., 5 00 p. m. Sunday 9 05 a. m.

SOUTH BROAD STREET.

For Pennsylvania and Reading points, at 8 47 a. m., 2 05, 4 05, 5 00, 9 05 p. m. Sundays at 9 05 a. m., 5 00 p. m. For Trenton at 8 47 a. m., 2 05, 4 05, 5 00, 9 05 p. m. Sundays at 9 05 a. m., 5 00 p. m.

For Camden at 8 47 a. m., 2 05, 4 05, 5 00, 9 05 p. m. Sundays at 9 05 a. m., 5 00 p. m.

For Atlantic City (daily except Sundays), with Pullman Parlor Cars, at 9 05 a. m.

For Cape May, Sea Isle and Ocean City, at 9 05 a. m.

For Bridgeton at 9 05 a. m., 5 00 p. m. Sundays at 9 05 a. m.

For Millville at 9 05 a. m., 5 00 p. m. Sundays at 9 05 a. m.

For Salem at 9 05 a. m., 5 00 p. m. Sundays at 9 05 a. m.

For Glassboro at 9 05 a. m., 5 00 p. m. Sundays at 9 05 a. m.

For Woodbridge—6 44, 9 05, 10 30 a. m.; 2 30, 4 45, 6 44, 9 45, 7 18 p. m.; 12 30 night. On Sundays 10 30 a. m., 9 45 p. m.

For Perth Amboy—12 21, 6 44, 10 30 a. m.; 2 30, 4 45, 6 44, 7 18, 9 45 p. m.; 12 30 night. On Sundays 10 30 a. m., 9 45 p. m.

For South Amboy—12 21, 6 44 p. m. Sundays 9 45 p. m.

For Metuchen—7 10 a. m.; 12 55, 5 15 p. m.

For Jamesburg, Hightstown and Cranbury, 7 10 a. m., 5 15 p. m.

For Monmouth Junction and Kingston, 7 10, 11 57 a. m., 5 15, 7 30 p. m. Sunday 9 05 p. m.

For Cape May, Sea Isle and Ocean City 9 30 p. m. Sundays 9 05 p. m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, points on Shore road, 7 10 a. m., 12 55—2 05 p. m., 5 15, 9 05, 11 57 p. m. Sunday 10 30 a. m.; 5 45 p. m. and stop at Asbury Park on signal.

For Freehold—7 10, 11 57 a. m., 4 30 p. m.

For Matawan, Keyport, Red Bank and Freehold, 7 10 a. m., 4 30 p. m.

For Boston, without change, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Providence, via Stonington, without change, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Fall River and New Bedford, via Stonington, without change, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Newport, via Stonington, without change, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Worcester, via Stonington, without change, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Hartford, via Stonington, without change, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Springfield, via Stonington, without change, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Boston, via Shore Line, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Providence, via Shore Line, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Fall River and New Bedford, via Shore Line, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Newport, via Shore Line, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Worcester, via Shore Line, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Hartford, via Shore Line, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Springfield, via Shore Line, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Boston, via Air Line, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Providence, via Air Line, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Fall River and New Bedford, via Air Line, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Newport, via Air Line, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Worcester, via Air Line, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Hartford, via Air Line, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Springfield, via Air Line, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Boston, via Norwich, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Providence, via Norwich, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Fall River and New Bedford, via Norwich, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Newport, via Norwich, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Worcester, via Norwich, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Hartford, via Norwich, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Springfield, via Norwich, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Boston, via Fall River, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Providence, via Fall River, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Fall River and New Bedford, via Fall River, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Newport, via Fall River, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Worcester, via Fall River, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Hartford, via Fall River, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Springfield, via Fall River, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Boston, via Providence, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Providence, via Providence, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Fall River and New Bedford, via Providence, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Newport, via Providence, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Worcester, via Providence, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Hartford, via Providence, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Springfield, via Providence, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Boston, via Worcester, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Providence, via Worcester, 9 30 p. m. daily.

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For Newport, via Worcester, 9 30 p. m. daily.

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For Newport, via Springfield, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Worcester, via Springfield, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Hartford, via Springfield, 9 30 p. m. daily.

For Springfield, via Springfield, 9 30 p. m. daily.

CHARLES E. PUGH, General Manager.

J. H. WOOD, General Passenger Agent.

M. H. REDER, Manager. A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

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A DINNER is never relished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and most carefully selected stock of Choice

Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes,

BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of

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If given a call will be able to compare our goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.

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General Hardware and House-furnishings,

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Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Builders Cards.

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JOHN ABBOTT,

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CARPENTER

AND

General Jobber.

SHOP, 19 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

Jobbing promptly attended to

Window Screens

made to order.

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.

FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.

Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.

I have thoroughly renovated the store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.

DAVID CLARKE,

Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

ABOUT THE HOUSE.

KNOWLEDGE NECESSARY FOR THE PRACTICAL HOUSEKEEPER.

Facts That Cannot be Found in Books. The Experience of Other Progressive Housewives Briefly Told in This Column.

Wet boots and shoes may be kept from shrinking out of shape in the drying if as soon as they are taken from the feet they are tightly stuffed with newspapers. These should not be removed until the shoes are perfectly dry, as they compose a sort of last to prevent unequal shrinkage and consequent loss of symmetry.

OLD FASHIONED GINGERSNAPS.

Delicious and Wholesome Cakes That We Might Eat More Of.

There are no cakes we have which are at once so inexpensive, so delicious and so wholesome as the old time gingersnaps. They were crisp, thin and rich enough to have a fine nutty flavor. It is not common now to find old-fashioned gingersnaps or gingersnaps, made as they once were. There are gingersnaps sold it - true, in all the groceries and bakeshops, but they resemble old cakes only in name.

Rule for these cakes calls for half a cup of sugar; a cup of molasses; half a cup of boiling water and half a cup of butter stirred together and poured hot on the molasses and sugar. Two even tablespoonfuls of ginger are then added, and an even teaspoonful of soda dissolved in. The dough should be rather stiff; knead it a little and roll it into very thin sheets, and cut it into cakes and bake exactly as you did the richer cakes. A great many cooks who use milk in place of water to mix these cakes add the soda with the teaspoonful of soda and pour these hot over the butter, molasses and sugar, which had been previously mixed together. The flour was then stirred in till the dough was *stiff*. It was then kneaded up, rolled out and baked.

A PRETTY MANTELPIECE ORNAMENT.

How Miniature Oak and Chestnut Trees May be Grown.

Suspend an acorn, by a piece of thread tied around it, within half an inch of the surface of some water contained in a vase, tumbler or saucer, and allowing it to remain undisturbed for several weeks. It will soon burst open, and small roots will seek the water; a straight and tapering stem, with small fair glossy green leaves, will shoot upward and present a very pleasant appearance. Chestnut trees may be grown in the same manner, but their leaves are not so beautiful as those of the oak. The water should be changed once a month, taking care to supply water of the same warmth; bits of charcoal added to it will prevent the water from souring. If the little leaves turn yellow, add one drop of ammonia and one drop of iron sulphate to the water, and they will renew their luxuriance.

Keep a Cheerful Kitchen.

A bright, pleasant kitchen is a prime requisite in a house. While all servants do not care for pictures or plants, it is well to try and see if they do not appreciate these additions to the slightness of an apartment which is to them eating, working and sitting room. It is here that they spend most of their waking hours, here they receive their friends. It is an inexplicably electronally magic who does not feel some pride in keeping her environments neat and attractive. If the cost makes the mess, the kitchen has often much to do with making the cook. A few of the gay chromos which have been banished from parlor and bedroom walls, a rocking chair, a bright rug, and half a dozen plants in the window are an investment that will cost little, and will be worth treble their market value if they make a good-natured cook and a cheerful kitchen.

Holiday Knick-knacks.

NICKEL SILVER ORNAMENTS.

Shown herewith are three ornaments in nickel silver which illustrate a few of the applications of this new and beautiful material that is becoming so common. It has all the beauty of silver, is easily manufactured into the most intricate designs and does not tarnish. There is a graceful bouquet-holder. A very handsome glass ink-stand. It is cut glass, with both the lid and the top of the bottle ornamented with an effective design in nickel silver. Also a pretty photograph frame made in untarnishable nickel silver, in a shell design.

How to Cook Corn-Meal Mush.

Put into your kettle nearly as much water as you wish of mush; when it boils stir in the meal evenly until a thin mush is formed. Let it cook slowly for almost or quite an hour, and salt to your taste. The coarser the meal the longer it should be cooked. English currants or raisins may be cooked with it, or sweet apples may be sliced and spread over the top, half an hour before it is done. Serve with cream and sugar, or with maple syrup.

Wind Should Blow Dust Out.

When sweeping a room it is all very well to open the windows, providing the wind is not blowing that way. In the latter case they are better shut, as the dust is then blown into all parts of the room. Open the windows after the first dust has settled.

Bread Crumbs.

In preparing stale bread, dried in the oven, then pounded and sifted for crumbs to be used for fishballs, croquettes, &c, the process will be found much easier if the bits of bread are put before they cook.

Coffee and Raspberry Stains.

For coffee stains, try putting thick glycerine on the wrong side, and washing it out with lukewarm water. For raspberry stains, weak ammonia and water is the best.

A medical man says: "Be careful in your dealings with horseradish. It irritates the stomach far more than spice, and an overdose will bring on an unpleasant sensation for days."

A PUZZLE IN ADDITION.

A Trick by Which Little Ones May Puzzle the Old Folks.

Ask any one to write down any number between 100 and 999. Remark, carelessly, that you always put down the answer to some before putting down the figures. Let us suppose that the number given you is 864. The answer to the sum is found by subtracting 3 from the unit column, and putting this two on the left-hand side, thus:

864	Amount given.
3	Space left for figures.
861	Answer to sum.

The answer is always computed in this way, from the first amount mentioned. Now ask for a second sum of three figures. Put them under the 864, and then very quickly and silently write down three figures under these last ones, in such proportions that you make his last three and your three add just 999 together. For instance, if the number given to you is 361, you must put down 638. Now ask a third amount to be mentioned, suppose this is 682; then you must again add three figures to make 999, viz. 473. Now hand the paper to any one to add up the amounts, which will be found correct. You see you will have five amounts in all to be added together. If rightly done this always causes much surprise, as the answer has been already written. Practice this until you understand it perfectly, then try it on the old folks.

Four Easy Conundrums.

1. The beginning of eternity, the end of time and space.
The beginning of every end, and the end of every place.
2. You eat me, you drink me, deny it who can,
I'm sometimes a woman and sometimes a man.
3. My first I hope you are; my second I see you are; my whole I know you are.
4. My first is French, my second English, and my whole Latin.

An Appropriate Name.

The boy's fishing-pole was fastened under the roof of a tree on the river bank, and he was sitting in the sun playing with a dog. "Fishing?" inquired a man passing along the road. "Yep," answered the boy as briefly. "Nice dog you've got there. What's his name?" "Fish." "Fish! That's a queer name for a dog. What do you call him that for?" "Cause he won't bite." Then the man proceeded on his way.

A Famous Jay Gould.

While (scared)—Now we've milked the cow, what'll we do? Pop'll be awful mad.

Jimmie (equal to the occasion)—We'll drive her down to the pond and fill her up with water.

Nonsense Rhyme.

A gentleman wheeled a wheel-barrow
Down a lane that was terribly narrow,
He got stuck in the bend,
Then my story must end,
But your feelings I'm sure it will harrow.

Answer to Easy Conundrums.

1. The letter E.
2. A foe.
3. Welcome.
4. Latin.

FOR THE LITTLE ONES.

CAREFULLY SELECTED MATTER THAT THEY MAY READ.

Delightful Jingles in Poetry and Happy Thoughts in Prose—The Sayings of Smart Children Told for Bright Ones to Read.

Gold is so very tenacious that a piece of it drawn into wire one-twentieth of an inch in diameter will sustain a weight of 200 pounds without breaking.

Its malleability is so great that a single grain may be divided into 2,000,000 parts, and a cubic inch into 9,223,372,036 parts, each of which may be distinctly seen by the naked eye. A grain and a half of gold may be beaten into leaves of one inch square, which, if intersected by parallel lines drawn at right angles to each other and distant only the one hundredth part of an inch, will produce 2,000,000 little squares, each of which may be distinctly seen without the aid of a glass.

The surface of any given quantity of gold, according to the best authorities, may be extended by the hammer 210,814 times. The thickness of the metal thus extended appears to be no more than the 282,020th part of an inch. Eighty leaves of this wonderful metal would gild a silver wire of sufficient length to extend entirely around the globe.—Philadelphia Times.

WHAT THE TOTS SAY.

Pleshes of Juvenile Humor, Wit and Wisdom.

Marion was in a room with her mother, where she saw upon the wall the illuminated text, "What is Home Without a Mother?" Spelling it out she said:

"Mamma, why don't they put the answer to that conundrum up there?"

"What is the answer?" asked her mother.

"The orphan, of course," answered Marion, with great satisfaction. "I guessed it easy."

Fred was sent by his mother on an errand. In a few minutes he returned, his face pallid with fear.

"Why, Fred," said mamma, "what made you come back so soon?"

With a forced smile Fred answered:

"Why, there's a dog on the sidewalk. The be-au-ti-ful-est, great big black dog you ever saw. I thought I would come back and tell you to let nurse go with me and let sister Nellie, so she could see the dog, too."

Upon Benny's return from his first day at school, his mother asked him if he had learned anything new at school.

"Yes'm, he replied, confidently, "I learned the difference between a horidicular and a perpindicular line.—Philadelphia Weekly Times.

LETTER WRITING.

Of Great Antiquity—The History of Postage Stamps.

Letter writing is of great antiquity. The sending of letters by post was originally established by the Roman emperors for safe and speedy transmission of public documents and in modern Europe by Louis XI. of France, for the same purpose. The first approach to a regular postal system in England was in the time of Charles I.

Stamps for letters were first temporarily used in France in time of Louis XIV., and different devices were afterward used in Spain and Sweden. In 1653, the general reform was first put in operation in England, and first used in the United States in 1847. Two values only were then issued, the five and ten cents, bearing, respectively, the portraits of Franklin and Washington. In 1851 they were withdrawn and one cent and three cents introduced, and now we enjoy the privilege of sending a letter all over the United States for two cents.

TAKE CARE OF THE PENNIES.

How the Penny-in-the-Slot Machines are Disturbing Circulation.

What do you think of this? So many pennies have been dropped into slots within the last year that even the government has been embarrassed, not knowing what to do with them. For when the slots are emptied the pennies are sent to the treasury to be exchanged for larger coin, of whatever denomination the owners want. Suddenly it was discovered that there were tons and tons of pennies being turned in. The other day there were thirty-six tons of them in the subtreasury. And as there are twenty hundred weight in a ton, there were, of course, 72,000 pounds of pennies. In money these amounted to $104,000.

How to get these in circulation again was the question. Either no one, not even the biggest, wanted cartloads of pennies brought as coal is carried to their doors. There is an old proverb. I have forgotten how it reads, but it tells us if we look after the pennies, the pounds will look after themselves. Remember that.

Mr. Nanki Poohi Poo.

Ting aling lee! don't you see,
I'm as happy as happy can be,
With plenty of rice and sometimes mice,
Christmas dinner is done in a trice.

hippy chop choo! methinks that you
could never succeed, like Nanki Pooh!

No, not!

With chop-sticks light, morning, noon and night,
To eat all you wanted to? No, not quite!

How Do You Say It?

The other night I sat listening to a dear little girl who, kneeling beside her bed was saying her prayer before being tucked in to sleep and pleasant dreams.

Her prayer was that short little verse which I dare say a great many of my boys and girls have said ever since they could lisp the words, "Now I lay me." When she finished, I said: "You say it, dear, just as if it were, 'I pray the Lord my soul to keep.'"

"So it is, cousin," she replied, and then she said it all through again, and said it wrong.

I wonder how many of my readers use the article "the" instead of the pronoun "thee" in that little prayer. This is the right verse:

"Now I lay me down to sleep,
I pray Thee, Lord, my soul to keep,
If I should die before I wake,
I pray Thee, Lord, my soul to take."

A Natural Sequence.

"Uncle John," said little Emily, "do you know that a baby that was fed on elephant's milk gained twenty pounds in a week?"

"Nonsense!" exclaimed Uncle John; and then asked, "Whose baby was it?"

"It was the elephants's baby," replied Emily.—New Moon.

KEEP THE BABY WARM.

He Needs More Clothing Than Older Children and Usually Wears Less.

Barely is a baby clothed as warmly as any young child ever is. This is especially true when he is in the house. A warm wool shirt and flannel skirt are put on him, but his other loose garments are of cotton and usually of a fine, sheer quality. An older child has over his arms and shoulders, besides his underflannel, a lined woolen dress and perhaps an apron. Baby has a thin sacklike. Baby perhaps sits upon the floor and rolls around where the draughts are plentiful. His older sister has underclothes, shirts and dress of woolen, although she can exercise by running and jumping. Baby is more tender than she, and yet he is not as well protected from exposure which brings colds and croups so frequently.

One garment that every well cared-for baby should wear during cold weather is an under-dress. This is made of cotton flannel, yachting flannel, or of flannel which has cotton carded in with the wool. All wool flannel would be better, but beyond wearing before the winter was over from washing, while flannel with a silk warp would ordinarily be too costly.

This garment should be perfectly plain. It has a short waist, a gathered skirt and simple coat sleeves. Two yards of goods will be enough material for each dress for a child a year old. The edge of the skirt is finished with a deep hem, which may be feather-stitched, while a cotton flannel dress can have buttonhole edging on the bottom, but in all cases the neck and sleeves should be simply bound with tape.

Three of these dresses are a sufficient supply when the laundry work of the household is done at home. They are worn under the baby's cambric or gingham dress, and keep him warm and comfortable, while the daily fresh outer dress gives him the dainty look that is always the fitting complement to a baby's face.

A Burnt-Drawer Sachet.

An improvement upon the ordinary method of perfuming underclothing, neckwear, laces, etc., by means of numerous small scent bags is found in the bureau sachet. Make of alsaka and out of a size to cover the whole bottom of a drawer, it also serves the purpose of the towel or paper usually laid between the wood and the garments. Two thicknesses of alsaka are used, while a thin layer of cotton between them holds the strength of the orris root, or of the dear, old-fashioned lavender, with which the sachet is filled. Those who desire a more luxurious arrangement can make the case of satin quilting that comes in various shades at from 75 cents to a dollar a yard. Smaller sachets of this are very pretty fitted to the bottom of the glove, handkerchief and collar boxes. The perfume thus communicated is delicate and less overpowering than that caused by the free use of cologne.

Dastardly.

"Harkins played a mean trick on his neighbors down at Metuchen."

"What did he do?"

"Why, his neighbor has been fattening a turkey for Thanksgiving all summer, and Hawkins mixed a bottle of anti-fat with the turkey's food."—N. Y. Sun.

An Expedient.

"I have a weight upon my mind," Overheard him say.
"What's good," said she, "will keep the wind
From blowing it away.
—Detroit Free Press.

KEEP THE BABY WARM.

He Needs More Clothing Than Older Children and Usually Wears Less.

Barely is a baby clothed as warmly as any young child ever is. This is especially true when he is in the house. A warm wool shirt and flannel skirt are put on him, but his other loose garments are of cotton and usually of a fine, sheer quality. An older child has over his arms and shoulders, besides his underflannel, a lined woolen dress and perhaps an apron. Baby has a thin sacklike. Baby perhaps sits upon the floor and rolls around where the draughts are plentiful. His older sister has underclothes, shirts and dress of woolen, although she can exercise by running and jumping. Baby is more tender than she, and yet he is not as well protected from exposure which brings colds and croups so frequently.

One garment that every well cared-for baby should wear during cold weather is an under-dress. This is made of cotton flannel, yachting flannel, or of flannel which has cotton carded in with the wool. All wool flannel would be better, but beyond wearing before the winter was over from washing, while flannel with a silk warp would ordinarily be too costly.

This garment should be perfectly plain. It has a short waist, a gathered skirt and simple coat sleeves. Two yards of goods will be enough material for each dress for a child a year old. The edge of the skirt is finished with a deep hem, which may be feather-stitched, while a cotton flannel dress can have buttonhole edging on the bottom, but in all cases the neck and sleeves should be simply bound with tape.

Three of these dresses are a sufficient supply when the laundry work of the household is done at home. They are worn under the baby's cambric or gingham dress, and keep him warm and comfortable, while the daily fresh outer dress gives him the dainty look that is always the fitting complement to a baby's face.

A Burnt-Drawer Sachet.

An improvement upon the ordinary method of perfuming underclothing, neckwear, laces, etc., by means of numerous small scent bags is found in the bureau sachet. Make of alsaka and out of a size to cover the whole bottom of a drawer, it also serves the purpose of the towel or paper usually laid between the wood and the garments. Two thicknesses of alsaka are used, while a thin layer of cotton between them holds the strength of the orris root, or of the dear, old-fashioned lavender, with which the sachet is filled. Those who desire a more luxurious arrangement can make the case of satin quilting that comes in various shades at from 75 cents to a dollar a yard. Smaller sachets of this are very pretty fitted to the bottom of the glove, handkerchief and collar boxes. The perfume thus communicated is delicate and less overpowering than that caused by the free use of cologne.

Dastardly.

"Harkins played a mean trick on his neighbors down at Metuchen."

"What did he do?"

"Why, his neighbor has been fattening a turkey for Thanksgiving all summer, and Hawkins mixed a bottle of anti-fat with the turkey's food."—N. Y. Sun.

An Expedient.

"I have a weight upon my mind,"
Overheard him say.
"What's good," said she, "will keep the wind
From blowing it away.
—Detroit Free Press.

ANNOUNCEMENT

OUR NEW SPRING GOODS are now ready for inspection.

ALL of the Departments are supplied to the fullest extent with the newest and most desirable goods that can be found in the markets.

IT is impossible to particularize in a small "ad." like this, but would say that we are now better prepared to supply the wants of the people than ever before.

OUR New Spring Dress Goods this season surpass anything we have ever offered. The styles and colorings are elegant, and will well repay a careful inspection.

THE Wash Dress Fabrics are just lovely, and comprise about everything that the trade demands.

LADIES are always interested in pretty Hamburgh Embroideries. Our assortment is large and the patterns are just as handsome as they can be.

WE expect to do the largest business in our dress lining department that we have ever done, and therefore have increased this line almost double. You can be suited here Sure.

WE extend a cordial invitation to everybody to make us an early call, and examine our cheap and elegant goods, before making your Spring purchases.

LOOK OUT for our Carpet Announcement soon.

EVERYTHING the Newest, Cheapest and Best at

EDSALL'S

JUST OUT.

The latest samples of ball tickets, masquerades, lodge, card programmes, menus, orders of dance, wedding invitations and fine stock generally, have just been received by THE NEWS Job Department. When you are in need of any kind of Job Work call and see samples.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison Ave. and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING,
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order.

Hotels.

THE ALBION.

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 28 6m

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Permit Boarders taken at

Reasonable -:- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, O. p. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smoke-stack painting and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berckman street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 320 Fourth avenue.

Closing Out Sale!

SPECIAL BARGAINS!

WALL PAPER AT COST.

In order to close out this year's stock of WALL PAPER we make room for New Goods.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

Successors to W. F. Adams, 20 East Front street.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

OUR GRAIN LEATHER

AND

CORK -:- SOLE -:- SHOES

Are just the thing for this weather. We also have a good assortment in double sole Calf Skin Shoes. Rubbers in plenty. We sell you the BEST at the price others charge you for the "No Goods."

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE

22 W. FRONT STREET.

Great Overcoat Sale.

30 DAYS ONLY!

OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.

GENUINE : BARGAINS!

Call and examine before they are are all gone.

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

GLYCEROLE OF ARNICA!

The best preparation for the skin on the market.

FREE FROM ALL GREASE!

Readily absorbed. The Ladies' Delight.

25 Cents a Bottle.

Sold only at

L. W. Randolph's City Pharmacy,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have the BEST Feed, Barley, Oats and Jersey Bran, and make a specialty of reclaimed Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 34. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We got a bargain last week in 100 fine Winter Coats for Ladies. We bought the n at half their regular value, and will sell them the same way.

Spring goods are coming in fast, and buyers will find our assortment of Embroideries, White Goods, Cutting Flannel, Gingham, etc., the finest ever displayed in Plainfield.

Our great sale of Sheeting and Muslin will continue. 8-4 Utica Sheet ng 18c.; 9-4, 21c.; 10-4, 23c. Fruit of the Loom, 8c.; Dwight Anchor, 8c. These are all straight goods and we put on prices in black and white so that other goods by competitors will know what to ask for their goods.

We will sell 1,000 Fine Embroidered Handkerchiefs, that cost 30c. to land, for 15c. each.

100 doz. Ladies full regular fast black Hose 10c. pair.

100 doz. extra heavy, full regular, fast black Hose for Children, 25c. per pair. Actual value, 40c.

Another case, and 'twill be the last, of those 40in. Hemstitch, all shades, 32c. yard. Worth 38c.

One case 2,000 yds fine Dress Seersuckers. Actual values 10c., they go for 5c.

There is a lot of Granite Iron Ware that must be sold this week. Price no object as long as we sell it. V. & W. Hendrickson & Warren.

GO TO

CAREY'S NEW BEDDING STORE

for anything in the line of

Beds, Mattresses, Pillows, Bolsters, Quilts,

BLANKETS, RUGS, COUCHES, CHAIRS, ETC.

A full line of the above always on hand.

76, 78 and 80 West Front Street.

This Date in History—Feb. 5.

WM. MILLER.

B. C.—Marcus Porcius Cato (Uticensis) killed himself because Julius Cæsar had triumphed over the senatorial party; born 95 B. C.

1782—William Miller, violinist, etc., born in Plainfield, N. J.; he used to say that he would be 1844 and the "Millerites" gathered for the end that year.

1810—Ole Bornemann Bull, famous violinist, born at Bergen, Norway; died 1880.

1861—Dwight L. Moody, evangelist, born.

1862—All the Federal armies, except that of the Potomac, on the move, and a general state of alarm throughout the north.

1865—Battle of Dabney's Mills, or Hatcher's Run, Va.

1872—Attempted assassination of President Thiers, of France; 5 powder mills exploded at Xenia, O.

It Can't Be Done.

It was in a Madison avenue car. He took out a piece of paper on which there were many figures and said:

"I've been trying to invent a puzzle to put on the market this winter, but I can only get so far with it."

"What is it?" asked the other.

"This represents a street car. There are twelve men on one side and eight women on the other."

"I see. You want to get ten on a side."

"No, I don't. Another woman gets on the car, making nine women to twelve men."

"Exactly."

"She must have a seat, but all are occupied. She looks at the eight women, but none of them moves. She looks at the twelve men, and"—

"And one of them gets up and offers her a seat, of course."

"Yes, of course. Now, what I want is to place her among the eight women."

"My dear sir," said the other as he turned away, "you had better tackle the problem of perpetual motion. It can't be done. If there weren't but seven women it couldn't be done. Either have your ninth woman get off and take a hack, or let one of the men hold up and grovel on the platform and catch a cold which will result in his death."—New York World.

Proof Positive.

Tanks—The man who wrote "'Twas Off the Blue Canary Isles" had something to say about the birds that sing.

Banks—What makes you think so?

Tanks—Did you ever see a blue canary?—Life.

1892	February.					1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29					

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5	4:39 p. m.	Third Quarter	20	7:16 p. m.
Full	12	2:39 p. m.	New	27	10:07 p. m.

Writing : Paper

BY THE

POUND!

Old Sagamore Mills, 12c lb.

Envelopes to match, 5c. package.

Kensington Wave and Devonshire Linen, 25c. per lb.

Envelopes to match, 10c. package.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

A NEW STYLE

OF

D E R B Y

Out TO-DAY, at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

THE BEE HIVE

Men's Unlaundried Shirts. The "Pride," A quality, good linen bosom, 3 ply linen, reinforced front and double back..... **50c.**

The "Pride," B quality, made of best muslin and fine linen bosom, the best shirt in the world..... **69c.**

Boys' "Pride" shirts..... **45c.**

Youths' "Pride," shirts, this one shirt can only be obtained at the "Bee Hive" in Plainfield..... **69c.**

Louis Callman.

40 WEST FRONT STREET

"The Very Best"

is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction and is the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.

But you can. Come to my store for the neat and cheapest Notions, Worsteds, Embroidery silks, and stamped linen goods.

C. E. CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

No. 9 East Front street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street, Leck Box I. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 6 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

The Weather.

The weather promises to be generally fair and colder.

BREVITIES.

—The members of Gazelle Engine Company, No. 1, took their apparatus out for a wash.

—At seven o'clock this morning the thermometer registered 10 degrees above zero.

—The North Plainfield Borough and Township election will take place on Tuesday, March 8th.

—Marsh, Ayres & Co., have a force of men engaged decorating the interior of the Holy Cross church.

—A weekly service of prayer will be held in the German Reformed church next Wednesday evening at 7.45 o'clock.

—It is not generally understood that Mr. Wallace V. Miller has applied for a wholesale license and not a saloon license.

—All men are invited to attend the meeting to be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening to hear Mr. Theodore Drury sing.

—The Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting in the lecture room of the chapel Tuesday evening at eight o'clock.

—Theo. Drury, who will sing at the entertainment at the Y. M. C. A. to-night, was a pupil of Prof. Howard who is said to be one of the finest musical instructors in the country.

—The report comes from Mason, Mich., that the meanest man on earth lives there. He is said to have wrapped large fat lickin in fancy colored papers and given them to the children as a new kind of candy.

—Van Emburgh & White call special attention to a line of bargains that they will offer for the coming week. They say they will sell every thing in dry goods and house furnishing goods at a lower price than ever before. Read their "ad."

—The Park Baptist church of Plainfield did not investigate the claim of the contractor who built the edifice, and therefore the pastor, Rev. Asa B. Dilts resigned. He did not think as his deacons did with reference to this matter, and therefore concluded to leave. It was not merely a matter of pique, it was a matter of Christian principle, and on this Mr. Dilts acted. When pastor and people do not think the same, separation is the best thing that can happen.—Elizabeth Journal.

A DAYLIGHT BURGLARLY.

Two Houses on LaGrande Avenue Ransacked Yesterday Afternoon.

Between two and four o'clock yesterday afternoon a burglar, who is described by a domestic, who saw the supposed thief loitering about, as a "tall well-dressed man with full beard and a white handkerchief about his neck," entered the residences Nos. 49 and 51 La Grande avenue and thoroughly ransacked them.

Mr. Nomer keeps a boarding house at No. 49, and Dr. Bedford and Mr. Moy are lodgers there. Mr. Nomer's silver watch and gold chain, $15 in money and three gold rings were taken. Mr. Moy lost a watch and chain and thirty-five cents. Dr. Bedford found that a valuable sourcoir diamond ring and $15 cash had also been purloined, but borrowed when he returned last evening.

After going through No. 49 next door, No. 51 was visited and $15 stolen. The family were absent.

The domestic who describes the man she saw loitering about, says he tried the back door, rang the front door bell and looked in the windows. Then she thought he went away.

TOWNSHIP COMMITTEE MEETING.

The Books of the Overseer of the Poor Correct.—Other Business.

The North Plainfield Township Committee held a regular meeting last evening. All the members were present.

A resolution, authorizing the commissioners appointed to assess benefits and damages in reference to the opening and widening of Peace street to proceed as rapidly as possible, was adopted. The resolution also instructed the Township Council to give the Committee any legal advice they desired.

The books of Overseer of the Poor Baumeister were examined and found correct. The books showed that $1,205.16 had been expended for the support of the poor during the past year.

Bills amounting to $1,230.16 were ordered paid and the meeting adjourned.

Coal Down to $4.25 a Ton.

The combine of coal dealers in Elizabeth is said to be trying to freeze out the independent dealers who refuse to join the New Jersey Coal Exchange. The combination of dealers which forms the Exchange reduced yesterday the price on all kinds of coal to $4.25 per ton, the lowest it has been in fifteen years, and a still lower cut, it is said, will be made in a few days. The war is directed chiefly, it is said, against Dealer Lorenz Wolf, who it is alleged, has underbid the combine in the contracts awarded for furnishing coal to the city and the public schools.

Jupiter and Venus.

The two glorious planets Jupiter and Venus appeared in conjunction last night in the western heavens and presented a beautiful sight, which was admired by many.

The planets looked to be about six inches apart. They were rather near together—for planets. Only 418,000,000 miles of space divided them.

THE BOROUGH COUNCIL.

A REGULAR MEETING HELD LAST EVENING.

The Electric Light and Water Works Question Discussed at Length—All Claims Ordered Paid The Reports of the Various Committees—Other Business.

The Borough Council met in regular session last evening at eight o'clock. Besides Mayor Place, Councilmen Hallock, Hegeman, Hummer, Needham, Powell and Sebring responded to roll call.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Mayor Place in a communication appointed Dr. J. Carman as a member of the Board of Health to succeed himself, his term to last four years. On motion of Mr Hegeman the nomination was confirmed.

Messrs. Ira Rikerand others petitioned for a crosswalk on Mountain avenue. The petition was referred to the Street Committee.

The various claims presented were referred to the proper committees and subsequently ordered paid.

The report of Mr. Sebring from the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps was ordered filed. It is follows:

The Fire, Water and Lamps Committee through Mr. Sebring, reported that after an investigation it was the unanimous opinion that lamps should remain as located at present, with the exception of the lamps on Race near Somerset street; which should be removed to Emily and Somerset street; also that that there be 18 extra lamps distributed in accordance with petitions as follows: For lights on Grant avenue, Green Brook road, Mountain avenue, Belmont avenue, Farmers' road, Dupont and Howard streets and Prospect place. At present there are 221 lights in use.

The claim of Peter Seder the Committee reported had been adjusted by the said Seder agreeing to return a certain sum which will compensate him for the use of his team; the balance he agrees to turn over to the Firemen's Relief fund. With reference to extensions to the engine house stable bids have been received as follows:

John Emmons, mason work and material $107
Wm. C. Smith mason work and material 95
D. L. Hulick, carpenter work and material 60
W. C. Smith, mason and carpenter work complete 150

The Committee recommended the lowest bids:

W. C. Smith for mason 95
D. L. Hulick for carpenter be accepted. 60

Total 155

Mr. Hallock from the Committee on Streets presented the petition for and the petition from D. A. Mills and others in reference to making the 180 feet of Summit avenue, which had not yet been accepted by the borough; also the committee advised Council to protect that portion of the street in the centre of the roadway; they also advised Council to authorize the protection of only that portion which had been accepted by the borough; that they had had a conference with the owners of the property along the roadway and hoped to receive some definite answer, to enable them to report to Council at the next monthly meeting. The report was ordered filed.

Mr. Hummer moved that when Council adjourned it would be to meet again Feb. 19th.

Mr Powell presented a resolution appointing Feb. 16th, 23, and March 1st, as registration days. The resolution was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Hegeman the mayor and clerk were instructed to pay two notes amounting to $800, the amount to be drawn from the borough account.

Mr. Sebring then offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the mayor and clerk be hereby directed to draw a warrant at the proper time on the borough treasurer for the payment of a note falling due Feb. 15th, 1892, the amount being $600, and that it be drawn from the light fund.

It was adopted.

A resolution offered by Mr. Hallock authorizing the payment of two notes amounting to $1,600, the amount to be taken from the road account, was adopted.

The same gentleman presented a resolution in reference to the payment of two notes, amounting to $875, the amount to be drawn from the Somerset street improvement fund.

A resolution, offered by Mr. Powell requested the Street Committee to investigate the streets in that portion of the borough known as "Bull Frog City" and to ascertain which ones had been accepted, and also to ascertain the cost of putting those that had been in good repair. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Hegeman addressed the Council. He said that some of the streets had not been accepted by the borough and must therefore be considered as private property. He thought the resolution was a very important one. He said, "Council must spend any money in improving streets that have not been accepted. I understand there are several, one of which is Wilson avenue."

Mr. Hallock also offered a resolution to the effect that the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps be instructed to urge the Plainfield Water Supply Company to extend its mains into that portion of the borough commonly known as "Bull Frog City." The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Hegeman was of the opinion that the company would extend their mains up Harrison street with very little urging. He said the president and directors of the company were very obliging.

The annual report of the Borough Collector showed that he had collected borough taxes amounting to $16,092.66 within the past year. The report was ordered filed.

The mayor stated that in his opinion the collector should be commended.

On motion of Mr. Hegeman the name of Lewis Kline was substituted as a member of the Board of Registry instead of that of Mr. Geo. Brown, resigned.

A resolution, which was adopted, was offered by Mr. Hallock accepting that portion of Summit avenue petitioned for by D. A. Mills and others.

By a resolution offered by the same gentleman, authorizing the Committee on Streets to lay a sidewalk on Grandview avenue from the place where the sidewalk now ends, was adopted.

There was an animated discussion over a resolution authorizing the placing of eighteen extra street lights which had been petitioned for. The resolution authorized the committee to place them if there were sufficient funds to the credit of that account.

Mr. Hegeman thought that the Council were not in a position to place the lights at present and thought the matter could as well lay over until the beginning of the fiscal year. He said he favored placing the lights proposed for and that it had always been his sentiment to light the borough thoroughly and not to leave some parts of it in total darkness.

Mr. Powell favored granting the lights as soon as the light fund was in condition to do so and he said he knew that from the sentiment expressed by the members that the Council as a whole favored placing them.

Mr. Sebring thought the petitions should be granted.

Mr. Needham thought it would be safe to pass the resolution.

Mr. Hegeman said he did not think it safe to pass it at present, but that he was ready if the borough light fund was in a condition financially to do so. He said he did not want the Council to get into any trouble by exceeding their appropriations.

Mr. Hallock make a statement as to the condition of the light fund.

Mr. Hegeman moved to amend the resolution that the next lights placed be those petitioned for. The resolution as amended then adopted.

Mr. Sebring said that a number of streets which had not been accepted by the borough were receiving the benefit of the electric lights. He named among the streets Wilson avenue and Somerset Place.

Mr. Hegeman thought the matter should be thoroughly investigated, as the borough had not the power to light private property.

The Committee on Streets were instructed to investigate.

The contracts for building an extension on the stable were awarded to Mr. W. C. Smith for the mason work and E. L. Gulick for the carpenter work, they being the lowest bidders.

The Council then went into executive session.

PROPOSITIONS FOR COUNTY ROAD EXTENSIONS.

The Several Resolutions Discussed and Tabled.—Other County Affairs.

The regular meeting of the Union County Board of Chosen Freeholders was held yesterday afternoon. There was the usual routine business, and one matter in reference to county road extensions which excited some debate.

The discussion opened on the reading of a petition from the property owners on the road leading from Plainfield to Rahway through the townships of Fanwood and Clark for a county road.

It was followed by several resolutions. Mr. Howard, of Rahway, offered a resolutions for the extension of the county improvements on St. George's avenue through Rahway to the line of Middlesex county.

Mr. Bryant presented a resolution to connect the Summit road with Essex county by making it a county road through Summit. It was referred to a committee of five to confer with the Essex County Board. The committee is Messrs. West, Roll, Vanderbeck, Doty and Bryant.

Mr. Trahon offered a resolution to have the county improvement of Morris avenue extended to the intersection of Westfield avenue.

Mr. Jones offered a resolution to continue the county road through New Providence up to the county line.

Mr. Little presented a resolution for a connection of Cranford with the county road system, by connecting with the Springfield turnpike at Westfield near Bloodgood's mills.

Mr. West introduced a resolution for a county road from Tremley's Point to connect with the Pennsylvania Railroad at Linden.

The several resolutions were first referred to the committee on county roads, and afterwards reconsidered and all tabled.

Mr. Trahon offered a resolution which requires the collector to demand of the street commissioner of the city of Elizabeth the taxes collected for permits to open any portion of the county roads in the city limits for sewer, gas or other connections.

A resolution requiring plumbers all through the county to obtain permits from the collector before opening a trench in the county roads, for any purpose was adopted.

The jail committee reported that Dr. James H. English, Jr., resigned as jail physician on account of his removal from the county, and the committee appointed Dr. David Miller his successor.

The report was received and the committee's action approved.

The Board adjourned until Thursday, Feb. 18.

The Jury Did Not Agree.

The jury in the case of Adolph Poppenga, tried on an indictment for assault and battery, in the Union county court, retired for deliberation yesterday noon. They could not agree, and last evening Judge McCormick discharged them. The case will be tried again later in the term.

Temperance Work in Holland.

Mr. Delchuyzen of Holland will speak in the W. C. T. U. rooms, West Front street, at four o'clock meeting, subject: "Temperance Work in Holland."

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

[Notice of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday by the authorities in charge.]

Mr. Heath Boyd will speak at the Mt. Pleasant school house to-morrow evening.

Major W. D. W. Miller will speak at the Memorial chapel at Washingtonville on Sunday evening.

The Bible and Workers Training Classes will meet as usual at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at 9.15 a. m.

Devotional meeting of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society every Sunday at Reform Hall at 9 15 a. m., and at 4 p. m.

Monroe avenue chapel, Sunday-school at 2 p. m. Preaching at 3 p. m. by the Rev. M. E. Dwight. Seats free and all welcome.

Congregational church West Seventh street, Rev. C. L. Goodrich pastor. Morning worship at 10.30. Bible study at 2.45 p. m. Christian Endeavor at 4.30 p. m.

Services will be held in the German Reformed church on Craig place to-morrow at 10.30 a. m. There will be no evening service. Sunday-school at 9.15 a. m.

There will be the usual meetings in the W. C. T. U. rooms on Sunday at 9 a. m. and at 4 p. m. A praise service will be held this evening (Saturday) at 7.45 o'clock.

Services in the First Presbyterian church Mr. Hoffman, pastor, 10.30 a. m., conducted by the pastor, Rev. E. F. Ketcham. The evening service will be a special service of song.

Mr. A. C. La Boyteaux who has been so acceptable as a leader of many of the young men's meeting will conduct the services at the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Sunday at 4.15 p. m.

On Sunday evening at half-past seven o'clock there will be a song service in the Crescent avenue church. Prof. J. L. Bertrand of Paris will speak on evangelical work in France.

First Unitarian church, Second place. The Rev. James T. Bixby, D. D. of Yonkers, N. Y., will preach. Sevices at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at 11.45 a. m. All seats free and the public cordially invited.

Services at the church of the Heavenly Rest to-morrow. Fifth Sunday after the Epiphany. Holy Communion, service, sermon and Holy Communion at eleven o'clock. and Sunday-school at three o'clock p. m.

The Church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy rector. Sunday-school at 9.45 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. with the administration of the Holy Communion. Even song at 4.30 p. m.

The Rev. J. C. Fernald will preach at the First Baptist mission, No. 27 East Third street to-morrow evening. Gospel service will be held every Tuesday and Thursday evenings. A cordial invitation extended to all.

Services will be held in the First Church of Christ to-morrow at 10.30 a. m. The Lord's Supper will be served at 11.45 a. m. Sunday-school at noon. In the evening Elder Hand will discourse on the second coming of Christ.

Services in the Second Trinity Reformed church at 10.30 and 7.30. In the evening the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, will preach the fifth of a series of sermons on "Important Bible Questions." Sabbath-school will meet at 2.30 p. m.

Services in the Park avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Asa Reed Dilts, at 10.30 a. m., and 7.45 p. m. Morning subject: "The Cleansing Blood." Evening subject: "Saying Yes Last." Sabbath-school at 2.30 p. m. All are welcome. Seats free.

Grace church, Feb. 7, Rev. E. M. Rodman, Rector. Fifth Sunday after Epiphany. Early celebration of the Holy Communion, 8.30 a. m. Those who attend are urged to attend the celebration of the Holy Communion, 10.30 a. m. Evening prayer with instruction for the children of the parish at 3.30 p. m.

Warren Mission. Sunday-school at 2.30. Praise service at 7.30. Devotional service at eight o'clock conducted by Mr. Frederick Moon. Subject: Abraham's Family and Home. Those not present are urged to prepare to take part in the meeting. Christian Endeavor meeting Tuesday evening at 7.30.

Methodist Episcopal church. The pastor, Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell will preach at 10.30 a. m. the first sermon in a series of four Sunday morning sermons on "God Manifest in the Flesh." Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Epworth League at 7 p. m. At 7.45 p. m. the pastor will preach. Subject: "The Average Man."

Church of Our Saviour, Netherwood, Rev. A. P. Simpson, officiating. Fifth Sunday after Epiphany. Holy Communion at 8 a. m. Morning and Holy Communion 11 a. m. Sunday-school at 3 p. m. Evening prayer 3.45 p. m. Two free stages leave R. R. station on North avenue every Sunday morning at 10.30 for the church return to Plainfield at the conclusion of the services.

First Baptist church—9.30 a. m., service of prayer for God's blessings upon the services of the day; 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. preaching by the Rev. Dr. J. Yerkes; 2.30 p. m., the Sunday-school and young people's Bible readings. Weekly appointments at 6 p. m. as follows: Monday, the Bible Normal class; Wednesday, the regular prayer meeting; Saturday, preparatory meeting of the Young People's League. All, especially the young, are invited to these services.

Worked the First Degree.

At a meeting of Perseverance Lodge, No. 74, Knights of Pythias, held last evening the first degree was conferred on two candidates for membership. There was a large attendance at the meeting.

Through Express to Atlantic City via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces that on and after February 6th a through express composed of Pullman vestibuled buffet parlor cars and passenger coaches will be placed in service between New York and Atlantic City. The train will leave New York, stations foot of Cortlandt and Desbrosses streets, at 3.10 P. M.; Jersey City, foot of Newark, 3.16 P. M.; Elizabeth, 3.26 P. M.; Trenton, 3.18 P. M.; Bordentown, 3.31, and arrive at Atlantic City, 5.30 P. M. Returning, the train will leave Atlantic City 8.35 A. M., stopping at the above stations, and arriving in New York at 12.40 P. M.

The inauguration of this convenient and desirable train service marks the opening of the Winter and Spring season at this most popular seaside resort.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

PERPETUALLY DEMOCRATIC.

Newark's Aldermen Redistrict Their City and Abolish Offices.

Newark, Feb. 6. (Special.)—Politicians of all stripes are very much excited to-day over the action of the Common Council last evening, by which the city's fifteen wards, with thirty Aldermen, have been cut down to nine wards, with one Alderman from each.

This action, it is claimed, insures Democratic control of the city government beyond a possibility of defeat.

A resolution was adopted declaring vacant March 15th next all officers held under the Common Council.

Alderman Wagner, a Republican, voted with the Democrats, his vote giving the Democrats the required majority. All the other Republicans stayed away from the meeting.

STOPPING THE COAL SHIPS.

They Had Been Started South When War was Expected.

Washington, Feb. 6th, (Special.)—The Navy Department is just now trying to head off several coal ships that were started from New York during the recent Chilian war preparations, headed for the Pacific. There were four ships in all, carrying a total of 180,000 tons of coal. One of them has been intercepted at Montevideo and ordered to discharge cargo there and return to the United States. Another is expected there in a few days, and efforts are making to learn the whereabouts of the other two, so as to lessen the expense as much as possible.

An Old Woman Murdered in Paris for Twenty-Five Sous.

Paris, Feb. 6th. (Special.)—An old woman living in Rue Rambuteau was found yesterday by her paramour, a man named Guichou, lying dead on the floor of her home. The body was terribly gashed, and an investigation showed that robbery was the motive for the murder, but that only 25 sous were obtained.

Run Down by a Freight Train.

Bridgeton, N. J., Feb. 6th. (Special.)—Daniel Sheppard, a prominent farmer and constable of Cumberland county, while driving across the Central Railroad's tracks near this place this morning was struck and killed by a freight train.

Another Steamer Goes Ashore.

New York, Feb. 6th. (Special.)—The British steamship Parkgate, from Cardiff ran aground this morning in Buttermilk Channel. She is thought to be on the rocks, but not in great danger. She will float at high water.

Fifty-Two when Her Daughter was Born.

Mrs. Sarah T. Aiken, convicted of unfaithfulness in the Union county court, will be sentenced to day. She is the youngest person ever found guilty of such an offense in Union county. Her trial brought out the fact that her mother was over fifty-two when the prisoner was born. Mrs. Aiken's father is eighty-seven and her mother sixty-eight years old. Both testified to this at the trial. Mrs. Aiken will not be sixteen for several months. She was married last June. Her husband was the principal witness against her.

Mount Bethel.

School District No. 34, has a war on hand, so there is no school.

Christian Bestold, a well-known citizen of this place, and formerly of Westfield, died on Friday, Feb. 5th, aged 70 years, and 8 months. A wife and five children survive the loss of a kind husband and a loving father. The funeral will be held at the German Reformed Church, North Plainfield, Monday, Feb. 8th, at one p. m.

Kilpatrick Pleaded Guilty.

Matthew Kilpatrick, the man who was arrested some time ago on complaint of Policeman Lynch on the charge of selling liquor without a license, appeared before City Judge Codington this morning and pleaded guilty to the charge. The Judge imposed a fine of $100.

Hornby's Oats

Repairs wear e,
Maintains warmth.

H-O.

Supplies energy,
Furnishes sustenance and
these in a degree done by
no other food.

A wise man treats his stomach well.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
Office—
27 North Avenue.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We will guarantee to sell you Dry Goods and Fancy Goods, Crockery, Tinware, Hosiery, Underwear, etc., and in fact Everything that you want at a lower price than you ever bought before, and a comparison of prices of 5,000 Bargains we will offer you during the next 7, 8, 9, 10 days, will prove that V. & W. are selling goods at a cheaper price than all others. We offer for the coming week:

4-4 Fruit of the Loom	5½c
4-4 Bright Amber	6c
4-4 Hearty	6c
29 in. Heavy Linen Crash	8c
8-4 Unbleached Sheeting	19c
9-4 Bleached Sheeting	21c
10-4 Bleached Sheeting	23c
200 Dozen Ladies' Hose, all sizes	10c
200 Dozen Male extra good	each 10c
100 Turkish Rugs, 3 feet long	each 75c
25,000 Yards Calico, fast colors	per yard 4c
100 Gent's Linen Collars	each 10c
100 Gent's Linen Cuffs	per pair 10c
100 Gent's Linen Bosom Shirts	each 50c
100 Gent's Flannel Shirts	each 50c
100 Gent's Merino Shirts	each 50c
100 Gent's Merino Drawers	each 50c
100 Gent's Heavy Overshirts	each 50c
100 Gent's Heavy Undershirts	each 50c
100 Gent's Heavy Drawers	each 50c
100 Gent's Heavy Overcoats	each $2.50
100 Gent's Heavy Pants	per pair 50c
100 Gent's Heavy Suits	each $2.50

EDITORIAL NOTES

A Book of Ghosts.

A curious book is that issued by W. T. Stead, of The Review of Reviews, in the volume which he calls "Real Ghost Stories." Mr. Stead's aim has been to collect thoroughly well authenticated instances of apparitions of the living and dead, dreams that came true, hallucinations that were not connected with insanity, and give them to the public for what they were worth. It is his idea that there may be as much superstition in believing too little as in believing too much. Between these two extremes he would steer and find a true middle ground.

So he takes what he calls his cases of ghosts. To the thoroughly unprejudiced outsider, however, it will seem that Mr. Stead believes in ghosts before he undertakes their enumeration. For this reason the cessais appears at times somewhat loosely taken. So old and experienced a newspaper man as Mr. Stead should not for instance reprint as fact a mere sensational story in an American newspaper without ascertaining its rigid and exact truth. But he does this very thing. He publishes the story about an American "engine driver" whose locomotive had been six times upset at high speed and each time this engineer had beforehand a dream of the occurrence exactly as it happened.

The truth about this marvelous happening is said to be that once a newspaper reporter found himself awfully hard up and concocted the story in connection with a conscienceless engineer with whom he divided the money he got for it. The reporter then faked the tale and the engineer agreed to it, though there was not a word of truth in it. Mr. Stead ought to be careful how he brings out as solemn fact a remarkable tale he finds in an American newspaper, without at least *hunting up the persons to whom* the incidents happened, taking them before a justice of the peace and making them swear by all their hopes of heaven that the tale is true. Even then he could not depend on some people.

But the book contains enough hair lifting matter that is thoroughly well authenticated to at least set a reasonable person to thinking seriously. He will be apt to conclude that there certainly are psychic depths which we have not yet fathomed, if indeed it will not be found possible after awhile for mankind to communicate by thought telegraph. Mr. Stead recommends that only level headed persons read this book or engage in any of the experiments it suggests, and in doing this he is wise. One fact that stands out here is the great number of reliable persons who have had remarkable experiences.

The Most Beautiful Women.

A writer in Harper's Monthly draws a charming picture of the Hungarian women, here declared to be the most beautiful in the world. It is a kind of beauty that one would like to see distributed over all the earth—a beauty of good health, good temper and a natural, free, sunny spirit which is enchanting. They are not sentimental, these specimens of Hungarian loveliness, or overcharged with sickly emotion, like so many of their more artificially brought up sisters, but when they are thoroughly in love they can give a man glances that will make his heart, even a tough one, jump up into his throat.

The writer in Harper's says:

> They are erect and straight as a candle. Nearly all have dark hair, the true type of good health and abounding vitality. They are gifted with small feet, full arms, plump hands with tapering fingers, and wear long braids. The skin has spread a reddish golden tint on a darker tone over the complexion. The long dark hair, full in the beauty of classical contour, nor does she perhaps free question present a riddle to the psychologist, and ethereal poets will scarcely find a theme in her for hypersentimental reveries; she is rather the vigorous embodiment of primeval womanhood.
>
> As her exterior, so her whole character is enchanting. Free and spirited. She likes to eat well, is fond of a drop of wine, takes naturally to swimming, dancing, gymnastics, and has not the least objection to being admired. This is true of the so-called girls of the people as well as of women of the higher classes, for grace and beauty know no difference between high and low, and often beatuy upon a poor, barefooted, short skirted peasant girl with her face in a kerchief tied under the chin, the same enchanting form, the same magically attractive glances, as upon her more favored sister.

How this world is given to lying! A paragraph is writing about to the effect that the late Pacific Mulford got his heart broken and returned up at Sonora, Cal., drunken and penniless." His old chums there tried to help him, says the paragraph, but he had lost all interest in life. The real friends of Mulford ought not to permit a dead man's memory to be blackened like this, especially such a man as Mulford. At the very time he is reported as going to Sonora little better than a tramp he was in New York city leading a clean, earnest and prosperous life. About the time he founded his White Cross Library in 1886 he had money sufficient to live like a gentleman, and he had made large sums as a journalist previous to that, though he spent most of it. Could a man who was "drunken and penniless" have written the White Cross Library books? This is a sufficient answer to that part of the tale. As to his broken heart—well, it wasn't very bad broken, as those who knew him best in New York city are aware.

The Methodists propose to spend half a million dollars in home mission work next year. There is room for it.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS.

Thayer Defines His Position in the Nebraska Contest.

MILLS TALKS ON THE TARIFF ISSUE.

He Outlines the Line of Action to Be Followed by Himself and Friends in the Present Congress—Hill Delegates Elected in New York with Unanimity.

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 6.—Governor Thayer has at last made public his intentions. He called together the correspondents and gave them the following statement: "In regard to the governorship I will say that my interests are waiting to get the full text of the decision of the supreme court at Washington. As yet they do not know what it really contains, because of the conflicting reports. I am anxious to surrender the office, but I do not propose to act precipitately and without full knowledge of what the decision does really mean. The clerk of the United States supreme court wired Mr. Webster that the decision of the supreme court of Nebraska was reversed and the case was remanded for further proceedings.

"When it is known what the decision is we will know how to act. I am ready to comply with its requirements. The fact that the case is remanded for further proceedings certainly means that something far else is to be done before I can surrender this office. It seems now that only four judges sustain the position that the enabling act made Governor Boyd a citizen. That is a minority opinion.

Not a Personal Question.

"The query also arises, am I justified in turning the office over to Governor Boyd? The question is as to my right to turn over the office to any person until the decision of the Nebraska supreme court placing me in the office of governor is reversed by the same court, because, as quoted above, the supreme court remanded the case here for a reversal of its judgment and further proceedings. It is the opinion of the best legal lights here that I have no right to thus disgrace this office.

"This is not a personal matter between myself and Governor Boyd. I am holding the office of governor in trust of the people of Nebraska and not for myself. My attorneys, Messrs. Webster, Blair and Lambertson, are giving these questions the most thorough consideration, and I shall act in accordance with their advice. No threats or abuse will deter me from my course. I shall not run from duty or from any controversy.

"I assure the people that nothing would now please me more than to be relieved of the duties and cares of the office. I will leave on Monday for Texas, where urgent important interests awaiting my attention. I would not give up this Texas enterprise if I could have the governorship. The people assured to me for all time, as much as I prize the honor of the position. On Monday I shall turn the office over to Lieutenant Governor Gilbert for the time being. If he sees fit to recognize Boyd he can do so. I have discharged what I believe is my duty."

Mills Defines His Policy.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—Roger Q. Mills was entertained at dinner by the Reform club by President F. Eilery Anderson and Thomas G. Shearman. Ex-Secretary Fairchild, Francis Lynde Stetson, Congressman Pitch, Everett P. Wheeler and other well known Cleveland Democrats were present.

Mr. Mills made the principal speech, in which for the first time he indicated the line of action to be followed by himself and friends in the present congress regarding the tariff. His first words were in reference to the bill which this year's reform has received in the house of its friends at a time when to waver is dangerous.

He declared his intention to oppose the bill and measures like it, and that such are Democratic leaders advocated. He scouted the idea of going back to the tariff of 1883. He said Democrats had been fighting the tariff for thirty years and he was for carrying on the war.

At the close of his speech Mr. Mills said: "I will follow where the flag points to battle. I will follow wherever the flag goes, *no matter who carries it*; and I will fight wherever the battle is pitched."

Unanimous for Hill.

HUDSON, N. Y., Feb. 6.—The Democratic assembly district convention for Columbia county to elect delegates to the state convention at Albany, Feb. 24, was unanimous for United States Senator David B. Hill for president. Great enthusiasm prevailed at times, especially when a resolution was adopted indorsing Mr. Hill for president. The farmers from nearly every town and village were at the convention, and unusual interest was manifested in the proceedings. The following delegates were elected to the state convention: Amos H. Peabody, M. Atkinson and Sylvester Waldorf.

A Blaine-Thurston Boom.

OMAHA, Feb. 6.—John M. Thurston's boom for the vice presidential nomination has been inaugurated in Nebraska. He is moving heaven and earth to get a delegation elected to send to the Minneapolis convention that will be at his command. The Blaine men have promised Thurston that he shall be made permanent chairman of the convention if the Nebraska delegation will go solid for the tall Plumed Knight. There are men in every congressional district now working up this Blaine-Thurston scheme.

Aldrich Wants a Re-election.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 6.—United States Senator Aldrich has announced that he is a candidate for re-election. Republicans have been waiting for this announcement and their programme will now be quickly made up. A state ticket, which is considered most advantageous to the success of an assembly which is expected to return Senator Aldrich will be chosen for nomination. The composition of the ticket will be known in a very few days.

To Celebrate Boyd's Victory.

OMAHA, Feb. 6.—Governor Boyd's friends will give him a banquet on Feb. 16 to celebrate his victory in the supreme court. The meeting will be in the nature of a reunion of the northwestern Democracy. Governor Boies, of Iowa, has promised to be present. Invitations have been sent to ex-President Cleveland, Senator Hill, Calvin S. Brice, Carter Harrison and Senator Gorman.

Cleveland Ahead Here.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Feb. 6.—The Democratic committee has called the territorial convention May 11, for the selection of delegates to the national convention. A poll of the committee resulted as follows: Cleveland, 32; Hill, 2; Boies, 1.

A Receiver for the Circle.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—Justice Dunbar will appoint a receiver for the Fraternal Circle.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

The Senate Passes the Myers Automatic Ballot Machine Bill.

ALBANY, Feb. 6.—The senate passed the Myers automatic ballot machine bill.

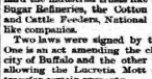
Senator O'Connor introduced a bill entitled "An act to promote the mining industry." The people of the state of New York represented in senate and assembly do enact as follows: Section 1—Every man, woman and child now in the state or throughout an entire week shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor. Section 2—This act shall take effect upon the passage of the same or deaders' earlier bill.

The senator declined to be interviewed regarding his bill. With a very sober countenance he said that he should invoke a republican caucus to discuss the bill before he would give any information as to its intent.

There was a fight in the assembly over the reference to a committee of the Martin bill authorizing inspection of foreign corporations other than financial, insurance and railroad corporations. Speaker Bush referred the bill to the general laws committee, and after Martin, George Bush and General Husted had fought with Gaestner to get it away from his committee, on motion of Martin the house sent the bill to the judiciary committee, where the sponsor of the bill can see that there is no "monkey work" with it.

The provisions requiring the results of the inspection of the attorney general to be published in the newspapers caused the preamble for this bill. This provision hits hard the industrial trusts like the American Sugar Refineries, the Cotton Oil Distillers and Cattle Feeders, National Cordage and like companies.

Two laws were signed by the governor. One is an act amending the charter of the city of Buffalo and the other is a measure allowing the Lucretia Mott dispensary to transfer certain property.



DRESSES FOR LITTLE GIRLS.

A Description of Several Styles That Are Very Becoming.

Ordinary party frocks for little maids are made of embroidered lisse, colored crepon, white lace, crepe de chine, soft silk or mousseline. A pretty yellow silk frock is tightly trimmed with a new embroidery made up of little yellow velvet roses and leaves. And a pretty frock for quite a little tot was of white lisse embroidered in pale pink, with a frill around the neck and no other ornament. Another dress—this was for a bigger—was made of pale blue white stuff over pink silk, with stripes of velvet ribbon let in the skirt, run with rows of pink beads ribbon, and finished off at the bottom with pink ribbon bows.

GIRL'S SAILOR SUIT.

In the cut are shown both a front and a back view of a charming sailor suit. This purports an admirable dress for the wear and tear of school and many occasions where *enduring qualities and comfortable fit* afford the desired combination. This particular dress is made with kilted skirt and blouse of navy blue serge. The cost, with tabs at the side and sailor collar, is of the same material. Rows of white buttons appear on the tabs, while a silk cording finishes the edge of the collar.

FITZSIMMONS BLED TO DEATH.

A Rumor That He Was Tascott, Millionaire Snell's Assassin.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 6.—Fred G. Fitzsimmons, awaiting murderer and burglar who cut his throat in the parish prison yesterday, died in the hospital in the prison. No one except the nurse, George Foucher, was with the suicide when he breathed his last. He spoke to the nurse and informed him that death was near. He was conscious up to the last. Death was caused by hemorrhage produced from the severing of the throat. Neither wound was fatal, but the autopsy showed that nearly every drop of blood in his body had flowed from the wounds. The inquest will be held this morning and awaiting orders as to what disposition is to be made of the body. It will probably be buried here.

A rumor is in circulation here that Fitzsimmons was Tascott, the notorious Chicago murderer, for since Fitzsimmons' arrest he remarked that he never wanted to go to Chicago for he had committed a dreadful crime there. The matter is being investigated by Superintendent Gasler, who is now in communication with the Chicago officials.

A Stay for Hallinger.

JERSEY CITY, Feb. 6.—Charles J. Peschall, of this city, counsel for Edward Hallinger, the negro murderer, who is to hang next Wednesday, applied to Judge Green for a writ of habeas corpus. Judge Green granted the writ, and Peschall gave notice that he would appeal the case to the United States circuit court. The appeal stops the hanging until April at least, as the case cannot be argued until the March term.

Heavy Damages Against a Paper.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—Richard D. Alliger, insurance broker, who sued The Mail and Express for a libelous publication in September last, in which he was charged with having forged a check of $1,500, has secured a verdict for $8,000, the heaviest ever given against a newspaper in this city.

Newspaper Indictments Squashed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—Indictments against nine newspaper publishers of this city for printing accounts of Sing Sing electrocutions were dismissed by Judge Martine. The secrecy statute having been repealed a motion to dismiss was made by District Attorney Nicoll.

The Parks Jury Disagrees.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 6.—The jury in the case of Albert Parks, charged with brutally murdering his wife, failed to agree after being out thirty hours and were discharged. Seven stood for murder and five for manslaughter.

Schley to Rejoin His Ship.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Captain Schley, of the Baltimore, has left for San Francisco to rejoin his ship. The new commanding of the Baltimore being sent to the China station.

DOES IT MEAN MURDER?

A Query Prompted by the Shipment of Arms to Louisiana.

MORE GUNS ARE ON THE WAY THERE

They Were Openly Purchased and It Is Said They Are to Be Used in Enforcing a Free Ballot and a Fair Count—Governor Nicholls Under Accusation.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 6.—The anti-lottery Democratic faction expresses the opinion that the letter of Mr. Morris withdrawing his proposition is a ruse to secure the withdrawal of the opposition to the lottery; that the supporters of the lottery expect to secure a majority of the legislature to be elected in April, when they will at once call a constitutional convention, frame a new constitution for the state, chartering a lottery company, and declare it adopted without submitting it to the vote of the people. For this reason the anti-lottery party has decided to keep up its organization as an independent party, to carry the *question of the lottery to the polls*, and try to elect a full anti-lottery state ticket.

The evidence of the arrival of arms on the steamer El Paso, consigned to the chairman of the Democratic executive committee, has tended to increase the excitement. The Delta, the organ of the anti-lottery party, asks, "Does it mean murder?"

War to the Knife.

The chairman of the committee, to whom the guns were consigned, Colonel Crandell frankly admitted that they had been brought here in expectation of political trouble at the election, but claimed that no attempt had been made to conceal their shipment or to disguise why the arms had been secured.

"We are providing ourselves with them," he said, "simply to protect ourselves against any scheme, armed or otherwise, to deny us a free ballot and fair count in the coming election. The Democratic nominating convention at Baton Rouge we have been met on all sides with statements from the friends and supporters of Mr. Foster, the anti-lottery candidate for governor, that it was war to the knife and knife to the hilt, and that the machinery in the hands of the existing state administration was to be used in counting in the Foster ticket and in counting out the McEnery ticket. These threats have emanated *from various authoritative sources*, and have become so general as to require measures of self defense on our part.

"We have been confronted with the fact that the governor has been for some time disbanding and disarming the state militia in places where the officers or men were supposed to be friendly to Judge McEnery and to our side of the house. They are replacing the state National Guard with the appointment of officers from the Foster side. We have sought representation at the polls in the city of New Orleans, and have been given to understand that such representation would be denied on the day of the election, and we have besought Governor Nicholls to secure us a fair count.

Must Take Care of Themselves.

"He has replied that our remedy lay in taking care of ourselves, preventing the commissioners from cheating us, and not to look to him. He has refused to order the state militia and the election machinery under the control of the present state administration are to be employed in frustrating, if necessary, a free expression of the public will, we determined, on the principle that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, to take such means as would protect us from an illegal and unwarranted interference with our rights under the law.

"We are not endeavoring to conceal anything whatever. The arms have been openly shipped and there will be another consignment shortly, of which our friends may take notice if they desire. There is no intention on the part of the regular Democracy to precipitate trouble. There is no desire to provoke the shedding of blood. It has been our aim to secure a perfectly peaceable election and abide by the result. We will be asked for and all we mean to secure is the privilege of every suffragist to vote as he chooses in the coming election, and the assurance that his vote will be counted as it is cast.

Will Not be Bluffed.

"We have never intended to bulldoze or bluff, but we are firm in our determination not to be bulldozed or bluffed. We have merely attempted to meet the threat made at Baton Rouge by the Foster state house ring that the administration will elect the Foster ticket even if a resort to an unfair ballot and fair count were necessary—a contingency we are determined shall not arise, and which will not arise unless we are disappointed in the result at the polls."

The action of the Democratic committee is based on the refusal of the police juries or county commissioners in some of the parishes, all of whom are "solid," to grant to the regular Democrats any representation at the polls on election day and the belief that this will be done throughout the state. This will leave the regular Democrats entirely out of the count altogether, which, the leaders of that party claim, is the purpose of the anti-lottery candidates even if they are defeated.

To Investigate Garza's Friends.

FORT LAVACA, TEX., N. M., Feb. 6.—The grand jury of the United States court has been instructed to inquire into the alleged violations of the neutrality laws between the United States and Mexico. The jury will also establish whether a band has been organized in Dona Ana county to assist the revolutionists under Garza in the invasion of Mexico.

Wertz Takes the Oath.

TRENTON, Feb. 6.—George T. Wertz, the newly appointed justice of the supreme court, qualified as a commissioner at law and was then sworn in as a justice of the peace by the chief justice of the state. He will sit in the Hudson circuit on Monday next.

Professional Prisoners.

VIENNA, Feb. 6.—Three old women were arrested at Buda Pesth for the murder of ten peasants. A class of professional poisoners exist in southern Hungary, and the crimes of the old women were instigated by the wives of the victims.

Steinitz Behind Again.

HAVANA, Feb. 6.—Tschigorin again took up the lead by defeating Steinitz in an Evans gambit. The chapion resigned after forty-eight moves. The score: Tschigorin, 6; Steinitz, 3; drawn, 4.

Newark Wouldn't Put Up.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 6.—Samuel W. Trott, who has been for some time trying to organize a professional baseball club here, has given up the job. Capital was shy.

Sheriff Dana's Assassins.

TOPEKA, Feb. 6.—Governor Lewis has order arrest for the murder of Sheriff Dana at Springfield, Feb. 15.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

The Judiciary Committee Will Report Favorably on Judge Woods.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The house devoted its session to the consideration of the senate urgency deficiency bill and the private calendar. The appropriations committee on war claims reported favorably the bill of Mr. Belthoover, of Pennsylvania, to pay the state of Pennsylvania $300,000 in full for the expenses incurred by citizens by the Union and Confederate troops in the late war.

An adjourned meeting of the senate committee on judiciary was held to further consider the nomination of Judge Woods to be additional judge of the Fifth judicial circuit. Senator Voorhees read a letter in opposition to the confirmation of Judge Woods, was represented by Senator Turpie.

The committee had before it, at the request of Senator Voorhees, H. B. Sellers, ex-United States district attorney for Indiana; Eli F. Ritter, special assistant attorney to prosecute violators of the election law, and Thomas Marcus, ex-United States commissioner of Indianapolis. To the surprise of Senator Turpie and some of the committee, the gentlemen all made statements favorable to Judge Woods.

As a result of the hearing it is said that the committee will agree to report the nomination at its meeting next Monday.

The Prison Officials Removed.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—The mayor, on account of Deer Island prison troubles, has removed Director of Public Institutions Newell, superintendent E. L. Pillsbury, of the Deer Island, in his place. Deputy Superintendent Upton, the clerk, assistant clerk and three officers of the prison are also removed.

A Silver Gift to the Winona.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The treasury department has accepted from the citizens of Newton, Mr. C., a silver water service, presented to the revenue cutter Winona, stationed there. The Winona was named after Winona, Minn., the residence of the late Secretary Windom.

Taken Back in Irons.

RATON, N. M., Feb. 6.—Sawyer McCain of the Raton bank, which failed a couple of days ago, was arrested at Las Vegas on a United States warrant and taken back to Raton in irons.

Workmen Fear for Their Lives.

ALBANY, Feb. 6.—Factory Inspector Connolly is informed by the employes of the salt works of Livonia that the engine, cable and salt shaft of the works are in a dangerous condition.

Wanted to Rest with His Victim.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—Frederick Zoneen, who killed the Socialistic Maggie Weismiller, committed suicide. A letter in his pocket asked that he be buried with his victim.

A Royal Betrothal.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 6.—The Grand Duchess Xenia, daughter of the czar, is betrothed to the Grand Duke Alexander, son of the Grand Duke Michael, uncle of the czar.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is

Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent* a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK P. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron cast ings. Forging in all its branches. Smoke-stack building and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 300 Fourth avenue.

C. DICKINSON

OPTICIAN

and

JEWELER,

has a full line of

JEWELRY

for

HOLIDAY

PRESENTS

Also Gold Spectacles, Eye Glasses and Opera Glasses.

318 PARK AVE.

Do not forget the number.

"The Very Best"

is my motto. The BEST gives better satisfaction and is the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.

Put you car. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Clothing, Hats and Furnishing Goods, Boots and Shoes.

C. E. CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

No. 9 East Front street.

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION

23 Park Avenue.

HOME MADE

Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—

FRESH EVERY DAY.

50c. a Bottle

for

EMULSION

of

COD LIVER OIL,

with HYPOPHOSPATES,

at

Williams' Pharmacy,

No. 80 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

WHAT'S THAT?

Oh, only the usual fall in prices before taking our annual inventory.

Read a few of the Bargains!

100 doz. Towels at 7c., worth 10c. Good Ginghams 5c. Worsted Dress Goods 12c., formerly 18c. Best Prints 5c. Best of the Ticking 7c. Alfred Knit Shirts 50c., formerly 75c. Heavy Toweling 4c. Our 50c. Corset we will sell for 39c.

REMNANTS of all kinds at HALF PRICE.

Ingrain Carpets 25, 35, 42 and 48c. Mattings 12 1-2c. Oil Cloths 20c. Ladies', Misses and Children's Cloaks. Largest variety at greatly reduced prices. Agency for King's Dyeing Company, of Easton, Pa.

E. H. BOICE HUB, 7 West Front Street.

DON'T FORGET

In making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

At LINBARGER'S, the Tailor.

NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp Madison Avenue.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private parties.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service Horses for sale or driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Heating Stoves,

OTHELLO RANGES,

FURNACES

and

Fire Place Heaters!

FURNACE WORK,

WATER-PIPING,

PLUMBING,

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6. 13 East Front Street

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

25 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his new Coal Cleaning Machine. Clean coal saves fire out coal, while by conditionally screening coal is made to deliver double the heat of coal as it comes from the mines. Orders promptly attended to. Office at Park's Coal Yard. Manufacturer of the Best Lump, Garden and Nut Furnace. P. O. Box 602. Telephone call 52.

PURE MILK

Delivered to any part of the city by

D. D. SCHENCK.

A postal addressed to No. 60 East Front street will receive prompt attention. 2?

"HE THAT KNOWS

And knows he knows, is wise," says the Arabian proverb. Quacks and pretenders, ignorant of medicine, deceive and kill. Read, and find out that the great Medicine of Dandelion, Carlsbad Salts and Curacoa Wine, will cure any blood poison, and give you health.

R. A. Stoner, Philadelphia, Pa.

and Electric Baths as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES,

CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM,

FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPEPSIA

and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

62 East Second street, corner Washington

NOTICE!

I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my

Liberty Street Market

where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices

GOOD :- MEAT!

Of all kinds.

Charles Arnold,

21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!

By a peculiar vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Segars for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

SEGAR STORE,

29 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

Goods called for and delivery when returned by improper laundering. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,

24 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

SAVE FIFTY PER CENT.

For the purpose of advertising, more extensively the quality of our wares, we will

Hang all Paper,

Purchased from us during DECEMBER, for

HALF :- PRICE.

Our stock consists of all the latest designs.

A. D. Van Sciver,

Opposite Depot, (Chocola Building.) 47 North Avenue.

Professional Cards.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds, Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 24 West Front street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

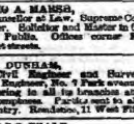
CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to promptly. Residence, 114 east 6th street, or in the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR R. TEALE,
Architect, 207 Broadway, New York. Specialty—Modern Dwellings. Resident Bank Building, Residence, Plainfield N. J.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY



JONES & CO.

Work quick and thoroughly done. No odor. Operations in Plainfield and vicinity approved of by the Board of Health. Orders for estimates left at Park's Coal Yard, corner of West Lawn, Garden and Front Furniture. P. O. Box 602. Telephone call 52.

SHE BRAVES THE ORDEAL

Mrs. Osborne Persecuted by the English Treasury Officials.

AND PARLIAMENT MAY INTERVENE

Discharged on the Accusation of Obtaining Money on False Pretenses, She Is Rearrested for Perjury and Locked Up in Jail—No Reason for Her Prosecution.

London, Feb. 6.—Mrs. Florence Ethel Osborne, who was arrested at Dover upon landing there from the Calais steamer, charged, in connection with the famous Osborne-Hargreaves stolen pearl case, with obtaining £500 from Spink & Sons, jewelers, of Bond street, the amount alleged to have been paid for her of the stolen jewelry, was arraigned in the Guildhall court. The lord mayor of London, the Hon. David Evans, presided. Mrs. Osborne, deadly pale and almost fainting, was escorted to a seat at the solicitors' table. The court room was crowded, and many expressions of sympathy were heard for the unfortunate woman.

At the opening of the court by the lord mayor there was a long and painful delay and much whispering to and by the court, from which it became apparent that there was some hitch in the proceedings. At time wore on and nobody appeared for the treasury the lord mayor became impatient and then showed signs of decided anger, commenting in strong terms upon the laxity of the government officials. Finally he adjourned the court for half an hour and sent a messenger with a warmly worded note to the treasury department, asking a reason for the neglect of the treasury to send a representative to present the charge against Mrs. Osborne, and notifying that department that the prisoner would be discharged unless the treasury was promptly represented at the Guildhall.

Discharged and Rearrested.

The remit of the lord mayor's message was that at the end of the hour of adjournment had expired an official from the treasury appeared at the Guildhall, having driven there in hot haste in a cab, and to the astonishment of the court, of the prisoner and of all the others present, announced that the treasury did not intend to offer any evidence against Mrs. Osborne. The lord mayor, as soon as he had recovered from his surprise, discharged the prisoner, and she left the court amid slight applause.

The treasury's representative was questioned as to the reason for the unexpected step on the part of the government, but refused to enlighten his questioners as to the reason for refusing to press the charge against Mrs. Osborne. A reason suggested was that Major and Mrs. Hargreaves had positively refused to appear against Mrs. Osborne, and that the treasury would adopt another line of prosecution which would force them to give testimony.

This theory seemed to have been verified when it became known that Mrs. Osborne had been rearrested shortly after leaving the Guildhall, placed in a cab and driven to Bow street police court, where she was formally charged with perjury. It was said that this second step on the part of the authorities had been kept a secret in the Guildhall in order to prevent a rush of people to Bow street. The prisoner was very pitiful when placed in the dock at the police court. Her husband, Captain Osborne, accompanied her to the Guildhall and into the prisoners' dock at Bow street, doing his utmost to console her. Mrs. Osborne was formally remanded for a week without bail.

Parliament May Interfere.

The guilty but most unhappy and afflicted woman has been cast into prison on remand simply because the treasury grossly mismanaged the case. The fact is the law officers of the crown had at the eleventh hour come to the conclusion that the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses would not hold good, but their good wisdom could not discover that until the miserable prisoner had been made to suffer hours of horrible torture in court.

Nobody demands this prosecution. Full reparation has been made to all the injured persons and the treasury is not obliged to interfere. It is possible that the case may be brought up in parliament next week.

The Niagara Tunnel.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Feb. 6.—The big tunnel was connected at all points last night. When the short cut in the upper end of the tunnel has been renewed, which will be done this afternoon, the 6,700 feet of the tunnel will have been excavated, with the exception of the bottom or second bench, which is now under headway.

Paid the Rogues to Get Out.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—In the trial of Alvin H. Greenwood, ex-treasurer of the National One-Year Endowment order, charged with the embezzlement of $30,000, Treasurer McKinnon, of the order, stated that the present officers had paid the board $20,000 in cash to get out so that their places could be filled by present occupants.

Connecticut and the Fair.

HARTFORD, Feb. 6.—The Connecticut World's fair commissioners have written to Governor Bulkeley requesting a call for a meeting of prominent men to consider the advisability of raising a popular subscription for state representation at the fair.

Stedman Will Tackle Ross.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—Stedman, the English champion, signed articles to wrestle best three out of five falls with Duncan C. Ross of Philadelphia, the champion of America, for the championship of the world and £200 at Bradford on the 11th inst.

For Twenty Years More.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The comptroller of the currency has approved the extension of the corporate existence of the Third National bank of Scranton, Pa., to March 1, 1912.

Maine's G. A. R. Encampment.

AUGUSTA, Me., Feb. 6.—The encampment of the Maine G. A. R. closed with a campfire. Speeches were made by Commander-in-Chief Palmer and others.

Wanamaker Will Greet His Son.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Postmaster General Wanamaker left Washington for New York, where he will meet his son Rodman on his arrival from Paris.

A Maine Town in Flames.

GOODMAN, Me., Feb. 6.—A fire which threatens to assume alarming proportions is raging and rapidly spreading here. Portland has been called upon for aid.

Harry Wright's Wife Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 6.—Mrs. Caroline C. Wright, wife of Harry P. Wright, the veteran baseball manager, died from the effects of a surgical operation.

A Letter to Hawthorne.

On Park street hangs an epistolary curio. By which is sure to attract the attention of all who have occasion to visit the sanctum of this well known publishing house. It is a letter written by the principal of a school in a Pennsylvania town to Nathaniel Hawthorne, and is dated October, 1857.

The teacher begins by trying to worm himself in Mr. Hawthorne's good graces by telling him how highly his works are considered by his neighbors, and he winds up by asking a donation of a book or two for the school library.

"It seems very strange," remarked a visitor to the office a few days ago, "that a school teacher should not have heard of the novelist's death twenty-three years after his decease."

"That is not the strangest feature of the matter," replied a member of the firm, to whom the remark was addressed. "The letter was directed to Mr. Hawthorne at Salem, and after remaining unclaimed in the postoffice there for the usual time it was sent to us with the request to forward."—Boston Herald.

"Sure Pop."

—Life.

It Worked.

At a matinee performance in one of the theaters yesterday afternoon a little man who sat in the parquet leaned forward and spoke in a loud whisper to the lady sitting on the seat directly in front of him:

"Fan," he said, "I wish you would take off that blooming hat of yours. I can't see a thing that's going on."

"Sir!" haughtily exclaimed the lady turning around.

"I beg your pardon," rejoined the little man in the same loud whisper, "I thought you were my sister. She looks a hat exactly like that one you've got on."

He leaned back in his seat and serenely resumed his attempt to stretch his neck so as to see over that hat.

And it wasn't two minutes till she took it off with a jerk and laid it in her lap.—Chicago Tribune.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Colonel Daniel Hall, of Dover, has been elected department commander of the G. A. R. at Concord, N. H.

The annual meeting of the New York State Grange closed at Oswego. The next meeting will be held at Ithaca.

The Prohibition party in Michigan is to join hands with the state People's party in the coming state, county and township elections.

Congressman Andrews says that United States cruiser No. 11 will hereafter be known as Marblehead, having been named after Marblehead, Mass.

Market Clerk David Hastings, the first of the Allegheny City (Pa.) officials indicted for the councilmanic bribe to be tried, was found guilty on all the counts.

Alice Mitchell, who is charged in Memphis with the murder of Freda Ward, is desponded and her lawyer says she will not be hanged. She wants to die and meet her victim.

At the head of Squaw gulch, Cripple creek, Colo., at the depth of thirteen feet, a chimney of ore has been discovered which is a perfect mass of shining gold. It is estimated as worth from $12,000 to $15,000 a ton.

The E. Goddard & Son Flour Mill company, of St. Louis, made an assignment. Liabilities, $100,000; assets, $97,000. The failure is attributed to have been caused by poor business.

THE BLAINE DIVORCE SUIT.

Sensational Developments Expected at the Trial, Which Begins Monday.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Feb. 6.—Marie Nevins Blaine, wife of James G. Blaine, Jr., will leave tomorrow for Deadwood, where the hearing of the famous divorce case will begin Monday. She left New York last Saturday secretly to avoid the detectives who are alleged to have been watching her movements all the time she was in that city.

It is stated on good authority that Secretary Blaine sent a check for $1,000 to the clerk of the Deadwood court to pay the $500 temporary alimony and $400 counsel fees allowed Mrs. Blaine by Judge Thomas. This is taken as an indication that the application for a decree will be hotly contested. Sensational developments are expected at the hearing. The line of defense in this suit has been most carefully guarded, and outside the pleadings, which are mainly in the way of rejoinder and denial, little is known of what the respondent in the case has or intends to present.

It is understood here and in Deadwood that if the custody of the child was surrendered by Mrs. Blaine her decree of divorce could be taken. Mrs. Blaine, Jr., has not been in Dakota, so far as is known, at any time.

Mrs. Blaine charges that not only in New York, but during her necessary residence in this state preliminary to the filing of her bill and to complete the legal term of residence here, she has been under espionage of her husband's agents. She speaks bitterly of the Blaine family and their treatment of her.

A Steamship Ashore.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 6.—The Red D line steamship Venezuela, from Porto Cabello for New York, with eleven saloon passengers, 1,300 bags of coffee and 1,200 hides, struck on Brigantine shoal, off Atlantic City, in a blinding snowstorm. The life savers from North and South Brigantine shoals left at once for the scene of the wreck and landed all the passengers safe. The crew, numbering fifty-four, remained on board. The vessel is in a bad way and may go to pieces.

A Man Dragged to Death.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Feb. 6.—Maurice Farrell, a well known driver of Lower Merion, was driving a pair of young horses along Gulf road when they took fright and ran away. Farrell was thrown out, his foot catching in the harness, and the horses, which was dragged two miles. He was dead when released and was horribly mangled.

Three of the Crew Drowned.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—The steamer City of Savannah collided with and sank the schooner Lucy Jones, whose mate and two seamen were drowned.

IT WAS A HUGE HOAX.

Bridgeport's Epoching Against That British Flag Was a Sensational Mistake.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Collector Edwards, of Bridgeport, Conn., in a letter to the secretary of the treasury, says that the report of the meeting of the Bridgeport populace upon the British schooner Glendon for entering that port without flying the American flag was all a hoax. He says:

"I immediately sent an officer to the wharf where she landed with orders to report. If there was any trouble, and he reported that there was not. I also asked the captain (Grady) if any one had threatened to go on his vessel and take down the flag. His answer was a most emphatic denial; also that he knew nothing of any disturbance until he read it in the papers.

"There were a few young men who guyed him about his flag, but he took no notice of it. I am satisfied that the report of great excitement existed only in the imagination of a young and over zealous newspaper reporter, and in my opinion there should be severe punishment for a person on a newspaper that will send over the country such reports utterly devoid of truth, and which might cause the loss of this and other friendly relations between nationalities.

"The captain of the vessel had no thought or desire to insult our citizens by flying the British flag when entering this port, but did it, and, as I believe, he had a right so to do, that the custom officers might see as to what nationality his vessel belonged."

THE PUNISHMENT TOO LIGHT.

It Doesn't Fit the Crime in the Case of Chili's Mob Leaders.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The state department has received no cablegram from Minister Egan for several days, the last one being a simple acknowledgment that he had received Secretary Blaine's cablegram that Chili's apology was acceptable to the United States. The department expects to hear from Minister Egan officially as to the result announced in the press dispatches from Santiago that Minister of Crimes Pedro had announced the finding in the Baltimore sailors' assault case. The sentences as contained in the press dispatches are thought to be quite light, and the fact that no one is held responsible for Riggins' death provokes some criticism in official circles.

In the absence of definite information respecting the reason for the placing of a police guard around the United States legation in Santiago, as reported by cable, officials of the state department are inclined to doubt the correctness of the report. If it be true, however, they look upon it as a friendly intervention in behalf of Mr. Egan against the probable assaults of some unruly characters in the city disposed still to hold unfriendly sentiments toward the representative of this government. The reports from Santiago the past few days have all agreed that the feeling toward Mr. Egan has greatly improved, especially in official circles, and upon this foundation officials in Washington take a favorable view of the probabilities in that city.

A WIFE FEARFULLY ACCUSED.

Charged by Her Mother and Sister with Poisoning Her Husband.

ERIE, Pa., Feb. 6.—Charles Pietri, Jr., who kept a restaurant on Niagara street, Buffalo, is dead here as a result of arsenic administered to him. It is charged that his wife, Stasa Pietri, gave him the poison. Pietri and his wife lived unhappily and frequently quarreled. A few weeks ago Pietri discovered a mixture in the bottom of his coffee cup, and he called his brother's attention to it. Two weeks ago he was seized with a violent vomiting. This grew so bad that his wife's sister, Miss Barbara Herdegen, of Erie, became suspicious of her own sister, brought Pietri to this city. He lingered here several days in terrible agony but finally died. The doctors attending him gave it as their opinion that he had been poisoned.

An autopsy was held and at the inquest it was stated that the post mortem confirmed the diagnosis of arsenical poisoning. The mother and sister of the widow charge Mrs. Pietri with the crime. She has not yet been arrested, but is under police surveillance at her father's house in this city. She is protracted and altogether in a most pitiable condition.

The stomach of the dead man has been forwarded to New York for analysis.

Fleeced Even Their Partner.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 6.—Jesse James, of the Jones Brothers, the cotton men who fled, crop out daily. Everybody in the firm was let into the game except D. J. Rowland, the Tupelo (Miss.) member, who was badly left and loses about $9,000. The aged mother of the men is prostrated, and it is feared that she will not survive the blow.

A Curious Find.

WOODSTOWN, N. J., Feb. 5.—The workmen sinking the artesian wells for the new water works here struck a log over a foot of wood nearly four feet in diameter at a depth of 400 feet. Bits of chips brought up show the log is of oak or wood very similar to it. The wood appeared entirely fresh and new.

The Enumerators' Commissions.

ALBANY, Feb. 6.—Secretary of State Rice has had the commissions to the state enumerators mailed to their destination in every county but Hamilton. St. Lawrence and Wyoming—where appointments have not been completed. About 4,000 persons have been commissioned.

A Prominent Methodist Dead.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 6.—Rev. B. St. James Fry, for many years editor of the St. Louis Christian Advocate and one of the leading Methodist writers of the country, died here of the grip. He was sixty-three years old.

Judge Clopton Dead.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Feb. 6.—Judge David Clopton, dean of the associate justices of the Alabama supreme court, died, aged seventy-one. Judge Clopton served in the Confederate congress.

A Railroad Deal Denied.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—President Maxwell, of the Long Island railroad, on Saturday denies the reported leasing of the Lehigh Valley railroad to the Central Railroad of New Jersey.

Captain Brennan Resigns.

ALBANY, Feb. 6.—Captain Michael Brennan, of Company B, fifty-ninth regiment, of New York, today resigned his commission. He was senior captain in the state guard.

Contract Laborers Returned.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—During the month of January the immigration commissioner here returned 101 alien contract laborers to foreign countries whence they came.

What the Creditors Will Get.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 6.—The creditors of B. K. Jamison, the broker who failed about a year ago, will realize about 30 per cent. of their claims.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE BEE TEA

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and rich lines of new crop teas and vegetables, viz: French Peas, Prime white Sugar Corn, Succotash & Morrell Pure Sugar Corn, Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Fast Tomatoes, F. B. Leggett's Sweet Tomatoes, F. & Whitemarsh's extra fine Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra fine June Peas, Stansbury Springless Beans, Hadnot River Asparagus and tips.

Special reduction given by the case and dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats

79 BROADWAY.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three 3 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS S. POPE, Treasurer.

BROWN & HILL,

Shaving and hair cutting parlor, 12 PARK PLACE HOTEL, NO. 5 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Boot black stand connected with the shop.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

28 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Educational.

ELOCUTION, Voice Culture & Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address MISS A. PERRY, P. O. Box 1060.

FRENCH LESSONS.

Instruction and entertainment in French Lecture, class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surrounding towns address Mlle. G. de Principal Plainfield High school, and others. For terms and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Vroux, care of Misses Berliner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,

Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891

For information call at the Academy or address EDWARD HARNED and Prof. 20 y 187 PARK AVE., Plainfield, N. J

MISS FAWCETT'S

KINDERGARTEN and SCHOOL,

15 GROVE STREET.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to children. Best of references. Box 16 Somerset Street

Lodges.

Freemasonry and Prosecution.

1873. Membership, 126,000. 1891

Death benefits paid over $32,000,000 since reanimation. WETUNKA LODGE, 2401, Centre of Excellence, meets First and Third Thursdays, at 8 p. m., in Washington Lodge Rooms, Music Hall Building.

Louis I. Van Alen, Dic'ator.
Ralph A. Fry, Reporter.

Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 12 16 1y

Special Notices.

H. N. SPENCER, 76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and cedsman. Choice groceries, provisions and produce; white granite, C. C. yellow ware, stone and glass ware; flower pots and hanging baskets; pure cider vinegar four years old. Best goods at lowest prices.

MISS LINDSAY, Intelligence Office, 24 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines and shrubs. 9 29 y

ROGERS GROUPS, Remarque etchings. Artist's materials, at Swain's, 32 West Front street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

BARGAINS.

In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin iron wagon. John F. Wolfe, Race street, North Plainfield.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS

For sale cheap at Edgewood Park Somerset street. Address

H. F. M. CHASE,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Halford, Real Estate Broker. All and one-third feet above the one level

Kline's Extracts

Pure Fruit Flavors

Arrival and departure of mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 9:10, 11:45 a. m., 2:15, 6:05, 8:40 p. m.
Close—7:00, 9:00, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 5:00, 8:00 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9:40 a. m., 5:00 p. m.
Close—11:30 a. m., 5:00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 8:45 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 5:00 p. m.

E. B. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time-table in effect Nov. 16th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 7:14, 7:45, 8:04, 8:38, 8:48, 9:08, 9:38, 10:07, 11:08, a. m., 12:00 noon, 12:07, 1:08, 2:08, 3:08, 4:07, 4:38, 5:08, 5:38, 6:08, 6:38, 7:08, 8:08, 9:08, 10:08, 11:08 p. m. Sunday, 2:14, 4:04, 5:08, 6:08, 7:08, 8:08, 9:08, 10:08, 11:08 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty foot, at 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 noon, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Passengers for New York change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7:45, 7:55, 9:07, a. m., 12:22, 1:38, 3:20, 4:25, 5:20, 6:05, 6:50, 8:20, 9:50, 11:30 p. m. Sunday at 9:00 a. m., 12:22, 4:25, 6:05, 8:20, 9:50, 11:30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8:05, 7:55, 9:07 a. m., 1:38, 3:20, 4:25, 5:20, 6:05, 8:20 p. m. Sunday at 9:00 a. m., 4:25, 6:05 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7:55, 9:07 a. m., 1:38, 4:25, 6:05, 8:20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5:55 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin and Mt. Carmel.

7:50 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton and Allentown.

8:05 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

9:25 a. m. for Flemington, main divide Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through cars to Williamsport.

1:38 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through cars to Williamsport.

4:25 p. m. for Flemington, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

5:20 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

6:05 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 8:05 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin, Williamsport, etc. 2:00 p. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Reading and Harrisburg.

8:20 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 8:05, 9:07 a. m., 1:38, 4:25, 5:20, 6:05 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) at 9:00 a. m., 4:25, 6:05 p. m. For Perth Amboy 8:05, 9:07, 11:08 a. m., 1:38, 4:25, 5:20, 6:05, 8:20 p. m. Sunday, 9:00 a. m., 4:25 p. m.

For Atlantic City, 8:05, 9:07 a. m., 1:38 p. m.

For Freehold 7:37, 8:05, 11:08 a. m., 12:37, 1:38, 4:25, 5:20, 6:05, 8:20 p. m. Sunday 9:00 a. m., 4:25, 6:05 p. m.

MOUNT BETHEL AND SOUTH.

For Philadelphia, 8:05, 9:07, 11:08, 11:47 a. m., 1:38, 4:25, 5:20, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night, Sundays at 9:00, 11:08 a. m., 4:25, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night.

For Trenton 5:55, 8:05, 9:07, 11:08, 11:47 a. m., 12:37, 1:38, 4:25, 5:20, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night. Sundays at 9:00, 11:08 a. m., 4:25, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night.

For Bristol 5:55, 8:05, 9:07, 11:08, 11:47 a. m., 12:37, 1:38, 4:25, 5:20, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night. Sundays at 9:00, 11:08 a. m., 4:25, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night.

For Morrisville, 5:55, 8:05, 9:07, 11:08, 11:47 a. m., 12:37, 1:38, 4:25, 5:20, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night. Sundays at 9:00, 11:08 a. m., 4:25, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night.

For Tullytown, 5:55, 8:05, 9:07, 11:08, 11:47 a. m., 12:37, 1:38, 4:25, 5:20, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night. Sundays at 9:00, 11:08 a. m., 4:25, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night.

For Bordentown, 5:55, 8:05, 9:07, 11:08, 11:47 a. m., 12:37, 1:38, 4:25, 5:20, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night. Sundays at 9:00, 11:08 a. m., 4:25, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night.

For Burlington, 5:55, 8:05, 9:07, 11:08, 11:47 a. m., 12:37, 1:38, 4:25, 5:20, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night. Sundays at 9:00, 11:08 a. m., 4:25, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night.

For Mount Holly, 5:55, 8:05, 9:07, 11:08, 11:47 a. m., 12:37, 1:38, 4:25, 5:20, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night. Sundays at 9:00, 11:08 a. m., 4:25, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night.

For Lumberton, 5:55, 8:05, 9:07, 11:08, 11:47 a. m., 12:37, 1:38, 4:25, 5:20, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night. Sundays at 9:00, 11:08 a. m., 4:25, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night.

For Medford, 5:55, 8:05, 9:07, 11:08, 11:47 a. m., 12:37, 1:38, 4:25, 5:20, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night. Sundays at 9:00, 11:08 a. m., 4:25, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night.

For Vincentown, 5:55, 8:05, 9:07, 11:08, 11:47 a. m., 12:37, 1:38, 4:25, 5:20, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night. Sundays at 9:00, 11:08 a. m., 4:25, 6:05, 8:20, 9:30 p. m. 1:12 night.

For Pemberton

THE CURIOSITY SHOP

ENGLISH SURNAMES.

Their Orthographical Mysteries—Few of Them Are Pronounced as Spelled.

It is an oft repeated accusation against the English tongue that spelling cannot be called a matter of "rule," for even in commonplace words "ough" has half a dozen sounds separate and distinct; but when it comes to surnames, as pronounced in England, confusion becomes worse confounded. Where would one find an average intellect who would pronounce Abergavenny Abergenny, and why should the "classic race" of the world belle its letters and be called "Darby?"

It will require a sweeping reform before Brougham will have become, as it should be, "Broom," and it is a question why the scions of noble houses should be so careful as to the pronunciation of their names, but where is the Cholmondely or Marjoribanks who is satisfied with anything longer than the clipped "Marshbanks" and "Chumley?" How the Colquhouns and Wemyss' arrived at "Cahoon" and "Weems" will be a riddle to orthographers for ages to come. Of course, a large number of British houses claim Norman descent, and naturally demand a purse of half pure French pronunciation. So the "Beauclerks" and "Willoughby De Ersbys" become in polite circles "Willoughby De Erdys" and "Beauclarus" but to account for "Waldegrave" being "Waigrave," "St. John" "Sinjin," or "St. Leger" "Silleger" is a harder matter.

A large number of well known names change their o's into u's, such as "Conyngham," "Monson" and "Ponsonby," while "Blount" becomes "Blunt" and "Duchesne" becomes "Ducane." Most surnames beginning with "Beau" alter their pronunciation considerably, for instance "De Beauvoir" changes to "De Bever" and the famous "Beauchamps" are all "Beechams." Indeed, to take the peerage through these names which spell themselves are the exception, and the intellect is stunned to find that "Charteris," "Glamis," "Bethune," "Geoghegan" and "Ruthven" are respectively "Charters," "Glamu," "Beeton," "Galzan" and "Illven." And reason totters on her throne when society demands that "St. Clair" is "Sinclair" and "Gower" "Gore." However, the average Englishman has now got so used to the peculiarities of aristocratic patronyms that their misspelling or mispronunciation are like a second nature, and he would b ready to knock down the first man who contended that his favorite diarist was Samuel Pepys instead of Samuel Peeps.

College Colors.

All colleges have distinctive "colors" as well as "crew," and they are much more useful in football matches and rowing races the college colors afford an easy and pleasant method of distinguishing the contestants when the cries would only confuse. Below is given a list of the colors worn by all the principal colleges in the United States, as compiled by Golden Days:

New York university, violet.
Yale, blue.
Dartmouth, dark green.
Rutgers, scarlet.
Harvard, crimson.
Brown, brown and white.
Williams, royal purple.
Bowdoin, white.
Wesleyan, cardinal and black.
Hamilton, rose pink.
Kenyon, mauve.
Michigan, blue and maize.
California, blue and gold.
University of Virginia, cardinal and gray.
Swarthmore, garnet.
Madison, orange and maroon.
University of Vermont, old gold and green.
C. C. N. Y., lavender.
Worster, old gold.
University of the South, red and blue.
Vassar, pink and gray.
Tufts, garnet.
Union, garnet.
Colby, silver gray.
Columbia, blue and white.
Trinity, white and green.
Princeton, orange and black.
Amherst, white and purple.
Lafayette, white and maroon.
Cornell, carnelian and white.
Boston university, scarlet and white.
Syracuse, blue and pink.
Rochester, blue and gray.
Tufts, blue and brown.
University of Pennsylvania, blue and red.
Dickinson, red and white.
University of South Carolina, red and blue.
Rensselaer Polytechnic, cherry.
Ohio university, white.
Allegheny, scarlet blue and old gold.
Adelbert, Bismarck brown and purple.
University of North Carolina, white and blue.
Hobart, orange and purple.
Bucknell, orange and blue.

Rosa Bonheur.

In an interesting sketch of the mode of life of the famous French painter, Rosa Bonheur, a recent writer says: "That Rosa Bonheur dresses in male attire has often been commented upon by her biographers. The idea commonly obtains that it is her usual costume. But if you should meet her in the streets of Paris you would see a large, elderly lady, rather plainly dressed, in black, her gray hair tucked under a close bonnet; and unless you were attracted by the peculiar strength of her face and by her piercing, attentive eyes, you would not notice that she differed from any lady in the passing crowd, except that she wears the red ribbon of the Legion d'Honneur. But Rosa Bonheur at work in her home does wear male costume.

"Years ago, when she was a young woman and a student, she adopted it because it gave her more freedom in her studies at the menageries and cattle yards. Dressed as a boy she attracted less comment and attention from the hangers on of the stables than if she had gone among them in petticoats. Rosa Bonheur appreciates the good qualities of the blouse, and at work now she still keeps to this easy garment, having added to it the ordinary man's trousers, which make her feet appear very small, and also a wide brimmed felt or straw hat. In this dress she appears of much lower stature than in woman's apparel, and looks like a remarkably well preserved middle aged man."

The Language of Colors.

In the language of colors, green is emblematic of hope, and the eternal regeneration of nature is typical of life after death; blue denotes faith, for it is the hue of heaven; white is the color of innocence and red is chosen to represent love, because the heart's blood is of that color.

The Hair and the Complexion.

The first rule for keeping the hair glossy and thick is to let the scalp be perfectly clean. Hair should never be tied up too tightly, and both brush and comb be carefully avoided. The more loose and unconfined the hair is allowed to be at night the better. The hair coming out can be checked by a mixture of bay rum, cantharides, castor oil and carbonate of ammonia rubbed into the roots twice a week.

It is best for the general health, and consequently for the complexion, to avoid worry; to sleep well and be careful of diet. Cold water is the best of all tonics, and it is the fashion of the present day for those who make the complexion a study to advise the use of cold in preference to hot water. Overeating coarsens the skin. One "complexion specialist" advises for rough and pimpled skins an ointment composed of 2 ounces of wax, 2 ounces of cocoa butter, 4 ounces of almond oil and 20 drops of carbolic acid applied at night.

The cold water may be softened by adding a teaspoonful of either oatmeal, pure alcohol or powdered borax. Having rinsed the face with this, wash it with a lather composed of transparent unscented soap; this must be rubbed on only with the hands and vigorously, as the friction is good for the skin. Then rub the face hard with a soft towel, and subsequently with a chamois leather a little plain, unscented powder.

Anæsthesia by the Use of Cold.

A new method of producing anæsthesia by the application of cold, the characteristic feature of which is that the part to be affected is touched not by the cold producing agent but by a metallic tube or chamber which is cooled by carbonic acid, is described by Dr Wiesendanger. The cold may, according to the requirements of the case, be regulated from the temperature of cold water to one sufficiently low to cauterize. As the instrument may be manufactured of almost any shape, it is evident that this new method may be used for a variety of purposes. The simple turning of a tap will regulate the stream of carbonic acid to any degree of temperature down to 4 degs. Fahrenheit. No moisture is produced. In using this cold for the purpose of cauterizing the surgeon has the advantage of producing anæsthesia at the same time. When applying it to any of the internal cavities, such as the mouth, it is necessary to lage the parts carefully dried, as the tissues would otherwise adhere to the instrument. The Lancet tells that Dr. Kummel used this method so successfully in a hospital case at Hamburg that the patient, a boy, looked on without moving a muscle while a deep incision of twelve centimeters in length was made in his thigh.

ETIQUETTE

SOCIAL NICETIES.

Trifling Amenities of Fashionable Life Which Admit of No Excuse for Being.

Many small amenities which the unaccustomed regard as among the fads of fashionable life, although of real importance in the foundation of nature is typical of life after death; blue denotes faith, for it is the hue of heaven; white is the color of innocence and red is chosen to represent love, because the heart's blood is of that color.

stamped as vulgar, for example, it is not only because the association connects her loud voice with the fish woman of Billingsgate, but because the loud voice is unsuited to the confined space in the interior of the hearers, allows every one to know all the speaker's business and often that of other people, and betrays, if not a coarse nature, at least a habitual and uncultivated manner, while, bad as it is within doors, it acts a greatly worse part without, where it attracts attention and invites insults; but without and within it is unpersonally, and it being generally admitted that the part of refinement, good breeding and good feeling is to excite as little remark as possible upon the table, the loud talker is then as once recognised as a vulgarity.

As much contempt is showered upon the system of visiting cards as upon anything else in the line of social niceties, but when it is remembered that the card represents the individual, as the bank bill represents the gold coin, it will be seen that the card is sent out on an embassy and plays a useful part in social diplomacy. Bit of pasteboard as it is, it pays compliments, acknowledges attentions, serves in place of its owner, invites, declines, apologizes and does the work of a factotum so well that, like beauty, it has its own excuse for being. And if we looked into the matter still more at length, without doubt we would find that in almost every instance the thing criticised is a valuable usage.

How to Deliver a Letter of Introduction.

The person to whom a letter of introduction has been given should leave it at the house of the person to whom it is addressed, together with his own card, on which is his address. His part is then done, except to await the pleasure of the one whose acquaintance he seeks. The latter ought, according to good form, to extend (within twenty-four hours, if possible) some kindly attention, such as a call, a note of invitation, etc.

A Mystery Still.

BALLADE.

I am learned in laws of hydrostatic,
In the theories of heat and of light;
With a brain that is quite mathematic
I work out the problem of sight.
I can chide an erring maid on right,
I can lecture on Jack and on Jill;
No problem is too abstruse for me,
But—your heart is a mystery still.

I can solve an inverted quadratic,
My acquaintance with Greek is not slight
For the dialects, Doric or Attic,
I well know, I gladly will write.
I can measure a meteor's flight,
I have sailed with Pinto and Mill;
I am deep, I am thorough, I'm bright,
But—your heart is a mystery still.

I excel in a line acrobatic,
And can walk a wire slanky or tight;
I lay a rather very emphatic
On the fact that my health's at its height
But my hearing seems useless and trite,
And wasted is all of my skill,
For now, in perfection's despite,
Your heart is a mystery still.

ENVOY.

I have wooed thee by day and by night,
Yet you will not consent—what? "You
Ah, you rogue! Come, a kiss—yes, you will—
But your heart is a mystery still.
—Princeton Tiger.

At the Proper Time.

Judge—Have you anything to say why sentence of death should not be passed upon you?

Prisoner (haughtily)—If I have anything to say, I'll say it in my autobiography.—Life.

THE HOUSEHOLD

DECORATIVE NOVELTIES.

Tasteful and Artistic Furnishings for Dining Room and Drawing Room.

The handles of table knives are now made in china to match the plates. There are sets of china knife handles for each course. Those for poultry have heads of the victims and little fluffy chicks and ducks upon them. Those used with the game course have tiny flights of partridge and miniature long legged snipe painted on them.

The jeweled or filigree picture frames are exquisite and beautiful. Those which are heart shaped are newest, had a pretty face, surrounded by a heart line of sparkling rhinestones, is a very desirable factor in the old bits of a room.

If the top of your ornamental mantel forms a deep shelf, arrange it in this way: In the center of the shelf set a small palm. In front and on each side of this place smaller plants, ferns, geraniums or anything you prefer. Bank it into a glowing mass of color. Then around the edges, front and side, train small, dainty vines to droop over the mantel mirror or to climb upward on invisible wires. The effect is one of which you will never tire.

Manufacturers of curtain goods are now furnishing them in tints from the palest and softest of the rose hues and cream to the deep olive greens. We are becoming impressed with the propriety of having things harmonize.

Services of gilt are beautiful. They cost less than one-quarter the amount of solid silver and are equally imperishable. They are highly ornamented and engraved in the most exquisite designs or elaborated with the most highly polished relief work in fruit or flower pieces, with the leaves and stems in the rough work. The Decorator and Furnisher, in which the foregoing notes are found, describes a beautiful cake basket in the gilt style. It was square with a slightly fluted rim. A cluster of apples upon a branch rose in relief from the gold lined interior. The fruit was furnished brilliantly, and the leaves in varying shades, among which was faded green and dull pink. The handle was a continuous circlet of fruit, "vines and knotty stems, arranged in open work and wrought in the tints of the center design.

Foreign Ways of Cooking Goose.

The usual way to prepare a goose for the family dinner table is to stuff it with sage and onion stuffing, to roast or bake it, and to serve with brown gravy and apple sauce. Those, however, who object to the high flavor of onion stuffing should try the following German recipes:

Prepare the goose as usual for roasting; peel and cut apples into pieces the size of nuts or marbles, add three ounces or four ounces of currants well cleaned and plumped in boiling water; put a piece of butter in with the apples. Fill the goose and close it with a skewer or string and roast. Prunes half stewed or sliced almonds, mixed with the apple filling, are also used.

Boiled Goose with Turnips—Chop an onion or two, put them in a stewpan with a large tablespoonful of goose dripping. When this is hot and the onions turned yellow and soft, dredge in some flour and let it brown; add some broth or gravy and water. Cut up any remains of cold goose and put them into the same, with salt, pepper, a glass of white wine and a little vinegar or lemon juice. Cover and let steam awhile. Peel and cut turnips in small, thin slices; let them lie half an hour in cold water. Make a piece of butter hot in a stewpan, put in a chopped onion, and when it has steamed a few minutes, put in the turnips with some salt; let them steam till they are soft and yellow. Supply a little water to prevent their burning.

A Parisian Knickknack.

There are many pretty notions in photograph holders of various sorts, and among them the following pretty arrangement from Paris.

This is a triangular panel covered with old gold plush and framed and divided

A HANGING PHOTOGRAPH HOLDER.

into two sections by a Louis XVI galon, with bows and loops of satin ribbon. At the back of the top one is inserted a loop of gold cord to suspend the frame to the wall. A bunch of artificial flowers is fastened lightly at one side.

Potpourri and Heliotrope Sachet.

Years ago ladies used to make their own potpourri. Every vase in the drawing room was filled with it. Here is a good recipe for potpourri as given by a writer on the art of perfumery. It is a mixture of dried flowers and spices not ground. The salt may be left out. It is used by perfumers to increase the bulk and weight of the product: Dried lavender, 1 pound; whole rose leaves, 1 pound; crushed orris (coarse), ¾ pound; broken cloves, 2 ounces; broken cinnamon, 2 ounces; broken allspice, 2 ounces; table salt, 1 pound.

This is a recipe for heliotrope sachet. It is one of the most fragrant sachets made, and its odor is exactly like the flower from which it takes it name: Powdered orris, 2 pounds; rose leaves, 1 pound; tonka beans, ground, ¼ pound; vanilla beans, ¾ pound; grain musk, ¼ ounce; ottar of almonds, 3 drops. When well mixed by sifting in a coarse sieve it is fit for use.

Gelatine Charlotte Russe.

Gelatine charlotte russe is made of one pint of cream, whipped light, one-half ounce of gelatine dissolved in a gill of hot milk, the beaten whites of two eggs, one small teacupful of powdered sugar and any flavoring preferred. Mix the cream, eggs and sugar; flavor and beat in the gelatine and milk last. The milk should be quite cold before it is added. Line a dish with yellow and soft, dredge in some flour and let it brown; add some broth or gravy and

This Date in History—Feb. 6.

QUEEN ANNE

1665—Anne Stuart, daughter of James II, and later queen of England, born; died 1714.
Sir Isaac C. Coffin, a loyalist outlived them all, as the crown went to the House of Hanover.
1685—Charles II of England died; born 1630.
1758—Aaron Burr born at Newark, N. J.; died Sept. 14, 1836.
1778—Independence of the United States formally recognized by France.
1806—Joseph Priestley, scientist and deist, died in Northumberland, Pa; born 1733.
1818—William Maxwell Evarts, jurist and statesman, born in Vermont.
1826—John Brown Gordon, soldier and statesman, born in Upson county, Ga.
1852—Surrender of Fort Henry to General Grant and the Federal fleet, the first important advantage gained by the Federals in the west.
1875—1,200 houses burned and many lives lost in Osaka, Japan.
1880—The Australian Federation conference opened in Melbourne with great enthusiasm.

How It Originated.

Phrases and slang terms are frequently born of interesting episodes, as witness the following: Peter the Great, while off driving in the neighborhood of Moscow on one occasion, was seized with the pangs of hunger. "What have we in the hamper?" he asked of his aid. "There is but one dandle left, your majesty," replied the aid, "but I think I can exchange it for a fowl at the next farmhouse, if you wish." "Do so," replied the czar, "for I am famished, and do not care for a light luncheon." The aid laughed, and, as he had surmised, managed the exchange; but the bird was found to be unusually tough. "I do not think, Vosky," said the emperor later—"I do not think the game was worth the candle."—Harper's Bazar.

The Religious Difficulty.

Gourville, the French embassador, waited on the Duchess Sophia of Brunswick for the purpose of ascertaining if her daughter, aged twelve, would make a suitable match for the dauphin.

"How exceedingly beautiful!" he exclaimed. "she is worthy of the highest rank and position. May I ask in what religion the princess has been educated?"

"In none up to now," replied the duchess; "but she will soon learn what prince she is going to marry, we will have her instructed in his religion."—Lubbener Kreisblatt.

1892			February.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	28	23	24	25	26	27
28	29					

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5	4:39 a. m.	Third Quarter	20	7:16 p. m.
Full Moon	12	2:39 p. m.	New Moon	27	10:08 p. m.

Hotels.

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22 W. FRONT STREET.

Great Overcoat Sale.
30 DAYS ONLY!
OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.
GENUINE : BARGAINS!
Call and examine before they are are all gone.
WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE
30 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
General Hardware and House-furnishings,
and STOVES.
Carpenter and Machinist Tools!
BUILDERS' HARDWARE.
HARNESS and BLANKETS.
USUAL LOW PRICES. TELEPHONE CALL 139.

ANNOUNCEMENT
OUR NEW SPRING GOODS are now ready for inspection.
ALL of the Departments are supplied to the fullest extent with the newest and most desirable goods that can be found in the markets.
IT is impossible to particularize in a small "ad." like this, but would say that we are now prepared to supply the wants of the people than ever before.
OUR New Spring Dress Goods this season surpass anything we have ever offered. The style and colorings are elegant, and will well repay a careful inspection.
THE Wash Dress Fabrics are just lovely, and comprise about everything that the trade demands.
LADIES are always interested in pretty Hamburgh Embroideries. Our assortment is large and the patterns are just as handsome as they can be.
WE expect to do the largest business in our dress lining department that we have ever done, and therefore have increased the line almost double. You can be suited here Sure.
WE extend a special invitation to everybody to make us an early call, and examine our cheap and elegant goods, before making your Spring purchases.
LOOK OUT for our Carpet Announcement soon.
EVERYTHING the Newest, Cheapest and Best at
EDSALL'S.

A NEW STYLE
OF
D E R B Y
Out TO-DAY, at the store of
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 19 Ty

Closing Out Sale!
SPLENDID BARGAINS!
WALL PAPER AT COST.
In order to lose out this year's stock of WALL PAPR we make room for New Goods.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
(Successors to W. F. Adams, 29 East Front Street.)

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH
THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS
AND
BONELESS BACON?
Order them of
R. W. RICE & CO.
THE North Plainfield Grocers.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.
RING UP 241
This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.
Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before trying a barrel. We have the BEST Feed, Barley, Oats and Jersey Bran, and make a specialty of reclosed Oats. Leave your order with
FRENCH BROS.,
CITY MILLS.
Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

GO TO
CAREY'S NEW BEDDING STORE
for anything in the line of
Beds, Mattresses, Pillows, Bolsters, Quilts,
BLANKETS, RUGS, COUCHES, CHAIRS, ETC.
A full line of the above always on hand.
76, 78 and 80 West Front Street.

Something New Again at the 5 & 10c. Store.
3, 5, 7 and 10c. Counters. This gives you many things for three cents that you formerly paid five for, and many things for seven cents that formerly sold for ten cents. Our counters are all loaded, and bargains indeed you now have offered you. We do not bind ourselves to keep this up long, so come while you have the chance. Also bear in mind that while we aim to undersell all others yet as a further inducement we are GIVING AWAY Five Different Styles of Valuable Books, viz.: "The Living World," "Buffalo Bill's Wild West," "The Rise and Fall of Sitting Bull Story" by Mr. Talmadge, and Webster's Encyclopedia, all handsomely and elaborately illustrated. We have these books on exhibition, and any child can get one with a little effort. We punch from a card that we give free to all purchasers to the amount of 10c, when the holder takes his choice of the books named free. Any summer may use the same card, so filling it sooner and securing a book quicker. Buy all your goods of us, and get one of these handsome books as a reward. Spring goods are coming in daily, and the wares we handle are used in every household. As you will want to stock up shortly, remember the card and gives us a call. We have twenty different styles of Toilet Soaps. Also Combs and Brushes at prices the lowest. Lamps, Crockery, Stone and Glassware, Iron and Woodenware, and general housefurnishings, and for 10c. Royal Tooth Powder, anything better and purer is not known.
J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

Writing : Paper
BY THE
POUND!
Old Sagamore Mills, 15c lb.
Envelopes to match, 5c. package.
Kensington Wave and Devonshire Linen, 25c. per lb.
Envelopes to match, 10c. package.
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

Everybody Likes Me.

Wash the baby with Anti-Chap Soap.

THE BEE HIVE
Men's Unlaundried Shirts.
The "Pride," A quality, new Boston bosom, heavy muslin, reinforced front and double back..... 50c.
The "Pride," B quality, made of best muslin and 3 ply linen bosom, the best shirt in the world..... 69c.
Boys' "Pride" shirts..... 45c.
Youths' "Pride," shirts, this size shirt can only be obtained at the "Bee Hive" in Plainfield..... 69c.
Louis Callman.
49 WEST FRONT STREET

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

45 per Year in Advance. | T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 43. Printing of All Kinds. | 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. | PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." | MONDAY FEBRUARY 8 1892 | PRICE TWO CENTS

The Weather.

The weather promises to be warmer, foggy and rainy.

BREVITIES.

—The City Common Council will meet in regular session next Wednesday evening.

—The taking of testimony in the Low Water Works franchise is about completed.

—The Union county court resumed its labors at Elizabeth this morning at ten o'clock.

—The State Publishers' Union is holding its second annual meeting at Trenton to-day.

—The new machinery recently put in by the Dunellen Electric Light Company is now in working order.

—The entertainment Committee of the Jr. O. U. A. M., of Dunellen are arranging for a concert to be held late this month.

—The Americus of Jersey City will visit this city this evening and roll a game with a team from the Crescent League.

—Driver Townsley of Alert Hose Company showed his promptness in responding to the alarm of fire early yesterday morning.

—Henry E. Dixey and his company are advertised to be at Music Hall next Friday evening in the play entitled "The Solicitor."

—A number of sportsmen from this vicinity indulged in a clay pigeon "shoot" at the home of Mr. Darby at Dog Corners Saturday afternoon.

—It is rumored that a young colored barber whose place of business was on East Front street has fled, leaving numerous creditors behind.

—The Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting in the lecture room of the chapel this evening at eight o'clock.

—A lecture belonging to William White slipped and fell on the ice on Front street at the corner of Madison avenue yesterday morning and badly cut its knees.

—By the means of the "Helping Hand Circle" of Grace Church the Churchmen has been added to the regular number of papers taken at the Public Library.

—A number of Plainfielders went to South Plainfield this afternoon to take part in the shooting match which is given under the auspices of the South Plainfield Gun Club.

—All property-owners and others interested in the opening of the new street through the borough, should attend the meeting to be held at Spencer's Hall on Somerset street, this evening.

—The American Field, a New York sporting paper, gives an excellent account of the shooting match held recently on the grounds of the Independent Gun Club of North Plainfield.

—There was a service of song in the Crescent Avenue Presbyterian church last evening. Prof. J. L. Bertrand also addressed the congregation. He took for his subject "Evangelical Work in France."

—A small wreck occurred on the Central at Dunellen at an early hour Saturday morning. Three freight cars attached to a west-bound freight train jumped the track. Travel was only slightly delayed.

—The Mercer County Grand Jury has presented indictments for manslaughter against the engineer and conductor of the construction train which caused the wreck on the P. & R. Railroad at Penington early last December.

—Another of the gamblers caught playing cards in the stable of ex-Councilman D. S. Roberts, recently, a few days ago appeared before Justice Nash and furnished bail in the sum of $100, to await the action of the Grand Jury.

—The Bible Normal class will meet this evening at eight o'clock in the First Baptist church. Subject: "An Introductory study in the book of Leviticus." Any one interested in Bible study will be welcome, either as members or visitors.

—Wetumpka Commandery, Uniformed Rank, of this city, have arranged for a grand promenade concert to be given in the rooms of Wetumpka Lodge on the evening of Feb. 22d. No admission fee will be charged and no persons will be admitted without an invitation.

—Another largely attended entertainment was held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Saturday evening. The banjo duets by Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Jenkins, and the baritone solos by Mr. Theodore Drury of New York were much enjoyed. Vice President D. E. Ellsworth welcomed the men to the rooms.

—The praise service given in the First Presbyterian church last evening was a marked success. The opening anthem by Dudley Buck was admirably rendered by the quartette—Miss Fellows, Mrs. E. H. Hart, Mr. Gordon and Mr. Lewis Bond; as was the duett by Holden, sung by Miss Fellows and Mrs. Bird both of whom possess voices of marked sweetness and culture. Mr. French, who is temporarily stopping at the Albion, presided at the organ.

A Runaway this Morning.

A horse belonging to Douglass Darby, a milkman, became frightened on Duer street about seven o'clock this morning and ran away. The animal ran down Linden avenue to Somerset street and along Somerset to Grandview avenue, where it was caught. The only damage resulting was the breaking of a number of milk bottles.

To Go to Elizabeth.

The members of Crescent Division, Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias of this city, have accepted an invitation to go to Elizabeth to-night to attend a reception to be given by Unity Division, Uniformed Rank, of that place.

MRS. CUSTER'S LECTURE.

"Garrison Life on the Frontier."

When Mrs. Custer, the widow of the gallant General Custer, lectured in Plainfield about a year ago, before a select audience of ladies, the wish was expressed, as told in THE NEWS in our full account of the lecture at the time, that she could be induced to repeat it, and the fact advertised beforehand so that others might have an opportunity to hear and enjoy this ideal woman on the lecture platform.

Saturday afternoon in Seminary Hall before a fine audience, she repeated the lecture, or "talk" as she termed it.

Unlike the ordinary twice-told tale, the repetition was listened to eagerly, and this most gifted lady fairly fascinated her hearers so that they regretted when she had finished. Still the hope was expressed that they might hear her again.

The ladies of the audience dispersing were heard making remarks like these: "What a charming personality she has!" "How sweetly she looked and talked!" "I will always remember her particularly bright smile. I do hope she will come again!"

Plainfield Finances, 1891.

The following report of the financial condition of this city has been submitted by Mayor Gilbert to the Comptroller of the Treasury:

Amount of Funded Debt—$4,500.
Composed of—Bonds on account of Fire Department.
Rate of interest on Funded Debt—6 per cent.
Purpose for which Contracted—For Purpose of Extending Improvements.
Falls Due—$1,000 Annually.
Amount of Floating Debt—$15,000.
Composed of—Notes in Bank Payable from Taxes.
Rate of Interest on Floating Debt—6 per cent.
Purpose for which Contracted—For Running Expenses of City, in Anticipation of Taxes.
Falls Due—All Paid.
Amount of Sinking Fund—None.
Amount of Real Estate Taxable—$6,120,940.
Amount of Personal Property Taxable—$1,122,800.
Amount of Tax Raised—$139,543.80.

County	$39,403.03
State School Tax	18,343.56
Police, Regular and Special	6,539.92
Printing, etc.	1,161.16
Streets	17,447.36
Lights	9,981.06
Salaries	4,850.11
Elections	1,122.50
Interest on Funded	1,267.50
Board of Health	531.65
Discounts	261.75
Rents	812.30
Fire Dept.	4,964.50
Library Fund	2,182.15
Water Works Account	3,000.00
Miscellaneous	1,051.70

A. GILBERT, Mayor.
Plainfield, Union County, N. J.

Mayor Gilbert and Young Men.

Mayor Gilbert addressed the young men in Charles Brown's class in the First Baptist Sunday school yesterday afternoon. The class room was crowded, ninety young men being present. His Honor was greatly pleased to greet so many men and expressed surprise to learn of the work being done for the young men of Plainfield.

The mayor gave them many words of encouragement, asking them to press forward and still greater results would follow.

In conclusion, he advised the men to seek a true character, and one that would give them a trust, which would prepare them for either life or death.

The mayor spoke for about twenty-five minutes, and his remarks were closely listened to by the large number of men present.

A False Alarm of Fire.

Shortly after twelve o'clock Saturday evening alarm 42 was sounded indicating a fire in the vicinity on Front and Grove streets. Several persons passing by the Methodist Episcopal church noticed Vincent chapel lighted and smoke pouring from the chimney and windows. They thought the edifice was afire and sent in an alarm. The department responded promptly but it was not required, as there was no fire.

Janitor Johnson, who was in the church at the time, told a NEWS' reporter that, having let out the fires in the church he had just started them afresh, and supposed the smoke caused the alarm.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Edward Apgar will entertain a number of his friends at his home in Evona next Wednesday evening.

Miss Nellie Boice of Bound Brook is visiting at the residence of Dr. Charles R. Theirs on Somerset street, North Plainfield.

Editor and Mrs. Wm. B. R. Mason of Bound Brook are entertaining Mrs. Sarah Weaver of this city, who is on a visit to them.

Mr. William Burrows has returned to his home on Prospect place, North Plainfield, from an extended visit in South Carolina.

Guests from this city attended the crystal wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Albert H. Cleveland held at their residence in Elizabeth Friday evening.

The many friends of John Milliken in this place will be pained to learn that he is lying dangerously ill at the home of his daughter in Plainfield.—Bound Brook Chronicle.

The Rt. Rev. Bishop Scarborough preached in the Holy Innocent's Episcopal church at Dunellen last evening. There was a large congregation present to listen to his able sermon.

Stephen Hall died at his home in Evona yesterday. Deceased was fifty-six years of age. The funeral will take place from his late residence to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

TRAINS COLLIDING.

FATALLY INJURING A FIREMAN. DEMOLISHING TWO LOCOMOTIVES.

The Man Dies in Muhlenberg Hospital, Leaving His Wife a Widow and Two Children Orphans.—Who is to Blame?

A man was brought to Plainfield on a train Sunday morning about six o'clock from the direction of Bound Brook, and transferred on a stretcher to a wagon. A little boy brought a blanket which was thrown over the recumbent and apparently lifeless figure.

That aroused curiosity to a high degree. It was reasoned that the blanket thus placed indicated that the man was yet alive.

If alive, he must be suffering.

There were blood stains. Those who saw them, but heard nosound, suffered from sympathy.

The man was carefully removed to Muhlenberg Hospital.

Inquiry was made as to what was the matter.

"Oh," said one, "the poor fellow was injured on the Lehigh Valley Railroad this morning. Two trains crashed together. He was fireman on one of them. The doctor who hurriedly examined him said his leg was fractured in several places, and it was doubtful if he could live more than a few hours."

The man died at 10.30, as the doctor said, a few hours after the accident, never recovering consciousness.

He was identified as Patrick Bradley, of Philadelphia, age 27. He leaves a wife and two children to mourn his untimely end. He was employed on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad as fireman, and was at his post of duty when the accident occurred which caused his death.

Who is to blame? Who will find out and see that the guilty are punished?

Probably no one, and in a few days the matter will be forgotten, and the tears of the widow and orphans will be unheeded.

Nevertheless it is high time steps were taken to have these accidents stopped.

The P. & R., engine was a large "camelback," the cab being directly on top of the boiler. The engineer saw that a collision could not be averted and he jumped and escaped injury. At the time the fireman was engaged fixing the fire in the boiler and could not see the approach of the other train and probably never knew what struck him, as he was unconscious when picked up. One of his legs was nearly severed from the body, but there are very few other marks on his person.

His relatives were notified and his wife and two of his brothers, who are also railroad men, came to this city arriving here before the unfortunate man breathed his last.

Undertaker Casey took charge of the remains and placed them in a casket preparatory to sending them to Philadelphia to-day.

The two engines were badly wrecked as were also a number of freight cars.

A Fight with Two Opossums.

A few days ago as Messrs. Edward Campbell, Harrison Bennett and John Teeple were walking along Park avenue in the vicinity of the Campbell Club House they noticed the foot prints of an opossum. They got a dog and searching traced the opossum to a hole in a neighboring field. While trying to oust it out, they discovered that there were two opossums in the hole. A bitter fight ensued between the dog and the animals. The dog finally drove them from their hole, and they were captured by Mr. Edward Campbell, who weighed eighteen pounds and the other nine. While carrying the largest one to his home, Mr. Teeple was by it badly bitten on the hand.

Died from Swallowing Orange Seeds.

Servant girl to Mistress—"Don't swallow the seeds of that orange."

Mistress—(Sucking an orange)—"Why?"

Servant Girl—"They cause death. A German farmer at Scotch Plains a few months ago ate an orange, and accidentally swallowed two of the seeds. They remained in his stomach causing much vomiting and pain. After awhile his sufferings became so intense that he called in a doctor. The doctor, after learning the facts, said that the seeds had sprouted in the stomach, and that it would be very difficult to dislodge them. An attempt failed. The man wasted away, and in great agony died."

Charged With Embezzling.

Wm. H. Ross, a young man, was arrested Friday evening by Policeman Merritt, at Elizabeth, the complainant being William Goff, a produce merchant of this city. Goff alleged that Ross was sent to Elizabeth with a wagon load of oranges. He disposed of the oranges and embezzled the proceeds, amounting to $15. In addition to this charge Goff also accused Ross of cruelty to his horse.

Ross was held at police headquarters and Saturday Goff appeared before Justice Hetfield and preferred a formal charge. Ross had no bondsman and he was committed to the county jail to await trial.

A Narrow Escape from Drowning.

While skating on a pond in the vicinity of his home on Wilson avenue yesterday afternoon Charles Kneeling broke through the ice and had a narrow escape from drowning. He was rescued from his perilous position by several of his companions. In the struggle young Kneeling lost one of his skates which is supposed to be at the bottom of the pond.

SENTENCE DAY.

The Court Convenes at an Early Hour —Judgment Passed on Two Cases.

The Union County Court of General Quarter Sessions met at half-past nine o'clock Saturday and the criminal matters were disposed of by Judge McCormick, after which Judge Bice, of Middlesex county, presided in the trial of a civil suit.

In the criminal branch Henry R. Cooper and Mrs. Sarah A. Aitken, the young couple who were convicted of illicit intercourse, were arraigned for sentence.

Mr. Louis A. Graff, counsel for the prisoners, made an appeal in their behalf, speaking of the youthfulness of the pair, and presented a petition in their behalf signed by the pastor who performed the ceremony when Mr. Aitken was married in June last, and a number of well known citizens.

The jury also recommended the prisoners to the mercy of the court, and in response to these appeals the court imposed a fine of $10 on each of the prisoners.

John Woods was arraigned for an assault on Capt. Hiram Decker. Prosecutor Marsh said that Decker was confined to his home several days, and that the assault was a serious one.

Woods, in extenuation, said that Decker provoked him by a vile epithet. Sheriff Hicks informed the court that the prisoner had always borne a good character, and in view of the circumstances, the leniency of the court was extended by the imposing of a fine of $10.

George Stover Painfully Injured.

George Stover, a young man in the employ of the Lehigh Valley Coal Storage company, whose plant is at South Plainfield, met with an accident a few days ago by which he may lose the sight of one of his eyes.

He was endeavoring to open one of the storage rooms from the top, using a crow-bar. The doors were frozen and as he found that he could not open them that way he went underneath the bin, and began to hammer upwards on the doors. In so doing he chipped off a sliver of iron which penetrated his eyeball. A wagon was procured and brought him to this city to one of the physicians.

After the doctor examined the eye he said he would think it could be saved, but advised the immediate removal of the young man to the Eye and Ear Infirmatory in New York. Mr. Stover was taken there, but, it is said, the doctors in charge have small hopes of saving the eye.

Rescued from the Fire.

Among the persons rescued at the fire at the Hotel Royal, which occurred in New York, yesterday, are two relatives of Mrs. Fulper of the firm of Fulper & Bingham, the United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association. They are: Mrs. Julia Fulper, Flemington, N. J., rescued from third story room on Fortieth street by a park policeman and taken to the room of Mr. Samuel Knight, No. 108 West Fortieth street; she is suffering from slight burns and shock.

Miss Julia Fulper, pupil at Miss Gardiner's school on Fifth avenue. She was visiting her mother, Mrs. Julia Fulper at the Hotel Royal and was rescued by a park policeman. Her hair is badly singed. She is with her mother at Mr. Knight's residence.

Both ladies are well known in this city.

Exit Elkwood.

The contents of the Elkwood were sold at auction Saturday by Constable Mattox.

During the sale of the contents and fixtures of the saloon Mr. W. J. Wings of Dunellen, an agent for a brewing company, purchased the bowling alleys upon which he claimed he had a mortgage. Mr. Wings immediately engaged a carpenter to remove the alleys to his home. The carpenter had not proceeded very far with the work when Constable Mattox notified him to stop, as he had received a legal notice to the effect that anything nailed to the building belonged to the owner of the building and could not be removed. The carpenter stopped work.

Boys' Club Notes.

Last week at the club, was the "banner week" for attendance since the club has been in existence. The average attendance was 76 per evening, the largest being 94 and the smallest 65. There were 38 visitors.

There will be an entertainment next Monday evening, beginning at eight o'clock. All boys and their friends are invited to attend.

Boys remember to bring your pennies with you to-morrow evening, or else on Friday evening. There was deposited by the boys during the month of January $58.14, and withdrawn $1.57, an excellent showing for the boys.

Railroad Notes.

It is reported that Ed King, engineer of the Eastern Rail, has rode 1,100,000 miles. This is an average of about 100 per day for 30 years.

The stockholders made that the Baltimore & Ohio have ordered forty new locomotives at a cost of $400,000.

The Trainmen's Brotherhood has a membership of 32,000.

DEATHS.

HAFF — At Evona, Sunday, Feb. 7th, Stephen Haff, aged 56 years.

Funeral services from his late residence, Evona, Tuesday, Feb. 9th, at three o'clock p. m.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

HARRIS SENTENCED TO DIE.

He is to be Executed by Electricity During the Week Commencing March 21st.

New York, Feb. 8th. (Special)—Carlyle Harris was sentenced to death to-day.

The sentence is that he die by electricity in the week beginning March 21, 1892.

Recorder Smyth pronounced sentence. Harris took the sentence from Recorder Smyth very coolly.

He displayed less emotion than his counsel.

The shadow of a smile passed over his face as he left the court.

He was taken to the tombs after hearing the death sentence and will remain there.

SPURGEON'S BODY ARRIVES.

The Crowd Fought for Bits of the Packing Case at Newhaven.

London, Feb. 8th, (Special.)—The body of the Rev. Charles H. Spurgeon arrived at Newhaven, from Dieppe, at six o'clock. Over 1,500 persons, in spite of the cold damp morning and early hour had assembled to meet the remains.

The crowd fought for pieces of the packing box and pieces of cards that the casket had arrived in.

McILVAINE EXECUTED.

He was Killed by Electricity at 11.14 this Morning.

Sing Sing Prison, N. Y., Feb. 8th. (Special.)—Murderer Charles McIlvaine, the slayer of Grocer Christian Lucca of Brooklyn, has been executed by electric shock.

The signal was run up on the flagstaff that the tragedy in the Death Chamber was over at 11.14.

The Czar Wants Assistance.

Denver, Feb. 8th, (Special.)—The Russian Government has officially notified Chief of Police Farley, through its consular agent at San Francisco, that one of its treasury vaults in Siberia has been dispolled by robbers. Gold roubles to the amount of $395,000 have been taken, and his Imperial Majesty, the Czar, requests that the chief arrest the robbers if they happen to arrive in Denver. The robbery was committed Dec. 1, the perpetrators making trucks at once across Siberia, and the agents of the Russian police are of opinion that some one of the Chinese seaports is the point where they will take ship for America.

Drowned While Trying to Escape.

New York, Feb. 8th. (Special.)—Alonzo Leycraft, of the steamboat City of Lawrence, found a drowned man off Blackwell's Island about 8 o'clock this morning. The body was that of a man about 50 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches in height, gray hair, dark moustache, and with brown clothing such as is worn by inmates of alms houses. It is thought that the man was drowned while trying to escape from one of the city institutions. The body was taken to Pier 40, North River, from whence it will be sent to the morgue.

Nine Bodies Recovered.

New York, Feb. 8th, (Special.)—Nine bodies in all have so far been recovered from the ruins of the Hotel Royal.

A Novel Shoot.

Jacob Pentz, a resident of Fanwood, has arranged for a novel shooting match to take place at Marion, N. J., Feb. 26th. Mr. Pentz is the owner of a pig which he thinks will weigh 400 pounds when dressed, and he proposes to have a friend pick a lot of live birds and the man killing the most of them will be entitled to the pig. One of the shooters suggested that to make the match interesting it would be wise to grease the pig and stipulate that the owner should catch it and drive it home. A number of Plainfielders will participate in the "shoot."

Hornby's Oats

Great workers wear out—use up blood and flesh.

H-O.

replenishes the waste power better than any other known food.

The digestible oat-food.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We will guarantee to sell you Dry and Fancy Goods, Crockery, Tinware, Housefurnishing goods, etc., and in fact Everything that you want at a lower price than you ever bought them, and a comparison of prices of what we charge and others charge will prove that V. & W. are selling goods at a closer margin than all others. We offer for the coming week:

4-4 Print of the Loom	7½c
4-4 Bright Anchor	8c
4-4 Heavy Brown Sheeting	6c
9-4 Bl. Heavy Linen Crash	9c
8-4 Bleached Sheeting	19c
10-4 Bleached Sheeting	22c
10-4 Brown Sheeting	20c
200 Door Mats	each 19c
200 Door Mats, extra good	each 29c
100 Turkish Bags, 3-4x4 inch	each 10c
2,000 Yards Figured French Camiric, all colors	10c
100 doz Ladies' Hose, full regular, pair	10c

There is a Special Sale of Granite Ironware that will interest housekeepers.

We guarantee Every Article we sell to give perfect satisfaction and deliver goods wherever you wish

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

IF NOT, WHY NOT?

PAY CASH FOR YOUR GROCERIES?

Ferris's Celebrated Hams and Bacon, 13c. lb; best sugar cured Hams, 11c. lb; best sugar cured Shoulders, 7c. lb; best sugar cured Bacon, 10c. lb; best Flemington Sausage, 12c. lb; best Trenton prepared Hams, 12c. lb; Pillsbury's best, $5.99 bbl; Pearl Patent (best flour in earth), $5.99 bbl; Magnolia, (our Leader), $5.50 bbl; Morgan's Soapine (large size), 6c. cake, 4 for 25c.; Pyle's Pearline (1 lb size), 15c., 2 for 25c.; Pyle's Pearline, (small), 6 for 25c.; Babbitt's 1776 (1 lb. size), 3 for 25c.; Babbitt's 1776, (small), 6 for 25c.; Bixby's Royal Polish (for ladies' shoes), 9c. bottle; Bixby's best shoe blacking (10c. size), 5c. box; choice mixed American and French candy, 3 lbs 25c.; best home made Bread, 10c. loaf; best Hominy (5 lbs), 19c. Headquarters for Gilt Edge Elgin and Creamery Butter. Fine Teas and Coffees a specialty.

Your orders shall always receive prompt personal attention. Always alive to the interests of our customers.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

O. M. DUNHAM,

40 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduce I on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,

WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

ANNOUNCEMENT

OUR NEW SPRING GOODS are now ready for inspection.

ALL of the Departments are supplied to the fullest extent with the newest and most desirable goods that can be found in the markets.

IT is impossible to particularize in a small "ad." like this, but would say that we are now better prepared to supply the wants of the public than ever before.

OUR New Spring Dress Goods this season surpass anything we have ever offered. The styles and colorings are elegant, and will well repay a careful inspection.

THE Wash Dress Fabrics are just lovely, and comprise about everything that the trade demands.

LADIES are always interested in pretty Hamburgh Embroideries. Our assortment is large and the patterns are just as handsome as they can be.

WE expect to do the largest business in our dress trimming department that we have ever done, and therefore have increased this line about double. You can be suited here Sure.

WE extend a very cordial invitation to everybody to make us an early call, and examine our cheap and elegant goods, before making your Spring purchases.

LOOK OUT for our Carpet Announcement soon.

EVERYTHING the Newest, Cheapest and Best at

EDSALL'S

Special Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between Frank P. Haffner and John H. McVey, in the City or Plainfield, for whom Rogers Brothers as agents, sold goods on commission, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of January, 1892. All debts owing to said co-partnership are to be received by the said Frank P. Haffner, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him by mail to his address, P. O. Box 146, Dunellen, New Jersey, within ten days from this date.

FRANK P. HAFFNER,
JOHN H. MCVEY.

Dated, February 4, 1892. 5 28

Cent-a-Word Column.

FIRST-class waist finisher wanted. Only first-class operator need apply. Address "Immediate," care of EVENING NEWS. 2 2tf

FOUR rooms house to rent. $8 month. Small garden. Only a few blocks from Post Office. Call at NEWS office. 2 1tf

HOUSE in Somerville for sale cheap. Has nine rooms and will be sold on terms to suit buyer. Address "Bargain," care of EVENING NEWS. 6 7*

ONLY $15 A MONTH—An eight-room house, large garden, fruit trees and grapes, near Park avenue and Grant avenue. Key for back entrance at No. 70. 6*

ON and after March 31st, the farm owned by the Mt. Hope Mining Company will be open for rental for horse ridders. "Company," EVENING NEWS. 1 26tf

THE HOUSE owned and occupied by the late A. D. Bodine, 14 La Grande avenue, Dunellen, for sale, or to close the estate. Enquire on premises, or at 71 Barclay street, New York. 1 6td 16*

Amusements.

MUSIC HALL!

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 12.

The coming event. Laughing orations to the favorite, Henry E. Dixey, and company, under the management of Charles Frohman, in the latest comedy success,

THE SOLICITOR,

as played 100 nights in New York. Preceded at 8 o'clock by the one-act farce entitled,

A TANGLED SKEIN.

The players—Miss Virginia Buchanan, Miss Josephine O'Connell, Miss Mary Brocewald, Miss Belle Buckley, Miss Fannie Cohen, Messrs. Louis Baker, Robert Hickman, Joseph Frankau, Walter Greenfield, Fred. Owen Baxter, Samuel Dwight, J. W. Glennon, and others. Seats now on sale.

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE DIME SAVING INSTITUTION, of Plainfield, N. J., JANUARY 1, 1892.

ASSETS.	
Loans on Bond and Mortgages (first liens)	$120,100 00
Value of property worth $224,150	
Building mtg'd, insured for 180,600	
VALUE. MORTGAGE.	
42,000 Union County Bonds	43,100 00
17,000 North Plainfield school bonds	17,165 10
3,000 Fire Dep't do	3,000 00
10,000 Jersey City Water Bonds	10,650 00
16,000 Scotch Plains School District No. 1 Bonds	16,000 00
5,700 Dunellen School District No. 2, Dunellen, N. J.	5,700 00
1,000 North Plainfield Improvements	1,000 00
Demand on all loans	36,950 00
Interest due and accrued	4,619 00
Rents due and accrued	1,400 00
Cash in banks	19,291 14
Cash in office	692 15
	$275,767 89

LIABILITIES	
Amount due depositors	$267,271 00
Surplus	8,496 89
	$275,767 89

State of New Jersey, } ss.
County of Union, }

JOHN W. MURRAY, President, and ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer, of the Dime Savings Institution, being duly sworn, depose and say, each for himself, that the above is a true statement of the assets and liabilities of said Institution on the first day of January, 1892.

JOHN W. MURRAY,
ELIAS R. POPE.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this twentieth day of January, 1892.

JAMES C. POPE, Notary Public.

We, the undersigned committee, made an examination of the books, vouchers, assets and liabilities of the said Institution, with schedules attached, and find the above statement of the assets and liabilities of said Institution on January 1, 1892.

R. EDWARD APGAR,
FRANCIS H. GARDNER, } Committee.
J. FRANK HUBBARD,

2 2 10

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST,

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 87 Duer St., North Plainfield.

Hyde & Jackson,

Bankers,

59 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Offer choice Railroad and Water Bonds, yielding from 5 to 6 per cent., which have received personal investigation.

WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.

8-1m

EDITORIAL NOTES

We have a very good beginning of a navy and it could give some of the countries a good tussle now, but four years will be required to complete the plans already laid out and put it in really first class condition.

The officers who have the task of transforming the Indian into a cavalry soldier have progressed with his education to the point where he gets up before breakfast and curries his own horse. Having been induced to do that, it is believed he can be made to do anything.

Why not make our small metallic coins of aluminum, or at least some of its strongalloys? This has been proposed and experiments made looking to this end. Small, lightweight, bright coins would be a great improvement on the present unclean and poisonous copper coins.

Without making any fuss about it or putting the fact into any papers, the ladies of the co-operative colony of Kaweah, in California have inaugurated a dress reform of their own. One day fifteen women suddenly sprung the thing on their husbands and neighbors by coming out in short skirts reaching three inches below the knee, with leggings to match. A blouse waist completed the upper visible portion of the costume. The ladies continue to wear the innovation, and other women are adopting it too. Some of the fodder sisters wear it at home on account of the comfort and convenience, but are not yet strong-minded enough to appear upon the street in it.

The best part of the education that is going now to be put before children is the manual training. It would not be well to overload the public school department with manual training colleges, but private benevolence must in time supply perfectly equipped technical schools in every state and large city. It is the best use to which the rich person who wishes to perpetuate his name can put his money. We have had enough poor lawyers and doctors in this land. We need now an army of strong, brave young people thoroughly trained in hand and brain, ready to take hold and shove the United States ahead in every art and science, mechanical or otherwise, that is known to mankind. Then the most deficient branch of industry, that of the pottery, art works and even live stock will not have to be imported, always important, from Europe.

It is a good world this, after all. If it were not, then little Marie Petersen, a blue eyed child of five years, could never have crossed the Atlantic ocean and come to Newton in charge of no one but herself to join her father in Philadelphia. Her mother died when she was a babe, and her father came to America to make his fortune. As soon as he got a little money he sent for the child, and the brave creature did not hesitate to start alone. It was the confidence of childhood and innocence, and to the credit of mankind it is not always betrayed. Marie spoke not a word of English either, and the only information the immigration officers at New York could get about her was contained in an envelope which she carried sealed in her pocket. This envelope held also a little money to be used in case of need, and thus the child had crossed the great sea under the guidance of the good spirits that reside in human breasts.

Being Good to the Poor.

"He was good to the poor," is what the people would be aided to say with one voice of the late Cardinal Manning. These words should be his epitaph. He was good to the poor. Besides giving of his means to them as long as he lived he also adopted them in the far higher and better way of being good to the poor. He looked profoundly into questions of labor and capital, and used his powers of heart and brain to place them beyond the necessity of parish or charitable aid.

The only way to really help a poverty stricken person is to put him upon his own feet and enable him to work for his living. Those who give money to street beggars do more harm than good. So do those who bestow food and clothing indiscriminately upon all who ask it. The doctrine that it is a religious duty to give to every creature that asks has filled some parts of Europe with lazy beggars that swarm about them and eat out the substance of the country.

The organized crusade which advises street begging for a vocation has sometimes a flourishing bank account, built solely on the weak and sentimental pity of the thoughtless. The true doctrine is that nobody is entitled to a living who does not in one way or another earn it. If the impudent and whining street beggar will not work for his living let him die. The world will be better off without him.

There are organizations that will take all the charity one has to bestow and see that it reaches the worthy poor. Aid to tide over immediate necessities ought to be forthcoming, but in every case the unworthy ought to be made to work or starve. The true helper of the poor will be he who can in some way find work for them to do which the community needs to have done.

BLAINE RETIRES!

He Will Not Accept a Nomination for the Presidency.

HIS FORMAL DECLINATION.

It Is Issued in the Shape of a Letter to Chairman Clarkson.

The Secretary of State Says He Is Not a Candidate, That His Name Will Not Go Before the Republican National Convention, and That He Thus Makes the Announcement in Season—The Document, While Not Unexpected, Causes Some Excitement in Washington—Members of the Cabinet Express the Opinion That Harrison Has Now a Clear Field for a Renomination—Senator Cullom Announces Himself as a Candidate—Chairman Brice's Facetious Opinion.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Secretary Blaine has written to Chairman Clarkson, of the Republican national committee, stating that he is not a candidate for the presidency, and that his name will not be presented to the national convention for the nomination. The following is Mr. Blaine's letter which has just been given to the press:

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6, 1892.

Hon. J. S. Clarkson, Chairman of National Republican Committee:

MY DEAR SIR: I am not a candidate for the presidency, and will not be. I will come before the Republican national convention for the nomination. I make this announcement in due season.

To those who have tendered me their support I owe sincere thanks and am most grateful for their confidence. They will, I am sure, make earnest effort in the approaching contest, which is rendered especially important by reason of the industrial and financial policies of the government being at stake. The popular decision on these issues is of the moment and will be of far reaching consequence. Very sincerely yours, JAMES G. BLAINE.

The announcement that the secretary has written the letter withdrawing himself from the field of candidates was known on the row and in the hotel lobbies within a

JAMES G. BLAINE.

very few minutes after its issuance, and it created much excitement. Mr. Clarkson, to whom it is addressed, has left Washington for New York. After the letter had been made public Secretary Blaine could not be seen.

Private Secretary Halford, when notified of the appearance of the letter, carried the news over to the White House. A copy was sent to the executive mansion and there people of both political faiths read it carefully, but they had nothing to say respecting its contents.

Views of Cabinet Members.

Secretary Proctor was seen by the Unit. Press reporter and asked for his opinion of the effect of the letter. He said he had been anticipating its appearance, but he was surprised that it had not come sooner. "I will readily, I think," he said, "in President Harrison's renomination."

"Will it open the field for other candidates of moment?" The field has always been open to one, but several gentlemen to whom Secretary Blaine was a block will step to the race."

"Will any one have a candidate?" "No."

"For whom will she be?" "For Harrison (this has always felt very friendly toward Blaine, but she has never supported him for the presidency), and for Blaine, if any one seeks where to contest a candidate of her own. There will be no serious opposition to Harrison, I am sure. The people recognize his administration as one of the best the country ever had, conspicuously able, thoroughly Republican and honest."

Elkins Thinks So, Too.

Secretary Elkins was found at his new home on M-Pterson square and talked freely and unreservedly on the subject.

"For some time," said he, "a month or more, certainly, it has been known among the Republican politicians, and was becoming generally known among the people, that Secretary Blaine would not be a candidate, and they were arranging for that condition of things. Some of them are for Harrison and some for others, but the great mass are for the president, and he will be renominated. Harrison is growing tremendously, is growing every hour, in favor among the people and politicians. I have just returned from New York and was greatly pleased with what I heard and while there. I did not look for Blaine's withdrawal."

"No," continued Secretary Elkins, "that Mr. Blaine had written a letter, but he had told a number of gentlemen that he would not be a candidate, and was satisfied that he would not be."

All Say Harrison.

Secretary Tracy said: "I am not surprised. I've been expecting such a letter some time. It points to Harrison's renomination and re-election." Mr. Tracy would not say that Mr. Blaine's action had anything to do with it, but he believed he would be make answer to the query, "Was not Blaine now stronger before the country than he ever was?"

Secretary Noble said: "With Blaine out of the field there is no man of sufficient national importance to contest the nomination with Mr. Harrison. His administration has been fair, just and upright. He will be renominated unanimously and re-elected. As Mr. Blaine says, his declination is made in the season." Secretary Rusk said he had heard a great deal said of late about Secretary Blaine's intention to decline to be a candidate, and now that he had withdrawn it looked to him as if President Harrison had a clear field. A prominent name was suggested to him as a possibility, but the secretary declined to discuss his chances, and said that it would be hard to predict what course would being forth in the present political campaign.

Cullom Now in the Field.

Senator Cullom spoke with frankness. "I am not surprised," said he. "I had intimations of its coming from various sources and received from the secretary himself, but nothing definite. It opens the field for the nominations."

"Does that mean that you will enter, senator?"

"Yes, it does. I have said to my friends that having given Illinois thirty years of honest service in the state legislature, six in the government chair, eight in the lower house of congress, and nine in the senate, I would esteem it a great honor to have the delegation to the national Republican convention from Illinois support me for the presidential nomination. If I could be nominated, well and good; if not the delegation would be free to support any good man. I have said further, that I had no wish to run against any one, and was decidedly sorry of securing that which was best for the Republican party also for the country. If any other man can get more votes than I can I will be for him; but if you will permit me to say it, I think that I would make a pretty good candidate."

Senator Allison said he had rather expected it, but was somewhat surprised at its appearance just now. "I think it will have the effect of introducing a number of gentlemen into the arena of presidential possibilities."

"Will Iowa present a candidate?"

"Not that I am aware of; Iowa, I am sure, feels kindly disposed to President Harrison; indeed, I know of no hostility in our state against him, and in case of a contest he would, I believe, get the delegation. I am inclined to look upon his renomination as the most likely thing to happen."

Senator Hiscock heard the letter read and asked, "What's the matter with that?"

To the question, "What will be the effect of it?" New York's senior senator answered, "It will have the effect of opening up the situation to discussion and centralization."

"Will New York have a candidate?" "No."

Senator Burrows, of Michigan, said, "What causes Harrison's nomination by acclamation."

Brice's Facetious Opinion.

To get a Democratic expression of opinion the United Press reporter sought Senator Brice, chairman of the Democratic national committee. After reading the letter he said: "That has all been discounted for weeks and months. For eighteen months I have been convinced that Secretary Blaine would not be a candidate, and for two or three months that opinion has been shared with me by the public. I think President Harrison has been growing stronger with the Republican party and his nomination by acclamation has been a certainty. That is why I took the convention to a small town—because it's to be nothing more than a ratification meeting.

"The convention will be in session only three days, and I have to say that long, at least. It's their contract with Tom Lowry and he'll hold them to it, and it will be over with before the hotels in a real convention to be held, like the Democratic, we have to go to a big city to hold it."

Continuing, in a semi comic strain, the senator discussed the situation: "This letter shows the declining value of the Republican nomination for president. To be declined five months in advance shows that its market value has declined fifty per cent. The Republican convention will have its work all cut out long before it meets, while we are getting things in such a stage that no man will dare to be a candidate at Chicago.

"Poor Clarkson. I'm sorry for him. To be compelled to hold a tournament with no opponents. It's a very dull outlook for him."

A Woman Assaults a Woman.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 8.—Mrs. Willis J. Payne, wife of the city messenger, assaulted a Miss Eliza Long on Broad street as they were leaving the meeting of the Bible class in the Trinity Presbyterian church, of which all are members. A scene was enacted that attracted the attention of a thousand spectators. Mrs. Payne accuses Miss Long of alienating her husband's affections.

Shot for Knowing Too Much.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—Jennie Massengail was shot and fatally wounded by Michael Maguire, at St. Louis Restaurant Saturday. The girl had formerly worked for Maguire and knew he had harbored the Glendale express robbers. She became afraid of him and secretly left the city. Maguire traced her here and entering the restaurant where she was employed, shot her. Maguire escaped.

Fur is Found Everywhere.

EVEN ON BALL DRESSES.

The prevailing fad for fur trimming is found even in ball dresses, as shown in the sketch, in which is seen a white plush petticoat and train, corsage a la sierge in white mousseline lance d'or with long sleeves. Trimming of petticoat made of gold galon and two rows of beaver fur, the same fur falling, like a sort of bow, in two long ends from the middle of the back. Please inquire for the price of these of fur streaming around when the weaver waitress.

AWOKE TO PERISH

New York City Startled by Another Fearful Holocaust.

FLAMES RAGE AT MIDNIGHT.

Fifty Persons Perish by Fire in a Death Trap of a Hotel.

A Hundred Souls Are Missing and Many of Them Are Believed to Be in the Ruins of the Ill Fated Building—When the Walls Fell in a Number of People Were Seen at the Upper Windows Screaming for Help and They Were Engulfed in the Seething Mass—The Victims Taken from the Debris a Mass of Charred Cinders.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—A disaster paralleling in horror and probably exceeding in loss of life the terrible occurrence in Park place, is now added to the list of fires in the city of public mind, occurred in this city shortly after midnight. The Hotel Royal, at Fortieth street and Sixth avenue, was burned to the ground and a large number of people were burned to death, many suffocated by smoke and others crushed to death in the ruins. It is known that there were 130 guests in the hotel at the time the fire broke out. There were also some fifty-five employees of the hotel. Of these five have been found dead, eight are in hospitals and sixty-three have been reported alive, either by themselves or friends.

This leaves 100 persons missing, and they are supposed to be dead in the ruins. The police have searched that part of the ruins accessible but have found no bodies. They believe that many of the missing persons will be found to have escaped. Of these many are supposed to have gone to their homes. They are mostly transient guests, and it is believed that a large proportion will never report their escape. At this writing it is impossible to state the number of killed or injured with any positiveness. The police place the number of killed at fifty, while they admit that the number of injured will be very large.

Death in the Trap.

The flames never had better fuel. The building was composed of several old structures, amalgamated into the Hotel Royal years ago. So far as can be learned the flames kindled in the shaft of the elevator, in the basement, at about the middle depth of the building. The janitor was at work in the basement at the time, and he was suddenly startled by the flashing up of flames. He rushed to the street and notified the policeman on the Sixth avenue corner, who sent in an alarm, while the janitor rushed back into the building to arouse the sleeping guests.

The hand had already shot up the elevator shaft, finding kindling as inflammable as tinder in the frame work, and James T. Powers, of the "Straight Tip" company, smoking his good night cigar on the piazza of the Gedney House, at Broadway and Fortieth street, saw the flames. Mr. Powers rushed to the nearest fire alarm box and sent in an alarm before the Sixth avenue policeman could reach his nearest box.

In fifteen minutes the whole of the six story structure was ablaze. Flames shot out at every window in the front half of the big hotel, and people in the street could see persons rushing frantically to and fro on every floor of the burning building.

One, two, three alarms were sent out in rapid succession, and the streets and avenues were soon filled with fire engines and trucks. Other alarms brought ambulances from every hospital in the city.

Jumped to Death.

People leaped out of the windows to the side walks and were gathered up unconscious, burned, maimed and mangled by the firemen and carried to places of safety. The most heroic efforts of the firemen were impotent against the fiery flames, and the whole middle portion of the city was brilliantly illuminated by the tremendous fire which the doomed Hotel Royal made. Crowds gathered, and Captain Reilly, with the reserves from the Thirtieth street station, had more than their hands full in controlling the excited throng. It was known that the hotel was full of people for it was a popular resort for thousands, and the prospective loss of life is appalling.

The flames were filled with the people in their night clothing making pitiful and heartrending appeals to the people below for help, while behind them was a great sea of flames. Indeed, these unfortunate beings seemed to be actually in the fire. Harrowing scenes were witnessed by those who were assembled in sight of the burning hotel. One unknown man sprang from a window on the third floor and was dashed to death on the sidewalk below before the horrified eyes of the spectators. A moment later another man leaped from a window on the Fortieth street side and was mangled to death on the pavement. Shortly afterward two women jumped from windows on the Sixth avenue side. Willing hands soon grasped them up, but they were dead. Their bodies were at once removed to the morgue.

Thus already had four lives been sacrificed. From other windows of the doomed structure men and women leaped in their mad endeavor to escape from the flames, and so far as known none of them were killed outright, but many were badly bruised. Some ambulance surgeons, who were summoned as soon as the fire was discovered, had more than they could do to attend to the burned and injured people.

The hotel burned like a tinder box. The flames raged fiercely, but above all could be heard the cries for help from the unfortunates penned in the building. Firemen and spectators helped to rescue the imprisoned guests and employees. Many were taken from the windows, where they had sought refuge from the flames, and the firemen dared smoke and flames to save a life.

Some Narrow Escapes.

Sergeant Ward and Patrolman Phillips went into a room on the fourth floor and took Walter H. Phelps and his wife in safety down a ladder. Officer Phillips succeeded in saving Mrs. Sarah Knapp, of Chicago, who was unable to save herself and was about to leap from a window on the third floor. Mr. Frederick Uhlmann, a well known dealer in hops, escaped in his night shirt. Mr. Uhlmann lost everything in his room, including $12,000 in cash, several checks and notes and other valuable business documents.

A tall, flaxen-haired young man climbed down the Sixth avenue front from the topmost window. He slowly clambered from sill to sill until he reached the ground. He and the curved chestnut hair wildly.

Mrs. Kemper and her daughter, Julia, who occupied a room on the third floor and who escaped from the Washington, D. C., fire, rescued by a policeman and fireman, who carried them down a ladder. They lost all their clothing, save their night dresses which they had on. Miss Kemper suffered greatly from the shock and Miss Kemper's long black hair was badly singed by the flames, which burst out of the window as she descended on the ladder to safety.

Richard Monroe, proprietor of the Hotel Royal, miraculously escaped death with his wife. They were asleep on the second floor in the middle of the building and only a few feet from the elevator shaft, which formed the draft for the fire. The janitor succeeded in awakening the people on this floor, but could get no further up into the building, owing to the progress of the flames. He awakened Proprietor Monroe and his wife first, and they escaped into the hall, the only partly clothed. They found a conflagration. The stairways were filled with flame and smoke, and tongues of flame darted out from the elevator shaft.

Saying, "Follow me," Mr. Monroe, with his overcoat over his head, clambered over the banisters at the head of the stairs and dropped to the floor below. Turning to catch his wife when she dropped, he was horrified to see that she had not followed him. The frantic man would have rushed back up the burning stairs, but friends here seized him and roughly hastened him out of the building and turned him over to a policeman unhurt. Meantime, Mrs. Monroe had acted for herself with rare presence of mind. She rushed to the window and leaped to the roof of the portico over the entrance and was taken down by the firemen. She sustained a sprained ankle, but was otherwise unhurt by her thrilling experience.

Swallowed Up in the Flames.

These scenes occurred before the walls of the building fell, while the firemen were doing their utmost to stop the progress of the flames, which at that time threatened to engulf not only the hotel, but the entire block of buildings to the south.

When the walls did fall people were seen at several windows on the upper floors crying for help, but they fell ladies were swallowed up in the outburst of flame which rose from the ruins. How many then met their death and how many were suffocated in their rooms is not known.

When the fire had spent its fury the place was a smoking mass of ruins, and the scene, surrounded by the flames, the police and the crowd of citizens, was one of complete and sorrowful wreck. Ambulances had carried away the injured, and those who had escaped without harm had gone to hotels or to the homes of friends. All that remained was a smoking, blackened mound of debris that rose to a height of twenty-five feet. Beyond to the south, the eyes gazed unobstructed by floors or roof up through that portion of the building that remained standing to the sky. To the west were the walls of a section of the building, but they had been dismantled of all woodwork, and in the cellars were the debris of the whole interior of the Hotel Royal. And under the debris! What would the men set to work immediately to clear away the wreck—what would they find there?

The ruins made a horrible sight to behold, burned, blackened and bruised. It was hurried away to the morgue, where after very little difficulty it was identified as the body of Harry C. Levy, a member of the firm of Strauss & Freedman, 207 Broadway.

The other four bodies taken out were also burned beyond recognition, and the work of recovering the victims will be pushed with vigor.

A hundred men will be put to work on the ruins at once, and the work of recovering the victims will be pushed with vigor.

And Now He's Whining.

CHAMA, Feb. 8.—Sam Snyder, a pawnbroker, is in the upper story by an excited detective and mob of a plan to rob an express train. He was urged to act as a receiver of goods for the gang and agreed to do so. He was taken in to-day when the alleged train robbers were, but instead of being given an opportunity to share in the robbery he was confronted with revolvers and a demand for stolen. He gave up the money and went whining to the public.

A Famous Hotel Man Dead.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 8.—Charles Crossman, founder and senior proprietor of the famous hotel named after him at Alexander Bay, St. Lawrence river, died at that place to-day, aged 70 years. Mr. Crossman is known to travelers in all parts of the world, who during the past forty years have visited the Thousand Islands.

A Scene Not on the Play Bill.

PARIS, Feb. 8.—The soldiers were called in Saturday night to clear the theatre of Montpellier, where the audience refused to permit an unpopular play to begin, hissing and groaning as soon as the curtain was raised. The military made twenty arrests, and suppressed the disturbance.

Rear Admiral Brison Dead.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Rear Admiral Brison, United States navy, retired, died in this city of ulceration of the stomach.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.
FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.
BEECHAM'S PILLS
SICK HEADACHE,
Dizziness, Sick Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Constipation, Biliousness, and all Nervous and Trouble.
FEMALE SUFFERERS.
Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

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AND INDUSTRIAL UNION
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HOME MADE
Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes
FRESH EVERY DAY.

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JEWELRY
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Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses. Eyes examined FREE.
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Do not forget the number.

WHAT'S THAT?
Oh, only the usual fall in prices before taking our annual inventory.
Read a few of the Bargains!
100 doz. Towels at 7c., worth 10c. Good Ginghams 5c. Worsted Dress Goods 11c., formerly 18c. Best Prints 5c. Prints of 36 Linen 8c. Jersey Knit Skirts 50c., former 75c. Heavy Toweling 4c. Our 50c. Cloak we will sell for 39c.
REMNANTS of all kinds at HALF PRICE.
Ingrain Carpets 25, 35, 42 and 49c. Mattings 12 1-2c. Oil Cloths 25c. Ladies', Misses and Children's Cloaks. Largest variety at greatly reduced prices. Agency for King's Dyeing Company, of Boston, Pa.
L. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

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In making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LINBARGER'S, the Tailor,
NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,
at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
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Telephone Call No. 6. 15 East Front Street.

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating machine, by which he is enabled to deliver clean coal, thus enabling him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
Tyrone Lehigh and Rosendale Coal in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
HOUSE AND RESERVE LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Trucking and Carpet Sewing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Skates and Sleds
Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of
Musical Instruments
and Sporting Goods.
A. M. Vanderbeek,
33 PARK AVENUE.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison Avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING,
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 18 tf

"The Very Best"
is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.
Call and see me. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Worsted, Embroidery Silks, and stamped linen goods.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
36, 9 East Front street.

PROGRESS IS NOT AN ACCIDENT
It's a matter of hard work and good judgment, like any successful business, and we are constantly striving to improve our methods so that we may be able to serve you better. Don't think of coal only in connection these blustering days, but remember that
R. J. Shaw, Plainfield, N. J.
and Electric Belts as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES
CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM
FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic Diseases generally.
Consultation Free
66 East Second street, corner Washington

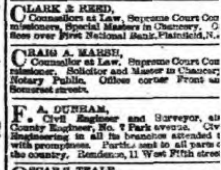
NOTICE!
I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my
Liberty Street Market
where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices
GOOD MEAT
Of all kinds.
Charles Arnold
21 Liberty street.

Election is Over
By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MERSCHAUM AND BRIAR WOOD PIPES,
Holders and Cases for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at
N. H. Guttman
CIGAR STORE,
19 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY
We are prepared to do all laundry work the best of workmanship guaranteed. The most costly fabrics are very carefully improved laundering. Lace curtains refinished to original beauty. Our wagon will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.
H. W. Marshall
PROPRIETOR.

SAVE FIFTY PER CENT.
For the purpose of advertising more extensively the quality of our work, we will
Hang all Paper
Purchased from us during DECEMBER for
HALF :- PRICE
Our stock consists of all the latest designs
A. D. Van Sciver
Opposite Depot, (Chonois Building,) 47 North Avenue.

Professional Cards.
WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 28 West Front street.
JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counselors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.
CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.
CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.
F. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 9 Park avenue. Office Telephone call No. 6. Residence, 11 West Fifth street. Orders in the boundries attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.
OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 207 Broadway, New York city, rooms 22 and 23. Importers and Traders Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield N. J.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

J. & Co
JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Thanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Parties desiring to have cesspools cleaned will be served at Park House. Manufacturers of Night Soil, Garden and Field Fertilizer.
P. O. box 256 Telephone call No.
FURE MILK
Delivered to any part of the city by
D. D. SCHENCK.
A postal addressed to Box 60 East Front street will receive prompt attention. 1y

OUR INFLUX OF PAUPERS

Report of the Commission on European Immigration.

THE QUESTION STUDIED ABROAD

Higher Wages, Fewer Hours of Labor, Freedom from Military Duty and Personal Liberty Here the Magnets Which Attract.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The report of the immigration commission—Messrs. Weber, Cross, Kempster, Powderly and Schultze—sent abroad to investigate the causes which induced the heavy immigration from Europe to the United States, has been made public by the treasury department.

The commissioners visited different countries and made separate reports. Commissioners Weber and Kempster made a joint report as to the causes which induce immigration. They say there are superior conditions and advantages in the United States; higher wages, fewer hours of labor, better living, freedom from military duty and indiscriminate taxation and regulations involving freedom of movement, personal liberty and better opportunities for rising to higher social levels in this country; and in Russia it is due to religious persecution. They obtained statistics from all the great transatlantic steamship companies, showing that more than 60 per cent of the immigrants who land here come on tickets sent by relatives or friends who have preceded them, and which are purchased in this country. As to whether steamship companies stimulate immigration, they report that in the countries which they visited this is forbidden by law, with severe penalties, copies of which are appended to the report. The result of the conferences held with the steamship companies at Liverpool and Bremen are given, in which the steamship companies express a determination to be governed by our laws.

Contract Laborers.

As to the importation of contract laborers, they say that legislation by congress, which resurrected the old immigration bureau to federal oversight, has very largely stopped the wholesale practice of such operations, and that it now exists to a very limited extent. Relative to the systematic shipment of defectives, criminals, insane, etc., to this country, they report that in the countries visited by them this is not now done, although there is no doubt that it was done formerly. Concerning pauper immigration they say that if the standard of pauperism is to be based upon money possession when landed, it would in times past have excluded many who are now prominent in commercial, financial and legislative bodies, and every way worthy as strong American citizens, and if this standard is now to be adopted, it will exclude those who may become equally desirable.

Relative to consular inspection, etc., they report it as impracticable, as it would at once increase the proportion of weak and infirm and decrease the proportion of young and strong, who are liable to duty in their own country. They say that it is their opinion that if congress desires to restrict or stop immigration it should meet that question squarely, and not attempt to do it by cumbrous and expensive machinery. The report gives in detail a method by which all undesirable immigrants may be prevented from embarking, and with no expense to the United States. Briefly, this is to hold all steamship agents and subagents responsible for the cost of returning ineligibles, which can be done under their own laws.

Thus, one returned passenger would destroy the profits made on the sale of ten or twelve tickets, and at the same time the sub-agent would be suspended or dismissed for non-compliance with the steamship company's regulations. All doubtful cases are to be referred to the treasury department and reply received before the immigrant will be allowed to embark. The report suggests that our laws be amended so as to compel the return to their own countries of all paupers as soon as they become pauperized, and all criminals only serving out sentence, up to the time of their becoming full citizens, as is done by every country they visited except England. Attention is called to the necessity of increasing the Canadian borders to prevent ineligibles from crossing.

The Hebrew Exodus.

The commissioners say that the number of Jews living in Russia is very large, and that they are subject to persecution from the fact that they are Jews. If the persecution continues it will cause the emigration of a population numbering 5,000,000 or 7,000,000, not only of Jews, but members of the Orthodox Greek church. Their conclusions are that the terrible persecutions are based almost entirely upon religious grounds and must, if continued, drive out the entire population of the so called "northodoxy." These conclusions are based upon personal examination and conversation with people of all classes in the Russian dominions.

Commissioner Cross reports that he has personal knowledge of the fact that in the northwest tickets are sold on six months' time and sent to Europe for intending immigrants. In Italy he says that emigration is excited largely by efforts of steamship agents, who are a very active exceedingly active. He says that in England, before processors are disposed, some person connected with the Prisoners' Aid society visits the convict in prison and arranges with him to go to the United States. If the prisoner accepts the government pays the society the sum of six pounds. This sum pays his passage to the United States and leaves him something over on his arrival here.

Commissioner Powderly found that the boards of guardians in England did emigrate paupers from among inmates of the workhouse, as well as those receiving outdoor relief. In England paupers are also assisted to emigrate, the boards of guardians having the same powers as in Ireland.

The Canadian Border.

Commissioner Powderly favors the appointment of agents, who should be directly responsible to the United States government, and whose duties would be to furnish certificates to those who on furnish a certificate from the municipality whence they come showing good character, sound health, and that he has never been convicted of a crime, and that unless the intending immigrant can produce such a document he should not be permitted to embark. A duplicate should be sent to the inspection officer of the port from which the ship sails. There ought to be a sufficient number of such agents to do the work effectively, but he says this plan will be useless unless the Canadian border is carefully guarded.

Mark Twain a Little Better.

BERLIN, Feb. 8.—Samuel L. Clemens is very sick with inflamed lungs and throat. His wife says he shows signs of improvement.

Judge Biddle's Wit.

Judge Biddle, the wit of Court House row, had before the bar of justice the other day a woman who wept most bitterly over her misfortunes. Her sobbing shook the courtroom and her tears of no mean size coursed in a great stream down her cheeks and to the floor. While she wept thus profusely a prominent lawyer chanced in, who, seeing the prisoner and hearing her cries, asked of the bench, "What's the matter with her?" "I'm sure I don't know," was the judge's reply. "Apparently she's waiting to be bailed out."—Philadelphia Record.

Quite Another Thing.

"Hole on, dar," said a colored man, hailing an acquaintance. "Does yer cross der street every time yer sees me ter keep from payin dat bill?"

"No, I doesn't."

"What dey?"

"Yer keep from bein axed fur it."—Texas Siftings.

The Trouble with Him.

The young man twirled his hat nervously and cleared his throat.

"If I understand you rightly," he said, "you decide that the further continuance of our acquaintance with a view to closer and more intimate relations in the future is inexpedient and not likely to be productive of such result. Am I correct, Miss Jibcom?"

"You are, Mr. De Ennis," answered the young woman.

"If that is your decision," he rejoined, twirling his hat the other way, "I presume there is nothing for me to do but submit. I had hoped for a different result. The reason for the ill success that has attended my effort to place our acquaintance on a more confidential basis, I've went on, "is, I suppose, that I have failed in some way to bring myself into full and complete sympathy with the idea and purposes that animate and sustain you. I have not succeeded in becoming en rapport, if I may so express myself, with you as regards the things that go to make up what we call congeniality, affinity, association. To change the figure slightly, I have been unable to place myself on the plane where your sympathies, instincts, in short, your inner self abides, or to establish that fellowship of soul that grows out of harmonious views, preferences and habits of thought. Am I right, Miss Jibcom?"

"I—," she answered softly, while tears of pity for the wretched young man stood in her lovely eyes; "you don't seem to realize that my style a little bit."—Chicago Tribune.

His Ultimatum.

"Madeline, will you marry me?"

His voice had a husky, appealing sound, his heart thumped audibly and his knees had got beyond his control.

"No, Horace, I will not."

"This—this is your final answer, is it, Madeline?"

"It is, Horace. I am sorry I cannot."—

"This is the end of all my fond hopes, the waking from the dream I have been dreaming, and the winding up of the fool's part I've in which I have dwelt for the last three months is it?"

"I—I suppose it is, Horace, but do not be unduly cast down," said the young woman soothingly. "Time softens all our griefs and turns sorrow into joy. In the future, Horace, when the pain of this refusal shall have—"

"Miss Shuckers," he exclaimed, rising with dignity, as became a man who had received a temporary backset but had resolved to battle with the ills of the future. It may have its consolations, its joys and its repose, but it cannot reawaken old delusions, Miss Shuckers, I'm sorry, he added, reaching for his cane and hat and moving with unruffled self possession toward the door, "I can never be anything more to you than a brother."—Chicago Tribune.

Really Astonished.

Billings—Most astonishing thing I ever encountered. Here's a black hair in the butter.

Mrs. Hasheroff—So you are really surprised, Mr. Billings?

Billings—I am, indeed. This butter's hair ought to be gray.—Indianapolis Journal.

Remembered in His Will.

There is a fine humor in one clause in the will of the late Solomon Abrahams, of Boston. After making a number of charitable bequests the testator remarks, "I remember to all my cousins, aunts, uncles and grandfathers, but I give them nothing."—Boston Globe.

Appropriate.

Von Smashkeys—I come next on the programme. What should I play?

Pompernickel, falling through the curtain)—I think you'd better play a march. The people are all going out!—London Tit-Bits.

President Tevis Resigns.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.—Lloyd Tevis, president of the Wells, Fargo & Co. bank, has resigned because of a dispute with the directors. Tevis, who has been president of the bank for twenty-three years, is regarded as the shrewdest financier on the coast. He has amassed a fortune of $30,000,000.

Died with Her Children.

BERLIN, Feb. 8.—A mother, mother-in-law and three boys, all belonging to one family, perished in a tenement house fire at Barmingtausen. The mother had a quarrel with her husband without the children, but threw herself back in the flames when she saw them burning.

Ex-Senator Bowen's Wife Robbed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—A professional social thief entered the apartments of ex-Senator Bowen's wife, while the latter remains at dinner and stole diamonds belonging to Mrs. Bowen valued at $1,000.

Dropped Dead While Waltzing.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 8.—Miss Katherine Shaw, daughter of Dr. Thomas W. Shaw, of Allegheny, dropped dead while waltzing at the ball of the Pittsburg club here.

Don't Be Taken In.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—Warn Americans not to answer advertisements in the United States papers for heirs to English estates. The scheme is a fraud.

Drowned in a Garbage Barrel.

WOODBURY, N. J., Feb. 8.—George Bowen, only son of Levi Bowers, a well known farmer, fell into a garbage barrel and was drowned.

THAYER DECIDES TO RETIRE.

He Will Hand the Nebraska Governorship Over to Boyd This Afternoon.

OMAHA, Feb. 8.—The suspense in the gubernatorial muddle is at an end. After a long consultation with his legal advisers, Governor Thayer decided to turn the office over to Governor Boyd, and accordingly sent the following letter to him by General Webster:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 8.

To Governor James E. Boyd, Omaha:

SIR—When I commenced proceedings one year ago to test your title to office of governor, I did so in the full belief that there was great doubt in the public mind as to your citizenship and eligibility. I then took occasion to publicly say that as soon as your citizenship was established by the courts I would gladly surrender the office to you. The contest was not one of personal strife nor to satisfy any ambition of my own, but to comply with and uphold the constitution of the state. Now that the supreme court has announced that the highest tribunal has declared, under the constitution and laws of our country and state, your right to the office, I now cheerfully yield the office of governor to you without awaiting the mandate of the court. As I am about to leave the state on Monday to be absent some weeks, it would be most convenient to me to turn over the office to you at 4 o'clock on that day, if it is your pleasure to accept the same at that time. Very respectfully, JOHN M. THAYER.

WILLIAM McCLELLAND DEAD.

He Was Adjutant General on the Staff of Governor Pattison.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 8.—Adjutant General McClelland died at his home here last night.

William McClelland was adjutant general on the staff of Governor Pattison, of Pennsylvania. He was born in 1843 in Lawrence, then a part of Beaver county. Mr. McClelland served in the civil war, was appointed a captain in February, 1865, and was mustered out in the following June. He participated in twenty-two of the principal battles fought by the Army of the Potomac and was wounded at the capture of Petersburg, April 1, 1865.

Captain McClelland was chairman of the Pennsylvania state committee during the campaigns of 1876 and 1877, and was active in politics. He was secretary of Colonel Calvin S. Brice in the campaign of 1888. In May, 1890, he was appointed by President Harrison a World's Columbian commissioner. In that body he was a quiet, although effective worker, serving on the following important committees: Classification, tariffs and transportation, and manufactures. He was secretary of the first named committee.

Detroit Had Better Wake Up.

DETROIT, Feb. 8.—Wednesday night the residence of F. M. Thompson was robbed of $500 worth of jewelry and clothing. The same night James Harris was held up and robbed of $220. On the following night Miss Hattie Briggs was held up and robbed of a purse and considerable money. Last night Alva Proctor was robbed of $300 on his way to the depot. Early this morning the home of H. H. Haigh was entered and $400 worth of silverware carried off, and James Ross was stabbed in the street and his watch, a diamond pin and other jewelry to the value of $500 stolen. The police seem absolutely powerless.

George W. Childs' New Home.

POINT JERVIS, Feb. 8.—George W. Childs, of the Philadelphia Ledger, is to become a resident of Pike county. He has purchased what is known as the old Brooks factory property in Delaware township, near Dingman's ferry. The Childs intends to lay out a park, and build a baronial mansion on the property. The property was purchased from Edward T. Hillman, the Philadelphia lawyer, who has a fine summer residence at Silver Lake, near the Childs purchase.

O'Brien Succeeds Bates.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Edward C. O'Brien, of New York, has been appointed commissioner of navigation vice William B. Bates. Mr. O'Brien was disbursing clerk of the house in the Fifty-first congress and acting secretary of the congressional campaign committee. He was also supported for the place by the entire Republican delegation from New York, and it is said in his support all the factions of the Empire state were united.

Another Boy Kidnaped.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 8.—John Kane, the eight-year-old son of a woman living in Wiles street, was enticed from home last evening by an unknown man who said he knew where Kane's father was. The mother is in poor circumstances. Her husband left her about two years ago and since then she has not heard from him. The police believe that he is the abductor.

Left Forty Thousand Dollars Behind.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Feb. 8.—Charles Farnham, aged fifty, died in this city in apparently destitute circumstances, yet he left a fortune of $40,000. He came here from Honesdale five years ago and was looked upon as an eccentric man. The money was found in a satchel of soiled linen.

The Broken New Mexico Banks.

LORDSBURG, N. M., Feb. 8.—The bank examiners' report of the failures of the Deming and Silver City (N. M.) private banks which suspended Friday will not be ready for about two weeks, but it is learned that the liabilities will be about $153,000.

Iron Works Destroyed.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 8.—Fire destroyed every building but one of the Haugh-Ketonum Iron works, at Hanghville, together with a large amount of manufactured product. The loss will aggregate $120,000.

Death the Penalty.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—The jury in the case of George Painter, charged with the murder of Alice Martin, known as Alice Painter, on May 17, 1891, returned a verdict of guilty, fixing the penalty at death.

Foxhall Keene Improving.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—A cablegram from England to J. R. Keene, father of Foxhall Keene, who was reported to be dying there, is to the effect that the son's condition is much improved.

A Fatal Spree.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 8.—Harry Sweeney, while drunk, shot and fatally wounded James Hickey, and then turned the shot his own sister. He was disarmed and arrested.

Three Men and a Woman Shot.

NASHVILLE, Feb. 8.—In a fight between the Carr and Wallace families' men, Wallace, Tucker and Anderson and Miss Carr were shot and mortally wounded.

Jumped Overboard.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Arthur Wood, a trimmer, jumped overboard from the steamer Adriatic and was drowned.

An Ore Plant in Flames.

PERRONA, N. Y., Feb. 8.—The ore separator and shaft house of the Arnold Ore company were destroyed by fire.

NEW GOODS

Barkaiew & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE BEE TEA

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and rich line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, Preserved Sugar Corn, Burnham & Morrill Paris Sugar Corn, Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Kari Tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's Stewed Tomatoes, Fairs, Winterner's extra sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early June Peas, Hamburg Asparagus Tips, Beans, Hudson River Asparagus and tips.

Special reduction given by the case and dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gerden & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats.

79 BROADWAY.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three 3 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annu ally

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

BROWN & HILL,

Sharing and hair cutting parlor, in rooms in ROYLE, No. 5 POINT AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Boss black stand connected with the shop.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

98 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Educational.

ELOCUTION, Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberta, P. O. Box 1258.

FRENCH LESSONS. Instruction and entertainment in French Lecture. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson, write to Prof. L. VIRAUX, care of Misses Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNEY ACADEMY, Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891.

For information call at the Academy or address EDWARD N. HARNEY, Prin. 8 26 y 107 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J

MISS FAWCETT'S KINDERGARTEN and SCHOOL, 15 GROVE STREET.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTHSON, Teacher of pianos. Gives lessons at stu dent's own or at pupils residence. Lowest terms consistent. Best of references. No. 15 Somerset Street.

Lodges.

Fraternity and Protection.

1873. Membership, 136,000. 1891.

Death benefits paid over $30,000,000 since organization. Largest Lodge, No. 8861, KNIGHTS OF HONOR, meets First and Third Thursdays, at 8 p. m., in Wetumpaa Lodge Rooms, Muhr Bros. Building.

Louis I. Van Alstyne, Dictator.

Ralph A. Fry, Reporter.

Wetumpaa Commandery, No. 84, second and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 12 30 1y

Special Notices.

H. SCHENCK, 76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and provisions. Choice groceries, provisions and produce; white granite, C. C.; yellow rock stone and stoneware; flower pots and hanging baskets; pipes; sewerage four years old. Best grade stone mixtion.

MRS. LINDSAY, Intelligence Office, 24 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 29 y

ROGERS GROUPS, Remarque statuary. Artist's materials. Schwartz, 29 West Front street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

BARGAINS in wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improved Cutaway Harrow. Prices low. John F. Wolfe, Race street, North Plainfield.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset county. Address

E. F. B. CHASE,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker, Grant and Seaman. 100 feet above the sea level

Kline's Extracts

Pure Fruit Flavors

Arrival and departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—6.30 a. m., 12.05 noon, 6.30 p. m.

Close—7.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9.30 a. m., 5.00 p. m.

Close—7.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m.

Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Nov. 15th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2.16, 6.27, 5.38, 6.14, 6.28, 6.59, 7.10, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, a. m.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.06, 2.03, 2.40, 3.08, 3.42, 4.06, 4.30, 5.02, 5.30, 6.06, 6.40, 7.10, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, 11.35 p. m. Sunday, 2.16, 6.27, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, 11.35 a. m.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.06, 2.03, 2.40, 3.08, 3.42, 4.06, 4.30, 5.02, 5.30, 6.06, 6.40, 7.10, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, 11.35 p. m. Leaving for Somerville at 6.27, 7.10, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, a. m.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.06, 2.03, 2.40, 3.08, 3.42, 4.06, 4.30, 5.02, 5.30, 6.06, 6.40, 7.10, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, 11.35 p. m. Sunday, 6.27, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, a. m.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.06, 2.03, 2.40, 3.08, 3.42, 4.06, 4.30, 5.02, 5.30, 6.06, 6.40, 7.10, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, 11.35 p. m. Leaving for Bound Brook at 6.27, 7.10, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, a. m.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.06, 2.03, 2.40, 3.08, 3.42, 4.06, 4.30, 5.02, 5.30, 6.06, 6.40, 7.10, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, 11.35 p. m. Sunday, 6.27, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, a. m.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.06, 2.03, 2.40, 3.08, 3.42, 4.06, 4.30, 5.02, 5.30, 6.06, 6.40, 7.10, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, 11.35 p. m.

Leave Plainfield at 5.38, 6.28, 6.59, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, a. m.; 12.02 noon, 12.30, 1.06, 2.03, 2.40, 3.08, 3.42, 4.06, 4.30, 5.02, 5.30, 6.06, 6.40, 7.10, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, 11.35 p. m. Sunday, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, a. m.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.06, 2.03, 2.40, 3.08, 3.42, 4.06, 4.30, 5.02, 5.30, 6.06, 6.40, 7.10, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, 11.35 p. m. Express trains at 6.28, 7.10, 7.36, 8.06, 9.20, 10.03, 11.35, a. m.; 1.06, 2.03, 3.08, 4.06, 5.02, 6.06, 7.10, 8.06, 9.20, 10.03, 11.35 p. m. Sunday, 11.35 a. m.; 4.06, 6.06, 7.10, 8.06, 9.20, 10.03, 11.35 p. m. Express for New Brunswick change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.30, 8.07, 9.42, 11.05, a. m., 12.27, 1.05, 2.03, 3.45, 5.20, 6.05, 6.06, 8.30, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.45, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 8.30, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.15, 9.34, 11.10 a. m., 2.30, 5.25, 8.14, 9.34, 10.51, 11.10 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 9.45, 7.40, 8.07, 9.42 a. m., 12.27, 1.05, 2.03, 3.45, 6.06 p. m. Sunday at 8.45 9.45 a. m., 8.30, 9.45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7.40, 9.42, a. m., 1.05, 5.20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8.45 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton

12.34 p. m. for Flemington, High bridge Branch, Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, Lehigh Valley, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Scranton.

1.50 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

4.30 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

6.06 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

8.30 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 11.10 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, etc. 9.00 p. m. Sunday for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Reading and Harrisburg.

6.40 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 4.37, 9.04, 11.09 a. m.; 3.04, 5.42 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 4.37, 9.04, 11.09 a. m.; 5.42 p. m. For Point Pleasant at 9.04, 11.09 a. m.; 3.04, 5.42, 9.36, 7.09 p. m. Sunday 4.37, 9.04 a. m.

For Atlantic City at 9.04 a. m.; 1.05 p. m. For Cape May at 9.04 a. m.; 1.05 p. m.

For Sea Girt at 9.04, 11.09 a. m.; 3.04, 5.42, 9.36 p. m. Sunday 9.04 a. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

For Philadelphia at 4.28, 6.28 a. m., 12.40 noon, 3.05, 3.15, 5.45, 6.28, 8.20, 9.40 p. m. 1.17 night. Sundays at 4.28, 11.40 a. m., 5.45, 8.40 p. m., 1.17 night.

For Trenton 5.45, 8.28, 9.42, 10.47 a. m., 12.27, 1.30, 2.05, 3.45, 5.20, 8.20, 9.40 p. m., 1.17 night. Sundays at 10.43, 11.40 a. m., 5.45, 8.40 p. m., 1.17 night.

For Baltimore and Washington at 9.05, a. m., 2.05, 3.45, 5.20 p. m., 1.17 night. Sunday at 9.40 a. m., 2.05, 4.45, 8.14 p. m., 1.17 night.

For Pittsburg, Cleveland, Chicago and the West—J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen Pass Agt.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Standard Railway of America.

Protected throughout by the inter-locking switch and block signal system.

On and after Nov. 15th, 1891, trains leave Elizabeth as follows:

4.35 a. m.—Western Express daily, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburg, Columbus, Cleveland, and St. Louis, (only except saturday, for Chicago and Toledo.

7.00 p. m.—Western Express Daily, with Pullman Vestibule sleeping Cars and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati, and St. Louis, also Pullman Sleeping Cars for Cleveland, Toledo, Williamsport, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

8.42 p. m.—Pacific Express, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars, daily for Pittsburg, Chicago and Toledo, daily except saturday, for Cleveland.

For Baltimore, Washington and the South—1.00, 6.35, 7.50, 9.00 a. m.; 1.30, 3.20 p. m. On Sundays—1.00, 9.00, 11.00 a. m., 1.30 p. m.

For Newark and New York—3.02, 5.74, 5.46, 6.17, 6.47, 7.32, 8.02, 8.47, 9.02, 9.36, 10.02, 10.47, 9.15, 9.41, 9.48, 10.20, 10.38, 10.49, 11.05, 11.40, 12.00 a. m.; 1.12, 2.10, 2.40, 3.02, 3.45, 4.10, 4.47, 5.02, 5.30, 6.02, 6.37, 7.30, 8.17, 9.11, 10.40, 11.56 p. m.

On Sundays—3.02, 5.34, 8.45, 9.20, 9.47, 10.12, 10.26, 10.40 a. m.; 2.45, 4.46, 7.32, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.56, 12.15, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m.

For New York only—6.10 a. m. daily.

For Philadelphia—3.02, 5.27, 6.10, 7.50, 9.25, 11.37 a. m.; 12.55, 1.30, 4.04, 5.15, 6.37, 7.40, 8.42, 9.30 p. m. Sundays at 1.00, 6.10, 9.05, 9.35, 10.41 a. m.; 5.40, 7.47, 9.30 p. m.

For Atlantic City, daily except Sundays, 9.00 a. m. Sundays at 9.00 a. m.

For Long Branch, 11.30 p. m.

For Rahway—12.31, 1.00, 5.44, 7.30, 7.45, 7.50, 8.9.36, 10.30, 11.30 a. m.; 12.56, 1.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sundays at 1.00, 4.30, 5.45, 8.03, 9.03, 10.03, 11.35 a. m.; 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

For Perth Amboy—12.31, 5.44, 10.30 a. m.; 12.56, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sundays at 1.00, 4.30, 5.45, 8.03, 9.03, 10.03, 11.35 a. m.; 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

For South Amboy—12.31, 5.44 p. m.; Sunday 10.35 a. m.; 5.44 p. m.

For East Mansion—7.09 a. m.; 12.55, 5.15 p. m.

For Bordentown—7.09 a. m.; 12.55, 5.15 p. m.

For Jamesburg, via Monmouth Junction—7.30 a. m.; 4.30 p. m. Sundays 4.30 p. m.

For Cape May, sea side and Ocean City 1.30 p. m. Sundays 1.30 p. m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, points on Main Line and Long Branch Branch at 8.42, 9.42, 5.42, 9.41 p. m. Sunday 10.25 a. m.; 5.40 p. m. do not stop at Asbury Park, Allenhurst.

For Lakewood, Pine Park, Island Heights, Toms River, 9.42 a. m. and 5.42 p. m. week days; 5.40 p. m. Sundays, connecting for Barnegat.

For Freehold—10.15, 11.57 a. m., 4.08, 5.15 p. m. For Manasquan, 10.15 a. m., 5.15 p. m.

For Boston, without change, 6.26 p. m. daily.

For Newburgh, Albany, N. Y., and the West, meet at Jersey City with boats to Rockland Lake, and with through trains from foot of Franklin street, avoiding double ferriage and and journey across New York City.

For Hackensack, Suffern, Monroe, 4.08, 6.26, 7.10, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, a. m.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.06, 2.03, 2.40, 3.08, 3.42, 4.06, 4.30, 5.02, 5.30, 6.06, 6.40, 7.10, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, 11.35 p. m. Sunday, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, a. m.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.06, 2.03, 2.40, 3.08, 3.42, 4.06, 4.30, 5.02, 5.30, 6.06, 6.40, 7.10, 7.36, 8.06, 9.04, 9.48, 10.27, 11.06, 11.35 p. m.

CHARLES E. PUGH, General Manager.

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GOOD CUTLERY.

For the Cheapest in the End—Buy of a Responsible Dealer.

Not one person in a thousand understands how to select a good steel kitchen knife. It is false economy to provide a kitchenmaid with cheap, inferior tools. She will appreciate your consideration, if she is the right kind of a girl, if she is provided with suitable tools to do her work with, and will equally appreciate your niggardness or ignorance if she is provided with iron bread knives and potato knives that act as saws.

The difference in cost between good tools of this kind and inferior ones is not very great. The method of testing them is simple. A good steel knife is elastic and bends readily and easily when the point is pressed on the table. A good English bread-knife will cost about 75 cents and upward, French knives $1.25 and upward. It is always wise to buy these knives of an experienced cutler, who is thoroughly trustworthy.

A scraping knife good enough for the purpose will cost about twenty cents, and is a convenient article to use about the stove. It is a short knife with a broad, fan-shaped blade, with a keen edge that answers the purpose of scraping pots and pans admirably.

A Wall Cabinet.

IT CAN BE MADE AT HOME.

A simple, yet pretty, design is shown above for a cabinet that can be made by any handy amateur carpenter. It is a useful piece of wall decoration, and can be draped with a curtain, if necessary. The design is from the Decorator and Furnisher.

LOOK OUT FOR THE CORNERS.

They Can be Made the Cosiest Part of a Room.

Any decorator, any home-maker will tell you that the corners of rooms are the greatest problem in trying to get the right sort of artistic and livable look. It is not the sides or the ends of the drawing-room, or the centre of the dining-room that perplexes; it is the corners. And yet it is precisely the corner that is capable of the utmost effect of cosiness—it is the corner that is the synonym for comfort. And yet neither the decorator nor the home-maker has yet discovered its possibilities. If they had the market would be full of furniture designed especially for corners instead of offering, as it does, only an occasional piece. Where space is a desideratum, and in most rooms it is, furniture made to fit the corners is exceedingly to be desired, because corners are nearly always waste room. Why, for instance, should there not be, for bedrooms, dressing tables and wardrobes in triangular shape and artistic designs? Observant women have noticed that wherever a guest room is given them in the drawing-room, with plenty of pillows, he or she is sure to steer straight for it (an absolute test of comfort), and so that corner is getting the attention it should have.—Helen Watterson.

COUGH REMEDY.

Made from Lemons—Is Simple, Cheap and Efficient.

Wash five lemons and dry them. Put them in an agate saucepan or one of porcelain, and pour on enough boiling water to almost cover them—or just enough so that they will cook without scorching. The lemons should be whole of course. Let them boil until tender. Then with a lemon squeezer squeeze the juice into the water that the lemons have boiled in, and be sure to strain this that no seeds may be left in. There should not be at the most over two cupfuls of water after the lemons are done—there is usually less. Stir in granulated sugar enough to make a rather stiff syrup. In fact, almost as much sugar as the liquor will absorb. For the first dose take a few spoonfuls until the stomach is almost nauseated with the sweetness. Afterward take a spoonful every coughing spell—or when one feels the tickling in the throat.

HOME-MADE CHARLOTTE RUSSE.

Is Always Much Better Than That Bought at the Bakers.

Half a pint of double cream, a teaspoonful of vanilla, and a third of a cupful of granulated sugar. Whip these together, and when stiff add the beaten whites of two eggs and mix together thoroughly. Line the bottom and sides of a fancy pudding dish with single lady-fingers—nice crisp ones. It will take about eighteen *double ones, giving you thirty-six* single strips. It is better to buy these at a good confectioner's than to make them. Pour in the whipped cream and set aside in a cool place. There are ways more involved for making charlotte russe, but the above is entirely satisfactory.

For Fine Flavored Beef Soup.

A beef soup should be made of some meat which has fine flavor and yet is not expensive and tender enough to be used for steaks. What is known as "the top of the sirloin" and which sells for fourteen cents a pound is excellent for this purpose. It is better than the round, as it has a richer, finer flavor. There are several rump pieces that are good for this purpose. Whatever beef is selected for a broth, remove the fat and have it cut into small pieces. Cover it barely with water, let it boil up rapidly in this water, and then add more cold water in the proportion of two quarts of water to two pounds of meat. Some cooks would use two quarts of water to three pounds of meat. French peasants boil the vegetables they intend to serve for dinner in such a broth as this. The soup thereby gains the flavor of the vegetables.

Mustard Plasters That Will Not Blister.

In making mustard plasters many people lessen the strength of the mustard by adding at most a portion of flour—lest the plaster blister. Omit the flour and mix the mustard with the white of an egg instead of with water, and the plaster, however fiery, will not blister a baby's skin.

A Novel Baby Tomb.

Over in West Philadelphia lives a young lady who has passed the greater part of her life in a basket. She is Miss Madeline Ellinger, and is a daughter of Dr. T. J. Ellinger. To be sure Miss Ellinger has only resided on this mundane sphere less *than twelve months. The fact of her having* lived in a basket is probably not so remarkable as the basket itself, which is a combined cradle, swing and carriage, the invention of the genial doctor's fertile brain.

Miss Madeline is the doctor's first baby. No commonplace cradle would do for her; so the doctor set his wits to work, with the result that Miss Madeline now occupies the most novel cradle in existence. The body is an ordinary wicker basket, oblong in shape, upon which can be attached rockers, converting it into an ordinary cradle, or with the aid of wheels into a carriage. But it has rendered its greatest service as a swing, suspended by a spring from the ceiling.

The spring, which is an ordinary spiral arrangement, with quite a strong tension, is attached by a cord to the handles of the basket and suspended from a hook in the ceiling. Baby is then placed in the basket, which has previously been made comfortable by the aid of pillows. The basket is pulled down and allowed to fly back, thereby setting the spring in motion, and away we go. It requires but one pull and the novel swing vibrates for hours, much to the delight and satisfaction of Miss Baby.

But now that proves Dr. Ellinger to be a man who realizes the blessing of labor saving machinery, is a device which he has rigged out in his bedroom. Like all other babies, Miss Madeline is not averse to indulging in nocturnal concert. On more than one occasion has her parental relative walked the floor in the dead watches of the night. But now he is relieved of this, thanks to the basket.

Should he be aroused from a dream, pernicious of some fat fee, by that shrill voice which he knows so well, instead of walking the floor for an hour or two, all he is obliged to do is to lazily reach for a cord by his bedside, give it a smart tug and the machinery is set in motion. Baby goes to sleep immediately, and the doctor returns to his dream.—Philadelphia Record.

The Changing Fashion in Beauty.

France has a revolution every fifteen or twenty years, so the beauties can be classed by regime. Each group has its distinguishing type. The First Empire beauty was divinely tall, and classic in her feature and bearing, and a wee bit sentimental. That of the Restoration was less in inches and greater in girth, though slender of waist. She was simple and unpretending, with withal the savoir vivre of education and *malitter of race. Eugenie Louis has im*mortalized the beauty of the monarchy of July. She, too, was graceful and elegant, but more modern.

We has not lived, in the annals of the Citizen King, of the Duchesse de Dino, the Marquise de Tallyrand Perigord, one of the most famous of court beauties. Her rivals were the Duchesse de Dalens, the Princesse Bolciojese, Baronne de Vatry, Duchesses de Dalmatie and de Fitz-James, who used to call herself queen of England in famulous presumption; the Countesses Leon and de la Redorte. There still survives Lamartine, nee Munster, therefore with Guelph blood. Mme. Lardieres has an astonishing salon still, her features are hand-some and her manners charming.

The most imposing beauty of Louis Philippe's time was the Duchesse d'Istria, who always wore white satin, scarlet ribbons in her raven hair, and a diadem of diamonds. The Comtesse de Flitz-James had fair tresses and spoiled shoulders. There are other names of less prominent note—marquises and duchesses of beauty and wit. Of the "professional beauties" there was the Countess d'Eichthal, one of the most perfect models that ever sat to painter or sculptor; Mme. Odin comes second. Her blond tresses commanded a yard and a half long—a record of departed glories.—London Court Journal.

Dearest of an Empress.

The Empress Josephine once bought thirty-eight bonnets in one month. We do not know at what number her mighty husband drew the line, but it is a fact that, having learned that she had indulged herself with the acquisition of this number, he—when he one day went into the saloon leading to her apartment and found in it Mlle. Despaux, the milliner, with a huge pile of suspicious looking bandboxes—was so indignant at the loss of his wife making fresh purchases that he flew into such a passion and forced the man away, having *him to decide whether he would vent his* rage on poor Josephine, who was a prisoner with her feet in a foot bath, or on the milliner herself.

He did a little of both. He was so angry with Josephine that she was speechless with terror, and he sent for Savary, his minister of police, and ordered him to arrest Mlle. Despaux. She was sent to La Force immediately, and though her fear of Napoleon and horror of a night in prison made her ill, her fortune was probably made by this startling outbreak of imperial temper. Next day nearly every one in Paris flocked to see her, hear her story and condole with her. She never could have lacked custom after this.—Exchange.

The Mirror in Japan.

Hand mirrors of metal are still in common use in oriental countries. In China and Japan they are usually made of bronze, highly bronzed and about twelve inches in diameter. The Japanese woman who is so fortunate as to own a mirror regards it as the most precious of her possessions. There is a current myth to the effect that the Japanese sun goddess once became angry and shut herself up in her cave, so that all the earth was dark. To entice her from her concealment the other gods tried various artifices, but all in vain until it occurred to them to construct a mirror by which, when the sun goddess saw her face in it, she was drawn forth through jealousy and curiosity.

When the Japanese empire first came into existence she was goddess gave the mirror to her grandson, saying: "Look upon this as my spirit, keep it in the same house with yourself, and worship it as if it were my actual presence." This mirror is to this day the most important article in the imperial regalia of Japan.—Washington Star.

An Argument Against Lawn Tennis.

An English physician introduces a cogent argument against the use of a popular game. According to Dr. Keeley, "The girl's fingers will not thrill to her lover's clasp because they have lost their magnetic tenderness in an overuse of the tennis racket; his caress subdues her hypersensitive nerves."

Guido's firmest friend in England is Lady Paget, wife of the former ambassador at Rome. She figures in several of the painter's books.

A CRUEL FATE.

He Loved in Vain, but He Got Even Just the Same.

Eldorado Cardova was a Spaniard, vindictive, cruel, jealous and a tobacconist. He sold cigars by the box and loved Bridgetina McGinti, a beauteous maiden from the far, fair, ferventian shore, where the blue Mediterranean paints the Italian cliffs.

But Bridgetina loved another, handsome Richelieu de Rivoli, the Apollo Belvidere of County Cork.

And Richelieu was a corker.

How could she help but love him?

How could she help but marry him when he asked her?

She couldn't.

So she did.

And Eldorado was furious.

By thunder! but he was hot.

So hot, in fact, that his customers lit their cigars on his emotions for three weeks after Bridgetina answered to the name of Mrs. De Rivoli.

The first thought of a Spaniard who gets it in the neck is revenge, and Eldorado kept a large supply of first thought right where he could put his hand on it at a minute's notice.

Yet what he dissembled.

My, my, what a dissembler that Spaniard was, and Bridgetina never trembled.

She smiled her same pretty smiles on El-Dorado, and invited him to come up any time and call on her and her family, and a lot more of that sort of thing. Well, El-Dorado almost choked himself, smoked his own cigars at cost, in order to quiet his nerves.

One beautiful morn, Mrs. De Rivoli entered Cordova's Smokers' Emporium, and with a delightful little twitter of innocence, she informed him that she was about three fourths daft trying to think of something for her dear Richelieu's birthday present, but for the life of her she couldn't tell what to get him.

Eldorado's eyes glittered with a strange *new hope.*

His cruel lips curved all about it.

But he spoke not.

She stood there in deep thought for several moments.

"What a ninny I am," she broke forth at last. "Why, Mr. Cordova"—he ground his teeth at the "Mr."—"you have the very thing. I'll buy him a box of cigars. Won't that be just too lovely for anything?"

Eldorado's breath came thick and fast. His heart beat wild and the glitter in his eye grew glitterer.

"Allumbra be praised," he muttered, too low for her to hear, as he flung out a dozen boxes for her inspection.

She chose one with the prettiest pictures on it, with a peppy, girlish laugh gurgling over her sweet, red lips, she nodded adieu and went away to meet her husband.

Eldorado embraced himself to his throbbing bosom in an ecstacy of *delight.*

"Average!" he gurgled, and put the boxes back on the shelf.—Detroit Free Press.

After the First Daughter's Wedding.

Mrs. Mary A. Livermore tells this story: Two distinguished gentlemen, each of whom was quite well off, was to be married. She had purchased her trousseau, which was a gorgeous one, from the apartments of the world's most fashionable modiste. The bill reached way up into the hundreds, and was but a short step from a thousand. The ceremony and reception in their turn followed. All the brilliant characteristic of a nuptial of the society world. The fond parent looked anxiously on as he thought of the immense number of bills that would soon pour in for his sympathy, and silently came to the conclusion that it should be the last.

After the event had passed and the happy Mr. and Mrs. were speeding away in a Pullman enjoying all of the pleasantries of a honeymoon, he called his other daughter to him and surprised her somewhat by inquiring if she had any serious thoughts on matrimony.

"Why, papa," she exclaimed, "you know I have left all such things for you!"

"I know that," replied the father as he thought of his diminished bank account, "but will you ever have?"

"Why, of course," was the blushing maiden's reply; "you know all girls expect."

"Then," he answered, "when the final point comes just let me know in time and I will give you $1,000 and you and whoever it is may run off. Anything to get away from those trousseaus and receptions."—Washington Post.

Interruption.

Thomas Carlyle was a great talker on occasion, did not talk with people who, in his opinion, were not worth his talk. A young American once called on the sage of Cheyne Row with a letter of introduction from a friend.

Mr. Carlyle talked with him long enough to get the impression that the young man was a man to respect, then he left his own, and then relapsed into sullen silence, gazing the while steadily into the fire.

The visitor, who was much awed by the presence of the great man, sat in similar silence for several minutes. Then it occurred to him that his host was waiting for him to say something.

"Ah—Mr. Carlyle"— he began falteringly, "what a fine old neighborhood—ah —Chelsea is"—

"Don't interrupt me!" thundered Carlyle, looking up angrily.

"Ah, but Mr. Carlyle!" said the young man, in astonishment; "but you weren't saying anything!"

"Saying anything? No, you blockhead; you interrupted my silence!"—Youth's Companion.

A Mean Trick.

He—That was a mean trick of Brown Jones & Co., that large dry goods concern.

She—What did they do?

He—Advertised "circulars given away today," and all the women within ten miles went down to get one. When they *got there they found the circulars were* printed ones and not cloaks.—Cloak Review.

A Word of Encouragement.

Mr. Emerson Bean—Oh, yes, I've written poetry, of course, but I never have tried to have any of it published.

Miss Waldonia Hubb—Now, why don't you send it to some of the magazines. I've had some frightful stuff in them lately.—Jester.

Medical Advice.

Fair Patient—Doctor, I have sent for you to advise me as to diet. I must take part in four hops next week. What should I eat?

Doctor (gruffly)—Nothing but frogs' legs.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

Little Dick's Stratagem.

Little Dot—What you coughin so much for all of a sudden?

Little Dick—It's Saturday, an if I cough a hull lot mamma will think I've got a cold, an she'll be 'traid to wash me.—Good News.

Hotels.

THE ALBION.

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE.

SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

10 28 Pm

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable -:- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, O. p. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

JUST OUT.

The latest samples of bill tickets, masquerades, lodges, etc., programmes, menus, orders of dance, wedding invitations and fine stock generally, have just been received by THE NEWS Job Department. When you are in need of any kind of Job Work call and see samples.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

OUR GRAIN LEATHER

AND

CORK -:- SOLE -:- SHOES

Are just the thing for this weather. We also have a good assortment in double sole Calf Skin Shoes. Business is plenty. We sell you the BEST at the price others charge you for the "so so Goods."

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE.

21 W. FRONT STREET.

Great Overcoat Sale.

30 DAYS ONLY!

OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.

GENUINE : BARGAINS!

Call and examine before they are are all gone.

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

General Hardware and House-furnishings,

and STOVES.

Carpenter and Machinist Tools!

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

HARNESS and BLANKETS.

USUAL LOW PRICES. TELEPHONE CALL 188.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

Office:—

27 North Avenue.

A NEW STYLE

OF

D E R B Y

Out TO-DAY, at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK P. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smokestack building and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

50c. a Bottle

for

EMULSION

of

COD LIVER OIL,

with HYPOPHOSPHATES,

at

Williams' Pharmacy,

No. 60 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

Closing Out Sale!

SPLENDID BARGAINS!

WALL PAPER AT COST.

In order to lose out this year's stock of WALL PAPER to make room for New Goods,

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

(Successors to W. J. Adams, 29 East Front Street.)

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.

Something New Again at the 5 & 10c. Store.

3, 5, 7 and 10c. Counters. Things you many things for three cents that you formerly paid 5c. for, and many things for seven cents that you paid ten cents. Our counters are all loaded, and bargains indeed you now have offered you. We do not bind ourselves to keep this up long, so come while you have the chance. Also keep in mind that while we take to no premium, all others we are GIVING AWAY Five Different Styles of Valuable Books, viz.: "The Living World," "Buffalo Bill's Wild West," "Land and Sea," "The Beautiful Story" by Mr. Talmadge, and Webster's Encyclopedia, all handsomely and elaborately illustrated. We have these books on exhibition, and any child can get one with a little effort. We punch from a card that we give free to all purchases to the amount called, when the holder takes his choice of the books named for it. Any number may use the same card, so filling it sooner and securing a book quicker. Buy all your goods of us, and get one of those handsome books as a reward. Spring goods are coming in daily, and the wares we handle are used in every household. As you will want to stock up shortly, remember the card and gives us a call. We have twenty different styles of Toilet Soaps, also Combs and Brushes at prices the lowest. Stationery, Jewelry, Iron and Woodenware, and general housefurnishings, and for 10c. Royal Tooth Powder, anything better and purer is not known.

J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they can tell us fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have the BEST Feed, Barley, Oats and Corn Meal, Bran, and make a specialty of reclaimed Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

GO TO

CAREY'S NEW BEDDING STORE

for anything in the line of

Beds, Mattresses, Pillows, Bolsters, Quilts,

BLANKETS, RUGS, COUCHES, CHAIRS, ETC.

A full line of the above always on hand.

76, 78 and 80 West Front Street.

This Date in History—Feb. 8.

1556—Mary, first queen regent of England and stigmatized as "Bloody Mary," born at Greenwich Palace; died 1558.

1777—Dr. George Sewell, historian of the Quakers, died.

1820—William Tecumseh Sherman, soldier, born in Lancaster, O.; died 1891.

1861—Jefferson Davis elected president of the Confederate states; inaugurated QUEEN MARY. on the 18th.

1880—Military bill, after long and heated debate, passed by the German reichstag, increasing the army. Patrick O'Brien, member of parliament, sentenced to three months' imprisonment at Dublin for "incendiary speeches."

1880—Cardinal Joseph Pecci, brother of Pope Leo XIII, died in Rome.

1881—Sudden and destructive blizzard in Dakota, six persons frozen to death and many injured. Park Commissioner Waldo Hutchins died in New York city.

For sale.

Among many curious souvenirs of the French revolution, M. Maurice Vieschlinger quotes in "Les Almanachs de la Revolution" a notice of the sale of the "properties" of the Theatre des Troubadours. M. Leger, the proprietor, who evidently is a man who could lose money cheerfully and make a joke for his own consolation. His announcement read thus:

The Citizen Leger, director, actor and dramatist of the Theatre des Troubadours, having perceived for a long time that his receipts did not equal expenses, notifies the public that he will sell immediately and at a bargain:

Item—A sea, consisting of twelve waves, the twelfth of which is larger than the others, and a little damaged.

Item—A dozen and a half clouds edged with black and in good repair.

Item—A rainbow, somewhat faded.

Item—A beautiful snowstorm of flakes of Auvergne paper.

Item—Three bottles of lightning.

Item—A *setting sun, worth little, and a* new moon, rather old.

Item—A plume which has been worn only by Olimpus and the Duke of Essex.

Item—Othello's handkerchief and a pasha's mustache.

Item—Cleopatra's asp.

Item—A complete repast, consisting of four cardboard entrees, a cardboard pie and fowl of the same material, several oak bottles and a wax dessert.

Item—Five yards of tin chain, the clanking of which is beautiful and causes torrents of tears to flow.

1892 February. 1892						
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29					

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5 4:39 p.m.	Third Quarter	20 7:15 p.m.
Full Moon	12 2:39 p.m.	New Moon	27 10:49 p.m.

Writing : Paper

BY THE

POUND!

Old Sagamore Mills, 15c lb.

Envelopes to match, 5c. package.

Kensington Wave and Dunsmuir Linen, 25c. per lb.

Envelopes to match, 10c. package.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

BABY : LAUGHS

when mamma uses

ANTI-CHAP.

For children and infants There is no preparation so cleansing and healthful for the little ones as Anti-Chap.

Wash your baby with Anti-Chap Soap. Dust the baby with

ANTI-CHAP POWDER.

Papa, Mamma, Everybody should use the delightful Anti-Chap. Your druggist keeps it. 25 cents.

THE BEE HIVE

Men's Unbreakable Shirts, the "Prince," A quality, good linen bosom, heavy muslin, reinforced front and double back..... **50c.**

The "Pride," B quality; made of best muslin and fine linen bosom, the best shirt in the world..... **69c.**

Boys' "Pride" shirts..... **45c.**

Youths' "Pride," shirts, this sub-shirt can only be obtained at the "Bee Hive" in Plainfield..... **69c.**

Louis Callman

49 WEST FRONT STREET

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

85 per Year in Advance. | T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 43. Printing of All Kinds. | 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. | PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9 1892. | PRICE TWO CENTS

The Weather.

The weather promises to be generally clear and colder.

BREVITIES.

—The sun is getting up earlier in the morning.

—Polo at the Crescent Rink to-night—Plainfield vs. Bridgeport.

—There are 869 post offices in New Jersey, a net gain of 18 last year.

—Men were engaged to-day sorapling the surface mud off of West Front street.

—The new Park Place chapel connected with the M. E. church is to be dedicated next Sunday.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold a regular mid-week meeting Thursday evening at eight o'clock.

—The Township Committee audited the books of H. N. Spencer, collector of North Plainfield, yesterday and found them correct.

—The man who regularly reads his local newspaper is not the one who is taught on skin games and swindling schemes of various kinds.

—Freehand drawing will be graphically described by Mr. John Dalziel at the M. C. A. rooms on Thursday evening of this week at eight o'clock.

—It is drawing near "moving time" and the wise property owner who has, or will save, vacant houses, advertises that fact early and secures the best tenants.

—The Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a social in the Sunday-school room of the chapel this evening at eight o'clock.

—A number of Plainfielders yesterday enjoyed a day's "shoot" at South Plainfield. The affair was given under the auspices of the South Plainfield Gun Club.

—"The Training of the Memory" will be the subject of the popular talk to be given by the Rev. Dr. Hurlbut on Thursday, Feb. 18th. The admission will be free to both talks.

—The instructor in short hand at the M. C. A. will meet any ladies desiring instruction in this most useful art, this (Tuesday) evening at 7:30 o'clock in the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. association.

—Edsall gives a special invitation in other column to the readers of THE NEWS to call and see his extensive line of new Spring dress fabrics. He says it is the handsomest he has ever offered.

—"The Solicitor," is the title of a new comedy from the pen of J. H. Darnley, and purchased by Mr. Charles Frohman. It was a hit in London, and several other cities. What chiefly impelled Mr. Frohman to put it on the stage was its adaptability in the principal part to the abilities of Miss Ada Rehan—Ex. The above company will appear at Music Hall next Monday evening.

—The pastor of the Congregational church wishes to give to his people the following notice that should have been added him to read from the pulpit last Sunday. A church social for all members of the congregation and the Sunday school will be held in the church parlors this day evening of this week. An interesting musical programme has been arranged and refreshments will be served.

THAT NEW STREET.

Necessary Money Secured for Preliminary Expenses — Getting Down to Work.

A small number of property holders met in Spencers Hall last evening. Mr. Morton Smalley, was chairman and Mr. Riker secretary.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and then the various committees reported showing that the necessary money for preliminary expenses had been either paid or subscribed.

Messrs. J. Long, A. Winckler and L. Kalkew were appointed as commissioners and will commence work at once.

Organist Resigned Three Times.

Trouble has arisen in the First Presbyterian church over the question who shall manage the church music. Clarence L. Eick, the organist, has for some time been at odds with the music committee, of which John Bettman, a New York broker, and Fred C. Loundsbery of the Hastings Card company, are members. It is reported of the organist that he said of Mr. Bettman several days ago that Mr. Bettman "might run the music of this church, but shouldn't run me." This served to widen the breach between organist and committee, and things became so unpleasant for the former that twice he sent in his resignation. The church both times promptly refused to accept it. A few days ago, after the usual prelude of the Rev. Mr. Ketcham, the pastor, took the oratorio, "The Crucifixion" in church on Good Friday. He obtained the permit with the provision that the music committee also should consent. Mr. Eick neglected to ask the committee's permission, and when he was read from the pulpit of the church the oratorio entertainment the committee at once arose in arms. They were indignant that Mr. Eick, on impulse of the moment, resigned, and time his resignation was accepted. They say that many church members have taken to leave with Mr. Eick when he

SEEN—Died at Dunellen, N. J. Feb. 1892, Bessie Dinneen, aged 3 years, months, 13 days.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the services at the residence of her parents on Washington ave., Dunellen, Wednesday at 2.30 o'clock.

THE STATE FINANCES.

THE COMPTROLLER'S REPORT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.

What it Costs to Run the Different State Departments.

We give the summary below of the State Comptroller's report, as it appears in the pamphlet of 244 pages:

GENERAL STATEMENT OF STATE FUND RECEIPTS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING OCT. 31, 1891.

From Tax on Railroad and Canal Companies, payable with the year		$991,257 11
From Tax on Railroad and Canal Companies, payable in future years, and collected within the past year	$115,267 99	
Less am't return'd	1,250 00	114,017 99
		$1,046,005 10
From Tax on Miscellaneous Corporations, payable within the year		$265,014 02
From Tax on Miscellaneous Corporations, payable in future years, and collected during the past year	$50,130 45	
Less am't return'd	68 50	50,044 96
		$315,058 98
From Official Fees	$28,404 67	
From Fees paid upon and recording filing articles of Incorporation	91,479 26	
Fees, Exhibits, etc.	6,615 96	
Less amount disbursed	$126,499 89 / 7,499 89	119,000 00
From fees paid for Commissions issued by Governor		546 00
Total ordinary net receipts		$1,747,809 18
Refunded Direct Tax from U. S.		393,614 80
Total net receipts		$2,130,423 96
Balance on hand October 31, 1890		423,760 97
Total		$2,564,184 93

DISBURSEMENTS.

The total net disbursements of the State Fund amounted to $2,162,015 67. The ordinary disbursements aggregated the sum of $1,809,005 64, which amount includes the sum of $26,500 00 paid for expenses incurred in the previous but paid in the present fiscal year, as explained in detail hereafter. The extraordinary disbursements amounted to $716,358 79 and the special appropriations for the year aggregated the sum of $136,752 58. The following statements is condensed form explains the purposes for which the disbursements were made:

ORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS.

Court Expenses		$154,158 66
State Lunatic Asylums		116,009 70
Militia	$134,413 68	
Less amount received	4,079 09	
		130,330 59
County Lunatic Asylum		1,927 50
Advertising		26,294 20
Printing and Binding		30,874 46
State Prison Salaries		79,614 29
" " Maintenance		78,495 80
" " Repairs		4,000 00
Blind and Feeble Minded		71,977 97
State Charities		56,264 11
State House Expenses	$46,978 67	
Less amount received	2,004 94	
		44,914 43
Reform School		$43,740 67
Printing, Legislative		10,979 26
Clerical Service		26,730 96
Legislative Incidentals		38,000 00
State Board of Assessors		18,171 88
Geological Survey	$14,429 95	
Less amount received	600 00	
		13,829 95
Fisheries		10,708 17
Stationery and Postage		13,746 81
Daily Incidentals	$11,913 41	
Less am't rec'd from fines	2,000 00	
		9,913 41
Industrial School		11,522 71
Law Inspectors		11,170 60
Agricultural Experiment Station		10,966 21
Agriculture		7,990 99
Weights and Measures		7,695 24
State Board of Health		6,988 79
Law and Miscellaneous		6,888 19
Bureau of Statistics		3,898 77
Binding		3,810 00
Pensions		3,635 34
Soldiers' Relief		3,304 16
Washington Headquarters		2,500 00
Discharged Convicts	$2,500 00	
Less amount received	727 00	
		1,743 00
Incidentals		2,440 00
Insurance		2,299 80
Pierce Pyrometer		1,340 00
State Potteries		1,319 46
Sinking Fund Reports		677 71
Monmouth Battle Monuments		490 19
Gettysburg Monuments		197 36
Arbitration		51 87
Medical Examiners		40 46
Pilots		30 00
Total ordinary disbursements		$1,809,005 64

EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS.

Temporary Loans	$450,000 00	
Less amount received	50,000 00	
		$400,000 00
Interest on temporary loans	$10,230 16	
Rebuilding assembly chamber	20,858 44	
Public debt	1,340 00	
Loans to sinking fund	41,387 00	
Alterations and additions to State House	35,096 45	
State Capitol	$94,999 79	
Less am't rec'd	127 47	
		94,792 32
Tax Commission		4,158 15
Incidental bill of 1890		7,059 84
State prison library, repairs and books		7,289 97
Contested election, Stahr v. McIlvaine		5,005 84
Electric lighting		909 26
		$716,358 07

SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS.

State lunatic asylum, Trenton, Act of 1887	$30,000 00
Purchase of Experimental Farm, Acts 1888 and 1889	64,585 27
Agricultural Experiment Station, Act of 1888	5,500 00
Furnishing new capitol, Act of 1890	11,210 53
Home for Disabled Soldiers, Act of 1890	5,000 00
Preservation of Records, Act of 1890	5,000 00
Gettysburg Monuments, Act of 1890	800 00
Weather Service, Act of '90	811 03
State prison library, " " "	300 00
Smith History, " " "	73 20
	$129,079 83
Home for Disabled Soldiers	$34,000 00
Agricultural Experiment Station	5,000 00
Industrial School, Act of '91	1,150 00
Food Fishes, Act of 1891	2,500 00
Sherman obsequies, Act of '91	621 70
	27,671 70
	$136,752 58
Total disbursements	$2,162,015 67
Balance on hand October 31st, 1891	402,168 26
Total net receipts	$2,564,184 93
Total	$2,564,184 93
Total net receipts	$2,130,423 96
Balance on hand October 31, 1891	$402,168 26

Republicans to Celebrate Lincoln's Birthday.

The U. S. Grant Republican Club and Republicans generally are to meet at Spencer's Hall, Friday evening, Feb. 11th, at eight o'clock, to commemorate the anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln.

MONTHLY BUSINESS MEETING P. BI C.

To Entertain the Boy's Club Soon.—New Members Admitted. — Capt. Martin's Gift.

A regular monthly business meeting of the Plainfield Bicycle Club was held last evening in the Club House on Sycamore street. President T. S. Burr presided. Sect. Lenox read minutes of last meeting which were approved.

Messrs. J. J. Costales, E. H. Bonnell, Nand A. Thorowth were elected members of the Club. Three resignations were accepted.

Mr. Roger Murray gave notice that a resolution to change certain parts of the constitution and by-laws would be presented at the next meeting. The changes are that the Club cease to belong to the League of American Wheelmen and that the age of would-be members be changed from eighteen to sixteen.

The Club will give the members of the Boy's Club an entertainment soon, consisting of athletic sport, boxing, fencing and work on the apparatus.

The neat little workshop of Mr. Martin's opposite the Club House was offered by the owner to the Club to be used as a much needed wheelroom. The Club promptly accepted the generous offer with thanks, and Messrs. Murray, Marsh and Mahon were appointed as a committee to see to its immediate removal to Club property. The meeting then adjourned.

Publishers In Session.

The second annual meeting of the New Jersey State Publishers took place yesterday afternoon in the Hotel Windsor, Trenton. Resolutions were adopted asking for the repeal of the law giving the German press certain privileges not accorded newspapers published in the English language in the matter of legal advertising; declaring that the law giving the privileges was illegally passed; favoring a wider distribution of the laws through the press, and demanding that the circulation and the standing of a paper, not personal reasons, should govern the State in the allotment of papers to publish the laws. A committee will be appointed to inform every publisher in the State of the above.

Officers elected for the ensuing year were:

President, T. W. Morrison, PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS; Vice-President, Senator H. D. Winton, Hackensack Democrat; Secy J. M. Simerson, Warren Journal; Treasurer, Edgar Inman, Orange Journal.

Mr. Morrison was unanimously re-elected President yesterday for the third time, and last week was elected Vice-President of the New Jersey Editorial Association.

The following were appointed delegates to represent the Union at the National Convention: H. C. Page, J. W. Cliff, H. B. Rolliuson, Edgar Williams and Geo. Sutphen.

The Union has among its members nearly all the leading publishers of New Jersey, and is a strictly business organization.

PERSONAL.

Mr. John Parsons of Lambertville, N. J., is visiting friends in this city.

Policeman Lynch has so far recovered from his prolonged illness from the grip as to be able to do duty.

The engagement of Mr. Elon S. Rogers of this city and Miss Emma S. Vreeland of East Millstone is announced.

Mr. Charles Mattison, Flemington, today removed his family from that place to North Plainfield. They will reside on Linden avenue.

At the Monroe avenue chapel Friday evening, the Rev. Dr. J. L. Hurlbut will deliver a lecture on "The Lands of the Old Testament Stories."

Mr. Howard M. Martin, brother of Mr. F. L. C. Martin, and well-known here, returned to-day from Seattle, Washington where he has been engaged in business for the past three years.

Bessie Dinneen died at the home of her parents in Dunellen yesterday. Deceased was in the fourth year of her age. Funeral will take place from her late residence in that place tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock.

Prof. Tyler, who will lecture on Feb. 17th, on the interesting subject, "Animal Intelligence," the first of the course of lectures for the benefit of the Public Library, the proceeds of which will be devoted to the purchase of new books for the free use of the public, is a brother of Mr. Moses W. Tyler of this city. Prof. Tyler is from Amherst College.

The Melopoia met at the residence of Mr. Charles Fisk on Seventh street last evening for practice. During the evening a large standing lamp flared up and the glass fell to the floor. Several gentlemen attempted to blow the flame out, without success. Mr. Fisk, who is one of the most active and conscientious members of Alert Hose Company, then came to the rescue and the flame died a sudden death, the damage was slight and consisted of one broken globe and a few scorched books. The presence of mind made but a slight break in the society's practice. Mr. F. H. Andrews proved an able leader in the absence of Mr. Chapman.

WILL SUE THE COMPANY.

Mrs. Bradley Claims That Her Husband Was Killed by Criminal Negligence.

Mrs. Patrick Bradley, whose husband was killed in the collision on the P. & R. Railroad, at the bridge which will span the ocean, sues for damages as she says her husband was killed by criminal negligence on the part of the company. Mrs. Bradley and two brothers of the deceased visited Bound Brook Sunday afternoon and claim to have obtained some very important evidence.

Yesterday Undertaker Casey finished the remains of the unfortunate man for his home in Philadelphia.

The other train hands censure the engineer and are varying in threats. They claim that he had time to do so, but say that he did not even say a word but jumped himself.

The family are heart-broken over the sad affair.

STATE LEGISLATORS.

O'NEILL OUTWITTED IN HIS EFFORTS TO REDUCE THE APPROPRIATION.

Before he Realized it the Adverse Report had Been Concurred in Mr. O'Neill Talked of the Need of School-Houses in Jersey City.

TRENTON, Feb. 8.—P. H. O'Neill had a great time of it last night, and he had an audience that might inspire any stargazer. The Free Library bill produced by that distinguished gentleman was the text for his oration. The purpose of it is to give Jersey City an appropriation to $10,000, and somehow or other most of the people in New Jersey, so far as heard from, appear to be against it. The committee to which the bill was referred made an adverse report. Mr. O'Neill call up the report for the purpose of talking on it, but before he realized what was going on the adverse report was concurred in. That didn't suit Mr. O'Neill, because it shut off the speech he had prepared.

After some filibustering the House extended to him the privilege of freeing his mind. Then the doughty warrior rallied in. He declared that there was a a misapprehension about the bill, which really gave discretionary power to the Board of Finance. In fact, the bill could be heard all through the building Mr. O'Neill declared that it was a shame to spend so much as was being spent for library purposes, while the poor children had no school accommodations. He said that there were 8,500 school children without that accommodation in Jersey City, and 3,000 had actually been turned away from the doors. If there were ample school facilities he would not object to having a library on every block.

The bill limiting the appropriation was approved by some of the leading citizens of Jersey City and by the Corporation Counsel. Mr. Weary made an eloquent defense of the library. He said the institution would not run up $10,000 a year. Mr. Heany declared that free libraries gave to young men opportunities for self-culture and that in this and all other countries showed that such opportunities were of incalculable value. The Jersey City library was a popular institution and it was becoming more so all the time.

Mr. Ketcham spoke of the Newark free library and the good it was doing. He said he had been appalled by the condition of things as described by Mr. O'Neill, and said that the best way to change things was to elect a Republican Common Council. Another way he could help in the public schools was to vote down all city increase bills for Jersey City, and hand the money over to the schools.

Mr. O'Neill retorted that the result of Republican rule in Jersey City was to leave the city a legacy of ten or twelve thousand defalcations. Referring to Mr. Ketcham, he said that the kind of literature the young men got from that institution was "Tommy Bounce's Black Hunter" and similar works.

Mr. Ketcham said that there was money appropriated to provide school accommodation, but the Board of Finance would not issue the bonds. The Jersey City library was a boon to the people, and he showed by the fact that 136,000 books had been taken out in seven months. Mr. Potts spoke about Mr. O'Neill's bills to increase salaries, and said he had failed to find one to amend somewhere to increase Mr. O'Neill's own salary from $1,000 to $5,000.

"I don't get $4,000," said Mr. O'Neill.

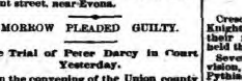
"When that bill comes up I'm prepared to move to have you get $4,000, if not more," retorted Mr. Potts.

A motion to re-consider was voted down, amid laughter.

A bill to have public school pupils taught the effects of alcohol upon the human system passed third reading. It will hardly get through the Senate so easily. A bill setting off Verona as a new township passed both houses.

Mr. Cole introduced a bill making two years' habitual drunkenness a cause for divorce.

Mr. Cavanagh of Essex is the father of a legislative proposition requiring that municipalities shall pay $2 per day to laborers for a day of eight hours. A typewriter of the act paying Grand Jurors was lost.



A Case of Destination.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS.—Will you please call attention to the condition of a poor family recently referred to in your paper, giving Mrs. Lee's address. I saw her to-day and found her and her children so sick that they were unable to get to the papers. The poor mother told me that she had not a thing to give her children to eat and that they were living on bread and water since Saturday last. I do wish the city would look after them a little. I feel so sorry for them but I am not able to help them. I gave her fifty cents to-day and I hope that you will put this in your paper for their benefit that the people may know what destitute circumstances they are in.

MRS. L. D. WILLIAMS.

Mrs. Palmer resides at No. 3, Eight Row Front street, near Evens.

MORROW PLEADED GUILTY.

The Trial of Peter Darcy in Court Yesterday.

On the convening of the Union county court of general quarter sessions yesterday morning, Prosecutor Marsh moved the indictment against Peter Darcy, Charles Connell and James Morrow, for the larceny of lumber from the Singer Sewing Machine Co.

Connell pleaded guilty and testified for the State. Morrow also contracted his plea of not guilty and pleaded non vult.

Darcy denied any complicity in the robbery, alleging that he was engaged by Connell to help in carting the lumber from the depot to the place where it was disposed. He was acting, he said, in the capacity of a "longshoreman, and had no knowledge of the robbery.

Hon. John T. Dunn defends Darcy. The trial is still on.

Polo Game To-Night.

What promises to be an interesting game of polo will be played to-night between the Bridgeport team and the Plainfield team at the Crescent Rink, as advertised elsewhere. For scientific play and team work, the home team have usually proved superior.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THREE KILLED AND FOUR INJURED

A Freight Engine Blows Up on a Steep Grade on the Philadelphia and Reading.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 9th. (Special.)—When half way between Wayne Junction and Nicetown, on the Bound Brook tracks of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad, at 10.15 o'clock last night, engine No. 180, while pushing freight train No. 504 up a steep grade, blew up with terrific force, killing three men and injuring four others. Two of the injured will die.

The killed are:

George Reardon, fireman.

Harvey Moore, brakeman.

An unknown man.

The injured are: Hugh Dougherty, fatally; John J. Moore, brakeman, fatally; John Buck, brakeman, badly; Jerome D. Miller; brakeman, badly.

The engine turned completely over on its side, while the force of the explosion sent immense blocks of iron through the air for hundreds of yards.

HALLINGER GETS A STAY.

The Jersey City Murderer will Not be Hanged To-Morrow.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 9th, (Special.)—This morning Judge Green, in the United State District Court, granted an order staying the execution of Hallinger, the negro wife murderer of Jersey City, until after his appeal shall have been learned.

Hallinger was to have been hanged tomorrow.

JEREMIAH COTTO MUST DIE.

The Sentence of the Italian Confirmed To-day.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 9th. (Special.)—The Courts of Appeals this morning decided that Jeremiah Cotto, the Italian now awaiting death at Sing Sing by electricity, must abide by the judgment of the lower court and die.

Sixteen Bodies Recovered.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9th, (Special.)—Sixteen bodies in all have been recovered from the fire at the Hotel Royal. Two women were found clasped in each others arms. Only six bodies have been identified.

The Third Ragan Lecture.

The following works are in the Public Library on the subject of the third Ragan lecture.

Blackanar, F. W.—Spanish Institutions of the southwest.

Dilke, Sir C.—Greater Britain.

Dixon, W. H.—New America.

Hayden, F. S.—Wonderland.

Ingersoll, E.—Cavern in Colorado (In Century, v. 2)

Ingersoll, E.—Crest of the Continent.

Jackson, H. H.—Bits of Travel at Home.

Hitch, F. G.—Aztlan.

Stevens, T.—Cruise of Rockabout Club in Tropics.

REFERENCE WORKS.

Cushing, F. H.—Pueblo pottery. Illust. (In rept. of Bureau of ethnology, 1889-3.)

Jackson, H. H.—Among the sky-lines in Colorado. (Atlant. v. 60.)

Jackson, H. H.—O-be-joyful Creek, and Poverty Gulch. (Atlant. v. 60.)

James, J. T.—Desert of Colorado (Popular sci. mo. v. 20.)

Holmes, W. H.—Pottery of the Ancient Pueblos. Illust. (In Rpt. of Bureat of ethnol, 1889-3.

Rideing, W.—Trail in the far Southwest. (Harper, v 83.)

Stanton, R. B.—Grand canon of the Colorado river. (Scrib. v. 8.)

Stevenson, Ja.—Collections obtained from the Pueblos of New Mexico. (In Rpt of Bureau of Ethnology, 1881-2.)

VanWagenen, T. F.—Silver Camp of Colorado. (Cosmopolitan, May, 1891.)

Walker, J. B.—Denver. (Cosmopolitan, v. 9.)

Father and Son Dangerously Hurt.

Jacob Schwartz and his son Frank, prominent men of Linden, N. J., while driving in Grand street, Rahway, last evening, came into collision with a heavy truck. They were both thrown from the carriage. The father was believed to have received fatal injuries from the result of which his recovery is doubtful, while the son was seriously hurt. Both were taken to their home in Linden. The accident was the result of careless driving.

K. of P. Notes.

Crescent Division, Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias, will elect officers at their regular monthly meeting to be held this evening.

Several members of the Crescent Division, Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias, went to Elizabeth last evening and attended the reception given by Unity Division, of that place. They report having had a good time.

Hornby's Oats

Is it expensive?
As an oat meal—
Yes—

H-O.

As the best oat-food, it costs less than a cent for a meal for four.

Is the best too good for you?

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

23 to 29 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

OUR GRAIN LEATHER AND CORK SOLE SHOES

Are just the thing for this weather. We also have a good assortment in double sole Calf Skin Shoes. Rubbers in plenty. We sell you the BEST at the price others charge you for the "No Goods."

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE.

24 W. FRONT STREET.

Great Overcoat Sale.

30 DAYS ONLY!

OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.

GENUINE : BARGAINS!

Call and examine before they are are all gone.

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE,

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following Ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council, read the second time and ordered engrossed preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

Plainfield, N. J., February 2, 1892.

AN ORDINANCE

To repeal the Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for the Obtaining and Furnishing a Supply of Water to the City of Plainfield for the Purpose of Extinguishing Fires and Other Lawful Uses and Purposes."

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That the ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for the Obtaining and Furnishing of a Supply of Water to the City of Plainfield for the Purpose of Extinguishing Fires and Other Lawful Uses and Purposes," adopted by the Common Council of said City, on the 2nd day of August 21, 1891, notwithstanding the objection of the Mayor, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Fees—$2.70.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following Ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council, read the second time and ordered engrossed preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

Plainfield, N. J., February 2, 1892.

AN ORDINANCE

To repeal an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for Sewerage in the City of Plainfield" adopted by the Common Council October 19th, 1891, and the Mayor, and the same is hereby repealed.

Fees—$2.70.

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE DIME SAVING INSTITUTION, of Plainfield, N. J., JANUARY 1, 1892

ASSETS.

Loans on Bond and Mortgages first liens		$135,100 00
Value of property mortgd $284,150		
Build'g not insured for	20,400	
PAR VALUE.	MARKET VALUE.	
42,000 Union County Bonds	43,140 00	
17,000 North Plainfield school bonds	17,595 10	
2,000 " " Fire Dep't do	2,000 00	
10,000 Jersey City Water Bonds	10,650 00	
16,000 Scotch Plains School District No. 14 Bonds	16,000 00	
9,700 Dunellen School District No. 2, Dunellen, N. J.	9,700 00	
1,000 North Plainfield Twp bonds	1,000 00	
Demand loans secured by stocks	26,600 00	
Interest due and accrued	4,619 00	
Furniture and fixture account	1,400 00	
Cash in banks	19,712 84	
Cash in office	662 15	
		$275,787 69

LIABILITIES

Amount due depositors	$267,271 00
Surplus	8,466 69
	$275,787 69

State of New Jersey, } ss.
County of Union, }

I, John W. Murray, President, and Elias R. Pope, Treasurer, of the Dime Savings Institution, being duly sworn, depose and say, each for himself, that the statement above is true and correct, and shows the actual condition of the said Institution on the first day of January, 1892.

JOHN W. MURRAY,
ELIAS R. POPE.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this twentieth day of January, 1892.

JAMES C. POPE, Notary Public.

We, the undersigned committee, made an examination of the books, vouchers, assets and liabilities of the said Institution, with schedules attached, and found this a true exhibit of the assets and liabilities of said Institution on January 1, 1892.

J. PAUL RICHARD,
FRANCIS H. GARDNER,
J. B. COWARD,
Committee.

2 2 10

Cent-a-Word Column.

A YOUNG colored girl, recently from the South, wants a place as second girl. Call for two days at 133 West Seventh street.

BOARDERS Wanted—Large sunny room, with board. References. 80 East Front street.

FOR SALE—A $100 Yost typewriter. Has had but little wear and will be sold at a marked reduction. Address 1 West Fifth street.

FIRST-class waist finisher wanted. Only first-class operator need apply. Address "Immediate," care of EVENING NEWS. 2 2tf

FOUR room house to rent. $8 month. Store garden. Only a few blocks from Post Office. Call at NEWS office. 2 7tf

HAVE you a house for sale or to rent? Try advertising it in this column

LARGE boarding house in a city of over 100,000 population, in a most desirable location, full of good paying boarders, will be sold upon easy terms. The proprietor's failing health is the reason of selling. The house is completely furnished. For further particulars and terms address "O," care of EVENING NEWS. 2 4 eod

ONLY $15 A MONTH—An eight-room house, large garden, fruit trees and grapes. Occupancy at once. 60 Manning avenue. Key for back entrance at No. 70. 2

ON and after March 31st, the farm owned by the late Hugh Hindmarsh will cease to be open for rental. For terms address "Company," care of EVENING NEWS. 2 6

THINK OF IT! A nine acre farm, right close to Plainfield, with a house of 12 large rooms and commodious barn, both in thorough order for $4,000, if bought at once. This is the best bargain in the market for anyone wanting a rich farm. Address "R" care of EVENING NEWS. 2-6-eodtf

WHEN you wish to secure help, put an advertisement in this column.

WANTED—A roster for a nine farm of over twenty acres, situated twenty minutes drive from Bound Brook. Address "Owner," care of EVENING NEWS. 2 6 eod

Amusements.

POLO! POLO!!

AT CRESCENT RINK.

Tuesday, Feb. 9th,

Bridgeports,

of Conn., vs.

Plainfields.

Game called at 8.45.

RINK HEATED BY STEAM.

Good Music.

2 8 J. W. ALLEN, Manager.

MUSIC HALL!

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 12.

The coming event, Laughing orations to the favorite, Henry E. Dixey, and company, under the management of Charles Frohman, in the latest comedy success,

THE SOLICITOR,

as played 100 nights in New York. Preceded at 8 o'clock by the one-act farce entitled,

A TANGLED SKEIN.

The players—Miss Virginia Buchanan, Miss Charlotte Rose, Miss Mary Greenwald, Miss Belle Buckley, Miss Fannie Colon, Mr. Louis Bates, Robert Hickman, Joseph Frankau, Arthur Lewis, Frank Worthington, Barter, Samuel Dwight, J. W. Gleason, and others. Seats now on sale.

Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscribers, executors of Frances L. Earle, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans Court of Union County, on Wednesday, the thirteenth day of April, next. CROWELL HARDING,

Dated February, 1892. 2 9 6

EDITORIAL NOTES

A London fireworks manufacturer will furnish the illumination for the opening of the World's fair at Chicago. The fireworks will be on a scale of magnificence unwitnessed heretofore on earth, it is said. In fact there is only one imaginable locality in which these fireworks could be surpassed.

The community always breathes again after the turning point of the winter has been passed and the weather has been fond cold enough to permit sufficient ice cutting to make it sure that the weary toiler in life's mart will not have to surrender more than half his week's wages in summer to the iceman.

The prominent workers at the National American Woman Suffrage convention, at Washington, reported that they felt "greatly encouraged by the success of the past year." All the same the women of Massachusetts did not cast nearly so large a vote at the school election in 1891 as they did three years ago.

New Jersey fires the first gun in the valiant mud crusade this winter. She holds a convention to take measures for road improvement. Bicycle riders have urged on the movement and are prominent in it. But a battalion of angels from heaven couldn't move some of the benighted old hunkers of this country to better our disgraceful highways.

Hon. Galusha A. Grow was speaker of the house during the Thirty-seventh congress, 1861-3. He went to live in the mountains of Pennsylvania forty years ago because his health was so delicate there was a prospect he would fill an early grave. Recently when his portrait and that of Mr. Randall were presented to the house Mr. Grow witnessed the ceremony, and his health is not delicate any more.

About Slums.

Commissioner of Labor Carroll Wright furnishes to The Popular Science Monthly a paper on the growth and population tendencies of cities which is encouraging from the humanitarian point of view.

The first point that claims attention is the remarkable increase of our city population. For census purposes a town containing not less than 8,000 persons is classed as a city. Starting from this basis, when the first United States census was taken in 1790, only 3.35 per cent. of our population dwelt in cities. In 1890, 29.12 per cent. lived in cities. In the North Atlantic division of states more than 50 per cent. of the people now are urban dwellers. In 1880 only one city, New York, had a population of more than a million. Now there are three, Chicago and Philadelphia having been added.

In reference to the slums of the great cities Mr. Wright finds that they are proportionally diminishing in population instead of increasing. In Boston New York and Philadelphia he has carefully noted the population of the tenement house areas, or "congested districts," as he calls them. He finds that the people are steadily rooted out by the encroachment of business houses and manufacturing establishments upon their quarters. Their old wretched are cleaned out and fine business structures take the place. The people must go somewhere, however. Slum population will make slums somewhere else unless as Professor Alfred Russell Wallace cheerfully believes, it dies off, bearing in itself the elements of decay and destruction.

Best Society.

Mr. Ward McAllister, the original founder of the Four Hundred, is credited with saying that he thought it well to have a great New Year's ball annually in order to introduce new people to one another and enlarge the ranks of best society. Mr. McAllister is not often quoted as saying anything so wise as this, and we may hope the story is true for the best society is that which, within certain limits, contains the most variety. A society where all the people think alike and dress alike, and have exactly the same round of conventionalities is unspeakably stupid. Nobody can learn anything from anybody else because all know precisely the same things already. It is like a husband and wife who have been together so much that they bore each other.

To belong to best society a person must be well educated, refined and polished. He must also be of good moral character, and have money enough to maintain himself with dignity in the society in which he moves or wishes to move. But when these requirements are filled, that is sufficient. No stupid considerations of caste, family or occupation should be crime. If they do then society will inevitably shut off from itself many who would be the brightest stars in its firmament.

The rule of society should be: Take up anybody who is interesting if the person has good manners and good morals. The following out of this plan makes the society of Washington the most brilliant and fascinating in America. If the leaders are taken in some times by accepting for a brief space the wrong person, the mistake is speedily rectified and the general gain that accrues to society in brilliancy and variety is far greater than the damage done.

AN ECSTASY OF TERROR.

McIlvaine Had to Be Half Carried to the Fatal Chair.

THE DEATH SCENE WAS REVOLTING.

Two Contacts Were Required to Kill the Writhing Wretch, Who Groaned and Opened and Rolled His Eyes After the First Shock—His Flesh Burned.

SING SING, N. Y., Feb. 9.—The horrible scenes attending the previous electrocutions were re-enacted in the execution here of Charles McIlvaine, the ruffian who murdered Grocer Christian Lucas, of Brooklyn. Reporters for the first time were permitted to be present under the new law. When all the witnesses were assembled in the chamber where the fatal tragedy was to be enacted Warden Brown and Principal Keeper Connaughton appeared at the entrance to the room, followed by McIlvaine, supported on either side by a keeper.

McIlvaine was apparently calm, but had to be half carried to the chair. He muttered as he advanced toward the death chair, holding a crucifix in his hand. He was followed by Fathers Creden and Smythe. He prayed while the officers placed him in the chair and tightened the straps at the arms and legs.

"Oh, Jesus, save me."

These were the words of the man as the straps were being adjusted, and he uttered them in an ecstasy of agony.

An Experiment Tried.

Dr. Macdonald had said, quietly, while the straps were being adjusted: "In the execution of McIlvaine a new method, suggested by Mr. Thomas A. Edison, will be tried. Instead of applying the electrodes to the head and the calves of the legs the current will be sent through the body by way of the arms, the electrodes being applied to the bare head and to either hand. If it is not successful the change to the old method can be instantly made."

McIlvaine's hands were placed in small boxes and held there by straps. The boxes were filled with salt water. Then when all was ready, and just as the warden turned to give the signal for turning on the current, he shouted wildly:

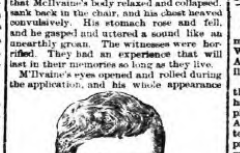
"Let her go."

The words were almost cut off by the electrical shock. The body straightened out with the power of a Hercules and water dripped from the tightly shut lips. Smoke arose in little puffs clouds from the water, thin and white like steam. Dr. Macdonald made a quick move, and in response to it the current was cut off. The doctor hurried to unstrap the electrodes from the hands to the calves of the legs, slits for which had been made in the prisoner's trousers.

A Horrible Spectacle.

Not so quickly was it done, however, but that McIlvaine's body relaxed and collapsed. He fell from the chair, and his chest heaved convulsively. His stomach rose and fell, and he gasped and uttered a sound like an unearthly groan. The witnesses were horrified. They had an experience that will last in their memories so long as they live.

McIlvaine's eyes opened and rolled during the application, and his whole appearance



CHARLES MCILVAINE.

was that of one in great agony, but the physicians said that he was unconscious, and that these apparent throes of suffering were but the muscular action produced by the action of the electric fluid.

Dr. Macdonald broke the sepulchral silence of the death chamber, remarking very, very quietly: "This is steaming; is not burning." But an undeniable odor of burning flesh pervaded the room.

When the current was turned off the body relaxed and doubled up in the chair, and McIlvaine's hands in the model so successful as the old method."

The medical men present all agreed that McIlvaine suffered no pain; that he was stricken into unconsciousness so quickly that any pain that a lesser shock might have given did not have time to travel to the brain and to the nerve centers sensibilities before those sensibilities were dead and past feeling.

Burned as with a Red Hot Iron.

Immediately the body was released from its fastenings and lifted to a dissecting table, which had been prepared in the room. It was stripped of its clothing, when it was found that the right leg, directly under the knee, where the electrodes were applied, was burned over an area as large as a man's hand. The burn looked as if it might have been both burned and scalded to a depth of half an inch or more. It could not have been more effectually done with a red hot iron. There were no burns on the wrists where the electrodes were applied in the "experiment" of the first current and there was a small burn over the left eye. Otherwise, the body was that of a robust, well nourished man.

Father and Son Dead in Bed.

AURORA, Ills., Feb. 9.—George Andrews and his son Frank were found dead in bed. Mrs. Andrews says her husband and son each took a dose of quinine before retiring, but the circumstances seem to indicate morphine poisoning. An investigation is in progress.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

A Bill Will Be Introduced to Repeal the Electrical Execution Law.

ALBANY, Feb. 9.—After the reading of the journal Senator Edwards handed in a petition from Fredonia asking for the closing of the World's fair on Sunday, and Senator McMillan offered another one from the Women's Christian Temperance union. From the same citizens and from the same society came petitions concerning the employment of women and children and against the excise bill now before the legislature. Senators McClellan, Smith, Donaldson and Parsons offered similar petitions, and in all about thirty petitions were received. The petitions were about equally divided as protesting against the excise bill, the employment of women as barmaids and the opening of New York's exhibit at the World's Columbian exhibition Sundays.

When the anti-Pinkerton bill was reported from the assembly it was ordered to a third reading.

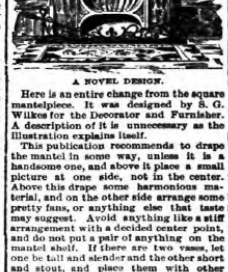
In the assembly Mr. O'Connor presented a communication from the Journeymen Stonecutters' association protesting against the dressing of stone for the capitol by contract. It was referred to the ways and means committee.

The reading of bills was taken up, and a number of code amendments were advanced to a third reading, among them one introduced by Mr. Sullivan, increasing the possible fine for corporations from $500 to $5,000. Also Mr. Varney's, prescribing punishment for meddling with brakes on railroad trains. Also Mr. Hirth's bill appropriating $25,000 for publishing peleontology of the state, etc. Also Mr. Maltby's, appropriating $38,500 for the St. Lawrence hospital.

Assemblyman Stein will introduce a bill to repeal the electrical execution law, which he denounces as barbarous.

FASHIONS

A Wood Mantel.



A NOVEL DESIGN.

Here is an entire change from the square mantelpiece. It was designed by S. G. Wilkes for the Decorator and Furnisher. A description of it is unnecessary as the illustration explains itself.

This publication recommends to drape the mantel in some way, unless it is a handsome one, and above it place a small picture at one side, not in the center. Above this drape some handsome material, and on the other side arrange some pretty fans, or anything else that taste may suggest. Avoid anything like a stiff arrangement with a decided center point, and do not put a pair of anything on the mantel shelf. If there are two vases, let one be tall and slender and the other short and stout, and place them with other bric-a-brac on either side of them.

Killed by an Explosion.

MANAYUNK, Pa., Feb. 9.—Charles Harris, seventeen years, was killed, and John Sheridan, eighteen years; Frank and Stanley Shirley, seventeen and fifteen years, and William and Charles Fahringer, thirteen and fifteen years, were severely injured by the explosion of dynamite and powder in a Manayunk shanty.

Mcilvaine's Widow Defeated.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—The surgical man has rejected the application of the widow of Mcilvaine to sell and dispose of the pictures left by the artist, and decided in favor of the children by the first wife, who wish to keep them together.

Silver Purchases.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The treasury department today purchased 480,000 ounces of silver, as follows: 50,000 ounces at .9075, 50,000 at .9076, 50,000 at .9077, 50,000 at .9078, 80,000 at .9080, 25,000 at .9085, and 150,000 at .9090.

Harriott Will Plead Insanity.

FREEHOLD, N. J., Feb. 9.—Louis Harriott was placed on trial here charged with having murdered Mrs. Charles T. Leonard at the Atlantic Highlands last November. A jury was selected. The defense will be insanity.

Manning's Promise to Gladstone.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—Mr Gladstone writes: "I believe that Cardinal Manning kept the promise he made to me in 1851, to remember me before God at the most solemn moments—a promise I greatly valued."

Mayor Wyman's Trial Begun.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 9.—The trial of Mayor Wyman, of Allegheny City, on the charges of extortion and embezzlement—four counts—was begun in the criminal court, Judge Kennedy presiding.

Reid's Resignation Requested.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Secretary Foster has requested the resignation of A. W. Reid, assistant United States register. Mr. Reid is a Cleveland "bold over."

The Fatal Cigarette Again.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., Feb. 9.—John Romeport, a fourteen-year-old boy, died here from the effects of cigarette smoking. His body is much discolored.

Another Bank Fails.

MOBERAD, Minn., Feb. 9.—The Merchants bank closed its doors with $175,000 on deposit. Much of the county money is included.

The Philadelphia at Montevideo.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The United States steamer Philadelphia, the flagship of Admiral Gerhardt, arrived at Montevideo.

For the Starving Russians.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Feb. 9.—A fund has been started for the starving Russians. Over $300 has already been subscribed.

Bad for Germany.

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 9.—The chamber of commerce of this city has declared that all Germany is afflicted with the rinderpest.

DIGGING UP THE VICTIMS

Twelve Charred Bodies Taken from Gotham's Fire Trap.

FIFTY-EIGHT ARE STILL MISSING.

The Work of Excavating the Ruins Has Hardly Begun and Already the Stenches of Decomposition Begin to Arise—Only Five of the Victims Identified.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—It is not yet known how many persons met death in the appalling disaster which followed the outbreak of fire at the Hotel Royal, and there is almost absolutely nothing on which to base a correct estimate of the number of those who perished.

It is positively known that there were 152 persons in the hotel at the time of the fire and of these eighty-two are known to be safe. Twelve bodies have been recovered, which leaves fifty-eight persons unaccounted for. That some of these escaped is certain, and it is equally certain that a good portion of those escaping, perhaps all, will forever keep their identity secret for obvious reasons. Many of the names given at the hotel on the evening of the fire are probably false, and were given by those who registered with women not their wives. The hotel had a large and wealthy patronage of this kind.

Only when the last piece of debris has been removed from the ruins will the number of dead be positively ascertained.

The bodies of those who perished by jumping from the windows of the burning building to the street in their frantic flight from the death dealing flames have been re-

THE HOTEL ROYAL.

covered. They lie in coffins at the morgue. The excavation of the ruins and the removal of the debris has hardly been begun. It will be several days before the work is finished.

Indentification Impossible.

Doubtless many more bodies are buried beneath the ruins. Five bodies have been identified. It is not yet known what names seven of the bodies bore in life. Twenty-three injured persons are in the hospitals of the city or are being cared for at other hotels or at the homes of friends.

The extent of the disaster grows with every hour's work of the forces engaged in removing the debris from the burned building. The walls of the east and south wings of the demolished hotel are still standing. It is more than probable that many charred bodies are hidden within those walls. To find them the walls must be torn down.

It is scarcely probable that any body found today or thereafter will ever be identified. The bodies removed yesterday were frightfully charred and disfigured. Decomposition had also begun its work of destruction, and this will of course increase with each successive hour.

At the time of the fire every occupant of the building was in bed and when they were aroused by the death laden flames they were had only in their thin and scanty night robes. This fact will prevent the identification of almost every one of the bodies by means of their clothing. These remains, practically, but one means of identification. That is by the teeth. One charred body was identified in this way yesterday by the dentist who had operated on the victim of the flames.

The following is a correct list of the dead at the morgue and the supposed names of the missing:

The Dead.

Coffin No. 1—Mrs. Lewis, wife of Bookmaker Lewis.

Coffin No. 2—An unknown woman, supposed to be Mrs. Harmon.

Coffin No. 3—Unknown man, about forty years old, with dark brown curly hair; no mustache.

Coffin No. 4—Mr. Lewis, a bookmaker, identified by Samuel Charley, a hall boy at the Royal.

Coffin No. 5—Henry C. Levy, aged twenty-eight, a salesman for Levy, Strauss & Friedman, 397 Broadway.

Coffin No. 6—An unknown woman.

Coffin No. 7—Unknown man. Tourn-bond, a coal dealer, of 114 Church street, New Haven. Identified by means of the name and address on his

RUINS OF THE HOTEL ROYAL.

clothing and key tag and by two of his neighbors.

Coffin No. 8—An unknown woman, aged about twenty.

Coffin No. 9—Miss Mary Begley, aged fifty, housekeeper at the Royal. Identified by Dr. Fajer.

Coffin No. 10—An unknown man.

Coffin No. 11—Portions of an unknown woman.

Coffin No. 12—Portions of an unknown woman.

The Missing.

Frank Avery, A. R. Bayliss, Mr. Bock, Walter Carlton, Daniel Bank Clerk, Edna Chamberlain, Mrs. Beck, S. J. Black, Boston; Mrs. S. J. Black, Boston; Eliza Brady, W. Crawford, New Haven; Mrs. Charles T. Leonard, New Rochelle; Mr. Chubb, Miss Anne Cummings, 127 West Thirty-first street; F. Clark, Boston; J. R. Overbrook, Baltimore, Md.; Mr. Fishburn, Miss Fulmer, Stamford, Conn.; T. S. Fuller, Miss P. Fulmer, Stamford, Conn.; Mrs. Justin Frederick, New Haven, Conn.; Mrs. G. Henderson, London, England; H. Jackson, Jersey City; C. W. Cline, Hazleton, Pa.; S. Lester, Boston; Mrs. S. Lester; E. B. Leonard, Philadelphia; Mrs. Leonard, Philadelphia; Mrs. G. Leroy, Stamford, Conn.; Mrs. S. Leroy, Stamford; F. B. Lincoln; Mrs. F. B. Lincoln, Julia Markham, R. Mazur, Boston; Mrs. R. Mazur, Boston; Master Max, Katie McArdle, chambermaid; Mrs. O'Dea, Bostan; Mrs. O'Brien, Boston; J. H. Parkinson, Great Neck, L. I.; Miss Hattie Reynolds, Buffalo; C. W. Sawyer, Boston; Mrs. Stanley, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Taylor, Newark, N. J.; Mrs. J. H. Parkinson, Great Neck, L. I.; Katie Riley, chambermaid; Mr. Stewart, Mrs. Stewart, Miss Stewart, Miss Stewart, N. J.; Van Alstyne, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; H. T. Van Norden, Hill S. Warrie, Yonkers; Mrs. Wardle, Mr. Wise, Philadelphia; John Thompson, Mrs. J. Thompson, Mrs. Van Alstyne, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; Mrs. White, Philadelphia; J. C. Wilson, Mr. Wilson.

Eighteen Persons Burned Alive.

VIENNA, Feb. 9.—Eighteen persons were burned alive in one carriage of a Roumanian express train which caught fire.

BOYD SNUBS THAYER.

He Refused to Take the Governor's Proffered Hand.

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 9.—Governor Boyd arrived in the city at noon from Omaha and proceeded to the executive chamber of the capitol. He marched into the room followed by friends who had accompanied him from Omaha. All in the room at once arose to their feet and General Thayer approached Boyd with his hand outstretched, and said: "Governor, how do you do?"

Governor Boyd ignored him, and refused to shake hands, and the general continued: "I am now ready to turn the office over to you and have an inventory, which we can consider together."

Governor Boyd replied that there was no need of that as he had been governor all the time.

General Thayer then asked if he could be of any further assistance, and receiving no answer left the room.

Mrs. Foote's Fearful Confession.

RENSSALAER, N. Y., Feb. 9.—Mrs. Richard Foote, who is in jail here awaiting trial for the murder of her husband, has made a full and complete confession in which she exonerates Lewis Furman, whom she implicated in a former confession. Mrs. Foote says her husband had always treated her in a most cruel manner, and she finally determined to kill him. While he was at work in the woodshed she crept up behind him with an ax and struck him a fearful blow on the head. It did not kill him, and she struck again. She then dragged the body to the barn, after which she spread around kerosene and set fire to the place. In dragging the body to the barn she got some blood on her clothes. After the murder Mrs. Foote is about to become a mother, and her trial has been postponed till April.

Appointed by Governor Abbett.

TRENTON, Feb. 9.—George F. Duryea, who has been the interior commissioner of banks and insurance, was appointed for the full term by Governor Abbett. The following day judges were named: Wilson Sensemann, of Atlantic county; Peter Bogart, Jr., Bergen; M. O. Gorman, Middlesex. Mrs. Emily Williamson, of Elizabeth, and ex-Senator P. P. Baker to be trustees of the Home for Feeble Minded.

Damaging to Miss Johnson.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 9.—Lillie Johnson, who is held as an accessory in the Freda Ward murder, will appear before Judge Dubose Friday by virtue of a writ of habeas corpus. This will necessitate the showing of cause for her detention without bail. A witness was found who heard Miss Johnson tell Miss Mitchell to "hurry up," as she ran up the hill after the murder. This is damaging to Miss Johnson.

Defaulter Hyer's Nerve.

OAKLAND, Cal., Feb. 9.—Hyer, the Jersey City defaulter who escaped from Detective Dalton in Ohio, came back to jail here. Jailer Schroeder had some conversation with him, but failed to retain him. The affair is a mystery. Schroeder has been suspended. It is believed that Hyer has sailed for Australia.

Shot His Wife and Himself.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—Andrew Anderson shot his wife Annie in a fit of jealous rage, and when chased by the police turned the revolver against himself, after trying to kill Captain Koch. The woman's wound is fatal. Anderson was not dangerously hurt.

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass

is constructed to meet the wants of those who require a powerful field glass at a moderate outlay. Every farmer will understand the advantage of having a glass with which he can quickly see the movements of his employees, or of the cattle at a distant point of the farm; to look over fences upon fruit trees, &c. In fact, the QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS will be found a valuable assistant in these respects.

(Smallest size 28-50) All in
Price (Medium size 7-50 } straps for
(Largest size 10-00 } shoulder.

The largest size is the most powerful.

Illustrated price list will send any of the above glasses on receipt of price.

QUEEN & CO.
Manufacturers of Opticians' Goods
924 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models from inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Sprocket building and painting.

201 North Avenue.

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 300 Fourth avenue.

50c a Bottle

for

EMULSION

of

COD LIVER OIL,

with HYPOPHOSPHITES,

at

Williams' Pharmacy,

No. 240 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

36 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his new coal screening machine by which all excess of fine dust which is generally mixed with coal is entirely removed before delivery. This enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

HOUSE AND DRESSED LUMBER.

His wood and coal yards are recently increased facilities for handling coal, and he is prepared to fill orders promptly. Telephone call No. 6.

We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

32 PARK AVENUE.

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION

32 Park Avenue.

HOME MADE

—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—

FRESH EVERY DAY.

C. DICKINSON
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY
PRESENTS
Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses. Eyes examined FREE.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

WHAT'S THAT?

Oh, only the usual fall in prices before taking our annual inventory.

Read a few of the Bargains!

100 doz. Towels at 7c., worth 10c. Good Ginghams 5c. Worsted Dress Goods 15c., formerly 19c. Best Prints 5c. Fruit of the Loom 8c. Jersey Knit Skirts 50c., form erly 75c. Heavy Toweling 4c. Our 50c. Corset we will sell for 39c.

REMNANTS of all kinds at HALF PRICE.

Ingrain Carpets 25, 35, 42 and 49c. Mattings 12 1-2c. Oil Cloths 20c. Ladies', Misses' and Children's Cloaks. Largest variety at greatly reduced prices. Jersey for King's Dyeing Company, at Easton, Pa.

E. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

DON'T FORGET

In making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

At LINBARGER'S, the Tailor,

NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,

as the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Heating Stoves,

OTHELLO RANGES,

FURNACES

and

Fire Place Heaters!

FURNACE WORK,

WATER-PIPING,

PLUMBING,

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6. 12 East Front Street.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING

Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order.

"The Very Best"

is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.

But you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Worsteds, Embroidery silks, and stamped linen goods.

C. E. CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

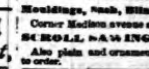
No. 9 East Front street.

A MISTAKE OF POPE'S.

That "pardonable flaw are gems of general poetical excellence, and the following quotation from the Essay on Criticism, would fail to convey the meaning intended if the word "pardonable" were substituted for the word "pardonable" in the second line:

"A little learning is a dangerous thing;
Drink deep or taste not the Pierian spring."

R. J. Shaw, Plainfield, N. J.



and Electric Belts as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES, CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

62 East Second street, corner Washington

NOTICE!

I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my

Liberty Street Market

where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices

GOOD :- MEAT!

Of all kinds.

Charles Arnold,

21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Segars for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

SEGAR STORE,

42 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

The most costly fabrics are very successfully manipulated by our machinery. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,

14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

SAVE FIFTY PER CENT.

For the purpose of advertising more extensively the quality of our work, we will

Hang all Paper,

Purchased from us during DECEMBER, for

HALF :- PRICE.

Our stock consists of all the latest designs.

A. D. Van Sciver,

Opposite Dept. (Chronicle Building,) 47 North Avenue.

Professional Cards.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 28 West Front street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & HEID,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIN & MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitors and Masters in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to promptly. Surveys of farms and city property of the county of Somerset. 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TRALE,
Architect, 247 Broadway, New York city, rooms 32 and 33. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield N. J.

PLAINFIELD DOORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

J. J. D. Co.

JONES & CO

Work quickly and thoroughly done by steam in excavations. Our machinery is guaranteed of superior finish. Send for circulars. Prices for attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Fred. Jones' Hardware store, 16 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

PURE MILK

Delivered to any part of the city by

D. D. T. SCRANTON.

A postal addressed to No. 60 East Front street will receive prompt attention. 227

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

Statesmen Are All Agog Over Blaine's Withdrawal.

SHERMAN IS SAID TO BE A CANDIDATE

And the Senator Does Not Consider the Secretary of State Out of the Presidential Race—Foraker's Tribute to the Man from Maine—For and Against Hill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The Blaine letter is the subject of much comment in department circles. At the state department the letter is construed as withdrawing Mr. Blaine's name from the list of candidates for the Republican nomination, while in some of the other departments the expression is heard that Mr. Blaine could have clinched this subject by saying he would not accept the nomination if it was tendered." The consensus of opinion in department circles, however, is that Mr. Blaine is out of the race and that Mr. Harrison now has no formidable opponent. Mr. Blaine was at the department of state and received a great many callers.

Senator Sherman's possible candidacy for the presidential nomination made him much sought after by those anxious to learn his views on the withdrawal of Mr. Blaine. Contrary to his usual reticence on matters of such vital political interest, Mr. Sherman did not hesitate to express himself on the Blaine letter. He said that he did not consider Mr. Blaine as out of the presidential race. As for himself he said the use of his name as a candidate for the nomination was unauthorized. "I am not a candidate," he said emphatically.

The Convention May Talk.

Senator Washburn, of Minnesota, Republican, said in answer to the question, "What do you think about Mr. Blaine's letter?"

"I don't think anything about it, when the time comes the Republican convention will have something to say about the matter."

Senator Mitchell, of Ogden, said: "Mr. Blaine was very popular on the Pacific coast and we are sorry to see the withdrawal. It will be accepted, however, as a sincere expression of his desires, and President Harrison will receive the united support of the western states."

Representative McKenna, California, Republican, said the letter of Mr. Blaine would be accepted as a final withdrawal from the canvass for the presidency. "Of course," he said, "the secretary's popularity in our state goes without saying, but his declination leaves us with a strong, acceptable candidate.

"President Harrison has given the country one of the best administrations it ever had; he is able and conscientious, a Republican through and through, and he will receive the support of our state and as a candidate carry it without question."

Representative Funston, of Kansas, said of the letter of Secretary Blaine: "I think it settles the question of President Harrison's renomination. I do not believe he will have any opposition in the convention. His administration is recognized as one of the best the country has ever known, and while Mr. Blaine is popular in Kansas, the president is none the less so."

Foraker's Tribute to Blaine.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 9.—Ex-Governor Forraker said on Blaine's letter of declination: "Mr. Blaine will stand in history without a rival. Twice when he was a candidate for the nomination it was refused him. Once when nominated he was defeated. Such a record would destroy the power, influence and prestige of almost any other man. But instead he has constantly grown greater, stronger and nearer to the hearts of the people until, as a result, he had had literally forced upon him an opportunity to make the unprecedented record of twice declining a nomination which would have meant in each instance an election. Somebody once said in substance that to refuse to be a bishop is greater than to be a bishop." The same can be said of the presidency, and especially of Mr. Blaine, who has twice refused it.

"As a Republican, I deeply regret Mr. Blaine's determination. In saying this I don't mean to disparage President Harrison. Of course, I do not know that President Harrison will be renominated, but, in saying what I have, I have no assumed. We would have had an easy victory with Blaine. We may have a hard fight, but it will be a triumphant one, with Harrison."

The Feeling in Maine.

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 9.—Secretary Blaine's letter withdrawing his name as a candidate for the presidency, although not entirely unexpected by Maine Republicans, is, nevertheless, a heavy blow, and nothing but the deepest regret is expressed in relation to it.

It is considered by his friends here as the final expression of Mr. Blaine's feelings on the matter. An Augusta special says that Mr. Blaine's withdrawal caused a sensation among his political friends there; that there were many expressions of disappointment. The Kennebec Journal says: "We shall be glad to hope that the delicacy to the earnest desire of Republicans everywhere Mr. Blaine may be persuaded to reconsider his decision."

The Hon. H. M. Heath said he hoped the convention would unanimously nominate Mr. Blaine, in which event Mr. Blaine would be obliged to consider the great duty he owes to his party.

The Hon. J. Manchester Haines said: "Without knowing how definite and fixed Mr. Blaine's determination is I still hope that he will reconsider his determination. If, however, he remains firm I think Republicans of Maine will be enthusiastic and loyal in the support of Mr. Harrison.

Enthusiasm for Hill.

CANANDAIGUA, N. Y., Feb. 9.—The Democratic county convention, to elect delegates to the state convention to be held at Albany on Feb. 22, was held here. There was no opposition to Senator Hill developed; in fact, there was no name mentioned but that of the senator, and whenever it was mentioned the wildest enthusiasm was manifested by the delegates present, and hats, handkerchiefs and even umbrellas were thrown into the air into a promiscuous mass. Secretary of State Rice, Edward Smythe and Rice McCauley were elected delegates to the state convention. Resolutions were adopted warmly eulogizing Senator Hill and instructing the delegates to vote for him in the state convention.

The Opposition to Hill.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—It is said that fully 5,000 Democrats of this and adjoining cities have signed the call to protest against the early state convention which is said to have been called at the dictate of Senator Hill and his lieutenants.

A Good Opinion of Pope.

There is a story told of a German sixth editor who for some reason had a couple of days off. For years he had reached his home at about 6 o'clock in the morning, slept until late in the afternoon and been obliged to rush off to his work. His children naturally saw but little of him. On this occasion he found it necessary to correct his youngest daughter for some flagrant breach of discipline. The child rushed to her mother, flushed with indignation.

"Mamma," she exclaimed, "that man wir whiskers that sleeps here daytimes 'panked me."—New York Mercury.

A House Built on Sand.

"Have you promised to be his wife?"
"No; his fiancee."—Life.

Do Come.

Mr. Pinkham—How do you do, Mrs. Willis? You are the last person I expected to see in Florence.

Mrs. Willis—Why, if it isn't Mr. Pinkham! Yes, we are spending the winter here. You must call on us often. You know just how it is—persons we never think much of while home seem like dear friends when we meet them in a strange place.—Harper's Bazar.

FREE COINAGE NOT LEGAL.

An Important Decision in the Famous Silver Bullion Cases.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The supreme court of the District of Columbia rendered a decision on the application of Merrick, Morse et al., for a writ of mandamus to compel the secretary of the treasury to coin into standard dollars all silver bullion presented at the various United States mints. The plaintiffs claimed that it was their right under the constitution and existing statutes to have their silver and gold coined in money. The court denied the writ prayed for on the ground that the acts of 1837 and 1873 which authorized the coinage of silver into standard dollars were not repealed at the mints, were in effect repealed by the act of 1878, which authorized the government to go into the market and buy silver to be coined into dollars at the rate of not less than $30,000,000 nor more than $40,000,000 per month.

The court further decided that even if the plaintiffs were entitled to have the silver coined and reduced to money that the secretary of the treasury was not the proper person against whom to ask the court to issue a writ of mandamus. The chief justice coincided with the conclusions of the court and states that as far as he knew until the beginning of the present proceedings, the act of 1878, known as the Bland law, had never been held to establish free coinage.

Emma Abbott's Ashes Dropped.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Feb. 9.—Today, in accordance with the will of the deceased, the ashes of Emma Abbott, the Parepa singer, were placed in the monument which contains the remains of M. Eugene Irving Wetherell, the singer's husband.

For the Relief of Peary.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 9.—The subcommittee of the Academy of Natural Science committee in charge of the Peary relief expedition returned from New York after entering into negotiations for the hire of a whaling steamer.

Cannon Was Fatally Stabbed.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 9.—James N. Cannon, a well known young man, was stabbed three times by Private Detective Frederick Bissell. The affair was kept quiet until Cannon's condition became critical. Bissell is under arrest.

An Excise Bill Denounced.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 9.—A large and representative audience assembled in Cooper Union and protested against the passage of the excise bill recently introduced in the legislature. General Wager Swayne presided.

Garza to Harrison.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Feb. 9.—Garza, the Mexican revolutionary leader, has written a letter to President Harrison saying he never violated our neutrality laws and assuring the president not to interfere with his movement.

He Built Confederate Vessels.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 9.—Captain John Hughes, the last surviving shipbuilder of this city, has died at the age of eighty-seven years Captain Hughes built many vessels during the war for the Confederates.

Lottery Officials Arrested.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 9.—Fourteen officers and clerks were arrested for violation of the anti-lottery penal law under indictments found by the United States grand jury of Hartford.

The Chess Match Again a Tie.

HAVANA, Feb. 9.—The sixteenth game in the chess match, a Ruy Lopez, was won by Steinitz after eighty-eight moves. The score now stands seven again, with 6 wins each and 4 draws.

A Forger Arrested.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 9.—Officer Cosgrove arrested Thomas Mullen, alias James Kelly alias Theodore Coleman, wanted in Fall River for forging a check for $1,500.

New Zealand's New Governor.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—David Boyle, earl of Glasgow, has been appointed governor of New Zealand in place of the Earl of Onslow, resigned.

Kentucky Gets Her Direct Tax.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The treasury department today paid to the state of Kentucky her share of direct tax, amounting to $606,641.

Too Much Domestic Trouble.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 9.—Dr. John Miner, a prominent physician, committed suicide with morphine on account of domestic trouble.

Army Officers Retired.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Captains H.G. Burton and Arthur W. Taylor have been placed on the retired list of the United States army.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

Matthew's Nomination Confirmed—To Investigate Wade's Fair Treasure.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The old quarrelsome between Virginia and West Virginia as to the division of the assets and indebtedness of the two states before division was brought up in the senate by a resolution offered by Mr. Daniel which went over.

Mr. Stewart, of Nevada, in a personal explanation, contradicted published statements as to the motives of his course in the Dubois-Clagett Idaho contest. Some few more sections of the Manderson printing bill were disposed of, and this terminated the public business of the day.

The senate in executive session on demand of Senator Hiscock confirmed the nomination of Stebbins to be postmaster at Elmira, N. Y., vice Flood, removed. This is the nomination which Senator Hill has been opposing.

Postmasters confirmed: Connecticut—Benjamin J. Maltby, Northford; Alfred E. Goddard, Essex; Charles D. Downs, Birmingham. New Jersey—Joseph R. Roe, Woodbury; William H. Thompson, Somerville. Pennsylvania—Edward A. Hamilton, New Bethlehem; Joseph M. Brothers, Knox.

The house was engaged for five hours in a discussion over a proposed investigation of the World's fair expenditures thus far made. The committee on appropriations and the senate committee on the World's fair each claimed the right to make the investigation. A vote was taken, and the resolution providing for an investigation by the appropriations committee was adopted.

A Great Fire in Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Feb. 9.—A most disastrous conflagration is raging here. It started in the six-story building, 230 Main street, occupied by the Bruce-Berne Hat company. In a short time it fell in with a crash, and a few minutes later the building of the Langstaff Hardware company, which adjoined it, fell into the space formerly occupied by the hat building. The trunk factory to the north, occupied by S. Levy, was then a mass of flames and soon was a total wreck. The fire continued spreading, and Leuhrmann's hotel, the finest south of the Ohio river, "The Ruby" saloon, a large harness factory and another building were either burning or destroyed. So far as known there has been no loss of life. The loss will probably exceed $1,000,000.

Killed by a Tough.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 9.—John T. Duncan, a ward politician, was shot and killed by Charles Goodman in a saloon here. Goodman is all around tough. He met Duncan, who was recovering from the grip, and their old animosities cropped out. Duncan moved to draw a pistol, when Goodman quickly fired his. Duncan dropped dead, and Goodman was locked up.

Democratic Convention Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Colonel Richard J. Bright, of Indiana, has been appointed sergeant-at-arms of the national Democratic convention and P. A. Cousin, of New York, has been appointed agent of the national committee. Secretary Sheehan, together with these gentlemen, will have charge of the preliminary arrangements.

A Free Fight in a Church.

READING, Pa., Feb. 9.—Rev. Mark Januskiewcos, of St. Mary's Polish Catholic church, from the altar called a parishioner, Simon Baranowski, a chicken thief, and when the latter answered back, a free fight, in which 200 men engaged, followed. Thirty arrests have been made.

The Ulster County Bank Resumes.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Feb. 9.—The Ulster County Savings institution has resumed business. It is paying out 25 per cent. of deposits on demand. There has been no run and none is expected. The citizens generally are elated over the fact that the old bank has resumed.

Barcelona in a Ferment.

MADRID, Feb. 9.—Much excitement prevails in Barcelona over the execution of the condemned Xeres anarchists, 60 take place Wednesday morning. Bills are being circulated urging the people to rise and prevent the execution. The troops are kept under arms.

Timothy Hopkins in Luck.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.—The will of Moses Hopkins gives $1,000,000 to his wife, Emily, $200,000 to Timothy Hopkins, his nephew, the same individual who is now contesting Mrs. Hopkins-Searles' will, and $100,000 will go to Timothy's wife and child.

The Crew Probably Lost.

BOSTON, Feb. 9.—The capsized vessel which was towed into this port by the tug Underwriter proves to be the British schooner Patriot. The fate of the crew is unknown, but the belief is that all were lost.

Bound to Burn the Castle.

BERLIN, Feb. 9.—Another attempt was made to set fire to the royal castle at Konigsberg, but the damage done was slight. No arrests have been made in connection with either attempt.

Short Shrift for Harris.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—Recorder Smyth sentenced Carlyle W. Harris to death in the week beginning March 21 next. Counsel gave formal notices of their intention to appeal the case.

The Detroit Morning Sun Suspends.

DETROIT, Feb. 9.—The Morning Sun has suspended publication because the Typographical union refused to sanction the use of plates. The Sunday Sun will continue as heretofore.

A New G. A. R. Post.

ALBANY, Feb. 9.—The state grand army department received an application from North Rose, Wayne county, for a charter for a post of Grand Army of the Republic post at that place.

A New Hampshire Mystery.

HOLLIS, Feb. 9.—A buggy and a dead horse was found in the woods north of here. The buggy contained a quantity of salt pork, a package of sugar and a lamp chimney.

Miners in a Flaming Pit.

LEHIGH, I. T., Feb. 9.—The Osage Coal company's mine here is on fire, and two miners, Robert Thompson and James Smith, have undoubtedly perished.

Whitelaw Reid Has a Relapse.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—Whitelaw Reid, the American minister, who was apparently recovering from an attack of influenza, has had a relapse.

The Attorney General Well.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Attorney General Miller, who has been confined to his bed for several days with a severe cold, has recovered.

Object to Holland's Meat.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—The board of agriculture has forbidden the importation of animals from Holland.

NEW STORE

Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenu

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE BEF TEA

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz.: French Peas, Preserved Sugar Corn, Succotash & Stowell Paris Sugar Corn, Strawberry Tomatoes, Lard Tomatoes, P. K. Leggett's Stewed Tomatoes, Fott & Whitcomb's Fairy Sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early June Peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Hudson River Asparagus and tops.

Special reduction given by the case and dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jelies and Mince Meats.

79 BROADWAY.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three 3 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annu ally)

JOHN W. MURRAY, President,
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPP, Treasurer.

BROWN & SHILA

Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in GORCE'S BUIL DING, 35 SOUTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Comfortable hair cutters a specialty. Bear black stand connected with the shop.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING call at

Bremmer Bros'

28 Somerset Street,

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alpert, P. O. Box 1044.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French lecture, class or private lessons at residences in Plainfield, Dunellen and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson free, address Prof. L. Vaux, care of Misses Scribner and Newton, 37 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY.
Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENS MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891.
For information call at the Academy or address RUFUS H. B. HARNED Pres.
8 30) 187 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate school. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m.
Somerset Street.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTHEWS,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Address 107 Somerset street. Best of references. Dec. 16

Lodges.

Fraternity and Prosperity.

1873. Membership, 126,000. 1891.

Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization. Meeting March 21 next. Council gave formal notices of their intention to appeal the case.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR, meets First and Third Thursdays, at 8 p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge Rooms, Mode Hall Building.
Louis I. Van Alstyne, Dictator.
Ralph A. Frey, Reporter.

Wetumpka Commandery, No. 24, meets 2nd and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 12 26 ly

Special Notices.

H. N. SPENCER,
78 and 76 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner. Choice groceries, provisions and produce; white granite, C. C. yellow rock stone and stone ware; fine cigars and smoking tobacco; pure cider vinegar four years old. Best grade ammunition.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Intelligence Office, 18 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 29 y

ROGERS GROUPS,
Parian statuettes, Artist's materials. At Grant's, 28 West Front street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

BARGAINS.
In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the largest stock in the city. Harvie Bros. 126 to 130 East Front street, North Plainfield.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS
can be purchased at Edgewood Park Somerset street. Address
R. F. R. CHASE,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Agent, Dec. 7 and on them. 159 feet above the sea level

Kline's Extracts
Pure Fruit Flavors

Arrival and departure of trains.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Close at Plainfield as follows: 7.45, 10.30 a. m., 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Close at Plainfield as follows: 10.30 a. m., 5.30 p. m.
Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9.00 to 10.00 a. m.
Mail closes at 9.30 p. m.

E. E. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time table in effect Nov. 15th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 7 14, 8 27, 8 36, 9 16, 9 28, 9 58, 11 28, 11 58 a. m., 1 27, 2 27, 3 28, 4 28, 5 28, 6 28, 7 28, 8 28, 9 28, 10 28, 11 28 p. m., 12 00 night. 1 01, 2 01, 3 01, 4 01, 5 01, 6 01, 7 01, 8 01, 9 01, 10 01, 11 01, 12 01 night. Sunday 8 14, 9 28, 10 28, 11 28 a. m., 12 28, 1 28, 2 28, 3 28, 4 28, 5 28, 6 28, 7 28, 8 28, 9 28, 10 28, 11 28 p. m., 12 00 night. Leave New York, Liberty st., 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m., 12 00 night. Sunday 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 5 45, 7 10, 8 05, 9 42, 11 00, a. m., 12 05, 1 06, 2 32, 3 40, 4 50, 5 40, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 40, 11 18 p. m. 12 40 night. Sunday at 9 42, 11 00 a. m., 1 06, 3 40, 5 40, 6 30, 8 30, 11 18 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 8 05, 9 42, 11 00 a. m., 1 06, 4 50, 8 30, 9 58, 11 18 p. m. Sunday at 9 58 a. m., 8 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 42, a. m., 1 06, 5 30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
LEAVE PLAINFIELD.
5 45 a. m. for Phillipsburg, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Lewisburg, Wilkesbarre, Shamokin, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Scranton, Hazleton and Allentown.
9 05 a m for Flemington, D L & W R R Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.
9 42 a m for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D L & W R R Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Lewisburg, Wilkesbarre, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Scranton, Hazleton and Allentown.
1 06 p m for Flemington, D L & W R R Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.
4 32 p m for D L & W R R Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc. Parlor car to Manch Chunk.
5 30 p m for Flemington, High Bridge branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Lewisburg, Shamokin, etc.
8 30 p m for Flemington.
8 58 p m for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.
8 30 p m for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.
9 40 a m Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Scranton. 4 32 p m Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Shamokin, Williamsport, etc. 8 30 p m Sundays for High Bridge branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Shamokin, Williamsport, etc.

LEAVE SOMERVILLE.
8 00 a m for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Scranton, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 4 37, 8 00, 11 09 a. m., 2 05, 4 37, 6 00 p. m. Sundays at 4 37, 8 00 a. m., 4 30 p. m. For North Amboy at 8 00, 8 58, 11 09 a. m., 2 05, 4 37, 6 00 p. m. Sunday 8 00, a. m., 4 30 p. m.
For Cape May at 11 09 a. m., 4 37 p. m.
For Freehold at 8 00, 8 58, 11 09 a. m., 2 05, 4 37, 6 00 p. m. Sunday 8 00 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.
For Philadelphia at 7 45, 8 38, 9 45, 10 47 a. m., 12 50, 2 06, 4 40, 6 00, 7 45, 9 40 p. m. 12 01 night. Sundays at 9 45, 11 15 a. m., 2 06, 4 40, 9 40 p. m. 12 01 night.
For Trenton 8 45, 8 58, 9 45, 10 47 a. m., 12 50, 2 06, 4 40, 6 00, 7 45, 9 40 p. m. 12 01 night. Sundays at 9 45, 11 15 a. m., 2 06, 4 40, 9 40 p. m. 12 01 night.
For Baltimore and Washington at 9 45, a. m., 2 06, 4 40, 9 40 p. m. 12 01 night. Sunday at 9 45 a. m., 9 40 p. m.
For Pacific Express, Chicago and the West, H. P. BALDWIN, Gen Pass Agt.
J. H. OLBAUSEN, Gen Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.
The Pennsylvania Lines West of America.
Protected throughout by the inter-locking switch and block signal system.
On and after Nov. 15th, 1891, trains leave Elizabeth as follows:
4 35 a m—Western Express daily, with Pullman Vestibule sleeping Cars and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Harrisburg, Columbus, Cleveland, and Toledo.
7 00 a m—Western Express Daily, with Pullman Vestibule sleeping Cars and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Harrisburg, Columbus, Williamsport, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.
8 42 p m—Pacific Express, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Car, daily for Pittsburg, Chicago and Toledo, daily except Saturday, for Cleveland.
For Baltimore, Washington and the South—1 00, 6 57, 7 30, 9 10 a m; 12 02, 9 20 p m: On Sunday at 1 00, 6 30, 9 10 a m; 9 20 p m.
For Newark and New York—3 02, 5 24, 5 46, 6 17, 6 47, 7 30, 8 00, 8 35, 9 05, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a m, 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p m, 12 00 night. Sundays—3 02, 5 24, 8 05, 9 20, 9 47, 10 15, 10 30, 10 45 a m; 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p m, 12 00 night.
For Philadelphia—3 02, 5 24, 8 05, 9 20, 9 47, 10 15, 10 30, 10 45 a m; 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p m, 12 00 night. Sundays—3 02, 5 24, 8 05, 9 20, 9 47, 10 15, 10 30, 10 45 a m; 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p m, 12 00 night.
For Woodbridge—6 44, 9 46, 10 59 a m; 3 33, 4 48, 5 44, 6 18, 7 18 p m. Sundays 11 47 a m; 10 14 p m.
For South Amboy—12 35, 5 44 p m; Sunday 10 59 a m; 10 14 p m.
For Perth Amboy—7 10 a m; 12 35, 5 44, 10 59 a m; 3 33, 4 48, 6 56, 7 18, 9 p m. Sundays 11 47 a m; 10 14 p m.
For South Amboy—12 35, 5 44 p m; Sunday 10 59 a m; 10 14 p m.
For East Mahlenne—7 10 a m; 12 35, 5 15 p m.
For Bordentown, Burlington and Camden, via Trenton—7 50, 11 57 a m; 1 30, 7 46, 11 42 p m. Sundays 10 41 a m and 7 42 p m.
For Mount Holly, Lumberton and Vincentown Junction—7 50 a m; 4 04 p m. Sundays 6 30 a m.
For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, points on New Jersey Coast and Long Beach line—9 04 a m; 1 23, 4 15, 5 45 p m. Sunday 10 25 a m; 5 44 p m do not stop at Asbury Park on Sundays.
For Sea Side Park, Island Heights, Toms River, 9 04 a m and 4 15 p m. Sundays 9 04 a m. Sundays only, 10 25 a m.
For Point Pleasant, 9 04 a m, 4 15 p m.
For Bay Head, 9 04 a m, 4 15 p m.
For Boston, without change, 9 30 p m daily.
For Fall River, Newport and Providence, connect at Jersey City with boats to Brooklyn (Atlantic Dock), Fall River line, Providence line, Stonington line, Shore line, Worcester and Providence, 9 30 p m daily.
Leave New York for Plainfield—4 00, 6 20, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40 a m; 12 15 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p m, 12 00 night. Sundays—4 00, 6 20, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40 a m; 12 15 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p m, 12 00 night.
Leave Elizabeth for Plainfield—4 35, 6 30, 8 50, 9 50, 10 50 a m; 12 25 noon, 1 10, 2 10, 3 10, 4 10, 4 40, 5 10, 5 40, 6 10, 6 40, 7 10, 7 40, 8 10, 8 40, 9 10, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p m, 12 10 night. Sundays—4 35, 6 30, 8 50, 9 50, 10 50 a m; 12 25 noon, 1 10, 2 10, 3 10, 4 10, 4 40, 5 10, 5 40, 6 10, 6 40, 7 10, 7 40, 8 10, 8 40, 9 10, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p m, 12 10 night.
CHARLES E. PUGH, Agent.
H. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agent.

H. P. HILL, Proprietor. A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

THE METROPOLITAN STABLE,

40 and 42 North Avenue, a Stronger no Second street.

FAVORED CARRIAGE PAIRS,
ROAD-MOUNTED "COBS"
AND DOG CART HORSES,
CANADIAN HUNTERS,
GOOD AND SUBSTANTIAL HORSES,
LADIES' SADDLE
AND DRIVING HORSES,
ALSO A SPECIALTY IN GENTLEMEN'S ROAD TEAMS, SINGLE DRIVERS AND TROTTERS.

43 WEST FRONT STREET.

A DINNER is never relished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and most carefully selected stock of Choice

Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes,

BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of

PORRIGN AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER.

If given a call will be able to compare our goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.

F. LINKE, Wholesale Wine and Liquor dealer.
Telephone Co 157.

Lumber & Coal
Loomis & Rice
B'dway. 49 TELEPHONE 75 A

Real Estate & Insurance

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,
REAL ESTATE
and Insurance.
Money to loan on first mortgage.
NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Edw. C. Mulford
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST MORTGAGE
45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
45 North avenue.

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 963.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No 7 East Front Street

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 61.

Wm. A. Woodruff.
INSURANCE,
AND REAL ESTATE.
Money to Loan on approved security. Corner Front street and Park avenue.

CRUSHED STONE!
ALL SIZES.
Of first
Light Blue Color.
References:—
P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.
Smalley Bros.,
24 SOMERSET STREET.

J. N. SCHENCK,
40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
South Avenue.
P. O. BOX 1407.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Builders Cards.

Call at Musgrave's
No. 66 West Front street, for
ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Peal streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1344.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 713

JOHN HERRMANN,
Stair Builder, and hard wood mantle maker. Shop corner of Grand and Regent streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
10-10-1y J. HERRMANN, 8 Regent street.

R. V. BAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bryce P. O. Box 1288. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 30 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty
Jobbing promptly attended to
Window Screens
made to order.

NITHER
Hot Water
OR
Steam Heating
Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

Miscellaneous.

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.
FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.
Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Tobaccoonist.
I have thoroughly renovated the store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.
DAVID CLARKE,
(Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.)

THE CURIOSITY SHOP

FEBRUARY.

Facts and Fancies Regarding the Shortest Month in the Year.

February, like January, claims Numa Pompilius for father, under the months called into being by that monarch to complete the twelve he designed the year to hold.

To February he gave only twenty-nine days, excepting in leap year, when it was to have thirty; but the Emperor Augustus, unwilling that his own month, August, should not have as many days as any other (it then possessed only thirty), took one away from already short February and tacked it on to August, leaving February with only twenty-eight. "Except in leap year, then's the time February's days are twenty nine."

The name February is said to be derived from Februare, to purify, to expiate, and is taken from the fact of the purification undergone by the Romans at this time. The signs of the zodiac for this month are Aquarius Pisces, appropriate in so far as the month is popularly supposed to be the wettest of the year, but incorrect statistically, since, two or three others frequently show a greater rainfall than does February. It is possible, however, that the signs bore reference to the February moods to be. All old distiches connected with the month agree that plenty of rain should fall in it for agricultural reasons too obvious to mention. "A' the months of the year," says one, "curse a fair Februeer." And an other mentions that snow is more welcome than rain:

February fill the dyke
Either with the black or white;
If it be white, it's the best to like.

Thus writes Spenser about the month:

Then came old February, sitting
In an old wagon, for he could not ride,
Drawn of two oxen, for that season fitting.
Candlemas Day, Feb. 2, otherwise known as the Purification of the Blessed Virgin Mary, has certain traditions associated with it. Thus says an old Scotch rhymer:

If Candlemas Day be dry and fair,
The half o' winter's to come and mair;
If Candlemas Day be wet and foul
The half o' winter's gone at Yule.

This is the time to take down Christmas decorations, reserving a bit of the yule log to light the next Christmas log, and to preserve the house from ill luck during the year. If the decorations be kept up a day longer they will prove a source of disaster to the family, as Herrick remarks:

For look, how many leaves there be
Neglected their maids, trust to me,
So many goddes you shall see.

Largest Libraries in the World.

In Thomas Greenwood's book on public libraries occurs the following: "The largest library in the world is that at Paris, which contains upward of 2,000,000 printed books and 180,000 manuscripts. Between the Imperial library at St. Petersburg and the British museum there is not much difference. In the British museum there are about 1,300,000 volumes. The Royal library at Munich has now something over 900,000; but this includes many pamphlets, the Royal library at Berlin contains 800,000 volumes, the library at Copenhagen, 810,000, the library at Dresden, 500,000, the University library at Gottingen, Germany 600,000. The Royal library at Vienna has 400,000 volumes, and the University library in the same city, 250,000 volumes; at Buda-Pesth the University library has 200,000 books, the corresponding library at Cracow nearly the same number, and at Prague 205,000."

The First Oxford-Cambridge Boat Race.

In 1829 the Cambridge University Boating club challenged the club of Oxford university to a race on the Thames. This was the first contest of the kind between the rival universities and created great excitement. The course from Hambleden mills to Henley was a little more than two miles long, and the race was rowed on the 10th of June. Every one knows that the colors now worn are light blue for Cambridge and dark blue for Oxford, but in 1829 the former were distinguished by pink, the latter by blue. Although the Cambridge boys were the favorites, the Oxford crew came in winners by several boat lengths.

Literary Women Who Died Last Year.

In the list of literary women deceased during the past year will be found the names of Mme. Bodichon (better known in literature as Barbara Leigh Smith), one of the founders of Girton college, Jessie Fothergill, author of "The First Violin," and Mrs. Anne Moseley, editor of the "correspondence of Sydney Godolphin." The death of the widow of Canon Kingsley, the well known author, is fresh in the memory of our readers. The value and amount of work which Canon Kingsley did he was greatly assisted by the deceased lady.

John Ruskin's Early Achievements.

At the age of seven years John Ruskin wrote in blank verse a singular essay on "Time." The next year he wrote an invocation to the muses of which the following, which is an amusing, almost pathetic, mixture of poetry and pathos. At the age of twenty he gained the Newdigate prize for poetry, and soon after abandoned the muse because, as he said, he could not express his ideas in verse.

The "Marseillaise."

The centennial of the "Marseillaise" will be celebrated on April 25 in the little French town of Choisy-le-Roy, also home for twenty years of Rouget de Lisle, the author of the hymn. On the monument that marks his grave is the inscription, "While the French Revolution in 1792 was fighting kings, he gave her that she might triumph, the Marseillaise hymn."

Interesting Statistics.

La Nature says that there are about 1,500,000,000 people in the world, with very nearly an equal division of sex. One fourth dies before the fifteenth year, and the average duration of life is about thirty three years. Six crores people die each year, making a total of 91,000 a day, 3,720 each hour, 62 each minute, and about 1 each second.

I Remember, I Remember.

It was Thomas Hood who wrote:

I remember, I remember
The fir trees dark and high;
I used to think their slender tops
Were close against the sky:
It was a childish ignorance,
But now 'tis little joy
To know I'm farther off from heaven
Than when I was a boy.

Grose says if the nose bleeds one drop only it foretells sickness, if three drops the omen is still worse. But Melton says "If a man's nose bleeds one drop at the left nostril it is the sign of good luck and vice versa."

OUR YOUNG FOLKS

A REAL LION STORY.

What Actually Happened to a Traveler on the East Coast of Africa.

I had finished both my water bottles, and having a splendid shiraz on me I shouldered my rifle and strolled over the veld to some palm trees about a mile off to see if I could shoot down a cocoanut. I walked on steadily to within twenty yards of some very tall palms, gazing up at them to see if there were any cocoanuts on them, when ten yards in front of me something attracted my attention, and on looking down from under the shade of a low palm up sprang a huge, full grown, male lion with a mane half covering his body, and before you could say "knife" he had disappeared like a garden thrush away among the trees. He had been asleep, and awoke at the sight of me with a grunt and a growl.

A FINE SPECIMEN OF A LION

It would be hard to say which were the more frightened of the two, the lion or I. He was awfully scared, while on my part I must confess, there was a good deal of honest terror mingled with my amazement. I didn't go after cocoanuts, but did a right about turn and walked straight back to my party. I didn't fire at the brute, as if you wound them they go for you. I was alone and had no use for him. It's all right if you get up a tree, as they can't climb. But an African lion never goes for a man without some provocation. He will steal youngsters at night from a camp.

I am glad I have seen a lion, as it has been my ambition ever since being here, and I couldn't have been closer or have seen a finer specimen. I'm glad he awoke when he did, as I was walking straight toward him, and I should probably have trodden on his tail while gazing up for cocoanuts, and I believe they don't like having their tails trodden on.

The Larkspur and the Poppy.

Larry Larkspur, Larry Larkspur,
Wears a cap of purple gay;
Trim and handy little dandy,
straight and smirk he stands alway.

Larry Larkspur, Larry Larkspur,
Saw the Poppy passing fair;
Loved her for her scarlet satin,
Loved her for her fringed hair.

Sent a message by the night wind,
"Will ye have me, lass, say?
For the heart of Larry Larkspur
Beats and burns for thee alway."

When the morn began to brighten,
Eager listened he for the bell;
Lo! the Poppy's leaves had fallen,
Bare and lown her ugly head.

Sore amazed stood Larry Larkspur,
And in heart with grief was big.
"Woe is me! she was so lovely,
Who could guess she wore a wig!"

Sarah Simonds' Scholars.

A little girl who resides on Long Island sent the following story not long ago to The St. Nicholas. She explained that she composed it to amuse the sick little sister of her mother, without using a dictionary, with words beginning only with S:

Sarah Simonds bought some Saunders-school scholars. "Scholars seldom sit still," said she, so she selected six straightforward, sober, steady, serious, save Stella Stark's small sister Susan. Susan seemed somberly, silent. Stella started scolding. Seeing she seemed sorry, she soon stopped—said sweet, soothing sentences.

Soon she seemed satisfied, serene. So Stella sat some startling stories. She said she saw seven ships sailing southward San day.

Suddenly she saw some ships slowly sinking. She screamed several seconds. Strangely she saw six sailors swim swiftly shore ward, seeking succor. Sad scene! Six sole survivors! She simply said, "Sabbath breaking!"

Susan sighed.

How Coast Tribes of New Guinea Live.

Many of the coast tribes of New Guinea live in pile dwellings in the sea. Upon a strong platform raised on piles driven into the sand they build rainproof houses of laths of split cane and thatch the roofs with palm leaves. The rooms are lofty, and the best of these dwellings are provided with a veranda in front, from which a ladder runs down to the water.

Communication with the shore is of course had by means of boats, one of which is always kept moored to the ladder. But why do the natives live in houses like these, which, in spite of their healthiness, are not very convenient? Partly because it is terribly hot on shore, but mainly because the fierce folk that live in the bush in the interior of the great island are fond of making sudden attacks on the settlements along the coast. Therefore, to avoid these surprises, the possible victims hit upon the device of erecting their houses on piles in the water, where, if not positively safe, they cannot be raided unawares.

The Farmer and His Family.

There once was a farmer who owned a young pig
That could stand on its hind legs and dance a Scotch jig.

He also possessed a remarkable cow
Who played the guitar—well, you hardly knew how.

The farmer had, too, though it seems quite odd
A talented cat that could sing like a bird:

A VERY QUEER FAMILY.

A squirrel who really was quite a good drummer,
And a dog who could whistle the "Last Rose of Summer."

Small wonder, indeed, that with all these talents
The farmer cared naught for the state of the weather.

GOOD HEALTH

CARBOLIC ACID SOLUTIONS.

Their Destructive Action Upon the Skin Should Be Borne in Mind.

Popular Science News notes a warning by A. Frankenburger against the injury to the skin and even bone which may result from the long continued application of weak (3, 3½ even 2 per cent.) carbolized applications, especially upon peripheral portions of the body, such as the fingers. This effect is due in a small measure to the action of carbolic acid upon the vaso motor system, but in the main to its destructive effect upon the red and white blood corpuscles. This induces, partly in a mechanical and partly in a chemical way, stasis, first in the capillaries and, if the action of the drug be continued, then in the larger vessels and arteries, with the result that the nutrition of the part is interfered with and the removal of harmful substances hindered. The necrotic action of the epithelium caused by the acid favors evaporation, so that the gangrene is a dry one, a mummification as it were. The author believes that even the best carbolic solutions as external applications are to be either completely discarded or to be used only with the very strictest precautions, and that the sale of carbolic acid by druggists should be wholly stopped.

Early Attention to the Teeth.

About the sixth year or soon after, four permanent molar or double teeth make their appearance, says a writer who calls the attention of parents to the importance of early attention to children's teeth. It is generally supposed that these four teeth belong to the first set, and if they decay and are removed they will come again. This is a mistaken idea. They are permanent teeth, and if lost will be lost forever. No teeth that come after these four are ever shed. At twelve years the second set is usually complete, with the exception of the dens sapientiæ, or wisdom teeth, which make their appearance from the seventeenth to the twenty-fourth year. During the eruption of the second set, the beauty and character of the child's countenance is completed, and everything depends upon proper care and attention at this time, to see that the teeth come with regularity, and without being crowded.

Another very important reason why the teeth should early in life receive the utmost care and professional attention, is the effect they exert upon the articulation. The loss of a single tooth affects the utterance and invariably produces a hissing or lisping sound in articulating certain words containing the dental vowels, such as t, d, s, q and j. All public speakers, especially lawyers, clergymen and others, should, as they value a correct enunciation and articulation, remember that the teeth were placed by nature to form a certain arch for the express purpose of giving force and purity to utterance. Any imperfection of the voice also is, in a great measure, dependent on the shape of the mouth and healthy condition of the teeth and their contiguous parts.

Elevator Sickness.

Kindred to the familiar troubles of seasickness and carsickness is the sensation caused by the sudden stoppage of the elevator: in some very sensitive people it is quite an unpleasant matter. According to a contemporary, the sickness can be avoided by observing simple physical laws. The stoppage of the elevator car brings a disturbance to the head and sometimes a nausea at the stomach. The internal organs continue to wash the fluids about. All this arises from the fact that all parts of the body are not stopped at the same moment of time. The foot being next to the car floor, stops with the car, while other portions of the body continue moving. If the body as a whole can be arrested at the same time with the feet, there will be no sickness. This can be done by placing the head and shoulders against the car frame. Then there will be no sickness.

Of Interest to Cremationists.

The Japanese some time ago adopted burial of the dead, in imitation of European nations. It will be interesting to cremationists to learn that, according to The Indian Medical Gazette, they have reverted to their own custom of burning the dead on account of its sanitary recommendations.

ETIQUETTE

TWO STYLES OF TEAS.

Afternoon Teas in Town and Country. What Should Be Served at Each.

There are two styles of entertainment under the general names of teas—high teas and afternoon teas—about which a lady of society gives the following useful hints in a little handbook on "Manners."

The first is a meal taking the place of a dinner, at which hot meats, cakes, warm breads, preserves and other sweets are served; such teas are more popular in the country than in town.

In many households it is the custom about 5 o'clock to have a tray brought in to the mistress of the house and placed before her on a small table. On this tray should be a tea service, cups, saucers, etc. She hears him makes the tea, pours it out and passes it to whatever visitors may be with her at the moment. The servant brings in thin slices of bread and butter, cake, and perhaps English muffins, which are usually served with the cup of tea.

Afternoon teas resembling receptions are also given, but these come under the head of more general entertainments.

The entertainment at a tea ought to be simple, and the visiting cards of the hostess are used for the invitations, on which should be written on the lower left hand corner and opposite the address the words, "Tea at 5 o'clock," following the day and date.

Bits of Social Wisdom.

Experience and observation in society are the best guides by which one acquires the polish that society demands.

The commonest thought well put is more useful in a social point of view than the most brilliant idea jumbled out.

Politeness is the natural expression of a refined nature. The counterfeit is easily distinguishable from the genuine article.

It is only when a man is complimented that he thinks he is seeing himself as others see him.

There is no flattery so exquisite as the flattery of listening.

This Date in History—Feb. 9.

630—St. Apollonia, famous virgin deacon, martyred at Alexandria, Egypt.
1555—Bishop John Hooper, reformer, burned at Gloucester, England, born 1495.
1731—Francois Chateaubriand de Volney, French skeptical philosopher, born at Craon. He went up the Mississippi and down the Wabash in 1796.
1773—William Henry Harrison, U. S. HARRISON famous Indian fighter, ninth president and grandfather of the twenty-third president, born in Charles City county, Va.; died 1841.
1802—James Parton, author, born in Canterbury, England.
1822—Samuel Bowles, born in Springfield, Mass; died 1878; edited the Springfield Republican 38 years.
1830—Abdul Aziz, sultan of Turkey, born at Stangled June 4, 1825.
1850—People of Schenectady, N. Y., commemorated the 200th anniversary of the massacre there by the French and Indians of Canada, etc.
1864—Three miners rescued after an imprisonment of 130 hours at Knutsford, Pa.

Got the Best of the Judge.

A lawyer was relating some of the most amusing experiences recently in his Boston courts.

He told of a case that had come up, when a prominent lawyer, a man of pronounced ideas, witty, quick, yet altogether cranky, had a hard time trying to defend his client.

All day this case was considered. The judge was irritable and the lawyer was stubborn. Point after point was dilated upon at length. No sooner would the lawyer gain ground than the judge would take exception by some legal technicality.

Then the lawyer grew sarcastic. He was losing his temper. The judge reprimanded him in a manner that was not too delicate.

The lawyer turned upon him and burst out with, "I always thought your honor was a gentleman."

"What's that?" asked the angered judge.

"I always thought your honor was a gentleman," repeated the legal man.

The judge could not contain himself now. Scornfully he lashed the lawyer with his quick tongue. When he finished, the lawyer said, "I always thought your honor was a gentleman"—then, hesitating—"and I think so now."

Nothing was heard for a few seconds but the silent mutterings of the judge; then the crier called out, "The court will come to order," for the witnesses were convulsed with laughter.—Boston Herald.

Hotels.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE.
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.
Special rate s to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 28 6m

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable -:- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, O. p. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

Points to be Observed

It should be observed that quality in advertising is quite as important as quality in the goods advertised. The reader conceives a good opinion of the merchant who displays taste, enterprise, originality and liberality in his advertisements.

Enterprise and prosperity go hand in hand. The display of one argues the possession of the other.

Bearing these facts in mind try THE NEWS as an advertising medium. You need the copy—THE NEWS does the rest.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS

DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We will guarantee to sell you Dry and Fancy Goods, Crockery, Tinware, Housefurnishing goods, etc., and in fact Everything that you want at a lower price than you ever bought before, and a comparison of prices of what we charge and others charge will prove that V. & W. are selling goods at a closer margin than all others. We offer for the coming week:

4-4 Fruit of the Loom	7½c
4-4 Dwight Anchor	8c
4-4 Heavy Brown Sheeting	6c
39 in. Heavy Linen Crash	9c
8-4 Bleached Sheeting	19c
9-4 Bleached Sheeting	21c
10-4 Bleached Sheeting	23c
300 Door Mats	each 18c
300 Door Mats, extra good	each 37c
100 Tufted Rugs, 3 feet long	each 70c
2,000 Yards Figured French Cambric, per yard	10c
100 one Ladies' Hose, full regular, fast black	10c

There is a Special Sale of Granite Ironware that will interest housekeepers.

We guarantee Every Article we sell to give perfect Satisfaction and deliver goods wherever you wish

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

IF NOT, WHY NOT?

PAY CASH FOR YOUR GROCERIES?

Furrin's Celebrated Hams and Bacon, 13c. lb; best sugar cured Hams, 11c. lb; best sugar cured Shoulders, 7c. lb; best sugar cured Bacon, 10c. lb; best Flemington Sausage, 12c. lb; best Trenton prepared Ham, 13c. lb; Pillsbury's best Flour, XXXX, $5.50 bbl; Pearl Patent (best flour on earth), $5.00 bbl; Magnolia, (our Leader), $4.50 bbl; Morgan's Bandle (large size), 7c. cake, 4 for 25c.; Pyle's Pearline (1 lb size), 12c., 2 for 22c.; Pyle's Pearline, (small), 6 for 25c.; Babbitt's 1776 (1 lb size), 8 for 25c.; Babbitt's 1776, (small), 6 for 25c.; Bixby's Royal Polish (for shoes), bottle; Bixby's Royal Polish, (small), 10c. size), 5c. box; choice mixed American and French candy, 3 lbs 25c.; best home made Bread, 10c. loaf; best Home Made Pies, 10c. Headquarters for Gilt Edge Elgin and Creamery Butter. Fine Teas and Coffees a specialty.

Your orders shall always receive prompt personal attention. Always alive to the interests of our customers.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

General Hardware and House-furnishings,

and STOVES.

Carpenter and Machinist Tools!

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

HARNESS and BLANKETS.

USUAL LOW PRICES. TELEPHONE CALL 129.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

Office:—

27 North Avenue.

A NEW STYLE

OF

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Out TO-DAY, at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

ANNOUNCEMENT

OUR NEW SPRING GOODS are now ready for inspection.

ALL of the Departments are supplied to the fullest extent with the newest and most desirable goods that can be found in the markets.

IT is impossible to particularize in a small "ad." like this, but would say that we are now better prepared to supply the wants of the people than ever before.

OUR New Spring Dress Goods this season surpass anything we have ever offered. The styles and colorings are elegant, and will well repay a careful inspection.

THE Wash Dress Fabrics are just lovely, and comprise about everything that the trade demands.

LADIES are always interested in pretty Hamburgh Embroideries. Our assortment is large and the patterns are just as handsome as they can be.

WE expect to do the largest business in our dress lining department that we have ever done, and therefore have increased this line almost double. You can see it when you come.

WE extend a special invitation to everybody to make us a early call, and examine our cheap and elegant goods, before making your purchases.

LOOK OUT for our Carpet Announcement soon.

EVERYTHING the Newest, Cheapest and Best at

EDSALL'S

Closing Out Sale!

SPLENDID BARGAINS!
WALL PAPER AT COST.
In order to lose not this year's stock of WALL PAPER to make room for New Goods.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

(Successors to W. P. Adams, 29 East Front Street.)

Something New Again at the 5 & 10c. Store.

5, 5, 7 and 10c. Counters. This gives you many things for three cents that you formerly paid five for, and many things for seven cents that formerly sold for ten cents. Our counters are all loaded, and bargains indeed you now have offered you. We do not bind ourselves to keep this up long, so come while you have the chance. Also keep in mind that while we aim to undersell all others yet as a further inducement we are GIVING AWAY Two Different Books Valued at 25c. ea., viz.: "The Living World," "Uncle Billy Wild West," "Land and Sea," "The Beautiful Story" by Mr. Talmadge, and Webster's Encyclopedia, all handsomely and elaborately illustrated. We have these books on exhibition, and any child can get one with a little effort. We make a rule that we give free to all purchases to the amount of $20, when the holder takes his choice of the books named free. Any number may use the same card, so filling it sooner and securing a book quicker. Don't forget to call and see these handsome books as a reward. Spring goods are coming in daily, and the wares we handle are used in every household. As you will want to stock up shortly, remember the card and gives us a call. We have several different styles of Toilet Soaps, also Cream Soaps, at prices the lowest. Lamps, Crockery, Stone and Glassware, Iron and Woodenware, and general housefurnishings, and for 10c. Royal Tooth Powder, anything better and purer is not known.

J. C. ALLEN, 38 West Front Street.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Burrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 241

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of it. Get a 25 lb sack and test it before buying a barrel. We have the BEST Feed, Barley, Oats and Gluten Meal, and make a specialty of reclaimed Oats. Lambs Feed Store.

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

GO TO

CAREY'S NEW BEDDING STORE

for anything in the line of

Beds, Mattresses, Pillows, Bolsters, Quilts,

BLANKETS, RUGS, COUCHES, CHAIRS, ETC.

A full line of the above always on hand.

76, 78 and 80 West Front Street.

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,

WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

Writing : Paper

BY THE

POUND!

Old Sagamore Mills, 15c lb.

Envelopes to match, 5c. package.

Kensington Wove and Devonshire Linen, 25c. per lb.

Envelopes to match, 10c. package.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

THE BEE HIVE

New's Unbeatable Hives
The "Prize," a quality, 8 and 10 pound honey, heavy sheets, entire 4 frame, 8 to 4, double back.

50c.

The "Pride," B quality, made of best material and the same frame as the best hive in the world

69c.

Boys' "Pride" skirts

45c.

Youths' "Pride," shirts, the size that is very popular as the "Bee Hive" in Plainfield

69c.

Louis Callman

40 WEST FRONT STREET

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST,

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 67 Boner St., North Plainfield.

1892	February.					1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29					

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5	4:39 a. m.	Third Quarter	20	7:16 p. m.
Full Moon	12	2:38 p. m.	New Moon	27	10:49 a. m.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

65 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street, Lock Box L. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10 1892 PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be slightly colder and clear, followed by a slow rise in temperature.

BREVITIES.

—A "benefit" is to be given at Music Hall on Feb. 22.

—The ice now being cut at Lake Hopatcong is twelve inches thick.

—The ice crop can not now be called a positive failure. It is a cold fact.

—The person who was born on February 29th gets a birthday this month.

—The City Common Council will hold an adjourned meeting this evening at eight o'clock.

—The new Mechanics' Lien Law has been indefinitely postponed in the House of Assembly.

—There will be a devotional meeting in the W. C. T. U. rooms to-morrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

—Post No. 73, G. A. R. held a meeting last evening. Business of a transient order only was transacted.

—A new measure before the Legislature prevents any but attorneys from practicing before a Justice of the Peace.

—The new tax law recommended by the State Board of Education makes taxes due in October instead of December.

—If your potatoes are frozen, soak them in a pan of cold water several hours before you put them over the fire for boiling.

—All young men interested in the study of shorthand are requested to apply at the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Friday evening of this week.

—A bill pending in the Legislature gives the owner of a freehold estate the right to kill game on his own premises from Sept. 1st to March 1st.

—The Independent Gun Club have arranged for a "shoot" on Washington's birthday. It will be held on the club's grounds in North Plainfield.

—The grippe has even attacked the horses. Reports say the animals in various sections show signs of the disease, in a feverish and weakened condition.

—The "Y's" are rehearsing for the Chronothanntoietron, the entertainment which they are going to give in the Casino, Saturday evening the twenty-seventh.

—Two more new fire alarm boxes have been placed, No. 41 at the corner of Madison avenue and Third street and No. 36 at the corner of Park avenue and Eighth street.

—New Jersey is one of the eleven States in which the postal service is self sustaining. The receipts last year having been a quarter of a million dollars more than the expenses.

—The annual encampment of the State Department Grand Army of the Republic, the Sons of Veterans and the Ladies of the G. A. R. will be held at Trenton, on the 18th inst.

—By putting a well-displayed, well-constructed advertisement in THE NEWS, you bring your goods to the notice of nearly every buyer in town. Then if you have something which the public need, good results will be forthcoming.

—Too many men try to get on the trains at the station as they are moving away. It is a wonder that some fatal accidents have not happened before this. Better be a minute early than a minute late. The minute may save a limb or even a life.

—Free hand drawing will be gracefully described by Mr. John Dalziel at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow (Thursday) evening. This is a subject of interest and practical use to every one, dealing as it does with the secrets of the subtleties and the refinements of nature.

—Regan's Illustrated Lecture—"The Heart of America"—the third of a series of five being given in Music Hall, attracted a fine audience last evening, and won the highest praise for both the entertainment and the lecturer—who fully sustained his high reputation.

—Newspaper men have been surprised at the amount of "copy" Charles B. Lewis, the "M. Quad" of the World, has turned out daily for the past six months. His work has generally been excellent in quality as well as standing in quantity. He has signed a contract to go into the American Press Association, where his salary will be much larger than it was on the World and his work a good deal less. He will continue to make New York his home.

—The High School Lyceum will hold a public meeting in Assembly Hall, Friday evening, Feb. 12, at 7:45 p. m. The principal feature will be a debate on the question: Resolved that America will always be the great asylum for antipodes have done. Judge Coddington, Dr. Ketchum, Mr. Hunt and Mr. Smith have consented to act as a committee to decide the debate. The programme will be given in full to-morrow evening. Admission cards may be obtained from any members of the Lyceum.

—A gentleman of Louisville in a letter to Dr. Keeley, of Dwight, Ill., stated that he had been suffering for several weeks with the grip. In his reply Dr. Keeley says: "I would like to suggest a treatment for grippe which I know is nearly specific as well as innocent. It is simply asafœtida, given in four-grain pills, one pill four times a day. No man need be sick of the grip these days who will take it. For the past two years, with all the patients here subject, of course, to such epidemic, I have not had the man to go to bed from the disease, break it up very quickly, and, in fact, cure it. If this treatment was generally known it would save sufferers much expense and wretchedness and many assured and valuable lives."

THE STREET RAILWAY QUESTION.

Counsel Agree that the Park Avenue Route Shall be Laid Aside.

In the street railway litigation instituted by Elias R. Pope against the Plainfield Street Railway Company, further testimony was taken yesterday at Elizabeth, before Supreme Court Commissioner Atwater. After the prosecution had rested its case, Mr. Riker, the attorney for the railway company, offered to agree that the ordinance attacked by Mr. Pope be set aside so far as the Park avenue route is concerned, because he was satisfied that Mr. Pope was right in asserting that proper consents had not been obtained for that part of the route. Mr. Pope at once agreed to the proposition and it now remains for the city to be heard from. The company, it is understood, has sufficient funds in the treasury to complete the road, and have signified their intention to begin operations as soon as the matter is finally adjusted.

TRIED TO KILL HERSELF.

While Drunk Mrs. Nolan Makes an Attempt on Her Life.

A woman named Nolan threw herself in front of the 8:20 train at the North avenue station last night. The woman was cruzed with liquor at the time. The train was about to stop at the station and her life was saved. Policeman Cooney saw her attempt the suicide and placed her in the station house. She will be arraigned before City Judge Codington to-night.

Persons who saw her attempt to kill herself were horrified. Women who were at the depot turned their heads.

The woman is an habitual drunkard and has been committed to the county jail on several occasions.

The Proposed Day Nursery.

There are many poor mothers in this locality, as in other localities, and probably less here than the average, who would prefer to work by the day for the support of themselves and children, rather than be considered paupers and be supported by public charity, if they could have their children cared for during their absence.

A number of prominent ladies of Plainfield are to hold a Twilight Tea at 26 East Ninth street (the residence of Mrs. W. L. Patton) to-morrow afternoon and evening, for the organization and protection of a proposed day nursery.

The affair promises to be a very interesting one, and has the co-operation of the W. C. T. U. and of the "Y's." An entertaining programme has been arranged.

The Nursery will care for the little ones at a nominal charge, or without charge, if the mothers are too poor to pay.

It has been found in London, in such affairs in which Mrs. Patton has been interested that the mothers who are worse glad to avail themselves of this noble aid if permitted to pay something, however small, would never accept the assistance as paupers, and this from a spirit of independence not at all discreditable.

Meeting of Ministers.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ministers Association was held at the residence of Rev. W. R. Richards, on East Front street, Monday evening, and the attendance was unusually large. At the meeting, Rev. C. B. Mitchell, read a paper on "Prayer Meetings," and the usual discussion followed. Rev. E. M. Rodman offered a resolution with reference to Rev. A. R. Dilts' difficulty in the Park Avenue Baptist Church, which is as follows:

Resolved—That a Committee of three members be appointed by the chair to present to the congregation of the Park Avenue Baptist Church an expression of the very high esteem in which the Rev. Asa Reed Dilts is held by us, and of the sincere hope which we entertain that the unfortunate difficulty between him and the trustees of said Church may be speedily settled to the satisfaction of all concerned, and that many years of useful and blessed labors for the extension of the Kingdom of Christ await them.

The Rev. Mr. Richards, President of the Association, appointed as such Committee:

REV. E. M. RODMAN,
REV. D. J. YERKES, D. D.,
REV. C. L. GOODRICH.

Officers Installed.

At a meeting of Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, Knights of Honor held last evening, the following officers were installed:

P. C.—Louis L. Van Alstyne.
C.—John Fellows.
1st V. C.—Albert W. Ten Eyck.
Secretary and treasurer—Frank P. Hafner.
Second V. C.—Guerillermo Thorn.
Sr. Aid—J. C. Pierson, Jr.
Jr. Aid—Barrett.
Guide—J. H. Van Middlesworth.
Sentry—Wm. N. Dunham.

Injured at Ponds.

Cornelius Ackerman, a resident of Evens, and an employe of the Pond Machine Tool Company, met with a painful accident Saturday afternoon. He was engaged cleaning some of the shafting in the works when his left hand was caught in the belting and badly wrenched. Mr. Ackerman will be disabled for several week.

Proposed New Laws.

A bill has been introduced in the Legislature which requires locomotive firemen to serve three years as such before they can become locomotive engineers, and another which limits the charge that railroads may make for carrying and returning milk cans to twenty cents per can.

THE LEGISLATURE.

CLASHES WITH THE SPEAKER.

Assemblyman Kalisch Thought for a While he Was Not Fairly Treated.

For a few minutes during the morning session of the House yesterday it looked as if there might be a revolt against the authority of Speaker Bergen. Mr. Bergen was hurrying to get business through expeditiously in the hope of closing the calendar to-day, and he was somewhat irritated at the absence from the Assembly chamber of members whose presence would facilitate business. There were two partisan bills on the calendar for the third reading. One was to reduce the Aldermanic representation of each ward to two members.

"The object of it," said Assemblyman Burns, "is to make the Trenton Common Council solidly Democratic."

There was a scurrying for votes, and Assemblyman Burrigan had to beseech himself to gather in the wanderers. The bill passed. Then its cousin was brought up, the purpose of which, Assemblyman Lamping said, was to put the Second Ward of Trenton into the Third Congressional District, and thus make two sure Democratic districts in the county. Mr. Hutchinson attacked the measure in a fair and half-piece of legislation. Messrs. Engard and Cole supported him and they made a general attack on the partisan policy of the majority. Mr. Kalisch wanted to answer them. "Mr. Speaker," he said, rising at this desk.

"The clerk will call the roll," ordered the speaker, looking straight ahead. He persisted in having the roll called and then told Mr. Kalisch he could speak.

"Mr. Speaker," exclaimed Mr. Kalisch, "I want to protest against the unfair treatment of the chair"——

He was pulled up sharply by the Speaker, who took an extra firm grip of his gavel and rapped it until there was absolute silence. "The Chair will not be criticised from the floor," he declared in peremptory tones. "The gentleman from Essex may proceed if he desires to speak of the bill, but not otherwise."

Mr. Kalisch stood irresolute for almost a full minute. Then he discontinued his contemplated attack upon the Speaker. The bill passed.

After the session was over Mr. Bergen said he had no intention to snub Mr. Kalisch. "I did not hear you until the roll-call had begun," the Speaker said. That mollified Mr. Kalisch.

Mercer county is at the front this year with partisan legislation. In the afternoon another sample made its appearance. It provides that in counties having over seventy-five thousand population three members of the Board of Freeholders shall be elected from each Assembly District.

IN THE STATE SENATE.

The Senate held a long session to-day and then adjourned for the week. Senator Rogers introduced a bill appropriating $100,000 for the benefit at the World's Fair in Chicago in honor of the colored soldiers of the war. The monument is to be erected on the Lincoln Park where the Fair is over. Senator Barrett fathered a measure giving the Governor the appointment of the Dairy Commissioner at a salary of $2,000 for a term of three years. Senator Budsperh proposes that ten hours shall be a day's work on surface and elevated railroads.

Senator Micklich wants to protect the farmers of Passaic from the ravages of stray dogs. He put in a bill providing for the killing of such animals.

Among the bills passed were Senate, No. 2, providing for the investment of the Farmers' Fire Insurance Association; House, No. 20, giving Vice Chancellors the right to commit for contempt; House No. 31, regarding the old Union Turnpike Company's charter; Senate, No. 86, authorizing Rahway to issue bonds in payment of maturing water bonds; Senate, No. 87, making Clerks of Courts and Surrogates liable for moneys paid into their hands; Senate, No. 71, providing that in fourth-class cities liquor licenses may be granted on Sundays; House, No. 51, providing Sergeant-at-Arms in City District Courts.

Governor Campbell and Commissioner Duryee and Common Pleas Judge Wilson Lenseman, of Atlantic, were confirmed.

PERSONAL.

Miss Jeannette Mattison, the accomplished pianiste, of Somerset street, North Plainfield, was the accompanist at the Violin Recital by Mr. Karl Feiminger, at Hardman Hall, New York, Monday evening.

On February 1st Tom Keller, better known to the sporting world as "Tex Kay," severs his connection with Starlight Brothers, the well-known cigar manufacturers, to enter the employ of the United States Cartridge Company. It was considerable of an undertaking for Mr. Keller, after his twelve years experience in the cigar business, to sever his pleasant relations with them, but the inducements in the new field, Mr. Keller is active, always on the alert, energetic and sincere. Few young men have more friends in the shooting world than he, and all hands will assist in pushing him up the ladder of success.—N. Y. Sporting Life, Jan. 30. Mr. Keller is a resident of this city and is well and favorably known here. Next season he will manage the Crescent base ball team and it is the opinion of all that know him that he will put a team in the field that will surely win the pennant.

January Weather.

The record places the mean temperature of the last forty-eight Januarys at 29.16°. Nearly one-third of them having given us a mean temperature below 25° we cannot call this month through which we have just passed an unusually cold January. With its mean temperature of 30.13° it was, however, very cold compared with the three Januarys immediately preceding it, which gave us a mean temperature of nearly 38°. But, on the other hand, it was warm in comparison with the January immediately preceding these three, with its mean temperature of 26.6°. The rain and snow fall of the month were also normal, and several occasions, heavy. The total precipitation, 5.62 inches, was considerably greater than the average for January, which, according to the records, is 3.50 inches. The snow fall during the month measured 13 inches.

—One thousand gondola coal cars and 250 box cars have been ordered by the C. R. R. of N. J. The new equipment will have automatic couplers, and the cars will have air brakes.

UNION COUNTY COURTS.

Darcy Acquitted and the Indictment Against Mr. Ryan Quashed.

There was a surprise in the Union county court yesterday when the jury, in the case of Peter Darcy, one of the men charged with stealing lumber from the Singer Works, returned a verdict of acquittal.

The indictment was for the robbery committed on Oct. 30, and it charged the offense against James Morrow, Charles Connell and Peter Darcy. Connell pleaded guilty as he did in all the charges, and Morrow when the trial opened yesterday morning, pleaded not vult.

Darcy was defended by Hon. John T. Dunn. The defense was an alibi, and a longshoreman of the name of Michael Gannon, swore that Darcy roomed with him the night of the robbery.

The testimony for the State was, however, very positive. Connell swore that Darcy was with him, and the truckman who carted the lumber testified that Morrow, Connell and Darcy were together.

Darcy admitted assisting in handling the lumber from the foot of Spencer street, but alleged that he was hired by Connell, and was acting in his capacity as a longshoreman.

For rebuttal Chief Tenney and Sergeant Walsh testified that Connell's confession immediately after the arrest implicated Darcy, and when they went to find him he had left the city. He was arrested in Brooklyn, and a requisition obtained from Gov. Hill for his removal to this city.

The officers also testified that Darcy on his way from Brooklyn confessed to being with Connell and Noonan on one of the raids.

William Darcy, a brother of the prisoner, and his wife testified that Connell had said that Peter was not in the robbery.

The jury retired at three o'clock, and were out for over an hour. The court had left the bench, and County Clerk Crowell was authorized to receive the verdict.

Darcy's friends remained anxiously awaiting the verdict, and when it was announced as not guilty, Darcy's brother rose to his feet, waved his hat, and the others joined in a shout of applause. Mr. Crowell very promptly restored order.

THE INDICTMENT AGAINST MR RYAN QUASHED.

Mr. Moses W. Ryan, a reputable citizen and builder, was in court under an indictment which charged him with receiving the lumber. The thieves represented to Mr. Ryan that they were canal boatmen, and sold him the lumber. He had no knowledge of its having been stolen.

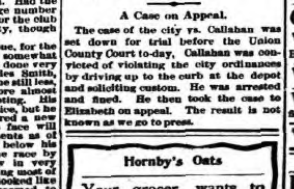
Prosecutor Marsh said that the indictment against Mr. Ryan was not found on any complaint by the Singer Manufacturing Company, but the grand jurors thought the evidence warranted them finding such a bill. The State would have to rely for conviction simply on the fact that the lumber was purchased for a little less than the market value, but there was no evidence that Mr. Ryan had any reason to suspect the men were not what they represented themselves.

Mr. Ryan was a reputable citizen, whose character was never before attacked, and in view of all the circumstances, Mr. Marsh said he felt it eminently proper that he should ask the court to permit a nolle prosequi to be entered.

Judge McCormick said the court fully concurred in the prosecutor's decision, and Mr. Ryan was discharged.

Tee Kay, Charles Smith, Neaf Apgar.

A three-cornered race at 50 Blue Rocks, was shot on Tuesday, January 26, between Messrs. Somerset named above. It took place on the grounds of the Plainfield Independent Gun Club, at Plainfield, N. J. The Tee Kay has done very little shooting of late. Charles Smith, the old-time "Dutchy," has done still less having for the last year or more almost entirely given up trap shooting. His score was his best in fifteen years, but he is in the ranks again, has ordered a new Smith ejector gun, and his face will be seen on the score sheet hereafter at all old. Neaf Apgar fell far below his usual form, finishing last in the race by one bird. The target flew in very erratic fashion, the wind taking most of them high in the air till they looked like pigeons. Many of them seemed to bother Apgar more than the others, as he made several misses on these easy flight. A few live birds were provided, but they were rather uneven in character, they were very fresh to fly and the waits necessary while they were being put up were extremely trying to the contestants.—The American Field.



MONCTON—In North Plainfield, Feb. 9th, 1892, Almira, wife of Joseph Moncton, aged 61 years, 5 months, 19 days.

Funeral from late residence, 228 Grove street, Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

TRYING TO GET RID OF BRADLEY.

Asbury Park Residents Have Found a Way at Last.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Feb. 10th, (Special.)—The property-holders of this place are enthusiastic over the prospect of obtaining by purchase the properties which have given James A. Bradley control of everything in sight in Asbury Park and a monitorship over both public and private morals.

Four Anarchists Executed

MADRID, Feb. 10th. (Special.)—The attempts made by a number of prominent persons, including the Bishop of Cadiz, to secure a commutation of the death sentence passed upon the four leaders of the Anarchists who led the recent attack upon the town of Xeres were without successful results, and the prisoners were executed to-day.

The Reading Secures the Jersey Central.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10th. (Special.)—The Jersey Central and Lehigh Valley railroads have passed under the control of the Reading. The Reading guarantees the payment of dividends up to 7 per cent. on both Jersey Central and Lehigh stocks.

The Ground Hog Prophecy.

Tuesday of this week was Candlemas day, and the old prophecy is that if the ground hog be able to see his shadow on that day he at once returns to his hole for six weeks more of Winter weather ere he shall emerge again. Another old prophecy is found in the couplet,

"If Candlemas be fair and clear,
There'll be two winters in the year."

For a little while Tuesday morning the ground hog might have seen his shadow, but the day was very far from being "fair and clear." So from the two standpoints you may infer that we are going to have six weeks more of Winter, or the opposite, just as you please. It won't have much effect on the weather, anyhow.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Plainfield Post Office for the week ending February 8, 1892:

Anderson, Geo M
Anderson, Mrs Wm
Burnham, Mrs F G
Craig, Mrs A L
Hunt, Miss Bessie
Holcombe, Miss E
Ladd, Mary E
McCahern, Mrs S
Poper, James
Smith, Mrs M
Smalley, Randall
Van Sycoel, Rosa Mrs
Sacks, Mr
Schwartz, B G
Schenectal, —
Schreenpp, G (2)
Thorn, James P
Thorn, Mrs Mary M
Whitcoff, Mrs
Wright, W

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. E. R. POPE, P. M.

Look Out for These Coins.

Although the new silver coins have been in circulation only a few days an attempt has already been made to swindle people with the twenty-five cent piece by gold-plating it. The new quarter bears some resemblance to a ten dollar gold piece, and when plated it could be very easily passed on a careless person. A number of the plated quarters have been passed in various sections of the country.

Appointments by Governor Abbett.

Governor Abbett has reappointed George S. Duryee, of Newark, for State Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, and the following lay judges: Atlantic county, Wilson Senseman; Bergen, Peter Bogert, Jr.; Middlesex, Matthew O'Gorman. He also appointed as trustees of the Home for Feeble-Minded Women, Mrs. Emily H. Williamson and ex-Senator Philip P. Baker.

Two Candidates for Lay Judges.

The term of Lay Judge Louis Hyer of the Union County Court, is about to expire, and the Judge would like a second term. He also conducts in Rahway the Union Democrat, a weekly. William Crane of Union Township, is said to have his eye on the place, with Assemblyman Lane to aid him. Assemblyman Carroll is said to be for Judge Hyer.

A Case on Appeal.

The case of the city vs. Callahan was set down for trial before the Union County Court to-day, Callahan was convicted of violating the city ordinances by driving up to the curb at the depot and soliciting custom. He was arrested and fined. He then took the case to Elizabeth on appeal. The result is not known as we go to press.

Hornby's Oats

Your grocer wants to sell you one package

H·O.

Buy another, or keep from buying if you can.

The one digestible oat food.

AUCTION SALE
AT
CAREY'S PALACE AUCTION ROOM,
Corner Front and Grove streets, Plainfield, N. J., on
Friday, Feb. 12th, 1 p. m. Sharp,
Consisting of
Bed Suites, Buffets, Ex-Tables, Pictures,
Stands, Crockery, Carpets, Chairs, and numerous other things. Terms Cash.
T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

Something New Again at the 5 & 10c. Store.

5, 8, 7 and 10c. Counters. This gives you many things for three cents that you formerly paid five for, and many things for five cents that formerly sold for ten cents. Our counters are all loaded, and bargains indeed you now have offered you. We do not bind ourselves to keep this up long, so come while you have the chance. Also keep in mind that while we aim to undersell all others, yet as a further inducement we are GIVING AWAY Five Different Styles of Valuable Books, viz.: "The Living World," "Buffalo Bill's Wild West," "Land and Sea," "The Pearl Story" by Mr. Talmadge, and Webster's Encyclopedia, all handsomely and elaborately illustrated. We have them on exhibition, and any child can get one with a little effort. We punch from a card that we give free to all purchasers to the amount of $20, when the holder takes his choice of the books named free of charge. Don't forget to call, as filling a book is not exciting a book quicker. Buy all your goods of us, and get one of these handsome books as a present. Some good are coming in daily, and that you will find useful in every household. As you will want to stock up shortly, remember we are the ones to call. We have twenty different styles of Toilet Soaps, also Combs and Brushes at prices the lowest. Lamps, Crockery, Stone and Glassware, Iron and Woodenware, and general housefurnishings, and for 10c. Royal Tooth Powder, anything better and purer is not known.

J. C. ALLEN, 18 West Front Street.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DILUTE IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have the BEST Feed, Barley, Oats and Clover Bran, and make a specialty of reclaimed Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,
CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

Amusements.

MUSIC HALL!

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 12.

The coming event. Laughing orations to the assets. Mr. Dan Sully and company, under the management of Charles Frohman, in the latest comedy success,

THE SOLICITOR,

as played 100 nights in New York. Preceded at 8 o'clock by the one-act farce entitled,

A TANGLED SKEIN.

The players—Miss Virginia Buchanan, Miss Josephine Powsday, Miss Mary Greenwall, Miss Nellie N. Fox, Mr. Dan Sully, Messrs. Louis Baker, Robert Hickman, Joseph Frankau, Walter Greenwall, Owen Baxter, Samuel Dryden, J. W. Gleason, and others. Seats now on sale.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION wanted by a young German couple, married, two years in this country. Formerly employed as housework in a gentleman's household in Europe. Want employment in the same line, either singly or together. Willing to go in the country. Address 675 Lamberton street, Trenton, N. J. 10 2

A YOUNG colored girl, recently from the South, wants a place as second girl. Call for two days at 133 West Seventh street. 9 2

IF you need a positive advertise in this column and let it be known.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A $100 Yost typewriter. Has had but little wear and will be sold at a marked reduction. Address 1 West Fifth street 2 9tf

FOR SALE—A Victor B. safety; in good order. EDSY EARNS. Address "Safety," care of EVENING NEWS. 10 2

HAVE you a house for sale or to rent? Try advertising it in this column

THE HOUSE owned and occupied by the late A. D. Buttor, 14 La Grande avenue, Plainfield, N. J., for sale, or to close the estate. Enquire on premise, or, at 71 Barclay street, New York. 1 eod 14tf

HELP WANTED.

GIRL for general housework. Call 39 Manning avenue. 10 2

WANTED—Coachman and gardener. Must have good references. J. M. Bettman, 14 Willow avenue. 10 2

WHEN you wish to secure help, put an advertisement in this column.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Call at 23 Vine street, North Plainfield. 10 3

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Apply at 16 Franklin place. 10 2

FOR RENT.

FOUR rooms house to rent. $8 month. Small garden On Race street, in rear of 68 Manning avenue. 2 12f

ONLY $12 A MONTH—An eight-room house, large garden, fruit trees and grapes. Occupancy at once. 60 Berckman avenue. Key for back entrance at No 70. 12

ON and after March 31st, the farm owned by the Elm Row Stock Raising Company will be open for rental. Apply to the secretary, care of EVENING NEWS. 8 6

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

BOARDERS Wanted—Large sunny rooms with board. Reference. 89 East Fourth street. 9 3

WANTED—To know if you have any real estate you want sold. If so send description and price to Box 775, EVENING NEWS. No charge unless a sale is made. If you want to secure tenants send list of houses. 2 10tf

ANNUAL STATEMENT
OF THE
DIME SAVING INSTITUTION,
of Plainfield, N. J.,
JANUARY 1, 1892

ASSETS.	
Loans on Bond and Mortgages, first liens	$126,100 00
Value of property mortgd $284,150	
Building and Loan,	45,000 00
PAR VALUE. MARKET VALUE.	
42,000 Union County Bonds	45,140 00
17,000 North Plainfield Township,	17,425 00
2,000 " " Fire Dep't do	2,060 00
10,000 Jersey City Water Bonds	10,650 00
10,000 Scotch Plains, Fanwood Fire District No. 14 Bonds	10,000 00
5,100 Dunellen School District No.	5,100 00
5,000 Middlesex N. J. " "	5,000 00
1,000 North Plainfield T'w'p bonds	1,000 00
Personal loans	36,000 00
Interest due and accrued	4,619 00
Furniture and fixture account	1,400 00
Cash in vault	10,750 00
Cash in office	692 15
	$275,767 00

LIABILITIES	
Amount due depositors	$267,271 00
Surplus	8,496 00
	$275,767 00

State of New Jersey, } ss.
County of Union, }

JOHN W. MURRAY, President, and ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer, of the Dime Savings Institution, being duly sworn, depose and say, each for himself, that the statement above is true and correct, and shows the actual condition of the said institution on the first day of January, 1892.

JOHN W. MURRAY,
ELIAS R. POPE.

Sworn and subscribed before me this twentieth day of January, 1892.

JAMES C. POPE, Notary Public.

FOR SALE.

We, the undersigned committee, made an examination of the books, vouchers, assets and liabilities of the above said institution, with a schedules attached, and found this a true exhibit of the assets and liabilities of said institution of the assets and liabilities, of said

J. FRANK HUBBARD,
FRANCIS H. GARDNER,
J. B. COWLAND,
} Committee.

2 3 10

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of
Mouldings, sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING,
done with promptness and dispatch. Jobbing executed in this line at short notice and reasonable prices.

WHAT'S THAT?

Oh, only the usual fall in prices before taking our annual inventory.

Send a few of the Bargains!

100 doz. Towels at 7c., worth 10c. Good Gingham at 5c. Good Muslin at 5c. Ladies' Vests formerly 25c. Best Prints 5c. Fruit of the Loom 7c. Jersey Knit shirts 35c., formerly 50c. Heavy Canton flannel 6c. Our 50c. Corset we will sell for 39c.

REMNANTS of all kinds at HALF PRICE.

Ingrain Carpets 25, 32, 42 and 48c. Mattings 12 1-2c. Oil Cloths 18c. Ladies', Misses and Children's Cloaks at half price, with a greatly reduced price. Agency for King's Dyeing Company, of Boston, Pa.

E. M. RODMAN, 7 West Front Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST,

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Deep breathing and complete education of the voice.

Drop breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 27 Bonnie Brae, North Plainfield.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The Real Columbus.

In The Magazine of American History Hon. Arthur Harvey, president of the Canadian institute, throws a light on the character of the great Genoese discoverer which is quite different from the halo through which we are accustomed to behold him. In his defense of himself Columbus speaks of himself as a captain who by divine will has conquered a new world and put it under the dominion of Spain, adding these significant words, "Through which Spain, which used to be called poor, is now rich."

In that last clause is a summing up of inhuman outrages and cruelties for which not only Spain, but civilized mankind, ought to blush while the world stands. Columbus obtained from their majesties of Spain his exploring outfit solely on the strength of the idea that he would find gold for them—gold, gold, gold! It was his idea and theirs from first to last.

One of the first pieces of enterprise on the part of Columbus was to seize hundreds of the natives as slaves, to be sent to Europe and sold. This was done in the beginning on the excuse that they were cannibals. Then thousands of them were seized and put to hunting and washing gold. In the provinces where gold was found each Indian above fourteen was forced to bring to the Spaniard every three months a certain amount of gold, and those elsewhere had to give "an arroba of cotton." The Indians rebelled. They grew so desperate that they fled to the mountains and tried to starve the Spanish conquerors out. In vain they were pursued and treated with unspeakable ferocity. The pious Columbus himself on one occasion writes home, "In the name of the Holy Trinity there can be sent as many slaves as sale can be found for in Spain, and they tell me that 4,000 can be sold; also some logwood, realizing together about $60,000."

Now mark the end! Today the best part of all the lands Columbus so proudly claimed for Spain is owned and peopled by English speaking nations, and some of the best of the rest seems destined also to pass into their hands. Old Spain herself has lost everything worth having in the New World except Cuba, and it wavers and trembles in the balance. Well may Mr. Harvey quote the words of Conan Doyle:

> What is this that is shown me? Whence come they, these peoples, these lordly nations, these mighty countries that rise up before me? I look beyond and others rise, and yet others far farther, to the shores of the uttermost waters. They crowd! They swarm! The world is given to them, and it responds with the energy of their manners and the ring of their church bells. They call them many names, and they rule them this way or that, but they are all English, for I hear the voices of the people. On I go, and onward ever seen where man hath never yet smiled, and I see a great and noble race stars and a stranger sky, and still the land is England. Where have her children not gone. What barrier have those dauntless hearts not battered down. Her banner is scorched in the sun. She has swept the seas, and her shadow is over the seas.

Evidently there is some reciprocity wanted at Newfoundland. One of the papers there accuses American fishermen of smuggling quantities of goods into the island of fogs, to the detriment of our revenue and of Newfoundland traders. The American fishing schooners touch at the island of St. Pierre, off the coast between Fortune and Placentia bays. They go there to find out where the herring catch is. But somehow when they come to Newfoundland they have on board a large quantity of rum, gin, tea and tobacco. They did not carry these articles from the United States with them, and the said goods never paid duty at St. Pierre. The American fishermen must have fished them up out of the sea.

A product has lately been obtained from coal tar that promises to improve the quality of articles manufactured from india rubber: at least rubber manufacturers will no longer have to adulterate their wares so much when the new article comes out. It has not been named yet, but the new product looks like asphalt and is so nearly like india rubber, even as to elasticity, that it can be used for the gum itself. It can be made into an admirable waterproof varnish for textile fabrics.

Isaac H. Bromley on the Pilgrim Fathers: "They builded better than they knew, for whereas they came over here for the purpose of establishing one religion, there are now within five miles of Boston something like 500, without including recent cleavages and new inventions."

Is there a flavor—just the faintest—of sarcasm about this remark of Commander Schley, of the Baltimore, in reference to his course at Valparaiso—"I am glad that my conduct at the time of the outrage has met the approval of my superiors and the newspapers."

Ex-Mayor Hewitt, of New York, formulated a great truth in the following remark about the low dens of iniquity in that city. "No dives can exist without the connivance of the police."

Secretary Tracy is credited with saying that we could whip the entire Chilian navy in thirty days. Doubtful.

Steel can be made much stronger by alloying it with a composition in which aluminum enters largely.

BLAINE ABOUT TO RESIGN

He Will Shortly Retire from the Secretaryship of State.

POOR HEALTH PROMPTS THIS MOVE

The Only Reason He Does Not Drop the Heavy Mantle at Once Is to Avoid Any Misconstruction of His Motive—The Date of His Outgoing Not Yet Fixed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Secretary Blaine's resignation from the cabinet will, after a reasonable interval, follow his letter of withdrawal as a presidential possibility. For this statement your correspondent has authority second only to that of Secretary Blaine himself.

Mr. Blaine has reached a definite determination to resign his commission as secretary of state. Only the date at which this action shall be taken remains undetermined. Mr. Blaine, if he follows his personal inclination, would tender the president his resignation at once, but he realizes that such an act, following immediately upon his letter to Chairman Clarkson, would be widely misinterpreted and would be construed by the opponents of the Republican party either as an act of pique of as indicating serious differences between the president and his party.

Therefore Mr. Blaine will postpone his resignation from the cabinet until time enough shall have elapsed to separate in the public mind that act from his announcement that his name would not go before the Republican national convention for the presidential nomination.

His Health the Cause.

The reason which Secretary Blaine will give to the president for retiring from the cabinet will be that of physical inability to continue to perform the arduous and exacting duties of his present office. This is, in fact, the true reason for Mr. Blaine's determination to withdraw entirely from official life. Other motives may, and doubtless will, be assigned by his critics for his action, but it will really be based upon his precarious health.

It has been the hope of Mr. Blaine for several months to spend some of the present winter in a warmer climate. When he left Bar Harbor he had all it was with the intention of going from Washington either to the extreme southern part of Texas or to Mexico to spend the winter.

The Chilian imbroglio dragged its length along till a trip of so great extent became impracticable. Since the Chilian affair has assumed less importance it is stated that Mr. Blaine has expressed a desire to go as soon as possible to the Bermudas and remain until the late spring or early summer months have settled the fickle weather of this latitude. Since that time Mr. Blaine has also expressed a desire to visit Cuba, and it is thought that that island will be his most probable destination after he has resigned from the cabinet.

The determination of Mr. Blaine to retire from the cabinet, which is now publicly announced for the first time, was intimated by General Felix Agnus, of Baltimore, who said in an interview: "I should not be surprised to see Mr. Blaine retire even from the cabinet, of which he has been such an eminent member. General Agnus' words may be given all the significance to the utterance of an intimate personal friend of Secretary Blaine. *To only a few of these Friends is* Mr. Blaine's determination known.

The Question of Succession.

It is, of course, early to speculate as to who may succeed Mr. Blaine as secretary of state. The name of ex-Senator Edmunds, of Vermont, naturally suggests itself because of the high regard in which the president and his great experience in public affairs, but it will be remembered that Mr. Edmunds resigned his seat upon personal health as his reason for resigning from the senate. New York already has a member of the cabinet, who would seem to debar from consideration any of his colleague. Evarts, who was secretary of state under President Hayes.

It is thought more probable that the president would look to the west for a successor to Secretary Blaine, and it is suggested that he might find it good politics to select a man from Illinois. In this connection the name of Robert T. Lincoln, who was secretary of war under President Arthur, and who is now United States minister at the court of St. James, *might be headed and promoted* to the head of the state department.

The most important subject after the priority which before that department is the Behring sea question, with which Minister Lincoln's duties during the past three years have made him thoroughly familiar.

The Cabinet Says Harrison Sure.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—President Harrison's cabinet were in session an hour and a half. The business transacted being related almost entirely to the Behring sea matter, but as Lord Salisbury's approval of the treaty submitting the subject to arbitration had not yet been received by Sir Julian Pauncefote, nothing was accomplished.

Secretary Blaine came in some time after the rest of the cabinet had gathered, and is said to have been in particularly good spirits. There was, of course, some discussion of the secretary's letter of withdrawal, and it was the unanimous expression of the members that President Harrison's renomination by acclamation was practically assured. The prospect of this is said to have been highly satisfactory to every one of the official family.

Postmaster Joseph H. Manley, of Augusta, Me., who is popularly supposed to stand about as near Mr. Blaine politically as anybody does, has arrived in Washington. In regard to Mr. Blaine's withdrawal he said: no friend of Mr. Blaine will question that he has done what he thought was right, and his friends will therefore accept the action as a finality. Mr. Manley added that Mr. Blaine would not under any circumstances accept the nomination.

A Big Boom for Hill.

ROME, Ga., Feb. 10.—The Tribune created a sensation throughout the state by the announcement in its editorial columns that henceforth the paper would advocate the nomination of David B. Hill for the presidency. The paper has heretofore favored Cleveland, and to say that the editorial was a surprise is putting it mildly. Hon. John J. Seay, the proprietor of the paper, is one of the strongest political leaders in Georgia. In its announcement The Tribune says that it has become convinced that the Democrats of Georgia by overwhelmingly for Senator Hill, and adds that as such the Democratic leader has appeared since the days of Andrew Jackson. It declares that Mr. Hill is the best man to lead the Democratic hosts to victory.

Sugar Sherman Investigated.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 10.—The Democrats of the house of representatives introduced a resolution reciting that Hon. John Sherman has been charged with owning his re-election as senator of the United States by duress, frauds, threats and promises, in violation of law, and providing for an investigation. It also calls upon Senator Chrisman, S. Brice to ask an investigation of the man's right to a seat under the rules and regulations governing such proceedings in the senate.

Democrats Badly Defeated.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Elections were held in all the town of Onondaga county, and the Republicans made almost a complete sweep. The returns represent the Democrats elect only four, as against twelve last year. The Republicans look upon the result as a rebuke for what they regard as the meddling of a senator and a member of the assembly from them through the agency of the courts.

A Republican Victory.

NORWICH, N. Y., Feb. 10.—An election was held in Chenango county and resulted in a complete victory for the Republicans, they capturing the towns of Columbus, Guilford, North Norwich and Norwich. The county board of supervisors will stand Republicans, 16; Democrats, 9.

Cleveland Men Win.

SALAMANCA, N. Y., Feb. 10.—At the regular caucus held here the Cleveland delegates were elected by 100 majority. At the caucus held by the Hill faction the Cleveland men out-voted them by 102 majority. The Cleveland men held a jubilee.

Hill Indorsed for President.

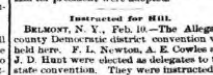
CLINTON, N. Y., Feb. 10.—At the second district Democratic convention of Onondaga county A. P. Kessinger, J. L. Hathaway and J. D. Hunt were elected as delegates to the state convention. They were instructed to vote for Hill for president.

New York's Republican Convention.

ALBANY, Feb. 10.—It is believed that the executive committee of the Republican state committee at its meeting in New York on Saturday will recommend May 15 as the date of the Republican state convention.

Indicted for Boodling.

OMAHA, Feb. 10.—The grand jury, which investigated charges of boodling against members of the city council, board of education and county commissioners, has returned indictments.



A Party Dress.

FOR A PRETTY MISS.

Herewith the artist has sketched in a few lines a simple and very tasteful combination of pale blue cashmere and black satin seen at a children's afternoon party. The plainer the design of a misses dress the more becoming it is as a rule.

Changeable Slipper Toes.

The girl who dotes on pretty slippers has adopted the sweetest little fad in connection with them. She has found that the toe of her satin or silk slipper wears out long before it should, and that there is a remedy for this in the adjustable slipper toe. They are easily fastened on and are made of silver, gold and bronze. The society girl has the adjustable toe made of gold, upon which is her monogram sparkling with her favorite stone. A dark red satin slipper will have a golden toe, upon which is a monogram of garnets.

Women are haunting the remnant counters for brocaded silk to be made up into under petticoats.

All the newest gowns are being made with short waists.

An Ex-Mayor in Trouble.

CHESTER, Pa., Feb. 10.—The board of health authorized the arrest and prosecution of the ex-mayor of the city, Dr. J. L. Norwood, who is a prominent physician, for violating health laws in not reporting births.

He Shot His Wife.

NORWICH, Conn., Feb. 10.—Louis Eno shot his wife in the Aldrich mill at Moosup and then attempted to escape, but was captured and jailed. Mrs. Eno may live.

Editor Troup's Wife Turns Catholic.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 10.—Mrs. Alexander Troup, wife of the editor of the New Haven Union, has been formally received into the Catholic church.

A Thieving Postmaster Jailed.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 10.—Ambrose M. Otis, ex-postmaster at Coleman, was sentenced to five years' imprisonment for robbing registered letters.

A Child Burned to Death.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Josie Dolan, nine years old, was burned to a crisp and her mother was fatally burned while trying to save her.

A Thieves' Den Raided.

ALTOONA, Pa., Feb. 10.—Police officers raided a disorderly house in this city and captured three men and stolen goods valued at $1,000.

Firebugs at San Diego.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Feb. 10.—The St. James hotel and the Leland block were fired by incendiaries. Loss of life narrowly averted.

DEATH OF JOHN JAY KNOX

He Was One of the Most Famous Financiers of America.

HIS PUBLIC LIFE WAS BRILLIANT.

He Was Comptroller of the Currency for a Long Number of Years—The Coinage Act of 1873 Was Formulated by Him—He Fathered the Present Bank System.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—John Jay Knox, ex-comptroller of the United States and president of the National Bank of the Republic, died at his home in this city, of pneumonia. Mr. Knox had been ill for only a few days, and the news of his death will be a shock to his many friends, few of whom knew of his precarious condition.

John Jay Knox was a master of all departments of finance, and had the entire national banking system of the United States at his fingers' ends. His administration as comptroller was notable for the many reforms adopted through his instrumentality. Mr. Knox was born in Knoxboro, Oneida county, on March 19, 1828. He was the third son of General John J. Knox, founder of the town. After graduation from Hamilton college in 1849, Mr. Knox became teller of the bank of the neighboring village of Vernon, of which bank his father was president. In 1852 he helped to organize the Burnet bank, of Syracuse, with which he was connected for the following four years.

Appointed Comptroller.

After assisting to found the Susquehanna Valley bank in Binghamton he set up a private bank in St. Paul, with his brother, Henry M. Knox, for partner. While in St. Paul he wrote, among other contributions, for Hunt's Merchants' Magazine an article, published in January, 1862, which contained the germ of the national banking system subsequently adopted by the government. Mr. Knox soon after became a clerk in the treasury department, and after five years' service in the various intermediate posts was appointed deputy comptroller of the currency in 1867. In 1872 General Grant appointed him comptroller. He remained comptroller until 1884, when he accepted the presidency of the Bank of the Republic. During his seventeen years service as comptroller and deputy comptroller he originated more than one financial scheme which formed a new departure for the treasury department and for the government.

JOHN JAY KNOX.

It was at his recommendation that the coinage of the silver dollar was discontinued, and he practically drew up the "coinage act of 1873," which secured that result. Mr. Knox took a leading part in the negotiation of the United States bonds, which were relied upon as provision for the resumption of specie payment, and he may be considered the father of the 5 per cent bonds.

A Defalcation He Unearthed.

Among the incidents in Mr. Knox's career his services in Louisiana at the close of the civil war deserve especial mention. When the war ended a large force of vessels in the lower Mississippi river were confiscated by the national government, sold and the proceeds placed in the First National bank of New Orleans, pending the result of litigation begun by their owners to recover the money.

Ultimately the supreme court decided that these people should have the money back, and Mr. Knox was sent on to New Orleans to look after this particular amount in bank. While there Mr. Knox discovered one of the heaviest defalcations on record in the First National bank. The institution's doors were promptly closed, and Mr. Knox placed in charge. He managed the affairs of the bank in a manner that gained for him the warm praise of the authorities in Washington and the gratitude of the depositors in the New Orleans bank. Mr. Knox was for awhile also assistant treasurer in New Orleans.

Ex-Governor Scales Dead.

RALEIGH, Feb. 10.—Ex-Governor Alfred Moore Scales died at his home in Greensboro, this state, on the 28, 1827, in Rockingham county. He served in congress one term before the war and for five consecutive terms after the war. He entered the Confederate army as a private, was engaged in many important battles, was twice wounded and before the close of the contest was created brigadier general.

Professor Stearns Dead.

BANGOR, Me., Feb. 10.—Professor Lewis French Stearns, of the Bangor Theological seminary, has died after a severe illness.

Littlefield's Bail Forfeited.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—General Milton S. Littlefield, who was indicted in September, 1890, on a charge of grand larceny, was called for trial. He did not respond, and his bail was declared forfeited.

The Goulds Were There.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Jay Gould, Miss Helen Gould, Edwin and Howard Gould were among the guests at the reception to the army and navy at the White House last night.

They Hung Them in Delaware.

WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 10.—James Londy was arrested on suspicion of having caused a number of recent dwelling house fires in this city, the penalty for which is death.

Mysterious Robberies.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 10.—For the third time in two months the clothing store of Frank Hunt & Looquest, on Broad street, has been mysteriously robbed.

The Captain Washed Overboard.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Feb. 10.—Captain John Robinson was washed overboard from the schooner Lottie S. Morton by a huge wave and drowned.

Father and Two Children Burned.

MATTAWA, Ont., Feb. 10.—M. Rothschild and his two children—a girl of six and an infant of sixteen months—were burned to death in bed.

Shot Himself After the Wedding.

MANCHESTER, Feb. 10.—Mr. Arnold Warden, an artist of this city, shot himself dead a few hours after his marriage to Miss Alice Hoy wood.

Whitelaw Reid Better.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—Mr. Whitelaw Reid, although still weak from his recent attack of influenza, is much better.

PARLIAMENT OPENED.

The Queen's Speech Read in Both Houses—Home Rule Again Discussed.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—The attendance at the opening of parliament was unusually large, over 500 being present. The lord chancellor read the queen's speech in the house of lords. Brief reference was made to the Behring sea agreement with the United States, the death of Prince Albert, the new khedive of Egypt and the establishment of Zanzibar as a free port. The Irish question was referred to as follows:

Proposals will be laid before you for applying to Ireland the general principles affecting local government which have already been adopted in Great Britain. I trust that the proposals to consider provisions as to English local government which, for want of time, it was necessary to consider last year. You will be asked to consider a bill for extending the advantages of assisted education to Ireland for other purposes connected with elementary education in that country. A scheme for modifying the existing system of procedure on private bills, so far as it affects Scotland and Ireland, will be brought before you.

Sir Charles Russell, in the house of commons, attacked Lord Salisbury, who, he said, had divided Ireland into Protestant and Catholic, and had praised the former while he denounced the latter.

Dixon After McCarthy Again.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 10.—George Dixon, the champion lightweight pugilist, says if Dal McCarthy wants another "go" with him he will accommodate him for any amount

Killed by a Freight Train.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 10.—William Freitag, a seventeen-year-old boy, was run over by a freight train near Rahway and killed.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is

Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent* a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass

is constructed to meet the wants of those who require a very powerful glass at a moderate outlay. Every farmer will understand the advantage of being able to quickly see the movements of his employees or of stock at some distant part of his farm; also to observe insects upon fruit trees, &c. In the QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS all these purposes.

Prices { (Smallest size 85.50) All in (Medium size 7.50 } stout leather case (Largest size 14.50) with strap.

The largest size is the most powerful.

On receipt of price, we will send any of the above glasses to any address, carriage paid.

QUEEN & CO., —Manufacturers— *924 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.*

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings, forging in all its branches. Smokestack building and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 300 Fourth avenue.

C. DICKINSON

OPTICIAN

and

JEWELER,

has a full line of

JEWELRY

for

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

Also Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses. *Eyes examined FREE.*

13 PARK AVE.

Do not forget the number.

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

20 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam elevating machinery for screen for not coal, which he confidently believes will be the only elevator ever used that is possible by any other method of screening.

Keeps Lehigh and Susquehanna Coal in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

Room and Dressed Lumber.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for the manufacture of dressed flooring, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

PAINLESS—

EFFECTUAL.

Illness holds one only be maintained when the system is in a healthy state. Many ailments arise from a trifling derangement of the digestive organs, which, if promptly interfered with by easily taken remedies, are soon dispelled, and the health restored.

Beecham's Pills have been in general use for many years, and have attained a well-earned reputation for curing disorders of the digestive organs. They are confidently recommended as a safe and reliable remedy for Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fullness after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. The first dose will give relief in twenty minutes. This is a fact admitted by everybody.

Full directions are given with each box. Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire.

Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

Beware of Counterfeits, and of Base Imitations sold on the Merits of Genuine Beecham's Pills.

We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

28 PARK AVENUE.

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION

73 Park Avenue.

SOME MADE

—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—

FRESH EVERY DAY.

THE BEE HIVE

Men's Unlaundried Shirts, The "Prize," A quality, good linen bosom, heavy muslin, reinforced front and double back..... 50c.

The "Pride," B quality, made of best muslin and fine linen bosom, a better shirt in the world..... 69c.

Boys' "Pride" shirts..... 45c.

Youths' "Pride," shirts, this size shirt can only be obtained as the "Bee Hive" in Plainfield..... 69c.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Heating Stoves,

OTHELLO RANGES,

FURNACES

and

Fire Place Heaters!

FURNACE WORK,

WATER-PIPING,

PLUMBING,

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6. 12 East Front Street

PLAINFIELD

DOORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

"The Very Best"

is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.

But you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Worsteds, Embroidery Silks, and stamped linen goods.

C. E CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

No. 9 East Front street.

50c. a Bottle

for

EMULSION

at

COD LIVER OIL,

with HYPOPHOSPHATES,

at

Williams' Pharmacy,

No. 60 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

NOTICE!

I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my

Liberty Street Market

where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices

GOOD .:. MEAT!

Of all kinds.

Charles Arnold,

21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MERCHANT AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Segars for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

SEGAR STORE,

12 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best manner and on reasonable terms.

The most costly fabrics are very often ruined by improper laundering. Lace curtains reduced to tatters. Our work is new till call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,

14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

Proprietor.

SAVE FIFTY PER CENT.

For the purpose of advertising more extensively the quality of our work, we will

Hang all Paper,

Purchased from us during DECEMBER for

HALF .:. PRICE.

Our stock consists of all the latest designs.

A. D. Van Sciver

Opposite Depot, (Chetola Building,) 47 North Avenue.

Professional Cards.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON, Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 23 West Front street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON, Counsellors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REID, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE, Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 22 and 23. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield N. J.

NOTICE!

Having sold out my entire stock of

WALL PAPER AT COST.

In order to lose out this year's stock of WALL PAPER to make room for New Goods.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

(Successors to W. F. Adams, 20 East Front Street.)

MILLIONS SWEPT AWAY.

Wall Street Amazed at the Extent of Field's Failure.

IT RIVALS THE FIVE-YARD GRASS.

The Liabilities Amount to $2,151,741 68, and the Assets Are Only $56,336—Cyrus W. Field Is One of the Big Losers by His Son's Recklessness.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Charles W. Gould assignee of the banking and brokerage firm of Field, Lindley, Wiechers & Co., which failed Nov. 27, 1891, filed with the county clerk approximate schedules showing the assets and liabilities of the wrecked concern. The long delayed report confirms in full the rumors that were rife directly after the failure that there had been many irregular transactions in the management of the business and that the suspension occurred only when every available resource to raise funds was exhausted.

This is best shown in the recapitulation of the assignee's report, which places the total liabilities at $2,151,741.68, of which $1,075,905.42 are secured and $1,075,836.26 are unsecured. The nominal assets are $1,-977,780.26, and the actual assets are $56,-236.65. The assets do not include any pledged securities, nearly all of which are claimed to be the property of other persons or corporations.

Wall Street Men Amazed.

Mr. Gould's itemized report is most voluminous, covering many pages. It contains the summary of many complicated and peculiar transactions, and it is clearly shown that the time consumed in arriving at the conclusions was not excessive. In fact it is not yet accurate in detail, as in the recapitulation the secured liabilities foot up $1,075,-905.42, while the total of the items is $1,094,-655.

Mr. Gould said that he believed the last named to be the correct figures. He was unable to explain the discrepancy. It makes little difference, however, for the failure is disastrous enough be the figures wrong or right.

Wall street men who saw the pitiful statement were amazed at the result. Nothing like it has been seen since the remarkable showing of Grant & Ward and Henry S. Tres & Co. With only one man who saw the schedule referred to these other instances of wildcat financiering, and without a doubt the latter day wreck looses nothing by the comparison.

Assignee Gould deems it necessary to explain many of the accounts set forth in the schedules. Some appear to be sure, to confound his absolute inability to explain. In certain instances accounts were carried under initials only. One of these is the "J. G." account, which is set down as a nominal asset at $153,251.84. Assignee Gould said that he did not believe that this referred to Jay Gould.

The Assignee's Statement.

In addition to his various explanations the assignee makes one general statement as follows.

The foregoing schedules have been made up by the assignee as accurately as practicable in the existing situation and with the means at his command. It is impossible at the present time to determine more positively than is herein before done the status of the accounts between the failing firm and corporations named in the schedule and the assignors. A final statement can only be made after long and patient investigation, accompanied in some instances by litigation.

Valuable have been placed upon the books, accounts and other assets of the firm as far as practicable, but the value of many claims depend upon such contingencies that any estimate other than that given would be purely speculative. It is believed, however, that a very considerable sum will eventually be realized from the claims against debtors of the assignors shown in the foregoing schedules.

In the schedule of liabilities the omission of the assignors, where the name is not given, it is because the same does not appear upon the books of the assignors, and there is not sufficient information at the present time to justify him in putting any other names upon the schedules.

The schedules, the accuracy of which are thus questioned, disclose many interesting features. They contain the names of business firms of standing in the community, some of whom, directly after the failure, protested that they never had a transaction with the Field concern or had not had one for months prior to the wreck. Again the names of corporations and men appear who have throughout all the months never been mentioned in connection with the failure.

His Father a Victim.

One sad feature is the presence of Mr. Cyrus W. Field, the venerable father of the senior member of the firm, among the list of unsecured creditors to the amount of $158,000.53. The family of Edward M. Field's partner, Mr. Wiechers, also loses heavily.

The list of the unsecured creditors is very extensive. The amounts date range from fifty cents, owing to the Postal Telegraph company, to $158,000.53—the amount due Cyrus W. Field. Five creditors are in for an amount exceeding $100,000, and five additional are sufferers in excess of $50,000, of which two are creditors to the extent of more than $100,000 each.

S. V. White, who figures as a secured creditor for $15,000 and an unsecured creditor for $50,000, and that he had already explained his transactions with Field, Lindley, Wiechers & Co. Part of the money was due him, he said, upon account of a grain transaction which the Field concern was to have acted for him to move shipments of grain from Chicago to New York and to Europe. Other amounts were due as balance of speculative accounts carried by Field, Lindley, Wiechers & Co. in Mr. White's office.

Connecticut's G. A. R.

DANBURY, Conn., Feb. 10.—Commander in Chief Palmer, of the Grand Army, was tendered a reception at the Grand Opera House this evening. Many veterans were in attendance. The state encampment was held, and the report of Adjutant General Thatcher showed that there are sixty-nine posts in Connecticut, with 5,040 members. One hundred and fifty-two comrades died during the year.

What a Silver Dollar Is Worth.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The treasury department is informed that silver sold in New York today at 90¼ per ounce, the lowest price for years. This makes the present dollar worth, on a gold basis, sixty-nine cents.

Killed Husband and Wife.

GUILDERSLAND, N. Y., Feb. 10.—The Bingham express struck a sleigh, killing its occupants, Leonard Walley and his wife, instantly.

McAuliffe Arrested.

MONTREAL, Feb. 10.—Jack McAuliffe and his sparring partner, Jack Nelson, were arrested here for giving a boxing exhibition.

His Vocation.

"All the world's a stage, you know," said the actor who was having his hair trimmed.

"Yes," replied the barber, "although I don't realize it except when I have a bald-headed man in the chair."

"And why there?"

"Because I have to act a part."—Washington Star.

That Was His Lay.

"Can you beat a carpet?" said the lady of the house to the tramp who asked for something to eat.

"Don't know, mum," he replied frankly; "I never tried. But I guess mebbe I can, for I've beat most everything else in this town."—Detroit Free Press.

The Rivals.

Swipesy (from de "Sixt")—I'm a-goin to eat on dis young lady's skates—see?

Rockey (from de "Ate")—No yer ain't, fellder, I'm a-goin to.

Bella (from de "Fort")—Gentlemen, gentlemen, for heaven's sake let there be no bloodshed.—Life.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

Democrats Nominate Crooker for Public Instruction Superintendent.

ALBANY, Feb. 10.—After a spirited debate in the senate the bill appropriating $28,500 for the St. Lawrence State Hospital for the Insane was passed, as was also the bill allowing the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg railroad to hold stock in the St. Lawrence bridge companies.

Mr. Hunt introduced a joint resolution calling for the closing by congress of New York's exhibit at the World's fair on Sunday.

There was a struggle over Senator McCarty's bill appropriating $1,000,000 for street improvements in Brooklyn. Senator Aspinall charged that the Brooklyn authorities used old pavements of New York to repair streets in Brooklyn. The bill, nevertheless, was passed.

In the assembly Mr. Stein introduced a bill to repeal the electrocution law and return to the old way of punishment for murder by hanging. The act does not apply to men under conviction at present for murder.

Mr. Dinkelspiel introduced a bill authorizing the city of New York to buy the state's portion of Ward's island.

Mr. Sulzer's amendment to the penal code providing wide separate trials of children in criminal cases, was recommitted. It is one of Mr. Gerry's bills and was opposed by Mr. Hitt, who moved to strike out the enacting clause, saying the bill was unnecessary and commenting rather sarcastically upon the ideas of Mr. Gerry and the society which he represents. The bill will were making serious inroads upon the criminal law. The bill abolished felony for all persons under sixteen except for the crime of murder. None of the worst criminals in city life were under sixteen. He claimed that under this amendment it would be impossible to adequately punish such criminals.

The following bills were passed: Authorizing Elmira to issue bonds to the amount of $235,000 to pay indebtedness. Appropriating $1,500 for a vertical wall on the Erie canal in Rondout. Authorizing $1,000 to pay certificates of indebtedness for lengthening locks on Oswego canal. Appropriating $5,000 to repair damages to the Castorland bridge on the town of Croghan. Appropriating $65,000 to pay awards of the board of claims on account of canals and for expenses. Appropriating $142,000 for the sinking fund for payment of the canal debt. Appropriating $1,999,920 to pay interest on the canal debt and a portion of the principal.

The joint Democratic caucus by acclamation named James Crooker, of Buffalo, for superintendent of public instruction vice Mr. Draper, and Bishop Doane, of the Episcopal diocese of Albany, for the vacancy in the board of regents.

Hawaii's Election Issues.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 10.—The steamship Australia, from Honolulu, reports that when she left the nation was in the throes of an election. The Wilcox faction wanted a constitutional convention to wrest power from the royalist party of government, while the other side wanted a continuance of the monarchical form.

Cyclone in an Oil Field.

TOLEDO, Feb. 10.—A cyclone struck the oil field at Lima, Ohio. There are about 500 60,000 barrel tanks there, and the derrick work and stairways to fully half of them were blown down and many boiler houses were razed. The damage will reach $75,000.

Cotto Must Die in the Chair.

ALBANY, Feb. 10.—The court of appeals decided that Superintendent Durston of Sing Sing now awaiting death at Sing Sing by electrocution, must abide by the judgment of the lower court and die.

It Is Post Exchange Now.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Secretary Elkins has changed the name of the "Post Canteen" to "Post Exchange." He takes much interest in the exchange and is in favor of it.

Earthquakes and Eruptions.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—A dispatch from New Zealand says that a number of earthquakes have alarmed the inhabitants and that the Volcano Ngarnho has had active eruptions.

An Anarchist Editor Imprisoned.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—The editor of the anarchist paper, Pere Peinard, which has been very violent lately, has been sentenced to ten months in jail for inciting to murder.

Patriotic Women Organize.

ALBANY, Feb. 10.—The Daughters of the War of 1812 was incorporated and is founded upon the patriotic spirit of the men who fought in the war of 1812.

Shot Dead by a Lawyer.

SEDALIA, Mo., Feb. 10.—W. J. Condon was shot dead by Lawyer Parmlee. The trouble grew out of the garnishment of Condon's salary by Parmlee.

Garvin's Lieutenant Arrested.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Feb. 10.—Carmen Ybanes, the Mexican revolutionist, was arrested here for violating the United States neutrality laws.

Time to Stop It.

RAHWAY, N. J., Feb. 10.—Laing's stables and four other buildings were burned. This makes five incendiary fires in ten days.

Charitable Anna Key Laid.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The will of Anna Key Laird leaves over $30,000 in charitable legacies.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

The Senate Finance Committee Reports the Free Coinage Proposition Adversely.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The differences of Virginia and West Virginia over the "debt" occupied the attention of the senate most of the day, the occasion for the eulogies of ex-Congressman Hoock, of Tennessee. The discussion became near being diversified by a personal controversy between the senior senators of the two states, Mr. Daniel and Mr. Faulkner, but was averted by an agreeable manifestation of old fashioned Virginia courtesy.

There was a very brief executive session to pass upon some postoffice appointments, and the senate adjourned in memory of Mr. Hoock with the Virginia controversy still on the floor.

The house devoted its time to the adoption of resolutions instituting an inquiry into the affairs of the Keystone and Spring Garden National banks of Philadelphia, and the Maverick bank of Boston. Bills were passed prescribing the time for holding the sessions of the district and circuit courts for the eastern district of Wisconsin and for placing the secretary of agriculture in line of presidential succession after the secretary of the interior. A bill abolishing the minimum punishment for violation of the internal revenue laws was also passed. The military academy appropriation was also considered for several hours.

The indications are that the silver fight in congress will begin in earnest at an early day. The action of the senate finance committee in submitting an adverse report on the free coinage proposition does not necessarily indicate that a free coinage bill cannot be passed through the senate. The silver men insist that they have the votes, but the opponents are inclined to doubt their estimate of strength. The prospects are that a number of Democrats who voted for a free coinage bill during the last congress, in accordance with a plan to defeat the elections bill, will not vote for such a bill at this time.

It is expected that the house committee on coinage, weights and measures will agree to report the Bland free coinage bill and as soon as it gets in the house there will begin a steady effort on all occasions to press it forward for consideration.

THE SCAFFOLD HAD BEEN ERECTED.

Everything Ready for Hallinger's Execution When the Stay Arrived.

JERSEY CITY, Feb. 10.—Lawyer C. J. Peschall served a notice of appeal in the case of Edward Hallinger on Sheriff McPhillips, at the Hudson county courthouse. The scaffold had already been put up by Van Hise, the hangman, and everything was in readiness for the execution and he was overjoyed when his lawyer arrived with the papers which give him another lease of life. He thanked the lawyer and said he had a high opinion of the law in New Jersey. When Lawyer Peschall said he would save him eventually from the gallows the man who brutally hacked his wife to death with a hatchet and admitted the crime in court looked incredulous, but said he hoped to escape the final penalty.

Mr Peschall holds that the United States circuit court must decide that Hallinger is held without due process of the law and that his discharge will be ordered. He claims that if this is done the state of New Jersey is forever enjoined from punishing the man for the crime which he committed. The notice of appeal signed by Judge Green, at Trenton, acts as a stay of execution until the March term of the circuit court, when the appeal will be argued.

Governor Bulkeley's Proclamation.

HARTFORD, Feb. 10.—Governor Bulkeley has issued a proclamation inviting all persons interested to meet in convention in the hall of the house of representatives at Washington on Monday, Feb. 22, at 11 o'clock for the purpose of appointing a commission to organize and provide for adequate and creditable exhibition of the arts and industries of Connecticut at the World's fair in Chicago, and to consider the expediency of raising by popular subscription a sum sufficient to defray the expenses of such a commission. The governor takes this unusual method because of the failure of the legislature to make an appropriation for the purpose.

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NEW STORE

Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

THREE BEE TEA

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and selected line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, Preserved Sugar Corn, Wurzburger Morrell Peas, Sugar Corn, Strawberry Tomatoes, Red Tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's Stewed Tomatoes, Fait & Winterner's extra sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early June Peas, Stamburg Stringless Beans, Summer River Asparagus and tips, Special reduction given by the case and dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats.

79 BROADWAY.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three 3 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annu ally.

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS S. POPE, Treasurer.

BROWN & HILL,

Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in CORCH'S HOUSE, NO. 5 NORTH AVENUE. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Boot black stand connected with the shop.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

26 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made-to-order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. Terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1060.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French lectures, class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. To attend lists from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Vireux, care of Misses Smithout and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,
Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891.
For information call at the Academy or address EDWARD N. HARNED, Prin. 8 20 y 187 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Box of references. No. 14 Somerset Street.

Lodges.

Fraternity and Protection.
1873. Membership, 126,000. 1891.
Death benefits paid over $22,000,000 since organization WYCKOFF LODGE, 249, KNIGHTS OF HONOR, meets First and Third Thursdays, at 8 p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge Rooms, Music Hall Building.
Louis I. Van Antyne, Dictator.
Jacob A. Frey, Reporter.

Wetumpka Commandery, No. 24, second and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 12 80 ly

Special Notices.

H. SCHENCK,
No. 70 and 75 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner. Choice groceries, provisions and produce; white granite, C. C. yellow rock stone and gingerware; flower pots and hanging baskets; pure cider vinegar four years old. Best grade ammunition.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Intelligence Office, 24 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 29 y

ROGERS GROUPS,
Remarque etchings. Artist's materials. At Swain's, 23 West Front street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

BARGAINS.
In organs, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin iron wagon. John P. Wells, Race street, North Plainfield.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS
For sale cheap at Reported Park, Somerset street. Address

H. F. M. CHASE,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Halsted, Real Estate Broker, 111 Mail and see them. Still about the same level.

Kline's Extracts

Pure Fruit Flavors

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:00, 8:30, 10:30 a. m., 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30 and 9:30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—10:30 a. m., 4:30 and 8:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 2:00 p. m.
Street mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 2:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:00 to 10:00 a. m.
Mail closes at 9:30 a. m.

H. E. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey
Station in Plainfield, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Nov. 15th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 3 34, 4 32, 5 38, 6 14, 6 28, 6 56, 7 26, 7 56, 8 09, 8 25, 8 37, 9 31, 9 56, 10 30, 11 03 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 04, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 3 34, 4 32, 5 38, 6 14, 6 28, 6 56, 7 26, 7 56, 8 09, 8 25, 8 37, 9 31, 9 56, 10 30, 11 03 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 04, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St., at 2 00, 3 30, 4 30, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m., 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 2 00, 3 30, 4 30, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m., 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 5 45, 7 10, 8 05, 9 05, 11 00 a. m., 12 05, 1 30, 3 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 9 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 8 30, 7 15, 7 54, 8 30, 9 05, 11 30 p. m. 12 05 night. Sundays, 8 30 a. m., 5 30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6 00, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 11 30 a. m., 1 30, 3 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 9 00 a. m., 5 30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 5 45, 7 10, 8 05, 9 05, 11 00 a. m., 12 05, 1 30, 3 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 9 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 8 30, 7 15, 7 54, 8 30, 9 05, 11 30 p. m. 12 05 night. Sundays, 8 30 a. m., 5 30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6 00, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 11 30 a. m., 1 30, 3 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 9 00 a. m., 5 30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.
Leave Plainfield at 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave Newark, Broad St., at 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Sunday at 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 8 45, 7 in, 8 05, 9 05, 11 00 a. m., 12 05, 1 30, 3 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 9 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 5 45 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 45, a. m. 1 30, 5 30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
LEAVE PLAINFIELD.
5 45 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin and Mt. Carmel.
7 10 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton and Allentown.
8 05 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Station, Bangor and Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Buffalo, Syracuse, Rochester and Niagara Falls.
9 45 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Station, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
1 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bangor and Williamsport.
4 32 p. m. for D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Lehigh Valley, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
5 38 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bangor and Williamsport.
6 14 p. m. for Flemington, Bethlehem and Allentown.
6 28 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 8 15 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin, Williamsport, etc. 2 00 p. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Flemington, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Reading and Harrisburg.
6 56 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.
8 09 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 7 37, 9 03, 11 07 a. m., 3 51, 5 00 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) at 7 37, 9 03, 11 07 a. m., 5 00 p. m. Sundays only at 4 05, 5 08, 8 00, 11 09 a. m.; 1 05, 4 51, 5 00 p. m. Sunday 8 52 a. m.; 4 32 p. m.
For Philadelphia at 7 37, 9 03 a. m.; 1 02 p. m.
For Freehold 7 37, 9 03, 11 09 a. m.; 1 02, 4 51, 5 00 p. m. Sunday 8 52 a. m.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE.
For Philadelphia at 7 37, 9 03, 11 07 a. m., 12 47 a. m.; 1 02, 3 06, 3 56, 5 04, 6 38, 7 35, 9 40 p. m. 1 37 night. Sundays 7 37, 9 03, 11 07 a. m., 3 06, 5 04, 6 38, 7 35, 9 40 p. m., 1 37 night.
For Bound Brook, 7 37, 9 03, 11 07 a. m., 12 47 a. m.; 1 02, 3 06, 3 56, 5 04, 6 38, 7 35, 9 40 p. m., 1 37 night. Sundays 7 37, 9 03, 11 07 a. m., 3 06, 5 04, 6 38, 7 35, 9 40 p. m., 1 37 night.
For Baltimore and Washington at 9 03, a. m., 2 56, 5 04, 6 38, 7 35, 9 40 p. m., 1 37 night. Sunday at 9 03 a. m., 3 06, 5 04, 6 38, 7 35, 9 40 p. m., 1 37 night.
For Trenton, 7 37, 9 03, 11 07 a. m. Del Pas Agt.

J. H. OLDHAUSEN, Gen Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.
Standard Railway of America.
Protected throughout by the inter-locking and block signal system.
On and after Nov. 15th, 1891, trains leave Plainfield as follows:
4 25 a. m.—Western Express daily, with Pullman Vestibule, parlor and sleeping cars daily for Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Cleveland, and St. Louis, daily except saturday, for Chicago and Toledo.
7 08 p. m.—Western Express Daily, with Pullman Vestibule sleeping Cars and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburgh, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, daily except saturday for Cleveland, Toledo, Detroit and Canada, and daily for Niagara Falls.
8 30 a. m.—Pacific Express, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars, daily for Pittsburg, Chicago and Toledo, daily except saturday, for Cleveland.
For Baltimore, Washington and the South—1 00, 4 25, 7 08, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 p. m. Sunday at 1 00, 5 00, 9 00 a. m.; 9 30 p. m.
For New York—4 25, 5 45, 7 02, 8 02, 8 54, 9 46, 11 17, 11 47 a. m., 12 02, 12 47, 2 02, 2 54, 3 46, 4 17, 4 47, 5 04, 5 47, 6 17, 6 47, 7 04, 7 30, 7 47, 7 55, 9 00, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday—2 02, 2 54, 3 46, 4 47, 5 45, 6 47, 7 05, 7 15, 7 30, 7 55, 9 00, 9 15, 10 46, 11 46 p. m.
For New York only—5 45, 7 02, 8 02, 8 54, 9 46, 10 12, 10 30, 10 47 a. m., 12 02, 12 47, 1 32, 2 02, 2 54, 3 45, 4 47, 5 45, 6 45, 7 05, 7 15, 7 30, 7 55, 9 00, 9 15, 10 46, 11 46 p. m.
For New York only—4 25, 5 45, 7 02, 8 02, 8 54, 9 46, 10 12, 10 30, 10 47 a. m., 12 02, 12 47, 1 32, 2 02, 2 54, 3 45, 4 47, 5 45, 6 45, 7 05, 7 15, 7 30, 7 55, 9 00, 9 15, 10 46, 11 46 p. m.
For Philadelphia—1 00, 4 25, 7 08, 9 05, 9 30, 11 57 a. m.; 12 47, 2 54, 4 17, 5 47, 7 15, 7 55, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sundays at 1 00, 5 00, 9 05, 9 30, 10 41 a. m.; 5 00, 7 47, 9 30, 11 46 p. m.
For Trenton—1 00, 4 25, 7 08, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sundays at 1 00, 5 00, 9 05, 9 30, 10 41 a. m.; 5 00, 7 47, 9 30, 11 46 p. m.
For Atlantic City, (daily except Sundays), with day coaches attached, 1 30 p. m.
For Bethlehem—7 30, 11 00, 11 45 a. m., 2 45, 7 05, 8 54, 9 55, 10 50, 11 57 a. m.; 12 58, 1 55, 2 45, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 05, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sundays 11 45 a. m., 2 45, 7 05, 8 54, 9 55, 10 50, 11 57 a. m.; 12 58, 1 55, 2 45, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 05, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.
For Easton—7 30, 11 00, 11 45 a. m., 2 45, 7 05, 8 54, 9 55, 10 50, 11 57 a. m.; 12 58, 1 55, 2 45, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 05, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sundays 11 45 a. m., 2 45, 7 05, 8 54, 9 55, 10 50, 11 57 a. m.; 12 58, 1 55, 2 45, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 05, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.
For Mauch Chunk—7 30 a. m.; 12 58, 5 15 p. m.
For Trenton—1 00, 4 57, 7 45, 7 55, 9 06, 9 25, 11 57 a. m., 12 58, 1 55, 2 45, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 05, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday 1 00, 5 00, 9 00, 10 41 a. m.; 5 07, 7 47, 9 30 p. m.
For Princeton Junction, Philipsburg and Belvidere, via Trenton—7 30 a. m.; 2 45, 8 30 p. m.; 5 40 p. m. Sunday.
For Flemington—7 30 a. m.; 4 06 p. m.
For Lambertville and New Hope, through Camden, via Trenton—7 30, 11 45 a. m.; 2 28, 5 40, 8 54, 9 55 p. m. Sundays—7 30 a. m.; 5 40 p. m.
For Jamesburg, via Monmouth Junction—7 30 a. m.; 4 06 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m.
For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, points on New York and Long Branch R. R.—7 30 a. m.; 4 06 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m. Sundays only 5 15 p. m. Sundays only, rose and Sharon City 1 30 p. m. week days.
For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, points on New York and Long Branch R. R.—7 30 a. m.; 4 06 p. m. Sundays 8 30 a. m. Sundays only 5 15 p. m. Sundays only, rose and Sharon City 1 30 p. m. week days.
For Point Pleasant, Bay Head Heights, Toms River, 7 30 a. m. and 4 06 p. m. week days (Seaside Park, Sundays only) 10 30 a. m.
For Bay Head, 7 30, 11 45 a. m.; 4 38, 5 15 p. m. via Monmouth Junction, week days.
For Asbury Park, via Monmouth Junction, 7 30 a. m. and 4 06 p. m. week days.
For Brooklyn, N. Y.—At through trains connect at South Amboy with Pennsylvania Railroad's Annex, affording direct transfer to and from Fulton street, avoiding all ferriage and cartage. Delivery receipts at New York City.
Leave New York for Plainfield—12 00, 2 00, 3 30, 4 30, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m., 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 12 00, 2 00, 3 30, 4 30, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m., 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.
CHARLES E. PUGH, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agent.

M. H. RIDER, Manager. A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

THE METROPOLITAN STABLE,

30 and 32 North Avenue, 2 blocks to Second Street.

WATCHING CARRIAGE HORSES,
SIDE-SADDLED "PACERS"
AND BOX CART HORSES.
CANADIAN HUNTERS,
COBS AND ROADSTER HORSES,
LADIES' SADDLE
AND DRIVING HORSES.
ALSO A SPECIALTY IN GOOD
TURNOUTS ROAD TEAMS, SINGLE
DRIVERS AND TRO

BERNHARDT'S BATH AND REST.

The Secret of Her Wonderful Power of Endurance Explained.

"Some one has said that I do not take much exercise in open air," said Mme. Bernhardt. "Please correct that statement. I take exercise continually. I live in the open air." From early morning in traveling madam is up, some days spending the entire day in hunting or driving, to get glimpses of new country, and walking.

"Plenty of fresh air! That gives vigor. Exercise! Walking out of doors in the sunshine invariably. There is no such thing as genuine health without it. But in travel everywhere, even at home, look out for drafts.

"With me goes everywhere a robe—during rehearsals, in driving, in sitting still where the limbs are inactive they have to be covered. Women are not careful enough about their ankles. Gauze stockings, slippers, low shoes and the dress falling this way and that, they are sure to get cold. They cannot be too careful about drafts and covering the ankles.

"And your countrymen say it is 'Teutonic' to do with as little soap and water as possible. Bah! The very first thing I do after returning at night from the theater is to take my bath.

"Before visits, before eating, before anything at that hour, I bathe. The mask has it for preparation, all. First goes on a covering over the tub, a large white sheet; into that blood warm water is poured. Small sachets, containing finely grated soap in small quantities of bran or fine meal, perfumed with a little orris root, are used in place of a sponge. They are covered with fine cheesecloth, and when their contents filter into the water it gives it a milklike whiteness, a delicious odor and softens the skin like a baby's.

"Only a few moments in the bath, but morning and night, the first thing in the morning and late at night. When ready to step out the maid has a peignoir ready, which in reality is a bath robe made of crash toweling. This is heated and the body enveloped in it, then gently rubbed to get up a friction of skin.

"Sometimes at rehearsals I have a moist rub down with the following prescription, which is very refreshing: Tepid water, a small quantity of ammonia, borax, a dash of bay rum and the whole sweetened with good cologne, sometimes violet, sometimes other things, so many essences are sent to me to try. It is a simple bath, but restful.

"Change constitutes rest, you see; my rest. I am never absolutely idle. If signs of ennui, fatigue, appear at one occupation, turn to some other. It is not necessary simply to do nothing in order to rest, but vary what you do. Change the subject of your thoughts, there is the secret.

"I never sleep in the daytime. One is sure to take cold in going out again. Will yourself to vary your thoughts, and by will and habit learn to sleep at once when the time comes. Napoleon could sleep at will always. It is simply will and habit, and if taken when needed is always refreshing.

"You see, then, the secret of endurance is carefulness and regularity and the complete mastery of self; study that to know how much you can do, and through study you will be astonished to find how much you are able to do. But remember, vary your occupation, change your thoughts often. And look out for colds. Colds are insidious—treacherous—one can never count upon the end in a cold."—Boston Globe.

The Latest Ideas in Perfumes.

With the growing fondness for choice perfumes it is not uncommon for women to try to procure original recipes, which shall result in quite a new variety. In this way experiments are continually being made. The present English fancy is to make perfumes in sticks, while Frenchwomen are said to indulge in the folly of injecting perfumes into the blood. The American prefers the dainty odors derived from many sachets or the reviving essence of her vinaigrette. When it comes to toilet matters, one can gain many good recipes from one's own circle of friends.

Those who are in the habit of using them daily in the bath find it much more economical to manufacture for themselves than to buy the dollar bottles. Florentine orris plays a large part in many of these simple preparations. To a little Peruvian balsam add one part tincture benzoin, two parts diluted acetic acid or good vinegar, five parts rose water and eight parts alcohol. A small part of rosemary or lavender may be also added. This should be filtered before bottling.

Instead of small sachets to be scattered here and there among one's lingeries, good, large sized receptacles, which will hold many articles, are now preferred. I have just seen a nightgown sachet, of ample size, in which at least three well folded garments may be kept. It is square and flat, made of tufted lavender silk and padded with soft wool, with layers of lavender flowers between. It is lined also with lavender silk, and may be made more dainty by the addition of lace ruffles.

Handkerchief bags, made of plush and lined with India, padded with wool and perfume, are made large enough to hold the complete supply, even when very large. In this way fastidious women make sure of having all their belongings well scented with some dainty, indescribable odor.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Woman as She Is Written About.

Woman and her ways are objects of constantly increasing interest, as is shown by the latest index of the British museum. These indexes are issued every five years, and they include the subjects of all books published in every civilized country during the previous five years. A comparison of the two indexes issued in the past decade shows that while woman, as a subject of interest, as a problem to be solved, as a possible outcome, was never of more importance than during the past ten years, the aspects of her case changed materially in that time.

Works on the social position of women increased in the last half of the decade, as compared with the first, from 44 to 72; on education of women, from 18 to 25; on employments of women, from 19 to 27; on women's clubs, from 3 to 10. Dress reform, on the contrary, decreased from 17 to 4 and works on dress, dressmaking, needlework and embroidery from 78 to 64. These figures are more significant from the fact that books on tailoring in its higher aspects, as indicated by such a title as "Philosophical Works of F. Pickle on Cutting Gentlemen's Dress," increased from 12 to 33. Perhaps the most significant decrease is that from 116 to 70 in works on marriage and divorce.

If, as may be presumed, the writings of any period follow in the wake, if they do not keep pace with public opinion, it appears that women are much more interested in questions of education and employment and of making for themselves a place in the world than they are in dress, fashion or any feminine vanities, and that marriage, alas! difficult as it is to believe, is having less place in their thoughts than of yore.—New York Evening Sun.

Cleaning Costly Furs.

Parisian furriers are almost always intrusted with the manufacture of the splendid fur garments that become heirlooms in the greatest families of Europe. Ermine, besides being the emblem of royalty, is also that of purity and stainlessness; but it is nevertheless so delicate a fabric that no white fur gets so easily soiled. Very few people know how to clean white furs, and it may therefore be of interest to New York elegantes to learn the method recommended to me a few years ago by the famous St. Petersburg furrier, Paul Cubasus. The furs must first be washed with tallow soap and lukewarm water, and then rinsed with a weak solution of crystals of soda, all the soapsuds being removed from the fur with a hard brush. Should there be dark stains, such as are made by carriage grease or other fat substances, on the fur, it will be necessary to rub them with benzine a few hours before washing it.

It sometimes happens that in spite of this treatment the furs retain a yellowish hue; this can, however, be removed by bleaching them in the following manner: While still damp the articles must be immersed in very cold water in which four pounds of sulphuric acid or astron have been diluted. After an hour's soaking four pounds of salic acid are added to the mixture, which must be well stirred. While the furs are in the fluid there is vessel containing them should be tightly covered so as to exclude the action of the air on the acids. Lastly, the furs must be rinsed several times with pure cold water.—Harper's Bazar.

Footwear for Winter.

The question of the ventilation of the foot has been seriously considered and various plans have been formulated by which air may be admitted to the sole, but no matter of practical value to any large number of people has resulted. There is, however, a shoe in market with a ventilated sole, arranged so that the air is admitted through small openings in the heel, and the makers claim that the feet will not get wet, but the shoe seems to be hardly the thing to be depended upon in any depth of snow, and would easily be chilled in the fair weather. It is to be doubted whether the low shoe that is generally worn by ladies at present, even in winter with a gaiter, is not a more wholesome foot covering than the high, close boot. Every one agrees that rubbers are most unwholesome, yet at present there seems to be no practical substitute for them. The best that can be done is to wear them just as short a time as possible.

The small footholds of rubber which merely cover the ball of the foot and protect it almost as much as the regular rubber are not as objectionable. A substitute for a rubber shoe is a thin layer of rubber introduced between the layers of the sole. This protects the foot sufficiently from dampness, and if the boot be made of stout calfskin and be properly oiled before the wearer goes out it will not be necessary to use the rubber overshoes. We believe most shoemakers make shoes with soles of this kind to order.—New York Tribune.

Two Remarkable Women.

Two notable figures in the history of northern Michigan died recently. One was an Indian woman of uncertain but great age. Her name was Margaret, and she was a descendant of the Ottawa chiefs. She was educated at a convent in St. Louis, and was known to thousands of tourists as "Aunt Margaret." The other was Sophia Graverenant, aged 102. There is no doubt of her age. She was an educated Frenchwoman, a family representative of the first French settlers who followed Marquette into the wilderness. She was born at Mackinac island and was grown to womanhood at the time the island was captured by the British during the war of 1812. She retained her mental faculties to the last, and could converse most entertainingly of her early experiences. Her husband not only son were killed in war.—Cor. St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Illinois Women and the Fair.

Illinois women are to be organized in an effort to make a big showing at the World's fair. Every county in the state is to have a representative on the Illinois woman's exposition board. This representative will be expected to discover everything of merit accomplished by women in her county. This was determined upon by the Illinois woman's exposition board at a recent meeting. There was another plan which proposed a state organization by congressional districts, but it did not meet with general favor. With a woman in each county making monthly reports to the secretary of the board, it is thought the field will be completely covered. The agents will serve without compensation. —Chicago Woman's News.

Her Hard Lot.

One young girl in New York city, a worker in a type foundry, nursed in succession her mother, who died of consumption, two brothers who followed her, and supported them all, when they could no longer earn wages, upon her earnings of $7.50 per week. Her father had drifted into imbecility by shock from loss occasioned by fire.

When I knew her the father and daughter were all that were left of the family; and the girl cooked, washed and fed him with the tenderest care in the intervals of her work. A special calamity had befallen her in an attack of illness, during which time she had to obtain a substitute; but this was tided over for her and she went on bravely as before.—Jenny June's "Thrown on Her Own Resources."

Dress Reform at Kaweah.

The Dress Reform league has at last appeared, but not in Chicago, where the great woman's club is devoted to dress improvement, nor in classic Boston, where the days of the dress millennium was set, but passed and found fair woman an still dragging her drabbled skirts, but away out in Kaweah, Tulare county, Cal., where fifteen women adopted a short skirt, three inches below the knee, leggings to match, a shirt and blouse waist, and have worn them for some time with great comfort and convenience. The fashion is spreading; many other women in the town are gradually shortening their skirts, and others fear the reform dress at home, though they can't be induced to go in the street with it.—Exchange.

A New Industry Indeed.

A new industry for women is that of the manufacture of the tissue paper novelties now so popular. Twenty women are employed in a manufactory of this kind founded by two bright Buffalo women. Loops of white tissue paper caught with bunches of paper roses in Louis XVI style of decoration adorn the walls of the salesrooms, and within are all manner of paper shades for candles and lamps and paper roses and butterflies through which light filters in roseate hues. The success of the enterprise is due to seizing the right moment in the popular demand.—Exchange.

A Woman's Small Laboratory.

An intrepid young woman in New York city is about to enter the perfumery business. She intends starting in a very modest way, using a hall bedroom for a laboratory. One reason she gives why a woman would be likely to be more successful in the combinations of odors in perfume making is that her sense of smell is unimpaired by tobacco. And she alleges that men render themselves incapable "for that fine discrimination which is essential to an expert in this business."—Exchange.

Unique New York Calls.

A pretty custom largely adopted by New York women this year was the driving about at New Year's, though not on the actual first of January, among their friends, and sending in by the footman a dainty calendar for the year. This was of course accompanied by an inquiry for the friend's health, and was left with love and good wishes. The result has been rather an overstock of calendars in some households.—New York Times.

Rosa Bonheur's Latest Picture.

Age does not at present seem to affect Rosa Bonheur's powers or her capacity to earn large sums. She is now well into the seventies, but she has just completed one of the largest pictures she has ever painted. It has occupied her time three years, and she has been offered and refused £12,000 for it. The scene depicted is that of ten horses, life size, in full trot, treading out corn.—London Tit-Bits.

A Credit to Mrs. Malaprop.

A certain Boston avenue young lady furnished considerable amusement for her friends at a social gathering a few evenings ago. She was telling about a recent trip to New York, and when asked what she had done there, replied: "Well, you know, papa thinks I have very pretty feet, and one day we went down to an artist's studio and had a bust made of one of them."—Minneapolis Tribune.

A little Philadelphia girl of eleven years has raised $150 by her own unaided efforts for the little children in the Kahnestock hospital, where she is a welcome and constant visitor. Her work at the hospital has extended over a period of two years, and for faithfulness and efficiency sets a model to older Samaritans.

Mrs. Harriet L. Brady, who recently died in New Orleans, was the widow of Major Brady, of Nicaraguan fame, and was the last woman survivor of General Walker's filibustering movement. She was an eye witness to many of the stirring events of that extraordinary campaign and acquainted with many of its leaders.

Lime juice assimilates admirably with milk, and it is a good plan to put a little lime water in the milk pitcher always for the nursery table.

This Date in History—Feb. 10.

S. JOHNSON.

1679—William Congreve, long considered the greatest popular dramatist in England, born near London; died in London 1729; his "Mourning Bride" is universally quoted.

1736—Rev. Dr. Henry Hart Milman, historian, poet, and dramatist, divine and critic of Gibbon, born died 1868.

1840—Queen Victoria married Prince Albert.

1858—Horatio Sharpe, colonial statesman, died in Annapolis, Md.; born 1718.

1863—Marshal Jewell, postmaster general, died in Hartford, born 1825.

1867—Mrs. Henry Wood, author of "East Lynne," died; born 1820.

1869—Rear Admiral Ralph Chandler, United States navy, died in Hong-Kong, aged 59.

1891—James Redpath, abolition lecturer, journalist, author and Irish Nationalist, died from injuries received in being run over by a New York horse car. Serious illness of General Sherman announced.

Sympathetic Inquiry.

A peasant woman, all in tears, accosted the doctor as he was coming out of the house of a patient to whom he had been summoned in great haste.

"Oh, sir, can you tell me whether poor Mathurin will ever get well again?"

"Yes, yes; don't alarm yourself."

"Ah! that's better;" and, with a sigh of relief, she continued, "You see, doctor, I sent him yesterday fifteen francs without taking a receipt."—Observateur.

Maybe So.

Mrs. Walmsly is a widow. Her husband, who was a wealthy auctioneer, died a few months ago. Mrs. Walmsly has an Irish cook who got married without consulting that lady.

"Bridget, what sort of a man is that you have married?"

"He is a very intelligent gintleman."

"Does he belong to a good family?"

"Inlade he does. He dhrives a coach for wan of the best families in the city."

"Pshaw! A coachman isn't much."

"Maybe you're right, Widdy Walmsly, but I'm thinkin a dhry coachman amounts to more than a dead auctioneer."—Texas Siftings.

Room at the Top.

Dusty Rhodes—When I started out in life I was told there was room at the top, and I found it so.

Deacon—How was that?

Dusty Rhodes—It was a back hallroom under the eaves.—New York Herald.

1892			February.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29					

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5	4:39 p.m.	Third Quarter	20	7:19 p.m.
Full Moon	12	2:38 p.m.	New Moon	27	10:09 p.m.

Hotels.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE.

SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

12 28 6m

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable -:- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Opp. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

Points to be Observed.

It should be observed that quality in advertising is quite as important as quality in the goods advertised. The reader conceives a good opinion of the merchant who displays taste, enterprise, originality and liberality in his advertisements.

Enterprise and prosperity go hand in hand. The display of one argues the possession of the other.

Bearing these facts in mind try THE NEWS as an advertising medium. You send the copy—THE NEWS does the rest.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

142 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

OUR GRAIN LEATHER

AND

CORK -:- SOLE -:- SHOES

Are just the thing for this weather. We also have a good assortment in double sole Calf skin Shoes, Rubbers in plenty. We sell you the BEST at the price others charge you for the "No Goods."

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE

24 W. FRONT STREET.

Great Overcoat Sale.

30 DAYS ONLY!

OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.

GENUINE :: BARGAINS!

Call and examine before they are are all gone.

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE.

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

General Hardware and House-furnishings,

and STOVES.

Carpenter and Machinist Tools!

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

HARNESS and BLANKETS.

USUAL LOW PRICES. TELEPHONE CALL 159.

A NEW STYLE

OF

D E R B Y

Out TO-DAY, at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

ANNOUNCEMENT

OUR NEW SPRING GOODS are now ready for inspection.

ALL of the Departments are supplied to the fullest extent with the newest and most desirable goods that can be found in the markets.

IT is impossible to particularize in a small "ad." like this, but would say that we are now better prepared to supply the wants of the people than ever before.

OUR New Spring Dress Goods this season surpass anything we have ever offered. The styles and colorings are elegant, and will well repay a careful inspection.

THE Wash Dress Fabrics are just lovely, and comprise about everything that the trade demands.

LADIES are always interested in pretty Hamburgh Embroideries. Our assortment is large and the patterns are just as handsome as they can be.

WE expect to do the largest business in our dress lining department that we have ever done, and therefore have increased the line almost double. You can be suited here sure.

WE extend a special invitation to everybody to make an early call, and examine our cheap and elegant goods, before making your Spring purchases.

LOOK OUT for our Carpet Announcement soon.

EVERYTHING the Newest, Cheapest and Best at

EDSALL'S.

DON'T FORGET

In making Holiday Purchases that you may call on a present for yourself

AT OUR MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

at LINBARGER'S, the Tailor.

NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

PURE MILK

Delivered to any part of the city by

D. D. SCHENCK.

A postal addressed to No. 60 East Front street will receive prompt attention. 24tf

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We will guarantee to sell you Dry and Fancy Goods, Crockery, Tinware, Housefurnishing goods, etc., and in fact Everything that you want at a lower price than you ever bought before, and a comparison of prices of what we charge and others charge will prove that V. & W. are selling goods at a closer margin than all others. We offer for the coming week:

4-4 Fruit of the Loom	7½c
4-4 Dwight Anchor	8c
4-4 Heavy Brown Sheeting	6c
20 in. Heavy Linen Crash	9c
8-4 Bleached Sheeting	19c
9-4 Bleached Sheeting	21c
10-4 Bleached Sheeting	23c
200 Door Mats	each 15c
300 Door Mats, extra good	each 37c
100 Turkish Rugs, 3 feet long	each 74c
2,000 Yards Figured French Cambric, per yard	10c
100 doz. Ladies' Hose, full regular, pair	10c

There is a Special Sale of Granite Ironware that will interest housekeepers.

We guarantee Every Article we sell to give perfect Satisfaction and deliver goods wherever you wish

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.

IF NOT, WHY NOT?

PAY CASH FOR YOUR GROCERIES?

Ferris's Celebrated Hams and Bacon, 12c. lb; best sugar cured Hams, 11c. lb; best sugar cured Shoulders, 7c. lb; best sugar cured Bacon, 10c. lb; best Flemington Sausage, 12c. lb; best Trenton prepared Hams, 12c. lb; Pillsbury's best Flour, XXXX, $4.50 bbl; Pearl Pulled flour or cracked wheat, 4 lbs 25c.; Vegetable Lard, 4½ lbs 50c.; Morgan's Republic (large can), 3c. cake, 4 for 25c.; Pyle's Pearline (1 lb can), 15c., 2 for 25c.; Pyle's Pearline (small), 6 for 25c.; Babbitt's 1776 (1 lb can), 3 for 25c.; Babbitt's 1776, small, 6 for 25c.; Bixby's Royal Polish (for ladies' shoes), 10c. bottle; Bixby's best stove blacking (10c. size), 8c. box; choice mixed American and French candy, 2 lbs 25c.; best home made bread, 10c. loaf; Soda Crackers (3 lbs), 25c. Ready-to-serve Oats Edge Elgin and Creamery Butter. Fine Teas and Coffees a specialty.

Your orders shall always receive prompt personal attention. Always alive to the interests of our customers.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

COAL and WOOD,

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27 North Avenue.

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ANTI-CHAP.

I contain no greasy or sticky substance I penetrate the skin; I eradicate spots and pimples; I keep the skin smooth, soft, pliable; I am harmless. Try me, and I will become your favorite.

All druggists sell me at 25 cents.

Also remember the famous ANTI-CHAP SOAP in connection with ANTI-CHAP.

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduce! on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR, WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

Writing : Paper

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POUND!

Old Sagamore Mills, 16c lb.

Envelopes to match, 5c. package.

Kensington Wove and Devonshire Linen, 25c. per lb.

Envelopes to match, 10c. package.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 61. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11 1892 PRICE TWO CENTS

Y COMMON COUNCIL.

FIFTH MEETING HELD LAST EVENING.

ial Police Appointed—The Li- or Ordinance Adopted—The Bar- ms will have to Close at 11 p. m. eral New Ordinances Intro- ced—New Business.

City Common Council met in ad- ed session last evening. It was 8.05 k when the meeting was called to

neilman Ackerman, Gallup and See absent.

minutes of the last meeting were and after being corrected were ed.

Plainfield Bicycle Club petitioned rmission to remove a building t by them from one side of the to the opposite side. On motion tion was granted.

T.S.Davis and others petitioned for aswalk on Sixth street and Park e. The petition was referred to mmittee on Streets with power.

ne Hoerster petitioned for a ale license, his place to be situated corner of Liberty and Fourth . The application was referred im from Corporation Counsel Craig sh amounting to $250 was present- referred to the proper committee.

r Gilbert nominated Edward per and Wm. Darrell as special men. The nominations were con-

e request of President Ginna Mr. chairman of the Alms Committee d in reference to the poor house. t the Committee had visited the and that they were not prepared e a full report at the present g.

Weber inquired in reference to ill presented by Mrs. Tobin nt for place occupied by bokai Sweeney. He said the woman had seven children to and was in destitute circum- that unless the rent was paid a few days the family would be ost of doors. He said she was a ing and hard-working woman.

ition offered by Mr. Marsh riating $150 to properly uniform ice was adopted.

darsh said that Mr. See had re- him to offer a resolution in ce to licensing auctioneers, the to be $20 per annum. After some it was eventually laid on the

otion of Mr. Marsh the Committee and Ordinances were instructed e with the Corporation Counsel ence to an ordinance and auc- ther or not Plainfield auctioneers exempt from paying a license

ond of V. W. Nash as delinquent ector was referred to the Com- on Laws and Ordinances.

tion the papers presented to the of 1891, in reference to the ex- on of the street lighting system ten from the table and referred committee on Police and Public

linance providing for the macad- of East Fourth street was read irst and second times and or- ngrossed and advertised. The e was introduced by Mr. John-

dinance referring to the duties ty physician was adopted on its eding and final passage.

uor ordinance was read for the me and adopted on its final

azee voted "no" on the passage dinance.

arsh moved that when the Coun- adjourn it would be to meet h 29th. It was ordered.

azee inquired who was responsi- he heating of the Council cham- thought the chamber was poorly

arsh—"I agree with Mr. Frazee. ght shake them up."

resident informed Mr. Frazee owner of the building had o heat the chamber.

ion the meeting then adjourned.

Polo at the Crescent.

lainfield polo team and the rt polo team of Connecticut ll in a game at the Crescent Rink evening. There was a large resent and all thoroughly en- e game, which was very excit- aring the first forty minutes eam made a goal and according les of the game both teams were d to play for another forty min- he Plainfielders succeeded in by a score of 3 to 2. The same ll compete again next Saturday

a dozen of the North Plainfield s held a meeting in the base- the school house last evening. Peterson presided. The meet- alled to decide upon some ter coming Spring election. On ac- he small attendance the meet- rned at once.

DEATHS.

—In North Plainfield, Feb. 10th, ancis Bartels, aged 67 years, five 15 days.

services at his late residence ountain, near French's mill, Feb. 14th, at 1 p. m. *Ad

ABOUT CITY SEWERAGE

A CONFERENCE IN THE MAYOR'S OFFICE.

A Permanent Organization Effected —Mayor Gilbert Elected Chairman and R. K. Case Secretary—A Committee of Citizens Appointed.

A very interesting meeting of the committee of citizens appointed by the Common Council to co-operate with it on the matter of sewerage was held in the Mayor's office on Tuesday evening. A permanent organization was effected by the election of Mayor Gilbert as chairman and R. K. Case secretary.

A full and free interchange of opinion was had by those present on the subject of sewerage, which indicated that the matter will receive careful and thorough consideration from them.

Messrs. J. E. Martine, O. T. Waring and J. B. Dumont were appointed to inquire into the right of the city of Plainfield to carry to and empty its household waste into the Raritan river, or other outlet.

The Mayor was made a member ex-officio of the two committees named above. The committee then adjourned to meet at the call of the chairman.

A HORRIBLE FATE.

Brakeman Smith's Body Cut in Halves.

(Elizabeth Journal.)

A brakeman, Charles A. Smith, who was employed in the freight yards of the Central Railroad at the foot of Broadway, lost his life last night in a terrible manner.

Engine No. 83, Everitt Gordon, engineer, was switching a number of box cars on the several tracks, under the charge of Conductor Ezra Queen. The crew consisting of Queen, Brakeman Smith and Berry, were about finishing their day's work and with six box cars attached to the engine were preparing to hitch the rear of down one of the tracks leading the dock.

Smith was standing on the bumpers between the fifth and rear cars when the engineer started to back the train from above. Just as he did so Smith, who on the hind end of the rear car, attending to the brake,

When, then, were about half way between First and Front streets they had gained sufficient headway to send the rear car to its place and running on the coupling pin, Smith waved his hand to the engineer and quickly sprang up, but landed on the roof of the car, as was for the purpose, it is supposed, of tending the brake of the detached car. In the second step down the side of the car he hastily turned around and made a step past the end of the next car. Just at that moment the engineer, who could not realize what Smith was doing, slacked the speed of the train, and Smith, instead of gaining the roof of the other, fell to the track between the separated cars and was instantly crushed to death.

Queen, who was standing near by, saw Smith fall and shouted to the engineer to stop the cars, but though the signal met with prompt response, the cars were not brought to a standstill until the engine had passed over Smith's body, just above the waist, almost severing it in two.

The men employed in the Central shops were just leaving for their homes, and many of them witnessed the horrible accident say that it was the most heartrending scene they had ever witnessed.

Officer Hyers came immediately and took charge of the body until the arrival of morgue-keeper Jensen, when the mangled remains were removed to the morgue and the county physician notified.

Meanwhile a crowd numbering several hundred had gathered at the scene and many sensational stories were soon afloat.

Smith was a large man in stature, twenty-eight years old, and boarded with a Mrs. Gallagher at 210 Clark place. He had been working in this city but four months, having previously been an employe of the N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. in New York city. None of his relatives reside in Elizabeth, but a brother, Wm. Smith, lives on East 125th street, New York, to whom word of the accident was sent last night.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. E. Vanaman of Somerville is visiting friends in this city.

The youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. John Nesler died at an early hour this morning.

Ex-Councilman Warren Watson, formerly of this city but now of New York, is visiting friends here.

Mrs. L. Deal of Bound Brook is visiting at the residence of Mrs. Henry Van Middlesworth of Elmwood place.

Mr. T. B. Brooks, who formerly resided on West Seventh street, has removed to his handsome new residence on Rockview avenue, North Plainfield.

Mrs. I. H. Boehm of West Front street entertained a large number of her friends at an evening sociable last evening. All who attended enjoyed themselves.

"American Fascination" a clever two act comedy was successfully given in the New Bruswick Theatre by amateurs last evening. Mr. Arthur Boyd's representation of Edward Ralston was the hit of the evening. The theatre was filled. Plainfielders were among those present and thoroughly appreciated the talented amateurs work. The proceeds of the play will be given the public school.

Treated to a "Ducking."

Wm. Spencer and George Stewart, while engaged cutting ice on Wilson's pond in Washington Valley Tuesday afternoon, missed their footing and fell into the water. They were pulled out of the pond by other workmen. They both agreed that it was too cold to go swimming.

THE GIFTED HAENDEL.

COMPOSER OF "THE MESSIAH" AND OTHER ORATORIOS.

His Operas, Successes, Failures, Popularity and Death—Synopsis of Mr. Frederic Dean's Lecture—Urged to Lecture in Plainfield.

Mr. Wm. R. Chapman, the conductor of the Meiopolis, was the guest of Mr. Frederic Dean of New York recently, and the subject of having some of Mr. Dean's interesting lectures given in Plainfield was favorably considered, provided suitable arrangements can be made.

Several Plainfield ladies attended Mr. Dean's lecture Saturday in the Scharwenka Conservatory of Music, New York. The subject of this lecture was "George Frederick Haendel."

George Haendel, the father of the great composer, when about eighteen years old, served as an apprentice in a barber shop. While there he was seen by a doctor and connected with his office. George soon became the doctor's favorite and was quickly advanced for music. He liked very much by the doctor's wife.

So strong was the affection of the latter that, after the death of his employer, George had no difficulty in getting the hand of the two remarried. But he thought a great deal more of her interest in the business than he did of her.

The doctor died but a few years after her second marriage, and George waited only a short time after her death before he married again. His second wife was very pretty and only about twenty years old. By her, George had three children, of whom only Frederick was the youngest, he being born February, 1685.

What a difference there was between the ancestors of Bach and those of Haendel; the one from Haendel being as unmusical as those of Bach were musical.

From his earliest infancy Haendel showed a fondness for music. When he was old enough to enjoy playing with toys he always discarded his wagons and drums for the tinkling from whom he could get any idea of music.

This pleased his father, and he would not let him have any musical toys His reason for this being that he did not want to encourage any fondness for music in the little one, for it was his intention to have George study law.

Nevertheless, like Bach, George was undaunted and, at the age of seven, he smuggled a clavicord into the house and, when his parents were away to church, he would spend his time imitating the chimes. The chimes on Sundays were the only music George ever heard, as his father would not allow him to go any place where he would be likely to hear music.

Shortly after George Frederick obtained the clavicord, his father decided to visit the old duke of Saxe, who at that time was in the employ of a Duke of one of the lesser principalities. George begged his father to take him, but this he would not do. Being determined though, the little fellow, when his father was on a passage for nearly seven miles, and when at last the carriage stopped at a hotel, the little fellow, who was now nearly ready to drop, and who, before, had just kept the vehicle in sight, trudged bravely along and reached the hotel as his father came out. Of course, he was severely scolded for his disobedience, but as it was out of the question for him to walk home again, his father had to take him in the carriage. Thus the day he was to forgotten.

Once at the court, the lad soon found his way into the music room, and began to be made friends with all the musicians.

Leaving the concert room, he wandered around until he came to the chapel where the choir was practicing. After they had finished he climbed up in the organ loft and began to play some of his own pieces. Surprised and amused at the child's audacity, he consented and lifted the boy to the organ stool.

Fortunately for George, the Duke entered the chapel, as he was trying to play. Noticing the unusual sound of the organ, the Duke asked who it was that dared to play upon the organ. Informed when the boy was brought to him, his anger ceased, and he took a great interest in the young aspirant. Upon learning how his parents objected to his playing, the Duke called the father to him and begged him to give up the lad a thorough musical education. After much hesitation the father finally consented and when he returned young George had secured good teachers for George. Zachau was his first teacher.

When George reached his thirteenth year his teachers advised his father to send him to Berlin, where they could train him no more, he having gone as far as they could take him.

Since his father had started his musical education and never did any thing by halves, he sent George to Berlin to complete his studies, at the same time keeping up his law studies, and because his father had given to him in music. George did take advantage of it and neglect his law books. On the contrary, he worked even more faithfully and was so well able to recite whole pages of Greek, Latin, laws, etc., as he was to play by heart. This instrument, that his father was entirely satisfied with the teachers' reports, which were sent to him.

When seventeen years old, George received his first appointment as organist in the Berlin cathedral. This was in 1692 and he held the position until 1705, just eleven years. While here he obtained the position of second violinist in an orchestra. The conductor of this orchestra was absent on one of his periodical sprees when Haendel, when a boy, opera was to be introduced. No one felt competent to take his place and, as the hour of the performance drew near, the manager was very nervous. The opera must be given but who could lead it without the leader. At last Haendel volunteered and, as a dying man will grasp the last ray of hope, so the manager accepted the offer. Much to the surprise of his fellow players, Haendel was very successful in his new position, and so much so that when the leader returned on the following day the manager informed him that he could look for a new place, as he had a new maestro.

From Berlin Haendel went to Hamburg, 1705 to 1707. Here he took part in an opera which was just being brought before the people. The rehearsals were under the direction of the composer who unfortunately died before they were ready to bring out his work. This caused a quarrel between an actor called Matheson, and Haendel. The former wanted the chapelmaster which the composer had given to Haendel. Of course Haendel refused to engage, and Matheson was so angry that before the performance he slapped Haendel in the face, which was a challenge to a challenge for an immediate duel. At the close of the Opera the two men met and without waiting for seconds, drew their swords. In the first attack Haendel disarmed his adversary and broke his own sword. According to the rules of dueling, since neither one was injured, they shook hands, after which they dined together. From this time a strong friendship arose between the two men, and Haendel, in later years called Matheson, his right-hand man.

From Hamburg, Haendel took a trip south, and found favor in Italy, at the court. In January, 1707, he was in Florence. From thence, in April, he went to Rome and departed to Florence again in September. Here he superintended an opera called Rodrieco, which was a great success. He was also in charge of an opera named "Agrippena," and in this the audience applauded between every paused in the middle of the song, "Long live the Saxon!" This opera was given for thirty-seven nights, and Haendel then left Italy. He continued for nearly twenty years.

He was twenty-three by this time, and his fame had spread all through Europe. The advantages of his trip to Italy and the acquaintance he made there are incalculable. He gained polish, grace and refinement, and also a love for all things artistic.

In 1710, he returned home and was appointed Kapellmaister at Hanover. He got but little time to spend at home, after a year's vacation, to visit England.

Purcell had been dead fifteen years, when Haendel reached London and the music was horrible. It kept growing worse every year. The Italian opera was the rage, but as a rule with one-half Italian and the other half English.

Haendel's fame had preceded him and his publisher had brought out of his first work produced in London. Meeting the publisher on the street one day, Haendel remarked, "The next time I will publish the pieces and you can compose them."

Queen Anne died in 1714, and in August, King George came to the throne. The latter had been a great friend of Haendel's, but on account of some misunderstanding between them Haendel was utterly afraid to appear before the court.

He did not know how to get the king reconciled, until one day a friend of his suggested that the king be asked for a sail up the river, and music always sounded well on the water. Taking the hint Haendel composed some music which he called "The Water Music," and getting a band, followed the royal barge in a short distance, and played his music. Hearing the sweet tones as they floated over the water, the King was like one charmed, and finally asked who it was. Then the friend, who had made the suggestion to Haendel, told the King "your Majesty know of more than one who could play so exquisitely?"

The King was pleased with the music that he forgave Haendel, and made him his favorite minstrel.

When Handel's Alcidamiaco was given in the Academy of Music, the first year the Academy was opened, the place was crowded and the people paying as high as ten dollars for gallery chairs.

Haendel composed many operas, but of three acts was given in which Haendel had charge of the music of one act, and six of his friends the other two acts. This caused the first operatic war in England, and was the beginning of Haendel's misfortunes.

The soprano who took the principal solos in all of Haendel's operas, was Cuzzoni, and although great as a singer for her terrible temper. Once, when Haendel had a great deal at stake, she became angry at the conductor, and refused to sing. This made Haendel so angry that he carried her to an open window and said although great as she as an angel, you are a very devil, but I am the prince of devils, and unless you sing I'll throw you out this window." She gave in, and never sang as well as she did on that night.

The war waged long against Haendel, and it ended in his losing all his worldly goods, finally leaving him a bankrupt.

He was compelled to leave England in 1721, but was resulted at the death of George I., when he returned as the favorite of the royal anthem.

Once again Haendel became popular. So strong was the feeling toward him, that the people erected a monument to him in the Vauxhall Gardens. This is the first and only one on record ever erected during the hero's life.

His genius continued to flow and write when he was an old man, when after exhausting his powers as an operatic composer, he took up oratorio in spirit, ambition and pocket, he took up oratorio writing. It was not at all plain sailing, and his first "Esther," which was given in 1739, was very unwelcome, and led to be withdrawn after the third performance.

Being somewhat disheartened by this failure and being in poor health he went over with some friends to Ireland. It was announced that he would give something new while there, but it was not passed before that "something new" was presented. Then posters were put up all through Dublin, with the following announcement upon them.

THE NEW GRAND ORATORIO, CALLED

"THE MESSIAH"

will be given at Music Hall. The ladies are requested to come without their hoops, and the gentlemen without their swords.

By all obeying this rule the hall seated seven hundred instead of six hundred. The first night it was a great success.

When he returned to England, March 23, 1743, the Messiah was reproduced in the Kings Theatre, having the singers of the Choruses, everyone from his subject to his sovereign. It arose with one accord and remained standing until the oratorio was finished.

In 1750, Haendel, while composing "Jephtha," was attacked by some disease which left him blind.

On April 6, 1759, the blind master conducted his master-work, which was his tenth and last oratorio. He was very nervous and weak, and it was with great difficulty that he held out until the close. Just as the last chord was being played he remarked, "The next time I will be less to the floor. His friends carried him home and on Good Friday night, 1759, just one week after, he was dead.

At his funeral over three thousand unbidden guests went to hear the singing of the great chorus "I Know That My Redeemer Liveth."

Haendel was a bachelor and a singularly unique figure in music.

He was a teacher of royalty and peasants, princes, princesses, dukes and other noted people among his pupils.

His oratorios were not written for the halls of the nobles, as his first opera was, but for the Christian people of England.

Although he was a bankrupt twice, he worked until he paid every debt, dollar for dollar, and when he died had quite a surplus in the bank.

Beethoven, Hayden, Mozart and others looked up to him.

Of him it was said, "His compositions are truth. He is the one inspired author and he can transfer stones of melody into pearls of song."

A concert is to be given at the Scharwenka Conservatory of Music, Tuesday evening, February 16th. These concerts are under the direction of Herr Xaver Scharwenka.

—There is to be a public meeting of the Right School Lyceum in Assembly Hall next Friday evening.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

DIRECTORS DRIVING COAL VANS.

London Threatened with a Fuel Famine by the Coal Porters' Strike.

LONDON, Feb. 11th. (Special.)—The strike of coal porters, of whom 10,000 struck yesterday in one district only, continues and threatens to bring about a coal famine in the city. The directors of the chief coal company this morning are acting an example to their subordinate officers by driving coal delivery vans and in many other ways helping to keep business going.

A MAYOR GUILTY OF EXTORTION.

Verdict Against the Allegheny Chief Magistrate To-Day.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 11th. (Special.)—The verdict of the jury in the case of James G. Wyman, Mayor of Allegheny, charged with extortion, was handed in this morning.

Mr. Blaine to Take a Vacation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 11th. (Special.)—Hon. James G. Blaine will shortly leave here on a prolonged vacation.

BREVITIES.

—The borough Council will hold an adjourned meeting February 16th.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting to-night.

—Prof. John Lane of New York will lecture at Reform Hall Sunday evening next.

—Free hand drawing will be graphically described by John Dalziel at the Y. M. C. A. this evening.

—At a meeting of Unity Division, Knights of Pythias, held last evening, the second degree was conferred on two candidates.

—The Plainfield polo team visited Jersey City last evening and played a game with a team of that place. The game resulted in a tie.

—Venus rushed through 160,000,000 miles of space in her leap year visit to Jupiter, but even then they were 400,000,000 miles apart.

—The interior of the store of Werner Clothing House, of which Mr. Harry Werner is the proprietor, is being handsomely decorated.

—Mr. Rogowe, of the Jersey City polo team, will give an exhibition of fancy skating before the game at Crescent Rink Saturday night.

—All boys are invited on Friday afternoon at 4:15 p. m., corner LaGrande avenue and Putman street. Benjamin Bowers will speak. Welcome.

—There will be a meeting at U. S. Grant Club headquarters, Spencer's Hall, Friday evening, at eight o'clock, to celebrate Lincoln's birthday and elect club officers for the ensuing year.

—A horse belonging to the Netherwood farm dairy, ran away on Somerset street this morning. The animal was caught before it succeeded in wrecking the wagon to which it was attached.

—The Temperance Legion will meet on Friday at four p. m. in the "I" room, corner of Peace street and North avenue. All boys and girls are invited to be present and take part in the exercises.

ART IN THE POTATO.

Served on Silver in Fanciful Æsthetic Shape.

The humble Irish potato that has, since the discovery of America, been ingloriously boiled, mashed and fried, has followed in meek second place many less wholesome and less honest dishes, has of late enjoyed a distinction and complimentary notoriety too sudden to be lasting.

But, according to the Illustrated American, the potato is about to have its artistic inning. It says: "A few weeks ago at a private dinner in New York a dish of Irish potatoes was served à la mode de Louis Seize. On a silver platter, garnished with crisp sprays of greenest parsley, reated bowknots and fleurs de lis of potatoes in a sauce of drawn butter, and merely frosted with salt. The designs were small, of course, but very perfect.

Weather.

The weather promises to be generally warmer and cloudy to partly cloudy, followed by rain or snow.

Hornby's Oats

After all, this is the best—

H-O.

Is it a perfect food for everybody? It is.

Your grocer sells it.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Smith has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 19 Park avenue, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

Joseph A. Blatz, Daniel S. Pound,
L. H. Rossler, Henry Hedges,
Samuel Dreier, Frank Pivoll,
William Norton, Matthew Hintz,
Theodore Kurshals, Francois Felix Cesar,
Jacob Blinn, John Wiesenfeld,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Edward F. Thees has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 24 East Front street, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

Walter Coon, J. H. Force,
John Adams, Alexander Sergeant,
James Pitzpatrick, Michael Ettinger,
William Shoup, Frederick Hoerster,
James Higgins, William S. Brown,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

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James Higgins, William S. Brown,

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Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Robert Simpson has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 18 and 17 East Second street, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

Robert Simpson, Benjamin F. Moore,
John R. Simpson, Charles A. Hamilton,
Henry C. Drake, E. P. Cary,
W. E. Manning, Charles A. Hammesl,
John Wolf, Thomas O'Gorman,
Michael Winderlich, Thomas Burns,
Andrew Love, Jr.

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Simon has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 20 Park avenue, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

John F. McIntyre, Michael Hughes,
L. Pooli, Thomas Curren,
Alfred Caspar, George Schneider,
Thomas Callahan, Edward Hannon,
James Ryan, John J. Keaney,
Michael Decourcy,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Werner has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 7, 9 and 11 North avenue, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

John A. Foos, William Lang,
Dan S. Roberts, John K. Van Ness,
Joseph A. Moore, Frank Hoffmeister,
Henry L. Hart, George L. Henry,
W. Mathews, Hugh C. Aitze,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Michael Watson has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 1 Watson's block, corner of Grant avenue, near South Second street, in the Fourth Ward, which application is signed by

Charles Jaeger, James Marston,
Frank Bowers, Charles Freeman,
T. A. McCarthy, Charles Pressler,
John Kenney, Oliver S. Randolph,
James F. Walsh, Wesley Adams,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Michael Watson has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 1 Watson's block, corner of Grant avenue, near South Second street, in the Fourth Ward, which application is signed by

Charles Jaeger, James Marston,
Frank Bowers, Charles Freeman,
Pat Powers, Charles Winston,
Michael Norman, John Ryan,
Thomas Burns, Maurice Shannon,
Michael Burns, Martin Kane,
Gustave Gassman, Thomas Holdaway,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Simon has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 20 Park avenue, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

John F. McIntyre, Michael Hughes,
L. Pooli, Thomas Curren,
Alfred Caspar, George Schneider,
Thomas Callahan, Edward Hannon,
James Ryan, John J. Keaney,
Michael Decourcy,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Smith has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 19 Park avenue, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

Joseph A. Blatz, Daniel S. Pound,
L. H. Rossler, Henry Hedges,
Samuel Dreier, Frank Pivoll,
William Norton, Matthew Hintz,
Theodore Kurshals, Francois Felix Cesar,
Jacob Blinn, John Wiesenfeld,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Edward F. Thees has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 24 East Front street, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

Walter Coon, J. H. Force,
John Adams, Alexander Sergeant,
James Pitzpatrick, Michael Ettinger,
William Shoup, Frederick Hoerster,
James Higgins, William S. Brown,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Robert Simpson has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 18 and 17 East Second street, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

Robert Simpson, Benjamin F. Moore,
John R. Simpson, Charles A. Hammesl,
Henry C. Drake, E. P. Cary,
W. E. Manning, Thomas O'Gorman,
John Wolf, Thomas Burns,
Michael Winderlich, Andrew Love, Jr.

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Werner has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 7, 9 and 11 North avenue, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

John A. Foos, William Lang,
Dan S. Roberts, John K. Van Ness,
Joseph A. Moore, Frank Hoffmeister,
Henry L. Hart, George L. Henry,
W. Mathews, Hugh C. Aitze,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph T. Sullivan has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 1 Watson's block, corner of Grant avenue, near South Second street, in the Fourth Ward, which application is signed by

Alexander Messinger, Frank Ribbets,
Charles Jaeger, Peter H. Kavanaugh,
Michael Conway, William H. Harding,
Thomas Sullivan, Wesley Adams,
Cornelius Guinea, Edward Conners,
Albert Mathews, Mary (X) Carline.

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph T. Sullivan has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at No. 1 Watson's block, corner of Grant avenue, near South Second street, in the Fourth Ward, which application is signed by

Alexander Messinger, Frank Ribbets,
Charles Jaeger, Peter H. Kavanaugh,
Michael Conway, William H. Harding,
Thomas Sullivan, Wesley Adams,
Cornelius Guinea, Edward Conners,
Albert Mathews, Mary (X) Carline.

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Arthur Scott has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at the corner of Watchung place and Sixth street, in the Fourth Ward, which application is signed by

Ernst Kruttsch, William Mullison,
James J. Day, Bartholomew Thomas,
Jacob Grieb, Whield S. Chase, Jr.,
Carl Hauck, Thomas Hughes,
William Jones, Steve McIntyre,
Samuel W. Lentter, Matthew Kilpatrick,
William Madden,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that John J. Goff has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at the North-westerly corner of Liberty street and Third avenue, in the Fourth Ward, which application is signed by

Mary E. Goff,
Daniel McCarthy, Thomas Johnson,
Thomas Cooney, Thomas Hoagland,
Frederick Westphal, Dennis Kilbride,
Lewis H. Sherman, Patrick Cunningham,
Joseph Johnson, Frank Cullen,
Arthur Scott.

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Werner has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous, vinous, malt or brewed liquors in quantities from one quart to five gallons, at 7 North avenue, in the First Ward, which application is signed by

George Weil, James Connerly,
Isaac Lederer, Christian Karr,
Charles Lederer, Charles Hoffman,
James Wheeler, William Kitchen,
Michael McNulty, Samuel F. Watson,
Henry Hays,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 1, 1892.

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Alexander Messinger, Frank Ribbets,
Charles Jaeger, Peter H. Kavanaugh,
Michael Conway, William H. Harding,
Thomas Sullivan, Wesley Adams,
Cornelius Guinea, Edward Conners,
Albert Mathews, Mary (X) Carline.

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the city clerk on or before the 23rd day of February instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

A NEW STYLE OF

D E R B Y

Out TO-DAY, at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

Office—

27 North Avenue.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The Most Popular Preacher.

Probably no orator that ever lived was accustomed to speak to as large an audience as Charles H. Spurgeon addressed. No preacher who has had a permanent hold on the public ever gained distinction so young or with so little preparation, educational or otherwise. When only sixteen Spurgeon preached his first sermon. When only fifteen, however, he began his career as an assistant teacher in a school at Newmarket, England, and here he changed from Congregationalist to Baptist. When he was nineteen years old he was preaching to audiences of 5,000 to 6,000 persons in London. Before his own Tabernacle was built his congregation leased the great Surrey Music hall, which held 12,000. The Metropolitan Tabernacle, which was shortly built for him by his increasing congregation, seats more than 6,000 people, and was always so crowded that it was necessary to get admission tickets to it several days before each sermon. No great singer, lecturer or actor ever drew such audiences as this man, who simply pointed out the truths of the Christian religion.

Mr. Spurgeon seemed to upset all theories of every kind in his career. Like Socrates, whose words mankind hangs upon to this day, Spurgeon was one of the most unprepossessing of men in personal appearance—short and squat, with flat nose, thick lips and protruding chin, and with no physical grace. Yet Wendell Phillips, the most beautiful, graceful, eloquent and cultured of men, never drew to him such audiences as this homely looking man did, by mere power of his personal magnetism. Spurgeon was an absolute teetotaler in his habits, yet he suffered agonies with the gout for years and finally died of it. Heroic, he upset old theories. The only way the doctors had of accounting for Spurgeon's gout was that it was hereditary. One authenological small vice he had, and that was he would smoke a good cigar.

With all his soul he believed in the power of prayer as a means of getting what one wanted. He used to declare that he never failed to pray for one of his many benevolent enterprises that it was not forthcoming if he prayed for it.

Success of Co-operation.

A book published recently in America gives particulars about the famous co-operative societies of Great Britain. Its name is "How to Co-operate." It contains the bylaws and rules of successful co-operative organizations in both Europe and America. The subject is exciting more and more interest in America, especially in the agricultural districts, where people have suffered so much from not superintending their own buying and selling. With this volume, they may learn how to undertake co-operation. The co-operative system rightly applied would enable all producers to dispose of what they grow or manufacture, that too at prices which would give them a large profit based on the goods. Some successful societies are already in operation. The system is destined to grow, for co-operation is the contribution of the latter part of the Nineteenth century to civilization.

In Great Britain and Ireland there are 1,534 co-operative organizations. These do a business annually of $216,-600,500. Besides erecting permanent buildings and buying real estate to the amount of $31,824,820, the societies returned in 1890 a net profit of $20,950,100. That is to say, the members got in savings on purchases and otherwise 11 per cent. on all the money they invested in the co-operative orders. Much of their capital was borrowed and on this they paid 3 per cent. interest. All this property and profits would have gone into other pockets than theirs or been lost altogether under the old system.

Solid Hill Delegates Elected.

A bill is before the legislature to establish a reformatory for female prisoners in New York city. Sixty per cent. of all the women arrested in that city are under twenty-five years old. Yet these girls, many of whom are taken in merely by their ignorance of the ways of the world, are thrown into prison in intimate association with hardened old women reprobates who live only because they are so tough a life of dissipation has not yet been able to kill them. The very atmosphere of such creatures would have a vicious tendency, even if they never opened their mouths. In this atmosphere, steeped as it is in degradation, young girls are thrust and kept during their term of imprisonment. Some of them are no more than sixteen. Some are really innocent of any crime at all, or it may be the first time that others have been arrested. All, however, are herded with the worst of the prisoners. This is true not only of New York, but of all the large cities, and there ought to be a change, and that at once. It would be a sad outlook for the race if no woman city prisoner under twenty-five years old could be brought back to respectable life, yet that is what the present system practically declares.

The Western Union Telegraph company has been experimenting at Cincinnati with an aluminum motor, run from batteries having a force of sixty volts. The motor was used for telegraphic purposes and experts pronounced it a success.

FALSE CABINET RUMORS.

Blaine's Reported Intention Sets the Mill Grinding.

BUT THE CABINET IS HARMONIOUS.

Secretaries Wanamaker, Tracy and Noble Are Not to Resign Nor Be Retired, but Blaine's Colleagues Are of the Opinion That He Will Soon Step Down and Out.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The dispatch that Secretary Blaine would "after a reasonable interval" follow his withdrawal as a candidate for president by retiring from the cabinet was telegraphed back to Washington in various distorted shapes, which called forth a denial from the secretary himself. The statement was not made in these dispatches that Mr. Blaine would at once, or even within a short time, return to the president his commission as secretary of state. The statement was made, however, that at some future time, after a "reasonable interval," so long separated from his letter of withdrawal as not to associate the two acts in the public mind as having any connection with each other, Secretary Blaine had determined to withdraw from the cabinet.

The announcement that Secretary Blaine had determined at some future date to resign his portfolio was authorized by the repetition of a conversation which Mr. Blaine held very recently with one of his most intimate and trusted friends. During this conversation Mr. Blaine told his friend that he had written the text of his letter of withdrawal from the presidential field and added that he intended ultimately to follow this letter with his resignation as a member of the cabinet. This statement was repeated to your correspondent and its publication was not a violation of confidence.

The early publicity of Secretary Blaine's determination may have in a measure defeated his own purpose, which was to separate distinctly and totally in the public mind his withdrawal as a presidential candidate from any connection with his retirement from official life.

It is significant that Mr. Blaine is especially emphatic in saying that he will not go either to the Bermudas or to Cuba, but that he will escape the trials of a sea voyage when he makes his southern trip by going to some place which can be reached by rail.

False Cabinet Rumors.

The announcement respecting Secretary Blaine's plans was followed by a host of misfounded rumors concerning other cabinet changes. These may be dismissed as utterly untrustful.

These rumors were to the effect that Postmaster General Wanamaker and the president had had a falling out because of the complicated condition of the postoffice department; that Mr. Wanamaker was to be given a foreign mission; that Mr. Wanamaker was to return to business life in Philadelphia; that Mr. Clarkson was to be made postmaster general; that Secretary Tracy had incurred unwarranted expenditures in the naval preparations for the expected war with Chili, and that thereby he had involved the administration in a controversy with the naval committee of the senate and house, and that Secretary Noble was to resign in order to accept a judicial or diplomatic appointment.

Most of these variegated rumors contradict themselves, being manifestly absurd on their face.

Mr. Wanamaker denies all the rumors relating to himself with specific exactness. The resignation Will Come.

The basis for the report concerning Secretary Tracy is ridiculous but interesting. When, the other day, the expense account for taking the testimony of the Baltimore crew in California reached the second auditor of the treasury, it was discovered that the man who had charge of the work had made the usual separate charges for the stenographic and clerical work, whereas it should have been for stenographic work alone, and upon the instruction of the attorney general the extra or public charges were thrown out as unauthorized.

Upon this action a report gained currency that the entire expense incurred by the navy department in connection with the Chilian affair has been "turned down."

The report of Secretary Noble's coming resignation is the result of an old story. There is no doubt that at one time Secretary Noble did intend to leave the cabinet circle. There is no doubt that Secretary Noble would take the step at any time when a pathway, at once agreeable and honorable for his retirement, could be opened to him.

It may be added that members of the cabinet fully expect and still expect Secretary Tracy's resignation to become an official declared fact within a few months. The step, when it occurs, will be no more than a reorganization of the executive committee of the Republican party. Secretary Noble and Postmaster General Wanamaker will remain in the cabinet.

Solid Hill Delegates Elected.

WATERTOWN, Feb. 11.—At the Democratic primaries held in this city every ward elected Hill delegates, though a fight was made by the Cleveland men to get control in the Second ward, which is the home of D. G. Grimm and Judge O'Brien, advisers of Cleveland during his administration, the anti-Hill ticket was defeated by five majority.

Against the Early Convention.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The speakers at tonight's mass meeting at Cooper Union in opposition to an early Democratic convention will be Congressman Charles Tracy, of Albany; John J. Milburn, of Buffalo; ex-Secretary of the Treasury Charles S. Fairchild, E. Ellery Anderson and Congressman John DeWitt Warner, of New York.

A Republican Victory.

CANISTEO, N. Y., Feb. 11.—As a result of the election the Republicans chose twenty-four supervisors in Steuben county and the Democrats eight. These were elected at town meetings, but at their charter elections in March the cities of Hornellsville and Corning will vote for three supervisors each.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

James F. Crooker and Bishop Doane Confirmed by Joint Session.

ALBANY, Feb. 11.—The joint session of the legislature elected James F. Crooker superintendent of public instruction and Bishop William Croswell Doane, of Albany, regent of the university.

The proceedings of the senate and assembly were read in regard to the offices to be filled. Tellers were appointed and the vote for superintendent of public instruction began. At the conclusion the clerk announced that the vote was in favor of Crooker 81 to 71 for the Republican candidate Draper. The regency of the university was elected by a verbal vote. All were for Bishop Doane.

The joint session was then dissolved and the senate returned to its own chamber.

Senator McMahon introduced two bills regarding insane asylums. One prevents the authorities of the asylum from interfering with the correspondence of the insane with their friends, and the other requires the presence of women physicians and attendants in asylums where there are insane women. The senate finance committee reported favorably the Parker bill appropriating $800,000 for expenditure upon the capitol.

In the assembly a bill was introduced by Everett Brown providing that on June 1 annually after the present year the treasurer of every board of trade, produce exchange corporation or other association dealing in grain or other provisions shall report to state comptroller the amount of grain and provisions dealt in as options or futures during the year.

The comptroller shall thereupon levy a tax upon each board of trade or produce exchange in the sum of one mill upon each bushel of grain dealt in as options; upon each barrel of flour or equivalent in sacks so sold a tax of five mills; upon each barrel of pork or beef dealt in as futures a tax of ten mills, and upon each 100 pounds of bacon or lard dealt in as options a tax of eight mills.

PARIS MODES.

Latest Styles in Imported Gowns and Wraps.

There are evidences that the inconvenient long skirt for walking has had its day and must make way for the round skirt, which escapes the ground. Gowns for ceremonious calls made in a carriage, and for in formal occasions at home, remain the dernier train. Gowns for dinner and evening receptions are, of course, made with long trained skirts. More antique is growing in favor, and new textures are to be met with other fabrics for spring. Many of the new spring woolens have rough surfaces.

WALKING DRESS—CARRIAGE COSTUME.

The newest walking dresses are made with scant plain skirt that barely touch the ground in the back, finished with two rows of stitching around the bottom. Sometimes, as in the costume shown at Fig 1 in the cut, even this stitching is dispensed with. The cloth used for this is fancy gray cloth and has no bel-seams in the skirt. The bodice is in plain cloth of the proper color and is trimmed with soft velvet and large jet buttons. The basque waist worn over this is in the fancy gray cloth, same as furnishes the skirt and is finished with velvet ribbon trimmings. The second figure in the same cut illustrates a green and black brocade carriage costume trimmed with green velvet and jet passementerie.

The cape wrap is gradually disappearing. The long full cloaks that became popular as a mid-winter garment will be worn so long as the weather demands warm wraps for carriage and evening wear. Long jackets will continue fashionable during the spring. Many of the spring suits will be made with long jackets of the same material as the dress.

An Earthquake in New Jersey.

EAST BURLINGTON, N. J., Feb. 11.—A distinct shock of earthquake was felt here. Houses shook and trembled as if about to fall, clocks were stopped and the people rushed wildly and excitedly into the streets. The duration of the shock was about ten seconds.

A Fearful Plunge to Death.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Feb. 11.—George Baier, a prosperous German baker, committed suicide by drowning. He sought the top of the cliffs below the city and took a plunge of 100 feet into the Raritan river. Domestic trouble was the cause.

The Pennsylvania Chautauqua.

MOUNT GRETNA, Pa., Feb. 11.—At the meeting of the executive committee of the Pennsylvania Chautauqua, held at Lancaster, July 12 was fixed as the date of opening the summer assembly at Mount Gretna.

It Was a Valuable Satchel.

CORNING, N. Y., Feb. 11.—A satchel containing over $57,000 in securities, stolen from the bank of Lattimore, Wertz & Atdison, was found under an old barn here.

Think Tramps Did It.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 11.—The police do not now think that Lentz murdered aged Mrs. Semar at Milburn. They believe tramps did the butchery.

Refunded Customs Dues.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The amount of customs duties refunded in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, with interest and costs, aggregated $6,980,198.

A Steamship Aground.

HAVANA, Feb. 11.—The American steamship Butchinson, from New Orleans, ran aground in a heavy fog. The passengers were landed safely.

A Train Robber Captured.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 11.—Marion Hedspeth, one of the men who robbed the express train at Glendale, Mo., of $160,000, was captured here.

DRUNK ON THE SCAFFOLD

Horrible Scenes at the Execution of Spain's Anarchists.

SPECTATORS ROUSED INTO FRENZY.

Men Cursed and Women Wept and Fainted at the Sight of the Fearful Spectacle—The Victims Had to Be Dragged by Forces to Meet Their Doom.

MADRID, Feb. 11.—There was intense excitement and a horrible scene at the execution of the anarchists at Xeres. The streets, housetops and windows about the plaza in front of the jail were packed with people and at every point of vantage, for the greatest excitement has prevailed among the lower classes ever since the anarchist raid on Xeres on Jan. 8 last, when the town was held practically by the "reds" for several hours.

The four anarchists were executed separately. The platform upon which the garrote was erected was surrounded by a rough wooden railing, inside of which was a strong detachment of police and troops, who had no trouble in keeping the people back.

Upon the scaffold there were four wooden partitions, in each of which was placed a chair behind which was a stake. Attached to each stake there was a metallic collar which is put around the criminal's neck; behind the collar is an iron screw which is turned until its point crushes into the spinal column, causing death.

The names of the four anarchists executed were Busigni, Zarzuela, Lebrijano and Lamala, the first named having been the leader of a movement in refusing to leave his cell for the scaffold until compelled to do so. They presented a horribly frightened appearance as they were forced, trembling and deathly pale, protesting and praying, first blustering and then imploring mercy into their respective partitions from which they could see the populace, police and troops, but could not witness the death agony of their companions. Zarzuela was nearly too drunk to walk when he was forced toward the stake and kept on shouting: "Give me wine! Give me wine! I am innocent. I am innocent. But we will not act cowardly. We die for the social cause."

A Horrible Spectacle.

Busgni declared: "We are innocent. Oh, my mother. My mother," and struggled desperately to escape being forced to approach the chairlike stake. So terribly did he struggle that it required the combined strength of five men to force him into the death seat, and even then they had much difficulty in getting his neck into the garrote. The executioner gave two full minutes in turning the screw of the iron collar powerfully enough to break the neck-bone of the unfortunate anarchist. The spectacle was a horrible one. As the screw of the garrote entered the spine their heads fell forward, the faces turning purple and tongues protruding.

This terrible scene worked the people into a state of rage and indignation terrible to behold; men shouted and cursed at the anarchists, women wept and moaned as they buried their heads in their aprons and dresses, and several people, male and female, fainted outright. But there was no attempt made to attack the police or military, for the latter have taught the anarchists of Xeres a lesson which they are not likely to forget for many a long day.

The other two condemned anarchists, Lebrijano and Lamala, died more quietly, death apparently being instantaneous from the moment of the turn of the wrist of the screw were applied. All the executed men were either cobblers or bookmakers.

The Murderous Outbreak.

The outbreak, for taking part in which the men were garroted, broke out at Xeres sixteen miles from Cadiz. During the evening of Jan. 8 a large body of anarchists armed with scythes, old muskets, knives, pistols, etc., marched in several detachments into Xeres from the surrounding country districts, shouting, "Viva la anarquia!" and putting the town authorities for a time at complete defiance. The rough characters set fire to the town hall, a population of about 40,000 people joined issues with the anarchists and soon the whole city was in an uproar. Then, as if by previous arrangement, several companies of anarchists met in front of the local theater defying the authorities and assaulting and robbing all citizens who refused to join them. One man was caught by the anarchists as he was leaving the theater and, because he resisted the attempt made to rob him, the rioters strangled him to death amid hideous applause and laughter.

Up to this time the authorities were paralyzed and both the police and the garrisons remained in their barracks. This so encouraged the riotous anarchists that theory of "Free the prisoners!" was raised, and a march upon the city prison was commenced.

Wallowed in Wine.

Arriving in front of the jail the mob began a furious attack upon it with stones and beams, which they used against the gates. The air was made hideous with the roaring of the mob, then made drunk with wine and brandy stolen from the stores. The gutters flowed with wine and men laid flat down in the street and sucked it up as it was pantomly poured into the streets by the rioters.

The jail resisted their attack and they then tried to sack the town, but the municipal authorities collected together a body of gendarmes, police and night watchmen and made an attack upon the anarchists. Then followed a series of desperate battles in the streets in which a number of people were severely wounded and several were killed, but the anarchists were routed, the leaders arrested, court martialed and condemned to die.

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Patti[illegible]'s Libel Suit.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 11.—The case of William J. Arkell, of Canajoharie, N. Y., and proprietors of the Harrisburg Call, charged by Governor Pattison with publishing a libel upon him during his campaign for governor, was postponed on account of illness of counsel.

Jarvel A. Sanford Deputy.

MT. VERNON, N. Y., Feb. 11.—James F. Crooker, of Buffalo, appointed to the position of state superintendent of public instruction, has appointed Jarvel A. Sanford, of this place, as deputy superintendent of public instruction.

The San Francisco to Sail.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Feb. 11.—Early next week the United States steam cruiser San Francisco will sail for Honolulu.

Brazilian Cabinet Shaken Up.

RIO JANEIRO, Feb. 11.—The minister of the interior has resigned.

Builders' Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

No. 25 West Front street, for ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK. ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT, Practical Carpenter and Builder. Shop and residence, Corner Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Haw and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—Fine store work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1344.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder. All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 113

JOHN HERRMANN, Stair Builder, and hard wood mantle maker. Shop corner of Grand and Regent streets, North Plainfield, N. J. 10-16-1y J. HERRMANN, 6 Regent street.

R. V. SAUMS, Carpenter and Builder, Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Box P. O. Box 1282. Jobbing attended to. Best of work given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. Box 949.

PIERSON & GAYLE, Carpenters & Builders P. O. BOX 51. W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. E. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,

CARPENTER AND General Jobber. SHOP, 30 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J. Storm doors and weather strips a specialt Jobbing promptly attended to

Window Screens made to order.

Real Estate & Insurance

ISAAC BROKAW & SON, **REAL ESTATE** and Insurance. Money to loan on first mortgage NO. 65 FORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Edw. C. Mulford **REAL ESTATE** AND INSURANCE MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE 45 North avenue.

Jos T. Vail, **REAL ESTATE** AND INSURANCE. DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING 40 North avenue.

M. M Dunham, **REAL ESTATE** AND INSURANCE. No 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff, **INSURANCE.** AND REAL ESTATE. Money to Loan on approved security. Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't, 9 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET, Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added machinery, thereby enabling all screen for nut coal, which he confidently believes will enable him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening. JOHN LEHIGH AND HOMESTROOK COAL of best qualities and various sizes carried in stock. EGGS AND CRUSHED LUMPS. We would also announce recently increased facilities for furnishing all kinds of Building Stone, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Etc.

C. BECKWITH, Optician and Jeweler, has a full line of **JEWELRY** for HOLIDAY PRESENTS Also Gold Bow-locks and Eye Glasses. Spectacles fitted FREE. 13 PARK AVE. Do not forget the number.

We have a new line of **Skates and Sleds** Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of *Musical Instruments* and Sporting Goods. **A. M. Vanderbeek,** 33 PARK AVENUE.

Woman's Exchange AND INDUSTRIAL UNION 73 Park Avenue. HOME MADE —Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes— FRESH EVERY DAY.

THE BEE HIVE

Men's Unlaundried Shirts. The "Prize," A quality, good linen bosom, heavy muslin, reinforced front and double back..... 50c.

The "Pride," B quality, made of best muslin and fine linen bosom, the best shirt in the world..... 69c.

Boys' "Pride" shirts..... 45c.

Youths' "Pride," shirts, this size shirt can only be obtained at the "BEE HIVE" in Plainfield..... 69c.

Louis Callman. 40 WEST FRONT STREET

A. M. SEGUINE, PROPRIETOR OF **Laing's Hotel Stables,** on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue, TELEPHONE CALL NO. 20. Carriages for weddings, funerals and private calls. Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure. Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving. BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Heating Stoves, OTHELLO RANGES, *FURNACES* and Fire Place Heaters! FURNACE WORK, WATER-PIPING, PLUMBING, **A. M. GRIFFEN,** Telephone Call No. 6. 18 East Front Street

"The Very Best" is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once. Put you cash. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Worsteds, Embroidery Silks, and stamped linen goods. **C. E CLARKE,** FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS. No. 9 East Front street.

50c. a Bottle for EMULSION of **COD LIVER OIL** with HYPOPHOSPHATES, at **Williams' Pharmacy,** No. 20 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

C. BECKWITH, Optician and Jeweler, has a full line of **JEWELRY** for HOLIDAY PRESENTS Also Gold Bow-locks and Eye Glasses. Spectacles fitted FREE. 13 PARK AVE. Do not forget the number.

NOTICE!

I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my **Liberty Street Market** where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices *GOOD -:- MEAT!* Of all kinds. **Charles Arnold,** 21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST stock of **MERCHANT AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,** Holders and Segars for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at **N. H. Guttman's** SEGAR STORE, 18 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the **AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,** We are prepared to do all laundry work in the most approved methods. The most costly fabrics are very carefully ironed by improved laundering. Lace curtains a specialty. Orders left at the office will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge. **American Steam Laundry,** 14 EAST FRONT STREET. **H. W. Marshall,** PROPRIETOR.

SAVE FIFTY PER CENT. For the purpose of advertising more extensively the quality of our work, we will **Hang all Paper,** Purchased from us during DECEMBER for HALF -:- PRICE. Our stock consists of all the latest designs. **A. D. Van Sciver,** Opposite Depot, (Chemical Building,) 47 North Avenue.

Professional Cards.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON, Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 23 West Front street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON, Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & RISED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, and County Engineer, 9 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Particular attention to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR B. ZEALY, Architect, 257 Broadway, New York city, rooms 23 and 25. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield N. J.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Leave cards in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Orders for attention paid to disinfecting. Orders promptly attended to at Park House. Manufacturers of Jones' Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 666. Telephone No. 30.

Closing Out Sale!

SPLENDID BARGAINS! WALL PAPER AT COST. In order to lose out this year's stock of WALL PAPP we make room for New Goods. **Marsh, Ayers & Co.,** (Successors to W. F. Adams, 28 East Front Street.)

THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT.

The Most Gigantic Coal Road Deal Ever Consummated.

AND THE RESULTING NOW IS MASTER

It Absorbs the New Jersey Central, Lehigh Valley and Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroads and Controls the Anthracite Coal Markets and Prices.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 11.—Through the greatest deal ever made in the history of railroading, the Reading Railroad company will pay a dividend on its stock this year, and its net earnings will increase $4,250,000 in the next twelve months.

The Reading now controls, by lease of 998 years, the Lehigh Valley and New Jersey Central railroads, and on Feb. 23 the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western will become controlled in the interest of the Reading. The Reading and its leased lines now represents $200,000,000 of capital and its earnings will amount to $60,000,000 per year.

This is the greatest coup ever known in corporation finance, beside which the famous South Penn-Beech Creek-West Shore deal of two years ago is absolute insignificance. The statement as to the control of the Lehigh Valley and New Jersey Central is made authoritatively. At the general offices of the Reading Railroad company President McLeod is today the king of railroad financiers. The Reading controls 72 per cent. of the anthracite coal production and hereafter it is absolute master of the situation. By this combination the net receipts for anthracite coal will be at least twenty-five cents per ton greater than last year.

A Stupendous Deal.

The results of this stupendous deal are as far reaching as to be difficult of comprehension. The terms of the lease with the Central provides for a guarantee dividend of 7 per cent. on the stock of that company, and in addition the Central is to receive one half of the earnings in excess of the amount required for the 7 per cent. dividend until the total dividend reaches 10 per cent. per annum, the surplus over the 10 per cent to revert to the Reading. The Central earned last year 10½ per cent. so that the Reading will get a 1 per cent. on this lease from the start.

The Lehigh Valley is guaranteed a dividend at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum until May 31, 1892, from that date until Dec. 1 at the rate of 6 per cent. and after the last named date the guaranteed dividend is 7 per cent.

In addition to the guaranteed dividend and after the latter is paid, the Lehigh Valley stock is to receive one-half of the net earnings of that road, until the total dividend shall equal 10 per cent. per annum after which the surplus goes to the Reading in the same manner.

Aside from other considerations, to be mentioned later, and which will affect the earnings of these two companies equally, President McLeod is confident that the Lehigh Valley, after May 1, when its new line to Buffalo will be completed, is certain on its own merits, to earn more than the full amount of the guarantee, wholly regardless of any benefit which its revenues may derive from the new relations between the three companies.

To Revolutionize the Old System.

It should be remembered that the Lehigh Valley is now paying the Erie $1,250,000 annually for trackage, a sum equivalent to 2½ per cent. on its capital stock, and that the Lehigh Valley makes a net gain of this amount, which, added to the 7 per cent. guarantee and lease rental, will provide for the 7 per cent. guarantee and leave a surplus of 1 per cent. In addition to this the Buffalo and lake traffic of all these lines will be thrown over the Lehigh Valley.

It is Mr. McLeod's conviction that the existing methods of marketing anthracite are unnecessarily expensive and expensive. An agreement has been reached which will completely revolutionize the old system and result in enormous savings to the companies interested in the mining of anthracite. The plan is to consolidate offices and reduce the number of officers and employees.

The joint business of marketing the production of these companies will practically be controlled by President McLeod's corporation and will be so conducted as to not only secure economy, but to prevent competition.

It is Mr. McLeod's theory that the industries of this country will now be upon a fair and reasonable prices for their fuel, but that the rates prevailing at New York, Boston, Chicago, Canada and other distant points should be so regulated that they will bear a proper and just relation to the location of those markets with regard to the source of supply.

The Value of Railroad Financiering.

This will give the industries of Pennsylvania their proper advantage over those of distant points, which have their own and advantages of locality, and which now operate against Pennsylvania because, in addition to such advantages of location, they have now those of cheap prices for fuel also. This is a wrong which will be righted.

It is estimated that these changes taken together will yield an increase of at least twenty-five cents per ton on all coal handled by the consolidated Reading system, and without costing the consumer one penny more than at present, except at such places as the product of the mines is now sold at actual loss.

It is now plain what was in Mr. McLeod's mind when he acquired the Poughkeepsie bridge and the contributory thereto, which will throw the Reading and its entire augmented system into the very heart of New England, giving it a haul of all coal north from the middle and southern states to the east, with connections with all important New England roads and enabling it to virtually control the coal traffic of that entire region. The coup of President McLeod's is the greatest in the history of railroad financiering and makes the Reading as strong a corporation as there is in the world.

McClelland's Imposing Funeral.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 11.—The remains of Adjutant General McClelland were borne to Allegheny cemetery upon a caisson and interred with military honors. The funeral cortege was the most imposing public demonstration of a military character held in this city since the war.

Millionaire McLaren Dead.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 11.—James McLaren, the millionaire lumberman, died at Buckingham, aged seventy-four years.

He Annoyed Heber Newton.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—A crank who has been annoying Rev. Heber Newton was arrested and sent to jail.

Senator Hill in Albany.

ALBANY, Feb. 11.—United States Senator David B. Hill has arrived in this city from New York.

Rural Finesse.

Mr. Chatterton—I've decided to go into business, Miss Weatherbee.

Miss Weatherbee—I'm very glad to hear it, Mr. Chatterton.

Mr. Chatterton—Yaas, I've made up my mind to become a farmer. Think how jolly it must be to go out of a mawning and see the butterflies making butter, and the grasshoppers making grass, and—and—all that sawt of thing, you know.—Grip.

Rather Hard.

Disgusted Artist (whose thirteenth comic drawing *has just been rejected*)—Well, if you can't use this, what kind of jokes do you want?

Editor (calmly)—Funny ones.—Harper's Bazar.

TWO NEW JUDGES NAMED.

The President Nominates Buffington of Pennsylvania and Sanborn of Minnesota.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—President Harrison has nominated Joseph Buffington, of Pennsylvania, to be United States district judge of the western district of Pennsylvania, and Walter H. Sanborn, of *Minnesota*, to be United States circuit judge for the Eighth judicial circuit.

Joseph Buffington is a well known lawyer of Kittaning, Lawrence county, Pa., thirty-five or forty years of age. He has never held a public position before, but is regarded as one of the foremost lawyers in the western part of the state. A year ago, when a vacancy existed, Mr. Buffington was strongly supported for the place, but Judge Reid was appointed. When the latter resigned the president naturally turned to Mr. Buffington and selected him. The appointee has not been identified with either factions of Republicans in western Pennsylvania. He's a Republican, however.

Walter H. Sanborn, of Minnesota, is a resident of St. Paul. He is forty-three years of age, and although he has never been in politics he has always been a straight out Republican. Mr. Sanborn never held but one public office, that of alderman in the city of St. Paul. He has had an extensive practice before the federal courts and it is said that nothing to his abilities by federal judges with whom he had come in contact professionally caused his appointment.

The Edison Company Absorbed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Henry Villard is to retire from the presidency of the Edison General Electric company, and the Vanderbilts and other stockholders represented by Drexel, Morgan & Co. are to be in control. Mr. Villard thought proper to deny this story at the time. It is also officially admitted that the Edison General Electric company will be consolidated with the Thomson-Houston Electric company, of Boston, under a contract which virtually means an absorption of the Edison company by the Thomson-Houston company.

Connecticut G. A. R. Officials.

DANBURY, Conn., Feb. 11.—The Connecticut department, G. A. R., elected the following officers: Department commander B. E. Smith, of Wallingford; senior vice commander, W. H. Bunnell, of Meriden; junior vice commander, S. G. Blakeman, of Huntington; department chaplain, Rev. Henry Miller, of Mystic River; medical director, Dr. Charles Beardsley, of Danbury.

Tschigorin Leads Again.

HAVANA, Feb. 11.—The seventeenth game of the chess match, an Evans gambit, played by Tschigorin, was scored by the attack on the thirty-eighth move by Gunsberg. But he regains the lead at the most important period of the match. The score is: Tschigorin, 7; Steinitz, 6; drawn, 4.

A Reciprocity Candidate Elected.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 11.—The election for the legislature in Queens county resulted in the return of Frank G. Forbes, *Liberal*, who made the fight on the Liberal policy of unrestricted reciprocity with the United States.

A Big Fire in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 11.—A five story storm front building at 136 Main street, occupied as an auction house by Ezekiel & Bernheim was burned. Loss on building, $60,000; on contents, $250,000.

Lucky Mrs. Heier.

BUFFALO, Feb. 11.—Mrs. Magdelina Heier, who shot her husband, pleaded guilty to assault in the second degree and was let off with a fine of $250.

A Reception to Cleveland.

DETROIT, Feb. 11.—Ex-President Cleveland has accepted an invitation to a public demonstration of reception by the lawyers of this city on Feb. 20.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The empress of Germany is suffering from the influenza.

The Texas Republican state convention will be held at Austin on March 9.

The new library building at Johnstown, Pa., erected by Andrew Carnegie, has been opened to the public.

The farmers of Huron county, Cal., have contracted with a Kansas rain company for rain for the season's crop.

The Capital City Opera House at East Dubuque was burned last after the audience had departed.

The Alliance Advocate, of Topeka, the official organ of the Kansas Farmers' Alliance, has boldly advocated the formation of a National People's party.

The annual encampment of the Massachusetts department, G. A. R., has begun at Tremont temple, Boston, and will end with a banquet at Faneuil hall.

At Landsberg, in upper Silesia, a crowd of Russian emigrants, while endeavoring to cross the Russian frontier, were fired upon by Russian gendarmes and several were killed and wounded.

H. F. Dickens, son of Charles Dickens and Bernard Coleridge, son of the lord chief justice, have taken silk—that is, they have been appointed queen's counsel.

SMASHED A CAR TO SPLINTERS.

Nine Persons Fatally Injured in a Street Cranking Collision in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—A crosstown car was struck by an incoming passenger train on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago road and smashed into splinters and probably fatally injuring nine passengers. The train was running at a high rate of speed. The flagman signaled the driver of the car to "come on," and just as the driver reached the tracks the train crashed into the car, knocking it from the tracks. There was a shrieking of passengers, and for a few moments it looked as if all must have been killed. A patrol wagon removed the injured to a hospital. Street Car Conductor Coughlin was arrested, as was also the flagman at the crossing.

The following were injured: John Moylan; will probably die. Andrew Bordrey; badly injured internally. John Mitchen; injured about head and body. Julius Sprivety, Thomas Sprivis and E. Willard Detzen; probably fatally injured. Julia Mandley; will probably die. Mrs. Ellen Hannen and daughter; both dangerously injured.

The railway men declare that the tracks were clouded in fog and smoke at the time so that the approaching train could not be seen.

Murdered by Moonshiners.

EVANSVILLE, Ala., Feb. 11.—A number of moonshiners poured a volley of shot into the house of J. W. Sweetman, killing young Sweetman and his mother. The father escaped.

Two Years for Killing His Wife.

TAUNTON, Mass., Feb. 11.—Michael O'Connor, of Fall River, was sentenced to two years in the house of correction for killing his wife, Bridget E. O'Connor.

Hotels.

THE ALBION.

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE.

SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished and steam heated through out.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

9 28 6m

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable -:- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Opp. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST.

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 87 Duer St., North Plainfield.

WHAT'S THAT?

Oh, only the usual fall in prices before taking our annual inventory.

Read a few of the Bargains!

100 doz. Towels at 7c., worth 10c. Good Gingham at 5c. Worth from 6c. to 10c., formerly 18c. Best Prints 5c. Fruit of the Loom 8c. Jersey Knit Skirts 35c., formerly 75c. Heavy Toweling 4c. Our 50c. Corset we will sell for 39c.

REMNANTS of all kinds at HALF PRICE.

Lagrain Carpets 25, 35, 42 and 46c. Mattings 12½c. Oil Cloths 12½c. Ladies', Misses and Children's Cloaks. Largest variety at greatly reduced prices. Agency for King's Dyeing Company, of Passaic, N. J.

I. B. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smokestack building and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 300 Fourth avenue.

DON'T FORGET

In making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

At LINBARGER'S, the Tailor,

NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

NEW STORE

Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE BEE HIVE

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice *and sole line of canned vegetable, viz:* French Peas, Preserved Sugar Corn, Succotash & Morrell Paris Sugar Corn, Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Karl Tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's Stewed Tomatoes, Flint & Winchester's extra Sifted Peas, Golden State Pea Peas, extra Pearl June Peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Sudden River Asparagus and tips.

Special reduction given by the case and dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats

79 BROADWAY.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three 3 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

BROWN & HILL,

Shaving and hair cutting parlor, 18 North Avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Boot black stand connected with the shop.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

28 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost any more than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Elocution in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Alberti, P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH LESSONS.

Instruction and entertainment in French Lecture. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Vivian, care of Misses Beebe and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY.

Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891.

For information call at the Academy or address EDWARD HARNED, Principal. 8 30 y

187 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S

Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTHEWS,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Letters may be sent to care of Messrs. Nos. 14 Somerset Street.

Lodges.

Fraternity and Protection.

1873. Membership, 126,000. 1891

Death benefits paid over $32,000,000 since organization. BENEFITS, LOANS, $940.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR, meets First and Third Thursdays, at 8 p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge Rooms, Made Hall Building.

Louis F. Van Alstyne, Dictator.

Ralph A. Frey, Reporter.

Wetumpka Commandery, No. 84, second and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 12 29 1y

Special Notices.

H. N. SPENCER,

76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and commission merchant, wholesale and retail dealer in produce; white granite, C. C. yellow rock stone and grass water; flower pots and hanging baskets; pure cider vinegar four years old. Best grade ammunition.

MRS. LINDSAY,

Building-site Office, 91 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 29 y

ROGERS GROUPS,

A. Rosenthal's Studio. Artist's materials. At Swain's, 28 West Front street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

BARGAINS.

In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin iron wagon. John F. Wells, Bank street, North Plainfield.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

E. F. M. CHASE,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the sea level.

Kline's Extracts

Pure Fruit Flavors

Carnival and Cooperators of Health.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Close at 7:00 and 10:30 a. m., 2:30 and 7:00 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARITAN MAILS.

Close at 7:00 a. m., 2:30 and 7:00 p. m.

Special mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.

Mail closes at 5:45 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Nov. 16th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 4 26, 5 36, 6 16, 6 26, 6 36, 7 00, 7 36, 8 00, 8 16, 8 36, 9 00, 9 36, 10 00, 10 36, 11 00, a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 36, 1 00, 1 36, 2 00, 2 36, 3 00, 3 36, 4 00, 4 36, 5 00, 5 36, 6 00, 6 36, 7 00, 7 36, 8 00, 8 36, 9 00, 9 36, 10 00, 10 36, 11 00, 11 36, p. m. 12 36, 1 36, 2 36, 3 36, 4 36, 5 36, 6 36, 7 36, 8 36, 9 36, 10 36, 11 36, p. m. Leave New York, Liberty street, 2 00, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, a. m. 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30, p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 45, 7 30, 8 05, 9 05, 11 05, a. m., 12 05 noon, 1 05, 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 30, p. m. Sunday at 9 45, 11 05, a. m., 12 05 noon, 1 05, 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 30, a. m. Leave Somerville at 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15, a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15, p. m. Sunday at 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30, a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30, p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 45, 7 30, 8 05, 9 05, 11 05, a. m., 12 05 noon, 1 05, 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 30, p. m. Sunday at 9 45, 11 05, a. m., 12 05 noon, 1 05, 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 30, a. m. Leave Somerville at 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15, a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15, p. m. Sunday at 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30, a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30, p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7 40, 9 42, a. m. 1 30, 5 30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 45 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton

1 30 p. m. for High Bridge, Bridge Branch, Allentown.

4 32 p. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

5 32 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Wilkesbarre.

9 32 p. m. for Flemington.

4 30 p. m. Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

4 32 p. m. for D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc. Parlor car to Mauch Chunk.

6 32 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc.

9 32 p. m. for Flemington.

6 30 p. m. Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

8 30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 10 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, etc. 2 40 p. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin and Williamsport.

9 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

SOUTHWARD SHORE ROUTE.

For Philadelphia at 8 45, 9 42, 10 47 a. m. 12 37, 1 50, 4 08, 4 45, 5 34, 6 25, 8 20 p. m. 1 17 night. Sundays at 9 45, 11 18, a. m. 2 04, 4 25, 5 14, 6 55 p. m. 12 night.

For Trenton 5 45, 8 20, 9 42, 10 47 a. m. 12 37, 1 50, 4 08, 4 45, 5 34, 6 25, 8 20 p. m. 1 17 night. Sundays at 9 45, 11 18, a. m. 2 04, 4 25, 5 14, 6 55 p. m. 12 night.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7 45, a. m. 2 26, 5 14, 5 56 p. m. 1 1 night. Sunday at 9 40 a. m. 2 04, 5 14, 11 p. m. 12 night.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass Agt.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Standard Railway of America.

Protected throughout by the inter-locking switch and block signal system.

Time Table, Nov. 15-8, 1891, trains leave Elizabeth as follows:

4 55 a. m.—Western Express daily, with Pullman Vestibule sleeping Cars and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, except Saturday for Cleveland, Toledo, Williamsport, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

8 02 p. m.—Pacific Express, with Pullman Vestibule and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburg, Chicago and Toledo, daily except Saturday, for Cleveland.

10 30 p. m.—Baltimore, Washington and the South—1 00, 6 25, 7 20, 9 10 a. m. 1 20, 2 20 p. m. On Sundays—1 00, 6 25, 10 30 a. m. 1 20 p. m.

For Newark and New York—3 02, 5 24, 5 46, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 a. m. 12 40, 1 40, 2 40, 3 40, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. On Sundays—3 02, 5 24, 8 45, 9 30, 9 47, 10 18, 10 40 a. m.; 12 40, 2 34, 3 45, 4 45, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m.

For New York only—9 40 a. m. daily.

For Philadelphia—3 02, 5 24, 5 46, 7 40, 9 35, 11 57 a. m. 12 55, 1 36, 4 04, 5 15, 6 27, 7 40, 8 52, 9 39 p. m. Sundays at 3 02, 5 24, 8 45, 9 30, 9 47, 10 18, 10 40 a. m. 12 40, 2 34, 3 45, 4 45, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m.

For Atlantic City, (daily, except Sundays), with through coaches attached, 1 00 p. m.

For Rahway—12 51, 1 00, 6 44, 7 20, 7 45, 7 59, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 a. m. 12 40, 1 40, 2 40, 3 40, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sundays—1 00, 6 44, 8 45, 9 30, 9 47, 10 18, 10 40 a. m. 12 40, 2 34, 3 45, 4 45, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m.

For South Amboy—12 51, 5 44 p. m. Sunday 10 40 a. m.

For East Millstone—7 10 a. m. 12 55, 5 15 p. m.

For Bound Brook—7 10 a. m. 12 55, 5 15, 6 27, 7 40, 11 57 a. m. 12 55, 1 36, 2 48, 4 04, 5 15, 6 27, 7 40, 8 52, 9 39 p. m. Sundays—7 10 a. m. 12 55, 5 15, 6 27, 7 40, 11 57 p. m.

For Lambertville, Philipsburg and Belvidere—7 10 a. m. 2 48, 5 15 p. m. Sunday 5 40 p. m.

For Flemington—7 10 a. m. 4 04 p. m.

For Bordentown, Burlington and Camden, 7 10, 10—7 30, 11—7 30 a. m. 2 48, 5 15, 6 27, 7 40, 11 57 p. m. Sundays 10 41 a. m. and 7 40 p. m.

For Trenton, Pennsylvania Junction—7 30 a. m. 4 04 p. m. Sundays 6 30 a. m.

For Cape May, Sea Isle and Ocean City 1 20 p. m. Sundays 6 30 a. m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, points on New York and Long Branch R. R. 10 41 a. m. 4 12, 5 44 p. m. Sundays 10 25 a. m.; 5 44 p. m. to Long Branch only.

For Sea Side Park, Island Heights, Toms River, 9 46 a. m. and 5 44 p. m. Sundays 10 25 a. m. to Island Heights only.

For Freehold—9 46 a. m. 4 38 p. m. Sundays 10 25 a. m.

For Manasquan Junction—same as for Toms River.

For Bustleton, Wilmington, 6 30 p. m. daily.

For Jamesburg, High Bridge and trains connect at Jersey City with boats to Brooklyn and New York, at Communipaw with boats for Staten Island, avoiding double ferriage and the journey across New York City.

Leave New York for Elizabeth—6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 night. Sundays—9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 night.

CHARLES E. PUGH, Gen. Pass. Agent.

WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agent.

Great Overcoat Sale.

30 DAYS ONLY!

OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.

GENUINE : BARGAINS!

Call and examine before they are all gone.

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE,

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

OUR GRAIN LEATHER

AND

CORK -:- SOLE -:- SHOES

Are just the thing for this weather. We also have a good assortment in Rubber and Calf Skin Shoes. Rubbers in plenty. We sell you the BEST at the prices others charge you for the "No Goods."

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE

21 W. FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

General Hardware and House-furnishings,

and STOVES.

Carpenter and Machinist Tools!

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

HARNESS and BLANKETS.

USUAL LOW PRICES. TELEPHONE CALL 159.

H. E. RIDER, Manager. A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

THE METROPOLITAN STABLE,

20 and 21 North Avenue, through to Second Street.

FEATURED CARRIAGE PAIRS,

HIGH-ACTIONED "P-CART"

AND DOG CART HORSES,

CANADIAN HUNTERS,

COBS AND BUSINESS HORSES,

LADIES' SADDLE

AND DRIVING HORSES,

ALSO A SPECIALTY IN GENTLEMEN'S ROAD TRADE, SINGLE

DRIVERS AND TROTTERS.

43 WEST FRONT STREET.

A DINNER is never relished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and most carefully selected stock of Choice

Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes,

BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER.

If given a call will be able to compare our goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.

F. LINKE, Wholesale Wine and Liquor dealer.

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B'dway. 49 Telephone 75 A.

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.

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ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

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66 SOMERSET STREET.

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Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1097.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

PURE MILK.

Delivered to any part of the city by

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A postal addressed to No. 60 East Front street will receive prompt attention. 9 27

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Hot Water

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Steam Heating

Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.

Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 7y

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.

FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY

Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.

I have thrown by removed the store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.

DAVID CLARK,

(Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

A WOMAN'S WORLD

WHY AMERICAN WOMEN BREAK DOWN.

Too Much Striving After an Object That Is Really Not Worth the Effort.

It has been frequently asserted that although our American women are fair in their youth they do not wear well, that their beauty departs early and at an age when the English and French woman is in her prime the American woman is faded. Her complexion has lost the soft flush of youth and has acquired neither a deeper and more perfect bloom nor that equally beautiful statuesque pallor that comes with matured years. She is thinked and looks careworn at an age when her European sister is at the height of her womanly loveliness, and often before she is fifty, she is a mental and moral wreck full of reminiscences of the past. This is especially true of the woman of small income. Among farmers' wives continued labor on the average one hundred and fifty-three times a year.

It is impossible to estimate how much of the nervous restless energy exhibited by such women, which might more profitably be employed in the cultivation of the mind, springs from a tireless ambition to achieve a certain social distinction for themselves or their children—a wish for something better than they have known not a paper hearg or a more cultured mind but a more "stunning" dress and a larger display of plush in the parlor. How many women yearly give up their lives for such shallow ends as these!

The European woman as a rule makes no attempt to rival neighbors with four times her income. The Frenchwoman by her superior economy and tact makes a more elegant appearance and gets a more refined social position than an American woman would on double the sum. The very prodigality of nature in this broad land seems to rebuke the people for making use of their means. Economy that works spasmodically that "saves at the spigot and lets out at the bunghole," is certainly most inexcusable folly. The woman who practices, as too many of them do, petty economies, which break down the health and who spend their strength with lavish hand need the warning of the rough old proverb.

It is a woman's duty above all things, if she is a worker to save her strength. She must learn to economize her work. Haphazard work is the hardest work. The stopping and starting up again expends the greatest energy of the machines. To make a success of one's life, even in the simple work of the housewife, one must not allow the reins to drop. Rest must be taken, but it must be scientific rest. What tires the heart is the continuous and erratic drudging from one thing to another.

A recent paragraph calls attention to the case of a woman well known in the working world who was barely saved from brain fever by the most strenuous efforts of her physicians. "It is not long before this one would be on the physician "I worked fourteen hours a day and yet rose in the morning refreshed after sleep. It is only recently that I have not slept." The physician replied The very fact that you felt no weariness from such protracted and continuous work showed the amount of vital force that you were daily expending. Seven hours of steady mental labor are all that any one has a right to expect."—New York Tribune.

How Girls Look at Domestic Service.

While waiting for change in one of our stores I overheard two young girls discussing their view of the servant girl question. "I never roll my sleeves up no matter what I am doing. It looks so much like a servant." "Neither do I, and my mother don't. She don't want to have us look like servants." Poor girls! They would prefer to have the trials the danger incident to such a life, with the small weekly pittance, possibly spending all their scanty earnings to make themselves look as attractive as possible, with the thoughts in their hearts—which they are trained to secretly cherish—that they might have homes of their own, and the majority of these girls are more sincere than their tongues are willing to let their consciences persuade them, but the idea of being a servant is so repugnant that the mother and the daughter in their own homes are deterred from habits of cleanliness by the dread of looking "like a servant."

Here, it seems to me, lies the keynote of the evil. Domestic service is counted low —degraded not worthy of the best thought of the greatest minds. There is no science, no art, no music, science of plants, science of shells—science reaching to the invisible animalcule in the deep sea, but the principles pertaining to skilful and economic preparation of food, systematic purchase of supplies and accounts, cleanliness and arrangement of the house, intelligent ventilation, with the application and laws of health—these common things, affecting so nearly the life and happiness of every man, woman and child are deemed too insignificant to be made the subject of especial study and careful preparation.

All lines of man's work are equipped for training in skill and proficiency, and those who wish attainments bringing honor and profit must seek them through those avenues. The result is that what is most important in man's work and what is purely mechanical in woman's work are overcrowded while the homes suffer and the happiness of families is destroyed for lack of intelligent trained workers.—Chicago Tribune.

Take Plenty of Rest.

"Rest a plenty, dear" is the southern woman's advice in cases of trouble or ill ness and there is many a reason and sense in the prescription than in the united wisdom of all the doctors in America. Half the ills of feminine flesh and spirit may be laid at the door of strain and over fatigue, and an afternoon of perfect repose will often ward off a week's illness. By repose I don't mean sitting in an easy chair with a book or some work, to be interrupted and made to jump up half a dozen times with needle and brain just as active as if you were about your business. No lie prone on a comfortable sofa or bed, with cocoa and hands removed and a light wrapper that gives you the feeling of a bit darkened, and think about the pleasantest things you can conjure up. Follow the example of the lower animals. They realize that rest and warmth are the best of all medicines.

If a dog is ailing he rolls himself up in a ball in some warm corner and stays there till he is well. The bird loses the instinct of the lower animal, fumes, frets, takes stimulants and medicaments and does not give the recuperative forces a better chance. Every one now and then, even if there is nothing absolutely wrong with you. It will make you lovely and to a real womanly woman beauty, or at least attractiveness, is as well worth working for as anything on earth, and she can't help being attractive if she is healthy, not even if her hair is red, her nose a pug and her face covered with freckles. Her eyes will be bright, her hair glossy, her skin expressive with the quick flow and flush of generous blood. She will be amiable, quick and spontaneous with her laugh always ready to take a hand in any work or play that is on, and she is very slow to take offense.—New York Press.

Colored Women in Journalism.

Very surprising is the fact that a number of colored women are employed in journalism. Those who ought to know tell me that they make very good reporters and correspondents. Professor Mary V. Cook, A. B., whose pen name is Grace Ernstine, is a well known newspaper writer. She has done good work for the American Baptist, the South Carolina Tribune and Our Women and Children. Mrs. W. E. Math ews (Victoria Earle) has written for nearly every New York daily and many of the leading weeklies.

Mrs Lucy Wilmot Smith is also a well known writer. So is Miss Lillian A. Lew is who at one time edited the Boston Advocate. Mrs. Lucretia N. Coleman is an excellent newspaper writer. She has pleasant and profitable work in journalism. So is Miss Georgia Mabel de Baptiste, and Miss Kate D. Chapman writes verses that are attracting the attention of some of our foremost critics.

There is a large list of others. Mrs. Josephine T. Washington, Mrs. C. C. Stamm, Sadie A. Tatum, who is the publisher of The Musical Messenger, Mrs. N. Mossell. Mrs. Ida B Wells, Miss Jane E. Wood, Miss Lavinia B. Sneed, Miss Mary E. Brelton. Miss Meta E. Pelham, Mrs. Francis E. W. Harper and Mrs. A. E. Johnson and others. That they should have found profit and at least local fame in this most exacting profession, is a tribute to the worth of the race in general and in particular to the women who have scrupulously put in work and what is purely mechanical in woman's work are overcrowded while the homes suffer and the happiness of families is destroyed for lack of intelligent trained workers.—Chicago Tribune.

Weak Babies.

Feeble infants part with animal heat very readily. Especial care must be taken not to chill the skin. Mothers or nurses do not always exercise proper care in this respect. A baby will be kept up covered up in its lips and finger tips are blue, and thus lose a certain amount of vitality. Delicate babies should not be bathed daily in winter, and great care should always be taken to avoid chilling. Add a tablespoonful of salt and a table spoonful of alcohol to a basin of tepid water, which is deftly applied to body and limbs without uncovering the child. Next rub the whole body with the warm hand until a glow is produced. This may be followed by some kind of soft, olive vaseline or pomade. A good application—after which the clothing is put on.

Ordinary sweet oil or cod liver oil may likewise be employed with good results. The object to be attained is the disappearable smell. The application of oil softens the skin, which is apt to be dry in badly nourished infants, and it is also assimilated, producing a tonic effect. Some children are benefited by rubbing with a dry salt towel. This is produced by soaking an ordinary bath towel in a basin of salt and water, after which it is partially rinsed out and hung on a clothesline until all the water has evaporated. The fine dry salt then penetrates all the meshes of the towel and acts as a stimulant to the skin. In bad cases the towel may be first warmed before the fire.—Babyhood.

Should Children Be Chastised?

The question whether children should be chastised is a subject on which parents differ widely. In many families the father shows his belief in the scriptural injunction, "Spare the rod and spoil the child," by chastising his children for the slightest fault. On the other hand, the mother often subordinates the impulse to punish to the impulse of love.

As a result of this many that children should not be punished except for deliberate misdeeds. Many a child is severely whipped because at the breakfast table, perhaps, she has spent the time lug or in the course of play has unconsciously stepped upon her baby brother's fingers. In such cases it is cruel to punish the child. It is enough to know that the care that elders do, and even the elder members of a family are responsible for mishaps of the same kind.

I am largely in favor of moral suasion. I believe that a mother, by the judicious use of words, can obtain a greater influence over her children than if she whipped them on every possible occasion. A child who is frequently punished grows up nervous and unlovable. She has no inclination to obey her parents except from fear of the rod, and I do not think it is a wholesome thing that a rod should be constantly poised over her head, ready to descend for the slightest fault.—Cor. Louisa Tit-Bits.

How to Live with Others.

The only way to make the world a better place to live in is for each individual to make himself a better person to live with. How to live with others is therefore the great question for the decision of every human being in its answer is involved the solution of the problems which vex the social philosophers, and to enable men to settle it is the prime object of Christianity.

If we begin with the application of the rule to the simplest routine of daily existence the carrying out of it in the duties of life will become easier. The most trying place in which to start is the home, the family itself, and yet the home is the great school for the development of the character of the heart. The very certainty of responsive family affection may easily develop disregard for the nice courtesies and amenities of the wholesome rule. It is using a dangerous license to assume that because this affection is natural, and is tolerant, for giving and receiving, it is also free of blame, and that a carelessness in the treatment of others which would be intolerable and impossible where is permissible and de sirable in the circle of the family.

If in these narrower relations of the family, of marriage and of fraternity, people scrupulously and sensitively regard each other, they will acquire a habit which will enable them to live with all other people, however they may encounter them and wherever.

Keep the Girls Young.

Mothers should try to prolong their daughters' childhood as much as possible. Life's problems come to them fast enough. And, even from a selfish point of view, a daughter who is childlike is a manner and in demeanor is much more of a comfort to a mother than an immature little woman can be.

It is natural, no doubt, for a tired woman, who has no mother or sister near to tell her troubles to her little girl, to tell her know that the butcher and baker want their bills settled and that that specials tion of pans's has delayed the payment; to remark on the conduct of Aunt Elizabeth as "unkind;" to point out the shabbiness of the parlor furniture, to wonder whether the poorhouse is the future destination of the family, etc. But it is awfully cruel, nevertheless, as many natural things are. Little, pale, grave looking girls, with a premature sense of responsibility, are the outcome of this sort of thing, and the depth of shame and sorrow of which the little heart is capable may be read in the sad eyes.

Perhaps it is even worse than this to dilate to a child on the faults of friends and acquaintances; to point out the vices or meanness of people the child is disposed to like, to arouse the desire for revenge which awakens in every young soul at the thought of wrong or injustice. Afterward the mother may learn that she was mistaken and forgive and forget, the child seldom does.—New York Ledger.

Property of Indians' Wives.

Mrs. Elaine Goodale-Eastman, who has a personal knowledge of Indian life, says that among our American Indians the property rights of wives are fully respected. She says "I never knew an Indian to sell his wife's pony or anything belonging to her without her consent.

"I have known him to receive from a white man a good offer, which he is anxious to accept. He merely replies, 'The horse is not mine, I must ask my wife.' He goes home and asks her simply if she will sell it. She says, 'Yes,' he tells the white man, 'My wife does not wish to sell,' and nothing further is said.

"More than this, an Indian will very seldom sell a horse or anything valuable of his own or make any important decision without consulting the partner of his joys. It is a very common reply to an offer of any kind, concerning a change of residence, the acceptance of a position or sending the children to school, 'I must first ask my wife.' If an Indian woman pinks and sells a pair of moccasins the money is hers and she uses it as she sees fit." In some things the Indians might teach a lesson to the more civilized race.—Women's Journal.

The Inexpediency of Sleeping on Linen.

The world, or this part of it at least, is full of housekeepers who think that there is no material for sheets and pillow cases comparable to linen.

They don't always have it, to be sure, because it is expensive, but they always covet it and linger the shining breadths lovingly and wonder if the time will ever come when all these things shall be added unto them.

But the truth about linen is that it isn't the ideal dressing for beds at all. It is cold and slippery, and insures a sensitive person the dream of sleeping on an iceberg, which does well enough for an occasional experience, like seasickness, but which palls on too frequent repetition.

Cotton is not a whole lot and muslins is quite as of its heavier sorts, much more than cotton does, giving a bed after one night's use a most slovenly and unloving appearance.

Nobody recommends linen for body wear. Its firm texture and hard surface make it wholly unsuitable for that purpose. Why, then, should it be used for the perfection of one, and so little been known to bring on serious illness.—Boston Globe.

Recipe for Beauty.

A pretty woman must first of all have clearly cut, regular features. She must have full, clear eyes. She must have a skin that is free from unnatural redness or rouge and powder. She must have glossy hair that has never known the touch of bleach or dye. She must have a white, expressive hand, preferably a small one, but not of necessity if it is well kept and white. She must know how to put on her clothes or she loses half her beauty.

She must fully understand what best suits her in the way of hair dressing and cling close to that. A woman may have all these characteristics and unless her over personality is charming, unless she has tact, it dawns on you after you have seen her once or twice that she is not a pretty woman. The most fascinating women to men usually have less than half these regulation charms.—Boston Gazette.

The Oleander Is Dangerous.

Few people know how poisonous the oleander is. Children have been known to die from sucking its flowers; a whole family has been poisoned by using meat skewers made of oleander wood, an infusion of its leaves is sure death to all forms of insect life and its bark powdered and administered in flour is certainly fatal to rats and mice. In Bermuda, where the oleander grows as a hedge plant, the farmers say that it poisons the grass beneath its foliage and that nothing will die from eating herbage growing beneath its branches. While it is possible that this may be a mistake, and that the animals die from eating the oleander leaves which have fallen among the grass, it is certain that the plant itself is so noxious that it ought to be destroyed in every locality.—Interview in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

To Beautify the Home.

There are many plants suited for house culture, but few which have been suitable for plant culture. It also depends not a little who the cultivator is. A plant requires attention as much as any member of the family who can't help himself. No plant will flower well in an atmosphere laden with gas, and many plants will not appear at their best if the temperature is allowed to fall below 40 degs. at night. Such plants as palms, callas, rubber plants and many others should not be in a room where the temperature falls below 50 degs.

The ficus (India rubber plant) is a beautiful plant for the house, so are the arecas, latanis and phoenix palms. Cyclamens are a beautiful flowering plant, as are the primulas, begonias and geraniums.—New England Homestead.

All friction towels should be washed very rapidly, stretched into shape and dried as quickly as possible. It is unnecessary to add that they should never be ironed.

Corn bread with plenty of good butter is a better meal from every point of view than round steak and fried potatoes and hot biscuits with weak tea.

AMUSEMENTS

MUSIC HALL!

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 12.

The coming event. Laughing orations to the favorite, Henry E. Dixey, and company, under the management of Charles Frohman, in the late t coun dry success.

THE SOLICITOR,

as played 100 nights in New York. Preceded at 8 o'clock by the one-act farce entitled,

A TANGLED SKEIN.

The players—Miss Virginia Buchanan, Miss Joseph ne Powe-Day, Miss Mary Greenwald, Miss Bella Pateman, Miss Fanni Cohen, Messrs. Louis Bl ier, Robert Hickman, Joseph Francis, Walter Granville, Fred. Owen Bartley, Samuel D wight, J. W. Gleason, and others. Seats now on sale.

ANNOUNCEMENT

OUR NEW SPRING GOODS are now ready for inspection.

ALL of the Departments are supplied to the fullest extent with the newest and most desirable goods that can be found in the markets.

IT is Impossible to particularize in a small "ad." like this, but would say that we are now better prepared to supply the wants of the people than ever before.

OUR New Spring Dress Goods this season surpass anything we have ever offered. The style and colorings are elegant, and will well repay a careful inspection.

THE Wash Dress Fabrics are just lovely, and comprise about everything that the trade demands.

LADIES are always interested in pretty Hamburgh Embroidries. Our assortment is large and the patterns are just as handsome as they can be.

WE expect to do the largest business in our dress lining department that we have ever done, and therefore have increased the line almost double, so you can be suited here Sure.

WE extend a special invitation to everybody to make us an early call, and examine our elegant line of dress goods, before making your Spring purchases.

LOOK OUT for our Carpet Announcement soon.

EVERYTHING the Newest, Cheapest and Best at

EDSALL'S

O. M. DUNHAM,

45 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduce on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,

WINTER CAPS, ETC

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

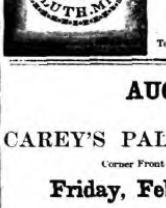
The Est. D J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.



Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour!
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 241

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of that brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel We have the BEST Feed, Barley, Oats and Jersey Bran, and make a specialty of recleaned Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

AUCTION SALE

AT

CAREY'S PALACE AUCTION ROOM,

Corner Front and Grove streets, Plainfield, N. J., on

Friday, Feb. 12th, 1 p. m. Sharp,

Consisting of

Bed Suites, Buffets, Ex-Tables, Pictures,

Stands, Crockery, Carpets, Chairs, and numerous other things. Terms Cash.

T. J. CAREY, Auctioneer.

Something New Again at the 5 & 10c. Store.

3, 5, 7 and 10c. Counters. This gives you many things for three cents that you formerly paid five for, and many things for five cents that formerly sold for ten cents. Our counters are all loaded, and bargains found you now have offered you. We do not limit ourselves to keep this up long, so come while you have the chance. Also keep in mind that we are able to undersell all competitors. Yet as a further inducement we are GIVING AWAY Five Different Styles of Valuable Books, i. e., The Living World, "Buffalo Bill's Wild West," "Land and Sea" "The Beautiful Story" by Mr. Talmadge, and Webster's Early Quarterly, all handsomely and elaborately illustrated. We have these books on exhibition, and any child can get one with a little effort. We punch from a card that we give free to all purchasers to the amount of $20, where the holder takes his choice of the books named free. Any number may use the same card, so aiding a scarce and securing a book quicker. Buy all your goods of us, and get one of these handsome books as a reward. Spring goods are coming in daily, and the wares we handle are used in every household. As you will want to stock up shortly, you'd better call and get one at all. We have twenty different styles of Toilet Soaps, also Combs and Brushes at prices the lowest. Large Crockery line, also Glassware, Iron and Wooden and general house furnishings, and for 10c. Royal Tooth Powder, anything better and more known.

J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscribers, surviving Executors of and Trustees under the will of Charles J. Fox, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the sixteenth day of March, next. EDGAR KEYSER.

LAWSON J. FOX.

Dated January 8th, 1892. 1 12 9

ANNUAL STATEMENT

OF THE

DIME SAVING INSTITUTION,

of Plainfield, N. J.,

JANUARY 1, 1892

ASSETS.

Loans on Bond and Mortgages (first liens)	$120,100 00
Value of property mortgaged $284,150	
Buildings and Insured for 196,000	
PAR VALUE. MARKET VALUE.	
42,000 Union County Bonds	43,100 00
17,000 North Plainfield school bonds	17,. 65 10
2,000 " " Fire Dep't do	2,000 0.
10,000 Jersey City Water Bonds	10,650 00
16 000 Scotch Plains School District No. 14 Bonds	16,400 00
5,000 Dunellen School District No. 2, Dunellen, N. J.	5,700 00
1,000 North Plainfield Twp Bonds	1,030 00
Demand Loans	25,000 00
Interest due and accrued	4,619 00
Furniture and fixture account	1,400 00
Cash in banks	19,791 14
Cash in office	602 15
	$375,767 89

LIABILITIES

Amount due depositors	$367,271 00
Surplus	8,496 89
	$375,767 89

State of New Jersey, } ss.
County of Union, }

JOHN W. MURRAY,
President, and ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer, of the Dime Savings Institution, being duly sworn, depose and say that the foregoing is a true statement above is true and correct, and shows the actual condition of the said Institution on the first day of January, 1892.

JOHN W. MURRAY,
ELIAS R. POPE.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this twentieth day of January, 1892
JAMES C. POPE, Notary Public.

We, the undersigned committee, made an examination of the books, vouchers, assets and liabilities of the said Institution, with schedules attached, and found this a true exhibit of the assets and liabilities of said Institution on January 1, 1892.

J. FRANK HUBBARD,
FRANCIS H. GARDNER,
J. B. COWARD,
Committee.

2 3 10

Writing : Paper

BY THE

POUND!

Old Sagamore Mills, 15c lb.

Envelopes to match, 5c. package.

Kensington Wove and Devonshire Linen, 25c. per lb.

Envelopes to match, 10c. package.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We will guarantee to sell you Dry and Fancy Goods, Crockery, Tinware, Housefurnishing goods, etc., and in fact Everything that you want at a lower price than you ever bought before, and a comparison of prices of what we charge and others charge will prove that V. & W. are selling goods at a closer margin than all others. We offer for the coming week:

4-4 Profit of the Loom	7½c
4-4 Dwight Anchor	8c
4-4 Heavy Brown Sheeting	6c
20 in. Heavy Linen Crash per yard	5c
8-4 Bleached Sheeting	19c
9-4 Bleached Sheeting	21c
10-4 Bleached Sheeting	23c
200 Door Mats	each 18c
200 Door Mats, extra sized	each 25c
100 Turkish Rugs, 3 feet long	each 70c
2,000 Yards Figured French Cambric, per yard	10c
193 doz Ladies' Hose, fast black, regular price	10c

There is a Special Sale of Granite Ironware that will interest housekeepers.

We guarantee Every Article we sell to give perfect satisfaction and deliver goods wherever you wish

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order Them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.

IF NOT, WHY NOT?

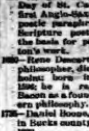
PAY CASH FOR YOUR GROCERIES?

Ferris's Celebrated Hams and B con, 13c. lb; best sugar cured Hams, 11c. lb; best sugar cured Bacon, 11c. lb; best Flemington Sausage, 12c. lb; best Trenton prepared Hams, 12c. lb; Pillsbury's best Flour, $4.25 bbl; Pillsbury's best Flour, 6 bbls. or more, $4.00 bbl; Magnolia, (our Leader), $3.50 bbl; Morgan's Republic (large size), 5c. a can; 3 cans, 15c.; Pyle's Pearline (small), 6 for 25c.; Babbitt's 1776 (1 lb can), 8 for 25c.; Babbitt's Best, 8 for 25c.; Ridyb's Royal Polish (for fine shoes), 8c. bottle; Ridyb's best shoe blacking (10c. size), 5c.; best cheese (full cream), 12½c. lb; American and French cream, 2 lbs. for 25c.; best home made Bread, 10c. loaf; best Hominy (5 lbs), 25c. Headquarters for 6th Edge Rigin and Creamery Butter. Fine Teas and Coffees a specialty.

Your orders shall always receive prompt personal attention. Always alive to the interests of our customers.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROCERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 20 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

This Date in History—Feb. 11.



DANIEL BOONE.

Adapted dates and Saint's Day of Feb. 11. 1858—Publication of the first Anglo-Saxon poetic historic paraphrase of the Scriptures known as the book for part of Milton's "Paradise Lost."

1650—Rene Descartes, French philosopher, died in Stockholm, aged 54.

1790—Benjamin Franklin died, aged 84. He is ranked with Bacon as a founder of modern philosophy.

1778—Daniel Boone, pioneer of Kentucky, born in Berks county, Pa.; died in Missouri in 1820.

1819—Alexander Hamilton Stephens, statesman, born near Crawfordsville, Ga.; died in Atlanta 1883.

1815—The British war sloop Favorite, under flag of truce, arrived at New York with the official announcement of the treaty of peace made at Ghent Dec. 24; it was ratified by congress on the 17th and 18th.

1826—De Witt Clinton, statesman and projector of the Erie canal, died, aged 59 years.

1847—Thomas Alva Edison, electrician, born at Alva, O.

1886—Avalanche on the Arlberg railway, Austria, buried a mail train.

He Expected It.

"Your proposal is so unexpected, Mr. Spoonower," said the young woman blushingly, "that I hardly know what to say. You must give me time to think it over."

"Certainly, Miss Daggers," said the young man accommodatingly. "That's the way I've—er—always been in the habit of doing in cases like this."—Chicago Tribune.

Woman's Logic.

Husband—I may tell you, dear girl, that this particular dish tastes abominable.

Wife—But, darling dear, the cookery book says distinctly that it tastes delicious! —Hochwachter.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION wanted—By a young lady as stenographer and typewriter copyist or light bookkeeper, also good writer Address 153 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J. 10 2

SITUATION wanted by a young German couple, married, two years in this country, as gardener employed at housework by a gentleman's household in Europe. Want employment in the same line, either singly or together. Can be highly recommended. Address 675 Lamberton street, Trenton, N. J. 10 3

TWO German girls want situations at general housework. Can be seen at my house at rear of 107 Elizabeth avenue, Elizabeth, N. J

FOR SALE.

A TEN room house, with all improvements for sale. 16 Westervelt avenue, North Plainfield. $3,250. Address Riker & Co., agents, or call at 15 East Front street. 2 11tf

FOR SALE—At a bargain, a ten room house; all improvements, $4,000. At 34 Westervelt avenue. For particulars see agent 2 11tf

FIRST-CLASS square piano for sale. In perfect order. $100. Address "B.," care EVENING NEWS. 11 2

FOR SALE—Good renting property on Second street. Inquire at once or be sold cheap. Riker & Co., agents.

FOR SALE—A $100 Yost typewriter. Has but little wear and will be sold at a marked reduction. Address 1 West Fifth street 2 9tf

FOR SALE—A Vixr B. safety; in good order. Easy terms. Address "Safety," care of EVENING NEWS. 10 2

HOUSE for sale, cheap. No improvements. At 20 Westervelt avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Further particulars given by E. Riker, 15 East Front street, or by addressing Riker & Co., real estate agents, city. 2 11 eodtf

HAVE you a house for sale or to rent? Send for prices and plan of listing. 1

JERSEY cows for sale. One registered, the others not. Also good cow. Address J. H. Perlee, Raritan, N. J. 11 2

LARGE boarding house in a city of over 10,000 population, and in a fashionable location, full of good paying boarders, will be sold upon easy terms. The proprietor's failing health is the cause of selling. The house is completely furnished. For further particulars and terms address "O.," care of EVENING NEWS. 1 eod

THINK OF IT! A nine acre farm, right along the Fort Reading Railroad, with large house and commodious barn, both in thorough order for $4,000, if bought at once. This is the chance of a life time for anyone wanting a rich farm. Address "B" care of EVENING NEWS. 2 9 eodtf

HELP WANTED.

GIRL for general housework. Call 29 Manning avenue. 10 2

SALESMEN.—Energetic men wanted to introduce our specialties, and to handle a profitable location, full of good paying boarders, will be sold upon easy terms. The proprietor's failing health is the cause of selling. The house is completely furnished. For further particulars and terms address "O.," care of EVENING NEWS. 1 eod

WANTED—A girl to take care of a child, five years old, and to make herself generally useful. Call at 16 Crescent avenue. 11 2

WANTED—Coachman and gardener. Must have good references. J. M. Bettman, 14 Willow avenue. 10 2

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Call at 29 Vine street, North Plainfield. 10 3

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Appy at 16 Franklin place. 10 2

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Ten room house at No. 24 Second street, and all improvements. Also 2 and all improvements. 30 per month. 2 11tf

FOUR room house to rent. $8 month. Small garden On Race stre t, in rear of 66 Manning avenue. 2 11tf

FOR RENT—A six room house, at 120 Richmond street. Riker & Co., agents, or call at 13 East Front street. 11 6

ONLY $15 A MONTH—An eight-room house, with all fruit trees and grapes. Occupancy at once. 6a Manning avenue. Key for back entrance at No 70. 2

ON and after March 31st, the farm owned by Mrs. Hoge on Cowperthwait will be open for rental. For terms address "Company," care of EVENING NEWS. 6 6

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

A SMALL sum of money was found near the Front street and Park avenue, which owner can have by calling at this office and identifying property. 10 3

BOARDERS Wanted—Large sunny room, with board. References. 99 and Front street. 9 3

WANTED—A roster for a fine farm of over twenty acres, situated 4 miles from town on Bound Brook. Address "Owner," care of EVENING NEWS. 6 2 eod

WHEN you wish to secure help, put an advertisement in this column.

WANTED—To know if you have any real estate you want sold. If so call or communicate to "R." care of Evening News. No charge unless a sale is made. If you want to secure tenant send list of houses also. 2 10tf

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Second street. Local News Telephone Call 28. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12 1892 PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE CITIZENS' LEAGUE.

AGAIN AROUSED BY THE PROPOSED RACE TRACK LEGISLATION.

Appealing to the People to Come to the Conflict Against the Dominating Pernicious Influences.

The following circular is being sent about the state:

To the Moral and Religious People of the State of New Jersey:

Again the State Citizens' League is compelled to summon you to action! On Monday evening last two Race Track Bills were introduced into the House of Assembly more infamous even than ones you defeated a year ago! Those of last Winter permitting Racing and Pool Selling only during the Summer months. These legalize both pernicious practices all the year round.

Gutensburg and Gloucester will be the chief beneficiaries of these acts unless it be intended to extend the abomination of those places into the other counties of the State.

The Executive Committee has arranged for a hearing upon these bills before the Home Committee on the Revision of Laws, in the new Assembly Chamber, at Trenton, on Tuesday, *February 16th inst.*, at 11 o'clock noon. It is the duty of the Executive Committee that a strong delegation should be present on that occasion from every school district, and from every church of every denomination in the State.

The forces of evil and corruption are marshaled behind these bills. What their numbers or strength may be it is impossible to foresee. But the Executive Committee feels confident that no *combination of iniquities can withstand* an aroused and indignant public opinion called forth by the action of the church and the home. Let there be no excuses from enrollment in this fight. He who can, but will not strike a blow at Trenton *next Tuesday in defense* of his own fireside, is unworthy of it.

It is the desire of the Executive Committee that not only the Assembly Chamber but the whole State House shall be filled on that occasion with an army of *objectors* whose character and numbers will insure a victory both complete and enduring.

EVERARD KEMPSHALL, D. D.,
President State Citizens' League.
Elizabeth, N. J., February 10th, 1892.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be generally clear and colder.

BREVITIES.

—Dizzy at Music Hall to-night.

—Remember the entertainment at the High School this evening.

—An over heated stove last evening nearly set fire to the office of Bolce, Runyon and Co. the Park avenue coal dealer.

—A good game of polo is booked for tomorrow night at Crescent Rink. This Winter sport is becoming a great game in town.

—Have you property to rent or sell. This is the time of year and THE NEWS cent-a-word column is the place to let it be known.

—The United Tea and Coffee Growers have a new announcement to which they direct the special attention to-day of bargain seekers.

—A barn belonging to Mr. Bullock of New Market was destroyed by fire last evening. The fire is supposed to be of incendiary origin.

—An interesting and instructive lecturer on temperance, Mr. John Laine, from New York city, will speak in Reform Hall, Sunday evening next, at 7:30.

—Ladies who pay $1.50 for a sheepskin shoe are desired by Doane & VanArsdale in their advertisement to-day to look at their genuine Dongola kid they sell at that price.

—Sometime ago Prof. Parisi, of Athens, was surprised at being relieved of a tape worm after a very few days of cocoanut. Since then he has tried this as a remedy with almost invariable success, and good results are reported from its trial in America. This may prove of benefit to sufferers in this vicinity.

—Habitual drunkards are cared for in a singular and withal effective manner in Norway and Sweden. The penalty is imprisonment, and during the incarceration they are fed on bread and wine, no water being allowed them. Probably this treatment has its origin in the belief that the fat the wolf eats is his bane. Some of the specimens that grow around here would thrive on the bread and wine diet.

—The Esquimau hunter puts a chunk of fat on a sharpened flint and fastens it to a wooden stake planted in the ground. In licking off the fat the wolf cuts his tongue and, maddened by the taste of the blood, continues to like the sharp stone. Other wolves, attracted by the smell of blood, gather around. In their fury they turn upon each other and the end of the fight is like the historic tragedy of the Kilkenny cats—there are no survivors. All the hunter has to do is to remove the skins and rebait his savage trap.—Ex.

—The mammoth ball that Mr. M. Singerly, of Philadelphia, will exhibit at the World's Fair promises to be the biggest thing on hoofs at the great exhibition. The animal weighs about 2,800 pounds, about double the size of an ordinary large bull. Although short-legged, he is seven feet in height, and his head measures *is twenty-two feet. He is of pure* Holstein-Friesian breed, and was purchased by Mr. Singerly in Michigan. He is still growing at Mr. Singerly's farm at Heywood, and his keeper expects him to weigh 4,000 pounds by the time he is shipped to Chicago.

THE WIFE SOON JOINED HIM.

Judge Wm. R. Codington's Wife's Father and Mother Both Dead. Died Within Twenty-Four Hours of Each Other.—The Whole Family Ill.

Tuesday evening Isaac Runyon, aged *seventy-three years*, a well-to-do farmer, died at the city. Judge Codington's *illness, at his home in Millington, N. J.* He was a ripe scholar and a very popular farmer.

Thursday morning his widow, aged about seventy years, also died.

Funeral preparations for the burial of Mr. *Runyon, were, on account of the un*expected death of Mrs. Runyon, delayed and changed, and a double funeral will take place at eleven o'clock Saturday from their late residence.

The late Mr. Runyon's 100 acre farm was considered the most valuable in that section.

Only one child survives the couple. She is the wife of Judge Wm. R. Codington of

EDITORIAL NOTES

A woman who had encountered about all the troubles woman could have—an unworthy husband and loss of her children, friends and property—states the conclusion of the whole matter thus: "But the greatest grief is the want of a dollar."

The difference in sentiment between the London papers and those of the British country districts was noticeable while the Chilian war case was on. The London papers were mostly indifferent, or at least not actively hostile to the United States in their expressions. But the journals of Manchester, Birmingham and outlying cities could hardly find things mean enough to say about us. They did not know any better, poor, ignorant things!

A Frenchman was talking to an American lady not long since. "How beautiful this English language of yours is," said he. "This word you say in America—rustle—how expressif it is!" That is what the governor of one of the sovereign states of the Union thought when, in answer to a request proffered him by a deputation of gentlemen, he responded *merely, "Rats!" Think of the horror* of a deputation of British or Germans at receiving such an answer from a governor! It might precipitate revolution.

You need not be astonished to find yourself or anybody else waking up with some kind of a new power any morning. A French biologist is now a little ahead. He has a young lady subject who can see flashes of color when she experiences the sense of taste. For instance, if she puts vinegar into her mouth one color flashes before her eyes, if quinine, another. The color is always the same for the same substance. The correlation of forces was a great discovery. The correlation of the five senses may be another equally important. There are many individuals before whose eyes a color flashes at the hearing of a sudden sound, like the shutting of a door or a peal of laughter. One individual used to go to concerts, shut his eyes and observe the different colors that flashed across his eyeballs with the sound of given musical instruments. In his case the sound of a trumpet always produced a scarlet color. When reduced to first principles, of course, it is easy to understand that, after all, all the senses are *one, that of touch. The touch of light* upon the eye produces sight, the touch of a sound wave against the ear produces hearing, and the touch of a given substance against the tongue causes the sense of taste. But it is interesting, indeed, to find that both taste and hearing may be converted into sight.

A Great Industry.

Around Norfolk, Va., on the borderland between the north and the far south of this country, an immensely profitable business enterprise has grown in the past half century, but mostly since the war. It is agricultural in its nature and consists in the growing of vegetables and small fruits for the markets of northern cities. From Norfolk itself, with its fine climate and wonderfully beautiful harbor, is shipped annually from $5,000,000 to $7,000,000 worth of such products. The secret of the profits in the business is that it is winter gardening which is carried on here, and both the work and the growth proceed successfully in the cold weather. In the coldest weather which comes to this lovely spot the crops of kale, cabbage and spinach are walking and sent to the New York market by the hundred barrels. The cutting of these crops begins about the time of the holidays and continues through midwinter.

When the cabbage and winter crops are gathered then the ground is plowed for early potatoes. They are rushed in their growth so that they are ready for the northern market two months before the home grown tubers. Magnificent crops of cauliflower, melons, cucumbers and other staples are also cultivated. The soil is a proof of man's triumph over nature. Of itself it is light and friable, and must be fertilized so heavily that it is almost made over again. Many shiploads of phosphates are unloaded at Norfolk annually brought thither at heavy expense, but the returns are so great that the expense is nothing. The water transportation from Norfolk to the north Atlantic cities is so cheap that it adds largely to the profits.

Formerly these profits were immense. They are not now so great because so many people are engaged in "truck gardening," as it is called hereabouts, that the prices have declined. In 1844 cucumbers brought as high as forty dollars to fifty dollars a barrel, but those times are long past. The gain that has been made to compensate for the loss to the truck gardeners is that now poor people in the northern cities can afford some of the luxuries of early fruits and vegetables formerly reserved only for the rich. It was a Jersey vegetable gardener who originated this marvelous industry—Hiram Bates, about 1840. One truck gardener who began business in 1877 with a capital of "forty acres and a mule," or thereabouts, now clears $30,000 a year from his business in good seasons. Thus the earth can be made to bring riches everywhere if we only know how to force them from her.

CHEERS FOR CLEVELAND

And Hisses for Hill at the Big New York Mass Meeting.

THE EARLY CONVENTION OPPOSED.

Resolutions Demanding That the State Committee Reconsider Its Action Adopted—John M. Thurston Warns the Republican Party That It Has a Fight Ahead.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The mass meeting of the Democrats called to protest against the early state convention to name delegates to the national convention drew together a crowd that filled Cooper Union to overflowing. It was an enthusiastic crowd, too, and every point made by the speakers against the state committee's action was greeted *with hand clapping and shouts of* applause. Directly behind the speakers' rostrum, hanging in the shadow of a column, was Wilson S. Bissell, of Buffalo, taking a quiet satisfaction in the enthusiasm of the meeting.

In the course of his speech opening the meeting Oswald Ottendorfer said: "I thank you for your promptness and alacrity in answering the invitation to protest against the holding of a premature state convention.

"The proceeding of the Democratic state committee is as provoking as it is uncalled for; no good reason can be given to explain it, and its only explanation is, that it is well adapted to promote the schemes of *some intriguing politicians who have reason* to avoid the open daylight, and to try to secure snap judgment by which they can pretend to represent the democracy of the empire state. I nominate as president of this meeting a gentleman who, more than others using this phrase, is entitled to say, 'I am a Democrat.' I nominate Mr. Frederic R. Coudert."

Frederic Coudert's Speech.

Mr. Coudert, as he arose, was greeted with loud applause, which he gracefully acknowledged.

In speaking of the object of the meeting, Mr. Coudert said it was not to denounce or glorify any man; that would be something more important. It was the assertion of the right of which men in authority were seeking to deprive us. It was the right to express our opinion and manifest our will upon every subject of public and political concern. He continued:

To curtail speech has been in our catechism the worst offense that could be committed against liberty. I am making no objection to called "bosses" and so called "machines," if bosses are merely leaders, faithful to their duties. They are necessary in politics as in war, and calling them bad names does not change the situation or belittle their power. There is one thing which we need not be politicians to understand, and that is that no great party can afford to place its members in such a strait that loyalty to party and self respect cannot exist.

Every point in Mr. Coudert's speech was greeted with cheers, laughter and applause. Shepherd A. Tucker was next introduced, and presented to the meeting the following resolutions of protest:

The Resolutions Adopted.

Resolved, That this assembly of Democrats of the city of New York makes its respectful protest and appeal against the uncalled for and ill advised action of the state committee in designating as the date on Monday, the 22d of February, for the meeting of the state convention, which is to elect delegates to the national convention appointed to be held at Chicago on June 7, 1892.

Resolved, That the right of the voters of a political party to assemble at the call of its leaders, who are its representatives and servants, to carry out its will in regard to the details of party management, should not be curtailed in time, place or circumstance in such a way as to debar a genuine expression of opinion of popular party feeling on the subject in hand. That all voters should be invited to party assemblies upon subjects to be presently decided, at as near a time to that whereon its decision is reached as can be reasonably and advantageously appointed. The people are justified in resenting any action on the part of the party leaders, whereby their voices shall be suppressed or perverted.

Resolved, That the history of contests upon national conventions in the city of New York is of that too much prudence cannot be exercised in the effort to unify the action of the Democracy of the Democratic party. And it is absolutely necessary in every campaign that no good reasons of dissatisfaction with the conduct of party managers should produce lukewarmness or hesitation in the great army of Democratic voters. These must be taken into the confidence of their leaders in the early stages of the fight. Leaders only need not and should not involve duress.

Resolved, That the state committee holds, its functions and its official powers in trust for the welfare of the party, and in calling the present state convention for Feb. 22, and thereby forcing upon the party the necessity of holding primaries contrary to party usage and irregular, it denies to the Democratic electors of this state a full, fair and effective exercise of their right to be represented in caucuses, primaries and conventions. This action is a grave violation of the official duties of the committee, which cannot but expose the party to needless danger in the election next November.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions, over the signature of the president of this meeting, be sent to the several members of the state committee, and that a committee of fifty, with power to add to its number, be appointed by the chairman of this meeting to communicate with the members of the Democratic state committee, and respectfully request their action in designating the date already fixed for the state convention, and that they be urged to reconsider such action and rescind their call, and if that is not done that the committee hereby created report to this meeting further powers and take such other action as may secure a proper representation of the people of the state in the national councils of the party and be in all ways proper, in accordance with the spirit of these resolutions.

"Whom Does New York Is with You."

The reading of the resolutions was punctuated with applause, and at the conclusion of the reading they were adopted with a resounding "Ay," which was followed with a few scattering "nays."

The secretary then read a telegram from the Cleveland club, of Montgomery, Ala., asking for Democratic State Committeeman Ryan, of Virginia, indorsing the meeting.

John G. Milburn, of Buffalo, took the stand. He said: "I have come here tonight to assure you that the genuine Democracy of western New York is with you in this movement to rebuke the present administration, and said he failed to see anything deep or courageous in the call for a February convention. It was a forced move if the game and from the standpoint of Senator Hill was a necessity.

Ex-Secretary of the Treasury Fairchild followed Mr. Milburn. When he was introduced some one shouted, "He will be secretary again when Cleveland is elected." He said in part:

Ex-Secretary Fairchild's Speech.

FELLOW DEMOCRATS—You need but a word from me. We who have been active in this movement, and who will continue to be active therein until the end thereof, have done our simple duty toward a party and a cause we love. We believe that both our party and our principles are in peril. We believe that great numbers of Democrats, here in the state and elsewhere, feel the peril, and that they, as we, would be traitors and cowards if we did not use our utmost to give an upright to the danger which we know is real, and which is being represented by every device known to organized power and party machinery. Just so firm as the bases of my life be my devotion to party, and firmly will I stand by this movement to check the usurpers who, while wearing the labels, seek to bind all true Democrats to their chariot, thus prevent them from defending the true principles of Democracy.

Democrats of New York, if you love your party, stop, listen. Do you hear the sound of the surf breaking upon the rocks ahead? You are driving your ship with all speed. Stop, turn from your course while it is yet time to save our beloved party from a disaster, the end wherof no man can see.

Ex-United States Internal Revenue Collector William A. Beach, of Syracuse, after commenting on the huge machine and the political organization at the end of which was Senator Hill, said:

Three-quarters of the rural Democracy of the state of New York are heart and soul with you, but they do not want to fight individually and alone; it they can be assured that a fight of such a character throughout the state was to be made, then they are willing to take up the cudgels and carry it to the death. Senator Hill's action on the face of it is an outrage. It is a gross and damnable outrage. Let us say to those men of the state committee: Rescind your call. Confess your sin. It is the only thing left for you to do now, and we as representatives of the honest principles of the *Democratic party, as representatives of that* great principle of tariff reform, we demand that you shall rescind that action.

Hisses for Hill.

A. Frederick Jenks, of Chatauqua, said: "The viper of personal ambition has fastened itself upon the vitals of this Democratic party, and this cancerous growth has spread its tendrils into every portion of the state." He also said that the Democrats of Chautauqua county were against paternalism, McKinleyism and Reedism.

Mr. E. Ellery Anderson was the last speaker. He said that the call for a state convention in February was certainly a departure from usage and precedent. The people should speak their minds freely and know where they stand. This knowledge should pass to the conventions in sister states and to the national convention, which is to be held in Chicago next June.

The speaking was frequently interrupted by cheers for Cleveland, every mention of whose name evoked wild applause. At the conclusion of Mr. Anderson's speech the meeting adjourned, and after three more cheers for Cleveland the band played and the audience left for home.

Several times during the meeting the name of Senator Hill was roundly hissed.

Thurston on the Situation.

OMAHA, Feb. 12.—The Hon. John M. Thurston, in speaking of political events, said: "Mr. Blaine's letter of itself would not take him out of the presidential race, but there are many who have a right to nominate a man whether he seeks the nomination or not; but I am very sorry to say that I believe that Mr. Blaine's letter is written on account of his ill health and is final. I think Mr. Blaine was the only man whom the Republican party could have surely elected, but that he is out of the race Mr. Harrison will probably be renominated.

"In his Mr. Harrison at the head of the Republican ticket is no judgment the contest will be most stubbornly fought by both parties, and no man can foretell the result. Any one who declares that the Republican party is sure to win is making a very foolish statement, and Republicans might just as well look the situation in the face.

"I am not exactly sure but there is a candidate for the vice presidency. If Mr. Blaine had been nominated a western man would have been put on the ticket. Whatever I might have to say relating to my judgment the contingency arising from Blaine's nomination, I would not accept the nomination for vice president, if I could have it, on the ticket with any other man."

Delegates Instructed for Hill.

BINGHAMTON, Feb. 12.—The Democratic county convention was held in this city and those who were chosen to the state convention who were instructed for Hill. Resolutions eulogizing Senator Hill were almost unanimously passed.

FASHIONS

WOMEN OF TO-DAY.

It is Fashionable to be Healthy, Strong and Athletic.

The athletic girl is in the ascendant, and tennis, boating, rowing, and swimming are now the favorite pursuits of young women who used to scream at the sight of a mouse. In winter the pursuits are more limited; but one thing is certain, and that is, a society girl is better able to stand the strain of a winter season with its dancing and late hours after training through the summer.

Men who go into athletics diet themselves with care, and women have discovered *that it is worth while to pay atten*tion to hygienic principles. Each year has seen an increase in large restaurants in the shopping district of New York, and the supply is always inclusive of the need and demand. Women do not take the hurried noonday meal that they did a short time since, barely stopping between shops to eat a roll and a cup of coffee, and finish up with something sweet and indigestible. They do not do this now. A lunch is regarded as a serious meal; for so it is in fact, and it is not to be hurried.

Having learned that it is unhealthy to bolt their food, women begin by allowing sufficient time for eating, and they choose food that is liable to do them the most good. Sometimes they indulge in a regular dinner, beginning with soup, and following with meat and vegetables, taking the old-time coffee and roll as a dessert. Then when they are ready to continue their shopping they are physically braced for the wear and tear upon their system that shopping incurs. This is a most sensible and practical idea, and when women are brought to look at things in this light it is a blessing to every one.

Nerves are not fostered under such treatment, and for this blessed change we are indebted to the athletic craze. To eat substantial, well-cooked food is one of the first principles of nature, and one is better able to stand physical exertion. Rolls and coffee alone are almost a lunch of the past. Let them remain so, taking care at the same time that the athletic course is not pursued too far, for there is a limit beyond which it is dangerous to go. Overtraining is as bad as none at all.—Harper's Bazar.

It should be remembered that children need heartier food than grown people. The child's body grows very rapidly, and the brain nearly doubles itself in weight in seven years.

HELEN USED MORPHINE.

Carlyle W. Harris' Girl Wife Was Addicted to the Drug.

THIS MAY GET THE STUDENT FREE.

A Sensational Piece of New Evidence Secured—Charges of the Convicted Man Which Will Have an Important Bearing on the Question of a New Trial.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—The Press prints the following: It was but a few days ago that Carlyle W. Harris was sentenced to death in New York city for the alleged murder of his young wife, Helen M. Potts. The Press says "alleged" murder advisedly, as on the strength of evidence in its possession it has no doubt that the appeal taken by Harris' lawyers will be granted, and that the skillfully constructed chain of circumstantial evidence which led to his conviction will be completely shattered.

The main feature in the evidence on which Harris was convicted was the discovery of morphine in his wife's stomach by the chemical analysis made for the state. While not found in sufficient quantity to be ordinarily fatal, it was shown that the quantity she had taken, in conjunction with certain conditions then existing of her liver and kidneys, would in a person unused to the drug result fatally, as it did.

Here is the vital point in the entire history of the case: "To a person unused to the drug." It was assumed, as a matter of course, that *Miss Potts* was unused to the drug, and no attempt was made by the defense to prove the contrary.

There is now in this city a young gentleman, Carl Petersen by name, who was an intimate friend of young Harris in New York city. Mr. Petersen is engaged to a Miss Mollie Meeker, of Asbury Park, N. J. Miss Meeker and Helen Potts were inseparable friends, and thus the four young people passed a great deal of their time together. Six weeks before Helen Potts' death Petersen, Harris and Miss Potts were all at Asbury Park together. The rest of the story is told in Petersen's own words:

Helen Potts Used Morphine.

"I have been addicted to the use of morphine at one time in my life, and generally carry a small bottle of it with me. While I was at Asbury Park I had this bottle standing on the mantelpiece in my room. I was sitting in my room reading the paper one evening when Miss Potts came in. I continued reading, but at last attracted by her silence I looked up. I was horrified to find that she had taken the bottle of morphine from the mantelpiece and had poured a quantity of it out on a sheet of paper.

"'My God, Helen!' I said, 'what are you going to do with that?' 'Why, I have enough poison there to kill a dozen men.'

"'Don't be a goose,' she replied, 'I only want to use it to improve my complexion.'

"She then wrapped the morphine up, put it in her pocket and left the room.

"Why have you suppressed this important evidence until this late day, Mr. Petersen?' asked the reporter.

"I had absolutely forgotten it, and it was not until I read of my friend Carlyle's conviction that the recollection of this circumstance came back to me. Besides this, my business has obliged me to be away from New York a great deal lately, and I was not certain that I would be a possible witness which resulted in my friend's conviction. I shall at once place myself in communication with his lawyers, and if the revelation of the fact will avert his awful fate I shall do all I can to rectify the fault at this late day."

This May Clear Harris.

"From your intimate acquaintance with Harris and Miss Potts, are you surprised at the accusation of murder against him?"

"I was astonished. I never saw a couple that were more deeply in love. They *thought the world of each other* and the mere suggestion that Harris would be capable of such a crime is absurd. Only shortly before Helen's death he was exulting to me because he had a prospect of being employed in a physician's office as assistant at twenty dollars a week, 'and then,' he said, 'Helen and I can get married.' I did not know that they were already married, so well had they kept their secret. I pointed out to him that twenty dollars a week was rather a small capital for a young married couple in New York, but he only replied, 'We'll get along somehow.'"

Mr. Petersen is a tall, smooth faced, fine appearing young man, a Swede by birth, well educated, speaking several languages, and is considerable of a traveler, having made trips around the world. He is much depressed over the unfortunate results of his suppression of this important testimony, as it says it will clear Harris. He has in his possession letters written to him by Miss Potts showing the intimacy of their friendship, which he exhibited as corroborative of the genuineness of his statements.

Steadman Defeats Ross.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—At Bradford George Steadman, the English champion of mixed wrestling, defeated G. M. Ross, the American champion, winning the world's championship and £300. The catch-as-catch-can Ross won the first and elbow Steadman won; the Graco-Roman Ross won, and the Scotch and the Cumberland style bouts, neither of which Ross was accustomed to, Steadman won, and was declared winner of the match.

Dead Under the Wreck.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—On the Pitchburg railroad, between Troy and North Adams, one northbound freight train crashed into another owning in the same direction and telescoped the caboose and twenty cars. Conductor Conners of the first freight is believed to be dead, as his body is still buried in the debris. The engineer and fireman of the rear locomotive are reported to have been killed also.

Dead on Top of His Train.

BARRYTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 12.—Joseph Powers, a brakeman on the Hudson River road, was found dead on the top of a train. His skull was crushed. It is supposed that he was struck by a bridge at Staatsburgh.

A Love Tragedy.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., Feb. 12.—Miss Julia Long was shot in the heart and fatally wounded by a rejected suitor, Sam Kelly, an engineer, who then turned the revolver upon himself and blew his brains out.

A Boy Kills Two Men.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 12.—Tom Trawick, aged sixteen years, a white boy, shot and killed two negro men who had knocked Trawick's four-year-old brother down with a shovel.

More of Field's Forgeries.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Another indictment, the fifth, has been found against Edwin M. Field for forgery in the second degree.

MAYOR WYMAN'S DISGRACE.

He Is Found Guilty of Rascality and Will Be Deposed.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 12.—Mayor James O. Wyman, of Allegheny, has been found guilty of extortion on two out of the four counts of the indictment found against him, and there was no recommendation to mercy. He is yet to be tried on the charge of embezzlement. It now devolves upon the court to depose Mayor Wyman, and then the Allegheny city council will appoint a chief executive pro tem. until the next election.

Mayor Wyman was visibly affected when the verdict was announced. The punishment that may be inflicted is a fine of $500 and the costs of the trial and one year's imprisonment or both. An application for a new trial will probably be made at once. Ex-Mayor Pearson's case, charged with the embezzlement of commitment fees, will be heard first, after which Mayor Wyman will be tried on the same charge.

To Aid Starving Russia.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 12.—Governor Pattison has issued a proclamation to the people of Pennsylvania, and especially to such as may be willing to contribute to the relief of the suffering millions in Russia, that contributions for that purpose in money may be sent to Drexel & Co., of Philadelphia, and contributions in grain and other supplies may be forwarded to the Americans steamship *Indiana*, which will *sail from* Philadelphia on Feb. 20, to carry all such provisions for the suffering people of the Russian empire. All articles contributed for this purpose should be marked, "For Russian famine relief."

A Dispute Ends in Murder.

TALLAHASSEE, Feb. 12.—Newton B. Ross, a prominent farmer, was shot dead by O. Sherrill, a former partner, in a dispute about some land.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
Office:—
27 North Avenue.

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass
is constructed to meet the wants of those who require a very powerful glass at a moderate price. Every one will understand the advantage of being able to quickly see the movements of his employees or stock at a distance, point of the field, etc. Every person upon trial pronounces it the best glass they ever saw. In the QUEEN FARMER'S FIELD GLASS you will have an invaluable assistant for these purposes.
Prices { Medium size $5.50 / Largest size 12.50 } All in { one-inch tube / with strap.
The largest size is the most powerful.
On receipt of price we will send any of the above by insured mail, postpaid.
QUEEN & CO.,
—Manufacturers—
924 Chestnut St. Philadelphia.

Hotels.

THE ALBION.
EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE.
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLS.
12 28 tfm

CASPAR'S HOTEL,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders.

Reasonable -:- Rates
LAING'S HOTEL,
West Front street, Opp. Madison avenue
Wallace V. Miller,
Proprietor.
A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

Miss Blanche Fellows
SOPRANO SOLOIST.
Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.
No. 82 Liberty St., Plainfield.

DON'T FORGET
In making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LINDARGER'S, the Tailor,
NO. 19 PARK AVENUE,
at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

C. BECKINGHAM,
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
Issue full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY
PRESENTS
Also Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses. Eyes examined FREE.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

We have a new line of
Skates and Sleds
Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in one line of
Musical Instruments
and Sporting Goods.
A. M. Vanderbeek,
28 PARK AVENUE.

Woman's Exchange
AND INDUSTRIAL UNION
73 Park Avenue.
HOME MADE
—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—
FRESH EVERY DAY.

THE BEE HIVE
Men's Unbundled Shirts, The "Pride," A quality, good linen bosom, heavy muslin, reinforced front and double back.
50c.
The "Pride," B quality, made of fine muslin, with fine linen bosom, the best shirt in the world.
69c.
Boys' "Pride" shirts.
45c
Youths' "Pride," shirts, this size shirt can only be worn by those as the "Bee Hives" in Plainfield.
69c.
Louis Callman.
40 WEST FRONT STREET

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service
Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Heating Stoves,
OTHELLO RANGES,
FURNACES
and
Fire Place Heaters!
FURNACE WORK,
WATER-PIPING,
PLUMBING,
A. M. GRIFFEN,
Telephone Call No. 7. 18 East Front Street

"The Very Best"
is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.
Put your cash. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Worsteds, Embroidery Silks, and stamped linen goods.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

50c. a Bottle
for
EMULSION
of
COD LIVER OIL,
with HYPOPHOSPATES,
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
No. 80 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

C. BECKINGHAM
and Blanche Rein as performed by
DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SICK HEADACHE,
CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM,
FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic Diseases generally.
Consultation Free!
43 East Second street, corner Washington.

NOTICE!
I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my
Liberty Street Market
where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices
GOOD -:- MEAT!
Of all kinds.
Charles Arnold,
21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!
By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,
Holders and Segars for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at
N. H Guttman's
REGAR STORE,
19 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best manner and at reasonable prices.
The most costly fabrics are very carefully and properly laundried. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our wagon will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.
H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

SAVE FIFTY PER CENT.
For the purpose of advertising more extensively the quality of our work, we will
Hang all Paper,
Purchased from us during DECEMBER, for
HALF -:- PRICE.
Our stock consists of all the latest designs.
A. D. Van Sciver,
Opposite Depot, (Chenoia Building,) 47 North Avenue.

Professional Cards.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 28 West Front street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds, Notaries Public and Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitors and Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices, corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DURHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 9 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Particular attention to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 21 and 23. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD
CORDLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY
J. & Co

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Telephone to operation. Our specialty is removal of by the Board of Health. Furniture for connection paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park Store. Manufacturers of Jones' Lawn, Garden and Field Furniture.
W. G. Jones. Telephone Call 99

Closing Out Sale!
SPLENDID BARGAINS!
WALL PAPER AT COST.
Don't forget, now is the time to get your WALL PAPER to make room for other Goods.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
(Successors to W. F. Adams, 20 East Front Street.)

LIVE WASHINGTON NEWS

Secretary Noble Orders a Census Bureau Investigation.

SILVER MEN TO PUSH THEIR BILL.

A Movement Started to Facilitate the Passage of the Free Coinage Measure. Senator Call Asks for an Investigation of Florida's Senatorial Election.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The senate in the morning hour disposed of quite an amount of business. One of the most striking measures presented was a proposition to spend sixteen millions on Mississippi levees at the rate of three and one-third millions a year. Mr. Call, of Florida, presented a resolution instructing the committee on privileges and elections to inquire whether any railroad corporation had attempted to bribe the legislature, with a view of controlling the election of a United States senator in the state of Florida, and what legislation, if any, is necessary to protect the people against such action. Mr. Call gave notice that he should at a future day make some remarks upon the resolution.

The senate in secret session confirmed the nomination of Willis H. Grinnell, of New York, to be third assistant secretary of state.

The reading of the Manderson printing bill by sections was completed and a general debate, which took a political aspect, ensued over the provision for establishing a presidential office to be known as superintendent of documents. Without reaching any point indicating a prospect of harmonious action on the question the senate adjourned till Monday.

There was but a small attendance of members when the house convened. Several bills were reported from committees and placed on the calendar. A resolution from the committee on accounts for the appointment of Walter F. Hallock as an assistant doorkeeper gave rise to an extended debate, members of both parties insisting that this office was a useless one. The resolution was defeated. The balance of the day was spent in discussing the Military academy bill, and without action the house adjourned.

The house committee on public buildings and grounds ordered a favorable report on a bill introduced to increase the appropriation from $80,000 to $100,000 for a public building at Paterson, N. J.

Free Silver Men Active.

The free coinage men are losing no time in their efforts to force the Bland bill through the house. As a result of a secret conference of the free silver members of the committee on coinage, weights and measures, the following petition, addressed to the committee on rules, is being circulated and freely signed by the free coinage members of the house:

"We, the undersigned members of the house, request that the committee on rules set apart a time for the consideration of the bills of the committee on coinage, weights and measures for the free coinage of silver."

"We expect," said Mr. Pierce, of the committee on coinage, "to get every free coinage member of the house, irrespective of party to sign this petition. In a few days we will get nearly 200 signatures, and then is no doubt the result of it will be that the committee will bring in an order giving us a date. That being done the house will have the question formally before it, and a date satisfactory to the free coinage men will be agreed upon. This bill is bound to pass, and we simply propose to press its consideration while the calendar is comparatively free.

The Free Wool Question.

A conference of the Democratic members of the committee on ways and means was held, at which Chairman Springer's free wool bill was under discussion. All the Democratic members were present, except Mr. Montgomery, of Kentucky. There was no conclusion reached, although several members expressed the opinion that the majority would finally agree upon a bill to be reported. No expressions of opinion were made which justify a prediction of the exact rate of duty to be recommended on manufactured goods. The maximum percentage fixed by the Mills' bill was 40.

The figures suggested ranged from a 25 per cent. reduction of the rates in the McKinley bill on the cheaper grades of goods to from 35 to 40 per cent. reduction on the higher grades. The statistics relating to wool and to the woolen goods trade desired by Chairman Springer from the census bureau have been received and are now being considered by the subcommittee in charge of the bill on that subject.

To Investigate the Census Bureau.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Secretary Noble has designated Messrs. Connor and Evans, of the department of the interior, to investigate the census office and report what clerical assistance is necessary to complete the work of the bureau. The secretary says that he desires the information in order that he may know better how to proceed in conducting the affairs of the bureau.

McKenna to Succeed Sawyer.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The president has nominated Joseph McKenna, of California, to be United States circuit judge for the Ninth judicial circuit, vice Lorenzo Sawyer, deceased; and Rowland R. Mahany, of New York, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Ecuador.

Discussing Reciprocity.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The reciprocity commissioners, Messrs. Thompson, Foster and Powell, representing Canadian interests, and Secretary Blaine and General Foster, representing the United States—have formally entered upon the discussion of the question.

The Gold in the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—A statement prepared by the treasury shows that the gold balance in the treasury is $119,645,720.

Two More Victims Identified.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Two more victims of the Hotel Royal fire have been identified as Mrs. Lon Woods, of Boston, and Julia Martin, a chambermaid in the hotel. This reduces the number of unidentified to eight. These will be buried in Potter's field.

The Soldiers Settled It.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Feb. 12.—The war between the Navajoe Indians and the cowboys has ended, and peace reigns. This was brought about by the timely arrival of a company of soldiers.

The Creditors Win.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—The United States court has decided the United States Rolling Stock company litigation in favor of the creditors' committee.

Lincoln Not a Candidate.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Hon. Robert T. Lincoln positively denies that he is or intends to be a candidate for the presidency of the United States.

Knew Too Much.

He was a dairy clerk in a dry goods store with a commercial smile and a stunning four-in-hand tie that made him look like a fig, and he strove to his most advanced mood when a customer opened the day with a request for lace.

He looked her over. "Cheap," he said to himself as he noted the shawl and hood. Then he reached into the showcase and grabbed a lot of shop worn Japanese fans and spread them on the counter.

"I was looking for something a little better," said the woman in a mild, depressing voice. I want"——

"I know what you want," interrupted the fresh young man, and taking down a box he disclosed a job lot of wilted silk fans with a feather edge. "These have been reduced from one dollar to fifty cents to close out stock. Which color do you like best, pink or blue? They're a great bargain, ma'am."

"Young man," said the woman in the hood solemnly, "shake hands! I thought I knew what I wanted, but I see I don't. I'm real glad to find some one who knows what I want better than I do myself. Pick me out the kind of fan you think I need and I'll pay for it. You've taken a heap of responsibility off my shoulders."

There was a limp and crestfallen young man behind that counter about that time, and he looked so dejected that the good woman took pity on him and selected a fan to suit herself—a process that deepened the chagrin of the know it-all clerk, for she bought the finest fan he had, saying it was for her daughter's wedding. But she couldn't help showing that she enjoyed his discomfiture.—Detroit Free Press.

"Tossing a Copper."

—Life.

Harriott Found Guilty.

FREEHOLD, N. J., Feb. 12.—In the trial of Louis Harriott for the murder of Mrs. M. Leonard at the conclusion of the argument, Chief Justice Beasley delivered his charge and the jury retired. In fifteen minutes they returned and said they had found Harriott guilty of murder in the first degree. The prisoner turned pale when the verdict was announced and then broke down completely, sobbing so loudly that he could be heard all over the courtroom. He will be sentenced on Feb. 20.

Have Faith in Professor Cooper.

ERIE, Pa., Feb. 12.—A citizens' mass meeting in Edinboro Reformed Presbyterian church, with about 300 signatures, and then *is* no doubt the result of it will be that the committee will bring in an order giving us a date. That being done the house will have the question formally before it, and a date satisfactory to the free coinage men will be agreed upon. This bill is bound to pass, and we simply propose to press its consideration while the calendar is comparatively free.

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The figures suggested ranged from a 25 per cent. reduction of the rates in the McKinley bill on the cheaper grades of goods to from 35 to 40 per cent. reduction on the higher grades. The statistics relating to wool and to the woolen goods trade desired by Chairman Springer from the census bureau have been received and are now being considered by the subcommittee in charge of the bill on that subject.

To Investigate the Census Bureau.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Secretary Noble has designated Messrs. Connor and Evans, of the department of the interior, to investigate the census office and report what clerical assistance is necessary to complete the work of the bureau. The secretary says that he desires the information in order that he may know better how to proceed in conducting the affairs of the bureau.

McKenna to Succeed Sawyer.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The president has nominated Joseph McKenna, of California, to be United States circuit judge for the Ninth judicial circuit, vice Lorenzo Sawyer, deceased; and Rowland R. Mahany, of New York, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Ecuador.

Discussing Reciprocity.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The reciprocity commissioners, Messrs. Thompson, Foster and Powell, representing Canadian interests, and Secretary Blaine and General Foster, representing the United States—have formally entered upon the discussion of the question.

The Gold in the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—A statement prepared by the treasury shows that the gold balance in the treasury is $119,645,720.

Two More Victims Identified.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Two more victims of the Hotel Royal fire have been identified as Mrs. Lon Woods, of Boston, and Julia Martin, a chambermaid in the hotel. This reduces the number of unidentified to eight. These will be buried in Potter's field.

The Soldiers Settled It.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Feb. 12.—The war between the Navajoe Indians and the cowboys has ended, and peace reigns. This was brought about by the timely arrival of a company of soldiers.

The Creditors Win.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—The United States court has decided the United States Rolling Stock company litigation in favor of the creditors' committee.

Lincoln Not a Candidate.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Hon. Robert T. Lincoln positively denies that he is or intends to be a candidate for the presidency of the United States.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

A Clash in the Senate Over Saxton's Investigation Resolutions.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—In the senate Mr. Saxton introduced a resolution declaring that Senators Walker and Osborne had been illegally seated, and asked to have a committee appointed to investigate the charges and report to the senate. During the reading President pro tem. Cantor called Senator McClelland to the chair.

As soon as the last word of the resolution had been read Senator Saxton addressed the president, intending to ask that the resolution be printed and made a special order. But Senator Cantor was on his feet too, and Senator McClelland recognized him. Senator Cantor moved that the resolution be laid on the table.

Senator Saxton asked, as a courtesy, that he be allowed to say two words. Senator Cantor retused, and Senator McClelland put the motion. Senator Erwin asked to be allowed to explain his vote, but was not allowed to do so. When it came his turn to vote Senator Coggeshall said this is the most wicked application of gag law that I have ever been witness of. I vote no.

The motion to table was carried by a vote of 17 to 15—a strict party vote—Edwards in the negative with the Republicans.

The senate passed the bill making general amendments to the charter of Rochester.

The ways and means committee of the assembly has reported the appropriation of $800,000 for continuing work on the capitol, such work to be done under the direction of Superintendent Perry.

Both committees have agreed to report the Gould canal bill, with an amendment to lengthen only two instead of three locks at Buffalo, and providing that $75,000 shall be added for repairing the aqueducts in Schenectady. This brings the total appropriation to $525,000.

Governor Flower signed an act amending the charter of the city of Buffalo, which empowers the mayor to designate the superintendent of public instruction, instead of his being elected by the people, as heretofore.

CLINTON PRISON METHODS.

The Law Violated and a Number of Abuses Found to Exist.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—The report of the commission appointed to investigate Clinton prison finds that the agent and warden has violated the provisions of the revised statutes in neglecting to keep a record for entries of complaints, or to provide means for convicts to make complaints. The chaplain violated the law in neglecting to make such reports. The agent and warden violated the provisions of the revised statutes in punishing by pudding and other cruel methods; the principal keeper violated the law by permitting keepers to stretch prisoners. Most of the punishments appear to have been retributive rather than remedial.

The commissioners recommend the discharge of the following officers: Guards Cassidy and Mellan, Keepers McGowan and Conway, and Guard Feehan. Keeper Lewis should be reprimanded for excessive profanity and rough conduct, and retained, if at all, on the express condition that for a repetition of either offense he will be discharged. Keeper John Nash should be reprimanded for being intoxicated.

Larger cells are needed and an assistant physician. Punishment by paddle and pulleys should be abolished. Punishment by dungeon should be regulated by a record kept by the physician, with statement of rations. The agent and warden should provide means for communication to him of complaints by prisoners. The law should require the warden to make a daily report to the superintendent of state prisons of punishment and discipline.

The Blaine Divorce Case.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Feb. 12.—The attorneys for Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., appeared before Judge Thomas today with an application for an order requiring the defendant to show cause why he should not be adjudged guilty of contempt of court, for having disobeyed and ignored the orders previously made, also as to why his answer to the complaint should not be stricken from the files. They ask also that the case be set down for immediate trial. The orders are returnable on the 16th inst.

A Raid on Illicit Stills.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Feb. 12.—Deputy Collector Carmen seized four illicit stills, as follows: Frederick Heiderich at Ulster Heights; Francis and Jacob Strangle at Lackawack, and F. W. Hoff at Dromedary Lands. The stills and worms seized were stored at Ellenville. Warrants will be issued and the moonshiners arrested.

The Bay State G. A. R.

BOSTON, Feb. 12.—The Massachusetts G. A. R. indorsed the Confederate flag order of Commander in Chief Palmer. J. K. Chesley, of Worcester, was elected department commander. Eli W. Hall, of Lynn, was chosen senior vice commander.

McCall Suits the Managers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—At a meeting of the managers and general agents of the New York Life Insurance company Mr. John A. McCall was unanimously named as their choice as president of the company.

A Great Chance for Maher.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—Champion John L. Sullivan and Peter Maher, champion of Ireland, will fight to a finish in August next in New Orleans, provided Maher defeats Fitzsimmons.

Millions Starving in Bombay.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—A dispatch from Bombay says that 1,500,000 people are starving in the three districts of the Bombay presidency, called Bijapur, Belgaum and Dharwar.

Typhus Among Russian Jews.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Thirty-eight cases of typhus fever were discovered in the United Hebrew Charity association building, an institution for Russian Jews.

Editor Carmack's New Charge.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 12.—E. W. Carmack, late editor of the Nashville *American*, today took editorial charge of the Memphis *Commercial*.

Destitution in Vienna.

VIENNA, Feb. 12.—The distress among the laboring class of this city is very great, and thousands of families are in a starving condition.

An Anarchist Plot in Berlin.

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—The police have discovered an extensive plot of the anarchists in Berlin, and arrests are being made every day.

A Western Railroad Deal.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 12.—The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad has acquired the Indianapolis, Decatur and Western line.

Signed by Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 12.—Roger Connor and Gus Weyhing have signed to play with the Philadelphias for the season of 1892.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE SEP TEA

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and selections of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, Preserved Sugar Corn, Succotash, Stewed Tomatoes, Fait & Webster's extra sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early June Peas, Nonsuch Asparagus Beans, Hudson River Asparagus and tips.

Special reduction given by the case and dozen. Also a full assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats.

79 BROADWAY.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

BROWN & HILL,

Sharing and hair cutting parlor, in Cooper's Hotel, No. 5 FOURTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Book black stand connected with the shop.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING call at

Bremmer Bros',

28 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost any more than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. A. Ferri, P. O. Box 1036.

FRENCH LESSONS. Instruction and entertainment in French Lecture, class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Vincent, care of Misses Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,
A Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891.
For advertisement call at the Academy or address EDWARD N. HARNED, Prin. 8 30 y 187 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of pianoforte. Gives lessons either at her own or pupil's residence. Terms reasonable. Best of references. No. 16 Somerset Street.

Lodges.

Fraternity and Protection.
1872. Membership, 126,000. 1891.
Death benefits paid over $22,000,000 since organization. KEYSTONE LODGE, 2401, Knights of Honor, meets First and Third Fourndays, at 8 p. m., in Wetmpaha Lodge Room, Hale Building.
Louis I. Van Alstyne, Dictator.
Joseph A. Fry, Reporter.

Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 12 30 ly

Special Notices.

H. N. SPENCER,
Dealer in 75 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner. Choice groceries, provisions and produce; white granite, C. C. yellow rock stone and glass fruit jars, pots and lodging baskets; pure cider vinegar four years old. Best grade ammunition.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Selling out to Office, 94 West Front street. Good gas wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 27 f

ROGERS GROUPS,
By Rogers, Statuary Groups. Artist's materials. At Swain's, 30 West Front street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

BARGAINS.
In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements, on the farm trod wagon. John F. Wells, Rose street, North Plainfield.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS
can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Edgewood avenue.
E. F. M. CRANE,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mallard, Real Estate Broker, Cliff and Second sts. Only four above the car level.

Kline's Extracts.

Pure Fruit Flavors

Builders Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

No. 46 West Front street, for
ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Has taken charge of Plainfield Carpet Cleaning, and is attended to. Corner New and Front streets. Residence, 19 Arlington avenue. Telephone Call No. 1344. Jobbing and Store Fixtures a Specialty. Inventor Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1344.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Greenfield avenue. P. O. Box 19

JOHN BERRMANN,
Stair Builder, and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Grand and Sayre streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
10-12-1y J. BERRMANN, 6 Rennet street.

P. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Anderson Clinton avenue, near depot, Box P. O. Box 1425. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Grant avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 942.

DENISON & DAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 31.
W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street, H. A. Doyle, No. 19 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 30 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
Jobbing promptly attended to
Window Screens
made to order.

Real Estate & Insurance

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,
REAL ESTATE
and Insurance.
Money to loan on first mortgage.
NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Edw. C. Mulford
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
69 North avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff.
INSURANCE,
AND REAL ESTATE.
Money to Loan on approved security. Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
60 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam washing machinery. Coal cleaned and coal delivered in sufficient bulkers enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of preparation.
Green (Lehigh and Hometrouch Coal in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
Screen and Order Office.
He would also announce recently improved facilities for Trucking and Storage of furniture, and is prepared to contract for the same by the load, summer or short notice.

Great Overcoat Sale.

30 DAYS ONLY!

OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.

GENUINE BARGAINS!

Call and examine before they are are all gone.

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE,

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

General Hardware and House-furnishings,

and STOVES.

Carpenter and Machinist Tools!

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

HARNESS and BLANKETS.

USUAL LOW PRICES. TELEPHONE CALL 132.

H. H. SIDEL, Manager. A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

THE METROPOLITAN STABLE,

29 and 31 North Avenue, brought to Second Street.

WARCHED CARRIAGE PAIRS,
HIGH-ACTIONED "T-CART"
AND DOG CART HORSES,
CANADIAN HUNTERS.
COBS AND SUNDRIES HORSES,
LADIES' SADDLE
AND DRIVING HORSES,
ALSO A SPECIALTY IN GENTLEMEN'S ROAD TEAMS, SINGLE DRIVERS AND TROTTERS.

43 WEST FRONT STREET.

A DINNER is never finished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and most carefully selected stock of Choice

Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes,

BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER.

If given a call will be able to compare our goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.

F. LINKE, Wholesale Wine and Liquor dealer. Telephone Co. 127.

Lumber & Coal
LOOMIS & RICE
B'dway. 49 Telephone 75 A.

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.
Of finest
Light Blue Color.
References:—
F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

94 SOMERSET STREET.

WHAT'S THAT?

Oh, only the usual fall in prices before taking our annual inventory.

Send a few of the Bargains!

100 doz. Towels at 7c., worth 10c. Good Gingham 5c. Worsted Dress Goods 12c., formerly 18c. Best Print 4c. Fruit of the Loom 6c. Jersey Knit Vests 25c., formerly 75c. Heavy Toweling 4c. Our 50c. Corset we will sell for 39c.

REMNANTS of all kinds at HALF PRICE.

Ingrain Carpets 25, 35, 42 and 48c. Mattings 12 1-2c. Oil Cloths 20c. Ladies', Misses and Children's Cloaks. Largest variety at greatly reduced prices. Agency for King's Dyeing Company, of Boston, Pa.

L. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

PURE MILK

Delivered to any part of the city by

D. M. SCHENCK.

A postal addressed to No. 60 East Front street will receive prompt attention. 9 27

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CRANE
Manufacturer of
Electrical Machinery.
Engines, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Blacksmith building and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 120 Nassau, st.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of
Mouldings, sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 7y

PEANUTS &c. FOR QUART.

FINE ROASTED SWEET NUT.
Prunes, Figs, Candies and Temperance Drinks.

I have thoroughly renovated the place, new floors and ceiling put down, and solicit a share of public patronage.

DAVID CLARK,
(Successor to J. B. Clark, deceased.

FACTS FOR THE HOME.

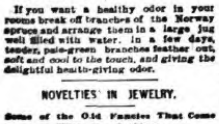
WHICH EVERY DUTIFUL HOUSEKEEPER WILL READ AND PROFIT THEREBY.

Our Homes Become More Beautiful and Comfortable — We Live Better and Happier Through Information Like the Following.

If you want a healthy odor in your rooms break off branches of the Norway spruce and arrange them in a large jug well filled with water. In a few days, tender, pale-green branches feather out, soft and cool to the touch, and giving the delightful health-giving odor.

NOVELTIES IN JEWELRY.

Some of the Old Fancies That Come With the Holidays.



In looking back over the holiday season, one of the most curious features in fashionable circles was the quaint designs in jewelry and the profusion of diamonds, or alleged diamonds that were shown. Our artist has sketched a few of them. There is a back comb that cost $185. A wish-bone design that sold for $83. A witch design in diamonds $140. There was also a novelty in the way of a fan, with diamond earring which does not require that the ears be pierced. There being a screw that pinches the ear slightly and thus secures the ornament.

After all, there is nothing that quite appeals to one like jewelry. As long as women last upon the face of the earth, just so long, will little absurdities in the way of ornament be acceptable.

Alcohol in Sickness.

Whether the Prohibitionists are right or not in their methods of dealing with intemperance there is this to say in favor of their views, said a noted physician: "The experience of our profession in dealing with disease is that those who have never had the habit of taking stimulants have a large balance to the good. This is especially the case with all exhaustive illnesses, such as pneumonia, diphtheria, etc., and typhoid fever and bilious troubles. In pneumonia, especially, where the system is unused to any alcoholic drink, the effect of it is wonderful, and it should say it just about doubles the patient's chance of recovery. Moreover, there are many troubles that come directly through the free use of stimulants—liver troubles, kidney troubles, digestive arrangements of all kinds, that are not generally attributed to the source. I think, on the whole, it would be better for most people if they gave it up altogether."—N. Y. Tribune.

Fruit Gingerbread.

Fruit gingerbread will keep moist a long time. To make it take two pounds of flour, three quarters of a pound of butter, one pound of granulated sugar, five or six eggs, two cups of molasses (two cups of molasses best) one-half cup sour cream, two tablespoonfuls of ginger, one teaspoonful of cinnamon one of cloves, one heaping teaspoonful of soda dissolved in hot water, one pound of seedless raisins and one pound of currants. Cream the butter and sugar, warm the cream a little slightly and beat these together; add the beaten yolks of the eggs, next the cream, afterward the soda, then the flour into which the spices have been sifted, then the whipped whites, and lastly the fruit dredged with flour.—N. Y. Tribune.

To Clean Pans and Kettles.

Keep all soiled pans and kettles filled with cold water, and soak them till you are ready to clean them.

Pans could not be washed in clear, cold water, then in soft, soapy water. Dry them thoroughly wit a clean towel.

Ironware should be washed outside and inside with hot water and soap, rinsed in clean hot water, and then wiped dry.

Saucepans and other tin and granite dishes may be cleaned by what may be called by letting them remain half an hour in boiling soda water, and then rubbing them with a wire dish cloth or stiff brush.

Cabinet-Pudding Sauce.

Take the yolks of five eggs and whip slightly; express the juice of a lemon and grate down a little of the peel. The other ingredients are a tablespoonful of butter, a cup of sugar, a little spice and a glass of good wine. Mix the sugar and butter, adding the eggs, spice and lemon juice. Beat fifteen minutes, then add wine, and stir briskly. Immerse in a saucepan of boiling water, beating while it heats.

To Clean Egg-Stained Silver.

In washing forks, spoons or cups which have been employed in eating eggs it is best to make an application of cold water with a mop before plunging them into the boiling suds. Hot water cooks the egg and thus renders it more difficult to remove. Common table salt is said to be excellent for removing egg tarnish from silver.

Pepper in the Water.

To prevent colored stockings from fading put a tablespoonful of black pepper into the water in which they are rinsed. Black stockings or those which are darkcolored should never be washed in water which has been used for other clothes. Black pepper in the water will also keep black calico or cambric from fading.

Boil Your Jars.

Earthen and stoneware jars or crocks should be filled with cold water and put over a slow fire and allowed to come to a boil once or twice before using to cook in.

Brown Spots from Black Goods.

Pour spirits of ammonia on the spot, drop by drop, and rub gently round and round with the finger.

Save the juices that drain out of roasts and steaks, to add to stock for soups and meat sauces.

Wash gilding with water in which an onion has been boiled and dry with a soft cloth.

Never set coal oil near butter or lard.

OYSTER STEW.

The Southern Way of Cooking Oysters Might be Profitably Imitated.

"There are so many things that are better done in the North than in the South, that I may be pardoned if I call attention to the milk soup with an occasional oyster that is often served as 'oyster stew.' The flavor of the oyster seems almost entirely destroyed, and good milk is spoiled. Suppose you try a Southern way of cooking them, and see if you don't like it better. Pour your oysters with their liquor (even if you have been 'dry measure' the quantity of liquor will be sufficient) into a porcelain kettle, and put them over a hot fire. Let them stay until the edges of the oysters begin to curl; then drain them out of the liquor and put into a hot covered dish. Leave the liquor over the fire with a beautiful lump of butter, and pepper and salt to taste, and a little sweet cream, and let it boil a few minutes. Then pour it over the oysters and serve immediately. Great care must be taken not to let the oysters toughen by remaining too long on the fire."—N. Y. Tribune.

Beer Used to Wash Silk.

"This is not a speak-easy," said a well known uptown druggist the other day to a customer whose attention was attracted to several baskets filled with empty beer bottles, "but a servant was carrying out of the house. "I don't drink, and my girls don't either, with my permission, yet for all that we use quite a few many bottles every year. The fact is, beer is absolutely indispensable to our business. We use it to wash silk in. It gives old silk a luster and to a new cloth almost like goods fresh from the loom. It also gives a little 'body,' which lasts for a while, long enough for my purpose, anyway. As a considerable portion of our work is making over garments it has been a wonderful aid, and my business has been very much increased. It is a discovery of my own, and has been worth hundreds of dollars to me."—Philadelphia Record.

Soda for Taking Out Ink Spots.

While oxalic acid, salts of lemon, sweet milk and vinegar are all of benefit in helping to eradicate ink spots, nothing is superior for white linen or cotton goods to chlorated soda. It is sold by all druggists. A few drops upon the stain will remove it within a few minutes, leaving only a slight yellowish tinge, which will disappear entirely when the article has been washed. The use of chlorinated soda must be avoided with colored or with silk goods. It takes the dye from the former as well as the ink, and goes still further with silk, destroying the fabric. It is an unsurpassed aid for white wash materials, however, as it does not injure the goods in the least. The preparation of soda is poisonous, and should be kept w out of the way of children.

About Finger Nails.

A white mark on the nail bespeaks misfortune.

Pale or lead colored nails indicate melancholy people.

Broad nails indicate a gentle, timid and bashful nature.

Lovers of knowledge and liberal sentiment have round nails.

People with narrow nails are ambitious and quarrelsome.

Small nails indicate littleness of mind, obstinacy and conceit.

Choleric, martial men, delighting in war, have red and spotted nails.—Young Ladies' Fashion Bazar.

Potato Scones.

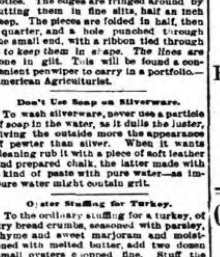
An economical and appetizing way of using cold potatoes is to convert them into scones. Mash the potatoes with a little salt, knead in as much flour as the potatoes will take up, avoiding the least lumpiness, stir in enough milk to make a stiff dough, roll out very thin, cut with a biscuit cutter and prick here and there with a fork. Bake on a hot griddle, turning so as to brown on both sides. Serve hot, with butter.

Salted Almonds.

Shell, blanch and dry half a pound of almonds. Lay them in a clean tin pan with a couple of tablespoonfuls of butter, and put them in a rather hot oven. Shake the pan frequently that the almonds may color equally. When of a uniform light brown take them out, drain them in a colander on brown paper and sprinkle them lightly with salt.

A Simple Penwiper.

A circular piece of chamois skin, five inches in diameter, and one of corresponding size of kid or soft leather can be



FOR THOSE WHO WRITE.

turned into a pretty penwiper on short notice. The edges are fringed around by cutting them in fine slits, half an inch deep. The pieces are folded in half, then slipped over, and a fine ribbon run through the small end, with a ribbon tied through it to keep them in shape. The lines are done in gilt. It will be found a convenient penwiper to carry in a portfolio.—American Agriculturist.

Don't Use Soap on Silverware.

To wash silverware, never use a particle of soap in the water, as it dulls the luster, giving the outside more the appearance of pewter than silver. When ready for cleaning rub it with a piece of soft leather and prepared chalk, the latter made with a kind of paste with some water—as impure water might contain grit.

Oyster Stuffing for Turkey.

To the ordinary stuffing for a turkey, of dry bread crumbs, seasoned with parsley, thyme and sweet marjoram and moistened with melted butter, add two dozen small oysters chopped fine. Stuff the breast of the turkey with this.

Raw Potatoes Clean Glass.

To clean bottles, cut a raw potato into small pieces, and then put them into the bottle with a tablespoonful of salt and two tablespoonfuls of water. Shake well together until every mark is removed.

To Brighten Tins.

Rot solution of salt and vinegar brightens copper and tinware, also zinc bathtubs.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook& Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Something New Again at the 5 & 10c. Store.

5, 5, 7 and 10c. counters. This gives you many things for three cents that you formerly paid five for, and many things for seven cents that formerly sold for ten cents. Our counters are all loaded, and bargains indeed you now have offered you. We do not mind ourselves to keep lots up long, as some will, but have the idea in mind that while we aim to please ourself all others yet as a further inducement we are GIVING AWAY Five Different Styles of Valuable Books, viz.: "The Rising World," "Buffalo Bill's Wild West," "Land and Sea," "The Best Wit Story" by Mr. Talmadge, and Webster's Encyclopedia, all handsomely and elaborately illustrated. We have these books on exhibition, and any child can get one with a little effort. We intend to please, and give free to all purchasers to the amount of 25c. when the holder makes his choice of the books named free. Any number may use the same card, so filling at sooner and securing book quicker. Buy all your goods of us, and get one of these handsome books as a book quicker. Buy all your goods of us, and get one of these handsome books as a present. Spring goods are coming in daily, and the wares we handle are used in every household. As you will want to stock up shortly, reserve her the card and gives us a call. We have twenty different styles of Toilet Soaps, also Combs and Brushes at prices to suit. Woven Wire Mattresses, Lamps, Crockery, Stone and Glassware, Iron and Woodenware, and general housefurnishings, and for 10c. Royal Tooth Powder, anything better and purer is not known.

J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We will guarantee to sell you Dry and Fancy Goods, Crockery, Tinware, Housefurnishing goods, etc., and in fact Everything that you want at Prices less than you ever bought before, and a comparison of prices of what we charge and others charge will prove that V. & W. are selling goods at a closer margin than all others. We offer for the coming week:

4-4 Fruit of the Loom	7½c
4-4 Dwight Anchor	8c
4-4 Heavy Brown Sheeting	6c
9-4 Heavy Linen Crash	10c
8-4 Bleached Sheeting	19c
9-4 Bleached Sheeting	21c
10-4 Bleached Sheeting	22c
200 Door Mats	each 19c
250 Door Mats, extra good	each 25c
100 Turkish Rugs, 3 feet long	each 70c
2,000 Yards Figured French Cambric, per yard	10c
100 doz Ladies' Hose, full regular, pair	10c

There is a Special Sale of Granite Ironware that will interest housekeepers.

We guarantee Every Article we sell to give perfect Satisfaction and deliver goods wherever you wish

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

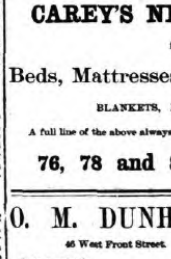
AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.



Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour.
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this part are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have HOT Pearl Hominy, Oats and Jersey Bran, and make a specialty of reclaned Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

GO TO

CAREY'S NEW BEDDING STORE

for anything in the line of

Beds, Mattresses, Pillows, Bolsters, Quilts,

BLANKETS, RUGS, COUCHES, CHAIRS, ETC.

A full line of the above always on hand.

76, 78 and 80 West Front Street.

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduce! on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,

WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

Writing : Paper

BY THE

POUND!

Old Sagamore Mills, 15c lb.

Envelopes to match, 5c. package.

Kensington Wave and Devonshire Linen, 25c. per lb.

Envelopes to match, 10c. package.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

ANNUAL STATEMENT
OF THE
DIME SAVING INSTITUTION,
of Plainfield, N. J.,
JANUARY 1, 1892

ASSETS.

Loans on Bond and Mortgages (first lien)	$126,100 00
Value of property mortgaged	250,100
Par Value of Stock issued for Bills	125,000

PAR VALUE.	MARKET VALUE.	
42,000 Union County Bonds	42,000	$3,140 00
17,000 North Plainfield School bonds	17,000	17,170 00
2,000 " Fire Dep't do	2,000	2,020 00
10,000 Jersey City Water Bonds	10,000	10,650 00
10,000 Water Bonds of Plainfield District No. 14 Bonds		10,000 00
5,100 Dunellen School District No. 2, Issue No. 1		5,200 00
1,000 North Plainfield Twp bonds		1,030 00
Diamond Issue		30,300 00
Interest due and accrued		4,619 00
Furniture and fixture account		1,450 00
Cash in banks		19,791 14
Cash in office		632 15
		$373,707 99

LIABILITIES

Amount due depositors	$267,271 00
Surplus	6,436 99
	$273,707 99

State of New Jersey, } ss.
County of Union, }

I, John W. Murray President, and Elias R. Pope, Treasurer, of the Dime Savings Institution, being duly sworn, depose and say, each for himself, that the statement above is a full, true and correct, shows the actual condition of the said Institution on the first day of January, 1892.

JOHN W. MURRAY.
ELIAS R. POPE.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this twentieth day of January, 1892.

JAMES C. POPE, Notary Public.

We, the undersigned committee, made an examination of the books, vouchers, assets and liabilities of the said Institution, with delegates afterward, and find the same to exhibit of the asset- and liabilities of said Institution on January 1, 1892.

J. FRANK HUBBARD, } Committee.
FRANCIS H. GARDNER, }
J. B. COWARD, }

2 2 10

A NEW STYLE OF D E R B Y

Out TO-DAY, at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

AN ORDINANCE.

To widen Peace street.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council do ordain as follows:

Section 1. That Peace street in the City of Plainfield be and the same is hereby widened on the southeasterly side of said street, and that the southeasterly side line of said Peace street be and the same is hereby established as follows:

Beginning at an iron monument in the centre line of said Peace street, where the same is intersected by the southeasterly side line of East Front street as now laid out and opened, and running thence in a magnetic course of south, forty-nine degrees and twenty minutes east (S. 49 deg. 20 min. E.) a distance of seven hundred and ninety-eight feet and six tenths (798.6) feet, to a point in said centre line in the northwesterly line of the right of way of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, as the same is laid out on a "Map showing Proposed Widening and Extension of Peace street from the C. R. R. of N. J. to Green Brook, City of Plainfield, N. J., July, 1891," made by F. A. Dunham, civil engineer and surveyor.

The land to be taken for said widening on the southwesterly side of said Peace street, from the southeasterly side line of Front street to the Central Railroad of New Jersey, includes all land which lies between the proposed southeasterly side line of said street as now laid out and opened, and a line parallel with the centre line of said street, and distant thereto forty (40) feet in a northwesterly direction.

That the lands and real estate and the appurtenances thereof required to be taken and appropriated for the said widening of Peace street as aforesaid, pursuant to the charter of the City of Plainfield and the general statutes in such case made and provided.

The land to be taken and the lines of Peace street as the same are hereinbefore ordered to be widened, are shown on a map on file with the City Clerk, entitled "Map showing Proposed Widening and Extension of Peace street from the C. R. R. of N. J., to Green Brook, City of Plainfield, N. J., July, 1891," made by F. A. Dunham, civil engineer and surveyor.

Adopted by the Common Council February 1, 1892.

Approved by the Mayor February 3, 1892.

A. GILBERT, Mayor.

Attest: F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

From $7.35.

AN ORDINANCE

To License Inns and Taverns and to Regulate and Prohibit the Sale of Spirituous and Fermentable Liquors.

The Inhabitants of the city of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. All licenses for the privilege to keep an inn and tavern within said city shall be in writing, and shall be signed by the person or persons applying for such license, and state the place for which a license is asked, and the place wherein the business is to be carried on, and be filed so, and a certificate shall be annexed thereto, signed by at least ten respectable citizens and freeholders of the said ward in which or whom shall reside within one thousand feet of the place proposed for such license, which shall be residents of the same ward in which the business is to be carried on, and who shall within one year thereto have signed any similar certificate, setting forth that they are known to them to be of good repute for honesty and temperance, and provided with at least a spare room with two beds for lodgers in addition to those for the family of the house, and sufficient stabling, shed and convenience for the accommodation of travelers, and that they believe the person named in such certificate is a suitable person to keep such inn and tavern within said ward, and that the public convenience requires that such license should be granted; which certificate shall be filed with the application for such license.

Section 2. Before any person or persons shall receive such license to keep an inn and tavern within said city, such person or persons shall become bound to the inhabitants of the city of Plainfield, in the sum of five hundred dollars as principal with two sufficient sureties, jointly and severally with said city, in the sum of fifty dollars each, to be taken before the Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of said county, or one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of said State, with condition following, to wit: "The condition of this recognizance is such that the above bounden A. B. is licensed to keep an inn and tavern within said city of Plainfield, and shall not suffer any person to game in his house, out-houses or premises, or suffer any person to remain drinking therein, or thereon, on the Sabbath day, commonly called Sunday, nor suffer any person to game in any out-house, yard or garden thereto belonging or appertaining, and shall not suffer any person to remain drinking therein after the hour of ten o'clock in the evening, and shall not suffer any person to remain drinking therein before the hour of five o'clock in the morning, and shall not suffer any disorderly conduct in his house or premises, and shall not suffer any person to remain drinking therein after he shall be forbidden so to do by his wife, parent, master, guardian or child, and shall not suffer any person to remain drinking therein who is known to be a habitual drunkard, and shall not suffer any person to remain drinking therein who is known to be a minor, without the consent of his parent or guardian, and shall not suffer any person to remain drinking therein who is known to be a servant, without the consent of his master or mistress, and shall not suffer any person to remain drinking therein who is known to be a soldier, without the consent of his commanding officer, and shall not suffer any person to remain drinking therein who is known to be a seaman, without the consent of his commander

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

MASS MEETING SUNDAY TO HELP THE WORKERS.

TO PROTEST AGAINST THE PROPOSED RACE-TRACK LEGISLATION.

Mayor Gilbert will Preside. — Ex-Mayor Randolph, Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh, Editor A. M Powell, Rev. Dr. Hurlbut and others will make Addresses.

In response to the circular sent out by the Rev. Dr. Kempshall in reference to the race track legislation, published in THE NEWS of yesterday, Mayor Gilbert has called a meeting to be held at Music Hall to-morrow afternoon at 4:15 o'clock for the purpose of entering the protests of the citizens of this city against such Legislation.

Mayor Gilbert will preside. Addresses will be made by ex-Mayor L. F. Randolph, Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh, Editor A. M. Powell, the Rev. Dr. J. L. Hurlbut and others.

Similar meetings will be held in every city in the State.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

Mr. Hugh Boyd will speak at the Mt. Pleasant school house to-morrow evening.

Monroe avenue chapel. Sunday-school at 3 p. m. Preaching at 8 p. m. by Mr. James McGee.

Prof. John Lane of New York will speak at Reform Hall to morrow evening at 7.45 o'clock.

Mr. F. H. Andrews will speak at the Memorial chapel at Washingtonville to-morrow evening.

The Bible and Workers Training Classes will meet as usual at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at 9.15 a. m.

The young men's meeting will be held as usual to-morrow at 4 p. m. in the Y. M. C. A. rooms. All men are welcome.

Church of the Holy Innocents (Episcopal, Dunellen) Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Church service at 3.30 p. m. Seats free.

Devotional services of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society every Sunday at Reform Hall at 9.15 a. m., and at 4 p. m.

Rev. Dr. Main general missionary secretary will preach at the Seventh Day Baptist church to-morrow at 10.30 a. m.

Services in the First Presbyterian church at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Rev. Charles X. Hutchinson will preach at both services.

Services at the church of the Heavenly Rest to-morrow will be morning prayer and sermon at eleven o'clock. Sunday-school at three o'clock.

Congregational church West Seventh street, Rev. C. L. Goodrich pastor. Morning worship at 10.30. Bible study at 2.45 p. m. Prayer meeting at at 4.30 p. m.

There will be the usual meetings in the W. C. T. U. rooms on Sunday at 9 a. m. and at 4 p. m. A praise service will be held this evening (Saturday) at 7.45 o'clock.

First Unitarian church, Second place. The pastor, Rev. Hobart Clark will preach. Services at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at 11.45 a. m. All seats free and the public cordially invited.

Tomorrow two services will be held in the German church on Craig place, North Plainfield, at 10.30 a. m. and at 8 o'clock p. m. Sunday-school at 9.15 a. m. Wednesday at 7.45 p. m., weekly service. All are welcome.

Services in the Park Avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Preaching by the Rev. E. D. Clough of Orange, N. J., at 10.30 a. m., and 7.45 p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. All are welcome. Seats free.

Park place chapel. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. by Bishop W. X. Ninde, D. D. At 3 p. m. a platform meeting with short addresses by ministers and laymen. Preaching and dedication of chapel by Bishop Ninde at 7.45 p. m.

Warren Union Mission. Sunday-school at 2.30, service of song at 7.30. Devotional service at 8 p. m. conducted by Mr. Sealy Ballard, Christian Endeavor meeting Tuesday evening at 8 p. m. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

In the Trinity Reformed church to-morrow the Rev. Dr. Cornelius Schenck, will preach at 10.30 and 7.30. In the evening he will preach the last of a series of sermons entitled "Important Bible Questions." Sabbath-school will meet at 2.30 p. m. A welcome to all.

Crescent avenue church Rev. Wm. R. Richards pastor. Services to-morrow at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday school at 2.30 p. m. By request the sermon recently preached on Joel 2: 25 will be repeated in the morning service. All seats free in the evening.

Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell, pastor. No church service either morning or evening. See notices in connection with Park place chapel. The Sunday-school will meet in Vincent chapel at 2.30 p. m. and the Epworth League at 7 p. m.

The Church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy rector. Celebration of the Holy Communion at 8.30 a. m. Sunday-school at 9.45 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. Evening song at 4.30 p. m. Being the second Sunday of the month there is special music at this service.

At the First Church of Christ to-morrow 10.30 a. m. exhortation; 11.45 a. m. the Lord's Supper; 2.30 p. m., Sunday-school. At 7.30 Elder B. W. Hand will preach. Subject selected. Ladies meeting every Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock. This body will hold meetings every evening during Lent Saturday's excepted.

Mrs. Augusta Woodruff of New York will lead the four o'clock meeting at Reform Hall to-morrow. There will also be a meeting on Wednesday next when a number of well known mission workers from Philadelphia and New York will speak of work in the slums of both cities. All made welcome both afternoon and evening.

Grace church, Rev. E. M. Rodman, rector. Feb. 14 Septuagesima Sunday. Early celebration of the Holy Communion 7.30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school 3 p. m. Evening prayer at 7.45 p. m. Sermon will be preached by Bishop Walker of North Dakota at the evening service, which will be in charge of the St. Andrew's Society.

First Baptist church—9.30 a. m., service of prayer for God's blessings upon the services of the day; 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. preaching by the Rev. D. J. Yerkes; 2.30 p. m., the Sunday-school and young men's Bible classes meet. Weekly appointments at 8 p. m. as follows: Monday, the Bible Normal class; Wednesday, the regular church prayer meeting; Friday, prayer meeting of the Young People's League. All, especially the young, are invited to these services.

WOMEN'S MOVEMENT TO DISCOURAGE PAUPERISM.

To Weed Out Those Who Won't Work, and Recompense Those Who Won't Shirk.

The members of the Temperance Aid Society have been considering and maturing plans to benefit worthy men, who from no fault of their own possibly, may need employment, and through the generous offer of Mr. E. H. Holmes, his woodyard has been opened to test the advisability of the project before any expense is incurred.

Each applicant presents a written order at the office properly endorsed by authorized signers in the Missions, Y. M. C. A., Relief Association, Reform Club, Father Smyth, or Mr. Vanderbeek and any of the churches and societies may avail themselves of the privilege whenever desired. No money is paid out for labor, but orders are filled by Miss Pray through the kind co-operation of the Board of the Relief Association for any household needs, such as provisions, coal, wood or garments. A record is being kept and thus far the plan is said to be very successful as a moral weeding machine, as well as a self help.

The idea has developed in a quiet way without any desire for extended publicity beyond the necessary channels of judiciously organized societies, and a report will be given to the public after the plan has been in operation long enough to form a correct basis for future consideration.

In this city of fine churches and costly homes it is thought by the ladies at the head of the movement that places are obtainable where without being forced to accept charity honest men can provide beyond for many families until there can secure steady work. We are requested to say that any one who desires to aid this work can do so by leaving an order for wood at No. 24 Madison avenue.

The Dedication of the Park Place Chapel To-morrow.

The new Methodist Episcopal chapel erected on the corner of Somerset street and Park Place will be dedicated to-morrow by Bishop Ninde, one of the most scholarly and eloquent ministers of the Methodist church. The Bishop will preach at 10.30 a. m. and 7.45 p. m. A platform meeting will be held at 3 p. m. with short addresses by ministers and laymen. There will be no preaching services in the church on Front street.

BREVITIES.

—The Borough Council will hold an adjourned meeting Tuesday evening.

—"Our Grab Bag" is the name of the next play advertised to be presented at Music Hall.

—The Hillside Tennis Club will give a reception in the club rooms on Thursday evening, Feb. 18th.

—Dr. A. F. Schauffer of New York will speak on Sunday-school work at the chapel of the Crescent avenue church on Monday evening, Feb. 15, at 8 p. m.

—The Plainfield team will play a game with the Bridgeport team at the Crescent Rink this evening at nine o'clock. The game promises to be very exciting.

—Tickets for the Damrosch Symphony Concert to be given in Music Hall March 8 will be on sale Monday as advertised elsewhere. There will doubtless be a great demand for them.

—This morning a colored woman employed in a hotel on North avenue became enraged at something a man named William Kenny said to her and gave him a whipping. No arrests were made.

—At about six o'clock last evening a young lady who was walking along West Front street slipped and fell on the icy pavement when near Madison avenue, but fortunately escaped serious injury.

—The "Solicitor" amused an audience which filled Music Hall last evening, when Dixey appeared in a more pretentious role than he has before essayed in Plainfield, and with general satisfaction, being also well supported by his company.

—For the convenience of their customers Van Emburgh & White have reserved one corner of their store where ladies will find a pleasant place to wait. They have furnished the room with easy chairs, rugs and desks, and writing materials are at the disposal of their customers. Tis something new for Plainfield and no doubt will be greatly appreciated by the ladies.

—Advertising pays when you advertise in the right place. Mr. Andrew Kenney had a safety bicycle taken from his house, presumably as a "joke." It was left in front of the depot and found by Policeman Lynch, who advertised the fact in THE NEWS cent-a-word column last evening. Mr. Kenney has his wheel again, which he never expected, at the cost of only a few cents.

A Course of Lectures.

Rev. Jas. F. Riggs will deliver a course of lectures at Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School on four Thursday afternoons in March, beginning March 3d.

The subjects of the lectures are: "Myths versus History," "Charles XII of Sweden," "The Sepoy Rebellion," and "The Crimean War." Mr. Riggs is well-known in Plainfield as a lecturer, and can always be depended upon to interest his audience. Tickets for the course are $1.50; single lectures, 50 cents.

NEW STREET RAILWAY

THE COMPRESSED AIR SYSTEM. ITS ADAPTABILITY TO OUR NEEDS.

Description of the Latest Street Railway Motor.—No Broken-down Horses and no Unsightly Poles and Wires.—Safe, Practicable and Economical.

Now that the Common Council have advertised for proposals for putting in a street railway in Plainfield, the long-suffering and patient residents of the suburbs of this garden spot of the earth are in a fair way to have their dream of rapid transit realized. This action of the Common Council will undoubtedly draw many promoters of street rail ways, good, bad and indifferent, to this city.

For the past six years compressed air has been successfully used in Europe as the motive power for street railways. At present it is successfully used in Nantes, France; in Nogent, near Paris; in Marseilles, and Berne, Switzerland, in all these places the results attained are reported to be most satisfactory.

In this country desultory attempts have been made from time to time to an experimental sort of way with unsatisfactory results, until the Mekarski system appeared in the field. This system is controlled by the Mekarski Advance Compressed Air Motor Company, a New York corporation. One of the cars of this company has been in use during the past two months on the lines of the Consolidated Street Railway Company, of Toledo, Ohio, a company which uses both electricity and horse power as motors, and so satisfactory have been the results obtained that the Consolidated Street Railway Company are preparing to put in a complete plant.

The car and truck used by the Wekarski system are similar to those in ordinary use, except that the body of the car is a few inches higher than other street cars, to permit of the air reservoirs being the street safely. The reservoirs are charged at a central power house, where the air compressors are located. These are two in number, placed side by side, and each driven by a horizontal steam engine, the piston rod of the steam engine extending on and through the cylinders of the air pumps. Engines developing 300 horse-power are sufficient to keep ten cars supplied by running under 75 pounds steam as many hours as the ten cars are on the line. The compression is practically the same as for other purposes, except perhaps that the air is heated by steam while passing into the reservoirs, of which there are two.

Entrance to the car is made at the rear, the front platform being reserved for the driver. Beneath the car, encased in sheet-iron, with side-doors, are the air-tanks, engines, and air-brakes, none of which are visible. The engines, two cylinders, eight in number, and are in two series, one of three, the other five, connected to the axle by a single crank. They are placed horizontally across the car, are made of ¾-inch steel, and each contains 90 cubic feet of air. They are tested to 1,500 pounds. The two engines each of two 10-inch cylinders, with eight-inch stroke and of 15-horse-power drive directly to the wheels of one axle, by many belts, perhaps that the driving wheels like a locomotive. The under frame of the car is of steel. The air-brakes, placed between the wheels, are very quick and effective, and are operated by two vertical cylinders, which raise the point of a V-shaped hinged joint, and lock the wheels instantly. In the front platform stands a tank of copper. It stands about 36 inches above the floor, and carries two gauges and the controlling valve. At the right is an ordinary lever for working the link motion—for setting a forward motion, reversing, or cutting a short stroke. One gauge shows the number of pounds reserve in the reservoirs, the other the pressure in the platform tank, which is the pressure on the engines; for the supply is regulated at will and must pass through this regulating tank on its way from storage tanks to engines. This equalizing tank is partly filled with hot water, which is charged at the power station while the storage tanks are receiving air. It is a passing of the air through the hot water which heats it sufficiently to overcome the low temperature to which otherwise would occur in the engines.

Those who have seen the car say that it is easily operated, rides smoothly and offers no objectionable features to the public or to horses on the street, that it is started and stopped with ease or fast-ever, and that a high speed is quickly attained. The air supplied practically make no noise in working, and the exhaust is so muffled that it is not noticeable under ordinary circumstances to detect it. The car will run from eight to nine miles without recharging, and is under perfect control. It is stated that in order that we may be sure to have the best, this scheme will be soon considering and given a trial, and its workings observed before the Common Council grant a franchise for a street railway in this city.

"AMERICA WILL DECAY"

THUS DECIDED AT ASSEMBLY HALL LAST EVENING.

Bright Young Minds in Debate—The High School Lyceum's First Public Appearance.

A large audience greeted the High School Lyceum at its first public appearance last evening in Assembly Hall.

The opening address was made by the president, John C. Spining, who gave a short history of the society and its aims. This was followed by a well delivered declamation, entitled "Kossuth," delivered by Robt. M. Clark.

A debate was then begun on the question—

Resolved, That America will decay as the great nations of antiquity have done.

Chas. E. Scudder and S. Clinton Crane, for the affirmative, and Oscar A. Campbell and Chas. B. Fernald, for the negative side.

The board of judges was composed of Rev. Dr. Ketcham, Dr. Probasco, Vice Principal Hunt, and Mr. Franklin Smith. The question was well argued. The debaters showed ease in the delivering of their arguments. The second on the negative, Chas. Fernald, deserves mention for the forcible and well-chosen language he used.

All the debaters received marked applause.

While the judges had "gone into the dark-room to develop" a quartette composed of Misses Anglemyer, Theresa Blair, Arthur Serrell and Alfred Kellner, entertained the audience with singing.

The judges rendered their decision in favor of the affirmative, and the assemblage were unanimously and cheerfully agreed that the affair was a decided success.

PERSONAL.

Master Artie Levy of New York is visiting his sister, Mrs. I. H. Bloehm, of West Front street.

Miss Lulu Kerwin of Dobbs Ferry, New York, is visiting her sister, Mrs. E. J. Harding, of West Third street.

The Rev. Dr. J. L. Hurlbut at the Monroe avenue chapel last evening delivered an highly interesting and instructive lecture on "The Lands of the Old Testament History.

A Fancy Dress Sociable was given in honor of Miss Regenia Nash' of 22 Pros. pect avenue, last evening by Miss Annie Marshal, Miss Ada Wagner and Miss Hattie Putnam. Dancing, singing and games were enjoyed. Mrs. Buckley presided at the piano. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Rockefellow, Miss Fay Dodge, Miss F. Ford, Miss Emma Teller, Miss Coddington, Miss Annie Kingston, Miss Belle Bowman and Messrs. Wm. Abbott, Adam Leal, Arthur Adams, Elmer Taynor and William Sutphen.

Francis Bartels, a well-known clockmaker, died at his home near this city Thursday. He was born in Leidenberg, Germany, in 1836, and came to this country about forty years ago. In 1856 he entered the clock manufacturing business in Newark, near Duane street, New York. He leaves a wife, three sons and one daughter. Mr. Bartels recently repaired the town clock and it has been in good order since, although it for years baffled the skill of other clockmakers. A younger brother died in Brooklyn two days ago.

—Edsall says his new Spring carpets are now arriving, and in a few days he will exhibit the largest and handsomest stock of these goods that he has ever shown. See advertisement.

The profit of the grocer is in the cheap oatmeals.

H-O.

The profit to you is in Hornby's Oats.

Is the best any too good for you?

THE U. S. GRANT CLUB

CELEBRATES LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY ANNIVERSARY.

North Plainfield Republicans Honor the Occasion Appropriately—An Eloquent Address by Mayor Place.

There was a goodly attendance at the meeting held at U. S. Grant Republican Club Headquarters, Spencer's Hall, North Plainfield, last evening.

The meeting was called to order by Secretary Spencer, when Hon. Chas. Place was chosen chairman.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—A. M. Fountain.

First Vice President—Harrison Coddington.

Second Vice President—L. B. Woolston.

Secretary—Horace J. Martin.

Treasurer—H. N. Spencer.

Mayor Place was introduced and said that while this was the 83-1 anniversary of the immortal Lincoln's birthday, it was not, but should and undoubtedly would be a National holiday in the near future. He followed him from his birthplace, the old log cabin, to the highest position in the gift of the people of this great nation.

He quoted extracts from Lincoln's speeches which were, on all occasions, brief and comprehensive, his address at the dedication of the Gettysburg National cemetery, being one of the grandest tributes ever paid to the men who gave up their lives on that field, that the country might live. It seems impossible for us to comprehend the value of the work he did for the American people of to-day and future generations.

Those among us who know from personal experience, something of the peril and agony of four long years of war, in which the nation struggled to maintain its life, are better fitted to estimate the worth of that grand, heroic man, who, hating war, and loving peace, never swerved from the path of duty, and did this that the Union might be preserved.

A free Nation of 65,000,000 people should be a country's flag flung to the breeze on the anniversary of his birth, as an indication of the honor in which every genuine American holds his name.

The Eclipse Quartet—Messrs. Joe Martin, Elias Southard, Calvin Sutton and Robt. Schlereth—sang several selections, interspersed with instrumental music by Chas. Spencer on his old violoncello, and his son, Harry Spencer, with guitar.

Germans Enjoy Themselves.

The newly-elected officers of the Plainfield Gesang and Turn Verein gave the members of the Society a reception at their hall last evening.

Addresses were made by President Patrick Dressell, M. Steinmeyer and Vice President Mr. H. Klinsmann, R. Wiedemeier and H. Duderstadt delivered recitations. Prof. Gerhard Wahle rendered several solos, Mr. Jacob Keller commanded a salomander, and Mr. Henry Baurand, Chairman of the Masquerade Ball Committee, commanded a maskenball Salomander entitled, *"Ihr da sitzt a Fliege an der Wand."*

Mrs. Kropne, Mrs. Bender, Mrs. Otto, Mrs. Chr. Keller and Mrs. M enzenbach served the supper.

The affair was very enjoyable throughout.

Injured in a Runaway Accident.

At about five o'clock yesterday afternoon, a team of horses belonging to Wilkman Wm. V. Steele of Pennwood ran away at Westfield. Mr. Steele was thrown out and struck his head on the curb. Two deep cuts were made and, a physician dressed them and he was taken to his home in a carriage.

Trains Delayed.

All the trains on the Central Railroad were delayed this morning on account of the coal trains. Owing to the cold weather the engines were unable to make steam fast enough to run on time.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Reading Stock Drops.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13, (Special.)—Excitement in the anthracite coal stocks was renewed at the opening of business at the Stock Exchange this morning. The trading again reached colossal proportions, and sharp fluctuations were recorded. Reading stock dropped to 36.

A Warm Wave Coming.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13, (Special.)—The weather will grow warmer from to-night till to-morrow.

AMUSEMENTS

POLO! POLO!!

AT CRESCENT RINK.

Saturday, Feb. 13th,

Jersey City vs. Plainfield

Game called at 8.45.

RINK HEATED BY STEAM.

Good Music.

93 J. W. ALLEN, Manager.

MUSIC HALL!

ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY!

One Merry Night.

Monday, Feb. 15th.

First appearance in Plainfield in several seasons of the

MONARCHS OF MELO-FACE COMEDY,

MESTAYER'S TOURISTS.

Presenting Jolly W. A. Mestayer and Charming Theresa Vaughn, accompanied by a select coterie of laugh provokers in the latest and greatest mirth provoker,

OUR GRAB BAG.

The keenest, brightest and broadest farcical comedy extant.

Better than "The Tourists in a P. P. C." or "Wa, Us & Co."

TICKETS FOR THE

DAMROSCH

Symphony Concert to be given in

MUSIC HALL!

on

Tuesday, March 8th,

Will be on sale at the Central Pharmacy, Monday, February 15th.

PRICES—$5 Cents to $1.50.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A YOUNG girl will work as cook in small family, or as upstairs girl and seamstress. Address "Y. B." care of EVENING NEWS

IF you need a position advertise in this column and let it be known

SITUATION wanted—By a young lady as stenographer and typewriter; copies or light bookkeeper, also good writer. Address 113 Emmons street, North Plainfield, N. J.

WANTED—Work by the day, by a seamstress. Address "Work," care EVENING NEWS. 13 2

HELP WANTED.

MAN wanted to work about house, garden and barn. Two cows to be cared for. Provide his own meals and lodgings. Address "W," care of EVENING NEWS 13 1

SALESMEN—Energetic men wanted. Free prepaid outfit. One of our agents has earned over $20,000 in five years. P. O. Box 1971, New York. 13 2

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Address "Help," care of EVENING NEWS 13 2

WANTED—Colored woman, with first-class references, for general housework, where man assists Lock Box 784.

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Apply at 16 Franklin place. 2 12f

WHEN you wish to secure help, put an advertisement in this column

FOR SALE.

A TEN room house, with all improvements for sale at 10 Westervelt avenue, $4,250. Address Rider & Co., agents, or call at 16 East Front street. 2 11tf

$6500 will buy large house, modern improvements, barn, 69 Albert street. Rider & Co., agents, 13 East Front street, city. 1-12tf

FOR RENT—$45 per month. Large house and barn. Modern improvements. Agents, 13 East Front street. 2 12tf

FOR SALE—At a bargain. A modern house of thirteen rooms. Only twelve minutes walk from Plainfield station. Apply to Evan Davis.

FOR SALE—A $100 Yost typewriter. Has had but little work and will be sold at a market reduction. Address 1 West Fifth street. 2 9tf

FOR SALE—At a bargain. A ten room house; all improvements. $4,000. 24 Westervelt avenue. For particulars see agent. 2 11tf

HOUSE for sale, cheap No improvements. At 95 Westervelt avenue, North Plainfield. Further information given by I. F. Riker, 13 East Front street, or by addressing Riker & Co., real estate agents, city.

HORSES and covered wagons for sale. Inquire at office of C. Schepflin & Co., 72 West Front street. 13 29

LARGE boarding house in a city of over 100,000 population, and in a first-class location, full of good paying boarders, will be sold cheap. Owner's health impaired, failing health is the cause of selling. The house is completely furnished. For further particulars and terms address "G," care of EVENING NEWS. 6 4 eod

HAVE you a house for sale or to rent? Try advertising it in this column

JERSEY cows for sale. Cows registered. The choicest lot. Also good cow. Address J. H. Perine, Raritan, N. J. 11 3

PROPERTY for sale. All bargains. 118 Richmond street, Plainfield; 35 Westervelt avenue; 24 Richmond street, Plainfield. Riker & Co., agents. 2 10tf

THINK OF IT! A nine acre farm, right along the Fort Reading Railroad, with large house and barn, for sale at $4,000 in thorough order for $4,000, if bought at once. This is the chance of a life time for anyone wanting a nice farm. Address "R" care of EVENING NEWS. 2-9-eodtf

FOR RENT.

A HOUSE of five rooms to let. Inquire at 197 Somerset street. 12 2

A LARGE power hose-mill for sale. It will also grind corn and cob. Also one small half horse power engine for sale. At Schenck's Machine shop.

FOR RENT or for sale. A Fine house at 5 La Grande avenue. Will rent low or sell cheap. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2-12-4f

FOR RENT—Ten room house at No. 24 Park Place avenue. Pleasantly located and all improvements. $30 per month. 1 11tf

FOUR room house to rent. $8 month. Small Richmond street. Rider & Co., agents, or call at 13 East Front street. 11 6

ONLY $15 A MONTH—An eight-room house with all modern conveniences, fruit trees and grapes. Occupancy at once. 66 Manning avenue. Key for back entrance at No 70. tf

TO LET—Furnished house of thirteen rooms, twelve minutes from Plainfield station. $900 per year. Apply to Evan Davis.

TEN room house at 21 Westervelt avenue, North Plainfield, all improvements, for rent, $450 year. Riker & Co., agents. 2 12tf

THE office at No. 5 East Front street is for rent. It is a splendid location for a lawyer. Lots of room. M. M. Dunham, agent 2 12tf

LOST AND FOUND.

A SMALL sum of money was found near Somerset street and Park avenue, which owner can have by calling at this office and identifying property. 13 2*

FOR EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—Choice lot—145x300, for carriage for small house. Apply c Evan Davis.

ONE OF THE BEST

Fitting and best wearing shoes for the money, is our Ladies Genuine Dongola Button Shoe, Price $1.50, common sense and opera toe, width C D & E.

We do not make much on these goods, but we sell them nevertheless. That's the Difference.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

DEATHS.

BARTELS—In North Plainfield, Feb. 10th, 1892, Francis Bartels, aged 67 years, five months, 15 days.

Funeral services at his late residence on the mountain, near French's mill, Sunday, Feb. 14th, at 1 p. m. *Rev.*

SMITH—In North Plainfield, Joseph Y. Smith, died Feb. 13th 1892, aged 11 months, 15 days.

Friends and relatives are invited to attend his funeral from his parents residence, 16 Wilson avenue, North Plainfield, Sunday, Feb. 14th 1892 at 2 p m. Interment in St. Mary's cemetery.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Dr. Willis Cummings reports that he has treated nearly 100 consecutive cases of pneumonia without the use of alcohol and did not lose one of the patients.

Parson Dill was tried, of all places in the world, in New Jersey, for being too attentive to the ladies. One of the accusations brought against him was that he had gone down on his knees to some of the girls. It looked bad for the parson till an aged brother brought the other presbyters all up in a heap by asking those among them who had never in their lives been on their knees to a girl to rise. Not a minister left his seat. They looked at one another sheepishly for a minute or so and then burst into laughter. "So much for that being anything against a man," quoth the aged brother. This, coming from New Jersey, is very shocking.

Catching Men.

Lady journalists, the most emancipated of them, do not appear to write quite like men. It is not likely they will do so, at least not in our time. It is not desirable they should, the lady journalists will answer, which may be quite true. Still, by way of a general observation, one may remark that news paper men, as a rule give two-thirds of their space to the subject of getting wives. They are ungallant enough, probably, to consider that the topic is not worth so much space, and that wives can be got in plenty without going into the newspapers about them.

With women it seems to be different. The lady writer asks for the industrial emancipation of women. She demands equal wages; she talks at times as if women were already on the high road to self support, and yet everlastingly she comes back to the same topic of how best can woman catch a husband. If husband hunting is the end all and the be all of woman's existence still, as it was in the days before the sex was emancipated, what was the use of emancipation at all? Women might as well bow to go gunning for men even in the old days of bondage. A noted woman writer, whom one would expect to be advising her sex how to improve their health, intellects, or at the very least how to get on in breadwinning occupations, gave a whole newspaper column recently to telling girls what kind of young ladies were the most apt to get husbands. This may be the proper thing, of course. It shows, however, that it is hard for women to divest themselves of the sex idea even in their breadwinning employments, much harder than for men.

Outgrowing the Food Supply.

Prognosticators rather lugubrious are pronounced in regard to the future of the food supply of the United States. With an addition of 1,500,000 a year to our population in less than eight years, all the additional arable land of the United States will be taken up. Then what shall we do for food to eat? ask the prophets of evil. There is one answer to their question that apparently none of them have thought of, and that is—eat less. One of the greatest of British physicians said, one-fourth of what we eat keeps us; the other three-fourths we keep at risk of our lives. If this estimate is true, then in following the doctor's suggestion we provide with our present supply sufficient food for three times as many people as we have now.

But there is another factor which the prophets of evil do not take into consideration that offers a far more agreeable solution than feeding hygienically, eating a quarter as much and living longer. This is intensive farming, the producing of three and fourfold our present crops upon the same ground. French farmers have already compassed this result. So have those of Great Britain, to some extent. We, too, must come to this alternative.

The chemical progress we have already made in this direction is alluded to in a paper written by Julian Hawthorne for Lippincott's. Mr. Hawthorne sketches slightly the great work begun by the United States agricultural department. Of one branch, the state agricultural experiment stations, it is said:

> Some of the stations are experimenting with household articles; commercial fertilizers others are seeking means to restore fertility to worn out lands; others are making up the subject of fruits and vegetables; others, again, admit the raising and feeding of fowls, or experimenting in the feeding of animals, or their diseases, or the remedies therefor. In states where there is a large cotton production is given prominence to the investigations, as to the best method of cultivating and making it to the best advantage; there and there a station devotes itself mainly to poultry raising or to dairying.

It is the policy of the stations to institute experiments among farmers on their own farms, and to distribute for scientific purposes. This tends to make each farmer a force in the community. The stations become the agricultural centers. They are the associations where the members consult with each other and with the experts. Jersey farmer lately declared that knowledge of the fact that his soil lacked potash which he had learned through the neighboring station had been an immediate gain to him of $500. In North Carolina, an increase of 14 per cent. in the quality of commercial fertilizers sold in the state is due to the work of the local station. In Wisconsin, the experiments in pig feeding have been of astonishingly value. Nowhere, in short, have the stations failed to pay for themselves hundreds of times over, either directly or indirectly; and it is significant of the general perception of American farmers of the value of the stations, that no state which has established a station has ever abandoned it. On the contrary, they have steadily increased the pecuniary support afforded them, until now it amounts to hundreds of thousands of dollars.

ETHEL OSBORNE'S TRIAL

The Unfortunate Woman Committed for Trial for Perjury.

A MOST AFFECTING SCENE IN COURT.

Mrs. Hargreaves Kisses the Sobbing Prisoner and Says She Forgives Her—The Spectators Cheer and Weep and Even the Gruff Old Judge Wipes His Eyes.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—There was hardly standing room left for a skeleton in the Bow street police court when the case of Mrs. Florence Ethel Osborne, charged with having committed perjury during the trial of her suit for slander against Mrs. Hargreaves, was called before Sir John Bridges, the presiding magistrate.

Mrs. Osborne, the wife of a captain in the army, it will be remembered, was shopping during the summer of 1890, at Torquay, with her friend Mrs. Hargreaves, the wife of Major Hargreaves, and while at the place mentioned some valuable pearls, belonging to the lady last mentioned, were missed from the bedroom she occupied. Mrs. Osborne had access to this room, and was aware of the fact that Mrs. Hargreaves kept her jewels in a certain hiding place in the floor. The jewels disappeared, and diligent search failed to recover them. In time rumors concerning Mrs. Osborne with the theft were circulated, and she brought suit for slander against Mrs. Hargreaves. As all the parties were prominent in society the case attracted widespread attention.

During the trial of the suit Mrs. Osborne made a number of assertions under oath which were subsequently proven to be untrue. This was also interrupted by the production of evidence that Mrs. Osborne beyond a possibility of a doubt had really stolen the missing Hargreaves jewels, which were valued at £5,000. Mrs. Osborne fled to France, from which country she recently returned and surrendered herself to the police.

Mrs. Osborne, who was dressed in mourning, was deadly pale and has evidently wasted away considerably since her arrest. She trembled violently on the dock and was so deeply agitated that she would have fallen to the floor had it not been for the support she received from her husband. Captain Osborne, after having led his unfortunate wife into the dock, took his stand so close to it that he could support and comfort her although not much as if he had really been beside her.

Mrs. Hargreaves in Tears.

Mr. Gill then read the evidence furnished by Mrs. Osborne in the action referred to, saying that he should, in order to prove his case of perjury, upon the sworn statements made by the prosecutor to the effect that she had not been in London at the time the mysterious lady, so closely resembling her, sold the stolen jewels to Spink & Sons; that she had not indorsed checks under the name of "Alice Price" that she had never seen Pearce, one of the witnesses for Mrs. Hargreaves in her suit against that lady; that she did not go out of the house on certain dates, and that she had never heard the names of Spink & Sons mentioned.

Mrs. Hargreaves was then called to the stand and in full she gave an account of the loss of the famous jewels. Continuing, Mrs. Hargreaves said that all her property had since been restored and that all expenses of the trial had been refunded, and that she had nothing but a feeling of great sympathy for the prisoner and a strong hope that the matter would not be pressed against her unfortunate friend.

The witness then said with tears in her eyes that she had visited Mrs. Osborne in Holloway jail, and explained that her motive for holding out was simply one of sincere commiseration with the prisoner in the sad trouble in which she found herself.

Mrs. Hargreaves during the delivery of the latter part of Mrs. Hargreaves' testimony, sobbed so bitterly and violently and was evidently so much distressed that several other ladies in the courtroom burst into tears and one lady was carried out in a dead faint, utterly overcome by the emotion occasioned by the scene. While Mrs. Osborne was weeping for the latest incident was constantly soothing her, pressing her hand, whispering words of comfort in her ear and in every way trying his utmost to help her to bear up.

A Pathetic Scene in Court.

The climax was reached when Mrs. Hargreaves, at the conclusion of her testimony, stepped down from the witness stand, blinded with tears, and quickly stepped up to the unhappy lady in the prisoner's dock and, clasping her hand, kissed her warmly about hands with Captain Osborne. Then, as if by magic, a roar of applause swept over that dingy old courtroom, causing Sir John Bridges to rap sharply with his feet and exclaim in most emphatic tones, "Silence, or I will order the court to be cleared."

But that burst of sympathy for an unhappy lady, crushed beneath a load of troubles, a woman about to become a mother, evidently touched a generous spot in many a heart, for even old Sir John Bridges, the veteran of veteran police magistrates, is said to have been compelled to wipe a tear from his eye, while even the solemn notices to grow very red in the face, and to have blown his nose vigorously with a huge red silk handkerchief.

In answer to Sir John Bridges' gentle inquiry as to whether the prisoner had anything to say, Mrs. Osborne burst out in a torrent of tears, during which she was heard to sob out, "I have nothing to say."

Led Back to Jail.

Sir John Bridges then said that he was in sympathy with Mrs. Hargreaves and with the family of the unfortunate prisoner, and that while he was desirous of tempering justice to the utmost degree with mercy, he would not be doing his duty unless he committed Mrs. Osborne for trial.

There was a very affecting scene as the unfortunate prisoner was almost carried, half fainting and sobbing violently from the courtroom, her husband being as affectionate and as attentive to her then and through the ordeal of the prison as he had been from the first moment his wife was placed in such an inenviable light before the public. Mrs. Osborne, accompanied by her husband and escorted by an inspector of police, was then taken back in a cab to Holloway jail, where she was again assigned to a cell in the infirmary of that institution. Mrs. Osborne will be tried shortly in the central criminal court, Old Bailey.

A Charred Leg and Foot Found.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—The charred remains of a woman's leg and foot have been found in the debris of the Hotel Royal, and it is believed to be the remains of another victim—the eighteenth.

Rev. Mr. Spaulding Dead.

PEABODY, Mass., Feb. 13.—The Rev. Willard Spaulding died suddenly on his farm at West Peabody, aged seventy years.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS.

Republicans Gains in New York State Elections—More Mill Delegates Elected.

ALBANY, Feb. 13.—The results of the supervisor elections of Tuesday show that in twenty counties 253 supervisors were chosen. Of these 248 are Republicans and 114 Democrats. At the 1891 elections 109 Republicans and 105 Democrats were chosen.

The Republican majority of 56 in 1891 was increased to 194. Fifteen counties report Republican gains: Broome, five supervisors; Chemung, four; Cortland, nine; Catteraugus, one; Delaware, one; Franklin, four; Herkimer, two; Madison, four; Montgomery, two; Onondaga, eight; Steuben, eight; Schoharie, three; St. Lawrence, one; Tioga, three; Washington, two.

Two counties made Democratic gains—Chemung, four; Schuyler, four. Three counties made no change—Otsego, Putnam and Seneca.

Small but Enthusiastic.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 13.—The Criterion theater was the place where the independent Democrats of Brooklyn gathered last night in their winter convention of the Democratic state committee. When A. Augustus Healy, the chairman, opened the meeting there were just forty-five people in the balconies, seven in the private boxes and 150 in the orchestra. The small audience, however, was enthusiastic, and Mr. Healy's scathing rebuke of Hill was cheered at every point. Resolutions similar to those adopted at the big New York meeting were adopted.

In Favor of Hill for President.

ROCHESTER, Feb. 13.—The Third assembly Democratic convention for Monroe came out openly in favor of Senator Hill for president, and the delegates instructed to vote for only such delegates to the national convention as are in favor of Senator David B. Hill for the nomination for president of the United States. The convention also passed a resolution approving the action of the state committee in not appointing an early date for the state convention.

Indiana's Republican League.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 13.—The Indiana Republican league is here. About 200 delegates were present, and steps were taken to extend the organization, which had 91,000 members in 1888, but now has less than 25,000. The league proposes to make an aggressive campaign this year and also to establish a space of seven and cover every part of the state with its speakers. The members are expressedly in favor of the tariff as the campaign issue.

For Hill All the Time.

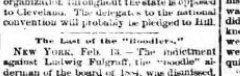
LAURENS, N. Y., Feb. 14.—The First district assembly convention for Otsego county elected W. H. Parker, Edward King and Peter Barton as delegates to the state convention, and ringing resolutions were unanimously passed indorsing the candidacy of David B. Hill for president. The delegates elected were instructed to vote for Hill first, last and all the time.

Florida for Hill.

JACKSONVILLE, Feb. 13.—The state committee is largely in favor of Hill, and party organization is thought in the state is opposed to Cleveland. The delegates to the national convention will probably be pledged to Hill.

The Last of the "Boodlers."

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—The indictment against Ludwig Fulgraff, the "boodle" alderman of the Tenth ward, was dismissed. Fulgraff, who is in St. Paul, is the last of the boodlers. It was he who, with Michael Daffy, turned state's evidence and thereby escaped trial.



In Fashionable Black.

SIMPLE AND RICH.

Here is a fashionable black velvet gown with a bodice which is plain at the back, but slightly draped in front. The trimming is of jet, arranged as designed, and the gown is simply perfect in its severe simplicity.

CLOTH CAPES.

The Fashion for the Coming Spring—Furs to be Discarded.

Cloth capes to be worn with spring dresses just reach below the waist, and are gathered full under a deep collar, or two or three shoulder capes superposed. They are edged with a bias fold of velvet or of ribbed silk, and slight braiding or passementerie. Silk moss trimming that gives the effect of fur will also be used on such capes, while on others the edges of the cloth are merely cut smoothly and left raw. Very dressy cloth capes have a large, box-plaited ruff of velvet or of Mosscovite silk around the neck; they have also a short yoke of velvet, from which droops a full wide frill of the same, or of Gouge lace. A bow of ribbon with long ends is tied in front. Evening wraps of light blue, gray, or violet cloth are made in the way just described, and there are triple capes of bengaline similarly fashioned. When black bengaline is used, the berthe-like frill or lace is made of the effective black guipure de Venise lace, which is so open in pattern and so soft that it is sometimes called chiffon or rag lace.—Harper's Bazar.

DRIFTING INTO MYSTERY

Some One Is Not Telling the Truth in the Harris Case.

PETERSEN'S STORY UNDER HOT FIRE

The Condemned Man Corroborates It, Miss Meeker Denies It, Harris Reiterates Its Truthfulness and Miss Meeker's Friends Denounce It as a Falsehood.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—An air of mystery begins to surround the case of Carlyle W. Harris, under sentence of death for poisoning his girl wife, Helen Potts.

A reporter visited the condemned man at the Tombs prison, and asked him by note if he knew Carl Petersen, of Chicago, who alleges that Miss Potts smoked morphine for her complexion. He sent this answer: "I remember the gentleman perfectly, and to the best of my knowledge all he says is true. He was an intimate friend of my wife's friend, Miss Meeker, so Helen knew him better than I. No one could be in a better position to speak of the affection between Helen and myself, because we were all together only a few weeks before she died. It is to be hoped that the truth of this terrible tragedy will be proved. Sincerely, Harris."

Corroborated by Harris.

Harris underlined the word "truth" and the keeper said that he seemed much pleased at the news from Chicago and had been more cheerful since reading it than he had been at any time since he had been sentenced to death for the murder of his unacknowledged schoolgirl wife, Helen Neilson Potts.

Carl Petersen called on Miss Mollie Meeker at 316 West Nineteenth street. He found her on the point of going out for a walk. She is a tall, young girl, with brown hair and eyes and pleasant features.

"Have you read the story from Chicago about Carl Petersen and Carlyle W. Harris and Miss Potts and yourself?" he asked her.

"Yes," she replied, "I have read it."

"Were you engaged to be married to Carl Petersen?"

"No," said Miss Meeker, "I was not only not engaged to be married to him, but I never even met such a person."

"Are you sure of that? Remember, the life of young Harris is at stake. If Carl Petersen's story is true it will probably save Harris' life. Are you sure that you never knew Carl Petersen?"

Denied by Miss Meeker.

"Not only that," replied Miss Meeker, "but I never even heard of him. I was never more surprised than when I read that he said I had been engaged to him. It is a very strange thing it seems to me that this man Petersen, if there is such a person, did not come forward while Carlyle Harris was being tried for his life."

"Do you know Carlyle Harris?" I inquired.

"Very slightly," answered Miss Meeker. "I met him at the house of my friend Mrs. Potts, whose wife—and, of course, I did not know she was his wife. I thought, as everybody else did, that they were just friends. My mother knew Mrs. Potts, Helen's mother, very well, and in that way I knew Helen. We were friends, and she used to call on me quite often in this house."

"Did you ever hear of her using morphine for her complexion?" I asked.

"Never," answered Miss Meeker, promptly. "I never heard of her using morphine or anything else for her complexion."

She was a very dark complexioned girl. Her eyes were remarkably black. Her skin was a clear olive. She did not need anything for her complexion.

The reporter read to Miss Meeker the note he had received from Harris at the Tombs, emphasizing the words, "We did were together only a few weeks before she died," and explaining that "we all" referred to Petersen, Miss Meeker, Miss Potts and Harris.

"That is not true," said Miss Meeker. "We certainly were not together. We could not have been. I never heard of such a person as Carl Petersen."

"Nor of any one whose name sounds like that?"

"Never," was Miss Meeker's reply.

Harris Still Sticks to It.

The reporter hurried back to the Tombs and sent a card to Carlyle Harris, on which was written: Who and what is Carl Petersen? Where did he live in New York? Who else knows him? Do you know whether he was engaged to marry Miss Mollie Meeker?

This is his answer:

Everything that Mr. Petersen says is entirely true. He was boarding (I think) at 209 West Twenty-ninth, in the house with Miss M. My wife visited there and I went to the theater, etc., together. Mr. P. is, as far as I know, entirely truthful. I have no friend in Chicago now since poor Lizzie died. I hope he may hold the key to this sad mystery. Yours, etc.,

CARLYLE HARRIS.

Who tells the truth? Is it possible that Carl Petersen is an assumed name? Can it be that he is some one who has been known to Miss Meeker and her mother by another name?

The Story Denounced as a Lie.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Feb. 13.—The story telegraphed from Chicago by Carl Petersen, an alleged intimate friend of Carlyle W. Harris, convicted of murdering his wife Helen Potts Harris, in which Petersen claimed that the deceased woman was habitually a morphine eater, was positively denied by members of the dead girl's family, and also by the family of Miss Mollie Meeker, to whom Carl Petersen claimed he loved both girls. None of them ever heard Petersen. None of the druggists here ever filled morphine prescriptions for Harris girls, and physicians who knew her from childhood said that Petersen's claim that she used morphine was preposterous, and unquestionably false.

Hagan Succeeds Maynard.

ALBANY, Feb. 13.—Attorney General Rosendale appointed Second Deputy John W. Hagan to fill the vacancy made by the resignation of Judge Maynard in the first deputyship. John D. McMahon, the third deputy, was appointed to succeed Mr. Hagan.

He Beat the World's Record.

BATH, Me., Feb. 13.—William Cochrane, weighing only 120 pounds, has in public beaten the world's record by putting up a two-hand dumbbell from shoulder to arm's length above his head twenty-seven times in succession.

Higgins' Family Wants His Body.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Application has been made to the state department by the family of Frank Higgins, killed by the Valparaiso mob, to have his body recovered from Chili.

Was Von Hafford Assassinated?

PARIS, Feb. 13.—There is a rumor here that the Russian general, Von Hafford, who was reported to have committed suicide at the Hotel de Louvre, was really shot by nihilists.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

The Bill for the Relief of Aquilla Jones Passed the House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The session of the house was devoted to the further consideration of the Military academy appropriation bill, which was concluded.

Private bills for the relief of Louisa Q. Lovell and Aquilla Jones were passed, the latter giving rise to wide debate, the Democrats being divided upon the question of reimbursing a postmaster for money stolen in view of their well known policy of retrenchment.

The People's party in the house of representatives has joined with the free coinage people in demanding the prompt consideration of the Bland bill. In a separate petition, addressed to the speaker as chairman of the committee on rules, the nine regular People's party representatives petition the committee on rules to set an early day for the consideration of the Bland free coinage bill. This petition is independent of the one circulated by the free coinage members of the committee on coinage, weights and measures, and is intended as the official utterance of the People's party as represented in the house.

The Dedication Will Be Free.

CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—No admission fee will be charged to witness the ceremonies of dedicating the World's fair buildings next October. This decision was reached today by the two committees that have been working for months in preparing a programme for the dedication exercises, which they completed. This programme is for the dedicating day only, Oct. 12, 1892, and does not include any of the great events that are to proceed and follow the dedicatory exercises proper.

Cardinal Melchers Dying.

BERLIN, Feb. 13.—Cardinal Paul Melchers is dying. He was born at Munster, Germany, in 1813, and created cardinal in 1885. Appointed archbishop of Cologne in 1886 he distinguished himself by his opposition to the anti-Catholic May laws, and was condemned to imprisonment and finally banished. He took refuge in Holland, where he remained until the decree was revoked.

O. M. DUNHAM,
46 West Front Street.
Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,
WINTER CAPS, ETC.
Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

A NEW STYLE
OF
DERBY
Out TO-DAY, at the store of
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.

Gold MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
W. BAKER & Co.'s
Breakfast
Cocoa
from which the excess of oil has been removed, is
Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.
No Chemicals
are used in its preparation. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

C. DICKINSON
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER
has a full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY
PRESENTS
Also Gold Bow Spectacles and Eye Glasses. First class mounted Spectacles.
13 PARK AVE
Do not forget the number.

DON'T FORGET
In making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for your self
CUSTOM MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LINBARGER'S, the Tailor,
30. 30 PARK AVENUE,
at the same price as you would pay the where for ready made garments
[illegible] I GUARANTEE a fit.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."
BEECHAM'S
PILLS
For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fullness after meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c.
The first dose will give relief in twenty minutes.
This is a guarantee. Every box of Beecham's Pills has a fac-simile of our signature on the white label. Without it none are genuine.
Of all druggists. Price 25c. cents a box.
B. F. ALLEN CO., Sole Agents for the United States, 365 Canal St., New York City.

We have a new line of
Skates and Sleds
Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of
Musical Instruments
and Sporting Goods.
A. M. Vanderbeek,
33 PARK AVENUE.

Woman's Exchange
AND INDUSTRIAL UNION
73 Park Avenue.
HOME MADE
—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—
FRESH EVERY DAY.

THE BEE HIVE
Men's Unlaundried Shirts. The "Prize." A quality, good linen bosom, heavy muslin, reinforced front and double back..... 50c.
The "Pride," B quality, made of best muslin and fine linen bosom, the best shirt in the world..... 69c.
Boys' "Pride" shirts..... 45c.
Youths' "Pride," shirts, this same shirt can only be obtained at the "Bee Hive" in Plainfield..... 69c.
Louis Callman.
40 WEST FRONT STREET

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 20.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service
Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Heating Stoves,
OTHELLO RANGES,
FURNACES
and
Fire Place Heaters!
FURNACE WORK,
WATER-PIPING,
PLUMBING,
A. M. GRIFFEN,
Telephone Call No. 6. 18 East Front Street

"The Very Best"
is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction, and is the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.
But you can. Come to my store for the Latest and Cheapest Notions, Trimmings, Embroidery silks, and stamped linen goods.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

50c. a Bottle
for
EMULSION
of
COD LIVER OIL
with HYPOPHOSPHITES,
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
No. 80 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."
BEECHAM'S
PILLS
(Duplicate of above)

DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES,
CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM,
FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic Diseases generally.
Consultation Free
62 East Second street, corner Washington.

NOTICE!
I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my
Liberty Street Market
where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices
GOOD :- MEAT!
Of all kinds.
Charles Arnold,
21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!
By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST
store of
MERCHANT AND BRIARWOOD PIPES,
Holders and Cigars for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
CIGAR STORE,
18 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.
The most complete machinery are ever employed by improper laundering. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.
H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

SAVE FIFTY PER CENT.
For the purpose of advertising more extensively the quality of our work, we will
Hang all Paper,
Purchased from us during DECEMBER, for
HALF :- PRICE.
Our stock consists of all the latest designs.
A. D. Van Sciver,
Opposite Depot, (Chonola Building) 47 North Avenue.

Professional Cards.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 23 West Front street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REID,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CHAS. A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

E. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, and County Engineer, No. 7 Park Avenue. (Over Engineering) In all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 207 Broadway, New York city, rooms 28 and 29. Surveyor and Trustee Bank Building, Residence, Plainfield N. J.

PLAINFIELD
CORDLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY
J. & C.
Excavating, Filling, Grading, Etc.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two cables in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Parties not satisfactory pay no commission. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of "Dr. Hunt La'ge, Garden and Field Fertilizers" 10 14, box 856. Telephone call, 28.

Closing Out Sale!
SPLENDID BARGAINS!
WALL PAPER AT COST.
In order to close out this year's stock of WALL PAPER to make room for New Goods.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
(Successors to W. F. Adams, 29 East Front Street.)

THE COMBINE IN DANGER

It Is Asserted That the Great Coal Road Deal Is Illegal.

CONGRESS ASKED TO INVESTIGATE.

And It Is Reported That Attorney General Hensel, of Pennsylvania, Intends to Go Into Court and Try to Prevent the Consummation of the Scheme.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 13.—It was reported in financial circles that Attorney General Hensel intends to go into court and attempt to prevent the consummation of the great anthracite coal combination. This report was the absorbing topic of conversation in financial circles. The opinion was generally expressed, however, that no legal obstacles could be placed in the way of the combination. President McLeod, of the Reading railroad, was not in the city. Another official of the Reading said: "You can rest assured that all the legal points were carefully considered before negotiations were begun. We had the best legal advice obtainable and there is not a single point that can be brought against the company."

Said to Be in Defiance of Law.

A. J. Cassett, one of the directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, declared the Reading leases to be a clear violation of the constitution of the state.

"I think," he said, "that this is the most audacious and most impudent defiance of the law and the constitution of the state that has ever been attempted in Pennsylvania. It is not possible that the people who have made this gigantic combination can have forgotten the result of the litigation growing out of the purchase by the Pennsylvania railroad company of the South Penn road and the Beech Creek road some years ago.

"In this case the Bedford and Bridgeport railroad, a corporation controlled by the Pennsylvania road, was used as a medium for the purchase; but as soon as the intention became known the attorney general of the state, under the direction of the governor, interposed and applied to the courts for an injunction restraining the Bedford and Bridgeport railroad and the Pennsylvania railroad from consummating the purchase, setting up that provision of the constitution of the state which prohibits any railroad corporation from leasing, purchasing or in any way acquiring control of a competing line.

"A lot of litigation ensued, with the result that the state won at every point, and the Bedford and Bridgeport and the Pennsylvania railroad were enjoined from directly or indirectly or in any way carrying out the intended purchase or control.

Governor Pattison May Be Called On.

"In the reports of the Reading's transactions we are informed, first, that the Lehigh Valley Railroad company, a company that competes at a hundred different points and in a thousand different ways with the Reading, is leased to that company; second, that the Central Railroad of New Jersey, whose lines run parallel with and in sight of the Lehigh Valley from Phillipsburg to Williamsport, to which is added a little New Jersey corporation created by the Reading Railroad company, and now owned and controlled by that company, unless the control has been constructively parted with for the purpose of giving some color of legality to the lease.

"Here is an attempt to create a monopoly of almost the entire anthracite output of the state, which amounts to 40,000,000 tons per annum, and puts it in the power of one man to fix the price of the fuel used by every household in the state.

"When asked whether the Pennsylvania Railroad company would institute legal proceedings to prevent the deal being carried out, Mr. Cassett said he knew nothing about that, but he added: 'It happens fortunately that the governor of the state is the same governor who so promptly took action against the Pennsylvania railroad in the case referred to."

To suppose the governor would not now act would be to suspect that the error Pattison would fall in his plain duty, and he (Cassett) was not willing to suppose anything of the kind.

Congress Asked to Investigate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Mr. Stout, of Michigan, offered in the house a resolution calling upon the committee on interstate commerce to investigate the recent consolidation of four great trunk line railways in New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and to report by bill or otherwise. The resolution says that the Reading, Lehigh Valley, the Jersey Central, the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railways, operating lines in different states and representing a nominal capital of $600,000,000, the plant of which could be duplicated at one-half the sum, have consolidated, and it asks the committee on interstate commerce to investigate the facts of the case and report whether such consolidation should not be prohibited by national law, and whether a bureau of interstate transportation should not be organized, headed by a cabinet officer known as the secretary of commerce.

Negro Firelugs Lynched.

TUSCALOOSA, Ala., Feb. 13.—The circumstances surrounding a robbery and five or six nights ago lead to the conclusion that the several recent fires were the work of an outlaw band. Citizens succeeded in capturing the fiends, who were negroes, and they pleaded guilty of the crimes. They were placed in charge of a guard, but a lynching party overpowered the guards, and taking the prisoners to a tree, hanged them.

Snow Ten Feet Deep.

BRADFORD, Pa., Feb. 13.—The worst snow storm known in years prevailed throughout northwestern Pennsylvania and western New York. On the line of the Rochester and Pittsburg railroad, between this city and Rochester, snow is piled up to a height of ten feet. All the southbound trains from Rochester and Buffalo are snowbound near Ashford Junction.

A Fatal Play Toy.

BRADFORD, Pa., Feb. 13.—Fourteen-year-old Willie Putnam put the muzzle of an old revolver, which he supposed to be harmless, to his temple, pulled the trigger and received a bullet in his brain. He died in an hour.

Didn't Send His Children to School.

WINCHESTER, O., Feb. 13.—A. P. Brewer was put in jail in default of paying a fine and costs for failing to send his children to school.

Indicted for Murder.

BOSTON, Feb. 13.—Pinkerton and Smith have been indicted by the grand jury for the murder of Tena Davis.

Brakeman Smith Killed.

AURORA, N. Y., Feb. 13.—Milo Smith, a brakeman, was killed in a collision here.

A Story with a Moral.

He knocked at the back door of a suburban house and the cook opened it. He was a minister looking fellow and she held on to the door.

"Lady of the house in?" he inquired gruffly.

"No," trembled the cook.

"Man of the house here?"

"No."

"None of the people in?"

"None but me," and she tried to shut the door.

"Aw, come off," he growled, setting his foot against it; "I guess I'll come in and have a good eat. Step lively now or I'll grab you."

She let go of the door and the tramp forged in and fell into the arms of a big policeman, who was courting the cook contrary to orders.—Detroit Free Press.

He Didn't Want It.

"Do ye kape butter here?"

"Kape butter, ye greenhorn! We've kept butter this twenty years."

"Well, kape it then. It's too ould for me."—Smith & Gray's Monthly.

EX-SENATOR FAIR'S AFFLICTION.

His Son's Death Attributed to the Bichloride of Gold Treatment.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 13.—James G. Fair, Jr., eldest son of ex-Senator Fair, died suddenly from heart failure. Young Fair returned from an extended trip to the east Wednesday last and spent the evening with his father at the Lick House. He spent some time in reading on retiring to his room, then suddenly fell with a cry of pain. Physicians were summoned, but he died shortly after his attack.

The death of James G. Fair, Jr., is attributed by his doctors directly to bichloride of gold treatment. Fair had a superabundance of flesh and had shown signs of fatty degeneration of the heart. He drank inordinately and was always trying new schemes to cure the liquor habit. Not long ago he had his palate hypnotized and force of imagination took the place of whisky for a few weeks, but when the appetite returned he drank worse than ever.

The Keeley cure came along and young Jimmie was among the first to try it. He declared it had effected a cure, but his friends noticed his listlessness. Now the doctors say strychnia, which enters so largely into the so-called bichloride treatment, affected his heart and hastened death. His young brother, Charles, is also a dipsomaniac, who has been sent on a long sea voyage several times, but nothing seems able to eradicate the liquid fire habit. Ex-Senator Fair has more ready money than any one in Frisco. His real estate is worth no less than $20,000,000. He is piling up millions with no heir whom he can trust to manage his great fortune when he leaves it.

New Jersey G. A. R. officers.

TRENTON, Feb. 13.—The twenty-fifth encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic ended by the election of the following officers: Department commander, General R. A. Donnelly; senior vice commander, G. L. White, of Paterson; junior vice commander, A. D. Blanchet, of Morristown; assistant quartermaster, General John Young; chaplain, Rev. Charles E. Hill, of Red Bank; adjutant to the commander, Bishop W. Mathis, of Trenton; council of administration, James H. Bird, of Asbury Park; W. V. Kennedy and J. W. Moore, of Plainfield; John A. Rodrigo and Frank Briden, of Newark.

McCall Elected on His Own Terms.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—John A. McCall was elected president of the New York Life Insurance company, and immediately began the duties of his office. The election was merely a matter of form, for at a special meeting of the board of trustees of the company it was unanimously decided to accept the conditions proposed by Mr. McCall when the position was tendered to him a few days ago.

Lumber Kings Indicted.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 13.—The lumber kings of the northwest, members of the Mississippi Valley Lumbermen's association, have been indicted by the United States grand jury and warrants issued for their arrest for forming a lumber trust.

Italy Must Move First.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 13.—Minister Porter stated that he would not return to Italy until he received word by the department of state, and said he believed his return was contingent upon the return of the Italian minister to this country.

Consigned to Potter's Field.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 13.—The body of Thomas Ford, brother of the ex-mayor of Los Angeles, was buried in Potter's field. Ford was found dead from exposure in the streets of Carondelet five days ago.

In Dread of Another Outbreak.

MADRID, Feb. 14.—The agitation at Xeres continues and the people are in mortal fear of another outbreak of the anarchists. All public places are closed and few people are seen on the streets.

Corn for the Hungry in Flames.

LERDO, Mex., Feb. 13.—Twenty thousand bushels of corn just received from the United States by the government for the famine sufferers were destroyed by fire. The loss is $150,000.

A Villard Will Retire.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—Henry Villard was reelected president of the Edison Electric company on the understanding that he should be at liberty to retire by April 1 next.

To Start a National Bank.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The First National bank, of Wilkinsburg, Pa., by Peter J. Berger, Allegheny City, Pa., and associates, has been authorized to begin business.

A Bomb in Lisbon.

LISBON, Feb. 13.—A bomb was exploded here in front of the Spanish consulate, no doubt by anarchists in sympathy with the tumult in Spain. No damage was done.

English Coal Mines to Stop.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—The conference of miners at Manchester has decided that British colliers must cease work on March 12. They will be idle a fortnight.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

THREE CUPS TEA

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call spec al attention to their choice and well assorted line of fancy and staple groceries, viz: French Peas, Preserved Sugar Corn, Succotash & Morrill Parts Sugar Corn, Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Hart Tomatoes, P. H. Leggett's Stewed Tomatoes, Fart & Wisterner's extra sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early Pine Peas, Blueberry Strawberries Hennas, Hudson River Asparagus and tips.

Special reductions given by the case and dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats

79 BROADWAY.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three 3 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annu ally

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

BROWN & HILL,

Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in PLAINFIELD HOTEL, NO. 10 SUNTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Boot black stand connected with the shop.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

28 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

On good working pants.

Educational.

MADAME COURON,
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Al. Couron, P. O. Box 1099.

PRIVATE LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French conversation, class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Address in French: Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lessons, write to Prof. L. Vitrux, care of Messrs. Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande Avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,
Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891.
For information call at the Academy or address EDWIN HALL HARNED, Principal, 187 Park Place, Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate class. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 3 to 5 p. m.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTSON,
Teacher of piano. Gives private lessons either in or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms. Terms of references. No. 16 Sycamore street.

Lodges.

Fraternity and Prosperity.
1873. Membership, 135,000. 1891.
Death benefits paid over $35,000,000 since organization. WETUMPKA LODGE, 9401, Knights of Honor, meets First and Third Thursdays, at 8 p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge Room, Muse Hall Building.
LUM I. VAN ALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. FRY, Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 13 9-17

Special Notices.

H. C. SCENCK, 76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner. Choice groceries, rose-leaf flour, prince's white candy, C. C. yellow rock candy and grass ware; flower pots and hanging baskets; pure cane sugar for years old. Best granulated sugar in town.

MISS LINDSAY,
Hatching-nee Office, 98 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mrs. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 29 y

ROGERS SCHOOL, Artist's materials, 24 Sewards, 28 West Front street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

BARGAINS,
In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows, Call and see the improvements in the Parvin and Dragon. John F. Wolfe, Race street, North Plainfield.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS
can be purchased at Edgewood Park, numerous streets. Address
H. P. H. CHASE,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mallard, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the sea level.

Elmo's Extracts.
Pure Fruit Flavors.

Builders Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

No. 68 West Front street, for
ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ARNOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialties: First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 775

JOHN HERRMANN,
Stair Builder, and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Grand and Bayard streets, North Plainfield, N. J. 10-10-3 m J. HERRMANN, 3 Regent street.

P. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Contractor Glisten avenue, near depot, Evans. P. O. Box 1236. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

John P Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 943.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 51.
W. J. Pearson, No. 18 Vine street, N. J. Keys. No. 18 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 80 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty
Jobbing promptly attended to
Window Screens
made to order.

Real Estate & Insurance.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,
REAL ESTATE
and Insurance.
Money to loan on first mortgage.
NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Edw. C. Mulford
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
49 North avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff,
INSURANCE,
AND REAL ESTATE.
Money to Loan on approved security. Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly erected vibrating mechanical screen for coal coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than it is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONESDALE COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
SCOTCH AND ROSENDALE LUMBER.
He would also announce recently leased facilities for Unloading and Forwarding Sea Coal, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:30, 9:05, a. m., 12:30, 3:05, 5:30, 8:30, 9:45 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 12:00, 3:30, 6:00, 9:00 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARITAN MAILS.
Arrive—9:05 a. m., 3:05 and 9 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 5:00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:00 to 10:00 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey
station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time taken at Jersey City, 18th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 7:11, 8:27, 9:30, 6:14, 4:30, 6:03, 7:05, 7:36, 8:00, 8:15, 9:07, 9:51, 10:30, 10:50, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:15, 3:45, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m. Sunday, 7:11, 8:27, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty st., 6:30, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 p. m. Sunday, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 p. m. Leave Newark at 6:15, 7:25, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 7:30, 9:07, 11:05, a. m., 12:07, 1:30, 2:35, 3:45, 5:05, 5:40, 6:01, 6:30, 7:25, 7:36, 8:04, 8:30, 11:10 p. m. Sunday at 9:45, 11:05 a. m., 12:07, 1:30, 2:35, 3:45, 5:05, 6:14, 7:36, 10:10, 11:10 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 7:30, 9:07, 9:55 a. m., 1:30, 4:30, 6:14, 7:36, 8:30 p. m. Sunday at 9:10 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7:36, 9:55 a. m., 1:30, 5:30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6:45 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Allentown.

7:30 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

9:07 a. m. for Flemington, High bridge branch, Lambertville, Trenton, Philadelphia, Bethlehem, Allentown, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

1:30 p. m. for Flemington, High bridge branch, Lambertville, Trenton, Philadelphia, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

2:30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

3:45 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, at 12:07 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Massanutten, Harrisburg, connecting with Cumberland Valley R. R. at Harrisburg. Sundays for High Bridge branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Reading and Harrisburg.

5:05 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

5:40 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton, etc.

6:01 p. m. for Flemington, High bridge branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc.

6:30 p. m. for Flemington, High bridge branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

7:25 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

8:04 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, at 10:10 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Massanutten, Harrisburg, connecting with Cumberland Valley R. R. at Harrisburg. Sundays for High Bridge branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Reading and Harrisburg.

8:30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, at 11:10 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Massanutten, Harrisburg, connecting with Cumberland Valley R. R. at Harrisburg. Sundays for High Bridge branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Reading and Harrisburg.

11:10 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 9:07, 9:55, 11:05 a. m., 1:30, 5:30 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 9:07 a. m., 5:30 p. m. For Point Pleasant, 9:07 a. m. Sundays, 5:30 p. m. For Bay Head, 9:07 a. m. Sundays, 5:30 p. m.

For Atlantic City 9:55 a. m., 1:30 p. m.

For Cape May, 9:55 a. m., 1:30 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS TO SOUTH.

For Philadelphia at 9:55, 9:30, 9:55, 10:47 a. m., 12:05, 4:04, 5:05, 6:30, 9:40 p. m., 1:17 night. Sundays at 9:55, 10:30, 10:47 a. m., 4:04, 9:40 p. m., 1:17 night.

For Trenton 9:55, 9:30, 9:55, 10:47 a. m., 12:05, 4:04, 5:05, 6:30, 9:40 p. m., 1:17 night. Sundays at 9:55, 10:30, 10:47 a. m., 4:04, 9:40 p. m., 1:17 night.

For Baltimore and Washington at 9:55, a. m., 2:05, 4:04, 5:05 p. m., 1:17 night. Sunday at 9:55 a. m., 2:05, 4:04, 9:40 p. m., 1:17 night.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.
Standard Railway of America.
Protected throughout with the latest inter-locking switch and block signal system.
Fast and safe. Nov. 15th, 1891, trains have Plainfield as follows:

4:35 a. m.—Western Express daily, with Pullman Vestibule sleeping Cars and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, daily for Harrisburg, Pittsburg, daily for Pittsburgh, Columbus, Cleveland, and at Louisville, daily except saturday, for Chicago and Toledo.

7:00 p. m.—Western Express Daily, with Pullman Vestibule sleeping Cars and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, daily for Harrisburg, Pittsburg, daily for Pittsburgh, Columbus, Cleveland, and at Toledo, Williamsport, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

8:42 p. m.—Pacific Express, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars, daily for Pittsburg, Chicago and St. Louis, daily except saturday for Cincinnati.

For Baltimore, Washington and the South—1:00, 6:35, 7:50, 9:00 a. m.; 1:30, 3:20 p. m. Sundays—1:00, 7:50, 9:00 a. m.; 1:30, 3:20 p. m.

For Newark and New York—3:02, 5:4, 6:45, 7:30, 8:07, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m.; 12:00 noon, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m.

On Sundays—3:02, 5:24, 8:45, 9:30, 9:47, 10:12, 10:30, 10:49 a. m.; 2:45, 4:40, 5:25, 6:45, 7:30, 8:07, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m.

For New York only—5:40 a. m. daily.

For Philadelphia—3:02, 5:24, 8:45, 9:30, 9:35, 11:57 a. m.; 12:05, 1:30, 4:04, 5:05, 6:37, 7:00, 8:45, 9:30, 11:57 p. m. On days at 1:00, 6:50, 9:05, 9:35, 10:41 a. m.; 5:40, 7:47, 9:30, 11:57 p. m.

For Atlantic City, daily except Sundays, with day coaches attached, 1:00 p. m.

For Rahway—12:31, 1:00, 6:44, 7:30, 7:45, 7:50, 8:30, 9:05, 10:50, 11:27 a. m.; 12:05, 1:30, 4:04, 5:05, 6:37, 7:00, 8:45, 9:30, 11:57 p. m. On days at 1:00, 6:50, 9:05, 9:35, 10:41 a. m.; 5:40, 7:47, 9:30, 11:57 p. m.

For Elizabeth—1:00, 6:50, 8:45, 9:05, 10:41, 11:47 a. m.; 12:05, 1:30, 2:47, 4:28, 4:50, 5:20, 5:40, 7:21, 7:47, 9:47, 9:47, 9:48, 9:30, 10:14, 11:00, 11:50 p. m.

For New Brunswick—1:00, 7:47, 9:30, 9:05, 11:57, a. m.; 12:05, 1:30, 2:47, 4:28, 4:50, 5:15, 5:40, 6:06, 6:45, 7:21, 7:47, 9:47, 9:48, 9:30, 10:14, 11:00, 11:50 p. m.

For Woodbridge—6:44, 9:05, 10:39 a. m.; 2:30, 4:45, 5:44, 6:42, 7:18 p. m.; 12:01 night. On Sundays 10:25, 10:49 a. m.; 4:40, 6:42, 7:18 p. m.

For Perth Amboy—12:31, 6:44, 10:39 a. m.; 2:30, 4:45, 5:44, 6:42, 7:18 p. m.; 12:01 night. On Sundays 10:25, 10:49 a. m.; 4:40, 6:42, 7:18 p. m.

For South Amboy—12:35, 5:44 p. m. Sunday 10:25 a. m.; 6:44 p. m.

For East Mahlstone—7:10 a. m.; 12:55, 5:10 p. m.

For Sea Girt—7:10, 10:39 a. m.; 12:55, 5:10 p. m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, 11:57 a. m.; 12:55, 1:30, 2:35, 3:45, 5:05, 6:06, 6:45, 7:21, 7:47, 9:47, 9:48, 9:30, 10:14, 11:00, 11:50 p. m. Sundays 9:45, 10:41 a. m.; 12:55, 1:30, 5:05, 7:47, 7:35, 9:30, 11:50 p. m.

For Lambertville, Philipsburg and Belvidere, 9:55 a. m.; 1:30, 4:30, 6:14, 7:36, 8:30 p. m. Sunday 9:10 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

For Flemington—7:50 a. m.; 4:04 p. m.

For Bordentown, Burlington and Camden, via Junction—7:36, 11:57 a. m.; 2:35, 5:40, 9:42 p. m. Sundays 10:41 a. m. and 7:47 p. m.

For Jamesburg, via Monmouth Junction—7:36 a. m.; 5:40 p. m. Sundays 7:47 p. m.

For Cape May, Sea Isle and Ocean City 1:30 p. m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, points on Shore line and Long Island, 9:55 a. m.; 1:30, 4:12, 5:44 p. m. Sunday 10:25 a. m.; 5:44 p. m. do not stop at Asbury Park or Ocean Grove.

For Sea Side Park, Island Heights, Toms River, 9:55 a. m. and 1:30 p. m. week days; Sunday 1:30 p. m.

For Freehold—7:36, 11:57 a. m., 4:28, 5:15 p. m.

For Monmouth Junction and Intermediate points, 9:55 a. m. and 1:30 p. m. week days; Sunday 5:15 p. m.

For Jamesburg, 9:55 a. m. week days.

For Bound Brook and Somerville—8:05, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 9:30, 10:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:30 noon, 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sundays 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave Somerville 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15 a. m., 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15 p. m. Sundays 9:15, 10:15, 11:15 a. m., 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15 p. m.

CHARLES E. PUGH, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agent.

Great Overcoat Sale.

30 DAYS ONLY!

OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.

GENUINE : BARGAINS!

Call and examine before they are are all gone.

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE,

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

General Hardware and House-furnishings,

and STOVES.

Carpenter and Machinist Tools!

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

HARNESS and BLANKETS.

USUAL LOW PRICES. TELEPHONE CALL 139.

H. E. RIDER, Manager. A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

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29 and 31 North Avenue, 3 through to Second Street.

FANCIED CARRIAGE PAIRS,
HIGH-ACTIONED "T-CART"
AND DOG CART HORSES,
CANADIAN HUNTERS,
COBS AND BUSINESS HORSES,
LADIES' SADDLE
AND DRIVING HORSES.
ALSO A SPECIALTY IN GENTLEMEN'S ROAD TEAMS, SINGLE DRIVERS AND TROTTERS.

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A DINNER is never relished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and most carefully selected stock of Choice

Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes,

BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of

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If given a call will be able to compare our goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.

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ALL SIZES,
Of finest
Light Blue Color.

References:—
P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

94 SOMERSET STREET.

WHAT'S THAT?

Oh, only the usual fall in prices before taking our annual inventory.

Send a few of the Bargains!

100 doz. Towels at 7c., worth 10c. Good Gingham 5c. Worsted Dress Goods 12c., formerly 18c. Best Prints 5c. Fruit of the Loom 8c. Jersey Knit Jackets 89c., formerly 75c. Heavy Toweling 4c. Our 50c. Corset we will sell for 39c.

REMNANTS of all kinds at HALF PRICE.

Ingrain Carpets 25, 35, 42 and 60c. Mattings 12 1-2c. Oil Cloths 25c. Ladies', Misses and Children's Cloaks. Largest variety at greatly reduced prices. Agency for King's Dyeing Company, of Easton, Pa.

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New York Office, 500 Fourth avenue.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

PURE MILK.

Delivered to any part of the city by
D. H. SCHENCK:
A postal addressed to Box 60 Dunellen will receive prompt attention. 9 19

EITHER

Hot Water

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Steam Heating

Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

30 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

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FREDERICK F. CHASE
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Bicycles, Rollers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smoke-stack building and painting.

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Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 13 ly

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.
FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.
Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.
I have thoroughly renovated the store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.
DAVID CLARK,
(Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

THE HOUSEHOLD

HEALTHFUL HOMES.

Important Considerations in the Building or Selection of a Dwelling.

In a recent lecture Dr. S. H. Durgin gave some sensible advice to people contemplating building or purchasing in his practical suggestions were the following. Don't neglect to select a southern exposure, as a northern exposure always makes a cold, damp house. The most important part of the house is the cellar. A damp, unhealthy cellar means a house of that sort. There should be no part of the cellar that cannot easily be lighted and ventilated. Too much stress cannot be laid upon these points. When you have been in your house you form a draft that draws into the house the air of the cellar; therefore it is necessary to keep the air pure. Then your room should be so arranged that it can be easily ventilated and flooded with sunlight. Your windows should be large and ample reaching near the ceiling and also near the floor. I would advise smooth walls, frescoed or painted the painted are more easily cleaned. The floors may be of either hard or soft wood, but carpets I consider an abomination. They are receptacles of dust containing organic germs, which get into the eyes and throat, causing many serious troubles.

The furnace is perhaps the most common and perhaps also the cheapest method of heating. But a furnace requires intelligent care. It must be supplied with the fresh air with the inside of the air shaft as far as possible from the garbage barrel and cesspool. The evaporating process should be used in every case, and the damper set so that it is more healthful. Steam heat is very convenient and not very expensive, but there is seldom any method of supplying fresh air. The last consideration is the building of a house, or ventilation but it is not by any means the least. The old fashioned fireplace is one of the best means of ventilating houses, even though it is not needed for heating. The transom should not be lost sight of. Wells are an important feature of homes in the country, and should never be near cesspools, barnyards or any other possible contaminating influence. Driven wells are better than wells which are dug and walled up. Rainwater is rarely in the country and never in the city, fit for domestic use. While I cannot enter into the subject of plumbing, let me say that the best of plumbing is none too good, and the most expensive thing you can have in your house is poor plumbing. You never know when it will give out, you never know when your health will be jeopardized. When your house is started the wastes begin. Never let them accumulate. Have no dark, damp corners and no standing garbage. All garbage should be burned at once. Not directly on the fire, for this makes a noxious smell, but in a receptacle at the side of the stove, where it is dried down to a sweet, harmless charcoal, without smell and useful as fuel.

Dainty Baby Jackets.

A lady makes the prettiest little jackets for babies from old black stockings and edges them round with pink or red wool, drawn through with single crochet, and another row above this of a few treble stitches. The legs are unpicked and joined together down the back of the jacket; the sleeves are cut out from the narrower parts and rewelled, and a crochet band of wool is run in around the neck.

Cocoanut Bonbons.

To six ounces of dedicated or grated fresh cocoanut add (if the former is used) two ounces of powdered sugar, if the latter three ounces will be required, two table spoonfuls of flour, the whites of three fresh eggs and a few drops of vanilla or rose water, drop the mixture in little heaps on a tin sheet and bake for a few minutes in a moderate oven.

Raisin Cake for Children.

Take the weight of five eggs in their shells in butter flour and fine sugar, cream the butter, beat in the flour sugar, a teaspoonful of baking powder, six ounces of raisins or currants, or equal proportions of each, a little vanilla essence, the beaten yolks of the eggs then their well whisked whites. Bake at once in a well buttered tin.

Newest Styles in Maid's Caps.

The latest styles in English caps for parlor maids are, as will be seen by referring to the accompanying cut, decidedly as

MAID'S CAPS.

tractive and becoming. Such caps are not calculated to raise rebellion in the mind of Mary Ann, who frequently hesitates to don some of the atrocities in way of muslin and lace that are offered as maid's caps.

The cap with the flat plaited crown is white cambric spotted with blue. The remaining one is of dotted white cambric.

Household Notes.

A lump of bread about twice the size of an egg tied in a linen bag and inserted in the pot in which boils vegetables will absorb th gases which oftentimes send such an insupportable odor to regions above

A teaspoonful of good cider vinegar added to one gill of pure raw linseed oil is said to make an excellent furniture polish.

Rub white spots on furniture with as sence of peppermint or spirits of camphor, or hold a hot plate from the stove over them.

Plaster of paris mixed with gum arabic water is used as a china cement.

When in a hurry to boil some preparation for dessert in a double boiler, if the outside portion of the boiler be filled with brine the inside will boil immediately owing to the much higher temperature of boiling brine than of boiling water

A teaspoonful of glycerin to a gill of glue makes a cement for fastening leather, paper or wood to metal, which is said to be excellent

It is claimed that silvercare furnishes one of the most reliable means for detecting defective drainage. If it is covered with a black coating or tarnishes soon after being cleaned, and after a second or third cleaning soon becomes quickly darkened, one should investigate the drainage system of the house.

Try a raw oyster as bait for mouse or rat trap when other things fail

GOOD HEALTH

ARSENIC IN WALL PAPER.

The Prevalent Idea of Its Dangers. Scientists Say There Is "Nothing in It."

In a popular address before the New York Academy of Medicine, Dr. C. F. Chandler recently considered the subject of "Arsenic in Common Life." Among other things he proceeded to explode the widely prevalent idea concerning the dangers from arsenic in wall paper Medical News reports Professor Chandler as saying that he had himself believed in it, without ever making any special investigation up to the time when his duties in connection with the board of health required him to make it a special study. He then found that the idea had been started by a botanist, and that it was based on the most flimsy reasoning. He next made some experiments in the laboratory by passing air over sheets of paper—some moist and others dry—coated with Paris green. Not a trace of arsenic was found in this air.

A case he reported considered arsenical poisoning cited by Professor Chandler was an ex mayor of Boston, who had been thought to be suffering for a long time from this form of poisoning, but the post mortem examination showed that he had died from cancer of the stomach. The wall paper that had been pointed out as the source of the poisoning in his case had not been changed from 1817 to 1851. While it is quite possible that in the old fashioned wall paper the arsenical dyes were loosely attached to the paper and the arsenic might become detached and diffused through the air, the amount would ordinarily be quite insignificant, and in the wall papers made in the last fifteen years no arsenical pigments have been used, and the presence of arsenic in these papers, as determined by delicate chemical tests, is due entirely to accidental impurities. Some of the papers that were thought to have caused poisoning had been on the walls for thirty or forty years. Supposing, for the sake of argument, that there were sixty square yards of paper in a room, each yard containing one grain of arsenic—the amount found in several of the cases quoted—and that during a period of thirty years all the arsenic had left the wall paper and had entered the human system without ever being lost, this would be at the rate of one grain in six months, or only 1-180th of a grain in each twenty four hours. Many distinguished scientists have independently investigated this subject of poisoning from arsenical wall paper, and they all agree in saying that there is "nothing in it."

Cold Water for Fever Patients.

Elderly persons tell surprising stories of the oldtime fear of giving cold water to fever patients. This has long since passed, and they now are permitted to drink freely. Science says that still further than this, starting principally from the theoretical consideration that the poisonous products of the action of disease producing bacteria in the infectious diseases may be got rid of by washing them out, a few physicians have tried the administration of drinks in very great quantities—much more than the patients would voluntarily call for. For instance, Dr. Valentini, of Konigsberg, directs the nurses to give the typhoid fever patients milk, bouillon and water in quantities which would arouse insurrection

Hotels.

THE ALBION.

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE.

SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.

Reception hall

New furniture and steam heated throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK L. MILLER,

Proprietor.

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable Rates

LANG'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Cor. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

Points to be Observed

It should be observed that quality in advertising is quite as important as quality in the goods advertised. The fact of extensive a good opinion of the merchant who inspires haste, enterprise, originality and liberality in his advertisements

Enterprise and prosperity go hand in hand. The display of one argues the possession of the other.

Barin: These facts in mind try THE NEWS as an advertising medium. You send the copy—THE NEWS does the rest.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook& Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 241

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have the BEST Feed, Barley, Oats and Jersey Bran, and make a specialty of recleaned Oats. Leave your order with

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ETIQUETTE

GOOD FORM IN NOTE PAPER.

Artistic Simplicity the Proper Thing. Eccentric Styles Should Be Avoided.

"If there is any one thing in the world that may be said to denote the breeding of a person it is in the taste displayed in the use of note paper," says Harper's Bazar, which furnishes the following information in regard to "the etiquette of note paper": "Fashions change but slightly in that line, and artistic simplicity is the form to be sought after There is nothing so offensive as eccentricity in styles of paper, for it is one of the little things that seem so trivial and count for so much in the eyes of the world. The height of bad form is in the use of anything startling or pronounced. Paper that rivals the sunset in gorgeousness of hue, odd shaped sheets and envelopes, or still fringed paper stamp the user at once as one who is not familiar with the precepts of fashion. And not fashion alone by any means, it is refine ment that is denoted by the use of proper stationery, and refinement and fashion may not always mean the same. Never use a paper that is decorated with flowers in one corner, the leaves of which wander all over the sheet. Avoid anything in that way.

Ladies should use only the smaller size of paper, requiring but one fold, and the envelope should be square. The single correspondence cards have gone out of style and are seldom seen nowadays. The paper is generally linen or cream laid, as best suits individual taste, and should be unruled. White or cream paper is the best although a gentle shade of blue is permitted Other tints are not desirable, neither are they proper. Do not use paper that is ragged at the edges nor envelopes with curious flaps. The best linen paper may be purchased at the same price as is paid for the fancy varieties, and the best is the cheapest. It is a guarantee of refinement.

If a monogram is desired, have it engraved—never printed. In this country coats of arms and crests are out of place, but you may have a neat monogram of your initials for a wedding with perfect propriety, only be sure that the work is in keeping with taste, and not too prominent or glaring. The name of your country place is very good, the name of the village to which you live, or the street number if you chance to reside in a city. In the latter case, however, omit the name of the town, and in either case the state should not be given. This is but a glance at the etiquette of note paper The one great thing in note paper is to avoid vulgarity or show in any way, and then you know that you cannot be wrong. The simplest is the best.

Heaven knows what would become of our sanities if we never visited people we spoke ill of. We should live like Egyptian hermits in solitude

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

Office:—

27 North Avenue.

ANNOUNCEMENT

OUR NEW SPRING GOODS are now ready for inspection.

ALL of the Departments are supplied to the fullest extent with the newest and most desirable goods that can be found in the markets.

IT is impossible to particularize in a small "ad" like this, but would say that we are now better prepared to supply the wants of the people than ever before.

OUR New Spring Dress Goods this season surpass anything we have ever offered. The style and colorings are elegant, and will well repay a careful inspection

THE Wash Dress Fabrics are just lovely, and comprise about everything that the trade demands.

LADIES are always interested in pretty Hamburg Embroideries. Our assortment is large and the patterns are just as handsome as they can be.

WE expect to do the largest business in our dress lining department that we have ever done, and therefore have increased this line almost double. You can be suited here Sure.

WE extend a special invitation to everybody to make us an early call, and examine our cheap and elegant goods, before making your Spring purchases.

LOOK OUT for our Carpet Announcement soon.

EVERYTHING the Newest, Cheapest and Best at

EDSALL'S

Writing : Paper

BY THE

POUND!

Old Sagamore Mills, 15c. lb.

Envelopes to match, 5c. package.

Kensington Wave and Devonshire Linen, 25c. per lb.

Envelopes to match, 10c. package.

A. W. RAND,

34 West Front Street.

Miss Blanche Fellow

SOPRANO SOLOIST,

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Repertoire comprises complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 67 Duer St., North Plainfield.

Science Progress.

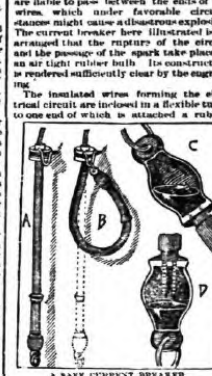
A NOVEL CURRENT BREAKER.

A Safety Device for Use in Connection with Electric Lights.

It frequently happens that electric lights or other electrical apparatus are placed in powder magazines, flour mills or storehouses of naphtha or other inflammable or explosive substances. Popular Science News says in regard to these:

In turning the current on or off sparks are liable to pass between the ends of the wires, which under these circumstances might cause a disastrous explosion. The current breaker here illustrated is so arranged that the rupture of the circuit and the passage of the spark take place in an air tight rubber bulb Its construction is rendered sufficiently clear by the engraving.

The insulated wires forming the electrical circuit are inclosed in a flexible tube, to one end of which is attached a rubber



A SAFE CURRENT BREAKER.

bulb half filled with mercury The ends of the wires, from which the insulating covering is removed, are sealed into the upper end of the bulb When the tube is bent upward in the position B or C the mercury surrounds the wires, completing the electric circuit and allowing the current to pass To break the circuit it is only necessary to unhook the end of the tube and allow it to hang straight down in the position A or D The current is at once broken, and any spark that may pass between the wires is completely cut off from the outside air and rendered harmless.

The current breaker may also be used to good advantage as an automatic fire alarm by making the hook to which the bulb is hung of fusible metal, or even tying it with a piece of light cotton thread. When the temperature rises sufficiently to melt the fusible metal or if a flame occurs so as to burn the thread, the bulb will fall down, breaking the circuit and sounding an electric bell or other alarm.

As shown in the engraving the apparatus is designed to be used on a closed circuit—that is one where the current is continually passing. If used on an open circuit it is only necessary to seal the wires into the opposite end of the bulb, so that when it is released from the hook the mercury will surround the wires, thus completing the circuit

"IT MAY SAVE YOU DOLLARS!"

WHAT MAY?

OUR PRICES!

Do you now order from a firm which merely describes the goods and style of package, but fail to quote prices? If you would it not be more satisfactory, in buying, to have practical assurance that you were buying at as low prices as any other purchaser? Just ask the price of sugar, all kinds 4½c lb, (Granulated cut loaf, Powdered and XXXX Confectioners.)

Elegant Cranberry Butter, 24c. lb; choice Carolina Rice, 4 lbs, 25c.; best sugar cured Hams, 10c. lb; best oatmeal, 3 lbs, 10c.; Ferris's Hams and Bacon, 15c. lb; best Figs 2 lbs, 25c.; Picnic Hams, 7c. lb; best California Apricots, 2 lbs, 25c.; fine Family Flour, $4.95 per bbl, 49c. sack; Rabbit's Best Soap, 8 bars, 25c.; Pillsbury's Best Flour, XXXX, $5.90 bbl; Morgan Sapolio, 4 for 25c.; Pearl Patent Flour, best on earth), $5.90; extra Jersey Potatoes, (we have no foreign ones), 65c. a bushel; Silverine, (something new), for cleaning silver, glassware, etc., 30c. bottle.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 22 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We will guarantee to sell you Dry and Fancy Goods, Crockery, Tinware, Housefurnishing Goods, etc., and in fact Everything that you want at a lower rate than you ever bought before, and a comparison of prices of that we charge, and others charge, will prove that V. & W. are selling goods at a closer margin than all others. We offer for the coming week:

4-4 Fruit of the Loom	7½c
4-4 Dwight Anchor	8c
4-4 Heavy Brown Sheeting	6c
30 in. Heavy Linen Crash	9c
8-4 Bleached Sheeting	19c
9-4 Bleached Sheeting	21c
10-4 Bleached Sheeting	23c
200 Dover Mats	each 18c
200 Door Mats, extra good	each 37c
100 Turkish Rugs, 3 feet long	each 70c
2,000 Yards Figured French Cambric, per yard	10c
100 doz Ladies' Hose, full regular, pair	10c

There is a Special Sale of Granite Ironware that will interest housekeepers.

We guarantee Every Article we sell to give perfect Satisfaction and deliver goods wherever you wish

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS

DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Something New Again at the 5 & 10c. Store.

3, 5, 7 and 10c. Counters. Thisgives you many things for three cents that you formerly paid five for, and so my things for seven cents that formerly sold for ten cents. Our counters are all loaded, and bargains indeed you now have offered you. We do not bind ourselves to keep this up long, so come while you have the chance. Also keep in mind that while we aim to undersell all others Yet as a further inducement, we are GIVING AWAY Five Different Styles of Valuable Books, viz.: "The Living World," "Buffalo Bill's Wild West," "Land and Sea" "The Family Physician" "Dr. Talmadge, and Webster's Encyclopoedia, all handsomely and elaborately illustrated. Call and see these books on exhibition, and any child can get one with a little effort. We punch from a card that we give free to all purchases to the amount of 25c. when you have completed the series his choice of the books named free. Any number may use the same card, so filling it yourself or securing friends to help you. Buy all your goods of us, and get one of these handsome books as a reward. Spring goods are coming in daily, and the wants you handle for are not every household. As you will want to stock up shortly, remember the card and gives us a call. We have twenty different styles of Toilet Soaps, also Combs and Brushes at prices the lowest. Lamps, Crockery, Shades, Notions, Hosiery, Underwear, and in fact all general housefurnishings, and for 10c. Royal Tooth Powder, anything better and purer is not known.

J. C. ALLEN, 8 West Front Street.

This Date in History—Feb. 13.

1825—Samuel Bowles, author of "Bulfinch's Age of Chivalry," and "Bulfinch's Age of Fable," died in London 1867.

1706—Benjamin Franklin appeared before the British house of commons and pleaded the cause of the Colonies.

1809—David Dudley Field, jurist, one of the four famous brothers, born in Haddam, Conn.

1813—James Hall, famous American naval hero, died in Philadelphia; born 1753.

1822—General Grant invested Fort Donelson.

1833—Edward Everett Hale, clergyman from Massachusetts and originator of much of the financial measures of the war era, died in Washington; born 1822.

1887—Henry Highland Garnett, American minister to Liberia, died there; he was a pure blooded negro, son of the Maryland slave born in slavery in 1815.

1891—Alexander H. H. Stuart, secretary of the interior in President Fillmore's cabinet, died in Staunton, Va.; born there 1807.

Where There's a Difference.

There were only three people in the street car, two men and a woman, and the woman was speaking her mind freely to one of them and he was not saying a word. He was her husband. The other man wasn't, and over in the far corner he was enjoying the situation immensely. In a few minutes the people got out and the conductor passed through the car.

"Did you notice her lambasting him?" inquired the passenger grinning.

"Yes, what was the row?"

"Oh, he'd forgotten something or other she wanted him to get for her," and the passenger laughed and so did the conductor.

"I saw something of the same sort yesterday," remarked the conductor, as a shadow passed over his face.

"Funny as this one?" inquired the passenger.

"No."

"Worse?"

"No."

"Why?"

"I was the man," and the conductor sat down in the corner to count up his tickets. —Detroit Free Press.

Not Too Easy.

A famous railway president while out for a constitutional a few weeks since noticed a son of toil digging a ditch.

"Pretty hard work?" suggested the railway magnate. The laborer put down his pick and shovel and replied wit'i deliberation:

"Well, it ain't lawn tinnus."—Harper's Drawer.

1892 February. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29					

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5	4:39 p.m.	Third Quarter	20	7:16 a.m.
Full Moon	12	2:33 p.m.	New Moon	27	10:42 a.m.

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE DIME SAVING INSTITUTION, of Plainfield, N. J., JANUARY 1, 1892

ASSETS.	
Loans on Bond and Mortgages (first liens)	$126,100 00
Value of property mortgaged $284,150	
Building mortgage insured for 126,000	
PAR VALUE. MARKET VALUE.	
42,000 Union County Bonds	43,100 00
17,000 North Plainfield Water Bonds	17,765 10
2,000 " " Fire Dep't do	2,000 00
10,000 Jersey City Water Bonds	10,050 00
16 000 Scotch Plains School Dis.	
trict No. 14 Bonds	16,000 00
5,700 Dunellen School District No. 2, Union, N. J.	5,700 00
1,000 North Plainfield Turnpikes	1,000 00
Demand Loans	26,050 00
Interest due and accrued	4,619 00
Furniture and fixture account	1,850 00
Cash in bank	19,797 14
Cash in office	602 15
	$275,767 89

LIABILITIES	
Amount due depositors	$267,271 00
Surplus	8,496 89
	$275,767 89

State of New Jersey, } ss.
County of Union, }

JOHN W. MURRAY, President, and ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer, of the Dime Savings Institution, being duly sworn, depose and say, each for himself, that the statement above is true and correct, and shows the actual condition of the said institution on the first day of January, 1892.

JOHN W. MURRAY,
ELIAS R. POPE.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this twentieth day of January, 1892

JAMES C. POPE, Notary Public.

We, the undersigned committee, made an examination of the books, vouchers, assets and liabilities of the said Institution, with schedules attached, and found this a true exhibit of the assets and liabilities of said Institution on January 1, 1892.

J. FRANK HYAND,
FRANCIS H. GARDNER,
J. B. COWARD,
} Committee.

2 3 10

Everybody Likes Me.

Wash the baby with Anti-Chap Soap.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. | E. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Look Box 2. Telephone Call 38. Printing of All Kinds. | 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. | PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15 1892 | PRICE TWO CENTS.

AGAINST GAMBLING.

A LARGE MASS MEETING IN MUSIC HALL SUNDAY AFTERNOON.

Mayor Gilbert Presides. — Messrs. Marsh, Powell, Richards, Hartiburt and Randolph Speak.—Resolutions by Dean Rodman Adopted, and a Large Delegation Appointed.

Pursuant to call a Mass Meeting to protest against the proposed race-track legislation was held in Music Hall Sunday afternoon. It was well-attended and largely composed of representative citizens.

It was called to order promptly at the appointed time, 4:15 o'clock, by Mayor Gilbert, who presided.

He announced the following as a list of vice presidents:

Councilman Glinn, School Commissioner Murray, Henry E. Bowen, ex-Mayor L. V. F. Randolph, ex-Councilman Clark, the Rev. Drs. Yerkes and Lewis, Rev. W. E. Honeyman, Dr. Hurlbut, the Rev. R. Richards, the Rev. Charles S. Mitchell, Editor A. M. Powell, Dean Rodman, Councilman Erickson and Captain Cochran.

Messrs. Walter I. Clark, of the Press, Edward B. Daly, of THE NEWS, and Nathan J. Laing, of the Courier, were made secretaries.

Rev. Dr. Yerkes invoked divine blessing, after which Mayor Gilbert stated the object of the meeting.

He referred to the fact of a meeting having been held in Music Hall a year ago to take action against a similar bill and that as a result of the protest in connection with others from the cities in all parts of the State the bill was defeated.

The present bills—there are two of them—are far more dangerous to the moral well-being of the State, and, if allowed to become law, he considered that it would be to our lasting disgrace. He felt that there was very little hope of defeating their passage as, although there is a strong public sentiment against the bills, he understood that it was the determined to push them through by the liberal use of money.

He considered it a deplorable state of affairs when citizens were compelled to meet in this way to protest themselves against such evil legislation as seemed to overwhelm them. After further remarks in the same strain, he introduced to explain the bills that were to be brought up Tuesday at noon.

Corporation Counsel Richards, who said in beginning he remarks that he was more hopeful than the Mayor appeared to be, referred to the opposition to the bill as the feeling among the leaders over the State, and that it was against these bills.

He pointed out that the bills were intended to protect the race track gamblers in Monmouth and Hudson counties, and, if allowed to pass, would be about the same in moral tone as if a law were passed making it legal for a man to have half a dozen wives, or that one might steal from another sums of less than $1000 without fear of punishment.

Mr. Marsh doubted that the acts, if made laws, would stand, since we were entitled to the protection of the State and of the United States to protection from the injury which such laws must cause. He was confident that the people would achieve a victory at this session that would be final and complete. This remark was applauded.

Editor Aaron M. Powell was next introduced. He said of the present State laws. These he said not only punished by fine and imprisonment race track gambling, but also those who bet on the bets, as well as those who received them. The existing laws also punished by fine and imprisonment the persons who owned the grounds on which race track gambling was permitted. These laws it was intended by the gamblers to have abolished, and substitute the infamous bills the corporation counsel had so clearly explained.

Rev. Mr. Richards was next introduced. He said the amount of injury that had been done the people of this county during the few years race-track gambling was permitted, was more than in all the years in history, so much that it aroused the people of Elizabeth where the track was located, as they had seldom been aroused before. Like the brave little band of Greeks of old who united to repel Persian hordes who had come to overwhelm them they were undaunted by numbers, and successful in having the race track gamblers punished, and in defeating the bills which were intended to make race track gambling legal. Again the time in the world's history warns the good citizens of the State of the approaching danger, and he felt confident that it was the duty of every good citizen to respond to the call. He hoped that there would be a large delegation from Plainfield to meet the delegation from other sections of the State at Trenton Tuesday to protest against the passage of the bill. If 300 or 400 citizens go from Plainfield to protest it would be thought do some good.

Dean Rodman introduced the following resolutions which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this assemblage of citizens of Plainfield, N. J., do most strongly and unqualifiedly condemn the legislation proposed in the race-track bills now before the committee on revision of the laws, and protest against the enactment of said bills as in every way dangerous to the morals of our people and destructive especially to the character of the growth of our State.

Resolved, That this resolution be conveyed by the secretaries of this meeting to act as our representative and by them be presented to the Legislature at Trenton.

Dr. Hurlbut was called upon and spoke briefly to the effect that Jersey Justice was known far from out of the country to the other, but if such laws as those proposed were enacted it would be a reflection upon the people of the State. He for one could but hope that the protest of the citizens could be made effective.

Mr. Mayor Randolph was next called upon and spoke with his usual eloquence and power in the same spirit as the previous speakers, calling attention to the fact that the people must expect no easy victory, for, while they were working on the surface openly, the race-track gamblers were working in ways that were secretly, and were formidable. The people to resist them should be well organized into a mighty army instead of a sort of disorganized militia. Then they would not dare to have such bills introduced.

Rev. Mr. Richards read a list of names which was to be added to, after a conference with the mayor and ministers, as the delegation appointed to go to Trenton to-morrow morning to present the resolutions as representing the sentiment of the people of Plainfield.

The list in full is as follows:

Mayor Alex Gilbert, ex-Mayor L. V. F. Randolph, Wm. Thompson, L. W. Serrell, S. St. John McCutchen, Martin I. Cooley, Levi Bedford, A. Vanderveer, Halsted, Compton, Randolph Stelle, H. Case, F. E. Marsh, F. S. Hubbard, Elmer E. Marshall, John D. Hanson, George A. Chapman, Morgan, S. Taylor, E. Waring, Wm. White, Chas. W. McCutchen, Dean Rodman, Dr. James Perry, John Hall, L. W. Randolph, E. L. Bonnell, Clarence Dana, Rogers, Alex. Thorne, John Thickstun, Wm. Thickstun, S. Shreve, Buford Estill, Andrew Love, Dr. C. Mallory, James Mettler, T. S. Nathan, Dr. Hall (editor,) A. Dunlap, Howard Randolph, D. F. Randolph, Dr. Protsman.

Geo. B. Barnabas, Geo. Codington, John Chandler, Geo. E. Cornwell, H. E. Carroll, F. B. Crosier, C. C. Chandler, F. W. Powell, L. M. Randolph, E. Stumble, J. F. Hoagland, J. W. Jackson, Wm. E. Johnson, John King, Edwin Loomis, James Love, Dr. E. C. Mallory, James Mettler, T. S. Nathan, Dr. Hall, Rogers, Alex. Thorne, John Thickstun, Wm. Thickstun, S. Shreve, Buford Estill, Andrew Love, Dr. C. Mallory, James Mettler, T. S. Nathan, Dr. Hall (editor,) A. Dunlap, Howard Randolph, D. F. Randolph, Dr. Protsman.

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H. A. Weber, John Valient, A. A. Zabriskie, Craig A. Marsh, A. B. Severs, Wm. B. Cromwell, Wm. Hubbard, Thos. Mercy, Charles Place, H. P. Reynolds, J. E. Tracy, L. Walz, Wm. H. Sampson, Thos. Mercy, Donald, Rev. Wm. H. Honeyman, A. G. Baldwin, H. E. Bowen, Isaac Hardaway, Dr. S. Wathen, Dr. Thos. H. Tomlinson, A. L. Titsworth, R. E. Pope, Wm. M. Stillman, G. E. Stillman, J. A. Allis, W. H. Rogers, Geo. B. Titsworth, A. Cheverton.

A gentleman in the audience suggested that Dr. Hurlbut be added to the committee. Dr. Hurlbut said he could not accept for reasons which were stated.

Dr. Hurlbut's name, inadvertently omitted, was included, and all those named were unanimously chosen by motion, after which the meeting adjourned.

Through Cars for Trenton.

A telegram received to-day from General Passenger Agent Baldwin of the Central Railroad is as follows: The Philadelphia train due in this city at 9:45 will stop to take on passengers for Trenton. The excursion rate to go to Trenton on trains 317 and 501 and to return on any train will be $1.80. Through cars will be attached to 317 and 501.

The Weather.

Snow or rain, followed by clearing, colder weather.

BREVITIES.

—The Borough Council will hold an adjourned meeting to-morrow evening.

—A young man who was arrested Saturday evening for engaging in a fight on East Second street was fined by Mayor Gilbert this morning.

—*There was a good attendance at the* four and 7.45 p. m. meetings at Reform Hall yesterday. The addresses by Prof. Jno. Lane of New York were able and well received.

—Bismarck is what in Germany they call a "whain zmoker," that is he smokes *from morning till night without a break* lighting one cigar with the end of the other.

—Mr. Charles Shaus of West Front street claims to have received more valentines than any person in Plainfield. He said that at noon to-day he had *received forty and that they are* all comical.

—The church of the Holy Innocents (Episcopal) of Dunellen is slowly but steadily growing. "Good things come slowly," but with a popular rector and good music, its future looks promising, *to say the least.*

—The Northern Lights that appeared in the sky Saturday evening were plainly visible here. A number of persons thought there was fire and one of the drivers of the department was prepared to respond to an alarm, having hitched up his horse.

—Manager Keller of the Crescent League Base Ball Team has released Mr. Indge and signed George Lisely, Mr. Lisely has formerly played with the Rome ville team, but being a popular resident of this city Mr. Keller induced Mr. Mark to release him.

—Edsall says if you want to learn something important concerning the carpet trade in Plainfield this Spring, read his announcement in to-day's NEWS. He extends a cordial invitation to everyone at his establishment this year to absent revolution. He has the carpet business of Plainfield.

THE NEW PARK PLACE CHAPEL.

PARK PLACE CHAPEL.

DEDICATED YESTERDAY BY BISHOP W. X. NINDE.

The Beautiful Edifice in which North Plainfield Methodists will Worship. Almost Free of Debt—$2,000 Raised at the Services.

Only about three years ago the Methodist erected, in the rear of their church on Front street, Vincent chapel, which is pronounced the handsomest and most complete in the United States. It cost about $18,000.

Last year they erected and dedicated the Monroe avenue chapel, at a cost of about $8,000, and yesterday they dedicated the Park place chapel. This has been already fully described in these columns and is elsewhere illustrated. It cost about $12,000. These chapels are considered among the best in the country for the money. The plans were all designed by Architect Teale of North Plainfield, the architect of all Plainfield's new public schools, and of many prominent public and private buildings in and around New York.

A programme specially arranged by the pastor, Charles Bayard Mitchell, was carried out at yesterday's services, and included a sermon morning and evening by Bishop Ninde, while Rev. Dr. Van Meter, a former pastor, now president of the Woman's College at Baltimore, Md., conducted an afternoon meeting.

Bishop Ninde, took for his morning text I Samuel, iv, 13: "And when he came, lo, Eli sat watching: for his heart trembled for the ark of God."

"The Bible is," said the Bishop, "remarkable for its candor. None of the Biblical characters except Christ was perfect, nor has the Bible made them so. This book does not hesitate to show their faults as well as their virtues. Even the great prophet Eli did many things that were wrong, and we do not hold him up as a shining light to follow. But his greatest sin lay in his great love for his profligate sons. 'He loved not wisely but too well.' *He trusted his all to his* unworthy children, who, instead of benefitting thereby, went from bad to worse until it finally culminated not only in their own ruin, but also in that of their father's and all of his household.

Eli did not act wisely in the use of the powers given him, for when his sons, in their offices, carried things so far that the Israelites dreaded to worship at the tabernacle and all Israel was on the verge of infidelity, Eli only rebuked his beloved offspring, instead of exerting his authority, and removing them from office.

But we need not blame the ancients for taking missteps when there are so many in this advanced and enlightened age who do so much worse.

One of the greatest faults of the present day, and one which forms the foundation for so many others, is the constant craving for "Intellectual Novelties."

It has gone so far that many young men will not go to church, because they do not hear anything new. They only like a sermon that inclines to sensationalism, and that is full of falsehoods, *which are dignified under the title of* new theories. I wonder how many of these same young men have ever read the sacred truths from their original source. If more of them would do so they would know better than to speak of them as "being too old and dry to be interesting."

The Bishop admonished his hearers against the errors of Eli, drawing vivid pictures of some of the results of infidelity, which follows, as in the case of Eli's sons.

He urged earnest co-operation in all Christian work.

He pointed to Christ as a true Gentleman always concerned for the welfare of others.

He believed the church of the future will discover the necessity of co-operation, and will found its strength upon three things, namely: Watchfulness, Prayerfulness, and Diligence or Faithfulness.

During the war between the Israelites and Philistines, after the former had brought the ark of God in their midst, Eli could not remain at home until the tidings were sent to him, but sat by the way-side to watch.

Although he was old and blind, still he staid on until the fleet-footed messenger arrived with the awful news each part of which was worse than the first.

His watchfulness was rewarded, but his disobedience was also punished. The news came, "The Israelites have fled before the Philistines. They two sons are dead and the ark of God has been taken."

Could anything be worse. Eli bravely kept up during the first two parts of the announcement, but when it was said "and the ark of God has been taken," he was seized with a trembling of the heart, he fell over backwards, and broke his neck, dying immediately. So ended the life of the prophet who loved not wisely but too well.

The Bishop made a local application of his text to impress upon his hearers the need of holding fast to the faith, and when he concluded, Rev. Mr. Mitchell had Dr. Carroll, of North Plainfield, editor of the New York Independent and Superintendent of the Religious Census of the United States, read the financial statement, which showed that the new edifice cost about $12,000, and was all paid for but about $4,000. Mr. Mitchell proposed to raise $1,000 of the amount. The congregation subscribed about $1,000. In the evening the amount was increased to $2,000.

Bishop Ninde delivered an eloquent sermon in the evening, from Ephesians. The presiding elder Dr. Brice, and Drs. Carroll and Hurlbut and the pastor, Rev. C. B. Mitchell, occupied the platform with the Bishop.

After the sermon and before the dedicatory service the balance of $600 referred to was contributed.

The building was then formally and solemnly presented as a place for God's worship, by the contractor and builder Mr. Isaac W. Pangborn, and dedicated as such by the Bishop.

HOW THE GANG IS BROKEN UP.

The Leader of the River Thieves Will Spend Three Years in Prison.

In the Union County Court Saturday James Morrow, the leader of the three river thieves arraigned last week, was sentenced to three years in State prison on three indictments. Morrow, the police say, was the leader of the gang. Joseph Hoplock, a young man implicated in the robberies was sentenced to six months in the county jail, the court exercising clemency because it was his first offense.

Charles Connell, the other member of the gang, who turned State evidence, will be sentenced next Saturday.

Mr. Pangborn, who could not resist the temptation to rob the safe of the man with whom he boarded and was caught while fleeing to New York with the money, was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

Thomas Murphy, of Paterson, pleaded guilty to burglary, and will be sentenced next Saturday. Frank Wells, who also pleaded guilty to breaking and entering, will be sentenced the same day.

POLO AT THE CRESCENT.

The Plainfield Team Still Champions.

A large audience enjoyed the exciting game of polo at the Crescent Rink, Saturday evening, between a crack Jersey City team and the Plainfield champions, in which the latter were victorious. The second championship game will be on Tuesday evening, as advertised elsewhere.

In Memory of the Late Mr. Runyon.

The teachers and scholars of the Mt. Bethel Sunday-school at their meeting yesterday passed resolutions of condolence for the family of the late Isaac S. Runyon, an account of whose death appeared in THE NEWS a few days ago.

They also paid a high tribute to his worth, as a sincere Christain, and good neighbor, and to his many excellent virtues.

The memorial was signed by John C. Cooper, Israel V. Adams, and Fessenden Stiles, as a committee to present it to the survivors.

Officers Nominated.

At a meeting of Branch No. 3, Emerald Beneficial Association, held recently, the following officers were placed in nomination for the ensuing year:

President—William Manning.
Vice President—Edward Murphy.
Secretary—John Carney.
Treasurer—William White.
Stewards—M. McCann and J. Shay.

The Remains Sent Home.

Undertaker Casey on Saturday evening last sent the remains of the late John Shay, the fireman who died at the Muhlenberg Hospital Saturday afternoon from injuries received on the railroad at Round Brook, to his late home at Hampton Junction. Deceased was thirty-seven years of age.

A Fraternal Visit.

Covenant Lodge, Knights of Pythias of Newark, visited Scotch Plains Friday evening and were entertained by Goodwill Lodge of that place. After the meeting the members were entertained at an elaborate collation. All present thoroughly enjoyed the affair.

KING—In this city Feb. 15, 1892, Edward, only child of Thomas Worthington and Gertrude King, aged 7 months.
Funeral services from the residence of the parents, 1 Liberty avenue, Monday Feb. 15th at 4.15 p. m.
Interment Spring, N. Y., Columbus and Cincinnati, Ohio, papers please copy.

MORRIS—In this city Feb. 14th, 1892, Francis J. Morris, aged 35 years, 7 months, 19 days.
Funeral services from the Mount Olivet Baptist church, Wednesday at 2.30 p. m.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Watching the Massilia's Passengers.

Newark, Feb. 15, (Special.)—The five men who arrived on the steamship Massilia and who came to Newark have as yet developed no symptoms of typhus, but they will be kept under observation for twenty days.

The London Coal Strike Over.

London, Feb. 15th. (Special.)—All the coal porters who were on strike last week resumed work this morning, having gained the terms they asked for.

STATE NEWS

Henry I. Budd has been re-elected president of the Burlington County Agricultural Society.

An average of sixty-two doses of medicine per day were administered to tramps in the Burlington county jail.

Copper mines were operated before the Revolution near Pleasington, N. J., by an English company, and since that time the history of these deposits has been a varied one. In 1856 a company was formed with the intention of developing the copper on the Rockefeller property. Three English miners were engaged in opening one of the pre-Revolutionary shafts, about fifty feet below the surface, they came across some mining tools, such as wedges and picks and an oak bucket, strongly bound with iron, of about two bushels capacity. *They found an irregular chamber about* fifteen feet square from which they began to drift in all directions. The experiment was a failure, as were the attempts of numerous companies for the next fifty years. In 1857 a small quantity was secured was to produce copper at the cost of one dollar a pound when it was selling at eighteen cents in the market. The trouble appears to be that the copper exists only in small pockets and not in sufficient quantity to pay for the labor of getting it out.—Philadelphia Ledger.

PERSONAL.

Mr. John G. Wilson of New York is visiting friends on West Sixth street.

The funeral of the youngest child of Mr. Joseph Smith took place from the residence of his parents yesterday afternoon.

At the 10:45 services in St. Mary's church, the Rev. Father Stafford, the assistant pastor, presented a sermon commending the proposed race track legislation.

—It is a curious commentary upon medical science that Sir Morell Mackenzie, the world's highest recognized authority on throat diseases, died of bronchitis.—Ex.

—Cures for insomnia are very numerous, and before any man could try them all he would be asleep forever. A way for getting young children to sleep is to sing Spanish lullabies. It requires that the back from the neck to the waist be gently rubbed.—Chicago News.

—While typhus, one of the most malignant and contagious of fevers, is at present raging in New York, it might be well for people to know that impure water and defective plumbing are among the most fruitful causes of typhus and also typhoid fever. Watchfulness of these matters may save much trouble and sorrow in the future.

—The barber would not ordinarily be thought of as following a particularly perilous occupation, but a barber in Wimmbledon is lying at the point of death from injuries sustained in the ordinary pursuit of his calling. He accidently cut his finger very slightly while shaving a customer. The next customer wanted his mustache dyed. The barber got some of the dye in the wound and blood poisoning ensued.

—The people of Great Britain consume about five times as much tea per head as do the inhabitants of this country, and the consumption there is steadily increasing every year. The consumption of Great Britain per head was 4.90 pounds; in 1890, 5.18 pounds, and last year it was 5.35 pounds. Americans only consume about one and a quarter pounds of tea per head yearly. But we use from seven to nine pounds of coffee per head to make up for it.

—A simple method of toughening any glassware is to immerse it in a gallon pot of cold water in which a half cup of salt has been dissolved. Let the water boil thoroughly, then lift the kettle off the fire and allow it to become perfectly cold before you remove the glass. When the water is partially cold take out the glassware, wash it and wipe it dry. Subjected in this way to protracted and sudden changes of temperature and sudden drafts, which, striking against a super-heated lamp chimney, are liable to crack it.—New York Tribune.

Hornby's Oats

Here is the secret of its unparalled success.

H-O.

Matchless quality.
Without a rival and without a peer.

Good grocers sell it.

CARPET OPENING

OF NEW SPRING GOODS!

NEVER BEFORE in Plainfield have the people had such a Large and Handsome stock of Fine, Elegant Carpets to select from, as we now offer.

The goods have been selected from some of the best known mills, with special care to please city trade.

The stock embraces all grades in cotton and wool, and all-wool Ingrains, Tapestry Brussels, Body Brussels, and a good line of Moquettes.

Of all these we keep duplicate pieces in stock, so there can be no delay in filling orders.

In addition we have been made selling agents for Messrs. W. and J. Sloane, of New York, which enable us to sell from their house, either from samples here, or from your own selection there, at the SAME PRICES as they sell at. By this Special arrangement we can handle the largest and best trade in this city. This agency applies to anything in their house.

By these and other special advantages at our hand this season, we can confidently assure our patrons that no better interest to give us an early call.

Special Bargains are now offered in Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portieres, etc.

EDSALL'S.

CUT THIS OUT.

THIS IS WORTH 10 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 10 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 10 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a 25 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a 25 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Housefurnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that others can't touch (under the comparison), 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and etc. Respectfully, J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

AMUSEMENTS

MUSIC HALL!

ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY!

One Merry Night.

TO-NIGHT

First appearance in Plainfield in several seasons of the

MONARCHS OF MELO-FARCE COMEDY,

MESTAYER'S TOURISTS.

Presenting Jolly W. A. Mestayer and Charming Theresa Vaughn, accompanied by a select octette of laugh provokers in the latest and greatest mirth provoker,

OUR GRAB BAG.

The honest, brightest and breeziest farcial comedy extant.

Better than "The Tourists in a P. P. C." or "We, Us & Co."

POLO! POLO!!

AT CRESCENT RINK.

Tuesday, Feb. 16th,

Roseville vs. Plainfield.

Game called at 8.45.

RINK HEATED BY STEAM.

J. W. ALLEN, Manager.

TICKETS FOR THE

DAMROSCH

Symphony Concert to be given in

MUSIC HALL!

on

Tuesday, March 8th,

Will be on sale at the Central Pharmacy, Monday, February 15th.

PRICES—50 Cents to $1.50.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 15 3m* E. ROBERTS & SONS.

"The Lakewood"

No expense has been spared to make "The Lakewood" at Lakewood, N. J., the ideal Winter Hotel. Covered promenade one third of a mile long, filled with tropical plants. Write for

1 15tf FRED. STERRY, Manager.

BABY : LAUGHS

when mamma uses

ANTI-CHAP.

For children and infants. There is no preparation so cleansing and healthful for the little one as Anti-Chap.

Wash your baby with Anti-Chap Soap. Dust the baby with

ANTI-CHAP POWDER.

Papa, Mamma, Everybody should use the delightful Anti-Chap. Your druggist keeps it. 25 cents.

50c. a Bottle

for

EMULSION

of

COD LIVER OIL,

with HYPOPHOSPHATES,

at

Williams' Pharmacy,

No. 20 West Front near, Cor. Grove.

The Right Kind of Bread.

Sir Erastus Wiman, having settled many other of the vexed questions of this universe, now comes to the relief of dyspepsics, which means most of the human race, and tells us what kind of bread we ought to eat to improve our health. Mr. Wiman is right in his conclusion too. The North American Review he joins to the fact that in spite of health, reason, common sense and even of a proper gustatory taste, civilized people will demand a white, starchy flour from which to make their bread. Whether they do this because they think a darker colored bread will hint dimly of a time when all their ancestors were obliged to eat black bread on account of poverty, one cannot make out, but there certainly is no right kind of reason for mankind insisting on white bread to the destruction of its teeth and digestion.

The whole berry of the wheat, ground to such fineness that none of it will act as an irritant to the lining membranes of the digestive apparatus, is what we want, says E. W. We want it because the germ of the wheat contains some of the most important elements of human food—fat, ash and phosphoric acid. But fashionable taste throws out this germ because it slightly colors the white flour. Again, the cerealine of the bran is a most important aid to nutrition, actually helping to digest not only bread, but other articles of food. But this, too, must be sacrificed.

To remedy the unnatural and unhealthful tastes of civilized people in the matter of bread a company in London started a few years ago a mill for the grinding of whole wheat and making a palatable flour with all the grain left in. In this they have succeeded so well as to overcome to some extent in England the prejudice against a golden brown flour. They have produced a flour from which is made the London "whole meal bread," so called. Mr. Wiman thinks this is the best bread in the world, and those who have tasted it will be inclined to agree with him. Why can we not have as good in America? London millers say it is because Americans will not take time to properly grind the wheat.

The Real Thing This Time.

That is to say, perhaps it is. At any rate Philadelphia now holds her head high and proud, for though Chicago got the World's fair, and a presidential convention, too, Philadelphia got the successor of Mme. Blavatsky, and the boss of all the theosophists.

Blavatsky's mantle was a very big one, large enough to cover two ordinary individuals and a multitude of sins besides, yet it is declared for a fact that it has fallen upon Henry B. Foulke, a real estate dealer in Philadelphia. He has *now given up the pursuit of houses and* lands and will hereafter fix his whole attention on houses not made with hands, precipitated in the astral light, as Mme. Blavatsky's portrait was said to have been upon a canvas in the room of a Philadelphia psychic.

The painters were in India, and were the "masters" Mme. Blavatsky used to talk of. But they stretched out their long handled astral brushes and painted a good likeness of Mme. Blavatsky in Philadelphia. The witnesses knew it was genuine, for though the proceedings were all astral and occult, nevertheless these witnesses smelled paint. It had been one of the conditions agreed on between Blavatsky and Mr. Foulke that if he was to very much to be disappointed as she had been the priestess of theosophy, she would have her portrait painted upon a canvas for him by the occult process after she was dead. This it is claimed has been done. Mr. Foulke also declares he has received undoubted letters from the masters, precipitated before him out of thin air. Unlike Colonel Olcott, Mr. Foulke will show the letters to doubters and non-believers. Nevertheless, it is a good plan to wait till you get some yourself before accepting them wholly. Other people's word, though it were one's own grandmother's, cannot be taken in these matters.

It is a fact that during the time of the late war talk the Irish-American Military union was in active drill and preparation for fight. In Philadelphia alone the union numbers 8,500 members, and they could be ready for fighting orders in forty-eight hours. One of the leading members said that in a few days an army of 20,000, composed wholly of Irish-Americans, could be ready for battle. The members were taken in small squads and drilled separately, as in the old days of Fenian raids. The Irish-Americans were up in arms so quickly on account of Minister Patrick Egan. What they wanted was a chance "to lick Child and England together."

The total national debt of the United States is at present $842,617,896. In the history of modern nations there is no record of a case in which a national debt has been paid so rapidly. The wealth of the ten richest men in the country would, combined, pay all the remaining debt of the nation. Government receipts during January, 1892, were less by $6,500,000 than they were for the corresponding month of 1891. The decrease comes chiefly from diminished customs receipts.

To all road and street commissioners everywhere in America, city and country—take the Boston Commercial's advice and "mend your ways."

A party, corporation or family that

BOTH FACTIONS ARMING.

The Lottery Row in Louisiana Nearing a Grave Climax.

THE ANTIS MEAN SERIOUS BUSINESS.

They Declare If the Evil Cannot Be Wiped Out By Law It Must Be Done in Blood—All the Guns in Town Bought Up and Have Ordered from the East.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 15.—There is to be a conference tomorrow between committees from the lottery and anti-lottery wings of the Democratic party. The idea is to arrange a compromise, agree on terms by which the gambling enterprise may exist a year or two longer, withdraw the two Democratic tickets now in the field and name a new one, which both factions may support. It is not considered likely that the differences will be adjusted. There is an intensity of feeling on this question that will scarcely be quieted by committee action. Neither side is willing to make any concessions. It is considered much more probable that the points involved will be debated with the convincing argument of rifles and argued through smoke that they will be decided over a council table. There is no room for a compromise, the anti-lottery people believe, and they declare that if the Louisiana lottery cannot be killed by the law it must be drowned in blood.

In the last three months thirty "Democratic" clubs have been organized, one in each ward in the city. The membership of the individual clubs ranges from 50 to 300 men and the total membership is 5,000, possibly more. As the election for governor will take place in April the forming of the clubs attracted but little attention. As the clubs were built up the astonishing great there was a singular commercial movement.

The Antis Mean Business.

At no time since Ben Butler assumed municipal control has there been such a steady demand for firearms as during the last few months. The prices of Winchesters advanced and shotguns became nearly as valuable and as scarce as jewelry. Soon neither rifles nor bowling pieces were to be had and manufacturers had difficulty in filling orders. Then it was learned that the new ward clubs were causing the unprecedented demand for weapons. Their weekly meetings were devoted to instructing the members in the manual of arms.

The members of these clubs are associated for business. When it appears to them that the lottery has come to stay, that the institutions of the state that the ordinary political and legislative methods cannot loosen its hold, they will begin the transaction of the business for which they were organized. This will be the taking control of the state government by force.

The Lottery Men Arming.

The anti-lottery faction is not alone in preparing for the conflict. Friends of the vast gambling corporation will also have an army at its call, but these forces will not have the discipline of the Old Ward which may be looked for among the antis.

When the lottery men began to arrange for the purchase of arms they found that hardly a Winchester or revolver was to be had in town. Realizing that the antis had *already made preparations for the expected* conflict, they hastily subscribed a considerable sum, which was forwarded to a New England gun factory and shortly something like a ship load of rifles was stored in a warehouse on the levee here.

There is an old statute which forbids the storing of arms in Louisiana, except such as are kept on sale in stores or belong to military organizations. The governor will probably confer with these warehousemen, and in the event of an armed conflict, the bodies of the lottery men will be perforated with cartridges which their own money paid for.

Portugal May Not Be There.

LISBON, Feb. 15.—The government has decided to say that the financial condition of the country renders it impolitic for Portugal to make an exhibit at the Chicago World's fair, and will take no official cognizance of such exposition. It is expected that this action will doubtlessly have the effect to reduce the Portuguese exhibit to very small proportions, if it does not, as is quite likely, exclude it altogether.

Death of Colonel Joy.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 15.—Colonel Edmund L. Joy died, aged fifty-seven years. He was captain of the Thirty-sixth Iowa infantry and afterward was appointed by President Lincoln major and brigade advocate and assigned to duty with the Seventh army corps.

De Lesseps Dying.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—Count Ferdinand de Lesseps, the world famed diplomat and promoter of colossal feats of engineering, is lying dangerously ill. He is perfectly conscious of his critical condition, and expresses his desire that the last sacraments of the church be administered to him.

A Woman Burned to Death.

YONKERS, N. Y., Feb. 15.—A fire totally consumed the residence of James Whalen, near Ardsley. Mr. Whalen's sister met her death in the flames, while the other occupants had just sufficient time to escape, being compelled to flee in their night clothes.

It May Ruin the Town.

MYSTIC, Ia., Feb. 15.—The prosperous mining town is threatened with annihilation by the action of the Iowa Central railway in raising rates on coal to a point where it cannot be shipped at a profit.

A Wealthy Farmer Missing.

ROCKY HILL, Conn., Feb. 15.—Samuel R. Morton, a leading and wealthy farmer of this place, has been missing since Jan. 31. It is thought that he has been led away by bunco steerers.

War in Abyssinia.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—King Menelek of Abyssinia has refused to receive the embassador sent from Tigre, one of the three principalities of Abyssinia, and has declared war against the rebellious state.

The Russian Relief Movement.

BEDFORD, Pa., Feb. 15.—An appeal for money for the relief of the Russian sufferers was made from every pulpit in Bedford county.

A Negro Brute Lynched.

SELMA, Ala., Feb. 15.—Riley Webb, a colored brute, was taken from the jail and hanged to a tree and his body filled with bullets.

The Brazilian Revolt Denied.

LISBON, Feb. 15.—The rumors of an impending revolution in Brazil are indignantly

WHAT GIRLS LEARN TO FACE.

The Chief Surgeon of the Receiving Hospital in San Francisco, Feb. 15.—In the past few days will be found in the county jail of that city the name of the Chilian government to the United States minister, Balmaceda, who were injured in the fight with the mob at Valparaiso. Some of the wounded are dangerously ill. The claims foot up in the neighborhood of $1,000,000. The largest sums are demanded by John Hamilton and Edward Anderson, $250,000 each, the sons of the Baltimorean at the time the assault was committed. Hamilton received three bad wounds and thinks that $50,000 is not too much for the Chilian government to open for such wounds. Anderson thinks $250,000 more nearly as the result of his being in the row, but he says he will be satisfied if he can get hold of $150,000 Chilian money.

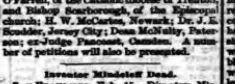
Lawyer F. A. Orr has the cases in charge of the men. He says he thinks the men are justified in asking the amount of indemnity they have. "If the Chilian government refuses to the United States $1,000,000, as she should for this unfortunate affair, why we want it," said the lawyer with a smile.

New Jersey Racetrack Bills.

JERSEY CITY, Feb. 15.—At all the churches in New Jersey there was read yesterday an appeal issued by the Citizens' League of New Jersey urging all law abiding citizens to meet in Trenton on Tuesday next, to protest against the passage of the racetrack bills which are now pending. Arrangements have been made for the running of excursion trains from all parts of the state, and the indications now point to an invasion of the capital by at least 2,000 people. Delegations are expected from Paterson, Elizabeth, Newark, Jersey City, Trenton and Camden. The principal speakers will be Dr. James McCosh, ex-president of Princeton; Bishop O'Farrell of the Catholic diocese of Trenton, and Bishop Scarborough, of the Episcopal church; H. W. McCartee, Newark; Dr. J. E. Scudder, Jersey City; Dean McKinley, Paterson; and Judge Bullock, Camden. A number of petitions will also be presented.

Investor Misdeed Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—Dimsey Misdeed, the inventor of Misdeed's new explosive, died and was quietly buried in Odd Fellows' cemetery. As an experienced chemist he had a world wide reputation. Among his inventions were a new method for producing cobalt and nickel ores, the destruction of phylloxera by means of pyrollgneous acid, and his most recent invention, "ten rolls." The explosive threatens to work wonders in warfare and mining.



New Fans.

Large fans are fashionable now; the right size is fourteen inches, and crepe de chine is found to be an admirable ground work for painting. Sometimes one or two of the sticks, thirty carved and gilded, are placed outside, and the painted scenes form three groups, sometimes merging from among a framework of lace, and occasionally many silvered. Brunette point of the most feature is made to form a part of the picture, as in a beautiful example of Watteau figures, with the tower and the bridge in lace. One of the newest fashions is that of black lace and tortoise shell, the shell profusely worked in gold. Some of the pearl mounts are carved in the heavy Renaissance design. Black lace on a white grounded painting is strong in contrast, but finds much favor. Among the less costly fans, specialties are introduced and dyed pearl mounts. For example, with painted poppies the sticks were of the exact tint of the flower.

Fashionable Accessories.

Floral ornaments are not much worn in the hair with evening dress now.

Headdresses for elderly women are the veriest trifles. They are made of delicate colored filmy stuff and feathers.

Butterflies of enameled gold with jeweled wings are very beautiful and, of course, much less costly.

Silk petticoats are elaborate, being flounced, ruched and fluttering with ribbons.

Bangles are the same as they have been for the past two seasons. They are gold chains threaded at intervals with pearls or narrow bands of plain or twisted gold ornamented with a heart, crescent ova corn shaped pendant.

Opera Hood.

In the accompanying illustration is shown a wrap exceedingly becoming for the head and suited to wear to and from the opera, a reception, or on other occasions when a bonnet is to be dispensed with and the hair is elaborately dressed.

HOOD IN WHITE CHIFFON.

The hood is made of white chiffon and is therefore a light affair that can be worn without disarranging the hair. It is line with white silk and full. The frills are composed of the two materials. Pale pink ribbons in narrow width form the loops that appear on the top of this attractive hood dress.

Ball Dresses.

Flowers are not used in such profusion for decorating dance dresses as they were last season. The trimming this autumn is in the form of touches of color, ribbons and jaune glissant. A dainty dress of white crepon for a girl had a thick roche of white bebe ribbon round the edge of the bodice and skirt, and four or five bows of broad ribbon down one side. These served to tie endless cheloin glistening necklace, for draping over either shoulder and jeweled belts, fillet fashion, but all things are wonderfully effective and not expensive.

FLOODING FREE COINAGE.

The Report on the Bland Bill Presented to the House.

THE QUESTION IS ALL ITS PHASES.

It Is Claimed That Making the Monetary Law Would Put More Money in Circulation and Would Also Add Materially to the Value of All Farm Products.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The report of the committee on coinage, weights and measures on the Bland free coinage bill was presented to the house by Mr. Bland, by the consent of the minority of the committee, whose views will be made public later on. The report is quite voluminous, covering every phase of the silver question. After reviewing the changes made by the different nations in the weight and measure of their coins, the report says: "If the Chilian government refuses to the United States $1,000,000, as she should for this unfortunate affair, why we want it," said the lawyer with a smile.

The report goes on to state that the bullion purchases will not restore the parity of the two metals. Bi-metallism means that which metal will be a standard with the least. Free coinage of silver means that all silver bullion of 412½ grains standard, or 371¼ grains pure silver, shall be worth a dollar in lawful payment, the stamp of the government is affixed to it solely for the purpose of a guarantee of its weight and fineness. The committee contends that this country can coin the two metals freely now at par, and cites the financial history of France as illustrating this point.

Upon the point of restoring the parity by bullion purchases, the committee quotes from the minority report what is known as the Windom-Conger bill: That the moment we suspend the coinage of the competing silver dollar and make gold the only standard of all redemptions, as the Windom report proposes, then gold of necessity must contribute to rise more rapidly than before and the contention is made that the appreciation of that measure would find themselves cheated in the main object sought—the increase of the value of silver as compared to gold.

A long quotation is made from the same report to prove that free coinage is required by the constitution. Congress having no lawful right to demonetize either gold or silver under the provisions "that congress shall have power to coin money, regulate the value thereof and of foreign coin," and that "no state shall make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of a debt."

Most Money Would Circulate.

The committee make strenuous argument that free coinage would put more money in circulation. As the present price of silver, says the report, $54,000,000 of silver will coin about $72,000,000 at its coining value, an increase of some $22,000,000 annually. Further, there is now at all times a surplus, not large, perhaps, but still a surplus, lying the treasury. This coinage would absorb the whole of that surplus, whatever it may be, into our currency. In the Fifty-first congress, continues the report, "when this same idea was under consideration, the strong adverse report of the majority of the coinage committee advanced the same idea in fact existing, that the increase of the currency as free coinage would give us. It must be remembered, though, that the mere number of dollars is not the only thing to be considered. The power of a dollar the world over is also a matter of prime importance." The rest of the report consists of copious extracts from the report of the minority on the Windom-Conger bill.

Faith Treatment Killed Her.

LIMA, O., Feb. 15.—Mrs. Allcott Bentzel had been ill for several weeks, but her mother had her on the road to recovery when Henry Thompson, her brother and an ardent believer in the healing arts of faith, arrived upon the scene. He ordered all medicine discontinued and began the prayer treatment. The woman gradually grew worse, but Thompson in his fanaticism did not see it, and shortly before his sister died ordered her to set up and walk across the floor. The exertion proved too much for the unfortunate woman and she died.

The Chess Match a Tie Again.

HAVANA, Feb. 15.—Steinitz opened the eighteenth game in the great match with knight to king's bishop 3, winning after thirty-nine moves. The score is tied again as follows: Steinitz, 7; Tschigorin, 7; draws, 4.

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass

is constructed to suit the vision of those who have poor eyesight. The field glass sold by every jeweler is not. Every farmer should have a pair. Every farmer will understand the advantage of quickly and accurately seeing the movements of his employees or of animals in the fields, and of the approach of persons or teams on the highways. In the QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS he will have an invaluable assistant for these purposes.

Prices { Smallest size 3 1/2 in. $5.00 / Medium size 7 in. $7.50 / Largest size 10 in. $10.00 } All in Morocco Leather Cases.

The largest size is the most powerful.

On receipt of price, we will send any of the above Glasses by mail, postpaid.

QUEEN & CO.,

924 Chestnut St. Philadelphia.

C. DICKINSON

OPTICIAN and JEWELER,

has a full line of

JEWELRY

for

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

Also Gold Eye Glasses and Spectacles, Opera Glasses, Barometers, Thermometers, &c.

43 PARK AVE.

Do not forget

BEECHAM'S PILLS

FOR SICK HEADACHE,

Dizziness, or Sickness in the Head, Sick Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Pain in the Back, Sound, and Side Pains in the Limbs, Rheumatism, etc.

Take four, five or even six of Beecham's Pills at night (as a dose) and you will find a prompt relief to nervous weakness; for the pills will go direct to and remove the cause, the bile, which is the source of the disease. Taken together with persistence and occasional repetition, they will restore the vital organs to healthy action. Price 25c. comes a box, at druggists, or send Price, 25c. Canal St., New York.

We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

28 PARK AVENUE.

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION

73 Park Avenue.

HOME MADE

Bread Rolls Pies Cakes

FRESH EVERY DAY.

THE BEE HIVE

Men's Unlaundried Shirts.

The "Pride." A quality, cut of bosom, heavy muslin, reinforced front and double back.....

50c.

The "Pride," B quality, made of best muslin and fits as well as the "Pride" A, the best in the world.....

69c.

Boys' "Pride" shirts.....

45c.

Youths' "Pride," shirts, this same shirt can only be obtained at the "Bee Hive" in Plainfield.....

69c.

Louis Callman,

49 WEST FRONT STREET

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 28.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Heating Stoves,

OTHELLO RANGES,

FURNACES

and

Fire Place Heaters!

FURNACE WORK,

WATER-PIPING,

PLUMBING,

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6, 18 East Front Street.

"The Very Best"

is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at one store.

But you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Worsteds, Embroidery Silks, and stamped linen goods.

C. E. CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

No. 9 East Front street.

DON'T FORGET

In making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

At LEINBACHER'S, the Tailor,

NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

and Kidney Butts as acknowledged by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES, CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPEPSIA and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

22 East Second street, corner Washington

NOTICE!

I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my

Liberty Street Market

where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices

GOOD :- MEAT!

Of all kinds.

Charles Arnold,

21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Segars for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

SEGAR STORE,

28 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

The machinery in the laundry was recently replaced by improved machinery. Lace curtains and blankets a specialty. Orders left with us will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

SAVE FIFTY PER CENT.

For the purpose of advertising more extensively the quality of our work, we will

Hang all Paper,

Purchased from us during DECEMBER for

HALF :- PRICE,

Our stock consists of all the latest designs.

A. D. Van Sciver,

Opposite Depot, (Chocola Building) 47 North Avenue.

Professional Cards.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Office No. 28 West Front street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public, &c. Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DURHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering and Surveying attended to with promptness. Particular attention to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TRALE,
Architect, 207 Broadway, New York city, room 33 and 34. Residence, 1st Trylon Beach Building, Residence, Plainfield N. J.

PLAINFIELD

CORDLESS EXCAVATING COAL

JONES & CO.

Were quickly and thoroughly done. Two tons in 10 minutes. Our machine is approved of by the Board of Health. Parties who are now using coal by the cordless method at Fair Haven, Manufacturers of Fine Lawns, Garden and Field Fertilizers P. O. box 606. Telephone call 28

Closing Out Sale!

SPLENDID BARGAINS!

WALL PAPER AT COST.

In order to lose not this year's stock of WALL PAPER to make room for New Goods we must

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

ALGER'S ARMY RECORD.

An Attack Upon It Said to Have Political Significance.

MAINE HEAD TO BE RESPONSIBLE

The General's Friends Refute the Charges—Some Startling Statements Claim That the Administration Caused Them to Be Published to Kill His Candidacy.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—General J. C. Kelton, adjutant general of the United States army, has received the following sworn statement of Samuel R. Wooster, late surgeon of the First Michigan cavalry and acting brigade surgeon, with reference to General Alger's military record. The statement is made because of a bitter editorial attack on General Alger in the New York Sun:

"I enlisted as assistant surgeon of the Eighth Michigan infantry, Aug. 19, 1861; was promoted to surgeon of the First Michigan cavalry, Feb. 26, 1863; mustered out Oct. 20, 1864.

"The First cavalry was one of Custer's Michigan cavalry brigade during the campaign of 1863 and 1864, and up to the time of my discharge from the service I was acting brigade surgeon on General Custer's staff at the battle of Shepardstown, Va., at which I was present, and the enemy were forced to retire across the Potomac on account of the great strength of the enemy.

"I knew that General Alger, then Colonel Alger, of the Fifth Michigan cavalry, commanding his own and the Sixth Michigan cavalry, was detailed to protect the crossing of the balance of the command with the artillery train, which he accomplished during this campaign General Alger's health was very much impaired, and the night after our crossing into Maryland from Sharpsburg he was very ill. The following morning, we were gathering the sick and wounded together to send to hospital, I informed Colonel Alger that he was not able to march, and must go to the hospital.

Custer Charged with Being Unjust.

"This was customary for surgeons in the field to do when the command was on the move, and I accordingly directed that Colonel Alger be sent to Annapolis with others, and I distinctly remember that I told him I would forward the proper papers to him; that as we wished to get the sick and wounded away at once. I made application for his leave to General Custer, reporting the facts, and supposed that it was granted, and never heard to the contrary until yesterday.

"In my opinion there never was a more unjust act committed against a soldier than that which is reported to have been by General Custer in his reporting him as absent without leave and recommending his dismissal. All who know General Alger at the war knew he was very prompt and punctual in his duties, and he would have been one of the last men in the world to disobey an order or fail to perform his duty. If there is any person responsible for his being sent to the hospital without the proper order accompanying him that person. Will you do General Alger and me the justice to file this sworn statement with his war record in your office. I have the honor to be, gentlemen, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

SAMUEL R. WOOSTER."

The Administration Accused.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—A special to The Tribune from Washington says that friends of General Alger claim to have evidence that agents of the administration were responsible for the New York Sun's attack on the general's military record, and charge that Secretary Elkins was the direct and responsible agent in the recent publication of the statement from the war department to the effect that Alger had been recommended to be dishonorably discharged from the army for being absent without leave. Mr. Elkins, it is said, had a desire to prevent Alger's killing off Alger as a presidential candidate.

One was to clear the track for his chief, Mr. Harrison, and the other to punish Thomas C. Platt. The latter has made no secret of his preference for Alger after Blaine, and Mr. Elkins in striking at General Alger also struck indirectly at Platt.

They think that the general's statement sent out from Detroit completely disposes of Editor Dana's charges, and are taking advantage of the attack to put his candidacy on an aggressive basis.

General Alger Defends Himself.

DETROIT, Feb. 15.—In an authorized interview General Alger declares that he has but little to say in answer to Dana's editorial concerning him. He sincerely denies, however, that he applied for ten days' leave of absence after the crossing near Shepherdstown, Va., but reiterates that he was sent to the hospital without requesting it, therefore a request for leave could not have been denied by Custer. He also answers Dana by saying his retirement from the army was not one iota different in form from the thousands of others who were honorably discharged.

General Alger expresses deep regret if, in his haste and indignation at repelling the assassin's stab at his good name, he used words regarding General Custer that wound the feelings of that brave soldier's widow, who is a personal friend of General and Mrs. Alger.

A Family Poisoned.

CENTRALIA, Ills., Feb. 15.—The family of James Morton, living ten miles from here, was poisoned Friday morning at breakfast. Dr. Green, of Salem, was called and remained with the family all day and night. Mr. Morton died yesterday morning at 1 o'clock and his daughter died yesterday afternoon. Dr. Green took breakfast yesterday morning and was suddenly taken ill. A sister who had come in to assist the family was also stricken and died yesterday afternoon. It is feared that the doctor and two other members of the Morton family will die. Suspicion has fallen upon Pete Parkinson, a young man of the vicinity. He is charged with having placed poison in the flour barrel for the purpose of killing the entire family, because one of the girls refused to receive calls from him after he had served a term in the Chester penitentiary for theft.

Hill for President.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—Senator Hill had a conference with a number of the state committeemen and the leaders of Tammany at the Fifth Avenue hotel, and it is said that an agreement was arrived at whereby the date of the state convention would not be changed, and that Hill was to be made the choice of the New York delegation to the Chicago convention for president.

Eighty Horses Perished.

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 15.—The stables of the Norfolk City Railroad company and several adjoining dwellings were burned. Eighty horses perished in the flames.

Drank Carbolic Acid.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 15.—Conrad Brett, a tanner, committed suicide by swallowing carbolic acid.

A Safe Profession.

In the life insurance office: The Examiner—May I ask why you expect to be rejected on half the usual rates for one of your age?

The Applicant—Because of the absolute safety of my calling.

The Examiner—And that calling is what?

The Applicant—I am a French duelist.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

The Idea!

She—I want to get a piece of ribbon that can be nicely tied into a bow.

Clerk—Yes, madam. Perhaps you would like to see something already made up?

She—No, indeed. You don't suppose I would allow my Fido to wear a ready made necktie, do you?—Clothier and Furnisher.

Advising Him.

He—What do you regard as most essential—beauty or wealth?

She—Well—er—I'd marry wealth, if I were you.—Life.

INSANE AND MISSING.

Sarah Althea Terry Goes Crazy Over Spiritualism and Disappears.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—Sarah Althea Terry, who became notorious through her divorce suit against ex-Senator Sharon and her subsequent marriage to Judge Terry, has become insane over Spiritualism. Last Thursday she was placed by a friend in the home of Editor Culbreth, of The City Argus, and a nurse was hired to care for her. She has been very eccentric ever since Judge Terry was shot down by Marshal Nagle, and the fact of the latter's acquittal nearly drove her insane. This feeling has since been aggravated by troubles which she had with her attorney in Fresno.

When placed in Editor Culbreth's home she was laboring under tremendous excitement, and Dr. Gilmore has been in almost constant attendance. She sat in her room for hours at a time with her pocket handkerchief rolled up and placed to her ear like the holder of a telephone. She said she got all kinds of messages from her friends in spirit land by this means. Dr. Gilmore said yesterday that it was a clear case of dementia, due to worry over her affairs and dabbling in Spiritualism. Mrs. Terry, though but forty years old, looks very aged and haggard. Her face is flushed with fever, her pulse runs high, but she seems insensible to heat or cold.

Early this morning she disappeared from Mr. Culbreth's house and no clew to her whereabouts has since been secured. She resisted better last night than she had done for several days past and in consequence a decided improvement in her looks was noted when she appeared this morning. She expressed a wish for a little exercise and said she would go outside the house and walk up and down before it for awhile. She took no cloak and Mr. Culbreth had no suspicion that she intended flight. Soon after she left he went to the door and was astonished to find that she had disappeared. He is of the opinion that she has gone to the home of friends in Oakland. Mr. Culbreth frankly admitted that he was going to have her put in charge of the authorities, as she had worn him out and rendered the house by her eccentricities. He tells some remarkable stories of her vagaries. Much sympathy is expressed for the unfortunate woman.

They Didn't Go to Meet Him.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Among the guests at the Vancouver given by the National Press club Sunday night were Congressmen Cochran and Fellows, who, with Congressman Cummings, were incorrectly reported to have gone to New York to meet Senator Hill.

Cash Registers Confiscated.

DAYTON, O., Feb. 15.—Secret Service Officer John Webb confiscated about fifty automatic cash registers manufactured at Syracuse, N. Y., and in use here. Their outside guard is the likeness of a silver quarter, which is in violation of the law.

Another Correspondent Expelled.

BERLIN, Feb. 15.—A special correspondent of the Vossische Zeitung has been expelled from Belgrade by the servian authorities in consequence of his having written articles inimical to the interests of the government of King Alexander.

Slavin After Corbett.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 15.—Frank P. Slavin, the Australian pugilist, says he will meet Corbett and knock him out in six rounds as the New Orleans Olympic club, if he dare face him.

No More Boxing in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—The fiat has gone forth from the police that after this week no more boxing shows will be permitted here.

Mexico and the Fair.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The Mexican government has appointed its commission to assist in the work of preparing its representation at the World's Columbian exposition.

A Murder Summarily Avenged.

RESON, Ark., Feb. 15.—John Kelly and a man named Harris, both colored, were lynched here for the murder of a saloon keeper named McAdams.

Olcott Will Resign.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—Colonel H. S. Olcott, the grand hierophant of Theosophy, will resign the presidency of the order of which he is the head on account of ill health.

Most of the Town in Ashes.

MURFREESBORO, Ark., Feb. 15.—Two-thirds of the buildings in this town were burned, including a stave factory and millions of staves.

A Drakeman Crushed to Death.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Feb. 15.—John Shay, a brakeman on a Central New Jersey train, was thrown between the cars and killed.

Burned to the Water's Edge.

CAPE GIRARDEAU, Mo., Feb. 15.—The railroad steamer Wm. Free President was burned to the water's edge here.

Anarchists Raided and Arrested.

BERLIN, Feb. 15.—The police raided a secret anarchistic meeting and arrested fifty of the leaders.

NEW STOCK.

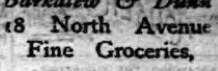
Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE BEF TEA



To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new crop vegetables, viz: French Peas, Preserved Sugar Corn, Succotash & Morrell Parts Sugar Corn, Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Red Tomatoes, P. H. Legg's Stewed Tomatoes, Fast & Winterson's extra sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early June Peas, Stamburg Stringless Beans, Hudson River Asparagus and tips.

Special reduction given by the case and dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jellies and Mixed Pickles.

79 BROADWAY.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

BROWN & HILLS

Plaining and hair cutting parlor, in POMEROY'S HOUSE, No. 5 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Boot black stand connected with the shop.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING call at

Bremmer Bros',

28 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to-order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Educational.

EDUCATION. Exclusive attention in Education, class or private lessons. For terms, address MISS A. POST, P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH LESSONS. Instruction and entertainment in French Lectures, class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield. Westfield and surroundings. Terms low. Call or address Prof. Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. VERUS, care of Misses Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY, Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891. For information call at the Academy or address EDW. RD R. HARNED, Prin. 187 PARK AVE., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 3 to 5 p. m.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTESON, Teacher of Languages, offers lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 18 Somerset Street.

Lodges.

Fraternity and Prosperity.

1873. Membership, 126,000. 1891.

Death benefits paid over $28,000,000 since organization. WENONAH LODGE, No. 51, KNIGHTS OF HONOR, meets First and Third Tuesdays, at 8 p. m., in Wetmpahs Lodge Rooms, Music Hall Building.

LOUIS I. VAN ALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. FRY, Reporter.

WASHINGTON LODGE, No. 36, second and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m.

Special Notices.

H. SPENCER, 76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner. Choice groceries, provisions and produce; white granite, C. C. yellow rock at one and glassware; flower pots and hanging baskets; pure cider vinegar four years old. Best grade of ice cream.

MRS. LINDSAY, Intelligence Office, 24 West First street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 29 7

ROGERS GROUPS, Remarque etchings. Artist's materials, Avenue, 36 West Front street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

BARGAINS. In horses, carts, fastlings, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin iron wagon. JOHN P. WOLFE, Rose street, North Plainfield.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS for sale on Somerset street, Highwood Park, Somerset street. Address

E. F. H. CHASE,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Sanford, Real Estate Broker, 113 and 115 Nassau street.

Kine's Extracts.
Pure Fruit Flavors

Builders Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

No. 26 West Front street, for ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK. ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT, Practical Carpenter and Builder. Shop and residence, 20 Somerset street. Orders left at Bookbinding Establishment will receive prompt attention.

WILLIAM C. SMITH, Practical Mason and Builder. All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 771

JOHN BERRMANN, Stair Builder, and hard wood mantle work. Shop corner of Grand and Eagle streets, North Plainfield, N. J. 10-10-17 J. BERRMANN, 8 Eagle street.

O. V. BAUMS, Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Gibson avenue, near Grove. Drawer P. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

JOHN P. EMMONS, MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Watchung avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 963.

PIERSON & HAYLE, Carpenters & Builders P. O. BOX 51.

W. J. PEARSON, No. 13 Vine street, N. h side, No. 16 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick, CARPENTER AND General Jobber.

SHOP, 30 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty

Jobbing promptly attended to

Window Screens

made to order.

Real Estate & Insurance

ISAAC BROKAW & SON, REAL ESTATE and Insurance.

Money to loan on first mortgage.

NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Edw. C. Mulford REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

49 North avenue.

M. M. Dunham, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

No 7 East Front Street.

Wm. A. Woodruff, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security. Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Cleaner Coal! *L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,* 69 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam dryer for screening and retaining fine coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPTON (LEHIGH AND HOUSEKEEPER COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

KINDLING AND KINDER WOODS.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for forwarding coal and wood by rail, and solicits a share of the trade in the best manner at short notice.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive at Plainfield as follows: [illegible]

SUNDAY MAILS.

Collections from mail boxes and p. m. Mail closed at 6:00 p. m.

E. E. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Plainfield station, foot of Watchung avenue.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 6:30, 6:45, 7:30, 8:05, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty st., at 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 7:10, 8:45, 9:45, 11:05 a. m., 12:05, 1:45, 3:05, 4:45, 5:45, 7:05, 8:45, 9:45, 11:05 p. m. Sunday at 5:45, 9:45 a. m., 5:45, 9:45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:05, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave Newark, Market street, at 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 7:10, 8:45, 9:45, 11:05 a. m., 12:05, 1:45, 3:05, 4:45, 5:45, 7:05, 8:45, 9:45, 11:05 p. m. Sunday at 5:45, 9:45 a. m., 5:45, 9:45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:30, 7:30, 8:45 a. m., 1:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 8:30, 11:15 p. m. Sunday at 5:30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7:30, 9:45, a. m., 1:30, 5:30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6:45 a. m., for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Stockton, Lambertville, Frenchtown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin and Scranton.

7:30 a. m. for High Bridge Branch and Flemington.

8:45 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor and Manch Chunk.

9:45 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

11:05 a. m. for Flemington and High Bridge Branch.

1:45 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

3:05 p. m. for D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury, Williamsport, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc. Parlor car to Manch Chunk.

4:45 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc.

5:45 p. m. for Flemington.

7:05 p. m. Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

8:45 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

9:45 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Lambertville and Scranton. 5:45 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

4:45 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 5:27, 8:03, 11:09 a. m., 2:31, 4:40, 6:30, 7:50 p. m. Sunday 5:27, 8:03 a. m., 4:40 p. m. For Perth Amboy 5:27, 8:03, 11:09 a. m., 2:31, 4:40, 6:30, 7:50 p. m. Sunday 5:27, 8:03 a. m., 4:40 p. m.

For Atlantic City 5:27 a. m., 2:31 p. m. For Trenton 5:27, 8:03, 11:09, 11:30 a. m., 2:31, 4:40, 6:30 p. m. Sunday 8:03 a. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

For Philadelphia at 5:45, 8:20, 9:05, 10:47 a. m., 12:22, 1:20, 2:55, 4:10, 5:45, 6:40, 8:20, 10:30 p. m. Sunday at 8:20, 10:47 a. m., 5:45, 8:20 p. m. 1:11 night.

For Baltimore and Washington at 8:45, a. m., 2:55, 5:45, 8:20 p. m. 1:11 night. Sunday at 8:20 a. m., 5:45, 8:20 p. m. 1:11 night.

For Pittsburg, Cincinnati and the West see Pass Agt.

J. M. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Standard Railway of America.

Protected throughout by the inter-locking switch and block signal system.

On and after Nov. 15th, 1891, trains leave Plainfield as follows:

4:35 a. m.—Western Express daily, with Pullman Buffet Parlor and Sleeping cars daily for Pittsburg, Columbus, Cleveland and St. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Chicago and Toledo.

7:00 p. m.—Western Express Daily, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Cleveland, Toledo, Williamsport, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

8:40 p. m.—Pacific Express, with Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars, daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville, Indianapolis, for Cleveland.

For Baltimore, Washington and the South—1:00, 6:52, 7:30, 9:05 a. m., 1:20, 3:30 p. m. On Sundays, 9:05, 10:30 a. m., 4:00 p. m.

For Newark and New York—5:30, 6:52, 7:30, 8:05, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty st., at 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 7:10, 8:45, 9:45, 11:05 a. m., 12:05, 1:45, 3:05, 4:45, 5:45, 7:05, 8:45, 9:45, 11:05 p. m. Sunday at 5:45, 9:45 a. m., 5:45, 9:45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:30, 7:30, 8:45 a. m., 1:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 8:30, 11:15 p. m. Sunday at 5:30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7:30, 9:45, a. m., 1:30, 5:30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6:45 a. m., for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Stockton, Lambertville, Frenchtown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin and Scranton.

7:30 a. m. for High Bridge Branch and Flemington.

8:45 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor and Manch Chunk.

9:45 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

11:05 a. m. for Flemington and High Bridge Branch.

1:45 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

3:05 p. m. for D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury, Williamsport, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc. Parlor car to Manch Chunk.

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For New York only—4:05 a. m. daily.

For Elizabeth—6:52, 7:30, 8:05, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sundays at 1:00, 8:00, 9:05, 10:30 a. m., 5:00, 7:30, 9:30 p. m.

For Rahway—7:30, 8:05, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sundays at 1:00, 8:00, 9:05, 10:30 a. m., 5:00, 7:30, 9:30 p. m.

For Amboy—7:30, 8:45, 9:44, 10:30 a. m., 2:30, 4:00, 5:15, 7:15, 9:30 p. m. Sundays 11:44 a. m., 2:30 p. m. For Long Branch—7:30, 8:45, 9:44, 10:30 a. m., 2:30, 4:00, 5:15, 7:15, 9:30 p. m. Sundays 11:44 a. m., 2:30 p. m.; 5:44 p. m.

For Asbury Park—7:30, 8:45, 9:44, 10:30 a. m., 2:30, 4:00, 5:15, 7:15, 9:30 p. m. Sundays 11:44 a. m., 2:30 p. m.; 5:44 p. m.

For Ocean Grove—7:30, 8:45, 9:44, 10:30 a. m., 2:30, 4:00, 5:15, 7:15, 9:30 p. m. Sundays 11:44 a. m., 2:30 p. m.; 5:44 p. m.

For Trenton—6:52, 7:30, 8:05, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sundays at 1:00, 8:00, 9:05, 10:30 a. m., 5:00, 7:30, 9:30 p. m.

For Lambertville, Phillipsburg and Belvidere, 7:30 a. m.; 2:30, 5:15 p. m.; 5:40 p. m.

For Flemington—7:30 a. m.; 4:00, p. m.

For Bethlehem, Allentown and Easton—Canton, via Junction—7:30, 11:30 a. m.; 2:30, 5:15, 6:14, 9:45 p. m. Sundays 7:30 a. m.; 5:40 p. m.

For Jamesburg, via Monmouth Junction—7:30 a. m.; 4:00 p. m. Sundays 9:44 a. m.

For Cape May, 7:30 a. m. Ocean City 7:30 p. m. Sundays 9:44 a. m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, points on New York and Long Branch R. R.—7:30 a. m.; 4:00 p. m. Sundays 9:44 a. m.; 5:44 p. m.

For Asbury Park—7:30 a. m.; 4:00 p. m. Sundays 9:44 a. m.; 5:44 p. m.

For Ocean Grove—7:30 a. m.; 4:00 p. m. Sundays 9:44 a. m.; 5:44 p. m.

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For Ocean Grove—7:30 a. m.; 4:00 p. m. Sundays 9:44 a. m.; 5:44 p. m.

For Somerville, N. Y.—At through trains connecting at Bound Brook with Somerville and Easton Railroad. For Somerville, 7:30 a. m.; 4:00 p. m. Sundays 9:44 a. m.; 5:44 p. m. For Easton, 7:30 a. m.; 4:00 p. m. Sundays 9:44 a. m.; 5:44 p. m.

For Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore—1:00, 6:52, 7:30, 9:05 a. m., 1:20, 3:30 p. m. On Sundays, 9:05, 10:30 a. m., 4:00 p. m.

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For Rahway—7:30, 8:05, 8:30, 9

SHE GOT REST AT LAST.

PEACEFUL END OF A WORNOUT WIFE OF AN ILLINOIS FARMER.

Her Work Was Left Undisturbed, but the Summons Had to Be Answered—She Had Silver Handles on Her Coffin, the Reward of Her Industry.

The Illinois Central train was half a hundred miles out of Chicago, headed for this city, when in a little station an old farmer came aboard. He was a little, weatherbeaten man, with a sensitive mouth half concealed by an iron gray beard. His all dying clothes were evidently his most uncomfortable best, and he moved awkwardly and stiffly in them. There were no vacant seats, and after some hesitation he sat softly into one occupied by a grave stranger, intent upon his paper. The old man was ill at ease, and as he turned a careworn, disgusted face toward the bleak, flying landscape, it showed marks of some recent trouble. The stranger laid aside his paper, after awhile, and half wistfully the old man glanced at him. He spoke at last with a strange huskiness:

"I'm goin to the city for the second time in my life," he said, half startled at his own voice.

"Yes?" and in the intonation of the other's there was an invitation to go on.

"The second time," repeated the old man. "Thirty years ago, come June, I went there for a weddin suit, and I'm goin back there today for a coffin and a shroud for—the little woman that—married me."

His voice broke, and turning again to the window he looked out upon the dull, cold landscape and was silent many minutes.

DID THEY MAKE A MISTAKE?

"You don't know what it is, mister; you can't understand," and he was crying very softly and hopelessly. "You don't know what it is to live and work alongside a woman for thirty years, day in and day out, to find her always patient and willin and workin—and then have her asleyin dead and cold, with her wormout hands crossed on her breast. You don't have no idea what it is," and the sleeve of the old man was drawn apologetically across his eyes.

"I've been thinkin a good deal since last night, when Maggie died; it kinder puts a man to his thoughts. It was just a little after the turn of the night, and nobody but me was a-watchin, when she kinder woke up like as if she'd been asleep.

"'David,' said she, 'it's restful—so restful,' and I took hold of her hand; 'is that you a singing, David?' says she. 'Go on,' but I hadn't sung a word and couldn't a done it—'go on, David,' says she, 'and I'll be restin, for I'm so tired.' And so she went to sleep again and waked up in eternity.

"And do you know, stranger, them words o' her's have set me to thinkin? Poor, tired soul! And I never thought how much she needed rest. I thought, as I set there watchin her breath a-goin out and in, that there was a-goin to be a mistake of it all. We never thought of it while we was a workin and a skimpin and a savin—tryin to make both ends meet and to lay up somethin for the children. But I thought about it last night, when only me and her was waitin for the last. She never had no pleasure. She never took no holidays nor visited, like other women. She raised the children and slopped pigs and milked cows and churned and cooked for harvest hands.

SILVER HANDLES TO HER COFFIN.

"I dunno I moved nor thought how she done it till I saw them pore, crossed hands with little white pinks in 'em. Some 'un of the neighbors put 'em there, and I looked, but I never had no time for pinks when she might have smelled 'em. She didn't have time for nothin—but the summons, when it came. I'll go with him, mister, after a moment he looked up through his tears.

"Some folks may 'low it won't do no good, mister," and his voice grew stronger, "but I'm a-goin to see that she's put away in somethin rich. We wasn't skimpin and savin lately years for she, but I'm goin to have the best money'll buy. She earned it, God knows, and she's earned somethin else—she's earned that white raiment that the Good Book says is washed in the blood of the lamb."

The old man's voice sank into that reverent whisper so common to the God fearing of his class at the utterance of holy things, and in the silence which followed he sunk into a reverie. He was awakened from it only by the stopping of the train at Van Buren street. At the door of the car he shook hands with his companion and a moment later he was swallowed up in the crowd.

It was plain—all of it. And yet there was a passenger on that train who is the better man for recalling it, the better man for the recollection of the old farmer's look and gesture, and for the thought that there are silver handles to the coffin that holds his sacred dust lying out under a dark mound and the tearful brown of an *Illinois prairie.*—*Chicago Mail.*

Smoking Among New York Women.

The discussion about the ethical right of New York women to smoke is one of those subjects which occasionally find their way into public comment in New York without any apparent reason. It might be better to find out whether New York women do smoke before the public condemns or indorses in such wholesale fashion. As far as my experience goes, smoking among women in this city is exceedingly rare. It is far more common in England than here, and I think that most close observers of New York life will say also in the southern states.

I do not recall an instance of seeing a woman smoke cigarettes within several years. When a certain social critic announced that smoking was common among women at dinner parties he wrote himself down a critic of a callow stripe. What women do when they are alone is their own affair, but smoking at dinner parties on the part of the feminine classes does not deserve to be denounced as reprehensible, because it practically does not exist as a custom in New York.—New York Letter.

The Empress Pearls.

Perhaps $2,000,000 would not represent the value of the Vanderbilt jewels. Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt has a superb diamond crescent two inches in diameter, a pearl necklace owned by the Empress Eugenie and valued at $190,000, this rope of *gems being about forty inches long.* She wears this by rolling it around and around her neck, and then letting it fall in rows toward her waist. Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt has one of the most valuable diamond necklaces in the world. Among other costly ones owned by this family and worn in brooches, necklaces, hairpins, bracelets and rings are rubies, sapphires, emerald- topazes, garnets, etc.—New York Herald.

How to Make Ice Cream at Home.

Put one pint of milk in a double boiler with a piece of vanilla bean one inch in length. Cook together for a few minutes. Beat two yolks of eggs, half a cup of sugar and two tablespoonfuls of flour until very light and stir gradually into the milk when it reaches the boiling point. Cook ten minutes, stirring frequently. Add a pinch of salt; turn into a stone dish. Cool, setting while it cools. When cool add one and a half pints of cream and half a cup of sugar. Before freezing remove carefully the bits of vanilla bean. Use rock salt with the broken ice, putting the ice into the center of the tub. Fasten the lid very securely. Three pints of rock salt is sufficient for a gallon freezer. The ice and salt should be in layers. Turn the crank slowly at first until the ice is well packed about the freezer. Twenty minutes will usually serve to freeze the cream. When it is firm enough take out the paddle and beat well with a wooden spoon until the space left by the beater is filled. Cover with a blanket and set away for two hours. Then dip the can in warm (not hot) water, wipe it off and turn the *contents into a cold dish. Well sweetened* strawberry or raspberry juice or a quarter cup of black coffee may be used if other flavors are desired.

How to Oil Wheatscenes.

Kerosene is best, as it keeps the stone in better condition and assists the process of sharpening.

How to Get Off a Moving Car.

It is always best to have a car stop before getting off, and specially so when one is no longer young and nimble. But when one must jump off a moving car there is only one way to do it. Face in the direction the car is going, but lean back a little, not letting go the handrail of the car till one foot has touched the ground; then step forward in the same directions one, two or three steps, according to the momentum the car has to you. To jump off backward or sideways nearly always results in a fall.

How to Make Brandied Peaches.

Take four pounds of peeled fruit, four pounds of sugar and a pint of white brandy. Make a sirup of the sugar in enough water to dissolve it. Let this come to a boil; put the fruit in and boil five minutes. Remove the fruit carefully and let the sirup boil fifteen minutes longer, or until it is quite thick; add the brandy, and take the kettle at once from the fire; pour the sirup over the fruit and seal.

How to Shake Hands.

Americans are the greatest handshakers in the world, and it is likely that of recent days there has not been a president of the United States who has not secretly wished that George Francis Train's style of shaking hands with himself when he greeted an acquaintance was the universal custom. Common though the habit is, many do the act awkwardly. The right hand of each party to the greeting should be extended about to the level of the forward military between the waist and breast, and the hands should clasp each the other firmly but gently, and then a slight movement up and down and the greeting is over. Shaking hands never is expressive either of embarrassment or of spirit or in playfulness. Neither should a hand when given in salutation be inert and dead. Nor should either party to a handshaking merely give the finger tips. In Europe, some little while ago, in circles of high fashion, it became the style to reach out the hand at an elevation of the breast and then raise the hands. This had some vogue in America, but it was silly and awkward and the style has passed away. A gentleman when introduced to a lady should not offer his hand, but he should be on the alert to respond if the lady should choose to do him the honor of shaking his hand.

How to Care a Bolting Saddle Horse.

Many ill mannered horses and especially livery stable hacks frequently are disposed to choose at a road crossing which road to take, and invariably the road the horse chooses is not the one the rider wishes. Then dig the can in warm (not hot) water, wipe it off and turn the con*tents into a cold dish. Well sweetened* strawberry or raspberry juice or a quarter cup of black coffee may be used if other flavors are desired.

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THE HOUSEHOLD.

ARRANGING THE FURNITURE.

Sensible Suggestions for Making Ourselves Comfortable in Our Homes.

There should be a place for each member of the household in any room, and attention to this causes the furniture in most rooms to arrange itself. It is assumed that it shows to the greatest advantage and can at the same time be used by the owners in the best manner possible, says The Decorator and Furnisher, in which is taken the following advice:

In arranging the furniture of an apartment, no matter how small the room is, a great amount of comfort and a certain idea of unlimited space is always given by placing a screen judiciously by the door; this prevents the whole of the room being on view at once, and gives an opportunity of placing a chair or two behind it, which we could not do were the door to open into the passage and leave a yawning gulf behind one's back, or were it to open into the room and so leave an exposed place at once, where no one could sit, because they would feel they were sitting in the passage; and again no chairs should be lumbered or put out of humanity's reach; if they are, they will be sarely sought out at once by some shy caller or visitor, and we shall have to go and fetch them, and so have to draw him or her into the circle. We do not mean that our chairs should be arranged as if assembled at prayer meeting, but that they should be in touch both of ourselves, the fire in winter and the window in summer, and of the light always; then we shall be quite sure our guests are happy, or if they are not, it is their own fault and not ours.

Don't Mend Your Gloves with Silk.

It is a very common habit, but a great mistake, to mend gloves with silk, as the silk will cut the kid more than fine cotton thread; thus showing the mend far more plainly. For the same reason, according to a correspondent of The Housekeepers' Weekly, it will not hold the edges of the kid so firmly, but instead will cut through in time. You will notice that kid gloves are sewed with cotton thread. The manufacturers understand the difference in the material and use the most satisfactory. Thread is all shades, especially put up to match for glove mending, can be bought for a trifle. If a glove is badly torn or ripped try to match its color with a bit of silk. Lay this under the torn part and baste it carefully down in small stitches that do not show on the right side. Then draw the rip ups carefully as you can, taking up very little of the kid as you do so. Neat glove mending is a nice art, and worthy the consideration of every economical woman.

The Great Point in Washing Woolens.

Never soak woolen garments. Make a *strong lather of soap with very hot water;* let it cool, and while lukewarm wash the flannels quickly, without any rubbing, soap on them. Shake them in the water, clap them between the hands, but avoid the ordinary rubbing, as it is apt to pull them out of shape. If not clean repeat the process with a fresh lather; rinse at once in clean, tepid water, without blue, changing the water until there is not a trace of soap left; shake each garment out well, pull it into shape, hang out to dry as quickly as possible, but do not let the things be near a hot fire. Rapidity is the great point in following out these instructions.

A Desirable Table Cover.

Our cut depicts a table cover illustrated in Country Gentleman, which has the combined merits of being inexpensive, effective and very easy to make.

DENIM TABLE COVER.

This cover is of brown denim, the light side turned upward for the center and the dark side turned up around the edges to form a broad band, which is worked with a running vine of maple leaves, in outline, with shades of golden brown and dark brown linen floss.

A fringe of the same is knotted around, using the dark color only. Blue denim is very pretty for the same purpose.

Currant Cake.

This will be well liked, by the children especially: Rub one-half pound of butter into one pound of flour till it is all crumbled, then add one-half pound of well washed and dried currants (one ounce of caraway seeds if liked), six ounces of sugar, and one ounce finely shred candied peel, mixing them all well together, then moisten it with three whole eggs beaten light, and finally pour in half a pint of warm milk previously mixed with a very small teaspoonful of carbonate of soda. Pour this mixture into a buttered tin, and bake one to one and a half hours.

Creamed Celery.

Cut the celery, which has been well scraped and washed, into small, square pieces, and boil in to salted water until tender. Put a teaspoonful of butter and two teaspoonfuls of rice flour in a bowl and stir into boiling water, adding slowly a quarter of a pint of cream and half a pint of hot milk, stirring until the rice flour is thoroughly cooked. Season with salt and white pepper. Pour this over the celery and serve as hot as may be.

Boiled Cider Pies.

Boil down sweet cider till it is as thick as molasses, for use in winter in pies and pudding sauces. To make pies take one cupful of this, add one-half cupful water, one-half cupful of molasses, one-half cupful of sugar, a small piece of butter, one cupful of English currants and spice to suit fancy. Stir in two spoonfuls of cornstarch and bake with one crust. Ice the top.

Cream Slaw.

Chop fine one-half a head of cabbage, add four tablespoonfuls of vinegar, one tablespoonful of sugar, salt and pepper to taste; stir well together and add one and a half tablespoonfuls of thick sour cream

This Date in History—Feb. 15.

1564—Galileo Galilei, famous astronomer, born; died 1642.

1750—Louis XV of France born; he succeeded to the great-grandfather, Louis XIV, and was succeeded by his grandson, Louis XVI.

1804—Otto Von Kotzebue, explorer, died at Revel, Russia.

1836—Famous earthquake in San Francisco.

1839—A fire at Fort au Prince, Hayti, destroyed $5,000,000.

1856—Leopold Damrosch, eminent musician, died in New York; born 1809.

1858—In New York, Dr. Valentine Mott, "Nanky"—died at Toledo, born 1834. The great city market of Paris was burned; loss, $2,000,000.

1862—Hallock in charge of the Mississippi, E. church south, died at Nashville, aged 68.

1865—Santa Rosa declared against a confederation of the Central American States.

1881—King Kalakaua's remains received at Honolulu with imposing ceremonies.

His Recommendation.

Briggs—*How do you like your new furnace, Griggs?*

Griggs—Oh, it's just splendid.

Briggs—Can you recommend it as a heavy up grade burner?

Griggs—No; but I recommend it as a bang up good refrigerator.—Harper's Bazar.

A Good Natured Seat.

Lady's Maid (to her ladyship, reclining ill and faint in her easy chair, while the doctor is in attendance)—If it is too much trouble for madame I shall be most happy to let the doctor feel my pulse instead of your ladyship's.—Nezeda Witze.

Brought Out the Wrinkles.

Clara—Isn't Mrs. Jones a dear, sweet soul *wrinkled carefully?* I suppose it is because he travels so much with it.

Maude—Yes. He told my brother he had been travelling on her for fourteen years.—Clothier and Furnisher.

A Sufficient Reason.

Judge—Why did you not sit once take the purse you found to the police station?

Prisoner—It was so late at night.

Judge—And the next morning?

Prisoner—Then there was nothing left in it.—Humoristische Blatter.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A GIRL understands fitting and dressmaking, wishes to work on lady's dress situation. Address "K. C.," care of EVENING NEWS.

DRESSMAKER — First-class Parisian fitter, wishes to go by the day, evening and promenade costumes wishes work by day, week or month. Address "A. C.," care of EVENING NEWS.

IF you need a position advertise in this column and let it be known.

SITUATION wanted for girl as chamber-maid or waitress. Apply to Mrs. R. F. M. Chase, 7 Locust street.

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper or cook in family of two adults. Reference first-class. Address "Nurse," care EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—Work by the day, by a good woman. Address "Work," care EVENING NEWS. 18 3

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Apply at 31 Franklin place. 1787

WANTED—A good woman for general housework. Apply 122 Madison avenue. 15-3

WANTED—A young girl to do general housework. Must be a good plain cook. No washing. Call at 91 Rockview avenue. 15 2

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of two. Must be good plain cook. No washing. Call 128 Dunr street after nine a. m. 2-15-tf

WHEN you wish to secure help, put an advertisement in this column.

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address Wm. H. Sharp, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the sea level. 2 1387

FOR SALE—At a bargain. A modern house of thirteen rooms. Only twelve minutes walk from Plainfield station. Apply to Evan Jones.

FOR SALE—A $100 Yost typewriter. Has had but little wear and will be sold at a marked reduction. Address 1 West Fifth street. 2 942

FOR SALE—At a bargain. A ten room house; all improvements. $4,000. At 34 Watervelt avenue. For particulars see agent. 2 1116

HORSES and covered wagons for sale. Inquire at office of C. Schepflin & Co., 79 West Front street. 18 2

HAVE you a house for sale or to rent? Leave word at this office and it is this column.

THE HOUSE owned and occupied by the late A. D. Button, 14 La Grande avenue, Plainfield, N. J., for sale, to close the estate. Enquire on premises, or, at 71 Barclay street, New York. 1 col 14*

FOR RENT.

A HOUSE of five rooms to let. Inquire at 197 Somerset street. 12 2

FOR RENT or for sale. A Fine house at 5 La Grande avenue. Will rent low or sell cheap. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2-12-tf

FOR RENT—Ten room house at No. 24 Webster street. Reasonably located and all improvements. $30 per month. 2 1116

FOUR room house to rent. $8 months. Small garden On Race street, in rear of 65 Manning avenue. 2 1147

ONLY $15 A MONTH—An eight-room house, with all modern improvements. Garage. Occupancy at once. 56 Manning avenue. Key for back entrance at No. 70. 12

TO LET—Furnished house of thirteen rooms, twelve minutes from Plainfield station. $600 per year. Apply to Evan Jones.

TO LET—Furnished house No. 16 West Second street. S. O. Staats. 12 2

THE office at No. 5 East Front street is for rent. It is a splendid location for a lawyer. Lots of light. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2 1224

LOST AND FOUND.

A SMALL sum of money was found near Front street and Park avenue, which owner can have by calling at this office and identifying property. 13 2*

FOR EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—Choice lot—145x300, will exchange for small house. Apply to Evan Jones.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

A NINETY-ACRE farm, within short drive from Plainfield. May be worked on shares by responsible farmer. Apply or address with full particulars, Edgewood Park Estate. Answer before Wednesday "D," care of EVENING NEWS.

Hotels.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE.

SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

19 88 6m

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable -:- Rates

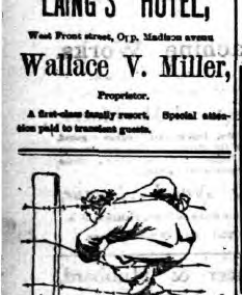
LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Opp. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.



Points to be Observed

It should be observed that quality in advertising is quite as important as quality in the goods advertised. The reader conceives a good opinion of the merchant who displays taste, enterprise, originality and liberality in his advertisements.

Enterprise and prosperity go hand in hand. The display of one argues the possession of the other.

Bearing these facts in mind try THE NEWS as an advertising medium. You send the copy—THE NEWS does the rest.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

43 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

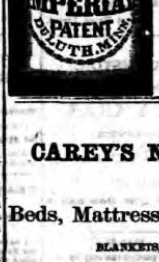
AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.



Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!

This is a facsimile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the BEST BRANDS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have the BEST Peal, Barley, Oats and Jersey Bran, and make a specialty of reclaimed Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

GO TO

CAREY'S NEW BEDDING STORE

for anything in the line of

Beds, Mattresses, Pillows, Bolsters, Quilts,

BLANKETS, RUGS, COUCHES, CHAIRS, ETC.

A full line of the above always on hand.

76, 78 and 80 West Front Street.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

Office:—

27 North Avenue.

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR, WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

A NEW STYLE

OF

D E R B Y

Out TO-DAY, at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

Writing : Paper

BY THE

POUND!

Old Sagamore Mills, 15c. lb.

Envelopes to match, 5c. package.

Kensington Wove and Devonshire Linen, 25c. per lb.

Envelopes to match, 10c. package.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST.

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Sound development and complete education of the voice.

Tone building and tone production a specialty.

No. 27 Front St., Port Plainfield.

ONE OF THE BEST

Fitting and best wearing shoes for the money, is our Ladies Genuine Dongola Button Shoe, Price $1.50, common sense and opera toe, width C D & E.

We do not make much on these goods, but we sell them nevertheless. That's the Difference. DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

"IT MAY SAVE YOU DOLLARS!"

WHAT MAY?

OUR PRICES!

Do you now order from a firm which merely describes the goods and style of package, but fails to quote prices? Would it not be more satisfactory, to have practical assurance that you were buying at as low prices as any other purchasers? Do not ask the price of sugar, all kinds 4½c. lb. (Granulated cut loaf, Powdered and XXXX Confectioners.)

Elegant Creamery Butter, 24c. lb; choice Carolina Rice, 4 lbs, 25c.; best sugar cured Hams, 10c. lb; best oatmeal, 3 lbs, 10c.; Ferris's Hams and Bacon, 13c. lb; best Eggs, 3 lbs, 25c.; Picnic Hams, 7c. lb; best California Apricots, 2 lbs, 20c.; fine Family Flour, $4.95 per bbl, 49c. 1; Rabbit's Pea Soup, 4½ lbs; Pillsbury's Best Flour, XXXX, $5.10 bbl; Morgan's Sapolio, 4 for 25c.; Pearl Patent Flour, (best on earth), $5.90; extra Jersey Potatoes, (we have no foreign ones), 65c. a bushel; Silverine, (something new), for cleaning silver, glassware, etc., 25c. bottle.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We will guarantee to sell you Dry and Fancy Goods, Crockery, Tinware, Housefurnishing goods, etc., and in fact Everything that you want at a lower price than you have bought before, and a comparison of prices of what we charge and others charge will prove that V. & W. are selling goods on a closer margin than all others. We offer for the coming week:

4 Dwight Anchor	8c
4-4 Heavy Brown Sheeting	6c
30 in. Heavy Linen Crash	9c
7-8 Bleached Sheeting	7½c
9-4 Bleached Sheeting	21c
10-4 Bleached Sheeting	23c
200 Door Mats	each 12c
300 Door Mats, extra good	each 37c
100 Tidies, choice Patterns	each 7c
2,000 Yards Figured French Cambric, per yard	10c
100 doz. Ladies' Hose, full length	10c
100 gentlemen's half hose, full reg. pair	10c

There is a Special Sale of Granite Ironware that will interest housekeepers.

We guarantee Every Article we sell to give perfect satisfaction and deliver goods wherever you wish.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Haviland, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Front street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 48. Publisher of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, February 16, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

BOYS GRADUATE.

INTERESTING EXERCISES AT ST. MARY'S HALL LAST NIGHT.

Under the Auspices of the Holy Name Society—Boys Over 16 Transferred to the T. A. B. Society—Pledging Themselves Never to Drink or Swear.

Last evening an interesting event was celebrated in the hall of St. Mary's school. It was the "coming of age" from the society's standard of certain members of the Holy Name Society. This society was formed three years ago, re-formed and duly organized the succeeding year. It is a society of boys, pledged to total abstinence, and to put down blasphemy, having a membership of more than fifty. "The Temperance Cadets of the Holy Name," as the society is now styled range from the ages of ten to eighteen years. On attaining the maximum they are graduated from the youthful society and become members of the adult Total Abstinence Society of St. Mary's church. The first members to reach this dignity were those whose majority was celebrated last night. An entertainment was given *them by their young friends, consisting* of music, recitations and addresses, followed by a bountiful repast, beautifully served in the hall.

The boys are to be congratulated on their previous good record, and on their taking their place among the men in the battle for right.

The occasion has been a great success, an honor to its members, and those who have labored so hard to give the lads a helping hand.

Subjoined is the programme of last night's entertainment and the names of the officers:

Spiritual Director—Rev. P. E. Smyth.
President—Edward Lynch.
Vice President—Michael Higgins.
Secretary—Martin Galbraith.
Treasurer—Cornelius Gulnac.

Opening remarks ..... Rev. P. E. Smyth
Response ..... President E. Lynch
History of the Society, Master Cornelius Gulnac
Introduction of Veterans to St. Mary's T. A. B. Society.
Song—"We are Temperance Boys."..... Society
Recitation—"The Two Glasses," ..... Master Michael Higgins
Song and chorus—"Temperance Work" .....
..... Master James Shirley
Recitation—"Leslie Yarwood's Dream," ..... Master Theo. Shirley
Song and Chorus—"Go Brave by On," ..... Society
Recitation—"The Temperance Echo," ..... Master John Daly
Closing Hymn—"Holy God! We Praise Thy Name."

North Plainfield Republican Primaries.

The Republican voters of the Township of North Plainfield will meet in the basement of the school house on Somerset street, Friday evening, February 19th, at eight o'clock, to nominate candidates for the approaching election.

Immediately after the Township meeting the Borough primary will be held.

BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

BREVITIES.

—There is to be a game of polo at the Crescent Rink to-night.

—Members of the Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. are requested to attend the meeting at the association rooms this evening.

—The Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting in the Sunday-school room of the church this evening.

—Carpets, quality and quantity, is the topic of that enterprising and successful merchant, Mr. Scely Edsall's special advertisement elsewhere. Read it carefully.

—A gray horse attached to a wagon ran away on Somerset street at noon today. The animal succeeded in breaking one of the shafts of the wagon before it was caught.

—The "Charities Review, a journal of practical sociology," has through the kindness of one interested in that subject been added to the number of periodicals taken at the Public Library.

—The Young Men's Christian Association offers to young men the advantage of another shorthand class. The first lesson will be given this evening. Any young man who desires to study this most useful art should not fail to be on hand at 7:30 o'clock.

—It is not often that an entertainment like that at Music Hall last night is given there. It combined considerable musical talent with burlesque of a very Bowery flavor, which ought to be unnecessary with animal singers and performers as Mr. Hartzgard and his wife—she retains as her stage name, her maiden name, Miss Teresa Vaughn, in which before her marriage she won fame and money. The couple have been traveling about twenty years, and do not seem to be losing vigor. Many of the fine vocal talent among other members of the troupe, last night, but did not have a large audience.

To Address Young Men.

The Rev. Dr. J. L. Hurlbut will give an interesting and helpful talk at the Young Men's Christian Association rooms on Thursday evening of this week at eight o'clock. The subject will be: "The Training of the Memory." The doctor is especially well qualified to speak upon this subject, and the young men of our city will do well to hear this address. The admission will be free to all men.

Borough Council to Meet Friday.

The Borough Council with meet Friday night instead of to-night as reported.

THE LEGISLATURE.

TRENTON SOLONS TO THE RESCUE.

New Jersey's Legislature to Investigate, and Gov. Abbett Approves.

TRENTON, Feb. 15th.—Gov. Abbett is in favor of a legislative investigation of the coal trust.

"I cannot say now," said the Governor to-night, "what may be done, before I sit down with the Attorney-General and go carefully over the laws."

"But you are in favor of an investigation?"

"Most undoubtedly an investigation will bring out the truth, and that is what we want."

"Is there any doubt as to the right of the Legislature to make such an investigation?"

"None whatever."

Assemblyman Lane introduced a resolution in the House to-day for the appointment of a committee of three to examine the laws and report to the House, in connection with the Committee on Railroads and Canals, which is directed to make an immediate investigation of the deal. Here is the resolution:

WHEREAS, It is asserted in the public prints that a combination has been formed between certain railroad corporations doing business in this state, the object of which is to advance the price of coal and the cost of transportation in and through this State; and WHEREAS, Such combination is clearly against the welfare of the people, tending to enormously enrich a few by imposing on the necessity of consumers, and several of the corporations alleged to have taken part in said combination being creatures of the laws of New Jersey, holding their charters under the implied power that their business will be conducted for the benefit of the public; be it

Resolved, That the Committee on Railroads and Canals and they are hereby authorized to send for persons and papers and to report to this house, on or before the 23d inst., whether any corporation doing business as a common carrier in this State has entered into any agreement with any other corporation for the purpose of advance or control the price of coal and

Resolved, That a special committee of three be appointed by the Speaker to prepare and present to this House such laws as are necessary to prevent the consummation of any agreement entered into or which may be entered into to advance the price of coal or prevent competition between all railroads operated within this State. Such committee shall report on or before the 23d inst.

Resolved, That the Attorney-General of this State be and is hereby requested to aid and advise with the Committee on Railroads and Canals and the special committee.

Mr. Kalisch offered a substitute providing for a joint committee to report to the Governor. Mr. Nash denounced the investigation as a scheme of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Mr. O'Neill said action at once was needed. Mr. Lane's resolution was adopted.

Books in the Free Library.

A selection from the books in the free Public Library, on Ireland. (Subject of the Ragan lectures.)

Barry, J. G.—England from a Book Window, with Views of Scotland and Ireland.

Croke, D. M.—Unknown Country.

Curtin—Myths and Folklore of Ireland.

Field, H. M.—Lakes of Killarney to the Golden Horn.

Jones, W. B.—Life's Work in Ireland.

Knox, T. W.—Boy Travellers in Great Britain and Ireland.

Lawless, E.—Story of Ireland.

Morrison, L. A.—Rambles in Europe.

Murphy, D. J.—Irish Wonders.

Sullivan, A. M.—New Ireland.

Thackery, W. M.—Irish Sketch Book.

Kay, C. de.—Old Poetic Guild in Ireland. (Cent, v. 49)

Kay, C. de.—Irish King and Brehons. (Cent, v. 50)

Kay, C. de.—Monasteries of Ireland. (Cent, v. 38.)

Kay, C. de.—Early Heroes of Ireland. (Cent, v. 38.)

Kay, C. de.—Women in Early Ireland. (Cent. v. 38.)

Of For Trenton.

About fifty Plainfielders went to Trenton on the 8:37 train to-day, about half the number being delegates appointed to petition the Legislature not to pass the bill to legalize race track gambling. Among those observed were, the Rev. D. Taylor, the Rev. Dr. Yerkes, the Rev. Father Smyth, the Rev. Messrs. the Rev. W. E. Honeyman, the Rev. W. R. Richards, the Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell, the Rev. Dr. Lewis, Dr. H. K. Carroll, Dr. Hurlbut, Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh, Isaac W. Rushmore, Wm. B. Ostrom, and others.

Westfield's Firemen's Elections.

At the annual election of the Westfield Fire Department Robert Woodruff, Jr., of Bucket and Engine Company No. 1, was elected chief; Charles H. French, of Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, was elected first assistant chief, and Howard Brokaw, of Bucket and Engine Company No. 1, second assistant chief.

Rock and Ladder No. 1, elected: foreman, Hugh Kurzhals; first assistant foreman, Eugene Wilcox; second assistant foreman, William Dunn; secretary, Irving I. Row; treasurer, Wm. Archibold.

Attention, Ladies!

The instructor of the Y. M. C. A. opens his shorthand class for ladies to-night. There is still an opportunity for any one desirous of studying this most useful art to join this class. Apply to-night at 7:30.

—Services are being held every evening in the new Park place chapel, North Plainfield.

COMPOSER VON GLUCK.

SKETCH OF THE FATHER OF DRAMATIC MUSIC.

One of the Brightest Lights in an Era Conspicuous for the Display of Musical Genius.—The Teacher of Queen Marie Antoinette.

[The previous articles of this series from the same pen, signed "S," were as follows: I.—"Handel." II.—"Bach, Father of Instrumental Music in Modern Times." III.—"Gluck and the School." IV.—"Origin of the Symphony." V.—"Haydn and the Pattern of French Opera." VI.—"Bach, the Father of Modern Music." VII.—"Mozart." VIII.—"Handel, the Composer of 'The Messiah' and Other Oratorios."]

[NO VIII.]

Following is a synopsis of a lecture given by Mr. Frederic Dean of New York at the Scientific Conservatory, Fifth avenue, in which Plainfield ladies are interested.

Christoph Willibald Ritter von Gluck was born July 2, 1714, and baptised July 4. At the time of his birth, Handel and Bach were each about twenty-nine years old.

Gluck was born in the midst of a musical era, and when he died, in 1787, at the age of seventy-three, Haydn was in his *fifty-fifth year, Mozart was just twenty-*and-one and Beethoven seventeen.

Unlike his predecessors, Bach and Handel, Gluck did not take up much public work until his forty-eighth year, having spent most of the preceding years in study.

When he was a boy his father was very anxious for him and sent him to Dresden to take a six years course at college.

As his parents were rather poor, Gluck often ran out of money. Being favored with a good voice, he was able to make money by singing in the streets, until he was old enough to take a position.

In his childhood, Gluck was always accompanied by his dear and rolling countery, and this is shown in his early compositions.

After leaving college he had an opportunity of visiting Italy. The first place he stopped at was Milan, or, as he called it, "The Enchanted Isle."

In 1741 he introduced his first opera, "Nelisario," in one scene of this opera, he intended to produce the beautiful view of the Enchanted Isle. He hired the best artists of the scenery and they gave just what he wanted. They set to work and completed what they considered a perfect piece of scenery. It was a fine one, but Gluck, pronounced it so. When he saw it he burst into tears, thinking it must be so natural as to recall some event to him. But imagine his surprise when he said, "I mean you do not understand, because you have never been there."

In Italy, when forty-five years old, he published six very pretty, short operas.

In 1745 he went to England. Handel's music leaders of London decided that they must have him also. So Gluck was called to Handel's tournament.

After his first performance, Handel declared that Gluck knew no more about counterpoint than a child.

This Gluck found, to his sorrow, to be but too true, and being able to see his own faults, he was better able to correct by the criticisms.

Then he began his travels, first to Italy, where he learned the power of expression, thence to France, where he adopted adaptation and the French style, and then to Germany, where he began to appreciate the full value of harmony.

While in Vienna in 1748, he found what he always claimed to be his greatest treasure, his wife. She was one of the belles of Vienna. Gluck was an ardent suitor and found his affection was returned. Her father, however, a rich banker, refused to give his consent, to one with so many hopes and so few florins.

However, during the following year the considerate banker died, and Gluck returned to Vienna, won his first love, and they were married in 1750.

They lived happily and made their home the center of musical culture and refinement.

Surrounded by every comfort, he spends the years between 1756 and 1762 in hard study, and on October 5, 1762, he completed "Orfeo." This is a new form of opera and was called "Drama per Musica."

Not being thoroughly satisfied with this opera, he waited and studied and studied and waited for five more years. By this time he had become confident of his power, and in his next production, "Alceste," he reached the culminating point of a drama of dramatic power.

He was independent enough to banish all the false mannerisms of the time, which good sense had previously fought in vain. He did not believe in sacrificing passion for effect.

The opera of "Paris and Helen" was introduced in 1717, in Vienna, where it met with great success. Gluck, however, became dissatisfied either because he thought the people were not appreciative enough, or because he became tired of staying in such a small sphere.

He looked around and decided upon Paris. There he obtained letters of introduction to prominent Parisians, and went over to put up. He devoted two years to preparation, for this trip to Paris, and during that time, he had every conceivable form and kind of advertising.

Another strong ally, he found at the court, in Marie Antoinette, she had been a pupil of Gluck, when she was a child, and had always been fond of her teacher.

In 1774 Louis XV died and Louis Louis XVI with his young bride succeeded him. Then it was that Marie Antoinette had the opportunity of showing, before he gave his first public performance.

Gluck himself attended to every detail in the scenes and setting of his opera, and such dramatic climaxes were never before known.

The French people fell in love with him and said, "Gluck himself is a Frenchman, he is a true Frenchman in soul.

At the first hearing of his opera, the large house was crowded to the doors. Louis and his young bride, with their followers were present—in fact all kinds of Parisians were present.

As the very beginning the overture attracted great attention, and so martial-like was the music that the people of the King's guard became thoroughly aroused and demanded a place on the stage in the orchestra seats.

Then, in the first chorus, where the chorus singers worked up to the grand climax, Orpheus, in search of his lost queen, appeared in the midst of the chorus.

After that the nightly receipts were from $30,000 up.

Then a rival comes upon the field. He was an Italian, named Piccini. The Italian party had been organized for some time in Paris. As the first sign of his return, its old lovers were anxious to have that and that only. Thus began the famous war in Paris.

The warfare became intense, and so great was the effect that Gluck was prevented to sleep. It soon became so bad that before two people sat down to a meal they were sure to quarrel as to "are you a Gluckist or Piccinist," and if they could not agree to fight.

Finally grand challenges to each other, and many duels were fought because of the difference in opinion as to the two musicians.

The Piccinists would say that Gluck had no melody, no nature, no elegance and no refinement. But Gluck knew the very things which he excelled in.

He refused to recognize Piccini as a rival, and his manager was determined that he should. So he arranged to have the two operas sung and then compared. This they did, and, after standing hands sat down together. During the course of the conversation Gluck told of different pieces and finally decided to compose music to be set to the same drama. Gluck was to give his first, Piccini giving his the following night. Gluck's music was so much better than Piccini's that the latter at once had his altogether refused to give it. So Gluck received all the success, which he had previously won. One day one of his pupils had discovered that Gluck never composed music that he could depend on, whereupon Gluck replied, "Well, I would rather have no music than have any that would be thrown down upon by you."

Nevertheless so show the little man that his music could be danced to Gluck took up and carried the little fellow to cellar, and all through the house, *meanwhile humming the airs of his ballads*, and making the little man keep time to it.

Finally reaching the stage he let go of the fellow and said, "Can it be done? Can it?" And the dancer having fallen into a long rag to the floor, was glad to say—"Yes, Yes." He was never heard to complain again of the inadaptability of Gluck's compositions.

Shortly after this episode Gluck was stricken with an attack of apoplexy and retired to Vienna. This was in October 25, 1779. His faithful wife was with him still.

Gluck gave his first performance May 1, 1780, and in one of the boxes sat a white haired veteran who was none other than Mozart. After the performance Gluck invited Mozart to lunch with him. This was the last time the venerable musician appeared in public, for, having a second stroke of apoplexy, he was confined to his home until he died, Nov. 15, 1787.

His success laid not in a struggle but in the years of preparation. He never gave unexplained theories to an unprepared public. He always saw that the public were getting a taste for what he intended to give them, and in this laid one of the secrets of his success.

Another secret of his firm belief in his own powers. A good example of this is shown in his reply to Marie Antoinette, when she asked him if the opera production was getting along. "Finished, I thank you, and believe me, Madam, it is a chef d'oeuvre."

He was not at all jealous, and never tried to obtain all the public praise. He was glad to tell us others a clever.

Once when invited to hear an amateur perform, he graciously replied, "Thank you, I will most certainly go. It always gives me pleasure to hear better music than my own."

E.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE

Mission Workers' Meeting To-Morrow

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—We cannot learn enough about the "great subject of trusts," as Governor Beaver so fittingly terms them. It will be a great privilege to listen to the Philadelphia workers who will be with us to-morrow afternoon and evening in Reform Hall and "out of the great love they have for the work," have consented to stop over in our city to tell us the story of rescue work." Let us show these dear people, who are all valued personal friends of Mr. Johnson, the Supt. of the Florence Mission, that we too have an equal interest in this rescue work, and as many will feel that they cannot leave the church services in the evening let us all fill the seats in the afternoon and show, in the company of "Our Boys," that we are real and interest with presence. Every one welcome to both the afternoon and evening meetings. Come and bring a friend.

W. T. A. S.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Plainfield Post Office for the week ending February 15, 1892:

Bowdy, Wm — Groff, H N
Bowles, Wm — Glover, Mrs Chas H
Brown, Jas (2) — Hayes, Wm
Brewster, Miss Josie — Hedenberg, Mrs John
Conyngs, F E H — Hode, Mrs Mary
Cameron, Chas — Hall, Jas
Carrigan, Patrick — Juncker, G F
Dimarra, A J — Long, David
Dunn, Benjamin — Lonsdorf, Edward
Darby, Harry — Mackintosh, J H M D
Dowling, Miss C — Malcolm, Mrs Theo F
Dunn, Jas — Jones, Harry
Freeman, James H — Tooker, Mrs Amy
Galbreth, James — Whitney, Blanche
Williams, Harry.

Persons calling for the above please say advertised.

E. S. Pope, P. M.

Out for a "Wash."

Warren Engine Company No. 1, of North Plainfield, took their apparatus out for a "wash" last evening. The steamer was located on the Grove street bridge and water was taken from Greenbrook. The steamer is a powerful one and four lengths of hose were bursted during the test.

Special.

The entertainment at the Boys' Club is postponed until next Monday evening.

DEATHS

MORRIS—In this city, Feb. 14th, 1892, Francis J. Morris, aged 60 years, 7 months, 19 days.

Funeral from the residence of his parents, No. 9 West Fourth street, Wednesday, Feb. 17th, at 1 o'clock p. m.

SHARP—In this city, Feb. 16th, 1892, Thomas E., infant son of Alfred and Mary Anne Sharp, aged three months.

Funeral from the residence of his parents, No. 27 Fourth street, Wednesday, Feb. 17th, at 1 o'clock p. m.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

OPPOSING RACE TRACK LEGISLATION.

People from all Over the State Appear Before the Committee.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 16th. (Special.)—There was a big demonstration here all noon to-day, in opposition to the passage of bills legalizing race tracks in New Jersey. The movement is led by R. V. Lindabury and others. The committee are still hearing arguments as we go to press.

POLITICAL EXCITEMENT IN LONDON.

Lord Salisbury's Government Only Saved by 21 Votes.

LONDON, Feb. 16th, (Special.)—The narrow escape of the Government from defeat yesterday in the House of Commons, on Mr. Thomas Sexton's proposed amendment to the address to the crown, declaring that the Imperial Parliament had shown itself unequal to the task of legislating for Ireland, is the sensation of the day.

The Liberals are wild with joy; 179 to 158 were the figures which defeated the amendment, but the Tories were only whipped together with difficulty, and the air this morning is full of rumors of approaching dissolution.

A Bad State of Affairs in Dakota.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 16th, (Special.)—At a meeting of the Jobbers' Union yesterday it was reported that fully 8 per cent. of all the wheat ripened in North Dakota last season is still unthreshed. With Spring ploughing and seeding, which must begin as soon as the weather permits, the farmers will be short of help to thrash this grain, most of which has stood in the stack all Winter.

Amending New York Building Laws.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16, (Special.)—Amendments to the building laws of this city, designed to avert a recurrence of such disasters as the Hotel Royal fire and the Park place collapse, have been introduced in the Legislature by Assemblyman John Connolly at the request of the Fire Commissioners.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

An Appeal for Funds to Relieve the Distress of the Starving Millions of Russia.

We have received the following with a request for publication:

"The Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York, through its Famine Relief Committee, appeals to the American people for contributions to relieve the distress of the starving millions of Russia. This appeal is based on the following authentical facts:

"The existing famine in Russia is one of the most terrible calamities of modern times. The area over which it extends is its most aggravated form is 400,000 square miles. The population affected by it is nearly 20,000,000. In addition to this must be reckoned an almost equal extent and population in suffering in a lesser but very painful degree from the scarcity of the absolute necessities of life. The misery of these people is indescribable. Multitudes of men, women and children are daily starving to death. They can be reached and relieved through agencies which are accessible, under proper management. Every dollar contributed through this Committee will be promptly and economically turned into bread and distributed to the sufferers under wise, impartial and experienced supervision.

"The emergency is a pressing one. It needs no urgency of appeal to bring it home to every human heart. The plain facts are sufficient without words. We confidentially leave them to speak for themselves. We feel sure that such an appeal will fail to bring a generous response from a community whose present unexampled prosperity is the talk of the country which has befallen Russia.

Contributions can be sent to Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan, Treasurer of the Relief Committee, at No. 23 Wall Street.

CHARLES S. SMITH, President.
CORNELIUS N. BLISS, Secretary.

NEW YORK, February 8th, 1892."

Boys' Club Notes.

The average attendance at the rooms last week was 78 per evening; the largest being 91 and the smallest 68. This is even larger than last week. The number of visitors was 15.

The members of the club will be given a treat by the Bicycle club, some evening, soon.

Hornby's Oats

As a baby and child's food it is incomparable.

H-O.

All the little "Oliver Twists" want some more.

Thorough nourishment.

CARPET OPENING

OF NEW SPRING GOODS!

NEVER BEFORE in Plainfield have the people had such a Large and Handsome stock of Fine, Elegant Carpets to select from, as we now offer.

The goods have been selected from some of the best known mills, with special care to please city trade.

The stock embraces all grades in cotton and wool, and all-wool Ingrains, Tapestry Brussels, Body Brussels, and a good line of Moquettes.

Of all these we keep duplicate pieces in stock, so there can be no delay in filling orders.

In addition we have been made selling agents for Messrs. W. and J. Sloane, of New York, which enables us to sell from their house, either from samples here, or from your own selected lots, at the Same Prices as they sell at. By this special arrangement we can handle the largest and best trade in this city. This agency applies to anything in their house.

Both these and other special advantages at our hand this season, we can confidently assure our patrons that we can make it to their interest to give us an early call

Special Bargains are now offered in Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portierres, etc.

EDSALL'S.

CUT THIS OUT.

THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase.
J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase.
J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase.
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This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase.
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This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase.
J. C. ALLEN.

Housefurnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that others can't touch (make the comparison), 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 25c. Royal Tooth Powder at 9 cents.

J. C. ALLEN, 35 West Front Street.

Cents-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Work by the day, by a seamstress. Address "Work," care EVENING NEWS. 12 3

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A good cook and laundress Apply at 10 Franklin place. 2 12tf

WANTED—A good woman for general housework. Apply 122 Madison avenue. 15-3

WANTED—A young girl to do general housework. Must be a good plain cook. No washing. Call at 91 Rockview avenue. 15-3

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of two. Must be good plain cook. No washing. Call 122 Dean street after nine a. m. 2-12-tf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A silver link bracelet, on East Front street. Reward paid for return to Mrs. Thomas's, No. 39 West Front street. 2 16tf

FOR EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—An acre or so of property on Mountain avenue is wanted, and will give a $1,650 house as part payment. Address "O.," care of EVENING NEWS. 16 2

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Grand Park, Madison avenue. Address R. F. M. Chase, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above the sea level. 2 12tf

FOR SALE—A $100 Test typewriter. Has had but little wear and will be sold at a reduced reduction. Address 1 West Fifth street. 2 9tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT or for sale. A Fine house at 5 La Grande avenue. Will rent low or sell cheap. M. M. Dunham. 2-12-tf

FOR RENT—The pleasant houses, 63 and 65 Webster place. Ritter & Co., agents. 16 6

FOR RENT—Ten room house at No. 34 Watson avenue, all improvements, $30 per month. 2 11tf

FOR RENT—$15 month. Six room house on Second street, Grant street. Ritter & Co., agents, 13 East Front street. 16 6

FOUR room house to rent, $9 month. Small garden. On Bass street, in rear of 60 Madison avenue. 2 12tf

ONLY $15 A MONTH—An eight-room house, large garden, fruit trees and grapes. Occupancy at once. 60 Madison avenue. Key for back entrance at No. 70. 2

THE office at No. 3 East Front street is for rent. It is splendidly located for a lawyer. Lots of light. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2 12tf

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

FLORAL decorations, by Dunton's Hillside avenue florist. Palms and plants in great variety. 16 4

REIER & CO. have tenants for five $15 to rent $18 per month houses. Have you the house? 16 2

WILL advertiser "B.," call at this office.

CARPETS!

Largest stock, selected patterns; largest and best lighted carpet rooms; lowest prices.

Dress Goods—Immense variety of new Spring novelties; 38 inch Dress Cloth, 50 pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, 11c yard, worth 15c.

Muslin Underwear—For ladies, misses and children; all full-sized, well-made garments, and at prices that cannot be equalled.

Fruit of the Loom—We are still selling this popular brand of 4-4 muslin at 6c. Good Toweling, 4c; best prints, 5c; white blankets, 65c and $1.19 pair.

Agency for Hoag Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa. Look out for announcement of our annual Spring and Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.

E. H. HOEHN, 7 West Front street.

POLO! POLO!!

AT CRESCENT RINK.

TO-NIGHT

Roseville vs. Plainfield.

Game called at 8.45.

RINK HEATED BY STEAM.

15 3t J. W. ALLEN, Manager.

TICKETS FOR THE

DAMROSCH

Symphony Concert to be given in

MUSIC HALL!

on

Tuesday, March 8th,

Will be on sale at the Central Pharmacy, Monday, February 15th.

PRICES—$2 Cents to $1.50.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 15 3m E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE.

SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.

Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK H. SHELLEY.
1 5 3m

It is worth while being perfectly honest yourself, just to be able to detect the humbug in other people.

Another flying machine has been invented which makes perhaps the fifteenth one. This one is cigar shaped, with propeller at one end and rudder at the other and a screw underneath which lifts the machine when it is set in motion. All very well. But when are we to have a flying machine that will fly?

There has been invented in Sweden a contrivance called a locomotive steamboat. It is intended for the exploration of regions in which a chain of lakes is separated by falls or other impediments to navigation. It is rigged with a propeller for water navigation and with driving wheels when it is transformed into a railway engine.

The industry and ingenuity of woman's mind is fathomless. One specimen of her intense intellectual activity is an arrangement for holding burned matches. It would take half a day to make the thing. It is richly embroidered and looped with ribbon, and is gilded, silvered or bronzed in expensive styles—quite a work of high art. The tinsho man would have sold a matchbox for five cents, with one side for live, the other for dead matches, which would have been much more handy and everybody would have known at sight what it was for, but this would have afforded no scope for the intense activity of the feminine mind, hence the ribbons and silver gilt embroidery.

Tolstoi as a Philosopher.

It may be that after all Count Leo Tolstoi will go down to fame as a philosopher rather than as a novelist. The later productions of his writing have been toward the formulating of a system for helping mankind to get on more happily in the world, or at least to lessen in some way the misery of existence.

Since the Russian famine Tolstoi and his wife and daughters have worked unceasingly to help the starving poor. *They have given their time and means* and distributed all that others have sent them. Tolstoi himself flies from place to place, with funds forwarded to districts, without stopping an hour, "as if endowed with youthful vigor and an iron constitution." "Hail, rain, snow, intense cold and abominable roads are nothing to him," writes Dr. E. J. Dillon in The Review of Reviews.

He explains in one of his tracts on life and society that he does not consider manual labor as obligatory on every human being. He only took it up with his own hands as a protest against the laziness of that class of men whose tendency is to shirk all such exertion and profit by the drudgery of the poor, ignorant masses without making any return." Therefore he works with his hands. His sole principle of the philosophy of existence, that which he has wrought out through years of suffering, toil and anxious thought, is this. "I never feel happy or even content unless when *quite certain that my work is* helpful to others."

We all desire happiness for ourselves. We think we can get it when others love us better than they love themselves. But nobody ever does this, consequently nobody is ever happy. Therefore let us begin by loving others and working for them. If Tolstoi would add to this one thought his philosophy might be improved. If we could love ourselves neither more nor less than others, but work for the good of all alike, others exactly the same as for ourselves, then there might be real happiness. Tolstoi would have all mankind come into the plane of thought indicated in the following: "I know nothing and I wish for nothing beyond an understanding of the true *meaning of life—of that life which it is* my lot to lead."

It seems hopeless to dream of a time when mankind will love other people as well as they do themselves. But perhaps if a few Leo Tolstois preach and practice this sublime doctrine in each generation for a few centuries, men will begin to see that one person can only find real happiness in the happiness and well being of all. For want of this saving knowledge the world stumbles on in misery and pain. Tolstoi concludes with these remarkable words:

"Our entire activity, our striving after riches, family, money, power and in many cases even to compel others to love us more than they love themselves.

Riches, glory, power give us the simulacrum of the condition we desire, and we are almost satisfied at times or even flatter that we have grasped an illusion instead of a reality.

All creatures love themselves better than they love us and happiness is therefore impossible.

Some people—and their number is daily increasing—perceive the fallacy of the love with this problem and unable to discover a satisfactory solution, put an end to their lives, saying that life is not worth living.

And yet the solution is not only simple but self evident.

I can only be happy if things be so ordained that all creatures love others better than themselves, and the whole world would be happy if all beings loved me themselves but their fellows.

I am a being, a man, and reason teaching me the law of universal happiness, I am bound to observe that law and to love others better than myself.

The instant we look at the question from this point of view, life presents itself to us in colors very different from those in which we were wont to behold it.

On the one hand human beings annihilate each other, and on the other hand they love and help each other. Life, however, is maintained not by the methods of destroying, but by the sentiment of reciprocity, which is the language of our heart, we term love.

As far as it has been given me to trace the development of the life of the world, I have found there only the manifestation of this one principle of mutual help, and universal history is nothing more than the gradual growth and slow development of this unique principle of concord and good fellowship among all beings.

OPPOSING FREE COINAGE

The Minority Report on Bland's Bill Read in the House.

THE MEASURE BROADLY DENOUNCED

It Is Characterized as Unquestionably Dishonest and Fraudulent—The Ways and Means Committee Agree on Free Wool, Binding Twine and Cotton Ties.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The senate passed a resolution providing for an immediate local investigation by the senate and house immigration committees of the report in *introduction of typhus fever into New York* and Brooklyn by the admission of a number of Russian Hebrew immigrants in violation of the law of March 3, 1891. It was intimated in the discussion that the investigation might disclose the necessity for some immediate additional legislation. The *Manderson printing bill was passed and the Paddock pure food bill was taken up.*

The house, under suspension of the rules, passed the following measures: Resolution instructing the committee on agriculture to report the effect upon agriculture of the present tariff; a bill extending the privileges of transportation of merchandise without appraisement to the port of Ogdensburg, N. Y., and a bill to establish promotion throughout the several lines of artillery, cavalry and infantry. The bills placing wool, binding twine and cotton ties and bagging on the free list and reducing duties on manufactured woolen goods were agreed to by a majority of the committee on ways and means.

Against Free Coinage.

The report of the minority members of the committee on coinage, weights and measures against the passage of the Bland free coinage bill is signed by Messrs. Tracey, of New York; Taylor, of Illinois; Stone, of Pennsylvania; Williams, of Massachusetts, and Johnson, of North Dakota. The report says that the first eight lines of the Bland bill develop its true purpose. They provide that the secretary of the treasury shall coin upon demand no one else will receive silver silver dollars in lieu of one gold dollar, because the debt contracted the world for silver at that price has refused to purchase. The only possible result of this law, therefore, if this bill is the prompt suspension of gold payments by this government and the immediate adoption of the cheaper monetary standard of silver.

World Destroy the Gold Standard.

After reviewing the history of modern monetary changes and mentioning the contention that the consent of nations makes any standard money, the minority state that the only escape from a single silver dollar *standard under the Bland bill is an immediate and permanent adoption of the price* of silver bullion to the price represented by the ratio of sixteen to one between silver and gold. This price, it is stated, is $1.29½ per ounce.

The minority argue that the Bland bill will bring silver from foreign countries. The United States, it says, *is the only source* of supply to Europe, and our policy, by virtue of the bill, becomes available to take the place of unstable silver. The free coinage problem is not, therefore, the minority holds, one that concerns the mere trifle of superfluous bullion or the annual product of the mines, but it involves probable action by every nation in continental Europe to dispose of its silver in exchange for gold when any market shall offer such exchange. Silver coming from abroad would, it is held, destroy the gold standard, and in connection with this the minority says:

With what gold would our government then meet the silver which the people which would be sent here to be exchanged for gold at *the* ratio of sixteen to one? Even if the law confers upon the secretary of the treasury authority to borrow gold for such a purpose any secretary who should exercise this right, to meet the banchoff of millions which France alone might demand, would be driven from his place by an indignant people. There can be no doubt that the only alternative which the government would have would be the refusal to pay gold and the issue of irredeemable paper coin. With this act the adoption of the silver standard is complete, and we stand upon the monetary basis of Mexico and China.

The Bill Vigorously Denounced.

After arguing that legislation has failed to raise the price of silver the minority comment on the fact that *the standard in* the following vigorous language:

The adoption of single standard, then, would place the dollar unit at once at the mercy of the silver bullion mine. But, and obligations now outstanding, incurred upon the gold basis, would be payable in a depreciated silver dollar worth only what the world should think it to be worth at a given point of time. Thus to depreciate our standard of payments is clearly partial repudiation and unqualifiedly dishonest and fraudulent.

As to the effect of the bill the minority says that as to depreciate by 30 or 40 per cent, the valuation of railroad securities, which it is claimed the bill will do, would rob millions of our fellow citizens of their hard earned savings. The report also says:

Depreciate the standard of the dollar and every pensioner of the country, every holder of a policy of insurance, every widow and orphan enjoying the proceeds of a trust fund, will be put to suffer from the fraudulent reduction of the standard of the country. The revenues of the government will be depreciated in like manner, and every dollar received in duties and other taxes will represent about two thirds of the amount now fixed by law. The effect of the repudiation upon those attempting to borrow money will be disastrous to the borrower. Money is loaned at rates which accord with the risk. Depreciate the dollar and the rates of interest and a fluctuating standard of value will burden the borrower until we have returned again to a stable and honest standard of payment.

The minority makes a strong plea for an international monetary conference as the only means of settling the question fairly, and concludes with an argument in substance that it is unfortunate to call it and is without advantage to the country. Appended to the report is a bill authorizing the president to invite an international monetary conference.

The Peacemaker's Reward.

STONINGTON, Conn., Feb. 16.—Daniel Chesboro while interceding to separate George Rathbourne, who was quarreling with his wife near here, was shot and instantly killed by the infuriated husband.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS.

A Possible Compromise on Legislative Bill Filling.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 16.—The following article appeared in the Picayune and is said to be the chairman of the committee to negotiate with the Foster committee the terms upon which it was contended by the latter committee that the Democratic members broke away from the Foster committee the terms proposed as were contained in the letter addressed to them by the Democratic caucus ago to their opponents, and which in chief provides for the withdrawal of McEnery and Foster and the holding of new primaries and a new election, each to nominate a new ticket. The Foster committee meets to-morrow evening.

Dudley Wants to Be a Delegate.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 16.—Indiana Republicans of prominence who have recently visited Washington city report that W. W. *Dudley, of "blocks of five" fame, is an* avowed candidate for delegate at large from this state to the Minneapolis convention. Ex-Chairman Michener, now Dudley's law partner, is working for Dudley, and has promised that the latter, if elected, will not do anything against Harrison. The proposition does not meet with favor from the Harrison men.

All Instructed for Hill.

ALBANY, Feb. 16.—Elections for delegates to the state Democratic convention were held in Watertown, Jillicotville, Kingston, Goshen, Tarrytown and Wolcott. In each instance the delegates elected were instructed for Hill for president and the early convention indorsed.

Mississippi Invites Hill.

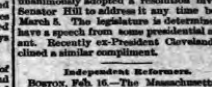
JACKSON, Miss., Feb. 16.—The legislature unanimously adopted a resolution inviting Senator Hill to address it any time before March 4. The legislature is determined to have a speech from some presidential aspirant. Recently ex-President Cleveland declined a similar compliment.

Independent Reformers.

BOSTON, Feb. 16.—The Massachusetts Reform club at its meeting next Friday will *discuss the subject of a national conference* of independent voters to promote tariff reform. The plan is to hold the conference in New York some time in April.

A Solid Hill Delegation.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 16.—James McGovern, D. C. Hall and G. B. Skiff were chosen by the Wyoming county Democratic convention as delegates to the state convention. The delegates are solid for Hill.



A Reception Gown.

PLAIN BUT PRETTY.

This lady is sketched wearing a very becoming toilette in white satin trimmed with grey swansdown and old gold, the old gold trimming being embroidered with black silk stars; grey gloves and a black fan.

Davitt Declined to Run.

DUBLIN, Feb. 16.—The anti-Parnellites at Kilmarnock selected Thomas Healy, a brother of Timothy Healy, to contest Mr. John B. Redmond's seat, Waterford, at the coming general election. Michael Davitt declining to be a candidate.

They Kissed the White Girls.

LYNCHBURG, O., Feb. 16.—Two young colored boys have been playing Jack the Kisser with white girls. They were brought before the mayor and reprimanded. Opposition to both races attending the same school is intense.

Shipbuilder Carr Dead.

HAMBURG, Feb. 16.—Mr. Carr, founder of the New York Union Steamship line, is dead, aged sixty-five. He built for California, Polynesia, Polaria and Australia, and sold them to the Hamburg-American company.

The Rush to Find Sapphires.

HELENA, Mon., Feb. 16.—The rush to take up sapphire grounds near Helena still continues. Not only is the ground on both sides of the river taken up, but locations are made of the river bed and channel.

Hired to Do Murder.

ROLLA, Mo., Feb. 16.—In the Hudson murder trial here, Samuel Parris testified that Hudson told him that Peter E. Blow (well known in Missouri) had paid $500 for the murder of Dr. Reward.

Dwight Wins the Lit Medal.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 16.—The Lit medal has been awarded Winthrop E. Dwight, Yale, 1892, for his prize essay, "The Melancholy Jaques." The winner is the son of the president of the college.

Silver Purchases.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The treasury department has purchased 426,000 ounces of silver as delivered at New York, 75,000 at .9670 and 275,000 at .9675 cents per ounce.

A Big Carpet Blaze.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 16.—One of the large buildings in the group composing the plant of John & James Dobson, Falls of Schuylkill, was destroyed by fire. Loss, $150,000.

Tried to Work Off Counterfeits.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 16.—Peter and Jennie Heller, aged fifteen and thirteen years respectively, were arrested for attempting to pass counterfeit dimes and nickels.

Irish Papers to Amalgamate.

DUBLIN, Feb. 16.—According to a Parnellite report, The Freeman's Journal and National Press are about to be amalgamated.

After Mitchell Again.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 16.—It is rumored that Alex Mitchell, Pres. Worth's assassin, attempted to commit suicide in jail.

DISEASE WAS HER CARGO

The Steamer Massilia Freighted with Deadly Typhus.

ITS SEEDS NOW SOWN BROADCAST.

Eighty-four Cases Discovered in New York So Far and a Veritable Pest House Unearthed in Chicago—Carried Hither and Yon by the Scattered Passengers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—Of the 714 immigrants who reached New York Jan. 30 in the steamer of the Hilsdal Massilia ninety-six are now reported ill of typhus fever in some of its stages, two are at the point of death, 775 are; prisoners in pest houses and extemporized quarantines, and perhaps 100 others should health boards have done their full duty. Of these, ten were in New York. Two suggested a disquieting possibility.

They were not in 3 Essex street nor 42 East Twelfth street, the two quarantines set apart for the original steerage Hebrews, but in a relatively new locality, 32 Hester street. The explanation of this is that they escaped from the Essex street house before health officers established their strict guard about the place.

Scattered Through the Country.

But it had been confidently asserted that all of the Hebrews were accounted for, and if two were able to escape from about the city there appears to be no good reason why others should not have done the same thing. It also turned out that five others of the persons who had been believed to be "accounted for" in New York city had been in Massachusetts all the time.

As in the former cases the new found sufferers were hustled off at once to the pavillion at North Brother island, where accommodations are now taxed to their full capacity.

The condition of the patients on North Brother island is reported unchanged. The two who have been given up to die are still alive. One poor woman gave birth to her child in the early morning. It lived half an hour and then died. The mother will soon follow it. She is very low.

With the cases which have been reported from other cities the total of typhus victims among the Massilia's passengers are these: New York, 84; Chicago, 7; Trenton, 2; Providence, 1; Newburg, 1; Oakdale, Mass., 1; total, 96.

Keeping a Sharp Lookout.

The quarantine officials are keeping a sharp outlook for typhus fever among the immigrants on incoming steamers. The steamship City of Berlin having been disinfected and the Russian Hebrews among her steerage passengers removed to Hoffman island, she was allowed to come up to the city.

The steamer Gellam from Rotterdam had 132 Russian Hebrews among her steerage passengers. They had been from four to six weeks on their journey to Rotterdam and sixteen days on the steamer and no cases of typhus fever had developed. When their baggage had been disinfected they were allowed to land.

The Red Star steamship Belgenland arrived here with sixty-seven Russian Hebrews in her steerage. They were sent to Hoffman island and the ship thoroughly disinfected before she was allowed to come up to her pier. On board the Cunard steamship Servia there were 130 Russian Hebrews. They were all sent to Hoffman island. The ship was ordered and then allowed to come up to her pier.

A Nest of Them in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 16.—A veritable pest house was discovered by officers, who succeeded in running down seven of the nine Italians who are in Chicago and who arrived on the steamer Massilia from Palermo. From Palermo, reaching New York Jan. 30. They were discovered in a crowded tenement house at Eighty-first and Lime streets, close by the Wisconsin Central railroad tracks, and only a room's throw from the thickly settled district in Auburn park. Two other passengers on the infected steamer are known to be in Chicago and are supposed to have gone to Milwaukee avenue, but no trace of them can be found.

New Haven on the Lookout.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 16.—The health authorities here are making vigorous efforts to locate the Italian immigrant who arrived in the city yesterday from the steamer Palermo, reaching New York Jan. 30. They were discovered in a crowded tenement house at Eighty-first and Lime streets, close by the Wisconsin Central railroad tracks, and only a room's throw from the thickly settled district in Auburn park. Two other passengers on the infected steamer are known to be in Chicago and are supposed to have gone to Milwaukee avenue, but no trace of them can be found.

Sampson to Be Extradited.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The state department has issued extradition papers authorizing the return to Italy of Emanuele Sampson, America's strong man, who is charged with stealing diamonds while performing in the London Aquarium.

The Bonaparte Case Settled.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—The courts have decided that the only legal claim upon the furniture of Prince Lucien Bonaparte be divided between himself and his wife, Rosalie, who claimed that the property was purchased with her money.

Detective Brown Missing.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 16.—Detective J. H. Brown, of Columbus, O., well known on account of his connection with the Sidney Bell murder case, is missing since Thursday last and foul play is feared.

Russell Doesn't Want It Himself.

BOSTON, Feb. 16.—Governor Russell sent a message today to the legislature stating that he will sign a bill raising the governor's salary to $10,000 provided the bill goes into effect next year.

The Treasury Balances Runs Down.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The net balance in the treasury has run down to $27,347,300, of which $12,948,709 is in national bank deposituries, $14,6[illegible].50 in subsidiary coin, and $405,787 in minor coin.

Grinnell Sworn In.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—W. W. Grinnell, of New York, took the oath of office as third assistant secretary of state and will assume the duties of his office at once.

Company for Labouchere.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 16.—John A. Wilson, editor and proprietor of The Courier, of this city, has been elected to parliament.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three 3 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POFF, Treasurer.

MRS. SNELL THREATENED.

Attempt to Force Life Insurance from the Murdered Husband's Widow.

CHICAGO, Feb. 16.—About four weeks ago Mrs. Snell, widow of the murdered millionaire, received a letter about as follows:

MADAM—Unless you send us the sum of $5,000 we shall take steps to murder you. We will blow you up with dynamite some day when you are stepping into your carriage to take your morning ride. Now trust us fairly and we will treat you the same. If you accept the offer hand a personal in the personal column (naming a daily paper) saying: "Send for your cat. G. D." We will take this to mean that you intend to deal with us in good faith.

The letter was not signed, but it threw Mrs. Snell into a spasm of fright. She at once placed it in the hands of A. J. Stone, her son-in-law, who promptly notified Inspector Marsh.

Two detectives were sent to the house and remained quartered there for a week, during which time nothing occurred that would throw any light on the matter. Finally the police were called off.

On the evening of the day the detectives left a messenger came to the house with a missive in the same handwriting as the previous one, containing the suggestion that the widow had better send the money, that is the $5,000—by the bearer. This created a commotion and the police were notified. The boy was thoroughly pumped, but could only say that the man who engaged him was a shabbily dressed young man. There *is no clew.*

Diplomacy Saved the Count.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Count Maurice Sale while secretary of the French legation here behaved his leg. He was treated by De Wales, surgeons of the United States navy, and then returned to France. He is now en route to Cuba as French minister. De Wales attempted to file a mechanic's lien the count for $2,000 for professional services. The court declined to issue a writ until international immunity could be secured, which, it is claimed, fully protects a foreign minister passing through this country.

The Lottery to Move to Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 16.—A stockholder of the company says that the Louisiana State lottery will be removed to Mexico in 1893. President Diaz has already approved him himself as favorable to the proposition, provided the Louisiana State lottery will make as favorable a proposition to the Mexican government as was made to the state of Louisiana. It is understood that Mr. Morris favors the City of Mexico, and that practically settles the entire matter.

Dr. McGlynn's Hopes.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—Dr. McGlynn says *he expects to be invited to Rome soon for a* conference with the heads of the church, which may result in his being restored to the ministry without being obliged to retract his political and economical opinions. He bases his hopes on the fact that Cardinal Simeoni, his alleged enemy, is dead.

Two Indictments Against Yard.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 16.—The United States grand jury brought in two indictments against Henry M. Yard for aiding and abetting an officer of a national banking association in the willful misappropriation and embezzlement of its funds and conspiring with an officer of a national banking association to defraud the said association.

Inspector Connolly Watched.

ALBANY, Feb. 16.—Chief Inspector of Factories Connolly was presented with a beautiful watch studded with diamonds, by his deputies. On it was the inscription: "To Hon. James Connolly, the first factory inspector of the state of New York. Presented by his deputies, Feb. 15, 1892."

Will Plant a Mission in Korea.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The Southern Presbyterian church has decided to plant a mission in Korea, recently opened to foreigners. Messrs. Bachman, Preston and Junkin, of Union seminary, have been commissioned by the general assembly and hope to start in August next.

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Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Penny Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

28 PARK AVENUE.

C. BECKINSON
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY
PRESENTS
Also Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses. Eyes carefully fitted.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE BEE TEA

THE BEE HIVE

Men's Unlaundried Shirts. The "Pride," A quality, good linen bosom, heavy muslin reinforced fronts and double back.....

50c.

The "Pride," B quality, made of best muslin and fine linen bosom, the best shirt in the world.....

69c.

Boys' "Pride" shirts.....

45c.

Youths' "Pride," shirts, this size shirt can only be obtained at the "Bee Hive" in Plainfield.....

69c.

Louis Callman.

42 WEST FRONT STREET

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service Horses for hostler driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Heating Stoves,

OTHELLO RANGES,

FURNACES

and

Fire Place Heaters!

FURNACE WORK,

WATER-PIPING,

PLUMBING,

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6. 18 East Front Street

DON'T FORGET

In making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

At LINDABURGER'S, the Tailor,

NO. 18 PARK AVENUE,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.

FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.

Prunes, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.

I have throwing by removed the store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.

SILVER OLD KING,
(Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

Clothing

and Gents's Suits so advertised by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES, CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

28 East Second street, corner Washington

NOTICE!

I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my

Liberty Street Market

where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices.

GOOD -:- MEAT!

Of all kinds.

Charles Arnold,

21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Cigars for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

CIGAR STORE,

12 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

The most costly fabrics are very often ruined by the use of soda. Laundries that use refined soap exclusively. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,

14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

28 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

WILLIAM A. GODDINGTON,
Attorney at Law, Notary and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Office No. 28 West Front street.

JACKSON & GODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Plainfield Bank Building, N. J.

CHRIS A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Park and Somerset streets.

F. A. DURHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, and Notary Public, Box 1, Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Particular attention to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR R. PRICE,
Architect, 35 Broadway, New York city, rooms 20 and 22. Importer and Trader. Bank Building, Residence, Plainfield N. J.

PLAINFIELD

DOORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our carpenter is approved of by the Board of Health. Parties for disinfection paid to disinfecting. Order left at Shaw's Hardware store, 27 East Front street, will receive prompt attention. Sand Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers for sale.

Closing Out Sale!

SPLENDID BARGAINS!

WALL PAPER AT COST.

In order to lose not this year's stock of WALL PAPER, to make room for New Goods.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

(Successors to W. F. Adams, 20 East Front Street.)

A FIELD DAY FOR CURTIS

If His Story Proves True He Is Innocent of Grant's Murder.

THE CORNELIA HAD BEEN ROBBED.

His Assailant Knocked Him Down and Both Were Arrested by Officer Grant. Then the Thief Did the Shooting and Escaped and Curtis Was Accused.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 16.—In the trial of Actor Curtis for murder the defense was outlined, and the actor himself testified. Mrs. Curtis occupied her accustomed seat by the side of her husband, who nodded with a smile to acquaintances as they entered the court room. John Wilson, Esq., opened for Curtis. He declared that the nipper was upon the right wrist of Curtis, and it would have been impossible for him to shoot Grant. The prosecution had tried to prove that Curtis was left handed. They got a gunsmith of Oakland to swear that Curtis was left handed. He afterward admitted on the witness stand that the police had induced him to commit perjury.

WILL PROVE CURTIS INNOCENT.

"The fact is, Curtis is not left handed; he is right handed. We will prove there were three men there. One ran across the street, and the police were informed of that fact, but they have suppressed this testimony. Within ten minutes after the shooting Curtis said: 'I never owned a pistol. That is not my pistol, and I did not shoot Officer Grant. We do not propose to try the police, but we will prove Curtis did not murder Grant."

"The defendant's name is Maurice B. Strellinger. He was born in Detroit thirty-nine years ago, and was baptized in the Episcopal church. We will show you by *the testimony of* Attorneys Kowalsky and Long that, on the morning after the shooting, Policeman Beede, in the capacity of a spy, knowing Manager Kreling, of the Tivoli theater, was a warm friend of Curtis, went into the city prison, and into the presence of Curtis and performed one of the most contemptible and cowardly acts a man can perform. He put his arm around the neck of Curtis *and said in* German that Kreling had sent him to ask where he got the pistol, where he got the whisky and why he shot Grant. Curtis replied he had been instructed by his attorney, Kowalsky, not to talk about the matter. Then the policeman stepped back and said:

HOW CURTIS WAS ARRESTED.

"'You dirty little Jew, you are in a bad box.'

"We will prove that Mullins and Twomey, two witnesses for the prosecution, went to Kowsky's office the day after the shooting and made different statements about the matter from what they testified to on the witness stand. We will defy the prosecution or the police to find a single blot upon Curtis' character or good name. On the night of the shooting he came to this city from his home in Berlinger, and left his wife in the Grand Opera House. He had $34 with which he intended to pay a bill, but missed the man to whom he owed the money. He remained with his wife at the theater until about 10 o'clock. Then he went to the Tivoli theater, telling his wife that if he did not return for her to meet him at the last ferryboat at about 11:45 o'clock.

"Curtis then started for the Tivoli. He had $200 on his person, but no pistol. He was under the influence of liquor, we must confess. Near the corner of Third and Mission streets a man asked him for a light for his cigarette. The man reminded him that he used to play with him at Atlanta. Curtis walked along Mission street to meet a car. The man accompanied him. At Sixth street he made up his mind he would get rid of the man by going down Sixth to Howard. He had gone about half the length of the block when he heard a step behind him. As he turned around he was knocked down. A policeman came up and arrested both him and his assailant. The policeman started with the two, and the man started to run when the policeman put the nippers upon the wrist of Curtis. He asked the policeman to let him go, as he wanted to find his wife. Curtis did not then know he had been robbed, nor did he find it out until he got to the police station.

"The policeman took the two men toward the station house. They crossed Folsom street. Curtis did not then know where the police station was.

A FIELD DAY FOR CURTIS.

"The next thing Curtis recollects is he was startled by a shot. He then felt himself drawn toward the building, and then two other shots were fired. Believing he was being shot at, he broke away and ran. *The sight was dark, and it was impossible for a* person on the opposite side of the street to tell whether there were two or five persons there. A man in the house at the corner of Folsom and Fifth streets was ill and up when he heard the shots. He saw a man run rapidly up Fifth street. He saw three people, a policeman and two others whom he had under arrest. We will prove *by Mrs. Abbott* that there were three persons present when the shots were fired. Two ladies who were coming from the Tivoli saw a man, not Curtis, run up Fifth street immediately after the shooting.

"We will prove that Curtis did not have a pistol upon his person that night, and that he is not in the habit of carrying a pistol. Curtis does not know how the bottle of whisky, if it be whisky, found in his pocket came there. We will show you, by the Rev. W. W. Davis, that the bruises found upon Curtis in the police station were made when he was jumped on by the robber. We will show that Curtis had no possible reason for shooting Grant, and that the man who fired the fatal shot had a reason for firing."

Curtis then took the stand and told almost identically the story outlined by Wilson. He added at the conclusion of his statement, in the most emphatic manner:

"I did not kill Policeman Grant. I did not fire my pistol that night. In fact, my pistol was at home."

After some testimony as to Curtis' good character the court adjourned. It was a field day for the actor, for if he can sustain his story he cannot be convicted.

Donaghey Found in Mobile.

MOBILE, Feb. 16.—Robert E. Donaughey, who so mysteriously disappeared from Hazleton, Pa., six weeks ago, is here alive and in good health.

Died While on a Visit.

HARTFORD, Feb. 16.—Henderson Gaylord, a lawyer of Elmira, N. Y., died suddenly at the residence of Mrs. J. W. Danforth, whom he was visiting.

A Steamer Goes Down.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 16.—The river steamer Eagle struck a snag and went to the bottom of the river. No lives were lost.

A Brig Stranded.

WELLFLEET, Mass., Feb. 16.—An unknown brig is stranded near Billingsgate light.

A Japanese Advertisement.

The advertisement of a Japanese tea merchant is an interesting specimen of Japanese English: "At present," he says, "my manufacture very industriously the *several kinds of teas*, so that our buyers must be well adapted to use them. There are the Pan-fired, Basket-fired and Sun-dried teas are made of the different season from Chalcost to Camelia. Therefore you shall know that they will give a very pretty taste. Please, we hope you will order to us, no matter whether many or few parts."—New York Tribune.

A Roaring Fire.

"Sarie, wot you keep such a roarin fish fo'? Body kain't git close 'nuff to de stove ter git wa'm!"—Harper's Bazar.

Too Much for Him.

A neatly dressed young man with a pink, fresh complexion entered a popular down town restaurant the other day for dinner and ordered half a dozen raw oysters. The restaurant is one of the places where the lobsters and shellfish are dressed at a counter in full view of the patrons. At the time the pink young man gave his order two men were standing at the counter talking with the man who cracks oysters open and bisects lobsters. Before the *young man had fairly swallowed the first* of his half dozen the two men had raised their voices, conversing in tones which he could not help but hear.

"Say," said one of them to the man he had the counter, "are oysters dead when you reach here?"

The young man looked up sharply and then pretended not to hear.

"Oh, no," said the attendant. "Shell oysters are alive till they're broken. Then in that pail with their shells open isn't dead." Here he picked up a specimen. "You see, when I touches it it shuts up," and he tried the experiment on a gaping mollusk, which immediately closed.

"Then," said the man who had first spoken, "they're all alive till you have them open, and they can't die all at once?"

"No, I don't suppose so."

"Then a man who is eating raw oysters is eating 'em alive, isn't he?"

"Yes, I guess so."

"And they're alive even when he sticks a fork into them and they go inside? Living, restless, in his stomach, eh?"

"Perhaps."

"Kind of funny they don't squirm more going down, isn't it?"

Right here the young man, who had been munching the crackers in his bowl and dismally watching the bivalves on his plate, laid down the fork which he had poised the third of his oysters, picked up his check and hastily departed.

"There are four nice raw oysters on that plate as good as I ever had if either of you fellows want 'em," said the attendant, with a grin.—Chicago News.

Well Placed Confidence.

"Herr Sauttatsrath (medical inspector of the board of health), would you please step over to my house? My wife died this morning, and we shall want the certificate of death made out."

"Where is the corpse?"

"On the Sundberg, about three miles from here."

"That's a long way to go in this weather. Who attended her?"

"Dr. Killemoff."

"Sole! I tell you what, I'll make out the *certificate here at once. If Dr. Killemoff* has attended her there's no need for further inquiry—he's a man I can depend upon."—Hikkender Bote.

The Blaine Divorce Case.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Feb. 16.—Upon receipt of a telegram from Mrs. Blaine's Sioux Falls attorneys requesting that the contempt case against *James G. Blaine, Jr.*, which was set for yesterday, be continued until Wednesday, upon which day he, in company with Mrs. Blaine, would arrive in Deadwood, Judge Thomas issued an order continuing the case. An order was made for the opening of the divorce case Saturday, Feb. 20. It is thought that no opposition will be made by the defendant. No fight is expected for the custody of the child.

Corbett Has a Big Job on Hand.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—What bids fair to be the greatest athletic exhibition that has ever taken place in this city will be held in Madison Square Garden tonight. James J. Corbett, the California wonder, will endeavor to stop three heavy weights, one after the other, a feat never before accomplished by any heavyweight pugilist. Two of the three men have been selected and are Lannon and Godfrey. The third will be selected this afternoon.

Ex-Senator Fair Changes His Will.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 16.—Owing to the death of his eldest son, who was buried Sunday, ex-Senator Fair changed his will and bequeathed to three orphan asylums $500,000. To the Catholic Orphan asylum of this city he bequeathed $200,000. This is in consequence of his daughter, who was a Catholic. Fair himself is a Protestant. To the Protestant asylums of this city he bequeathed $300,000 and to the Hebrew Orphan asylum he gave $100,000.

The Big Reading Deal.

TRENTON, Feb. 16.—A resolution has been adopted by the assembly to investigate the Reading railroad deal in view of the imminent increase in the price of coal.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 16.—Neither Governor Pattison nor Attorney General Hensel will interfere with the great Reading railroad deal.

Cowboys and Reds Again at It.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Feb. 16.—The Navajoe Indians opened fire upon a cow outfit in sight of the cowboys, and they attacked the redskins. The fight is still on and four of the Indians are said to have been killed and many of the cowboys wounded.

The Turner-Parton Feud.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., Feb. 16.—As a result of the Turner-Parton feud, Preacher Martin, who had been working in the Stony Fork quarry, was notified several times to leave. As he didn't he has been fatally shot by Brooks, of the Parton gang.

Fell Dead at His Bench.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 16.—J. F. Goodsell, employed in the Knight & Harper tannery factory, fell dead while at work.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

A Solitaire Reported for the Hart Million Dollar Consol Suit.

ALBANY, Feb. 16.—There was an unusual crowd of spectators in the senate chamber when the senate opened, another batch of petitions against the excise bill, the employment of women as barmaids, and the opening of the World's fair on Sunday.

Bills, passed: Mr. Beeks's, appropriating $50,000 for a fish hatchery in Gelliver county; Mr. Ellis's, adding the Albany Deaf Mutes' institute to the others receiving state aid; Mr. Parson's, amending the charter of the city of Utica; Mr. Saxton's, authorizing the use of $100,000 yearly for the construction of park roadways in the annexed district.

Over thirty bills were on the order of second reading in the assembly. Previous to taking up the calendar, however, Mr. Husted obtained unanimous consent to discharge the committee on public lands from the bill for the sale of certain land in Sing Sing belonging to the state, and it was sent to a second reading.

Mr. Gould, from the canal committee, reported a substitute for the half million canal improvement bill. The substitute provides for the lengthening of two locks, only Nos. 19 and 20 on the Erie canal near Schnectady, and appropriates $540,000; $75,000 of which is for repairing the Upper Mohawk aqueduct, the Lower Mohawk aqueduct and the Schoharie creek aqueduct; $40,000 each for lengthening the two locks; $100,000 to bottom out the Erie canal to seven feet; $20,000 to the improvement of the Oswego canal; $170,000 to the improvement of the Champlain canal, including repairs to the dam across the Hudson at the Upper and Seneca canal; $55,000 to the Black River canal, including bridges at Casterland and Greig.

Mr. Keeler's bill extending the collateral inheritance tax of 1 per cent. to real estate above the value of $10,000 was progressed to third reading, but it has no hope of passing.

CANADIAN RECIPROCITY LAGS.

The Negotiations at Washington Broken Off and Nothing Accomplished.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The commission considering the question of commercial reciprocity between the United States and Canada adjourned without, as far as can be ascertained, accomplishing any practical result. The Canadian commissioners were not empowered to agree to any basis of reciprocity trade relations, and as the United States did not desire to discuss matters with an "irresponsible" commission, Lord Salisbury has been asked to confer upon them the power they lacked.

The sudden termination of the negotiations is constructed into meaning that the British government refuses to empower the commission with authority to conclude a reciprocal commercial treaty and that the negotiation of such a treaty if continued will be conducted in London between Minister Lincoln and Lord Salisbury. General Foster, who with Secretary Blaine conducted the negotiations on the part of the United States, declined to say what conclusion, if any, was reached by the commission. He was also asked if the modus vivendi over Behring sea would be extended for another year, but he was diplomatically reticent. The Canadian commission left the city for Canada.

A Brave Pilot Gone.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 16.—Captain John Stout, the well known Mississippi river steamboat pilot, died at his home in this city. Captain Stout became famous by the heroism which he displayed when the steamer Robert E. Lee was burned in 1865, near Natchez. He was at the wheel when the conflagration occurred, and stuck to his post until he run the vessel ashore. He barely escaped. In 1866 he was pilot of the J. M. White when that vessel was discovered on fire. He steered close to the shore and then had to jump into the river to save his life.

Wheelmen Elect Officers.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 16.—The national assembly of the League of American Wheelmen elected the following officers: President, Charles J. Kelly, Hartford, Conn.; first vice president, F. F. Sheridan, Springfield, Ills.; second vice president, Dr. E. Carlton Brown, Elizabeth, N. J.; treasurer, Albert Bostwick, Chicago, Ills.; secretary, Abbott Bassett, Boston. It was decided to hold the next annual meeting in Washington about the middle of July.

Murdered by His Cousin.

BATH, N. Y., Feb. 16.—Guy Madison, aged five years, son of Guy G. Madison, a leading citizen of Bandsville, is in charge in the remote lumber region of Potter county, Pa., was murdered by his cousin, Martin Glover, aged fifteen, during a quarrel about the possession of an ax. Glover nearly severed his *little cousin's head from his body.*

Can't Even Starve to Death.

BROCKTON, Mass., Feb. 16.—Charles Hudson, aged eighty-seven years, suffered so severely with the grip that thirty-eight days ago he determined to starve to death. He has since taken no food, but notwithstanding his long fast is in unusual vigor, and apparently none the worse for it.

Sarah Althea Terry Found.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 16.—Sarah Althea Terry was located at the house of an old colored woman known as "Mammy" Pleasance. Mrs. Terry claims that Culbertah attempted to get her in a trance, as she is a *Spiritualist, and gives that as the reason for* her secret flight.

A Rumored Leather Deal.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 16.—The leather firms of this city are ignorant of the reported consolidation of the tanners of the United States by an English syndicate.

Princess Dolinka Expires.

VENICE, Feb. 16.—Princess Dolinka, widow of Prince Danilo of Montenegro, father of the present ruler of that country, Prince Nicholas, is dead.

He Tried to Kill Bismarck.

BERLIN, Feb. 16.—Kullman, the fanatical cooper, who, on July 13, 1874, attempted to kill, and did wound Prince Bismarck, died in Amberg prison.

Miners Want Their Earnings.

MAHANOY PLANE, Pa., Feb. 16.—The employes at the Lawrence & Brown colliery, 300 in number, have struck for seven weeks' back wages.

A Noted Bostonian Dead.

BOSTON, Feb. 16.—Calvin A. Richards is dead. He was one of Bostons leading railroad men and largest real estate owners.

Engineer Fletcher Retired.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Chief Engineer Montgomery Fletcher, United States navy, has been placed upon the retired list.

The Crew Thought to Be Lost.

MARYLAND, Feb. 16.—The yacht Rose Scarborough, of Brunswick, Ga., capsized and her crew is thought to be lost.

Builders Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

No. 60 West Front street, for

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ARBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder
Has removed to his new shop, Somerset street, near Plainfield Avenue, where he may be found at all times. Orders left at residence, Grandview avenue, P. O. Box 276 will receive prompt attention.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 276

JOHN HERRMANN,
Stair Builder, and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Grand and Sayre streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
10-10-3y J. HERRMANN, 6 Depot street.

R. V. SAUNDERS,
Late
Carpenter and Builder,
Seddons Clinton avenue, near depot, Bronx P. O. Box 1992. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 851.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 81.
W. J. Pearce, No. 13 Vine street, H. B. Gayle, No. 12 Vine street. All work done by attended to.

Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty
Jobbing promptly attended to
Window Screens
made to order.

Real Estate & Insurance.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,
REAL ESTATE
and Insurance.
Money to loan on first mortgage.
NO. 68 FORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Edw. C. Mulford
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
49 North avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff,
INSURANCE,
AND REAL ESTATE.
Money to Loan on approved security. Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
20 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating machine, whereby he is enabled to deliver coal as clean as possible by any other method of cleaning.
UPPER (LEHIGH AND BOWKNOTOWN COAL to best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
HOUSE AND STEAMER LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for forwarding coal. Several cargoes have been received and delivered for the trade in the best manner at short notice.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:00, 9:45, 11:30, 12:30, 4:30 p. m.
Close—7:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 4:00, 6:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARITON MAILS.

Arrive—9:45 a. m., 4:30 p. m.
Close—7:00 a. m., 4:00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:00 to 10:00 a. m.
Mail closed at 9:45 p. m.

S. N. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey,
station in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time-table in effect Nov. 16th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 12 01, 2 35, 5 15, 6 18, 6 40, 7 30, 7 55, 8 00, 8 25, 9 00, 9 45, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 m., 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 m., Sundays, 2 15, 4 15, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 2 00, 3 30, 4 30, 5 00, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 m., 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 m., Sundays, 12 00, 1 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 6 25, 6 55, 8 05, 7 28, 8 05, 8 40, 9 05, 9 40, 10 05, 10 40, 11 05, 11 40, 12 05, 12 40 m., 1 05, 1 40, 2 05, 2 40, 3 05, 3 40, 4 05, 4 40, 5 05, 5 40, 6 05, 6 40, 7 05, 7 40, 8 05, 8 40, 9 05, 9 40, 10 05, 10 40, 11 05, 11 40, 12 05 m. Leave Newark, Market street station, at 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 m., 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 m., Sundays, 12 00, 1 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave Newark, Broad street station, at 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 m., 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 m., Sundays, 12 00, 1 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 8 55, 9 42, 11 05, a. m., 1 40, 3 05, 4 45, 5 55, 6 55, 8 05, 9 30, 11 15 p. m. Sunday at 5 15 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6 30, 7 55, 8 42, 10 05 a. m., 12 40, 2 05, 3 45, 4 55, 5 55, 7 05, 8 30, 10 15 p. m. Sunday at 4 15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8 05, 9 55, 11 05 a. m., 2 05, 4 45, 6 55 p. m. Sunday at 5 15 p. m. Leave Easton at 6 30, 8 10, 11 15 a. m., 2 40, 4 20, 6 30 p. m. Sunday at 4 15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 25, a. m., 1 25, 5 25, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

7 05 a. m. for Scotch Plains, Fanwood, Roselle, Harrisburg, Potterville, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton and Elmira.

7 10 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Boonton and Allegheny.

8 07 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor and Delaware Water Gap.

9 00 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Potterville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilmington, Del., and through coaches to Williamsport.

1 00 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Potterville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

4 00 p. m. for D. L. & W. R. R. Flemington, Bangor, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Harrisburg, etc. Parlor car to Mauch Chunk.

5 30 p. m. for Flemington, High bridge branch, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, etc.

6 30 p. m. for Flemington.

7 30 p. m. Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg and Pittsburg.

8 30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

9 05 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Pittsburg and Scranton. 5 23 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Williamsport, etc. 7 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Williamsport, etc.

For Bound Brook, Somerville, Flemington, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Potterville, Allentown and Harrisburg.

6 00 p. m. (daily) for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 4 32, 9 03, 11 09 a. m., 2 35, 4 45, 6 55 p. m. Sunday, 9 03 a. m., 5 23 p. m. Leave Ocean Grove at 6 30, 8 10, 11 15 a. m., 2 40, 4 20, 6 30 p. m. For North Amboy at 7 30, 8 55, 9 42, 11 05 a. m., 1 40, 3 05, 4 45, 5 55, 7 05 p. m. Sunday 9 05, a. m., 5 30 p. m.

For Perth Amboy at 6 30, 8 10, 11 15 a. m., 2 40, 4 20, 6 30 p. m. Sunday 4 15 p. m.

For Freehold 7 30, 8 55, 11 05 a. m., 1 40, 3 05, 5 55 p. m. Sunday 9 05 a. m.

For Keyport 8 05, 11 15 a. m., 2 05, 4 45, 6 55 p. m. Sunday 5 15 p. m.

For Trenton 5 45, 8 25, 9 45, 10 45, 11 30 a. m., 12 25, 1 30, 2 05, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sundays at 9 04, 11 10 a. m., 7 05, 8 04, 9 34, 10 30 p. m., 11 30 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 9 08, a. m., 2 35, 4 15, 5 28 p. m. 1 17 Night. Sunday at 9 05 a. m., 5 23 p. m. Pullman Cars.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen Pass Agt.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.
Standard Railroad of America.

Protected throughout by the inter-locking switch and block signal system.

On and after Dec. 13th, 1891, trains leave Elizabeth as follows:

4 05 a. m.—Western Express daily, with Pullman Vestibule sleepers and Dining Cars for Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Chicago.

7 00 a. m.—Western Express Daily, with Pullman Vestibule sleepers and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati, and St. Louis, daily, except Saturday, for Cleveland, Toledo, Williamsport, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

8 40 p. m.—Pacific Express, with Pullman Vestibule sleepers and Dining Cars for Chicago and Toledo, daily except Saturday, for Cleveland.

For Baltimore, Washington and the South—1 00, 3 35, 7 30, 9 00 a. m.; 12 20, 2 00 p. m. On Sunday at 1 00, 3 35, 7 30, 9 00 a. m.

For Newark and New York—2 05, 5 54, 5 56, 6 47, 6 50, 7 30, 8 00, 8 47, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 47, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 m., 12 47, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 47, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 47, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 47, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 47, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 47, 11 00, 11 30 p. m.

On Sundays—2 05, 5 54, 8 05, 9 30, 9 47, 10 12, 10 30, 10 47 a. m.; 12 00, 1 30, 2 47, 3 00, 3 45, 4 47, 5 30, 6 47, 7 30, 8 47, 9 30, 10 47, 11 30 p. m.

For New York only—4 10 a. m. daily.

For Philadelphia—4 05, 5 54, 6 47, 9 30, 11 47 a. m.; 12 55, 1 30, 4 04, 5 15, 6 47, 7 30, 8 47, 9 30, 10 47, 11 30 p. m. Sundays at 1 00, 9 30, 9 05, 9 30, 10 47 a. m.; 5 07, 7 30, 8 47, 9 30, 10 47 p. m.

For Atlantic City, (daily except Saturdays), with day coach and parlor car, 8 40 a. m.

For Sidney—12 55, 1 00, 6 44, 7 15, 7 45, 1 00, 8 54, 9 30, 10 45, 11 30 a. m., 12 55, 1 30, 2 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 15, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, 9 30, 9 05, 9 30, 10 47 a. m., 5 07, 7 30, 8 47, 9 30, 10 47 p. m.

For Perth Amboy—12 55, 1 00, 6 44, 7 15, 7 45, 1 00, 8 54, 9 30, 10 45, 11 30 a. m., 12 55, 1 30, 2 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 15, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, 9 30, 9 05, 9 30, 10 47 a. m., 5 07, 7 30, 8 47, 9 30, 10 47 p. m.

For South Amboy—12 55, 1 00 p. m. Sunday 10 30, 9 05 a. m.; 10 47 p. m.

For Trenton—7 10 a. m.; 12 55, 5 15 p. m.

For Bordentown—7 10 a. m.; 12 55, 5 15 p. m.

For Tuckerton—7 10 a. m.; 12 55, 5 15 p. m.

For Philadelphia—4 05, 5 54, 6 47, 9 30, 11 47 a. m.; 12 55, 1 30, 4 04, 5 15, 6 47, 7 30, 8 47, 9 30, 10 47, 11 30 p. m. Sundays at 1 00, 9 30, 9 05, 9 30, 10 47 a. m.; 5 07, 7 30, 8 47, 9 30, 10 47 p. m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, points on New York and Long Branch R. R. and Sea Shore R. R. 7 10, 9 45 a. m., 4 30 p. m. Sundays, 9 45 a. m. Stop at Asbury Park on notice to agent.

For Lakewood, Toms River, Seaside Park, Tuckerton, 9 30 a. m. and 4 30 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9 30 a. m.

For Freehold—7 10, 11 45 a. m., 4 30, 5 15 p. m.

For Jamesburg, Monmouth Junction, Kingston, Princeton Junction and Trenton, 9 30 a. m. and 4 30 p. m. week days.

For Brooklyn, L. I.—All through trains from Philadelphia, Broad street station, and Market street ferry, connect at Jersey City with Brooklyn elevated road for Brooklyn, Fulton ferry, and Jamaica avenue and New York City.

For Philadelphia—4 05, 5 54, 6 47, 9 30, 11 47 a. m.; 12 55, 1 30, 4 04, 5 15, 6 47, 7 30, 8 47, 9 30, 10 47, 11 30 p. m. Sundays at 1 00, 9 30, 9 05, 9 30, 10 47 a. m.; 5 07, 7 30, 8 47, 9 30, 10 47 p. m.

For Bound Brook, Somerville, Flemington, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Potterville, Allentown and Harrisburg—7 10 a. m.; 12 55, 5 15 p. m.

CHARLES E. PUGH, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agent.

Great Overcoat Sale.

30 DAYS ONLY!

OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.

GENUINE : BARGAINS!

Call and examine before they are are all gone.

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE,

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

General Hardware and House-furnishings,

and STOVES.

Carpenter and Machinist Tools!

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

HARNESS and BLANKETS.

USUAL LOW PRICES. TELEPHONE CALL 159.

H. E. HIDER, Manager. A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

THE METROPOLITAN STABLE,

29 and 31 North Avenue, 1 brough to Second street.

MATCHED CARRIAGE PAIRS,

HIGH-ACTIONED "2-CASE"

AND DOG CART HORSES,

CANADIAN HUNTERS.

COBS AND BUSHMAN HORSES.

LADIES' SADDLE

AND DRIVING HORSES.

ALSO A SPECIALTY IN ONE-

TENNER'S ROAD TEAMS, SINGLE

DRIVERS AND TROTTERS.

43 WEST FRONT STREET.

A DINNER is never relished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and most carefully selected stock of Choice

Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes,

BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER.

If given a call will be able to compare our goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.

F. LINKE, Wholesale Wine and Liquor dealer. Telephone Co 157.

Lumber & Coal
LOOMIS & RICE
B'dway, 49 Telephone 75 P.

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.

Of fine

Light Blue Color.

Reference:—

P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

26 FORREST STREET.

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and ample line of raw canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, Preserved Sugar Corn, Succotash, Marrofat Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Corn, Asparagus, Kent Tomatoes, P. B. Lyonite Stewed Tomatoes, Fait & Webster's extra sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early June Peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Hudson River Asparagus and Bay Beans. Special reduction given by the case or dozen. Also a fine assortment of Garden & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats.

70 BROADWAY.

Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 12 30 ly

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1098.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and advertisement in French Lessons. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield. Best of references and testimonials. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson address Professor Vaux, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,
Mr. Beardsley and Miss Bedell, Successors.
MONDAY, MAY 16th, 1892.
For information call at the school or address EDWARD H. HARNED, Prop. 9 20 tf
197 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTHEWS,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Lessons given to those fond of out-of-doors. No. 146 Somerset street.

Lodges.

Fraternity and Protection.
1875. Membership, 136,000. 1891.
Death benefits paid over $30,000,000 since organization. Over $2,000,000 paid in 1891. Cheapest of Secret Societies, assets First and Third Fraternity, as to $ for $. Wetumpka Lodge No. 34, meets every 2nd and 4th Monday. Louis L. Van Alstyne, Dictator.
Ralph A. Fry, Reporter.

Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 12 30 ly

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. E. SPENCER,
No. 70 and 72 Somerset street, grower and dealer in choice cut flowers, ornamental and decorative plants, vines, and all seasonable products; white granite, C. C. yellow rose stems and glassware; flower pots and hanging baskets; designer and manufacturer four years old. Best grade assortment.

MISS LINDSAY,
Dressmaker and Designer, Office: 24 West Front street, Rooms for girls wanted. Miss Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 29 y

BROWN & HILLS,
Painters and paper hangers, prices reasonable, No. 6 Sayre avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Children

THE UNION HOP SHOP

CANDLEMAS.

Folklore of One of the Ancient Feast Days Which Fails in February.

If weather folklore is to be believed the second day of February, otherwise Candlemas, is a critical day, for there is a tendency which obtains in many parts of Europe, and which finds expression in this country in the following quatrain.

If Candlemas day be fair and bright,
Winter will have another flight.
But if Candlemas day bring clouds and rain,
Winter is gone, and will not come again.
Or, as the Scotch put it:

If Candlemas day be fair and clear,
There'll be two winters in the year.

While yet another English couplet says
When the wind's in the east on Candlemas day
There it will stick to the second of May.

With this day all Christmas festivities should come to an end. Herrick's "Hesperides," as often quoted has several things to tell us as to ceremonies for Candlemas—notably, that now are we to take down all the holly and misletoe, the rare mary and bays, with which we decorated our houses at Christmas. Another ceremony to be observed is to "kindle the Christmas brand and then (the rest) burn, burn, burn!" being careful, however to keep a portion of it with which to "tend" (i. e., light) the log next Yuletide. In conclusion, to record us that the time of Christmas feasting and good cheer is over he says:

Exit now the white loaf and the pie,
And all sports with them that die.

Candlemas has been observed by the Roman Catholics as the feast of the Purification of the Virgin Mary it is the day on which all candles to be used in the church during the ensuing year are blessed (hence its name). Candles so blessed were once supposed to possess the virtue sufficiently powerful to frighten away devils and to be a charm against thunder and lightning. This religious ceremony was prohibited in England by an "Order of the council" in 1548. In ancient days it was deemed convenient to adopt ancient feast days and holi days to the use of the church, and Candlemas seems to have been one of them taking the place of the Supercalia of the Romans. Venerable Bede says "It is happy for the church to have changed the institutions of the heathen, as in the month of February around the fields, for the processions with hallowed candles in remembrance of that divine light wherewith Christ illuminated the world wherefore he was styled by Simeon a light to lighten the Gentiles." Although this day is generally known as Candlemas day, it is also known by different places by several other names as Holi day of St. Simeon Christ's Presentation, and in the north of England it is called Wives' Feast Day.

The Lotus Eaters.

According to Homer the lotus eaters were a people who lived on the northern coast of Africa visited by Ulysses in his wanderings, and who endeavored to detain his companions by giving them the lotus to eat. Whoever ate of this fruit would never to depart. The Arabs call the fruit of the lotus the "fruit of destiny," which they believe is to be eaten in paradise. The lotus is a shrub of two or three feet high, and its fruit, which is produced in great abundance, is a drupe of the size of a wild plum, which has a pleasant sweet taste. The name lotus has also been given to several beautiful species of water lily especially to the blue water lily and the Egyptian water lily. In the mythology of the Hindoos and the Chinese the lotus, as a flower, plays a distinguished part. The Hindoo deities of the different seats are often represented seated on a throne of lotus shape, or on the expanded flower. The color in some cases fades to white or red. The lotus under Buddhism is the symbol of the blood of Siva when Kamadeva, or Cupid, wounded him with the love arrow. It symbolized the world, the navel or germ theme of the gods, and female beauty. Among the Chinese the lotus had a similar reputation and poetic meaning being especially connected with Buddha, and symbolized female beauty, the small feet of their women being called "lotus" or "golden lilies."

That Common Word "Average."

After a fair translation of its old French body, "averer," into English, only "aver" is found, and the word becomes "horsage." The change tends to confusion, but none the less, explains Golden Days, "horsage" and "average" are identical, since in the old time French an "aver" was a horse. It was also a horse in the Scotch dictionaries and in one of Burns' poems, "A Dream," he talks of his mare as a "bonie aver." Finally,

In olden times in Europe a tenant was bound to do certain work for the lord of the manor—largely in carting grain and turf—horsework, and in the yearly settlement of accounts the just proportion of the horse and small work performed was estimated according to the work done by "averer horses) hence our common word "aver age."

Things Said About Women.

Following are what some French writers have said about women:

Woman is a charming creature who changes her heart as easily as her gloves.—Balzac.

A woman forgives everything but the fact that you do not covet her.—A de Musset.

O woman! It is thou that causes the tempests that agitate mankind.—J J Rousseau.

Women are extremists—they are either better or worse than men.—La Bruyere.

There is no torture that a woman would not suffer to enhance her beauty.—Montaigne.

Women never weep more bitterly than when they weep with spite.—A. Ricard.

"It's Like Sending Them Ruffles."

Oliver Goldsmith, who was born in 1728 and died in 1774 wrote, in his "The Haunch of Venison," to his friend Hoole:

Such dainties . . . them, their mouths it might hurt;
It's like sending them ruffles when wanting a shirt.

In Tom Brown we read: "If your friend is in want, don't carry him to the tavern, where you treat yourself as well as him, and entail a thirst and headache upon him the next morning. To treat a poor wretch with a bottle of Burgundy and fit, nothing. is like giving a pair of lace ruffles to a man who never had a shirt on his back."

Lord Dundreary.

Lord Dundreary is the name of the character which was assumed by Sothern, the celebrated English actor. In the play called "Our American Cousin." The young actor, Sothern, now on the stage, is a son of the Sothern who rendered the character of Dundreary famous.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS

STORY OF A WALK.

In Which Figures a Small Girl and Boy and a Large Umbrella.

Said Tommy to Dora, the cause for a walk,
Pay granny a visit, and have a nice talk:
A basket of eggs to her we can carry,
And mammy has also made her a cake.

THE WIND ROSE UP AND RANGED THEM ABOUT.

They had not set out very far on the way,
Hoping to have a really fine day,
When down the rain came like a waterspout,
The wind rose up and banged them about.

To hold the umbrella hard they did try,
When a great gust of wind hurled it up to the sky.
Little Tommy fell back with a bump and a bound,
And all the fresh eggs dropped onto the ground.

Tom picked himself up and rubbed his coat dry,
Poor Susie did nothing but mournfully cry.
Oh, what shall we do? what will daddy say,
When he hears his umbrella has blown right away?

POOR SUSIE DID NOTHING BUT MOURNFULLY CRY.

Susie, said Tom, we need not much mind,
Daddy and granny are always so kind:
He won't mind his loss, nor granny her eggs,
As long as we only are safe on our legs.

A Tale of Western Life.

Peter Nelson, a Swede, was on his way through the woods of upper Michigan, when he met with a peculiar adventure. He had a horse and buckboard and was armed with a Winchester rifle. While jogging along he heard a noise in the bushes and stopped to investigate. A short search discovered two bear cubs playing. Thinking he would like to capture them alive Nelson tried to seize them, but they ran away. Nelson started in pursuit, throwing aside his rifle as he ran. He succeeded in heading off one of the cubs to ward the road when he heard a crash behind him, followed by an angry growl. Turning he beheld to his horror the mother of the cubs. All thoughts of the cubs vanished, the thought only of his own safety. He ran for the road, and reached it just in time to see his horse make a mad dash up the road.

His only chance now was a tree, and fortunately he "skinned up" one that was large enough to sustain his weight, but not small for the bear to climb. However the bear made many desperate attempts to reach the man in the tree, who now wished that he had not thrown away his rifle. To add to his discomfort it began to rain in earnest, and he realized that a forest fire was approaching. Presently burned leaves and cinders fell in the tree, and Nelson could stand it no longer. The bear and her cubs were underneath the tree, where the smoke was not so thick. Opening his pocketknife the man slid down the tree and started to run. He would have escaped, as the bear followed in a slow, half hearted way, but he stumbled and fell. As luck would have it he fell on his Winchester, and when the bear came up he was ready for her. Two shots finished her, and then he killed the cubs. By this time the wind shifted and the unlucky traveler proceeded on foot to his destination, where he found his horse and buckboard awaiting him.

The Dutch Queen.

I suppose that the Dutch queen is the youngest queen living, for she is only about eleven years old, and like all good little girls is very fond of dolls. Not long since of a grand lady in the great city of Amsterdam, she startled the people around her by saying to the principal gentleman there, "Burgomeister, are you afraid of the measles?" He professed to be courageous in such matters, but wanted to know why she asked the question. "Because," was her answer, "I really, "all my dollies have the measles just now."

Afterward, when the loyal crowds in the street clamored for a sight of their queen, she appeared on the balcony hugging a favorite doll most affectionately, but carefully covering up the little face lest the sight of such a multitude should be too great for her dainty waxen nerves. Her mother sends her discarded dolls to children's hospitals and orphanages, and when her majesty visits these institutions it is quite touching to see the delight with which she recognizes and embraces these old friends, exclaiming rapturously, "Here you are again, you old darlings."

Which Is the Coldest Day?

It is agreed that June 21 is the longest day of the year, and Dec. 21 the shortest, but it is not so easy to say which is the coldest. However, observations carried on over a long series of years appear to show that Jan. 19 (St. Hilary's Day) may be regarded as the coldest day. It has proved itself to be the coldest day in many of the famous frosts of history, though, of course, there are plenty of exceptions as to date, as we have recently experienced. Sometimes the coldest day occurs in December and sometimes in February. June 24 is midsummer day, but is not known not full so that it is also the hottest day.

An Uncommon Girl.

She knows no Latin, she knows no Greek,
But the purest American she can speak:
She knows the name of her self and also
And the proper places of I and me.
She doesn't use big words to tell
A story, although she can them well:
In short, she's a girl without pretense
With an ample supply of common sense.
And I'd rather have her than any one
Than the girl who can parley voo frongsay.
—Golden Days.

TROUBLE WITH THE COOK.

She Made Some Flannel Cakes to Order That Were Flannel Cakes.

"My dear, do you know that my new cook actually used canary seed for a batch of brown and cakes day before yesterday?"

"No; really?"

"Fact, I assure you."

"Did you tell her?"

"She thought I told her to make canary seed cakes, and so she obtained the ingredient from the bird's supply box."

"How funny! But I have had a more surprising experience than that this very week."

"Do tell me."

"It was a misunderstanding in the kitchen not unlike yours. You may remember that I once got from you a receipt for flannel cakes?"

"Yes, I think I do."

"Well, James is awfully fond of them, and so are the children. So we have them for breakfast pretty nearly every day."

"So do we with maple syrup."

"Well, a week ago our cook left and we had to get a substitute in a hurry."

"Our personal martyrdom."

"Precisely. We shall doubtless be sainted for it hereafter. But this one was a terrible creature. She only remained thirty-six hours, but I am really grateful that my hair did not turn gray in that period."

"What did she do?"

"What didn't she do, my dear? But I don't propose to try to describe all the disagreeable incidents of her visitation. On the morning after her arrival we had flannel cakes. When I had asked her the night before if she knew how to make them she responded affirmatively with such apparent confidence that I never thought of doubting her."

"Just as usual."

"Yes, they always do. But as I was about to say, when the first batch of cakes appeared on the table James poured syrup over his, sliced them across with his knife and fork, and conveyed a bite to his mouth. So far as their appearance was concerned there was nothing about the cakes to excite suspicion. But as my husband shoved upon the first morsel, I saw a look of surprise come gradually over his face. Presently he held up his napkin, and, taking from his mouth something, proceeded to examine it. I felt alarmed, of course, and inquired what the matter was. In reply he exhibited to me a small oblong piece of what was unmistakably white flannel."

"Goodness me!"

"I summoned the cook. To my surprise, she was not at all abashed. On the contrary, she simply said:

"'Why, mum, yez towld me to bake flannel cakes, and, havin no other material, I was obleeged to cut up a piece of an old petticoat for the purpose.'"—Washington Star.

Bigger Than New York.

I was walking along one day in the mountains and caught up with a mountaineer, who accompanied me a mile or more on foot and kept up the talking. He was of an inquiring turn of mind and asked a great many questions. During the conversation I happened to mention the city of New York.

"I've been that was a mighty big place, cap'n," he said, with a little interrogation.

"Largest in the United States," I responded.

"Ever been that?"

"Oh, yes; many times."

"I've been in Europe too," he went on.

"Yes; that's across the ocean, you know."

"Well, I didn't jes' know what it was, but I've been tell we it. Ever been there?"

"Yes."

"Is it any bigger'n New York?"

I said it was, but didn't try to explain the difference.—Detroit Free Press.

He Lost Her.

He had asked her to marry him, and was waiting impatiently for her answer.

"Will you expect me to keep house?" she finally asked.

"No, dearest, my love; the servants will attend to all that."

"You won't ask me to make the bread or broil beefsteaks?"

"Certainly not, my angel; we will have a cook."

"And I will not be compelled to pound the washboard?"

"How can you ask such a question? No, no, no."

"Then I cannot marry you. I have been brought up to do all those things, and I should not be happy in a life of idleness."

When he realized what a treasure he had lost he went sadly to his luxurious home and vowed to remain a bachelor forever.—Detroit Free Press.

He Was Right.

"I want to take the next train to Toledo," said a fair young lady whose manner at the Michigan Central station.

"You can't do it, madam," he replied, with a subtle smile.

"Why not?" she asked, in quick surprise.

"Because, madam," and the young man looked solemn, "because we have an engineer and conductor to do that, and we don't feel disposed to fill their places with an entire stranger."—Detroit Free Press.

One of Congressman O'Neill's Stories.

Congressman John O'Neill's latest: Two evicted Hibernian tenants are standing on the roadside, consoled by a thick hedge from passers by. Each has a double barreled shotgun loaded with an extra charge of buckshot. The weapons are held in readiness for the tyrannical landlord, who is expected to go by every minute. Both men crouch with knit brows and looks of dogged determination—murder is in their hearts and written in their faces. The minutes creep like snails; the man they mean to assassinate fails to appear. The pale moon rises slowly and casts its light on the pair, but yet they wait. Hour after hour goes by, and when at last patience gives out and they decide to wait no longer for their victim one of them, heaving a deep sigh, observes:

"Well, Mike, I hope nothing has happened to him."—Washington Post.

Birds of a Feather.

The teacher had been giving a class of youngsters some ideas of adages and how to make them, and to test her training she put a few questions.

"What is an idle brain?" was one.

"The devil's workshop," was the prompt response.

Then there were several more till this one came:

"Birds of a feather do what?"

"Lay eggs," piped a small boy before the others had a chance to speak.—Detroit Free Press.

A Limit.

"Johnny," said the elder little brother, "you must be sure not to ask for any of the wild duck twice."

"Why?"

"Because I heard father tell the company that they would have a little game with a limit to it."—Washington Star.

This Date in History—Feb. 16.

1564—Galileo Galilei, philosopher, born; died Jan. 8, 1642.

1600—Giordano Bruno, Italian martyr, put to death at Rome.

1673—Philip Melanchthon (born Schwartzerd), reformer and assistant of Luther, born; died 1560.

1743—Gaspard de Coligni, admiral of France, born; killed in the St. Bartholomew.

1775—Baron Trenck, famous for wonderful escapes from Russian prisons, born; he died in Paris, executed, accused of treason and was guillotined July 25, 1794, on the charge of being a Prussian spy.

1809—Charles Darwin, naturalist, died near York, England; born 1788.

1820—Elisha Kent Kane, arctic explorer, died in Havana, Cuba; born 1820.

1836—Fort Donelson surrendered to General U. S. Grant.

1863—English forces seized a strip of Venezuela, including the valuable mines.

1880—Unprecedented rainfall and disastrous floods in Australia.

1891—Second flood at Johnstown, Pa.; no lives lost.

Director in a Bank.

"What has become of Charley?" inquired a St. Paul young lady whose mental attainments and artistic accomplishments alone rival her acknowledged beauty. The young gentleman to whom she spoke turned suddenly with a look of ill concealed surprise.

"Why, have you not heard?" he replied, "not heard about Charley? Charley is in a bank."

"Indeed; I am glad to learn that he has secured so lucrative a position. I suppose he is a teller or receiver or register or recorder or cashier or something of that sort."

"Oh, no, you simpleton. Charley—why, Charley is a director."

"A director! a bank director! That can hardly be possible."

"Yes, but it is. Charley directs envelopes."—St. Paul Globe.

His Great Mistake.

Featherstone—Look here, Uncle, I lent you $5 the other day to buy you a pair of trousers with, but I haven't seen you wear them yet.

Uncle Ebony—No, sah. De fac' is I made a big mistake about dem pants, sah. I bought dat I could get a pair for $1.50, sah. So den I went out and spent $1.50.

Featherstone—Well, didn't you get the trousers with the other $1.50?

Uncle Ebony—No, sah; dat's de funny part of it. You see, I made er mistake and spent the $1.50 I was going to buy the pants with first.—Clothier and Furnisher.

Boiler.

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable -:- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Opp. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION

22 Park Avenue.

HOME MADE

—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—

FRESH EVERY DAY.

Points to be Observed

It should be observed that quality in advertising is quite as important as quality in the goods offered. The reader observes a good opinion of the merchant who displays taste, enterprise, originality and liberality in his advertisements.

Promptness and promptitude go hand in hand. The display of one argues the possession of the other.

Bearing these facts in mind try THE NEWS as an advertising medium. You send the copy—THE NEWS does the rest.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

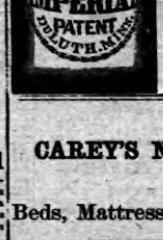
AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.



Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 241

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in regard to it. Send a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have the BEST Feed, Barley, Oats and Flour. Try them, and make a specialty of recleaned Oats. Leave your order at

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 6, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

GO TO

CAREY'S NEW BEDDING STORE

for anything in the line of

Beds, Mattresses, Pillows, Bolsters, Quilts,

BLANKETS, RUGS, COUCHES, CHAIRS, ETC.

A full line of the above always on hand.

76, 78 and 80 West Front Street.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

Office:—

27 North Avenue.

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,

WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

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5 West Front Street.

Writing : Paper

BY THE

POUND!

Old Sagamore Mills, 15c. lb.

Envelopes to match, 5c. package.

Kensington Wave and Devonshire Linen, 25c. per lb.

Envelopes to match, 10c. package.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST.

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Terms reasonable and time positive to a specialty.

No. 27 Dover St., North Plainfield.

ONE OF THE BEST

Fitting and best wearing shoes for the money, is our Ladies Genuine Dongola Button Shoe, Price $1.50, common sense and opera toe, width C D & E.

We do not make much on these goods, but we sell them nevertheless. That's the Difference. DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

"IT MAY SAVE YOU DOLLARS!"

WHAT MAY?

OUR PRICES!

Do you now order from a firm which merely describes the goods and style of package, but fails to quote prices? Would it not be more satisfactory, in buying, to have practical assurance that you were buying at as low prices as any other purchaser? Do not ask the price of one, all kinds 25c. lb, (finished cut loaf, Powdered and XXXX Confectioners.)

Elegant Creamery Butter, 24c. lb; choice Carolina Rice, 4 lbs. 25c.; best sugar cured Hams, 10c. lb; best oatmeal, 3 lbs. 10c.; Ferris's Hams and Bacon, 12c. lb; best Figs, 2 lbs. 25c.; Pendleton Hams, 7c. lb; best California Apricots, 2 lbs. 25c.; Star Family Flour, $4.10 per bbl, 50c. bag; Babbitt's Best Soap, $3.95 box; Pillsbury's best Flour, XXXX, $5.20 bbl; Morgan's Sapolio, 4 for 25c.; Pearl Patent Flour, (best on earth), $5 10; extra Jersey Potatoes, (we have no foreign ones), 65c. a bushel; Silverine, (something new), for cleaning silver, glassware, etc., 30c. bottle.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We will guarantee to sell you Dry and Fancy Goods, Crockery, Tinware, Housefurnishing goods, etc., and in fact everything that you want at a lower price than you ever bought for, and our comparison prices of what we charge and others charge will prove that V. & W. are selling goods at a closer margin than all others. We offer for the coming week:

4-4 Dwight Anchor	8c
4-4 Mayo Brown Cotton	6c
30 in. Heavy Linen Crash	7c
8-4 Bleached Sheeting	18c
9-4 Bleached Sheeting	21c
10-4 Bleached Sheeting	23c
200 Door Mats	each 18c
100 Window Shades	each 37c
100 Turkish Rugs, 2 feet long	each 70c
2,000 Yards Printed Percale Cambric, per yard	10c
100 doz Ladies' Hose, full regular, pair	10c
100 gentlemen's half hose, full reg. pair	10c

There is a Special Sale of Granite Ironware that will interest housekeepers.

We guarantee Every Article we sell to give perfect Satisfaction and deliver goods wherever you wish.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

1892	February.					1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29					

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5	4:29 p.m.	Third Quarter	20	7:15 p.m.
Full Moon	12	2:33 p.m.	New Moon	27	10:49 p.m.

Machine Works.

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Manufacturer of

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Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smoke-stack tinkling and painting.

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Hot Water

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Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.

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40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machine Repairs, etc.

50c. a Bottle

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No. 20 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

"The Very Best"

is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.

Put you one.

Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Worsteds, Embroidery Silks, and stamped linen goods.

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FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

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Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Shooks, South, Shingle, Staves, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.

Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 17

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Look Box 2. Telephone Call 46. Publishing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 17, 1892 PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Weather.

The Weather promises to be fair and slightly warmer.

BREVITIES.

—Next Monday will be Washington's Birthday.

—The Choral Society held a rehearsal in the Vincent Chapel Monday evening.

—Mr. John H. Tier & Son had a gang of men at work all night last night harvesting ice.

—The City Common Council will meet on the 23d inst. to act on all license applications.

—Have you seen the Werner Clothing House since it has been decorated? If not you should.

—To-morrow night will be ladies night at the Club House of the Catholic Young Men's Lyceum.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—Mission workers from New York and Philadelphia will address a public meeting at Reform Hall to-night.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—Some thieves broke into a shoe store on West Second street a few nights ago and stole several pair of shoes.

—The Union County Board of Agriculture will hold a meeting in Rists Hall, Westfield, to-morrow afternoon.

—The Plainfield polo team defeated the Newark polo team in a game of polo at the Crescent Rink last evening.

—The services at the Park place chapel, North Plainfield, were continued last evening, and will be continued to-night.

—Take them as they come, Americans are a pretty tall people. One in every two hundred and sixty-four is a six-footer.

—The Independent Gun Club of this city and North Plainfield held a "shoot" on their grounds in the latter place this afternoon.

—Policeman Giese caught a runaway horse on Park avenue Monday afternoon before the animal succeeded in wrecking the carriage.

—The members of the Crescent League bowling team have been invited to attend the opening of a new club house at Elizabeth on Washington's birthday.

—Some miscreants have been poisoning dogs on South Second street. Several dogs have been poisoned recently, one of them belonged to Mr. James Williams.

—Ivanhoe Council, Legion of Honor, held a regular meeting in their rooms in the Music Hall building last evening. Business of a routine nature only was transacted.

—The championship baseball season opens May 31st, with Westfield playing in Plainfield. A preliminary exhibition game will be played, commencing the last of April.

—An Amateur Theatrical Company from this city will give an exhibition at Milburn to-morrow evening. The managers of the Company are Messrs. John Smith and John Day.

—Spring must be here. There was an organ grinder in town yesterday afternoon and among the tunes he ground out, was one entitled, "Spring, Beautiful Spring." He survives.

—Mr. J. C. Allen is now showing his genius in getting up advertisements that catch the eye and likewise the trade. He tells you to "cut this out" in his advertisement on page 4 to-day.

—About seven hogsheads of air a day, it is estimated, are necessary for the consumption of the average man. If somebody could only get up a fresh air trust what a perfect Golconda they would have.

—The furniture belonging to Mr. Wallace V. Miller, the proprietor of Laine's Hotel, will be sold at public auction next week on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday of next week. The sale *will begin at ten o'clock.*

—Ragan's illustrated lecture in Music Hall last evening had a fine audience and deserved it all. The lecture on so hackneyed a subject as "Picturesque Ireland," had a freshness and charm that delighted everybody, and made all feel well repaid for their attendance.

—The ladies of the M. E. Church and friends of the Home Missionary Society are being urged to be present at evening in their donations to Vincent chapel, between two and 4:30 p. m., on Thursday clothing, dried fruits, cereals, anything that can be used as supplies for a school for colored girls at Greensboroush, N. C.

—Recall says his special offer for a short time will be the giving stock of elegant new carpetings amount to a considerable saving, and will well repay any one in need of these goods to take advantage of it. He says if you don't want the carpets right away you may make selections now, and he will make them up and hold until wanted.

—Plainfield Republicans have effected an excellent organization of the City Executive Committee this year by the election of Pliny Fisk as chairman, J. B. Coward, secretary, and J. Fred Macdonald, treasurer. The headquarters of the association on East Front street will be continued. Preparations are being made to make the coming campaign an active one.

—From one point of view the fact is one for meditation that a News' advertiser who inserted the following, seemingly repelling advertisement:

MAN wanted to work about house, garden and barn. Two cows to be cared for. Provide his own meals and lodgings. Address "W," care of Evening News. 15-3

should receive at least twenty answers. Are so many sure out of employment because they know so little?

THE RACE-TRACK BILLS

A TREMENDOUS DEMONSTRATION AGAINST THEM YESTERDAY.

Plainfield Well Represented — The Bills Reported Killed—No One Had the Courage to Say a Word in their Favor—Mr. Marsh Speaks for Plainfield.

The storm of indignation raised over the State against the Race-Track Bills, as appeared in Monday's newspapers, decided the party leaders Monday night to withdraw them, or, at all events, not to have them brought out of committee to be voted upon, so as to avoid needlessly exposing the race-track gamblers' friends in the Legislature.

Had it not been for large delegations to Trenton from all parts of the State yesterday, however, the decision previously arrived at might have been modified, but now there seems no likelihood of the bills being brought up again. Attempts may be made to amend present laws style to destroy their effect, but the legislative doings will be so closely watched that it is scarcely probable any such attempt will succeed.

The following is from our Trenton correspondent on the subject:

RACING BILLS DENOUNCED.

New Jersey Turns Out En Masse to Protest Against the Measures.

TRENTON, Feb. 17.—The race course bills have probably met their death. The largest crowd ever seen in the Legislature came to oppose the measures. It consisted of delegations from twenty city and large town in the state and when the hour arrived when the committee on the revision of laws granted a hearing, over 3,000 people were thronging the State House corridors. They consisted of Catholic priests, Protestant clergymen, Quakers, women and professional men. W. Lindsley, the Elizabeth lawyer under whose influence the Linden track was closed, introduced the speakers to the committee.

The crowd cheered every attack upon Gloucester and Guttenberg and gave three cheers for Mrs. Kumler and Mrs. Williamson, who said they represented the homes and sisterhood of the state. Among the speakers were Bishop Scarborough, of the Episcopal church; Judge Lanning, of Trenton; Professor Duryea, of Rutgers; Dr. Scudder, of Jersey City; Craig R. Marsh, of Plainfield; S. H. Gray, of Camden; Dean McNulty, of Paterson; Colonel Dobbins, of Morristown; S. V. Parker, of Long Branch, and Assemblyman Parker, of Red Bank.

A great many petitions, signed by thousands of citizens against the bills, were left with the committee.

Assemblyman Parker's speech he charged Assemblyman Parker, of Red Bank, who introduced the measures, with having sold himself. No one spoke for the bills, and it is generally believed that the committee will report them adversely.

Concerning Mr. Marsh's remarks The Sun of to-day has the following:

Craig A. Marsh of Plainfield made the novel point that it is now illegal to send through the United States post-office newspapers giving information about race-track gambling.

Mr. Marsh's exact language on this point was as follows:

"Think of the spectacle presented of New Jersey engaging with the gamblers, in the commission of offenses so flagrant that the people of twenty other the Nation would indict any man who polluted the mail by attempting to carry out this State policy and any newspaper publisher who sent through the mail a single advertisement of the business sanctioned by the State. Such a law as large could not prevent New Jersey from lowering her own moral tone, yet it could prevent the foul stain by the throat who sought to contaminate citizens of the United States whether in New Jersey or elsewhere, by using the post office department to spread the poisonings. In New Jersey if property her right to rank foremost among her sister states and retain untarnished her power and influence for good."

The Plainfield delegation returned last evening greatly pleased with their visit.

Discussing the Light Question.

The Committee on Public Lights of the City Common Council in connection with the Mayor held a meeting in the Mayor's office last evening to discuss the question of the Electric Company furnishing the city with poor street lights. *Manager Moore of the Company* and Postmaster E. R. Pope were present. In all probability the Committee will present a report at the next meeting of the Council.

The Team the Plainfielders Are Expected to Defeat.

The West End Club of Somerville have selected the following as their base ball team for the season of 1892:

Kennedy, catcher; Harkins, first base; Farrell, second base; Morehead, short-stop; Heiser, third base; Scudder, right field; Ryman, left field; Carbonnel, probably, center field.

An Enjoyable Evening.

The members of Howell Division, No. 97, Sons of Temperance held a lunch box and apron sociable in their rooms on East Front street last evening. A large crowd was present and everybody apparently enjoyed themselves.

—Telephone messages from London to Paris come very high. One dollar a minute is charged for the use of the "phone." If connections are as difficult to form as they sometimes are in our city systems it must cost a large fortune to send a very small message.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Mattie of Arlington avenue is convalescent from the grip.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Carty entertained a number of children at their home on Orchard place last evening.

Invitations have been issued by Miss Minnie Wilson for a reception at her home, "Tunlaw," for this afternoon.

Mr. Green Smith of Grant avenue will shortly remove his family to Portland, Me., where he has accepted a lucrative position.

At a parlor meeting held at the residence of Mrs. M. A. Runkenan at Elizabeth this afternoon, Mrs. T. H. Tomlinson of this city, the president of the Union County W. C. T. U., delivered a lecture.

The following notice appears in the Alfred University paper, published at Alfred Centre, N. Y.: "Miss Susie Emerson, Ph. B. '90, is studying voice and piano in New York, while living at Plainfield, N. J."

Mrs. Morrison will receive at the reception of the Hillside Tennis Club tomorrow evening, assisted by Mrs. A. M. Wilcox, Mrs. DeWitt C. Ivins, Mrs. Geo. Poole, Mrs. Mitchell, Mrs. Robert L. Mitchell, Mrs. Fred. W. Lewis and Mrs. Charles Brooks.

Miss Elizabeth Vockel arrived yesterday from Germany on the steamship Servia from Hamburg. She is a cousin of Mr. Henry Haurand of Steiner place, North Plainfield, and came to this country for the purpose of entering a convent at Elizabeth.

Mr. Edward Shultz, a popular member of the Plainfield Cornet Band and Miss Annie Keading of Wilson avenue, North Plainfield, were married at the residence of the bride last evening. A reception followed the ceremony. During the evening the happy couple were serenaded by the band.

The Postal Laws Respecting News papers.

About two years ago Messrs. George P. Rowell & Co., of New York, the publishers of Rowell's Newspaper Directory, and several other publications of great value to concerns wishing to do business with the newspapers, started a very unique weekly sheet in form (12 mo.) and name (Printers' Ink.)

It was a new idea all through and like new ideas generally required large capital, much experience, and utmost push to make it go. The publishers set to educate people and make a market for the publication. To what extent they succeeded is indicated by *the fact* that its editions now exceed 60,000, and the business probably $200,000 per year. We think it has long been established once a week is read with more av'dity. In fact we have seen it in many instances carefully read monthly by the assembly magazines are preserved, so highly is it valued.

Now, after allowing the publishers to proceed on those lines for several years, they suppose a question arises that makes the journal is not a legitimate newspaper and cannot be admitted to second-class rates, but a third-class matter.

The postage on the issue of January 13th, amounted at third class rates to $4,500, while at second class rates it would be 30,300 stamps to that number of papers. At second class rates the proper charge on the paper would be $63.63. Such a difference in cost of mailing this one issue of $703.34. In other words about $4,500 is at present charged the paper against $63.63 at third class. In the meantime Rowell & Co. are paying this enormous sum under protest, until the department can further consider the case.

Of course it is outrageous that the law is so ambiguous that the post office authorities themselves can blunder in construing it, as they do according to the whim of the person in charge of the department. It is high time Congress took mediately in justice to those compelled to suffer by such ambiguity.

If Printers' Ink is not a newspaper, then there is not a weekly newspaper in the country.

We believe it at present the best read and most carefully preserved journal in existence, and entitled to all the privileges accorded any newspaper by the Postal laws, and hope to see the wrong done the publishers righted without delay.

Mrs. Force's Body Found in the Passaic.

A dispatch dated Summit appeared in a New York paper yesterday as follows:

The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Mrs. William Force of Madison on December 30th last, has been solved. Her body was found on Saturday in the low in the Passaic river below the bridge at New Providence by two boys. It is evident that Mrs. Force had determined to commit suicide, as when she left her home she wrote the following: "I am sorry to die, but I do not need not look for me; I have drowned myself."

Frank E. Kinsman's Big Invention.

Frank E. Kinsman is one of the incorporators of the Kinsman Block System Development Company. The company was organized for the purpose of acquiring patents in the United States and other countries for operating automatically electric and other devices for the purpose of stopping railway engines, etc. Mr. Kinsman resides in Plainfield.

Ride Shooting.

A few days ago Mr. Henry Widemeyer and Mr. Rudolph Kersting both of this city visited Warrenville to engage in rifle practice. They secured a tin can and with a large chain secured the can to a tree. A person who was present says that the bullets hit the chain oftener than they did the can.

—An adjourned monthly business meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held Thursday afternoon at 3:30 in the rooms on Front street. A large attendance is desired. There is important business to be transacted.

—"The Training of the memory" will be the subject of the popular talk to be given to young men by Dr. J. L. Hulbut at the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Thursday evening of this week at eight o'clock. The admission will be free to all men.

THE LEGISLATURE.

THE BUSINESS TRANSACTED AT YESTERDAY'S SESSION.

Petitions Against Opening the World's Fair Sundays—An Eight Hour Bill—The Mechanics' Lien Bill Recommitted—Other Business.

At yesterday afternoon's session of the Legislature at Trenton, petitions against the opening of the World's Fair on Sundays continued to pour in from all parts of the State.

"Petitions from so many people are entitled to respectful consideration," remarked Mr. Bergen, "and I would suggest that a special committee be appointed to consider them, and, if advisable, draft a bill."

"I move that a committee of five be appointed," said Mr. Cole.

"I suggest that the petitions be referred to the World's Fair Commission representing this State, of which there is a representative in this House," said Mr. Lane.

The motion for a special committee prevailed, and the speaker appointed Messrs. Thomas Smith, Bardin, Nash, Lane and Cole.

Mr. Cavanagh's Eight-Hour bill stirred up the ire of Mr. Nash. The Camden Democratheus denounced it as worse than anything in the way of proposed legislation that he had ever seen. He said it was Socialism and Anarchism. The bill was recommitted for amendment.

Another chapter of the fight to amend the Mechanics' Lien Law was written yesterday afternoon when Mr. Potts asked the House to reconsider the resolution introduced by himself, by which he extended the time for filing liens and proving that employes and material men and others shall notify the owners of any lien they have or may have on buildings. He warned the material men that in opposing the bill they were paving the way for more radical legislation.

Mr. Cole replied warmly to the charge that he was representing and acting only for the material men. He displayed the resolution from the Bricklayers' Union, of Camden, against the bill. The present law protected the workmen and they wanted it to stand.

"Isn't it a fact that laborers often stop releases before they are paid?" asked Mr. Potts.

"It may be the way in Hudson county, where they have many queer things, but it isn't done in Camden," replied Mr. Cole.

Mr. Beckman spoke against the bill, and said it proposed to make the law carefully drawn originally by Mr. Hutchinson said that the law should stand without change, as this bill did not appear to be in the interest of anybody but the laboring men, who were the persons for whose protection it was framed.

Mr. Kalisch made an argument in favor of the bill. He said that the present law was inadequate through the want of time for the benefit of material men. Mr. Cavanagh said his constituents wanted this bill passed, and he objected to voting for it. Mr. Ketcham argued that Mr. Potts's bill was for the purpose of taking away from the poor man the only protection given to the laboring man. He said that the Paterson Labor Standard, representing the workers, did not object to the passage of this bill. Under the present arrangement laborers had to sign releases before starting work. Mr. Engard seemed to think that the Legislature had heard enough of the Mechanics' Lien law, though he was hardly sure where he stood personally. Mr. Lanning opposed the bill.

The motion to reconsider was carried, and it was recommitted to the committee. This was an unexpected victory for Mr. Potts.

Hudson county controls the Joint Committee on Soldiers' Home, with Senator Hudspeth leading the Senate and Assemblyman O'Neill occupying the same place in the House contingent. The Hudson folks were aggrieved because no one from Hudson was appointed on the Legislative committee to investigate the Home at Kearney, and their first move to-day was to transfer the investigation to the regular committee. Mr. Potts moved to suspend the rules for that purpose.

Mr. Thomas Smith said Mr. Hardin were opposed to making any change, but they were defeated.

Then the House reconsidered the resolution appointing a special committee and asked the Senate to concur in that action. Unless the Senate does so the members of the House in reconsidering it of no avail.

Mr. Heaney called up on third reading his bill to create a medical department in the National Guard. Mr. Kalisch was acting Speaker and he had no trouble in passing the debate well within the rules. Mr. Heaney said that the proposed department was on the model of that in the regular army and it was advocated by Surgeon-General McGill. Mr. Nash said it was a good bill against it.

"I have no doubt the bill will pass," remarked Mr. Snyder in explanation, "but many bills pass here without the members knowing what they are voting on."

Mr. Cole said that the bill was needed that the opposition to it was the outcome of jealousy between officials of the National Guard. Mr. Heaney and Mr. Ketcham P. Hewlett O'Neill championed the bill and it passed. A motion to reconsider was voted down.

Senator Marsh introduced a bill to-day to permit representatives of the boards of chosen freeholders to act as local newspapers, but to exceed three in number. To go to the Senate.

Senate bill No. 37, making the open season for game in Northern New Jersey from the 15th of October to the 15th of November, passed.

Law Judges Bogert, of Bergen, and O'Gorman, of Middlesex, and Mrs. Emily F. Bissell, of Middlesex, a member of the Board of Managers of the Home for Feeble Minded, were confirmed by the Senate and that body then adjourned till to-day.

The Senate and House Committee on Municipal Corporations will sit together this morning and give a hearing on the Jersey City Water bill.

—A new fire box, No. 61, has been placed at the corner of Madison avenue and Third street.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

TYPHUS IS CHECKED.

Dr. Edison Has No Fear that the Contagion Will Spread.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17th. (Special.)—Dr. Cyrus Edson, Chief of the Bureau of Contagious Diseases, announced this morning that there was no longer any danger of the spread of typhus fever beyond the 248 infected Russians landed from the steamship Massilia.

Every one of the 248 has been accounted for and is under observation, so that there is no fear of contagion spreading from that source.

THE INQUEST BEING HELD.

Coroner Shea Investigating the Hotel Royal Horror.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17th, (Special.)—The inquest into the cause of the death of the seventeen victims of the Hotel Royal horror of Sunday morning, Feb. 7, was begun at the Coroner's office this morning by Coroner John B. Shea and a jury of twelve citizens.

Ex-King Milan, of Servia, to Become a Russian Subject.

BELGRADE, Feb. 17th. (Special.)—The *Herodel Dardit* states that ex-King Milan will become a Russian subject.

It was reported some time ago that Milan, after he had renounced his claim to the throne of Servia and all his legal rights, had been appointed to a high position in the Russian cavalry service.

Committed for Killing Her Daughter

BELFAST, Feb. 17th, (Special.)—A dispatch from Coleraine, in County Londonderry, forty-seven miles from here, says that Mrs. Anne Margaret Montage, daughter of Lord Robert Montage, was committed for trial this morning on the charge of causing the death of her daughter, Mary Helen Montagu, a child only three years of age.

Plague Spreading in Europe.

BERLIN, Feb. 17, (Special.)—A despatch from Warsaw says typhus fever and black pox are spreading westward, and that political agitators are doing their utmost to inflame the passions of the peasantry.

The Tariff Question in France.

PARIS, Feb. 17, (Special.)—A proposal to remove the tariff from all food products was referred to a committee.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Traveling Two Miles a Minute.

To THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—While Plainfield is considering methods for a street railway system it may be interesting to know the latest scheme in Europe, by which a speed of two miles a minute is to be attained.

The schedule time for cars on the proposed electric railway between Vienna and Buda-Pesth is expected to be 75 minutes for the entire distance of 150 miles. As planned, the road will have two main power stations, with 100 sub-stations, but only three or four stopping places. Each car will be about 130 feet long, fitted with four bogie-trucks, and an electric motor at each end will receive current through contact wheels running on conducting rails. *The ends of the cars, to* diminish air resistance, will be shaped like those of a ship.

E.

Plainfield Doctors Not to Increase Rates.

To THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—I am requested to state that the report that the Physicians of Plainfield, who are members of the Plainfield Medical Association, contemplate increasing their rates, is entirely without foundation.

D. G. ADAMS,
Secretary of The Plainfield Medical Association.

[The report did not appear in THE NEWS.]

—Six or eight mission workers from Philadelphia, together with some from Florence Mission, including Mr. Pepper, the converted showman, from Bethlehem, will be at Reform Hall to-night, at 7:30 o'clock.

The husk and fibre of ordinary oatmeal are irritating.

H-O.

is the one clear, clean oat-food.

CARPET OPENING

OF NEW SPRING GOODS!

NEVER BEFORE in Plainfield have the people had such a Large and Handsome stock of Fine, Elegant Carpets to select from, as we now offer.

The goods have been selected from some of the best known mills, with special care to please city trade.

The stock embraces all grades in cotton and wool, and all-wool Ingrains, Tapestry Brussels, Body Brussels, and a good line of Moquettes.

Of all these we keep duplicate pieces in stock, so there can be no delay in filling orders.

In addition we have been made selling agents for Messrs. W. and J. Sloane, of New York, which enables us to sell from their house, either from samples here, or from your own selections there, at the SAME PRICES as they sell at. By this special arrangement we can handle the largest and best trade in this city. This agency applies to anything in the house.

By this and other special advantages at our hand this season, we can confidently assure our patrons that we can make it to their interest to give us an early call.

Special Bargains are now offered in Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portieres, etc.

EDSALL'S.

Cents-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION wanted by a girl as chamber-maid and waitress. Call at 67 West Third street. 17 2

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Apply at 19 Franklin place. 2 12tf

WANTED—A good woman for general housework. Apply 139 Madison avenue. 15-3

WANTED—A young girl to do general housework. Must be a good plain cook. No washing. Call at 91 Rockview avenue. 15 3

WHEN you wish to secure help, put an advertisement in this column.

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of two. Must be good plain cook. No washing. Call 128 Door street after nine a. m. 2-15-tf

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A large fold up key. Part loose. May be had by paying expenses of advertising, of M. M. Dunham, East Front street. 17 2

LOST—A pocketbook containing a small amount of money, yesterday afternoon, on Front street or Park avenue. A reward will be given if returned to L. W. Randolph's City Pharmacy, 21 West Front street. 17 2

LOST—A silver link bracelet, on East Front street. Reward paid for return to Mrs. Pierson's, No. 130 West Front street. 2 16tf

FOR EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—An acre or so of property on Mountain avenue is wanted, and will give a $145 bicycle for same as part payment. Address "O.," care of EVENING NEWS. 16 2

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address R. P. M. Chase, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate agent, Bound Brook, and see them. 300 feet above the sea level. 2 15tf

FOR SALE—A $100 Yost typewriter. Has had but little wear and will be sold at a reduced reduction. Address 1 West Front street 2 9tf

HAVE you a house for sale or to rent? Try advertising it in this column.

STORE property on West Front street for sale. $7,000. Address Riker & Co., 2 11tf

THE HOUSE owned and occupied by the late A. D. Bridge, 14 La Grande avenue, Fishkill, N. Y., for sale, to close the estate. Enquire on premises, or, at 71 Barclay street, New York. 1 and 15*

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT or for sale. A Pine house at 5 La Grande avenue. Rent low or sell cheap. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2-15-tf

FOR RENT—The pleasant houses, 63 and 65 Webster place. Riker & Co., agents. 2 6

FOR RENT—Ten room house at No. 24 Webster avenue. Pleasantly located and all improvements. $30 per month. 2 11tf

FOR RENT—$15 month. Six room house on Somerset street. Riker & Co., agents, 15 East Front street. 16 2*

HOUSE; all improvements; on East Front street, for rent. $30 month. Riker & Co., agents. 2 12tf

TO LET—Rooms completely eight with heat; centrally located. Price $25 month. Apply to M. M. Dunham, 7 East Front street. 2 12tf

TO RENT—Rooms and barn in North Plainfield, $25 per month. Address "R. M." care of EVENING NEWS

THE office on No. 5 East Front street is for rent. It is a desirable location for a lawyer. Log of light. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2 12tf

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

FLORAL decorations, by Dunham's Hillside avenue florist. Palms and plants in great variety. 16 4

RIKER & CO. have tenants for four $15 and $20 per month houses. Have you the houses? 2 12tf

AUCTION!

LANG'S HOTEL,

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY,

Feb. 24, 25, 26 and 27.

Beginning at ten o'clock each day. Thirty Bedroom Suites and Carpets; Diningroom tables and chairs; parlor suites, stoves; bar room fixtures, including two handsome bars and back bar, mirrors, etc.

One Billiard and Two Pool Tables

in fine condition. One dozen oak top, iron stand bar room tables. Five dozen Bentwood chairs. A number of valuable clocks and other articles too numerous to mention. 17 09

A NEW STYLE

OF

D E R B Y

Out TO-DAY, at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

CARPETS!

Largest stock, selected patterns; largest and best lighted carpet rooms; lowest prices.

Dress Goods—Immense variety of new Spring novelties in Dress Goods; 51 pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, 16c yard, worth 15c.

Muslin Underwear—For ladies, misses and children; all full make well made garments, and at prices that cannot be equalled.

Fruit of the Loom—We are still selling the best brand of Lonsdale at 8c; Good Township, 4c; best prints, 5c; white blankets, 89c and $1.19 pair.

Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa. Now the announcement of our annual Spring and Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.

E. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Amusements.

TICKETS FOR THE

DAMROSCH

Symphony Concert to be given in

MUSIC HALL!

on

Tuesday, March 8th,

Will be on sale at the Central Pharmacy, Monday, February 15th.

PRICES—$2 Coats to $1.00.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 25 Sat* E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE.

SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.

Rebuilt family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK H. MILLER.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Different Kinds of Men.

Rev. Samuel A. Barnett has been around the world and studied mankind among the principal nations of the earth. He writes of the result of his examinations ethical and ethereal in The Nineteenth Century. One result is that he is all upset in his mind and does not know whether he believes in Japanese or American civilization. He comes back from his travels certainly not half so positive in his ideas of what is best and worst as when he started out. This condition is on the whole much more hopeful than that of the person who knows just what is best for all the world and the contrary. One thing is, however, left from Mr. Barnett's voyages that was worth all the trouble he took to see the different kinds of men, and this is "the surviving memory of the good which was in each." "The net gain of a voyage round the world is a firmer belief in man."

The saddest region on earth is India, where "the poverty of 230,000,000 people affects all discussion." All these poor wretches have barely enough food to keep soul and body together. Besides the poverty of India two other points in the Eastern land stand out—the fact that here is a conquered people and the fact of the tremendous influence of the Brahmanial cast. India is more hopeless than any of the other lands the traveler visited.

Conquest and the power of forming association are what strike the intelligent young East Indians as the characteristics of Englishmen. In spite of his disagreeableness the Chinaman has by his ability and quietness created a civilization of his own. But it is a civilization which advanced just about half way and then stopped. The traveler carries away from China the memory of bad smells. "The Japanese leave in the traveler's mind the memory of courtesy and grace, but even more deeply marked is the memory of their versatility and their energy." The Japanese are the only great nation that has no religion to speak of. "When the Japanese want a religion they will become Christian. At present they do not want any; they are occupied with civilization."

Then there is the American. Americanism means individualism, rampant, aggressive individualism. The tide of American progress moves forever on and on, but always at its edge are corruption and ignorance. Still Mr. Barnett is sure of the splendid future of America.

To Be a Successful Speaker.

Rev. Hugh Price Hughes who made so pleasing an impression on Americans when he came to us to attend the Methodist Ecumenical Council, has been writing about how to succeed as a public speaker. He thinks little of any qualities except moral ones, in which it is possible he goes too far. His first requisite is earnestness, dead-in-earnestness. Next comes disinterestedness. The self seeking speaker can never get a hold on an audience as a speaker, and this remark is to be commended especially to those lecturers who only count on the money an audience is going to bring them. Mr. Hughes' third great quality is moral courage. The man who is heroic enough to stand up and say what he thinks right, whether it is exactly pleasing or not, this is the man who will gain respect and admiration, this is the hero. "There is nothing that commands a great audience so really and so powerfully as utter fearlessness." Then comes lucidity of meaning and simplicity of language, and last of all, he adds, good humor, which he ought to have put among the very first requisites.

Moreover, and finally, an erect body, lithe, graceful gestures and a clear, distinct voice are at least half the battle in successful speechmaking.

The greatest specialist in the world on throat diseases was Dr. Morell Mackenzie. He founded the throat hospital in London. At the age of twenty-six he obtained the Jacksonian prize for the best essay on diseases of the larynx. He was lecturer on diseases of the throat at the London hospital, and was knighted by Queen Victoria for his attendance at the bedside of the dying Emperor Frederick. He was a member of the American Laryngological association and the author of many books and papers on his specialty. Among the books was one called "Diseases of the Throat and Nose." He also published a series of papers on the management of the voice in speaking and singing and still other essays on hay fever and diphtheria. Yet at the age of fifty-four this highest authority in the world on diseases of the throat and kindred ailments himself dies of bronchitis.

An automatic device has been arranged by which the engineer of a railway train can tell exactly whether it is safe for him to proceed beyond a given station. As a train reaches the station, the hour and minute hands flash across a clock face to tell the right time. At the same moment a red bullseye flashes into the clock face. If remains there five minutes, then disappears, to be followed by a green bullseye. The green light remains five minutes, then it also fades out. If no light at all is visible when the following train arrives, the engineer will know the train immediately in front of him passed that station at least ten minutes before.

LIVE WASHINGTON NEWS

Filibustering Against the Silver Bill in the House.

IT MAY BE CONSIDERED NEXT WEEK.

The Free Coinage Men Have Their Petition to the Committee on Rules for an Early Consideration of the Measure Nearly Ready—The Rehring Sea Case.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The senate entered upon a long legal argument, "with no politics in it," as Senator Vance said, hinting upon the question whether the Idaho legislature which elected Mr. Dubois a senator legally completed its organization within the meaning of the statute on the first or second day of its meeting. If the former, Mr. Dubois was legally elected; if the latter, he was chosen a week too soon, and the contestant, Mr. Chaffee, who defeated Mr. Barnett by the same legislature three months later, would be entitled to the seat. The discussion of these questions of fact and law occupied all the day, and was left unfinished.

The senate confirmed the following nominations: S. H. N. Byers, consul general at St. Gall. Postmasters—Massachusetts, H. A. Talbot, Franklin. Pennsylvania, E. J. Vinton, Lancaster; L. B. Landis, Lancaster; Wilkesberre: W. E. Lewis, Austin.

To Protect Miners.

A message was transmitted to congress by the president, with memorials from several hundred miners working in the coal mines in the Indian territory, asking for the appointment of an inspector. "The recent explosion at Rock Springs," said the president, "in which sixty-seven miners met a horrible death, gives urgency to this appeal, and I recommend that a special appropriation be at once made for the salaries and necessary expenses of the inspectors provided for in the law."

The session of the house was somewhat spirited in a successful attempt of Mr. Tracy, Democrat from New York, to filibuster against the consideration of the silver bill. After the house had passed a resolution calling on the secretary of the treasury for a detailed statement regarding the receipts from and expenditures for immigration since 1889, and the direction of a bill granting reduced rates of transportation to commercial travelers, an attempt was made to consider unfinished business on the calendar. Only two bills were on the calendar, and Tracy, forseeing that the silver bill might reach an advantageous position on the calendar, with these other two measure out of the way, filibustered for two hours and finally succeeded in adjourning the house, and gave the first demonstration of the session of the operation of the rules.

Will Not Call Up Bills.

Until Mr. Catchings, of Mississippi, returns from Boston the advocates of the Bland free coinage bill will not present their petition asking the committee on rules, of which Mr. Catchings is a member, to bring in an order setting apart time for the consideration of the bill. The dozen copies of the petitions that are being circulated have appended to them nearly the desired number of names—a majority of Democratic members—and there will not be much trouble in securing the few more signatures needed. When the signatures desired have been secured the petition will be laid before the committee on rules, which is expected to take speedy action on it.

There has been some talk of calling a caucus of Democratic members on the silver bill, but it is a difficult proposition against this, and it will probably not be had. A number of members have expressed a belief that the bill will be taken up by the house next week.

The Behring Sea Controversy.

No information was vouchsafed at the cabinet meeting of Lord Salisbury's action upon the treaty forwarded several days ago for his action by Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British minister here, negotiated by himself and Secretary Blaine, by which the controversy between the United States and England over the Behring sea question is to be referred to a board of arbitrators for settlement. At the time of meeting the report of the conference held in London during the afternoon between Lord Salisbury and Minister Lincoln had not been learned, and it was not known, of course, whether or not the English prime minister approved the treaty.

Sir Julian expects that he will approve it, and has expressed himself that effect quite emphatically. Whether or not Minister Lincoln has communicated the result of his talk with Lord Salisbury to the officials of the state department could not be learned, but the action of the Behring sea agents which have been in session in this city for several days past could not be believed, afford a pretty safe criterion by which to judge of Lord Salisbury's action.

The Englishmen Surprised.

If the sessions of the agents continue, it will be taken to mean by some well informed persons that the proposed treaty meets his lordship's approval and will shortly be transmitted to the senate of the United States for its concurrence. Should the agents discontinue their meeting, it will, by the same token, be considered to indicate that the treaty has been rejected by the English official, which being the case, further meetings of the agents would be useless as no practical results could come from them. Whether or not this speculation is well founded will doubtless be determined within a day or two.

The British agents are reported to be somewhat surprised at the exceptionally able manner in which the American agents have prepared their case, Sir Baden Powell, the representative of Canada, included, himself an authority of high standing, has told several people in Washington that he considered Dr. C. Hart Merriam, one of the United States agents, to be the best informed man in the world on the subject of the fur seal.

The Swedish Lutheran Synod.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn., Feb. 17.—The New York conference of the Swedish Lutheran synod is in session here, with delegates from Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey and all the New England states. Meetings will be held every evening this week.

Two Dead and One Dying.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 17.—Sylvester Horton and Daniel Jordan were killed and Patrick Carney fatally injured by an explosion of benzine gas at the Baldwin Locomotive works.

A Suicide Identified.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 17.—The body of the man who committed suicide Friday in the railroad station here was today identified as Charles Voegle, of Pittsburg.

A Girl Burned to Death.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., Feb. 17.—James Barnes' drug store was burned and a young servant girl, Maggie Callehan, was so badly burned that she died.

THE DREADED ASIATIC FEVER

It Is Under Control in New York City and Quarantine Is Effective.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Five new cases of typhus fever have been reported to the health officers since yesterday, making eight in all. The patients are all quarantined. The health officers say they have the disease under control, and no alarm is now felt for the spread of the fever in this city.

To say that the members of the health board are enraged at the action of the Trenton officials in sending two Italians here to become public charges is putting it mildly. If this trick is tried again the persons attempting it will be arrested. President Wilson issued orders to this effect yesterday.

Spread Over Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 17.—One case of typhus has been discovered here. A special from Braddock says that nine of the passengers of the steamer Masella have been found in Lawrence county, and great alarm is felt lest the infection spread. Two of the passengers are known to be sick, but so well are they concealed by their countrymen that it is next to impossible to learn their condition or their exact disease. The health officers are scouring the county for the patients.

Five Cases Found Here.

ALBANY, Feb. 17.—There are five cases of typhus fever in Valatie in a colony of Russian Hebrews. The village is wild with excitement. The board of health has done nothing in the matter for four days. No physician can be induced to attend the victims. The stricken family came over on the steamer Masella. The workmen in the cotton mill have been exposed, together with five other Russian families.

The Fever in Massachusetts.

OAKDALE, Mass., Feb. 17.—Typhoid fever has broken out among the newly arrived families of Russian Jews employed by the L. M. Harris Manufacturing company. The disease was brought here by these Jews. The house is quarantined and several of the Jews will be isolated. There are six fully developed cases, some of which will prove fatal.

FASHIONS

Old Styles Revived.

OLIVER GOLDSMITH'S CHAIR.

We are now in the midst of a revival of old time styles in furniture. The chair shown in the cut is one often seen, yet few know that it is a copy of a chair in the South Kensington Museum, England, said to have been the one Oliver Goldsmith favored to rest in in his latter days.

CORBETT GOT THE DECISION,

But He Didn't Succeed in Knocking Out Joe Lannon.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Between 9,000 and 10,000 persons went to Madison Square Garden to see James J. Corbett, the California fighter, try to beat three men in three rounds. Corbett's opponents were announced as Joe Lannon, who was a sparring partner of John L. Sullivan for a long time; Bob Caffrey, of Philadelphia, and *Bill Spillings, of Rochester*, all heavy weights, of course.

On Corbett's appearance he was heartily cheered. Jim Daly, of Philadelphia, was in his corner. His first opponent was Bill Spillings, who, after two minutes' sparring, was knocked down twice by smashes on the jaw, and then said he had enough.

Bob Caffrey, of Philadelphia, came up next and went down twice in forty-five seconds. Then he quit like his predecessor, and the spectators began to cry, "Take it back."

When Joe Lannon came out he met with a great reception. Corbett did not succeed in knocking Lannon out, though he tried hard to do so. He did not even knock him down. Lannon put up an excellent show and landed on Corbett's body several times with force. Corbett did not appear to get good advantage as usual, and missed many blows; neither was he so shifty as ordinarily. The Californian was plainly not at his best. At the third round Corbett was more active and had Lannon very tired. He got in on face and body and Lannon could not respond. If one more round had been fought Corbett might have finished his man out, and as it was, earned the decision on points, but he did not satisfy the persons who saw him for the first time that he can beat Jackson or Peter Maher.

Brodie's Next Jump.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Feb. 17.—Steve Brodie, the bridge jumper, will in a few days jump from the cantilever bridge of the Southern Pacific railroad over the Pecos river. The bridge is next to the highest in the world, the distance from high water mark being 326 feet and the total height 380 feet.

Natural Gas in Albany.

ALBANY, Feb. 17.—While deepening a well at Hinckle Brothers' brewery flames of natural gas darted out and has continued to burn night and day since. It is the first discovery of its kind in this city, and every effort will be made to test the amount of gas in the vicinity.

Smith's Immense Fortune.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The will of the late Right Hon. W. H. Smith shows a personality amounting to £1,264,000. This immense fortune, in addition to a large amount of realty, Mr. Smith accumulated in the publishing and news agency business.

Slye Owns Up.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 17.—Albert D. Slye, the Glendale train robber, pleaded guilty of robbing the Adams Express company's car of $20,000 on Nov. 30 last. Judge Edwards deferred sentence until the trial of Rodgers and wife, alleged accomplices of Slye.

Hartford's Fair Proposition.

HARTFORD, Feb. 17.—The Hartford board of trade will provide one-fifth of the funds immediately necessary to insure a proper representation of Connecticut at the World's fair provided the government decided necessary does not exceed $20,000.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

A Hill-Gray Combination Said to Have Been Perfected.

IT WOULD PRESS ALL OTHERS OUT.

Cleveland's Indiana Friends Greatly Excited Over the Scheme—President Harrison Will Be a Candidate for Renomination—Texas Opposition to Hills.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 17.—The friends of ex-President Cleveland throughout the state are considerably exercised over the alleged discovery that the Hill and Gray men have entered into a combination to pool their issues in the national convention—Indiana's to be thrown to Hill, should such an addition to his strength be able to nominate, and New York's vote be given to Gray for vice president, and the same vote be given to Gray for the first place should it appear that Hill could not be nominated. The alleged plan of the Hill men is to have the delegation instructed for Gray and thus place it under obligations to do whatever Gray may regard as best for his interest. It is not expected to get any out and out Hill men on the delegation, but it is hoped to so obligate them to Gray that when he says his interest requires that they support Hill for first place they will be obliged to do so, for by refusing they would make Gray's nomination for second place impossible.

While Gray does not appear to be a party to the scheme—in fact, declares that he is not—the Cleveland men contend that they labor under a great disadvantage owing to the candidacy of Gray and the necessity of instructing for Hill, and declare that their hands will be tied by the Gray men who prefer Cleveland as their candidate.

Pugh Predicts the Democratic Ticket.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Senator James L. Pugh has written a letter to the David B. Hill club, of Landesdale county, Ala., on the presidential situation. He says that Senator Hill is a candidate who has been in full view of the people during his entire career and has never been defeated as a candidate. No man in history has been subjected to severer scrutiny and attack by a more powerful and marvelous adversary than David B. Hill. Continuing Senator Pugh says that Hill closed his splendid career as governor by an achievement that *has attracted attention from the great skill* and remarkable benefits attached to it for the Democratic party. The credit of securing New York state for the Democratic party was due to him. The senator closes by making the prediction that David B. Hill will be carried to the National Democratic convention by delegates for his nomination from New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Indiana, and with this support he will be nominated, and Gray, of Indiana, for vice president. This ticket, he says, will be invincible.

A Warning to Mills.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Feb. 17.—The friends and supporters of Roger Q. Mills in Ellis county, which is his home, have organized a boycott against The Daily Gazette of this city, which paper opposes him for senator. Two or three other places in the state will also take up the boycott.

The Gazette is a leader, which will appear today, advises him to modify the intolerant position on the state and national politics. It tells him to come down from the skies and mingle with men. It tells he has peers in Texas and concludes with the suggestion that it is better for him to descend voluntarily than to come like Lucifer.

Republicans Sweep Syracuse.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 17.—The charter election took place and, as in the case of down elections a week ago, the Republicans made almost a complete sweep. Amos, Republican, is elected mayor by a plurality of more than 1,000 over Penn, Democrat. All of the Republican candidates for aldermen were successful. Of the city's fourteen supervisors, eleven are Republican nominees and three Democratic. All the Republican nominees for city offices were elected by good majorities.

Harrison a Candidate.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—The Hon. Stephen B. Elkins, secretary of war, announced today in a letter to a personal friend here in New York that President Harrison is a candidate for renomination. The secretary added that the president would, moreover, be the choice of the Minneapolis convention, and, furthermore, would be re-elected. This is the first authentic announcement that the president is a candidate for renomination.

Minnesota for Cleveland.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 17.—The Democratic state central committee met here and named St. Paul as the place and March 31 as the date for the convention to name delegates to Chicago. All the committeemen present except two announced themselves in favor of Cleveland, and the state will doubtless send a solid Cleveland delegation, with Boies as second choice.

The Pittsburg Election.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 17.—The election of councilmen and ward officers passed off quietly. There were but few votes polled, the contest between the Citizens' ticket and the regular Republican and Democratic tickets, but the result is largely in favor of the candidates of the Republican ticket. Both branches of the city councils remain largely Republican.

Rochester Nominations.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 17.—At the Republican city convention Richard Curran was nominated for mayor and George W. Aldridge for member of the police board. The Democrats renominated Mayor William Carroll and named Jacob Howe, Jr., for the executive board.

Hill Delegates Elected.

ALBANY, Feb. 17.—Elections for delegates to the Democratic state convention were held at Lockport, Kingston, Whitehall and Oswego, at all of which Hill delegates were selected. The Schoharie county Democrats elected unpledged delegates to the state convention.

Democrats Win in Carlisle.

CARLISLE, Pa., Feb. 17.—E. J. Arney, Democrat, was elected mayor of this city by 300 majority. The entire Democratic city ticket was elected. The council will be a tie—six Republicans and six Democrats.

Riddled with Bullets.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 17.—The dead body of Anton Kintzsach was found in the street with three bullet holes in it. He was evidently murdered.

To Invade Upper Egypt.

CAIRO, Feb. 17.—The Khalifa is leading Cudayenne for Berber, with the object of invading upper Egypt.

Science
MEDICAL SCIENCE has achieved a great triumph in the production of
BEECHAM'S PILLS
which will cure Sick Headache, Bad Blood, Nervousness, Biliousness, Indigestion and Disordered Liver, and positively restore women to perfect health. Every box New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

DON'T FORGET
Is making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LINDABERGER'S, the Tailor.
NO. 19 PARK AVENUE,
as the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

Miss Blanche Fellows
SOPRANO SOLOIST.
Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.
No. 27 Door St., Fourth Plainfield.

THE BEE HIVE
Men's Unlaundried Shirts. The "Price," A quality, good linen bosom, heavy muslin, reinforced front and double back..... 50c.
The "Pride," B quality, made of last muslin and of fine linen bosom, the best shirt in the world..... 69c.
Boys' "Pride" shirts..... 45c.
Youths' "Pride," shirts, this size shirt can only be obtained at the "Bee Hive" in Plainfield..... 69c.
Louis Callman
40 WEST FRONT STREET

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.
FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY
Fruits, Nuts, Confectionery and Temperance Drinks.
I have thoroughly renovated the store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.
DAVID CLARKE,
Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass
is constructed to meet the wants of those who require a very powerful glass at a moderate outlay. Every farmer will understand the advantage of being able to quickly see what is going on in any part of his stock at some distance from the farm; to observe the crops, the fences, &c. Those who own QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS will find them an invaluable assistant for these purposes.
Prices { Small size 25.00 / Medium size 30.00 / Largest size 35.00 } All in Morocco leather cases with strap.
The largest size is the most powerful.
On receipt of price, we will send any of the above by insured mail, postpaid.
QUEEN & CO.,
Manufacturers,
924 Chestnut St. Philada.

To the Public:
Neuman Bros.
Desire to call special attention to their choice and selected line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, Preserved Sugar Corn, Succotash & Morrell Paris Sugar Corn, Strawberry Tomatoes, Red Tomatoes, P. H. Legget's Green Gages, Egg Plums, Wilmerding's Extra Sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early June Peas, Hamburg Asparagus Stems, Madison River Asparagus and tips.
Special attention given by the cook and waiter. Also to fine assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats
79 BROADWAY.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WRIGHT, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POTTS, Treasurer.

We have a new line of
Skates and Sleds
Also Musical Goods, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in one line of
Musical Instruments
and Sporting Goods.
A. M. Vanderbeek,
18 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn.
18 North Avenue
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J
THREE DEP TEA

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
W. BAKER & Co.'s
Breakfast Cocoa
from which the excess of oil has been removed, is
Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.
No Chemicals
are used in its preparation. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
66 Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue.
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful driving, and good service always for ladies' driving.
BOARD & HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Heating Stoves,
OTHELLO RANGES,
FURNACES
and
Fire Place Heaters!
FURNACE WORK,
WATER-PIPING,
PLUMBING,
A. M. GRIFFEN,
Telephone Call No. 6. 28 East Front Street

C. DICKINSON
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY
PRESENTS
Also Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses. Eyes examined without charge.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
59 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating machine of screens. Our coal, which is confidently believed enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL for best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER
He would also announce especially increased facilities for Teaming, and Carting, Moving, and is prepared to contract orders for the same to the best manner on short notice.

Kline's Extracts
Pure Fruit Flavors

NOTICE!
I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my
Liberty Street Market
where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices
GOOD MEAT!
Of all kinds.
Charles Arnold,
21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!
By a po, ular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,
Holders and Cigars for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
CIGAR STORE,
42 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.
The most costly fabrics are very successfully washed. Our patent Mangle finishes collars and cuffs equal to new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or out of the limits of same.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.
H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING
call at
Bremmer Bros',
28 Somerset Street.
And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.
Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.
We Have Cut Prices
on good working pants.

Professional Cards.
WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Counsellor at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Office No. 23 West Front street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Conveyancers over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRANE A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DURHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

ORLANDO TEALE,
Architect, 207 Broadway, New York city, rooms 22 and 23. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD
CORDLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY
J. J. Co

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Terms to suit customers. Open accounts at 7 per cent. Interest paid on deposits. Prompt attention paid to distributing Orders left at Room 41 Park Building, Residence 1 Arlington Ave. Teams for Loam, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 908 Telephone call 36.

Closing Out Sale!
SPLENDID BARGAINS!
WALL PAPER AT COST.
In order to lose out this year's stock of WALL PAPER to make room for New Goods.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
Successors to W. F. Adams, 29 East Front Street.

THREE NOTABLE TRIALS.

Strong Evidence Submitted in Favor of Actor Curtis.

A BONAPARTE ACCUSED OF THEFT.

Prince Louis Clovis Held for Trial for Stealing His Mother-in-law. Mme. Melba Scores a Point in Her Divorce Suit and the Duke of Orleans' Family Happy.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17.—In the Curtis trial Mrs. Dr. C. A. Cook, the first witness, testified to an intimate acquaintance with the defendant and his wife. The witness attended the performance of Sarah Bernhardt at the Grand Opera House on Sept. 10 last with Mr. and Mrs. Curtis, Mrs. Lewis, Dr. Cook, her husband and her daughter. She saw Mrs. Curtis give her husband a handful of gold that evening. He went out after they had entered the theater.

Mrs. Cook examined a pearl handled revolver, and was asked if she had ever seen it. She said she had often seen it on Curtis' person in his house.

Dr. Cook, the next witness, testified to seeing Mrs. Curtis give her husband $240, telling him to be sure and pay the bill the money was intended for. The witness identified the revolver shown to his wife as one he had frequently seen in the Curtis house, and on the opposite side of the street, who seemed to be wrangling.

Then he heard three shots on Folsom street, into which the men had turned, and one of the men ran along Fifth street, beneath his window, toward Shipley street. The other ran along Fifth street toward Howard street. The counsel contends that Harrington's testimony shows that Policeman Grant was killed by the third person, the one who had robbed Curtis. He says that the man Harrington first saw running along Fifth street was the murderer, while the second man he saw running in the opposite direction was Curtis.

Prince Bonaparte's Trial.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—In the West London police court the hearing of the case of Prince Lucien Clovis, who is sued by his wife Rosalie for fraudulently obtaining possession of a diamond necklace and other jewels, amounting in value to $100,000, was resumed. Rosalie Clovis Bonaparte testified that she received the jewels as absolute gifts from the defendant at the time of their marriage, which took place in May, 1888; that she always believed the marriage was legal, and that the defendant never suggested that the marriage was invalid before September, 1891. She understood the divorce to be an amicable one, and that she could afterward cohabit with her former husband.

Mr. Gover, a jeweler, testified that he had sold the Bonaparte jewelry which was the subject of the present litigation, and which was asserted to be worth $500,000. According to Mr. Gover, this jewelry was all composed of imitation stones set in gold, and its value was only $1,250.

Inspector Morgan testified that when he arrested Prince Bonaparte the latter protested that the action taken against him was cruel and monstrous, asserting that he had done nothing wrong and that the jewels were his own property. .

After arguments by counsel Prince Bonaparte and Mr. William Alexander Thompson, accused of being an accessory, were committed for trial. They were both released on bail.

A Victory for Mme. Melba.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—A victory was scored by Mme. Melba, the beautiful opera singer, in the divorce division of the high court of justice. The court room was filled to the doors with an audience which in its character resembled more than that which the talented singer is accustomed to view across the footlights than an audience which Justice Evans and his lawyers are accustomed to attract to the high court of justice.

The proceedings in the famous divorce suit, in which Mme. Melba is defendant and her husband, Captain Charles Armstrong, plaintiff, was but preliminary to the main issue, but the standing of all the parties to the scandal is of so high a character that the most insignificant proceeding in the case becomes the sensation of the day and forms the topic of conversation in social circles as well as at the clubs.

Captain Armstrong in his petition accuses Mme. Melba of acts of unfaithfulness with the Duke d'Orleans at hotels at Vienna and Ouchy, in Switzerland, and in support of his allegation his counsel proposed to take the testimony of servants at these hotels. The motion decided today was made on the part of Mme. Melba, and was for an injunction restraining Captain Armstrong from taking this testimony ex parte as his counsel proposed.

The decision is especially gratifying to the duke and his family, as it relieves them of sensational publications in the newspapers of the Continent.

Garza Must Be Napping.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—No news has been received at the war department for the past ten days about the Garza revolution on the Mexican border, and the reports that the revolutionists had recently defeated the government troops in several engagements are not credited in army circles.

Death Rather Than the Madhouse.

BOSTON, Feb. 17.—A man about sixty-five years old, registered at the Hancock House as John Dow, Jersey City, committed suicide. In his pocket was a paper, on which was written, "Mother, be good to the children. Prefer death to the madhouse."

Count Saia Was Smart.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—A writ of attachment was issued on the goods of Count Saia to recover $2,000 for professional services rendered by Dr. Philip Wales. The writ, however, was issued too late as the count had shipped his goods to Cuba.

Killed His Stepdaughter.

RED BLUFF, Ark., Feb. 17.—Henry Black shot and killed his eighteen-year-old stepdaughter while she was endeavoring to protect her mother from a beating by Black. Black escaped and is being pursued by a posse.

A Mosquito Bite Killed Him.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 17.—H. R. Daley, aged nine years, died in the Johns Hopkins hospital under an operation rendered necessary by a mosquito bite last summer.

Pension Payments This Month.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Payments on account of pensions so far this month have amounted to $8,011,000.

Comparable Items.

Jones—A queer thing happened in New York the other day. A horse stole three pies from a baker's wagon and ate them.

Smith—I would like to have seen that taken. He must have been astonished.

"Astonished! He was furious. He was dynamite."

"Why, what about? The loss of the pies?"

"No, of the horse! It was his own horse that ate the pies. It was the only one he had."—Texas Siftings.

He Rose to the Occasion.

—Harper's Bazar.

Made Him Happy.

Tom—*Why, Charley, how beaming you look today. What has happened to cheer you up so?*

Charley—I've been courting a girl for a long time, but she would never admit that she loved me. She would only say that she respected me, but last night she confessed that she respected me no longer—that she loved me.—London Tit-Bits.

Talk About Suffering!

Jones—There has not been much suffering this winter, thanks to the mildness of the weather.

Smith—Hasn't been much suffering! Great Cæsar! you ought to talk to my wife. She has had only one chance this whole winter to show off her new sealskin jacket.—London Tit-Bits.

He Was a Samp.son.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Feb. 17.—George Cutler, once renowned for his physical prowess, died here yesterday. Cutler, before disabled by an attack of paralysis, performed almost superhuman feats of strength.

The President Invited.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The president has received an invitation to be present as the guest of the Grand Army of the Republic of Brooklyn at the celebration of the anniversary of General Grant's birthday.

Denver's Looters Arraigned.

DENVER, Feb. 17.—George Raymond and James Hadley, the ex-city officials, heads of the ring which robbed this city of thousands of dollars, withdrew their plea of not guilty and interposed a motion to quash the indictments on the ground that they failed to tell exactly how the forgeries were committed.

The Charges Against Walters.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Charges against Captain Louis B. Walters, assistant United States treasurer at Philadelphia, that civil service examination questions in his possession were copied and given to two applicants for inspectorships in the custom house at Philadelphia, are being investigated.

Potter Wanted His Trunk.

BOSTON, Feb. 17.—Asa P. Potter, ex-president of the Maverick bank, asked the court for a trunk of papers, his own private property, or the privilege of examining it. The motion was denied.

A Bequest to Harvard.

LOWELL, Feb. 17.—The will of the late Mrs. W. S. Appleton gives $180,000 in public bequests, of which Harvard university and Museum of Fine Arts, in Boston, receive $50,000 each.

A Poor Logging Season.

AUGUSTA, Me., Feb. 17.—The logging season has been short and poor. Only 115,000,000 million feet of logs will come down the Kennebec, *54,000,000 less than last year.*

Purser Hinman an Absconder.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 17.—Joel R. Hinman, for twenty-five years purser with the New Haven Steamboat company, has absconded with money belonging to the company.

Elections in Japan.

YOKOHAMA, Feb. 17.—Elections are in progress for the first representative assembly. Rioting is reported at several places and there is much excitement.

Sheriff Hard's Assassin Lynched.

ARCADIA, Fla., Feb. 17.—Deputy Sheriff Bevi Hard raided a gang of negro gamblers, and Walter Austin shot him dead. The negro was captured and lynched.

Recluse Gammage's Funeral.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—T. Gammage, the recluse who was found dead in his room in the University of the City of New York, will be interred in Milford, Pa.

Gas for Murderers.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 17.—Dr. Gibbons, of this city, advocates killing condemned murderers in a gas chamber with *gas as sure, painless and humane.*

Lepers in Canada.

OTTAWA, Feb. 17.—Dr. Smith, in charge of the La Garenne at Tracadie, N.B., reports that on Jan. 1 there were twenty-five lepers in that institution.

Won't Pardon Hatter.

LITTLE ROCK, Feb. 17.—The president has refused to grant a pardon to Dr. W. C. Hatter, now serving a sentence here for manslaughter.

Yale and Harvard Disagree.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Feb. 17.—Yale and Harvard failed to agree on a baseball schedule and Yale withdrew from the meeting.

The Supreme Court Dined.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—President and Mrs. Harrison gave a dinner at the White House in honor of the supreme court.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

The Capitol Appropriation Bill Now Open to the Governor.

ALBANY, Feb. 17.—The senate and assemblyman Hitt's general capitol appropriation bill, which will now go to the governor. The senate also passed ten Brooklyn bills, including five of Mayor Boody's bills.

Senator Plunkitt obtained a reconsideration of his excise bill and passed it by eighteen affirmative votes. It provides that boards of excise shall examine complaints against saloons for violation of law when such complaints are made in writing and signed by the complainant. The bill was amended on motion of Senators Walker and Edwards so as to permit the boards to act upon their own motion, and so that complainants need not be forced to prove their complaints.

The old religious fight will be precipitated by the Cantor freedom of worship bill, which the judiciary committee also decided to report favorably. This bill prohibits the appropriation of money for state or municipal institutions unless the inmates are guaranteed the opportunity to worship according to their own religious creed. The committee will also report favorably the anti-Pinkerton bill.

Speaker Bush ordered at the beginning of the session that no person should be admitted to the floor of the house without a pass. Complaints that lobbyists were getting too audacious had reached his ears. A number of bills were introduced.

The governor has signed these bills: Amending the police act of the village of West Troy; amending the charter of Binghamton, giving additional power to the common council; amending the act revising and consolidating into one act all special and local laws of the city of Brooklyn; providing for the repavement of streets and avenues of the city of New York.

THREATENED BY AN ICE GORGE.

The Situation at Parkers Is Alarming. The Town in Great Danger.

PARKERS, Pa., Feb. 17.—The Allegheny river is more than seventeen feet deep at Parkers Landing bridge, and is gorged for miles above and below. The ice is about two feet along the roadway of the bridge and about twelve feet from the bridge iron. The river is steadily rising and the gorge is becoming more compactly welded together. The present appearance of the field of ice is alarming. The mayor of Parkers has telegraphed to the government officials in Pittsburg in regard to opening the gorge if possible at Brady, in hopes of saving this place from the threatened danger. The present gorge is the worst this town has ever experienced. *Nine years ago Parkers was* inundated by a gorge and several houses carried down the river.

Nitro-Glycerin to Break the Pack.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 17.—A large quantity of nitro-glycerin has been shipped and it will be distributed at various points along the river from Parkers to Brady's Bend to break up the ice pack.

SALISBURY'S POWER WANING.

Liberals and Irishmen Rejoicing Over a Significant Occurrence in Parliament.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The narrow escape of the government from defeat in the house of commons, Mr. Thomas Sexton's proposed amendment to the address to the crown, declaring that the imperial parliament has shown itself unequal to the task for legislating for Ireland, is the sensation of the day.

The Liberals are wild with joy, and the Conservatives are almost dumb with disappointment. It was upon the figures which defeated Mr. Sexton's amendment, but the Tories were only whipped together with greatest of difficulty, and the air is full of rumors of approaching dissolution.

The Conservatives, it is admitted, are badly demoralized and will go into the battle of general election with an almost certainty of starting their opponents face. On the other hand, the Liberals will strip for the fight with an almost certian victory assured them. Nothing short of a miracle or a combination with some foreign power can now save the Tories from an utterly crushing defeat.

Dr. Mead Accepts.

HARTFORD, Feb. 17.—Professor Charles Mason Mead, D. D., has accepted the Hartford Theological seminary professorship of systematic theology. Professor Mead is a graduate of the Andover Theological seminary, and has studied in Berlin and Halle. He was a member of the Old Testament revision committee, and is also widely known as an author.

The Pope Will Pray for Chicago.

ROME, Feb. 17.—Pope Leo gave an audience to a member of the Chicago World's fair committee, who kissed the hand of his holiness. The pontiff said that he would take steps to stimulate Catholic interest in the affair. The pope also promised to pray *for Chicago.*

Diseased Meat Scare in England.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The foot and mouth disease is spreading, and the price of meat is advancing. The import of cattle from every European country except Norway and Sweden, Spain and Portugal, has been prohibited.

Colonel Simpson's Big Haul.

DALLAS, Tex., Feb. 17.—Colonel J. B. Simpson, who has been at the head of a dozen business firms in this city, is missing and his creditors are wild. It is estimated that he got away with $300,000 in cash.

Vesuvius Alarms Naples.

ROME, Feb. 17.—The people of Naples and vicinity are alarmed by a threatened eruption of Vesuvius. Lava is issuing from the base of the volcano and flowing into the Atrio del Cavallo.

Crispi to Retire.

ROME, Feb. 17.—The Opinione says that ex-Premier Crispi has decided to retire from political life. He hopes, however, that his friends will not forget him when the proper time comes.

Father and Son Killed.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Feb. 17.—John Westgate and his son were struck by a train and killed. The scene was witnessed by Mr. Westgate's wife and daughter.

Contract Laborers Returned.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Eight miners imported in violation of the alien contract labor law were returned to England from here by transient agents.

Wales' Reported Visit.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The state department has not been advised of the reported intention of the Prince of Wales to visit this city in May.

An Old Yet Gone.

BOSTON, Feb. 17.—Captain George A. Stevens, United States navy, retired, is dead, aged sixty-nine.

Builders Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

No. 65 West Front street, for ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK. ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT, Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 419, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty: First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 154.

WILLIAM C. SMITH, Practical Mason and Builder. All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 419.

JOHN HERRMANN, Stair Builder, and hard wood panel maker. Shop, corner of Grand and Eagle streets. Dunellen, N. J.

R. V. SAUNS, Carpenter and Builder, Residence Clinton avenue, near depot. Box P. O. Box 1295. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

JOHN P. EMMONS, MASON AND BUILDER. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 952.

PIERSON & GAYLE, Carpenters & Builders P. O. BOX 51.

W. J. PIERSON, No. 15 Vine street. E. A. GAYLE, No. 12 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick, CARPENTER AND General Jobber. SHOP, 39 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J. Storm doors and weather strips a specialty. Jobbing promptly attended to. *Window Screens* made to order.

Real Estate & Insurance

ISAAC BROKAW & SON, REAL ESTATE and Insurance. Money to loan on first mortgage. NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Edw. C. Mulford REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE. MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE 45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE. DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING 49 North avenue.

M. M. Dunham, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE. No 7 East Front Street.

Wm. A. Woodruff, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE. Money to Loan on approved security. Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Lodges.

Fraternity and Protection. 1873. Membership, 126,000. 1891. Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization. Meets every 2d and 4th Thursdays at 8 p. m. in Wenman Lodge Room, Masonic Temple. Louis L. Van Alstyne, Director. Harry Bowyer, Secretary.

Wenman Lodge, No. 85, meets every 2d and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 13 29 tf

SHOWN & HILL, Painting and hole sawing parties, in connection with their carpenter business, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Best and most convenient work shop in the city.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

Somerville and Easton Mails.

Arrive—8.00 a. m., 2.00, 6.00 p. m.

Close—7.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 5.00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5.00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.00 to 10.00 a. m.

Mail closes at 5.00 p. m.

E. S. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time taken from Official Book, Nov., 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2.14, 6.22, 6.50, 7.30, 8.00, 7.30, 7.45, 7.55, 8.00, 8.15, 8.27, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45, 12.00 noon, 12.15, 12.30, 12.45, 1.00, 1.15, 1.30, 1.45, 2.00, 2.15, 2.30, 2.45, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.15, 4.30, 4.45, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45, 12.00 night

DUTIES OF A MOTHER

ESSENTIAL TRAINING THAT IS TOO OFTEN NEGLECTED.

Women and Social Purity—How a Mother Should Prepare to Protect Her Children at a Time of Life When Injurious Habits May Be Formed.

The mother's first duty is not to feed and clothe the bodies of her children, but to so order it before God that these bodies are kept free from pollution—that the child is preserved over into self keeping, after a full maturity of powers, without enfeeblement or false bias and unhealthy desires. The arrangements designed by nature are the best possible—home, mother, father and slow development of the child. What could be better planned? Yet we allow our parents, over to be enfeebled by all sorts of corrupting influences and home to be invaded. If our houses are fortresses against law they certainly ought to be against lawlessness. It is, I say, free to say, utterly inexcusable that our children shall be got at by debasing influences. We can prevent it, *and with wills of the right sort we shall prevent it.*

"What shall we do about it?" you say. "Shall we turn our homes into monasteries and shut our children up in cells?" Madam, your question is foolish and you do not even desire to give yourself to true child culture. You are, I suspect, trying to escape your responsibilities by asking sensical questions. I have seen children brought up with tenderest sympathy and fully guarded against corruption, and yet you would never have thought of calling those homes prisons, jails, or monasteries or nunneries. The only difference is proven them and other homes was that there the first influence and effort was to train and educate and save the children. It was not the second or third purpose, but the first purpose. To that everything else bent. The result was most lovely and lovable characters and happy homes and settled parentage.

INSTRUCTION FROM MOTHER.

I was recently in a house of a different sort—a home in which both parents truly longed for the children, but the latter cared for business first and children second and the mother attended to a half dozen hospitals and homes first and children second. The result was two children out of six have come off unsoiled, and two are very badly scared, and two are physically enfeebled by premature and false knowledge picked up basely. Half of their education was away from parental control. Excellent people every way, except home was not first in mind.

"What sort of policecraft do you suggest?" None at all for you, my dear woman, you have evidently made up your mind you whole slimy lot of lies, and argument would be lost on you. You would quote to me, "But the child must see the world must be not?" And as soon as I had answered that there is every reason why he should not see some part of the world, you would begin again with, "Well, every child must now his wits unto." Then I should say to you that he must also read what he sows. But you would tell me at once that if I shut up my children they will break away as soon as possible, and go to the bad as soon as possible, and I should answer that I do not intend to act as jailer but as mother, and that the question to be met is one of extent of love and guardianship, for you also believe in a certain degree and kind of discipline

Then you would say, "But how shall a child ever know how to go into society if kept awkwardly shy when young?" And I should say, "That is another and a needful need to keep shy or awkward in a fine house, with select friends and enough to do and think about, and not for purely social society. If that is what you mean God save my boys and girls from ever feeling a taste for such a shelly life." Nay would you be content to have a polite boy? "But—I cannot put up bars between my children and my neighbors." And I would answer, "There is only this sort of bars that you have the right to erect—anything to the purity of your children."

WHERE MOTHERS ARE CARELESS.

Then you may very justly say, "But am I to consider my children better than other folks' children, and will they tolerate my conceit?" And I will say "Madam, there is a true amount of that conceit among parents who let their children run loose and are very free with them. It is this assumption that somehow your children are something wonderful that makes the rule chief. If instead you frankly say they are not remarkable—only weak and flabby to be spoiled, which you do not intend to permit—then you will see that your neighbors will not feel so bad about it. But if you persist: "They must have society, and it is natural. It would be wrong to estrange them." I say, "That is not natural! Now do you see that they do have society and enough of the very best, only that is not natural society which is out of your sight, or is artificial in dress and fashion."

But no need of further discussion. You and I are determined not to agree. You do not mean to adopt safeguards enough to make sure of purity. That is not my duty. With some mothers I can agree, and our *chief puzzle is first how to go to work to* accomplish what we desire. For when we look about the woeful fact stares us in the face that nearly all the children are corrupted before school life is over. If we want sweet souls and clean minds how shall we get them?

SOME THINGS TO OBSERVE RIGIDLY

On no account fail to study your boys and girls and see what their special thing they delight in; then let each one, from the first manifestation of a bias, have that to do. If the child is naturally an artist be sure he is furnished with art materials and a studio. If he be a mechanic let him have tools and a shop. Don't dare to think you can afford a sealskin sacque and cannot afford all the tools he can use. If you have a book lover let him follow his bent with only rational restraint.

Be sure on no account to allow your child to sleep with his friends at their houses or to have companions to spend the night with him. Even day association may be almost wholly in or near your presence, if you will take the trouble to overlook such companionship generally.

Take special pains to train the oldest child to companionship and discretion in him or her to a watchful co-operation in guarding with you the younger ones. The oldest child is a wonderful power for good or for evil.

Blessed be the father and the mother that *save devoted themselves to their children* and have learned that no higher office exists in the universe.—Mary K. Spencer in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Seven young women are enrolled as freshmen in the course of study for women affiliated with Johns Hopkins university. It is considered a most encouraging recognition of the demand for the higher education of women that this conservative old school should admit women students.

THE OLD MAN WHO WEPT.

He Had Watched and Waited for Years, Only to Be Disappointed.

I was driving along the highway in a buggy when a man came running out of a field and stopped me. My horse had been in an accident, or a hare running. One man had been killed and two hurt, and he wanted to ride with me and bring the doctor. We had passed about half a mile when we came to a country church. On the weatherbeaten steps sat a shaky, gray haired old man, with an old fashioned riding whip across his knees. He motioned for us to stop and came hobbling down to the buggy to ask:

"Is either one of you live around here?"

"Yes, I do," replied my companion.

"Been here long?"

"About twenty years."

"Well, do you know a man around here named Arnold—Ben Arnold?"

"Yes, I know a Ben Arnold."

"Tall man with very large ears and a freckled face?"

"Yes."

"Mighty long legs on him?"

"Yes."

"Whistles so much like a mocking bird you can't tell the difference?"

"That's the man."

"One more question! Did he ever live in Texas?"

"Yes, he did. He came here from Texas about ten years ago."

"Thank heaven! I have him at last!" fervently exclaimed the old pilgrim as he rolled his eyes upward.

"Did you want to see him very particularly?" asked the man beside me.

"Want to see him? I've been searching for him for twenty-one long years to shoot him down! *He called me a liar when I lay* sick on my bed in Texas, and I vowed to kill him. So I have found him at last! How far up the road is it?"

"My friend, you are too late!"

"No! Did he hear I was after him and skip out-that night?"

"No. He was killed at a barn raising two hours ago. A whole big beam fell upon him, and he was smashed flat."

"You can't wouldn't deceive a poor old man like me, who has followed him twenty-one long years!" pleaded the pilgrim.

"No, sir."

"He's really and truly dead, is he?"

"He is, sir. He never knew what hurt him. Can we do anything for you?"

"No—nothing. My hopes have ended in ashes; the future is nothing to me. Drive right on and don't mind this poor old man, who has spent so many years to find his man, and then found him dead!"

And as we drove on he went back to his seat on the church steps and sat down and wept.—Detroit Free Press.

The Man Who Had an Object in Life.

He was born of poor but otherwise unobjectionable parents, who impressed upon his mind while it was yet in a plastic and doughy state the importance of having an object in life.

He was a studious boy. He began wearing spectacles at an early age, and never wasted any of the precious hours in playing ball pen, mumble peg, shinny or any of the rude games in which roughish boys delight in, and his teacher at school was accustomed to point him out to the other children as a model.

In consequence of which the other children all hated him and said he was a mollycoddle and a sweet little gosling with a glass eye.

But he was a truly good boy. He did not mind what they said. He smiled at them with a gentle, winning smile and went on being good. Then one day when he reached his majority he went to the street and blinked sideways at the sky or played hookey.

As he grew he combined he cast about him for an object in life.

He found one.

Henceforth he devoted his energies to that one object. He kept it steadily before him.

It was not riches he sought. The pursuit of wealth for its own sake was degrading in his eyes, and whatever of worldly prosperity came to him was more by way of a side issue than the object in life.

He pursued not the elusive phantom of fame. The filthy cesspool of politics had no charms for him, and the empty honors that perish in the mouth which enlists the army or navy did not tempt him.

Neither did he waste his powers in the futile search for perpetual motion.

He had designed for life of the actor, the professional ball player or billiard expert availed naught as enticements to lead him from the path he had marked out for himself.

Step by step as the years rolled away he drew nearer and nearer to the goal of his ambition and his heart swelled with proud satisfaction.

And he died at the age of sixty-three, leaving to posterity, as the result of a life devoted to the pursuit of one great object, a collection of 287,469 canceled postage stamps.—Chicago Tribune.

A Scene with Feelings.

A lame and half starved old white horse, attached to a wagon partly loaded with ashes, stood on John R. street, near Adams, and a schoolboy about ten years old stood with his hands in his pockets looking at the horse. The owner of the rig came out of the cellar with a basket of ashes on his shoulder, and after dumping them into the wagon he turned to this boy and said:

"Look yere, boy, what yo' doin yere?"

"Lookin," was the reply.

"What you lookin at?"

"Lookin at the horse."

"Well, you run right long 'bout your business. But how has got feelins. If you keep lookin at him he'll thinkeh think he's got to git up an prance an snort around an run away and smash dis wagin all to smash. Den de questun comes up who's gwine to pay de damages, an your pore fadder will trub you has let nobody been bo'n."

"I guess I can look," muttered the boy, as he moved off.

"I dun tole ye, boy! I shan't holder wid you no mo'! If your fadder is wurf a million dollars an you want to take de chances den you go right ahead; but dem' you dun sw'ar befo' de Judge dat I didn't tole you dat hoss had feelins an might kick up the awfulest ambulashun ebber heard ob on John R. street."—Detroit Journal.

The Light That Failed.

"There goes Sir Edwin Arnold," observed the hostess to her Chicago visitor.

"Who's he?" inquired the visitor with incurious curiosity.

"Why, don't you know him? He's a famous London editor and he wrote 'The Light of Asia.'"

"Wrote up the light of Asia, did he?" remarked the visitor with interest. "I didn't know they had had gas there too, but I'm glad to find out that these newspaper men are some good after all."—Detroit Free Press.

A Good Reason.

Optimus—You can rely upon Frank sigh: he always keeps his word.

Cynicus—Ah, because nobody will take it.—Kate Field's Washington.

AN EVERYDAY TRAGEDY.

He Drew a Rocking Chair Comes Near Breaking Up a Home.

Mrs. Billus (at furniture store)—If you hadn't made a large stock I think I would have made a selection an hour ago. But then Mr. Billus is so particular. What did you say was the price of this chair?

Salesman (who has been engaged all the morning in trying to sell a rocking chair to Mrs. Billus)—Twenty-five dollars, ma'am.

Mrs. Billus (making up her mind at last) —Well, I think I'll— Why, how do you do, Mrs. McSwat! I am trying to buy something or other, but Mr. Billus and I have almost decided to take this chair. It will please him so well as anything I can think of, and—

Mrs. McSwat (who has just happened to come in)—What is the price of it?

Mrs. Billus—Only twenty-five dollars. It seems like a high price, but when you look at the trimmings, and the way it's made—

Mrs. McSwat—Twenty five dollars! My land! Why, that would—

Mrs. Billus (to salesman)—Is that the very least you'll take for it?

Salesman—It is, ma'am; and that's a discount of 10 per cent.

Mrs. Billus (insinuatingly)—I hardly know —what do you think of it, Mrs. McSwat?

Mrs. McSwat—My husband likes a wide, old fashioned chair, with a cane seat and long rockers—one that leans away back, you know.

Mrs. Billus—Doesn't he complain that he is always getting lint on the back of his coat from the tidy? That's the way with—Why, good morning, Mrs. Whacksteer!

Mrs. Whacksteer (happening in)—Good morning, Mrs. Billus! How do you do, Mrs. McSwat? Making a purchase?

Mrs. Billus—Yes. I am about to buy a rocking chair.

Mrs. Whacksteer—For your husband?

Mrs. Billus—Yes. How do you like this one?

Mrs. Whacksteer—What do they set for it?

Mrs. Billus—Twenty-five dollars. I don't think it's worth it. Do you?

Mrs. Whacksteer—I don't know. Mr. Whacksteer likes a leather covered chair, with a low seat—one of these stationary rockers, you know, with casters on the bottom.

Mrs. Billus (to salesman)—Have you any of that kind?

Salesman (leaning wearily against a basket)—Yes, ma'am. I showed you one of those when you first came in.

Mrs. McSwat—Why don't you get one of these folding chairs? (To salesman.) What's the price of this one?

Salesman—Thirty-five dollars.

Mrs. McSwat—That's too much money to put in a chair. If I were in your place, Mrs. Billus, I should— Good morning, Mrs. Sindbidt! Did you see us through the front window?

Mrs. Sindbidt—Yes. That's why I dropped in. Buying something?

Mrs. McSwat—Mrs. Billus is buying a rocking chair for her husband. She thinks this one here—

Mrs. Billus—But I don't like that one at all. What is the price of it?

Mrs. Billus—They ask twenty-five dollars for it.

Mrs. Sindbidt—If I were buying one for my husband I should get it of antique oak, with a carved back, an embroidered cushion, upholstered arms, and—

Mrs. Billus (to salesman)—Have you any of that kind?

Salesman (becoming very tired)—Yes, ma'am. S—h you one like that for $9.50.

Mrs. Billus—I don't know. I expected to spend about fifteen dollars for one. Haven't you something different from any of these?

Salesman—Yes, ma'am we have a line of chairs in the other end of the room that we put at a bankrupt sale. I can sell you one for the lot for fifteen dollars. It was marked twenty-five dollars.

Mrs. Billus—Then I'll take a look at— But don't it dangerous?

Salesman—Not a bit. Just as good as—

Mrs. McSwat—There's something wrong with it, or else they wouldn't—

Mrs. Sindbidt—I like that ball, straight backed one over there. What's it worth?

Salesman (in a hollow voice)—Sell that one for thirteen dollars. It cost fifteen dollars.

Mrs. Whacksteer (decidedly)—Then it's out of style. Mrs. Billus, if I were you I'd take that leather covered rocker he showed you awhile ago.

Mrs. Billus—What did you say was the price of that leather covered rocker?

Salesman (shifting his weight on the other foot)—Sixteen dollars.

Mrs. Billus—Well, I think I'll— But suppose it shouldn't suit Mr. Billus. Would you take it back?

Salesman—We'd allow you to exchange it for another one of course.

Mrs. Whacksteer—Yes, and when you came to look for another one you would find the whole lot picked over and nothing here that would suit—

Mrs. Billus (after some moments spent in reflection)—I don't see anything that I like better than this one. I picked out a little while ago. Can't you take less than twenty-five dollars for it?

Salesman (desperately)—Yes, ma'am. I'll let you have it for twenty.

Mrs. Billus (as the result of a whispered conference with the other ladies)—I don't think I'll make any purchase this morning.

[Exit Mrs. Billus, followed by Mrs. McSwat, Mrs. Whacksteer and Mrs. Sindbidt.] —Chicago Tribune.

Hints for Home Dressmakers.

Harper's Bazar gives these hints to amateur dressmakers: "Economists who make their own evening dresses are most successful when following the simplest models. They can also purchase pretty materials at small cost. The fashionable shot moires are already copied in light evening colors, stylishly striped with black in mixed fabrics with silken surfaces that are sold for seventy-five cents a yard. These are very effective when used under net or chiffon, either white, black or colored, and trimmed with bows of satin ribbon. Soft satin surahs make charming gowns for young girls when cut with rather full skirt and a baby waist, with deep chiffon frill around the neck and sleeves, belt with long sash ends. Striped gauzes with a flet or thread of black in each stripe are pretty transparents for freshening a faded or soiled silk dress of last winter. The gauze may be of the color of the silk or in contrast to it, the latter giving the newer shot effect.

"The beautiful black all dresses that are seen on every occasion may be made at small expense when a black moire, satin or brocade of a previous season is utilized as a foundation for the fashionable net or silk, or jetted net, or the pretty black chiffon. Colored silks or satins are also used for these foundations—in pearl tints, pink, green or yellow. The satin ball skirt is covered plainly with the black transparent and bordered with a black ruche thickly spangled with jet. A full, low, round corsage has black velvet bretelles, belt and sash that are also spangled. Puffed sleeves of the spangled fabric are made of becoming length or to meet the tops of the gloves."

This Date in History—Feb. 17.

1600—Francis, Duke of Guise, French soldier and enemy of the Protestants, born. He was slained by a Protestant in 1563, but on Henri Quatre vengeance, procured the murder of Coligni, aided to organize the massacre of St. Bartholomew and was assassinated.

1717—Louis Dolland, translator of the "Arabian Nights" into French, died.

1800—Thomas Jefferson elected president by the house of representatives on the 36th ballot.

1836—John Braham, noted musician, died.

1864—Meridian, Miss., taken by Sherman's army; destructive fire follows the capture.

1865—Brassers Fraccesia and Strath-Clyde outfitted in the English channel in less than 5 hrs. Rev. Horace Bushnell, D. D., died aged 73.

1876—Anthony Sholes, inventor of the typewriter, died, aged 71.

1884—The remains of Admiral D. D. Porter borked with military and civic honors in Arlington cemetery. John Jacob Astor married Miss Ava Willing, of Philadelphia.

It Was an Accident.

"I understand," remarked the polite reporter to the close mouthed manager of a western railroad noted for its poor time, "that there was an accident on your road last night."

"Oh, do you?" was the sarcastic reply.

"Yes, sir."

"Do you know anything about it?"

"Only that it belonged to the train which was due here at 8:15."

"That train came in promptly on time, sir," said the manager firmly.

"Any one hurt?"

"Of course I am."

"Thanks. That must have been the accident referred to," and the reporter dodged out safely.—Detroit Free Press.

See the Cashier.

Stranger—I believe you are connected with the Thirty-third National bank.

Gentleman—Yes, sir.

Stranger—Will you be kind enough to tell me something of the financial standing of the institution?

Gentleman—Well, really, I'm afraid I can't; I'm simply a director, you know.—S. and L. Gazette.

She Got What She Wanted.

"I was bound to marry a nobleman or nothing," remarked an American girl returning with a foreign husband.

"I guess you got both," said her father, and went on making out a check.—Detroit Free Press.

1892		February.				1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29					

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5	4:20 p.m.	Third Quarter	20	7:15 p.m.
Full Moon	12	2:38 p.m.	New Moon	27	10:57 a.m.

Hotels.

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Opp. Madison avenue.

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

Woman's Exchange

AND INDUSTRIAL UNION

Terry Avenue.

HOME MADE

—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—

Delivery Daily.

Points to be Observed.

It should be observed that quality in advertising is of as much importance as quality in the goods advertised. The reader conceives a good opinion of the merchant who displays taste, enterprise, originality and liberality in his advertisements.

The service and property go hand in hand. The display of one argues the possession of the other.

Bearing these facts in mind try THE NEWS as an advertising medium. You need the copy—THE NEWS does the rest.

CUT THIS OUT.

THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.

This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.

This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.

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Money Saved.

This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase J. C. ALLEN.

Housefurnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Lamps and Chimneys; prices that others can't touch in the comparison), 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 25c. Royal Tooth Powder at 15 cents.

J. C. ALLEN, 18 West Front Street.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light.
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 241

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the *BEST FLOUR* in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL and they agree with me fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have the BEST Feed, Barley, Oats and Corn in Town, and make a specialty of rechanged Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

GO TO

CAREY'S NEW BEDDING STORE

for anything in the line of

Beds, Mattresses, Pillows, Bolsters, Quilts,

BLANKETS, RUGS, COUCHES, CHAIRS, ETC.

A full line of the above always on hand.

76, 78 and 80 West Front Street.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

Office:—

27 North Avenue.

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,

WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

Writing : Paper

BY THE

POUND!

Old Sagamore Mills, 10c. lb.

Envelopes to match, 5c. package.

Kensington Wave and Devonshire Linen, 25c. per lb,

Envelopes to match, 10c. package.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

Everybody Likes Me.

ANTI-CHAP.

I contain no gummy or sticky substance. I penetrate the skin; I eradicate spots and pimpl es; I keep the skin smooth, soft, pliable; I am herbal as Try me, and I will become your favorite.

All druggists sell me at 25 cents.

Also remember the famous ANTI-CHAP SOAP in connection with ANTI-CHAP.

ONE OF THE BEST Fitting and best wearing shoes for the money, is our Ladies Genuine Dongola Button Shoe, Price $1.50, common sense and opera toe, width C D & E.

We do not make much on these goods, but we sell them nevertheless. That's the Difference. DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

"IT MAY SAVE YOU DOLLARS!"

WHAT MAY?

OUR PRICES!

Do you now order from a firm which merely describes the goods and style of package, but fails to quote prices? Would it not be more satisfactory, in buying, to have practical assurance that you were buying at as low prices as your neighbor? Do not ask the price of sugar, all kinds 4½c. lb, (Granulated cut loaf, Powdered and XXXX Confectioners.)

Elegant Creamery Butter, 24c. lb; choice Carolina Rice, 4 lbs. 25c.; best sugar cured Hams, 10c. lb; best oatmeal, 4 lbs. 10c; Perrin's Hams and Bacon, 12c lb; best Figs, 3 lbs. 25c.; Jordo Hams, 7c. lb; best California Apricots, 2 lbs. 25c.; fine Family Flour, $4.25 per bbl, 50c bag; Babbitt's Best Soap, 43.95 box; Pillsbury's Best Flour, XXXX. $5.40 bbl; Morgan's Sapolio, 5c for 3c.; Pearl Patent Flour, (best on earth), $5 50; extra Jersey Potatoes, (we have no foreign ones), 65c. a bushel; Silverine, (something new), for cleaning silver, glassware, etc., 20c. bottle.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We will guarantee to sell you Dry and Fancy Goods, Crockery, Tinware, Housefurnishing goods, etc., and in fact Everything that you want at a lower price than you ever bought before. Now when a few prices of what we charge and others charge will prove that V. & W. are selling goods at a closer margin than all others. We offer for the coming week:

4-4 Dwight Anchor	8c
4-4 Hartley Bleaching	7½c
30 in. Heavy Linen Crash	9c
8-4 Bleached Sheeting	19c
9-4 Bleached Sheeting	21c
10-4 Bleached Sheeting	25c
200 Dozen Nets at 5c.	each 10c
200 Door Mats, extra good	each 10c
100 Turkish Rugs, 3 feet long	each 70c
3,000 Yards Colored Fringe, Cords, etc., per yard	10c
100 doz Ladies' Hose, full length, regular, pair	10c
100 gentlemen's hose, full length, full reg. pair	10c

There is a Special Sale of Genuine Irronware that will interest housekeepers.

We guarantee Every Article we sell to give perfect satisfaction and deliver goods wherever you wish.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS

DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK P. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smokestack building and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

RITHER

Hot Water

or

Steam Heating

Apparatus furnished and set up in residence and Public Buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Motor Repairs, etc.

50c. a Bottle

for

EMULSION

of

COD LIVER OIL,

with HYPOPHOSPHATES,

at

Williams' Pharmacy,

No. 20 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

"The Very Best"

is our rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.

Test you eyes. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Lenses, Spectacles, Eyeglasses, Chains and stamped linen goods.

C. E. CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

No. 9 East Front street.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison ave. and Canal street.

Job Work a Specialty. Telephone No. 43.

Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

65 per Year in Advance. — E. W. Mortimer, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Second street. Look Box I. Telephone Call 41. Printing of All Kinds. — 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. — PLAINFIELD, N. J. — "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." — THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18 1892 — PRICE TWO CENTS.

BREVITIES.

—The Borough Council will meet to adjourned session to-morrow evening.

—A special rehearsal of the Choral Society will be held this evening at eight o'clock.

—Are you house-hunting? Look at the places advertised in the cent-a-word column.

—The North Plainfield Republicans will hold their primary meetings to-morrow evening.

—Thomas Flynn, a hackman, who was arrested yesterday for fast driving is to be given a trial to-morrow.

—The Crescent League bowling team will visit Westfield this evening and roll a game with the Westfield team.

—Men are engaged digging trenches under the track at the North avenue station for the purpose of laying steam pipes.

—Don't fail to attend the North Plainfield Republican primaries to be held in the basement of the school house to-morrow evening.

—Don't fail to hear Dr. Hurlbut on the training of the memory at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-night. The admission will be free for all men.

—A team of ten men from the Crescent League are to bowl with a team of the Young Men's Catholic Lyceum at the latters alleys to-morrow evening.

—Mr. Louis Callman of the Bee Hive says he has always done the hosiery and glove trade in Plainfield and he intends to keep it. Read his advertisement.

—Delegates to the late Y. M. C. A. Convention at Paterson will report at the young men's meeting to be held at the Association rooms Sunday at 4:15 p. m.

—William Kenny, a well-known character of this city, was arrested last night for drunkenness. This morning City Judge Codington sentenced him to the county jail for sixty days.

—John Vail, a resident of Cottage place, a few days ago received a back pension amounting to $100 and twelve dollars a month hereafter. Dr. Titsworth of New Market secured the pension for him.

—Property-man Mattox of the Music Hall is to have a benefit at Music Hall next Monday evening. He has succeeded in securing a strong company to present the attraction, "The Lost Scout."

—It was not a bad illustration of the after effects of the grip which Dennis, the coachman, made, when asked if he had recovered. "Yes," he said, "but I was sick sixteen days after I got well."—Ex.

—At the meeting of Common Council to be held Tuesday evening the liquor license applications will be considered and acted on. There will also be other matters of importance to come up before the Council.

—Plainfield may not lose Pastor Dilts after all. A committee has been appointed to look into the matters under question and see what can be done toward affecting a settlement satisfactory to the pastor.

—The last rehearsal of the Melopoia is to be held next Saturday evening. A special rehearsal will be held Saturday afternoon which all members who can are requested to attend. Both rehearsals will be at the Casino. The concert will also be held at the same place.

—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Somerset Agricultural Society will be held on Saturday afternoon. Besides the election of directors and officers, the subject of disposing of some of their surplus lands will be considered. In the morning of the same day the farmers of the county will organize a County Board of Agriculture.

—A meeting of the Somerset County Teachers' Association will be held in the Bound Brook public school building on Saturday, Feb. 27. The morning session will be devoted to manual training; the afternoon session to drawing. Both sessions will be in charge of Langdon Thompson, Supervisor of Drawing in Jersey City public schools. Session will begin at 10.30 a. m.

—The Washington Association of the State of New Jersey will celebrate Washington's Birthday at Washington's headquarters, Morristown. A meeting of the association will be held at 3:30 p. m., at which the Rev. Dr. Frazer, of the First Presbyterian Church of Newark, will read a paper prepared for the occasion. Previous to the meeting a luncheon will be served. Each member of the Association is entitled to bring a guest.

—A good story is told of two members of the Plainfield Gun and Target Society named Rudolph and Henry. They belong to the shooting section and consider themselves good "shots." They recently obtained an opposeum and tied a rope around its neck and began to shoot at it with rifle balls, but were not successful in killing the animal, but after they had wasted about a dollar's worth of ammunition in the attempt one of them succeed in striking the rope with a bullet thus breaking it and allowing the opposeum to escape. The members of the Society are talking of awarding them prizes.

Books on Mexico.

A selection of the books in the free Public Library on Mexico, the subject of the next Evening lecture, Anderson A. D., Silver Country, Bisrt, L. Antonio:

Chevalier, M. M. Mexico, ancient and modern.

Griffis, S. B., Mexico of to-day.

Hall, Mrs. and Sasse. Family Sight through Mexico.

Knox, T. W., Boy-travelers in Mexico.

Smith, F. B., White umbrella in Mexico.

Warner, C. D., on horseback.

Wells, D. A., Study of Mexico.

Alber, F. A., Young People's Mexico.

Schroeder, Fall of Maximilian's empire.

JERSEYMEN IN THE HIVE.

They Were Banqueted by the Food Exposition Manager.

Not since the opening of the Food and Health Exposition in Brooklyn has there been such a crowd present as was yesterday. The day was set apart for the New Jersey contingent. There was a large delegation present from Newark and another from Hackensack, while many smaller towns were well represented. There was also present a delegation from the Health Fund Society of New York city. A collation was served the out-of-town visitors at noon. Among these were:

George W. Rockafeller, of Plainfield, President New Jersey Retail Merchants' Association; J. C. Hendrix, of Paterson, Secretary; U. V. Mauson, Paterson; Ged. C. Mason, Paterson; E. C. Hazard, President Food Manufacturers' Association of the State of New York; Daniel Brown, New York, Secretary; James Williams, M. J. Rafferty, John T. Mann, J. E. Kelly, John Smith, John Schroeder, James Pilkington, John Dillston, Louis Drew, August Fleischmann, Jacob Westlake and George J. Kellar, delegates from Paterson.

Henry Quackenbush, Hackensack; F. M. Demarest, H. J. Weiser, Plainfield; W. H. Everett, G. B. Markey, Paul V. Flynn, New Jersey Trade Review; D. Blackwood, Geo. Kutcher, L. J. Weiner, Geo. J. Altherr, John Cook, Charles Dish, W. J. Robertson, H. G. Lasker, Philip Magar, M. J. Deskaman, O. J. Wills, Ralph J. Flynn, A. Weing, J. O. Miller, Newark.

FAVOR THE PURCHASE OF A HOUSE.

The Committee Want the City to Own Its Own Poor House.

The Alms Committee of Council, comprising Councilmen Bird, Fraser and Dalrymple, held a meeting last evening in the office of Mayor Gilbert. The committee discussed the poor house question at length and will at the next meeting present a report to Council advocating the purchase of a place suitable for the city poor to live in. The committee recently visited the quarters at present used by the city poor and were not very favorably impressed with the condition in which they found the place.

The New Jersey Chess Association

Is to hold its seventh annual tournament in the rooms of the Newark Chess Club, No. 210 Market street, Newark, N. J., Monday, February 22, 1892.

The New Jersey Chess Association was organized at Elizabeth, Feb. 22, 1886, where the first tournament was held, the championship being won by Edward C. Stokes, of Millville; second prize by R. B. Keys of East Orange; third prize by N. F. Howell; fourth prize by Max Pargment. 40 contestants.

The tournament of 1887 was held at Newark, Feb. 23d, where the State championship was won by Edward C. Stokes; second prize by R. Hymes, of Newark. 40 contestants.

The tournament of 1888 was held at Rutherford, Feb. 23d. The State championship was won by R. B. Keys, of Plainfield; second prize by F. B. Mead, of Hoboken. 32 contestants.

The tournament of 1889 was held at Plainfield, Feb. 26th. The State championship was won by C. L. Murphy, of Plainfield; second prize by E. W. Pope, of Elizabeth.

The first prize in Section A, open tournament, was won by E. Hymes, of Newark; second prize by W. B. Rowe, of Orange.

The tournament of 1890 was held at New Brunswick, Feb. 25th. The State championship was won by R. B. Keys, of Plainfield; second prize by Cornelius Hyers, of Newark, fourth prize by Geo. J. Benner, of Newark. 40 contestants.

The first prize in the second section or open tournament was won by Thomas Hoffman, of Newark; second prize by E. W. Pope, of Elizabeth. 8 contestants.

SOCIAL & PERSONAL.

Mr. Frederick Sandford has returned to his home in Philadelphia from a pleasant visit to his mother, who resides in North Plainfield.

Invitations are out for the wedding of Leila, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Butler, to Dr. Ellis W. Hedges, Tuesday evening March first, at seven o'clock in the First Presbyterian church.

Miss Minnie Wilson, assisted by several of her numerous friends, received yesterday afternoon from four o'clock to half-past five at her father's home "Tunlaw" in North Plainfield. Several hundred guests, it is estimated, were present. Miss Wilson looked charming in a rich white silk costume, and carried a bouquet of La France roses. The parlor was decorated in pink, the floral decorations being La France roses and greens. Two bright little girls stood by the parlor door. They were both dressed in white and served pink bon-bons, which they carried in fancy pink baskets, tied with pink ribbons. They looked very picturesque. The hall was trimmed in red and the staircase, who were seated behind the stairway, played light, sweet selections, at short intervals. The dining-room presented a pleasant picture with its yellow lights and bouquets. Here a number of Miss Wilson's friends served the refreshments, and they, in their various colored costumes, greatly enhanced the beauty of the scene. The reception was decidedly the most tastefully arranged and generally successful social event of its kind this Winter. A pleasant dance was enjoyed in the evening by the charming hostess, and assistants and their escorts.

MORE KNIGHTS.

GRAND CHANCELLOR ULRICH REPORTS A FLOURISHING ORDER.

There are 10,943 Pythians in the State—The Silver Anniversary Celebrated in Trenton—Four Hundred Representatives Attend—The Annual Election of Officers—The Uniformed Rank the Most Popular Branch in the State.

The Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, opened yesterday its annual session and celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of its organization. Four hundred delegates were present from the 124 lodges in the State. The attendance surpasses all previous Grand Lodge sessions. The session was called to order in Masonic Hall, Trenton.

Grand Chancellor John Ulrich of Plainfield in his report congratulated the representatives over the unprecedented increase of lodges during the past year. Seventeen new lodges, constituting about six hundred members, were added. Chancellor Ulrich said this increase surpassed all the gains made in membership in the order for 15 years ending February, 1891. The increase of members in the whole order during the past year was 1,069. One lodge was suspended and one reinstated during the year.

The Grand Chancellor approved heartily public installations, saying that they redounded to the credit of the order.

The Grand Chancellor thought the uniform rank of the order was its strongest adjunct. "Considering," he said, "that the uniform rank is the only civil military organization recognized by the War Department at Washington, there is no wonder that it is such an attractive feature."

There are now in the State fourteen divisions of the uniform rank, numbering nearly 600. Two divisions were organized the past year.

The Grand Chancellor suggested that the rank of the Past Grand Chancellor be bestowed on Matthew H. Vanderveer, of Somerville, one of the founders.

A committee of three was appointed to re-divide the districts of the State and report at the next Grand Lodge.

George E. Pierson, Grand Keeper of Seals and Records, reported receipts for the year to be $6,623.23, and a total membership of 10,943.

The election of officers yesterday afternoon resulted as follows:

Grand Chancellor, Charles W. Kilbourn, New Brunswick; Grand Vice Chancellor, Walter F. Rayburn, Lambertville; Grand Prelate, George C. Cranmer, Bayonne; Grand Keeper of Records and Seals, George E. Pierson, Woodbury; Grand Master-at-Arms, Ralph Donath, Jersey City; Grand Junior, Edward W. E. Hitchcock, Newark; Grand Outer Guard, D. S. Roseller, Somerville.

The Grand Lodge made a contribution of $200 to the uniformed rank to be used as prizes for the best drilled division.

Dr. Joseph B. Shaw, of Trenton was elected Grand Prelate, but declined.

At the afternoon session, Horace O. Cone, Grand Keeper of Seals and Records of the Connecticut order, made an address.

Charles W. Kilbourn is Treasurer of the Middlesex Knitting Company, which operates hosiery mills at Philadelphia and Martinsburg, W. Va., and Lambertville, N. J.

Chadbourne—Instinct in animals and men.

Darwin—Descent of man.

Darwin—Origin of species.

Fisher—Wheels in life's race.

Lindsay—Mind in the lower animals.

Lubbock—Ants, bees and wasps.

Lubbock—Senses, instincts and intelligence of animals.

McCook—Tenants of an old farm.

Mosaic—Intelligences of animals.

Romanes—Animal intelligence.

Wood—Home without hands.

Will Remain in Jail 40 Days.

J. A. Donnelly, the dry goods merchant of Elizabeth who was recently arrested on charge of fraud by some of creditors, and against a petition under the insolvent debtor's act. The application was made before Judge McCormick in the special session yesterday morning by James C. Connolly, counsellor for Mr. Donnelly. The case will be heard on March 30, and in accordance with the statute Mr. Donnelly was remanded to jail for 40 days.

The Fugitive Gave Himself Up.

John Hyer, the constable who gave bail in the case of Mr. Harney who gave himself up to the Jersey City police yesterday to answer to the charge of embezzlement is now in the county jail at that place. Mr. Harney his former employer is well-known here and owns considerable real estate in this city.

The Fore Runner of Spring.

This morning in North Plainfield, that ever welcome harbinger of Spring, a robin redbreast was noticed perched on the topmost twig of a wide-spreading apple-tree, carolling in short sweet song with delightful vigor.

Fractured a Finger While Fighting.

Thomas Dowd, of this city visited Bound Brook a few evenings since and attended a ball that was in progress there. During the evening he engaged in a fight and the borough marshal was called in to stop it. Dowd attempted to strike the marshal but instead struck the door and his hand was fractured.

The index finger of his right hand. He, however, escaped arrest, but a warrant has been issued for his apprehension.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES.

North Plainfield Candidates to be Voted For.

The Democrats of North Plainfield held their primary meeting in the basement of the school house last evening. Mr. A. E. Kenney was chosen chairman and Mr. Ira F. Ritter, secretary.

The following borough and township tickets were placed in nomination:

BOROUGH TICKET.

For Mayor—W. L. Saunders.

For Councilmen—Geo. H. Neal, M. L. Connolly.

TOWNSHIP TICKET.

For Town Clerk—Frank C. Krewson.

For Overseer of Poor—W. E. Mattison.

For Justice of Peace—W. L. Westervelt, Wm. Dessler.

For Town Committeemen—David N. Force.

For Commissioners of Highways—John Bodine, Thos. Newman.

For Commissioners of Appeals—Geo. Bruner, E. C. Morse, Jno. T. Case.

For Constable—W. H. Hutchinson.

Pound keepers are to be named later, also the appropriation of money. The committee is to fill all vacancies.

The candidates for mayor and members of Common Council made short addresses and the meeting adjourned.

SENTENCES ON SATURDAY.

Burglar Murphy's Fate to Be Announced.

There were several criminal cases to have been disposed of in the Union County Court of Special Sessions yesterday morning, but in the absence of Prosecutor Marsh, who was at Trenton, they were all deferred until Saturday. Murphy, the burglar, who was caught in the residence of Mrs. Van Tuyl, was to have been sentenced. He pleaded guilty on Saturday, and Judge McCormick deferred judgment with a view of getting something about the prisoner's past record.

There were several matters in the Orphans and other branches of the Court.

The Magic of Modern Science.

Plainfield geniuses, every now and then heard from, will be interested to know what the rest of the world is doing.

In a paper on "The Light Future of Photography," Mr. F. Adolphe mentions the following as among the specialties which modern men of science are seeking as a means whereby their results may be indirectly turned into gold: 1. The artificial production of the diamond from the carbon, which causes the crystallization of carbon. 2. A prevention or cure for epilipsy and consumption. 3. The complete combustion of coal, of which but five per cent. is now available. 4. Photography in natural colors. 5. The direct utilization of solar heat, and the ebb and flood. 6. The production of "attar of roses" from worthless substances. Even the alchemist's original dream of direct and genuine transmutation is being revived, for the Bolivians are asserting that the precious elements are not the simple substances they have been supposed, and should gold prove to be a compound its artificial production would be but a question of time.

Books in the Public Library.

Selection from the works in the Free Public Library on "Animal Intelligence," the subject of Prof. Tyler's lecture.

Chadbourne—Instinct in animals and men.

Darwin—Descent of man.

Darwin—Origin of species.

Fisher—Wheels in life's race.

Lindsay—Mind in the lower animals.

Lubbock—Ants, bees and wasps.

Lubbock—Senses, instincts and intelligence of animals.

McCook—Tenants of an old farm.

Mosaic—Intelligences of animals.

Romanes—Animal intelligence.

Wood—Home without hands.

Will Remain in Jail 40 Days.

J. A. Donnelly, the dry goods merchant of Elizabeth who was recently arrested on charge of fraud by some of creditors, and against a petition under the insolvent debtor's act. The application was made before Judge McCormick in the special session yesterday morning by James C. Connolly, counsellor for Mr. Donnelly. The case will be heard on March 30, and in accordance with the statute Mr. Donnelly was remanded to jail for 40 days.

The Fugitive Gave Himself Up.

John Hyer, the constable who gave bail in the case of Mr. Harney who gave himself up to the Jersey City police yesterday to answer to the charge of embezzlement is now in the county jail at that place. Mr. Harney his former employer is well-known here and owns considerable real estate in this city.

The Fore Runner of Spring.

This morning in North Plainfield, that ever welcome harbinger of Spring, a robin redbreast was noticed perched on the topmost twig of a wide-spreading apple-tree, carolling in short sweet song with delightful vigor.

DEATHS.

WEBB—At Plainfield, N. J., on Wednesday, February 17, 1892, Ellen M. Webb, widow of Alfred Webb of the city of New York.

Funeral services at her late residence, 20 Arlington Place street, Friday 19th inst., at two o'clock; private.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

RAILWAY STATION BURNED.

Sparks From an Engine Wrought Havoc at North Elizabeth.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Feb. 18th, (Special.)—The depot at North Elizabeth, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, was burned this morning. The fire was started by a spark from a locomotive falling in the bedroom of the station agent.

The station was built over the tracks and the passengers had thrilling experiences as the trains dashed through the flames and smoke.

There was little interruption to travel. Mrs. James E Reid, the station agent, saved the tickets and money. The loss is about $6,000.

EIGHT PASSENGERS MANGLED.

A Conductor Gets his Street Car Smashed by a Train Through Negligence.

NEWARK, Feb. 18, (Special.)—Through the carelessness or shortsightedness of Street Car Driver John Culligan, the Broad street car No. 18 drawn by two horses, was run down last night at 11.30 o'clock by the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Montclair accommodation train, at the Broad street station, and completely wrecked. Culligan will probably lose his life from the injuries which he received, and seven other persons were seriously injured.

ANOTHER OUTBREAK IN BRAZIL.

The Governor of Ceara Forced to Flee from His Province.

LONDON, Feb. 18, (Special.)—A despatch from Rio Janeiro reports that a revolt has taken place in the Brazilian province of Ceara, at Fortaleza. The Governor has been obliged to flee.

On Account of a Broken Rail.

NEW TORK, Feb. 18th, (Special.)—A little piece of broken rail, five inches in length, caused a crowded train to jump the track, smashed several hundred feet of track and endangered the lives of over a hundred passengers this morning in the fourth avenue tunnel, near Seventh street.

A Member of the House of Commons Dead.

LONDON, Feb. 18th, (Special.)—Sir Geo. Campbell, K. C. S. I., D. C. D., Member of the House of Commons for the Kirkcaldy District, is dead. He was born in 1824 and was was a nephew of the first Lord Campbell.

Pen Sketches from Life.

The story is told of a Front street young man who recently went to visit his best girl. He rang the door bell but instead of the girl responding her father did. The young man inquired for "Maggie." The father told him that she was out.

"Then," the young man said, "I'll go in and sit by the fire and await her return."

The stern father informed him that "the fire was out also" and slammed the door in his face.

She was a very little girl but she had a reason for everything and was very observant. She had never seen before, however, the moon in day time.

Happening to glance out of the window and seeing the pale face fair rising moon was still visible, she startled her mother with a sudden cry.

"Oh! Mamma, see the moon."

"Well dear!" the mother answered.

"Oh! Look! mamma," and she pointed excitedly at the face, "God took on the Lord!"

"Why! What do you mean?"

"Why! He forgot to take the moon in last night."

Taken to the Asylum.

Mr. Theodore Battan, an old soldier and a well-known resident of this city, a few days ago received a back pension, through the efforts of Dr. Matthews. He had become very anxious while the application was pending from fear that it would not be allowed. The pension proved too much for him and he has become insane through overjoy. He was taken to the asylum yesterday.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers have been recorded in the Somerset County Clerk's office:

Frederick W. Bird to Wallace V. Miller, North Plainfield, ... $1.

Denny C. Horton to Charles W. Taylor, North Plainfield, ... $600.00.

Stop! You are buying the breakfast dish—the foundation for the day's work

H-O.

Ask yourself—shall I buy this indigestible oat-meal, or shall I buy H.-O. the perfect oat-food?

CARPET OPENING

OF NEW SPRING GOODS!

NEVER BEFORE in Plainfield have the people had such a Large and Handsome stock of Fine, Elegant Carpets to select from, as we now offer.

The goods have been selected from some of the best known mills, with special care to please city trade.

The stock embraces all grades in cotton and wool, and all-wool Ingrains, Tapestry Brussels, Body Brussels, and a good line of Moquettes.

Of all these we keep duplicate pieces in stock, so there can be no delay in filling orders.

In addition we have been made selling agents for Messrs. W. and J. Sloane, of New York, which enable us to sell from their house, either from samples here, or from your own selections there, at the SAME PRICES as they sell at. By this special arrangement we can handle the largest and best trade in this city. This agency applies to anything in their house.

By these and other special advantages at our hand this season, we can confidently assure our patrons that we can make it to their interest to give us an early call.

Special Bargains are now offered in Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portierres, etc.

EDSALL'S.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION wanted by a girl as chamber-maid and waitress or at general housework. Call at 64 West Third street. 18-2

HELP WANTED.

FARMER wanted to work a 90-acre farm on shares for a term of years. Located about a mile from R. R. at Bowers. Must be a competent and responsible party, and know all about grapes and fruit trees. Apply immediately. J. M. Dooley, New Brunswick. 18 2

WANTED—A lady to solicit subscribers for a church paper. Can command her own time. Address "Weekly Salary," Box Evening News. 18 2

WANTED—Parties to sell attachment for sewing machines. Liberal inducements to experienced parties. Address "Quick Selling," care of EVENING NEWS. 18 2

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Apply at 16 Franklin place. 3 18tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of two. Must be good plain cook. No washing. Call 128 Dunr street after nine a. m. 2-15tf

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A large fold sig buy. Post Master. May be had by paying expenses of advertising, of M. M. Dunham, East Front street. 2 17tf

LOST—A pocketbook containing a small amount of money, yesterday afternoon, on West Front street. A liberal reward will be given if returned to L. W. Randolph's City Pharmacy, 21 West Front street. 17 2

LOST—A silver link bracelet, on East Front street. Reward paid for return to Mrs. Pierson's, No. 139 West Front street. 2 16tf

FOR EXCHANGE.

HAVE for exchange three small houses for store property. Ritter & Co., agents. 2-15tf

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street, of Rev. E. M. Chess, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate agent, 21 Park and see them. 500 feet above the sea level. 2 13tf

LOR SALE—A $100 Yost typewriter. Has had but little wear and will be sold at a marked reduction. Address 1 West Fifth street. 2 9tf

STORE property on West Front street for sale. $7,500. Address Ritter & Co., agents. 2 17tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Eight room house, $15 per month. 10 room house, $18 per month. Both pleasantly located and not far from business portion of city. Also house four rooms, $8 per month. Apply to owner, Henry D. Sortwell. 2 16tf

FOR RENT or for sale. A Pine house at 11 Grove street. Will rent low or sell cheap. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2-13tf

FOR RENT—The pleasant house, 29 and 31 Webster place. Ritter & Co., agents. 2 13tf

FOR RENT—Ten room house at No. 24 Westervelt avenue. Pleasantly located and all modern conveniences. Ritter & Co. 2 11tf

FOR RENT—$15 month. Six room house at 120 Richmond street. Ritter & Co., agents. East Front street. 15 P

HOUSES FOR RENT—

10 rooms, corner Plainfield avenue, $35.
10 rooms—Somerset street, $30.
8 rooms—Somerset street, $20.
8 rooms—Second street, $20 per year. Ritter & Co., agents, 13 East Front street.

HOUSE: all improvements; on East Front street, for rent. $30 month. Ritter & Co., agents. 2 17tf

TO LET—House containing eight rooms, with barn; centrally located. Price $20. Apply to M. M. Dunham, 7 East Front street. 2 17tf

THE office at No. 5 East Front street is for rent. It is a beautiful location for a lawyer. Lots of light. M. M. Dunham, agent. 7 2tf

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

FLORAL decorations, by Dominick Hillside Avenue florist. Palms and plants in great variety. 18 4

OWNERS of farms for rent or for sale can secure a quick sale, with particulars, by Ritter & Co., 13 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 2-12-tf

Special Notices.

THE CHORAL.

A special rehearsal of the Choral Society takes place this (Thursday) evening, at eight o'clock. Mr. Pittsburgh is expected to be present. R. RUSTON, Sec'y.

THE KING'S DAUGHTERS' FAIR, to be held at No. 10 Putnam avenue, for the benefit of the Children's home, is postponed on account of sickness. 18-2

Amusements.

MUSIC HALL!

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Monday, Feb. 22.

One Night Only.

Keystone Bill in the great frontier comedy,

LOST SCOUT!

Or, Life on the Frontier. Presented by a good dramatic and specialty company, assisted by the Lone Star quartette, Indians, trappers, scouts, etc., and last but not least by the lively, comical Irish curly. The fire scene, the knife fight, the counterfeiter's cave, the great supper scene and the prairie quadrille.

Seats now on sale at the Central Pharmacy.

TICKETS FOR THE

DAMROSCH

Symphony Concert to be given in

MUSIC HALL!

on

Tuesday, March 8th,

Will be on sale at the Central Pharmacy, Monday, February 15th.

PRICES—$2 Cents to $1.50.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.

Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.

Harvardcot fast black Hose, 22 and 25c.

Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.

Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.

Harvardcot fast black socks, 25c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 67c.

8 button length Suede Mosquitaires, in tans and shades, 68c.

We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.

New line of black and colored silk gimps.

Louis Callman,

49 West Front Street.

AUCTION!

LAING'S HOTEL,

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY,

Feb. 24, 25, 26 and 27.

Beginning at ten o'clock each day. Thirty Bedroom Suites and Carpets; Diningroom tables and chairs; parlor suites, stoves; bureaus and chairs, bedding and feathers; bed and bunk lounges, mirrors, etc.

One Billiard and Two Pool Tables

in fine condition. One dozen oak bar, iron stand bar room tables. Five dozen bedroom chairs. A number of valuable clocks and other articles too numerous to mention. 17 3tf

EDITORIAL NOTES

Why Englishwomen Scholars Succeed.

Englishwomen are showing a marked superiority over American women in the college career. They are taking prizes and attaining marked intellectual distinction, not because their scholastic advantages are greater nor because of superior intellectual gifts, but because of better physique, more normal nervous systems, and consequently greater power of endurance.

These contrasts emphasize the proposition which I maintain, namely, that the first, the greatest physical need for women is a training to rest; not rest in the sense of doing nothing, not repose in the sense of inanity or inactivity, but a restful activity of mind and body, which insures a vigorous, wholesome nervous system that will enable a woman to abandon herself to her study, her work and her play with a freedom and ease which are too fast becoming, not a lost art, but lost nature. We have jumped at the conclusion that the style of training which is admirably suited to men must be equally adapted to women. However that may be in the future, there is a prior necessity with women. After their greatest physical need is supplied they will—we will, probably—reach the place where their power will be increased through vigorous exercise.

It is evident that the gymnasiums and various exercises established in schools and colleges for women have done little or nothing toward supplying this greatest need. The girls are always defeating the end of the exercise, first, by entering into every motion of the exercise *habit of body*, ways that must effectually tell against the physical power which might be developed by the exercise.—Annie P. Call in Atlantic Monthly.

University Education for Englishwomen.

Women students ambitious of finishing at Oxford will be surprised to know that Somerville hall, the Oxford annex, is not a college at all, but simply halls or homes where girls desirous of Oxford privileges live in the protection of an academical house. The association for promoting the education of women at Oxford engages lecturers to give special instruction to the students and obtains admission for them to the university lectures. These lectures are not given at the hall according to the custom at Barnard college, New York, and Newnham and Girton, of Cambridge, England, but the girls go to the university accompanied by a member of the association *and listen to the same lectures as* their brothers.

So accustomed have the men become to *these fair invaders that they* scarcely look up when they enter the room. Six hours' work a day including the lectures is recommended by one of the principals as sufficient, as no hour after that counts for loss and not for gain, in her opinion. The girl that is not clever enough to get on with that is not apt to distinguish herself if she works nine hours a day.

"It is one of the great misfortunes of the age that hardly any one is able to see that no amount of rubbing will make tin into silver," writes an authority. She also advises girls not to come to the university too young, because a woman's brain is stronger than a girl's, and "the woman knows when and where to 'rest as well as when and where to expend herself."—London Letter.

A Remarkable "Woman's Bank" Recalled

The notorious "Woman's Bank," one of the most curious cases of swindling ever known in Boston, is recalled by the death of Mrs. Sarah E. Howe, the projector and manager of the scheme. It will be remembered that the plan of Mrs. Howe's "bank" was to receive deposits from women only—not less than $300 nor over $1,000—on which interest at 7 per cent. monthly was to be paid. Indeed, interest for the first two months was returned in advance to the "customer" on making a deposit. It was represented to be a work of charity, the impossible rate of interest being accounted for by reference to a mysterious "Quaker fund," administered by Mrs. Howe for benefit of needy women.

Strange as it may appear, it was not only the ignorant who were deceived by this transparent nonsense, but persons of education and experience the country over. Among the believers and defenders of Mrs. Howe was Miss Dodge, the Gail Hamilton of literature; and there were others of equal shrewdness who swallowed the tale of "charity." Mrs. Howe might have gone on to this day taking in the money of the credulous to pay out as interest to others equally credulous had not the newspapers pushed an investigation and made a good story about it.

Then the collapse came, and Mrs Howe was sent to prison. She died, it is said, in want.—Boston Commonwealth.

Rich Women's Idle Hours.

"How do wealthy women spend their idle hours?" was a question propounded to me by a young friend a few days ago.

"Do you think they really have an idle time?" I said in reply.

"Oh, yes," my questioner replied, "I am sure they have."

I remembered the query some days after, and having occasion to call upon some wealthy women of the exclusive set, I inquired as to their idle hour indulgences. One woman informed me that she made all her own underwear, which upon seeing I found showed evidence of an accomplished needle; another lady said she painted; another was interested in school matters and dabbled in literature, and before I got through I came to the conclusion that wealthy women were as industrious, considering the many social calls upon them, as the working women.—Philadelphia Press.

THE READING'S BIG DEAL

Governor Pattison Had Known Nothing of the Scheme.

THE PUBLIC CAN PROTEST ITSELF.

Attorney General Hensel Says That If It Is Shown That the People Will Suffer by the Combination and Complaint Is Made to That Effect He Will Investigate.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—Governor Pattison's attention having been called to newspaper reports purporting to represent his attitude toward the lease by the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company of the Lehigh Valley and New Jersey Central railroads, says the first information he had of the transaction was contained in the newspapers, and that since the bearing of the state constitution on the matter and its effect on the public interest is the weighty one of the commonwealth has been the subject of attention. The governor further said: "I have conferred with the attorney general and he with me. The subject is one that relates to his department exclusively, and I have entire confidence that he will dispose of it with due regard to the requirements of the law and the public interests involved. The published reports I have seen purporting to give his views or action have been unauthorized and are untrue."

Attorney General Hensel upon having the above statement of Governor Pattison shown to him said: "The statement of the truth there was in the published report that he had considered the railroad deal before it was announced, and had determined upon, or was about to take no action in the premises, said:

A Denial by Hensel.

"With regard to the particular statement printed, I believe, first in The Record (Philadelphia) and second in The Call that I had information of the lessee ten days ago and had decided the state would not interfere, I have just sent a dispatch to The Record saying its statement is entirely incorrect and *that I never had any information* of the arrangements between these railroads other than such as was conveyed to the public through the newspapers nor before those publications.

"I have neither come to any determination nor decided upon any course of action further than I have made known to the press or to the public, and any statement heretofore made or hereafter made to the contrary is untrue.

"This *department is not responsible in any* way for the somewhat misleading reports sent out from day to day purporting to represent conclusions reached and action determined upon with regard to the commonwealth's interference in the lease of certain railway lines by certain others alleged to be parallel and competing. It is true that from the first announcement of the consummated arrangement between them the alleged violation of the constitution involved has had considerable attention of the executive. Only raise the same issue which was determined in the South Penn's and the coal conspiracy cases, neither of which, by the way, was *ever finally determined* in the supreme court.

The Courts May Be Appealed To.

"You may be assured nothing done or omitted by this department will be prompted by consideration for the contending interests of rival corporations; nor will any action be taken or neglected with an eye upon the politics of the day. It has not been the practice or the policy of the attorney general's office, so far as I am familiar with its *administration, to invoke or lend the name* and power of the commonwealth to merely private interests; nor resort to the extraordinary remedies when others as effective could be employed; nor has it been considered a fair and reasonable exercise of the state's power to vex and assail any interest in the commonwealth without due inquiry and fair hearing.

"It is the usual practice to entertain any respectable complaint of the abuse, misuse or *nonuse of corporate franchises*, and upon due notice to give full hearing to complainant and complained against. I stand ready to do that in this case.

"When it is made to appear that the public interest is affected and the circumstances render it proper or necessary that the commonwealth intervene resort is had to the courts, wherein by fit judicial processes inquiry is made and judgment is reached. Only when such agency would result in irreparable injustice is threatened or where the wrong is to be prevented instead of being corrected is more immediate action justified. No hearing is ever denied complaining suitors, but in no case, except such as I have just referred to, is litigation instituted until the duty of the general public interest is demonstrated.

The Public Will Be Protected.

"No exception to such orderly methods will be made, because in this particular case it is alleged the infraction complained of is to the detriment of one private corporation and to the advantage of another, or because it is maintained on the one hand that the immediate effects on the business interests of the state are beneficial, and on the other hand it is held that ultimately the public will be injured. No money in the world is of *great necessaries of life and of the manufac*turing industry.

"The questions of constitutional law and of public policy involved will be met when they are properly presented. If it should be made to appear after such hearing that the constitution has been violated, that the public interests are prejudicially affected and that the proper remedy is the intervention of the commonwealth, the necessary and proper steps will be taken, with due public notice to all concerned.

"Nothing will be done in a hurry and nothing will be done in a corner, but the public interests will be duly guarded against *every* danger that threatens it so far as it lies in my power and within the scope of my duty. Meantime no private interests or individual that is affected is without remedy or need to wait on the commonwealth."

Two H. and O. Not Absorbed.

President McLeod, of the Reading railroad, was seen by your correspondent and he denied most emphatically the rumors in circulation here and in Pittsburg that the Reading had absorbed the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, and that the next announcement would be that the Reading had a transcontinental line to the Pacific. These rumors also alleged that Jay Gould was the secret which had put in motion this movement to satisfy the great needs of the country, and President McLeod, when asked about it, again replied that there was not a word of truth in the statement.

New Jersey to Investigate.

TRENTON, Feb. 18.—There are now three committees in existence which have as their special work the investigation of the lease of the New Jersey Central and Lehigh Valley railroads by the Philadelphia and Reading.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

An Early Adjournment and an Extra Session on the Cards.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—Drafted laws and closely printed reports were the attention of the senate, and many members were advanced to prove that the owners of hotels and the general public to be taxed by the state. Senator Richardson has such a bill, and cited the policy of the United States government in reducing the overplus revenue by the purchase of bonds. Senator Erwin announced that $25,000,000 was invested in horses throughout the state, and that the horse must be protected. The senators progressed the bill to a third reading.

Coggeshall's drafted men's bill permits those who paid bounty to substitutes during the war to be repaid the full amount of the bounty by the taxpayers of the counties. On O'Connor's motion the bill was amended making it discretionary with the supervisors to reimburse the drafted men. The senate rejected an amendment by McMahon striking out the clause which exempts soldiers, their widows and orphans from the tax to be imposed for the purposes of the act.

Senator Roesch introduced a bill appropriating $230,000 for reconstructing locks on the Black River canal. The resolutions of worship and anti-Pinkerton bills were reported.

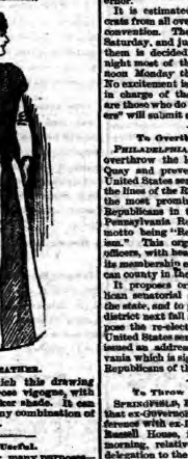
Assemblyman Webster's bill makes sweeping changes in the law relative to life insurance companies and associations. It aims to prevent repetitions of the New York Life Insurance company's fraud, and compels every company which insures life to make a guarantee deposit with the superintendent of insurance, as in the case of the old-line companies. The yearly payment associations are alone excepted. Mr. Webster says that he has submitted the bill to Superintendent Pierce and presidents of insurance companies, and it has met with their approval.

Assemblyman Stranahan put in a bill requiring the establishment of free baths in cities of over 50,000 population.

It is now thought that an adjournment will be had on April 1, and that an extra session will be called immediately after ward to pass the reapportionment bill.

FASHIONS

The Latest Mantle.



FOR COLD WEATHER.

The mantle from which this drawing was made was of old-rose vigogne, with plush to match in a darker shade. It can of course be had in any combination of color the wearer wishes.

Fishes are Useful.

Fishes are useful for many purposes. A silly dog once got a cod can be turned for down a little at the neck, and the fishes dragged round it, when it has quite the appearance of an evening bodice; these are generally made plain, with a full frill all round them, so that when they are doubled they are soft and puffy.

The new importation of summer silks shows that satin weaves will continue to be fashionable, though they have a powerful rival in the new moire silks.

Fire Men Badly Burned.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 18.—Patrick O'Brien was fatally and George Thomas, Joseph Marofski and Samuel Hall and Anton Schatzi were seriously burned by a flash of molten metal at Conway & McFarley's foundry.

Rob Yard Was Not Killed.

CREDE, Colo., Feb. 18.—The report that Bob Ford, the slayer of Jesse James, had been shot and killed here is false. Ford says he has not been engaged in any shooting affrays for some time.

Congressman Sanford Weds.

BANFORD, Fla., Feb. 18.—Hon. John Sanford, member of congress from the Gainesville district, was married here to Miss Mabel Sanford, daughter of the late General H. B. Sanford.

Silver Purchases.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The treasury department purchased 459,000 ounces of silver at 91 plus per ounce. The total purchases for the month aggregate 3,060,000 ounces.

Lelevel's Son Arrested.

BERLIN, Feb. 18.—Boglewar Lelevel, son of the Polish patriot, has been arrested in Russian Poland and transported to Warsaw under a strong military guard.

Massive Chunks of Silver.

DENVER, Feb. 18.—In the Blue Hill mine the ore comes out in chunks weighing 300 pounds and is almost solid silver. The wildest excitement prevails.

Burned to Death in a Pit.

BOSTON, Feb. 18.—Henry Carrington while carrying a kerosene lamp, fell in a pit. The lamp set fire to his clothing and he was burned to death.

Rifles for Russia.

MUNICH, Feb. 18.—A firm at Ludenburg has accepted an order from France for 3,000,000 of gun barrels, which are destined for Russia.

Will Adjourn March 11.

TRENTON, Feb. 18.—The Democratic joint caucus decided that the legislature would adjourn finally at 5 p. m. on Friday, March 11.

POLITICS GETTING HOT.

Four State Tickets Are Now in the Field in Louisiana.

HILL OMNIPOTENT IN NEW YORK.

His Forces Will Dictate the Coming State Convention—A Revolt Against Quay in Pennsylvania—A Movement on Foot to Throw Ohio for Cleveland.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 18.—Four state tickets are now in the field—two Democratic and two Republican. The Warmouth faction of the Republican party, composed for the most part of federal officeholders, held its state convention and nominated a state ticket in opposition to the two Democratic and the regular Republican tickets. The convention was attended by about 300 delegates from all parts of the state and was conducted in a very orderly manner, so much so in fact as to lead to the belief that the whole business to be transacted had been cut and dried in caucus by the leaders. The ticket nominated is as follows:

Governor, Albert E. Bonner, of Point Coupee parish; lieutenant governor, James C. Weeks, of Ouachita; attorney general, James M. Edwards, of Avoyelles; auditor, Stephen R. Day, of Iberia; treasurer, Jacques Dreyfous, of Orleans; secretary of state, John F. Sims, of New Orleans; superintendent of education, Edward J. Barrett, of Rapide.

There are also the regular nominations. The Democratic party of this state, the Lewis and Nicholls wing, met in convention and nominated a complete state ticket. The convention passed resolutions indorsing the McKinley bill and the administration's course in appropriating the Bering sea dispute, denouncing the lottery in unmeasured terms and indorsing Harrison for renomination.

Everything Echoes Hill.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—Hill delegates to the Democratic state convention were elected from Ithaca, Herkimer and Norwood. At Sinclairville the Cleveland Democratic convention elected delegates and denounced the early convention.

Convention rumors are coming thick and fast. The city is full of echoes and the reechoes are all "Hill." It is given out that the national delegates from the Albany district will be Mayor James H. Manning and Anthony N. Brady. This is a positive proof that the Cleveland element triumphed in the state has been captured by the ex-governor.

It is estimated that at least 3,000 Democrats from all over the state will attend the convention. They will begin to arrive on Saturday, and just where the city will store them is decidedly uncertain. By Sunday night most of them will be in town, and at noon Monday the convention *will be held.* No excitement is expected by those who are in charge of the arrangements, but there are those who do not believe that the "kickers" will submit so quietly after all.

To Overthrow Senator Quay.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—The fight to overthrow the leadership of Senator M. S. Quay and prevent his re-election to the United States senate has commenced within the lines of the Republican party. Many of the most prominent and most substantial Republicans in the state have formed the Pennsylvania Republican association, the motto being "Republicanism will be paramount." This organization has permanent officers, with headquarters in this city, and its membership extends into every Republican county in the state.

It proposes organizing in every Republican senatorial and legislative district in the state, and to place in nomination in each district some good Republican to succeed to oppose the re-election of M. S. Quay to the United States senate. The organization has issued an address to the voters of Pennsylvania, which is signed by the most energetic Republicans of the state.

To Throw Ohio for Cleveland.

SPRINGFIELD, Feb. 18.—It is stated here that ex-Governor Campbell will hold a conference with ex-President Cleveland at the Russell House, in Detroit, next Tuesday morning, relative to sending a solid Ohio delegation to the national convention.

The ex-president will on Monday deliver an address to the students of Ann Arbor university, where he will be the guest of Governor Winans. On Tuesday the citizens of Detroit will give him a public reception.

Ex-Governor Campbell will head the Cleveland movement in Ohio, and his friends say aim to secure a solid delegation as against John R. McLean and the Hill Democrats.

In his work he will be assisted by W. H. Hunt, Congressman Tom Johnson, Allen W. Thurman and other prominent Ohio Democrats, and they will institute a vigorous campaign against McLean and Hill.

Belmont Declares for Hill.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—Perry Belmont, ex-President Cleveland's minister to Spain, and when representing the First Congressional district of this state, declined the state house committee on foreign affairs, has broken a political silence of several years in no uncertain manner by declaring for David B. Hill for president.

Blaine's Letter Final.

AUGUSTA, Me., Feb. 18.—It is known from authentic sources that the friends of Mr. Blaine here that his recent letter of withdrawal was unconditional. Under no condition will he accept the presidential nomination. Mr. Blaine has not left home to allow him to be a candidate, but he said "No." His resolution was taken and his letter followed.

Anderson's Twenty-ninth Wife.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 18.—Mrs. H. H. Arnold, of Fulton street, says she is a victim of John A. Anderson, now locked up at Cleveland. If her story is verified she will be the twenty-ninth woman to be bound from whom he has been married and deserted by the enterprising Anderson.

They Want Dias Again.

MONTEREY, Feb. 18.—An immense mass meeting was held at the Progreso theater in favor of the re-election of President Diaz to the executive chair. No candidate has as yet been mentioned except Diaz, who is serving his third term.

John Ewing Has Consumption.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 18.—John Ewing, the famed pitcher of the New York Giants, will never again participate in baseball. His disease is consumption and his days are numbered.

Still Sending Them Here.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—The treasury inspectors returned twenty contract laborers from here to different countries in Europe.

Henry W. Bates Dead.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—Henry W. Bates, the well known naturalist and author, died from influenza.

Proceedings of the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the County of Union.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Feb. 4, 1892.

Regular meeting of the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the county of Union, held at Elizabeth, on Thursday, February 4, 1892, at 2:30 o'clock p. m.

Present—Messrs. Ackerman, Bailey, Bonnell, Bowden, Brown, Cook, Cooper, Dey, Dorsey, Ellis, Fitzgerald, Hoagland, Kelly, Kyle, Lamb, Lee, Lyon, Mahon, Mayo, Meeker, Miller, Morrison, Nash, Parker, Pope, Rahway, Rose, Scott, Terhune, Wade, Warner, Weber, Wilson, Winans, Wood—36.

Absent—Messrs. Bauer, Bell, Bennett, Bonnell, Brokaw, Cannon, Cooper, Dey, Dorsey, Ellis, Fitzgerald, Hoagland, Kelly, Kyle, Lamb, Lee, Lyon, Mahon, Mayo, Meeker, Miller, Morrison, Nash, Parker, Pope, Rahway, Rose, Scott, Terhune, Wade, Warner, Weber, Wilson, Winans, Wood—36.

The minutes of last meeting were read and on motion approved.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A petition from the residents and property owners of Summit, requesting the Board to lay out and open a county road from Springfield avenue leading from Plainfield to Aldene, the Junction road from Aldene to Millburn avenue, Millburn, to the Springfield road to Brant's farm, through the townships of Passaic and Clark, be designated and declared a county road, was read and referred first.

COMMITTEE REPORT.

From Committee on Jail:

Your committee would respectfully report that the resignation of Dr. Charles Wright, of James H. English, Jr., as jail physician, on account of his removal from the county, and resignation was duly accepted at your last session. And we, in further report that, in lieu of meeting with the director, did appoint Dr. James H. Miller, of Elizabeth, as jail physician for the ensuing year, at the usual compensation. All of which is respectfully submitted.

A. VANDERBEEK,
BRADFORD DEY,
Committee.

On motion of Freeholder Doty received and ordered filed.

A petition from the residents and property owners of Summit, requesting the Board to lay out and open a county road from Springfield avenue to the junction of Springfield, Summit and Millburn townships, and known as the Morrell's lane, to connect with the road to be laid out and opened by the county of Essex in accordance with the provisions of an act entitled "An act to enable Boards of Chosen Freeholders to acquire, improve and maintain public roads," approved March 19, 1889, and the supplements thereto.

On motion of Freeholder Doty laid on the table.

By Freeholder Brisant:

Resolved, That all that portion of the road known as the Morris and Elizabeth turnpike, beginning in the centre of the bridges over the Passaic and Delaware Railroad, formerly New Jersey West line railroad, thence running northerly to its intersection with the boundary line of the township of Bloomfield, all of the said road being in the township of Somerset, be adopted and made a county road under the provisions of an act entitled "An act to enable Boards of Chosen Freeholders to acquire, improve and maintain public roads," approved March 19, 1889, and the supplements thereto.

On motion of Freeholder Littell adopted unanimously.

By Freeholder Bell:

Resolved, That the bills of Bernard Mahon for the ten per cent. held back on contracts for constructing the road on Roberts ave. ue, Union township, and Irvington and Maplewood, Essex, Westfield to vouship, as appears to be due him thereon by the certificate of the county engineer on file, be paid without his being required to sign the releases required by the by-laws of the board, as he has made his duly signing the ordinary receipt and affixing his seal to the same.

Freeholder Bell moved its adoption.

On roll call adopted unanimously.

By Freeholder Jones:

Resolved, That a portion of Springfield avenue running through the township of New Providence, beginning at South street, the present terminus of the county road and running westerly to the county line at Summit, be adopted and made a county road under the provisions of an act entitled "An act to enable Boards of Chosen Freeholders to acquire, improve and maintain public roads," approved March 19, 1889, and the supplements thereto.

On motion of Freeholder Littell laid on the table.

By Freeholder Kyte:

Resolved, That the road known as the "Randolph Road," leading from Plainfield to Aldene, the "Harlem" road from Aldene to Wyllys Corners and the Newark road from Willow Grove to Brant's lane, through the townships of Fanwood and Clark, be designated and declared a county road under the provisions of an act entitled "An act to enable Boards of Chosen Freeholders to acquire, improve and maintain public roads," approved March 19, 1889, and the supplements thereto.

On motion of Freeholder Littell laid on the table.

By Freeholder Kyte:

Resolved, That the road commencing at Trembley's and the Union Island road; thence northerly along said lane to its intersection with the lower road to Rahway; thence along said road to Rose's corner; thence along Rose street to Linden avenue; thence westerly to a point opposite Mr. Hall's house; thence northerly along Wood avenue to the Pennsylvania Railroad be adopted and made a county road under the provisions of an act entitled "An act to enable Boards of Chosen Freeholders to acquire, improve and maintain public roads," approved March 19, 1889, and the supplements thereto.

On motion of Freeholder Littell laid on the table.

By Freeholder Kyte:

Resolved, That the road commencing at Trembley's and the Union Island road; thence northerly along said lane to its intersection with the lower road to Rahway; thence along said road to Rose's corner; thence along Rose street to Linden avenue; thence westerly to a point opposite Mr. Hall's house; thence northerly along Wood avenue to the Pennsylvania Railroad be adopted and made a county road under the provisions of an act entitled "An act to enable Boards of Chosen Freeholders to acquire, improve and maintain public roads," approved March 19, 1889, and the supplements thereto.

On motion of Freeholder Littell laid on the table.

By Freeholder Kyte:

Resolved, That the road known as Walnut avenue, Cranford, running from Crawford to a connection with the county road from Cranford to Springfield, be designated, declared and adopted and made a county road under the provisions of "An act to enable Boards of Chosen Freeholders to acquire, improve and maintain public roads," approved March 19, 1889, and the supplements thereto.

On motion of Freeholder Jones laid on the table.

By Freeholder Wyr:

Resolved, That the clerk be directed to notify all plumbers resident within the county that under no circumstances can the water from the city of the county roads until application has been made to the proper authorities and permission granted by the county collector of revenue.

On motion of Freeholder Littell adopted unanimously.

By Freeh der Pierson:

Resolved, That the tonnage bill for quarter ending February 15, 1892, be paid when properly certified to by the county engineer.

Freeholder Bradley moved its adoption.

On roll call adopted unanimously.

Freeholder Bradley moved that the board adjourn to meet on the 25th Thursday, March 18, 1892, at 2:30 o'clock p. m.

Which was carried.

The following bills audited and approved, and ordered paid by unanimous vote:

County roads—P. A. Purdon, $125.62; do., $85.25; Fanwood Press Clipping Co., $25.00; Central Jersey Land Improvement Co., $1.00; Plainfield Courier-News Co., $2.50; H. A. Hughes, $7.15; John G. Meeker Co., $25.65.

Bridges—David M. Hayden, Jr., H. R. Bonnell, $2.00.

Incidentals—John L. Crowell, $564.64; P. Ryan, $12.25; Wm. Hall, $1.50; C. Cooper, $2.00; H. Beach, $90.16; J. C. Force, $10; C. D. Ward, $600.20; H. S. Ryno, $25.

Jail—C. D. Ward, $75; E. M. Ward, $150; Chas. E. Reed, $90.16; J. C. Force, $10.

Coroners—Robert J. Bradert, $10; James S. Green, Jr., $25; Alfred G. Donovan, $47.62; Jas. Lloyd, $25; Jas. Lloyd, $25; Jas. Lloyd, $25; do., $25.15; James C. Cooper, $25.50; A. Soper, $25.00; C. Bonnell, $25; Henry Bonnell, $25; Elmer Lloyd, $25; Jas. Lloyd, $25; Elmer Lloyd, $25; John J. Miller, $25.50; James C. Cooper, $25; James C. Hazel, $15.50; William H. Brokaw, $25.50; John J. Miller, $25.50; Jas. Lloyd, $25.00; Samuel Lloyd, $25.00.

Court—M. Bather, $10; R. B. Kelly, $10; Oliver Cook, $10; A. F. Jaques, $10; Henry Bonnell, $10; Henry Bonnell, $10; Charles Wright, $10; John F. Shotwell, $10.50; John T. Hatch, $74.70; James R. Mersh, $61.50; Henry Bonnell, $10; Charles W. Dodd, $537.50; Mollie Winans, $23.44; Fanny Dodd, $70; James R. Ragton, $1.50; Rev. Edw. H. Dodd, $20.00; Samuel O. Brokaw, $16.34.

Bridges Account—Jas. R. Moore, Linden, $76.00; James H. Miller, do., $24; E. A. Meeker, Plainfield, $62.97; do., $38.50; George Shay, Fanwood, $13.75; A. T. Crane, Rahway, $30; John W. Van Sant, Rahway, $100; Moore W. Mulford, do., $18.70; William H. Roll, Springfield, $4; James Geddis, Summit, $10.50; Peter Marvey, do., $15; Addison C. Russell, Clark, $12.50; Lafbury and Ayres, do., $78.70.

Salaries—T. W. Wescott, $125.

Freeholder Pierson moved to adjourn.

Which was carried.

The director declared the Board adjourned to Thursday, Feb. 18, 1892, at 2:30 o'clock p. m.

CHAS. E. REED,
Clerk.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK P. CHASE
Manufacturer of
Electrical Machinery.
Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smokestack building and painting.
201 North Avenue,
Corner Barkman street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

RITHER
Hot Water
or
Steam Heating
Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, &c.

50c. a Bottle
for
EMULSION
of
COD LIVER OIL,
with HYPOPHOSPHATES,
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
No. 80 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

Heating Stoves,
OTHELLO RANGES,
FURNACES
and
Fire Place Heaters!
FURNACE WORK,
WATER-PIPING,
PLUMBING,
A. M. GRIFFEN,
Telephone Call No. 6. 15 East Front Street.

Kline's Extracts.
Pure Fruit Flavors

and Electric Baths as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS,
CONSTIPATION, SKIN DISEASES,
FEMALE COMPLAINTS RHEUMATISM
DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic "Diseases generally.
Consultation Free!
66 East Second street, corner Watchung.

NOTICE!
I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my
Liberty Street Market
where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices.
GOOD .·. MEAT!
Of all kinds.
Charles Arnold,
31 Liberty street.

Election is Over!
By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MERCHANDISE AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,
Holders and Cigars for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
CIGAR STORE,
18 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.
The most costly fabrics are very carefully and improper laundering. Lace curtains restretched and repaired. Our carriage will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET,
H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING
call at
Bremmer Bros',
23 Somerset Street.
And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.
Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.
We Have Cut Prices
on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master in Chancery and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections upon city made. Office No. 38 West Front street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law. Commissioners, Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public, &c. Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Masters in Chancery. Offices over the National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DURHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor. City and County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Furnish sets to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

CLARK & TRAIZE,
Counsellors at Law, Notaries, New York office, rooms 35 and 36, Importers and Traders' Bank Building, Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD
COOKLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY
J. & Co
JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Our terms are reasonable. Our business is conducted by the Board of Health. Parties for estimates paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park Hotel, Manufacturers of Iron Sewer Pipe, Cesspools and Filters.
P. O. box 203. Telephone call 38.

Closing Out Sale!
SPLENDID BARGAINS!
WALL PAPER AT COST.
In order to lose not one cent on the stock of WALL PAPER to make room for Spring Goods.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
(Successors to W. F. Adams, 20 East Front Street.)

A FEUD ENDS IN MURDER

James Hannon Killed by Tarrytown's Chief of Police.

THEY WERE POLITICAL ENEMIES.

The Tragedy Took Place at the Democratic Primary Election—The Men Had Words in the Polling Place and Hannon Followed the Chief Out to Meet Death.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 18.—At the Democratic primaries, held in Judge Tracy's office, on Courtlandt street, this place, James Hannon, a lifelong resident of the village, was shot and killed by Chief of Police George F. Hackett.

The feud which led to the murder is said to have been smoldering under the usually quiet political surface of Tarrytown for some time past. There are two Democratic factions in the village, one of which was headed by Hannon, while the opponents carried the banner of Liverman Quinn. The primaries were held to elect delegates to the town and county convention, to be held at Peekskill. Both factions were present in full strength, and both determined to have their man go to the convention.

Hannon, in the excitement of the debate, raised his voice to its full force and was threatened with removal from the meeting room by Chief of Police Hackett, who denounced Hannon's behavior as noisy and boisterous and as quite uncalled for. A serious quarrel seemed inevitable, when Chief Hackett retired from the room and went into the street. Hannon immediately followed with the apparent purpose of renewing the quarrel, which Hackett had cut short by leaving the room. He continued to use insulting language and was replied to by the chief in the same strain.

Shot While Unconscious.

Hannon was armed with a club and threatened to use it. *The chief then pulled* his revolver, and when Hannon's club seemed about to fall upon his head there was a sudden *flash and loud report.* Hannon threw up his hands and fell backward upon the sidewalk.

The greatest excitement prevailed among the large number of bystanders. Hannon was taken up from the sidewalk by some of his friends and carried to his home in Clinton street, where he lived with his two young children. A physican and priest were immediately summoned, but arrived too late to be of any service. Hannon died before either arrived. The ball had entered just below the heart, and he did not recover consciousness.

Hannon was forty-two years of age and was quite well to do and prominent in Democratic politics. He was born and brought up in the village. He was separated from his wife, who also resides at Tarrytown. His father and three brothers resided with him and are well known.

After the shooting Chief of Police Hackett coolly walked down the street to police headquarters and attended to his official duties for awhile and then surrendered himself to the town authorities to await the action of the coroner's jury. In an interview shortly after the affair the chief said:

Says He Shot in Self Defense.

"This man had threatened my life on more occasions than one. I cannot give any reason why he should do so except it is political enmity. I certainly did not mean to kill him. I acted entirely in self defense when Hannon struck me with his right hand with his club. I had to protect myself, as I believed my life to be in danger."

Chief Hackett, who has passed all his life in Tarrytown, bears the highest reputation as a peaceable, cool and collected officer. He was made chief of police four years ago and has held the office without intermission and with credit.

About 300 persons attended the primaries, *and the excitement after the shooting* exceeded all bounds. Public opinion is divided as to who is to blame for the killing. There seems to be no doubt that for the past year or two frequent threats to do each other bodily harm have been uttered by both men.

While Hannon's friends claim that he had been provoked by the unwarranted interruption of Chief of Police Hackett, the latter's friends maintain that Hackett showed his peaceful purpose by leaving the place when trouble seemed imminent and unavoidable.

Schaefer Will Play Slosson.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—Schaefer will play Slosson the three nights' billiard match proposed by the latter after he has played his game with Ives here on March 19 for the world's championship. John has received an offer from a Paris theater for a three months' engagement, and has cabled that he will accept it if paid thirty dollars a day.

To Hunt for Oil on Blaine's Farm.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 18.—John A. Snee, a prominent petroleum producer, has leased the farm of Secretary of State James G. Blaine, in Forward township, this county, and will put down a test well for oil.

Gherardi Leaves Montevideo.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The Philadelphia and Concord, under command of Admiral Gherardi, has left Montevideo for the Barbadoes. Admiral Walker's squadron is still at Montevideo.

Four Years for Attempted Murder.

FREEHOLD, N. J., Feb. 18.—Judge Conover sentenced Thomas Timothy to four years' imprisonment at hard labor for attempting to kill Miss Ida Petrovia with paris green.

Another Diplomatic Complication.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—An injunction has been asked for to stop Chancellor Buddecks from hanging his washing in his front yard and obstructing his neighbors' view.

Will Emigrate to America.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 18.—The German Mennonites, settled near Tashkend, will emigrate to America, as they do not like compulsory military service.

Myer's Little Surprise.

JERSEY CITY, Feb. 18.—John Myer, the ambeculer who was supposed to be on his way to Australia, came to this city and surrendered to the police.

The Sage of Brookdale Dying.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—David Dunham Wilbur, "the Sage of Brookdale," as he is known to the turf world, is dying.

Cut His Brother's Throat.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—During a drunken quarrel Edward McGorley cut his brother Peter's throat from ear to ear.

A Street Car Runs Down.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 18.—A train from Bloomfield ran into a street car and badly injured six passengers.

"That fellow Hall ought to be banished from polite society. He's a perfect booby."

"How so, Mr. Tutchey?"

"You remember that bonnet I made at dinner?"

"Yes."

"Well, he was ill mannered enough to ask if it was original with me. That shows how unsophisticated he is."

"Yes, nobody but an ignoramus could have thoughts you were Sidney Smith."—Life.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

The Resolution to Return Mexico's Captured Battle Flags Passes the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The senate, after showing knightly courtesy to Mexico by passing a *joint resolution to restore her captured* battle flags and tabling another resolution looking to the acquisition of a portion of her territory, devoted the rest of the day to the consideration of the Idaho contest. Senator Palmer, of Illinois, was severe in his criticism of the minority of the committee on privileges and elections for weighing states' rights in an apothecary's scales and attempting to deprive Idaho of representation on a basis so narrow as that proposed. The senate adjourned with the Idaho case still pending.

The session of the house was principally devoted to the debate on the Indian appropriation bill, the Farmers' Alliance entering the discussion through their spokesman, Mr. Stanton, of Georgia, who delivered a tirade against the power of national banks and the policy of the government generally. The debate at times was interesting and spicy, and the house listened attentively. A resolution was adopted calling on the postmaster general for information relative to contracts made under the subsidy act; also a resolution calling on the secretary of the treasury for information as to the amount of salt imported into the United States between October, 1890, and February, 1892.

Attempted Assassination.

LAREDO, Tex., Feb. 18.—An attempt was made to assassinate the aged mother and the child of General Manuel Martinez and to burn the house at the same time. The child and its grandmother were both seriously wounded by the would be assassin, who is charged by Mrs. Martinez with being a hired emissary of President Diaz. General Martinez, who was expelled from Mexico by President Diaz, was mysteriously murdered in Laredo about a year ago.

Young Mrs. Blaine Prostrated.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Feb. 18.—Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., accompanied by her maid and her attorney, Judge Palmer, arrived here and was at once driven to her hotel, where she is now confined to her room by nervous prostration. She left a sick bed to come to Deadwood and suffered a hemorrhage of the lungs while on the train. The physicians will not be heard before Saturday, and possibly not before Monday.

To Settle Virginia's Debt.

RICHMOND, Feb. 18.—The senate unanimously passed the bill providing for the settlement of the state debt. The bill was also discussed in the house. The house committee on finance agreed to report favorably a bill appropriating $35,000 for Virginia's exhibit at the World's fair.

Mercier Implicated.

MONTREAL, Feb. 18.—The report of Judges Baby and Davidson on the Baie-des-Chaleurs scam of $100,000, which led to the dismissal of the Mercier government, was published. The majority report connects Mercier and several members of his cabinet with the transaction.

It Was Lost in Overpayments.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 18.—Eugene Garcia, late paying teller of the Louisiana National bank, charged with the embezzlement of $194,000 belonging to the bank, was acquitted He said the money was lost in overpayments.

Smith Was Quite Fresh.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18.—In the Pacific club rooms Billy Smith, of Boston, knocked out Frank Kelly, of San Francisco, in the thirty-eighth round. The victor turned a handspring in the ring to show he was fresh.

Forger Mullens Caught.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Feb. 18.—Thomas Mullens, the escaped forger, who slipped from Officer Desmond's custody early last fall while en route to this city from Pittsburg, has been arrested here.

Wanamaker Under Treatment.

ATLANTIC CITY, Feb. 18.—Postmaster General Wanamaker has been suffering from a severe cold and came here for treatment. He is much better and may return to Washington Friday.

Death Motives Captain Conner.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 18.—Captain William Conner, formerly proprietor of the St. James hotel, New York, died after a lingering illness at the Mullanphy hospital, in this city.

A Broken Nose Worth $3,000.

BOSTON, Feb. 18.—A jury gave John F. Purtell a verdict of $3,000 against Jordan, Marsh & Co. for a broken nose received in being run over by one of the firm's teams.

More of Field's Forgeries.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—Colonel M. Field has been again indicted, this time for forging a bill of lading on which a large sum of money was raised.

Torn by a Vicious Dog.

FAYETTE, Mo., Feb. 18.—A vicious dog attacked a negro boy and his mother and tore pieces of flesh from the woman's breast. Both may die.

Ill of His Tongue and Died.

KENNEBUNKPORT, Me., Feb. 18.—William Dalzell, while in a fit, bit off three inches of his tongue and bled to death.

A Nipping and an Eager Air.

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., Feb. 18.—The thermometer registered 30 degs. below zero at the signal service station.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Typhus fever and black pox are spreading westward in Poland.

Fragments of the British bark Carnoc have been washed ashore on the Irish coast, and it is believed that she has been lost.

The flagstaff (Mich.) common council has found City Clerk John C. Matthews guilty of misappropriating city funds.

Jacob Kisling, his son Frank and John Schiverdocker were blown into fragments by the explosion of a sawmill boiler at Lima, O.

Ferdinand Fontanelle, a young Frenchman, shot himself at Des Moines because he failed to receive a favorable answer to an advertisement for a wife.

There has been no trouble with the Indians at either Coolidge or Ghavez, N. M., since Feb. 10, and all reports to the contrary are sensational and without foundation.

Six recruits of the corps du garde stationed at Potsdam, Germany, have committed suicide during the month on account of the tyranny and harsh treatment by noncommissioned officers.

Charles Dexheimer, an engineer in the employ of Well & Co., leather manufacturers, of Newark, N. J., was arrested for getting drunk while cleaning a boiler and leaving it in a condition in which it was likely to explode, thereby endangering the lives of 150 people.

MATERNAL INHUMANITY.

An English Nobleswoman Tortures Her Baby Daughter to Death.

LONDONDERRY, Feb. 18.—The Hon. Mrs. Annie Montague, wife of Robert Montague, son of Lord Montague, has been committed for trial at the assizes here charged with causing the death of her daughter, Maud Ellen Montague, three years of age. At the inquest it was alleged that on Saturday the child's governess, Miss Rose Donnell, locked her up in a dark closet as punishment for some childish offense.

Mrs. Montague came in later and tied the child's arms above her elbows behind her back with a stocking, to which she fastened a string between the elbows and then tied *the string to a ring in the* wall above the child's head. Three hours afterward she went to the door of the room and called the child by name. Hearing no response she went in and found the child leaning forward. She unfastened her, carried her to her bedroom and endeavored to restore animation, but life was extinct. The medical evidence proved that death was caused by strangulation.

They Took the Cake.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—The great cake walk, of which the colored population of New York and vicinity have been talking for days past, occurred at Madison Square Garden and attracted 12,000 persons. The judges awarded the prizes as follows: First prize, Mr. G. Blackburn and Miss Martha James, of Jersey City; second prize, Mr. William Proctor and Miss Maud Clifford, of New York; third prize, "Dandy" Jack and Miss Hoey, of New York. The award was received with great cheering by the immense throng present, and seemed to be satisfactory to all concerned.

Crushed to Death in a Mine.

PEORIA, N. Y., Feb. 18.—Timbers in the roof of the Arnold ore mine gave way while the full force of men was at work, and the following men were killed outright: Conrad Dewey, William Dewey, Hilbury Palmer. The following were severely wounded: Patrick Dowd, who subsequently died; Thomas Russell, Alexander Duplass and Antonio Lamadu.

The Ripper Has Got Up in Maine.

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 18.—Mrs. Martin Hamilton, a school teacher of Sheepeague island, who at the instigation of her parents left her husband three weeks ago and after wedding, has received a letter signed "Jack the Ripper," which says that unless she returns to her husband the house that she lives in will be blown up with dynamite.

Newark Redistricted.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 18.—As changed by the redistricting bill signed by Mayor Haynes, the city has now but nine wards, corresponding with the assembly districts, and the Democrats will always have a majority in the common council. Prior to this change the city had fifteen wards.

Curtis Resis His Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18.—When the Curtis trial was resumed the defense greatly surprised the prosecution by announcing that it rested its case. If testimony in rebuttal will be offered today, after which argument will commence.

Steinitz Beaten Again.

HAVANA, Feb. 18.—The nineteenth game of the chess match was won by Tschigorin. The Russian for the first time played a Scotch gambit. The game lasted thirty-two moves. The score now stands: Tschigorin, 9; Steinitz, 7; drawn, 4.

Hungry Wolves Abroad.

WEST SENECA, N. Y., Feb. 18.—West Seneca is excited over the sudden appearance of a band of wolves, who in their desperate hunger crossed the ice from the Canadian side.

Archduchess Valeria Dying.

VIENNA, Feb. 18.—Archduchess Maria Valeria, youngest daughter of Emperor Francis Joseph, and wife of Archduke Francis Salvator, of Austria-Tuscany, is dying.

Killed by a Train.

NEW HAMBURG, N. Y., Feb. 18.—John Milligan was struck by a train and instantly killed. Milligan was one of the employes of the railroad and was well known.

Knights of Pythias Celebrate.

TRENTON, Feb. 18.—The silver jubilee of the grand lodge of Knights of Pythias was observed in the opera house. Governor Abbett delivered an address.

Shoe Cutters Demand an Advance.

BEVERLY, Mass., Feb. 18.—The Boot and Shoe Workers' union has demanded an advance of wages for the cutters. It is said the employers will refuse.

Wealthy and Wanted to Die.

BRISTOL, N. H., Feb. 18.—A. P. Fairbanks, of New York, committed suicide at the Hotel Bristol. He was fifty years old and wealthy.

Hanged Himself in a Cell.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 18.—John Sabo hanged himself with his suspenders in a cell. He had been arrested on complaint of his wife.

An Uprising in Rome Feared.

ROME, Feb. 18.—Unemployed workmen are massing in the streets here. The men are desperate and violence is feared.

Cattle Disease in Canada.

OTTAWA, Feb. 18.—A cattle disease, seemingly pleuro-pneumonia, has broken out in the northwest territories.

Builders' Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

37 Somerset street, for

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

MANTELPIECES, CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Shop corner Liberty avenue and Somerset street, extended to Central Ave. Dwelling House and Flat for rent, Plainfield N. J. Second floor. Three-story warehouse for rent. Wood Work. P. O. Box 1341

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 233

JOHN BERRENMAN,

Stair Builder, and hard wood mantel maker, three corner of Grand and Rogers streets, North Plainfield, N. J.

10-10-1y J. BERRENMAN, 9 Regent street.

P. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near Grove, Bryce P. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Satisfaction given cheerfully on all kinds of work

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place, P. O. Box 961.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 81.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street, H. S. Gayle, No. 21 Elm street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,

CARPENTER

AND

General Jobber.

SHOP, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J

Storm doors and weather strips a specialt

Jobbing promptly attended to.

Window Screens

made to order.

Real Estate & Insurance

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

REAL ESTATE

and Insurance.

Money to loan on first mortgage.

NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Edw. C. Mulford

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

29 North avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE,

No 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff.

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security. Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Lodges.

Prosperity and Protection.

1891. Membership, 126,000. 1891.

Death benefits paid over $2,000,000 since Organization. Largest Fraternal Beneficiary Order in America.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR, meets First and Third Wednesday evenings, Lodge Room, 209 Park avenue. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.

Louis J. Van Alstyne, Dictator.

Ralph A. Frey, Reporter.

WORKMEN'S CLUB ROOMS, No. 24 Second and Fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 23 29 ly

BROWN & MILLS,

Carpenters and help wanting parties, in Plainfield, N. J., can find them at the Central Employment Bureau, 111 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Children's help wanting a specialty. Best kinds of help can find the place.

NEW GOODS.

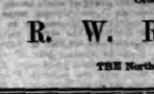
Barkalow & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE BEF TEA



We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Goods, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

32 PARK AVENUE.

DON'T FORGET

In making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

At LINBARGER'S, the Tailor.

NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,

as the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER that I GUARANTEE a fit.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST.

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 67 Bond St., North Plainfield.

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.

FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.

Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.

I have thoroughly renovated the store, cor ner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.

DAVID CHENEY,

(Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new and vegetables, viz: *French Peas*, Prune and Sugar Corn, Succotash & Morrill Paris Sugar Corn, Strawberry Tomatoes, Red Tomatoes, P. H. Leggett's Stewed Tomatoes, Fall & Winterner's extra sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early June Peas, Strasburg Sauerkraut, Boneless, Hudson River Asparagus and tips.

Special reduction given by the case and down. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats.

79 BROADWAY.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three 3 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Carriages for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

38 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the quantities of his newly added stock of wheeling material and assures the same, which he guarantees to be of better character and to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of handling.

Wrenn (Lehigh and Hocking Coal) is best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for Trucking and Storage of the same, and is prepared to contract for the moving of the same in the best manner at short notice.

IN YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.

Great Overcoat Sale.

30 DAYS ONLY!

OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.

GENUINE : BARGAINS!

Call and examine before they are are all gone.

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE,

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

General Hardware and House-furnishings,

and STOVES.

Carpenter and Machinist Tools!

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

HARNESS and BLANKETS.

USUAL LOW PRICES. TELEPHONE CALL 192

H. E. RIDER, Manager. A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

THE METROPOLITAN STABLE,

29 and 31 North Avenue, 1 brought to Second Street.

RANCHED CARRIAGE PAIRS,
HIGH-ACTIONED "T-CART"
AND DOG CART HORSES,
CANADIAN HUNTERS,
COBS AND ROADSTER HORSES,
LADIES' SADDLE
AND DRIVING HORSES.
ALSO A SPECIALTY IN GENTLEMEN'S ROAD TEAMS, SINGLE DRIVERS AND TROTTERS.

43 WEST FRONT STREET.

A DINNER is never relished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and most carefully selected stock of Choice

Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes,

BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER.

If given a call will be able to compare our goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.

F. LINKE, Wholesale Wine and Liquor dealer. Telephone Co 157.

Lumber & Coal

LOOMIS & RICE

B'dway. 49 Telephone 75 A.

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.

Of finest

Light Blue Color.

Reference:—

P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

ROBT. A. MERKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

34 SOMERSET STREET.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1402.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

PURE MILK.

Delivered to any part of the city by

Mr. H. SCHENCK.

A postal card left at my residence, 21 Somerset will receive prompt attention. 9 21

Educational.

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Anna L. Post, P. O. Box 1228.

FRENCH LESSONS.

Instruction and entertainment in French. Class, terms for private lessons reasonable. 24 Plainfield, N. J. Highest references and testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School and Professor of French in Rutgers College. Those desiring to study French with free, write to Prof. L. VERNE, care of Messrs. Scribner and Bowman, 27 La Grande Avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,

For Boys and Young Men, Re-opens Monday, Sept. 14th, 1891.

For information call at the Academy or address EDWARD R. HARNED, Prin. 1 30 y 107 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S

Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. Re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 9, 1891, at 9 a. m. 75 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTHEWS,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms. Best of references. Box 54, Somerset Street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. S. SCRIBNER,

No. 27 and 29 Somerset street, grocer and provisioner, white granite, C. C. yellow ware, stone and glassware, flower pots and hanging baskets; pure cider vinegar four years old. Best grade sorghum.

MRS. ERNHAT,

Employment Bureau Office, 26 East Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Ernhat may have a lot of nice Shagle trees, grapevines and shrubs. 9 29 y

THE HOUSEHOLD

DECORATIVE NOTES.

New Things and Clever Ideas Described by The Decorator and Furnisher.

Centers of heavy linen are very effective on the dining table when bordered with gold and with the background fish scaled with white silk. The couching is of the heavy Japanese wash gold, which has on the silken background the effect of gold lace ends. The hem is simple hemstitched or may be finished with a fall of lace. Heavy or fine sheer linens, scissors, silk and bolting cloth are all used as centers, and never than any of these is a silk material called "mail cloth," which is especially adapted to centerpieces, because it is woven so like buckshaick that darning is a simple matter. It is decorated with a bold design, either outlined or couched, a favorite combination for which is delicate green and white.

One of the novelties sent as yet only in the shops is the swinging, cranelike rod to be put on door frames, and from which the portiere is suspended instead of being fastened to the frame. These come in white, with brass rings and trimmings, and probably darker wood as well, and are ornamented with carved scrolls. They swing back and forth and are fastened at one end only, so they can be adjusted at any angle desired. They might be used across a narrow stairway, with portieres looped high to allow passing up and down the stairs, or across the foot of a couch where the head comes in a corner, thus improvising a niche, and for various other purposes.

Many of the newest sofa cushions are made of beautiful brocades with the pattern embroidered in silks, chenille and gold thread. Some exquisite designs are worked in tapestry stitch, and others in tent stitch on a watered gold or silver ground. The stitches are worked on canvas, laid on the watered material, which is drawn away afterward. Some have panels of silk or even leather set in, carried diagonally between embroidery. Basket stitch as a grounding has been brought out of late, and very large cushions are the fashion.

If you have an alcove off your room which you have been surveying with a lackluster eye and worrying over, tie it red. A red is precisely what it needs. Drape the scene against the wall from a bamboo fishing rod instead of a pole, and, against that background hang a lot of your marine sketches or water colors. If you can swing a hammock across and make a genuine nautical corner of it, so much the better. One of these nice nooks is the prettiest drapery imaginable. A scene also makes an exceedingly pretty frieze. Cut the net as narrow as you please, fasten it from the ceiling all around the room and you will have something which is unique and very effective.

French Ways of Cooking Onions.

A few receipts for serving the onion in dainty and palatable fashion are as follows:

Onions a la Creme—Take some small, good shaped onions, boil them till tender in water and salt and strain them. Melt a lump of butter in a saucepan, throw the onions in, sprinkle them at once with a mixture of flour, salt and pepper, then pour over them some fresh thick cream, stirring evenly till the whole is slightly thickened. Serve very hot at once.

Onions Farcie—Boil some large onions in plenty of water till tender; let cool; take out strain them and scoop out the middle very carefully, so as not to break them. Make a stuffing with bread crumbs slightly boiled in fat broth and the yolks of hard chicken or veal chopped very fine, all well seasoned with salt, pepper and spice. Fill the onions with this mixture and brown them thoroughly in butter. Serve with or without rich gravy or white sauce.

Onions en Puree—Choose some white onions, boil them thoroughly in boiling water to diminish the acrid taste, let cool, then brown them slightly in butter and leave them to simmer just off the fire. When almost cooked, press them through a fine sieve, mix the pulp in a saucepan with cream or good broth and a lump of sugar; stir over the fire until you have a puree of the usual consistency. Serve on fried toast or as a garniture to a suitable entree.

A Pretty Knickknack.

Fancy bags for holding dusting cloths all housewives are familiar with, but in the accompanying cut is represented some thing of a similar nature which is quite a novelty. This is a holder for the dainty feather brush with which one dusts off polished furniture and fine bric-a-brac. This holder is a convenience and an ornament combined. It is made of pongee silk with a cross piece of plush and applique, is edged with silk cord and trimmed with plush balls and ribbon. The brush should of course be made of pretty colored feathers, and it will then give a most attractive appearance to the whole.

FEATHER BRUSH HOLDER

Narrow Crocheted Edge.

A neat and serviceable edging for trimming underwear, aprons, etc., may be crocheted as follows:

Chain 12—1 treble in sixth stitch, chain 6, skip 6, 1 treble in next, chain 1, 1 treble in same, chain 1, 1 treble in same, chain 3.

2. 1 treble in first hole, chain 1, 1 treble in next hole, chain 1, 6 trebles in the 6 chain stitches, 1 treble in treble, chain 1, 1 treble in second of chain at the end, chain 6.

3. 1 treble in first treble, chain 6, 1 treble in the seventh treble, chain 1, 1 treble in first hole, chain 1, 1 treble in same, chain 3. Repeat second and third rows alternately.

Cocoanut Bread Pudding.

Mix with three ounces of grated cocoanut four ounces of breadcrumbs, three ounces of sugar, about half a pint of cocoanut or other milk, and two well beaten eggs. Butter a pie dish, pour in the mixture, place a piece of butter about the size of a walnut on the top and bake in a moderate oven.

Sweet Potatoes with Bacon.

Cold sweet potatoes are delicious fried with pork or bacon. Cut eight ounces of thinly sliced pork or bacon, transfer to a hot dish and fry in the dripping a quart of potatoes which have been boiled, peeled and sliced rather less than half an inch thick

SCIENCE PROGRESS.

FACTS ABOUT THE RAINFALL.

How the Quantity of Rain Is Measured. When and Where It Is Heaviest, Etc.

When, by the constant condensation of aqueous vapor, the individual vapor vesicles become larger and heavier, and when finally individual vesicles unite, they form regular drops which fall as rain. At great heights raindrops are very small, but, like the finest sieve, mix the pulp in a saucepan with cream or good broth and a lump of sugar; stir over the fire until you have a puree of the usual consistency. Serve on fried toast or as a garniture to a suitable entree.

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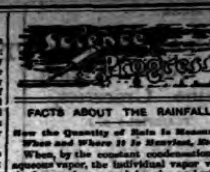

EFFECT OF REFLECTION OF THE IMAGE.

THE SIMPLEST FORM OF RAIN GAUGE.

Lake Statistics.

The Marine Record is authority for this compilation. These figures show the mean level of the lake surface above the mean tide at New York, and their maximum depths, respectively: Lake Ontario, 246.61 feet, 500 feet deep; Lake Erie, 572.86 feet and 210 feet deep; Lake Michigan, 581.28 feet, 870 feet deep; Lake Huron, 581.28 feet, 750 feet deep; Lake Superior, 601.79 feet, 1,008 feet deep. The deepest water runs very fairly in midlake throughout the chain. The areas of water surface in square miles according to Greenstein's definition is as follows: Lake Superior, 31,200; Lake Huron, 23,800; Lake Michigan, 22,450, Lake Erie, 9,900; Lake Ontario, 7,240, or a total area of 94,650 square miles.

Wood Pulp Bearings.

Bearings constructed of compressed wood pulp are the outcome of some ingenious mechanic's brain. Invention says: "Combined with graphite they require no lubrication, and greatly reduce the friction. They compound can be cut or drilled like metal, and is almost as hard. A dynamo is stated to have been fitted with these bearings with satisfactory results.

News and Notes.

A new hydraulic steam recently started up at a steel plant in England is described by The Industrial World as being power ful enough to cut through an ingot 30 inches wide by 12 inches thick with apparently no effort at all, and the time taken for the operation does not exceed three minutes.

It has been noted that in some of the Maine streams fish will go, for the purpose of laying their eggs, into water so shallow that the fins on their backs are out of the water.

An electrical journal tells of the completion of a new spring motor, which the maker claims will completely revolutionize rapid transit and put electricity among the back numbers

Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscribers, surviving Executors and Trustees under the will of Charles J. Fox, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, for settlement and allowance by *the Orphans' Court of the County of Union*, on Wednesday, the sixteenth day of March, next.

ENOCH KNIGHT,
ALANSON J. FOX.

Dated January 9th, 1892. 1 12 9

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given, That the account of the undersigned, Executor of Fannie L. Earle, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the thirteenth day of April, next. CROWELL HADDEN.

Dated February, 1892. 2 9 9

A COURAGEOUS EDITOR.

No Did Not Quail Before the Awful Glance of the Man He Had Insulted.

He was in a towering passion when he strode into the editor's room. It was evident that he was looking for trouble.

"My name is Sellers, sir! Sellers!" he exclaimed.

"Ah, yes; Mr. Sellers. Have a chair," said the editor courteously.

"No, sir, I'll not have a chair!" thundered the stranger. "I've come in to clean out the office."

"Yes, yes," said the editor calmly. "Will you stand a little to one side, please? You shut the light off from my desk."

The stranger was so surprised that he moved without thinking.

"That's right," said the editor. "Stand right there. You can get a better shot at me from there. Would you mind my calling a reporter in?"

"If you move I'll blow your brains out!"

"No interference or calling for help, I assure you," protested the editor. "But you know what a sensation this affair will make, and I always try to have a reporter on hand when there's any tragedy. It makes a better story. With your permission."

He touched a bell and a young man appeared almost instantly.

"Mr. Brown," said the editor, "this is Mr. Sellers. I called him a monkey, an insipred idiot and a thief in this morning's paper, and he has come to clean out the office, especially this room. Get a good account of it and let it lead the paper. double leaded. It ought to make a rattling story."

"See here! You've got nerve!" exclaimed the stranger.

"Not at all," replied the editor. "I simply understand my business and am an optimist in it."

The stranger looked about him nervously and then said:

"Oh, well, never mind; let the matter go. I didn't mind it much and you're too nervy a man to be done up in cold blood."

He backed out of the door and hurried down the stairs. Then the editor gave a sigh of relief and turned to the reporter.

"Was he standing on the plate?" he asked.

"Squarely on it."

"I thought I got him there. Was the battery working well?"

"Splendidly."

"And you had your hand on the switch?"

"Yes, sir."

"You could have shocked him?"

"If he had moved I'd have made him think he was struck by lightning."

"Those electrical appliances are great things," said the editor as he leaned back in his chair, "but I was mighty nervous just the same. I'll have that plate made larger and the switch put on my desk."—Chicago Tribune.

The Engineer's Story.

The locomotive engineer was off duty and had time to talk.

"We have some queer experiences," he said. "One of the things that is not pleasant is to run over animals, and we avoid it all we can. They never seem to know that it is a good deal safer to flee from the rear to the right or left than it is to take five hundred right ahead. That's why we have to stop often and head them off the track.

"I had a funny thing happen to me once on the Chesapeake and Ohio road. About two miles from a bridge one day I scared up a mule in the middle of the track, and I whistled for all I was worth, but the mule kept in the track on a run. At last I had to stop, and the fireman went ahead and drove him off. By the time the fireman got back and we had started that confounded mule was on the track again and we had to stop. I knew he didn't dare to take the risk of running over him, for that is a dangerous business, so we had to stop again and drive him away. Well, this thing occurred once or three more, and by the last time we had got so close to the bridge that we were sure the fool mule was going to try to cross it, and we stopped again. This time I was feeling mad and fully prepared to shoot the mule if we got a chance. We chased him right up to the bridge, and then down across it, and I got down off my bray and stopped all right in the road below, and right ahead of us on the bridge, fastened down some way by his legs between the ties, we found that mule's mate. We saw it all then, and, by George! we were tempted to take up a collection from the passengers on board for the benefit of the mule which had saved their lives, for if we had run in on that obstruction nothing under heaven could have saved the train."

As the engineer concluded his tale a pious looking man in the far corner got up slowly and started out.

"I had a very respectable mind to tell you all about that mule myself, but I'm too paralyzed to tell it this evening," and the door slammed to on his heels.—Detroit Free Press.

Perhaps It Was Plush.

There was a fatherly old man among the passengers who landed from a West Shore railroad ferryboat at the foot of Forty-second street, and some of his observations, after getting into a cross town car, proved what an innocent hearted old chap he was. Pretty soon the car stopped for a woman wearing a fur cape, and she sat down almost opposite him. He looked her over very carefully and pretty soon leaned over and observed:

"My daughter Hanner has bin coaxin me all the fall to buy her a cape like that. They do look purty stylish."

The wearer of the cape blushed and looked confused, as was proper under the circumstances, while the other passengers winked at each other and kept very quiet.

"I told her I'd see about it when I come to town," continued the old man, as he bent over still further. "I s'pose they are purty comfortable, hain't they?"

She blushed still more, and looked very nervous and uncomfortable, but he didn't notice it. He extended his hand, felt of the fur, and continued:

"I don't purtend to be posted on sich things. Is that real fur or only plush?"

"Sir!" exclaimed the woman as she rose and caught a strap and glared at him for thirty seconds before making for the platform.

He looked after her with open mouth and never uttered a word until she stepped off and the car started again. Then he turned to the man on his left and whispered:

"I used o' reason but I jest thought fur a minute she was goin to scratch and pull hair! What d'ye s'pose she got so allfired mad about."—New York Evening World.

Two of a Kind.

A lady who was shopping stepped up to a merchant and inquired:

"What does that sign in your window mean? 'Goods sold at a sweeping reduction.'"

"It means, madam, that customers are expected to raise the dust," was the suave reply.—Detroit Free Press.

This Date in History—Feb. 18.

1st—St. Simeon, bishop of Jerusalem, martyred.
1546—Pope Leo X. died.
1623—George, duke of Clarence, murdered in the Tower of London at the secret instigation of his brother, afterward Richard III.
1546—Martin Luther, Protestant reformer, died; born 1483.
1705—George Peabody, financier, philanthropist, born in Danvers, Mass.; died in London, England, and was buried in Westminster abbey, but his remains were afterward taken to his native place.
1815—Bonaparte's famous Milan decree prohibiting trade with England laid before the American congress.
1864—General Robert E. Lee took full command of the Confederate armies.
1879—Charlotte S. Chapman, famous actress, died in Boston, aged 68.
1884—John Bartholomew Gough, temperance lecturer and writer, died at Frankford, Pa.; born 1817.
1892—Discovery at Salisbury, England, of a remarkable ancient mosaic representing Alexander and Darius.
1892—Ex-Governor Henry H. Sibley, of Minnesota, died at St. Paul.

Off on Professional Duty.

"I want a surgeon at once," he said as he hastily entered a hospital; "I've just shot three of my fingers off!"

"I'm sorry, my friend," replied the surgeon confidently, "but you will have to grin and bear it for awhile. The surgeons are all over to the toboggan slide."—Texas Siftings.

Appearances Against Him.

Office Boy—There is a man outside who says he has a play he wants you to read.

Manager—How is he dressed?

Office Boy—Oh, he is "out of sight"—silk hat, patent leathers and box coat.

Manager—Tell him I'm not in. He must be an amateur.—Clothier and Furnisher.

Can't Get It Out.

Bjohnson—They say that Bjones has made a wonderful invention. Is there anything in it?

Bjenks (mournfully)—I should say there was. There's $10,000 of my money in it.—Somerville Journal.

A Long Year Girl.

He—How chilly it is tonight. I could hug a stove, if I had so cold

She—Is that so? Why I'm so warm I feel just like a stove.—Irish Times.

1892 February. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29					

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5	4:39 p.m.	Third Quarter	20	7:15 p.m.
Full	12	2:33 p.m.	New	27	10:49 p.m.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 15 Sm* E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 28 6m

Hotels.

CASPAR'S HOTEL,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable -:- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,
West Front street, Opp. Madison avenue
Wallace V. Miller,
Proprietor.
A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

Woman's Exchange
AND INDUSTRIAL UNION.
72 Park Avenue.
HOME MADE
PRESH EVERY DAY.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Office and Factory: Front and Third streets.
Any thing and everything else furnished to order.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!

This is a fac-simile of a neat lookalike consignment of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree it is fully as well as any in quality of this brand. If 25 lb bag of flour gives more satisfaction than a barrel of any other grade, we have the BEST Feed, Barley, Oats and Flour on hand, and make a specialty of reclaimed Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,
CITY MILLS.
Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

NO AUCTION SALE AT CAREY'S
UNTIL
FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1892.
Remember, we have the
Finest and Best Storage Rooms
in the city.
76, 78 and 80 West Front Street.
Also come and get your Bed and Bedding, etc., at Carey's.

DON'T FORGET!

If you are thinking of going to Europe, that you can get circulars, prices, tickets and all information concerning the Anchor Line Glasgow Archoria, Etruria, Devonia, Columbia, Pomeria, City of Rome, from Henry Du Bois, agent.

Tickets for friends or relatives to come from the other side.

11 Somerset street, or Look Box L

O. M. DUNHAM,
46 West Front Street.
Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduce! on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,
WINTER CAPS, ETC.
Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

"IT MAY SAVE YOU DOLLARS!"
WHAT MAY?
OUR :-: PRICES!
Do you now order from a firm which merely describes the goods and style of package, but fails to quote prices? Would it not be more satisfactory, in buying, to have practical assurance that you were buying at as low prices as any other purchaser? Do not ask the price of sugar, *all kinds 5½c. lb, (Granulated not less)*, Powdered and Confectioners.
Elegant Creamery Butter, 24c. lb; choice Carolina Rice, 4 lbs. 25c.; best sugar cured Hams, 10c. lb; best oatmeal, 3 lbs. 10c.; Parrie's Hams and Bacon, 12c. lb; best Pigs, 3 lbs. 25c.; Prunes, 3 lbs. 25c.; best California apricots, 2 lbs. 25c.; Family Flour, $4.00 per bbl, 49c. bag; Rabbit's Best Soap, $3.50 box; Pillsbury's Best Flour, extra, $5.00 bbl; Morgan's Sapolio, 4 for 25c.; Pearl Patent Flour, (best on earth), 95 90; extra Jersey Potatoes, (we have no fancy prices), 65c. a bushel; Silverine, (something new), for cleaning silver, glassware, etc., 20c. bottle.
UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing
V. & W. SAY:
We will guarantee to sell you Dry and Fancy Goods, Crockery, Tinware, Housefurnishing goods, cheaper than any store in town, if you will only call and see for yourself that you want at a lower price than you ever bought before, and a comparison of prices of what we advertise and what others do, will show that V. & W. are selling goods at a closer margin than all others. We offer for the coming week:

4-4 Dwight Anchor	8c	10-4 Bleached Sheeting	22c
4-4 Heavy Brown Sheeting	6c	200 Door Mats	each 19c
20 in. Ring Damask	10c	300 Door Mats	each 25c
4-4 Bleached Sheeting	10c	100 Turkish Rugs, 3 feet long	each 79c
9-4 Bleached Sheeting	21c	2,000 Yards Figured French Cambric, per yard	10c
		100 doz Ladies' Hose, full regular, pair	10c
		100 gentlemen's half hose, full reg. pair	10c

There is a Special Sale of Granite Ironware that will interest everyone.
We guarantee Every Article we sell to give perfect satisfaction and deliver goods wherever you wish.
VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS
DO NOT AGREE.
USE
Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic,
A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

ONE OF THE **BEST** Fitting and best wearing shoes for the money, is our Ladies Genuine Dongola Button Shoe, Price $1.50, common sense and opera toe, width C D & E.
We do not make much on these goods, but we sell them nevertheless. That's the Difference. DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

CUT THIS OUT.
THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

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This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

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This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

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This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Housefurnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that others can't touch (make the comparison), 3 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, 25c, Norral Tooth Powder at 10 cents.
J. C. ALLEN, 18 West Front Street.

CARPETS!
Largest stock, selected patterns; largest and best lighted carpet rooms; lowest prices.
Dress Goods—Immense variety of new Spring goods in Dress Goods; 50 pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, 10c yard, worth 15c.
Muslin Underwear—For ladies, misses and children; all full-sized, well-made garments, and at prices that cannot be equalled.
Prints of the Least—We are still selling this popular cloth at 3c. a yard; usually at 5c. Good Toweling, 4c; best prints, 5c; white blankets, 50c and $1.19 pair.
Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa. Look out for announcement of our annual Spring sale. Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.
L. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

A NEW STYLE
OF
D E
R B
Y
Out TO-DAY, at the store of
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
Office:—
27 North Avenue.

Writing : Paper
BY THE
POUND!
Old Sagamore Mills, 10c. lb
Envelopes to match, 5c. package.
Kensington Wove and Devonshire Linen, 25c. per lb.
Envelopes to match, 10c. package.
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

"The Very Best"
is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.
Find you here. Come to my store for Box paper and stamped Envelopes, Memorandum Books, and stamped linen goods.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Mortimer, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Dunham street. Look Box 2. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. 15 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1892 PRICE TWO CENTS

The Weather.

The weather promises to be warmer and cloudy, followed by rain.

BREVITIES.

—To-morrow will be sentence day in the Union County Court.

—The Legislature have concluded to adjourn sine die, March 11th.

—The North Plainfield Republican primaries will be held to-night.

—Properyman Mattox is to have a benefit at Music Hall next Monday evening.

—Attend the North Plainfield Republican Primaries which are to be held to-night.

—The borough Council will hold an adjourned session this evening at eight o'clock.

—The youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Martin died at the home of its parents on East Third street this morning.

—Dr. Lewis, at the Seventh Day Baptist Church, to-morrow morning, at 10.30, will discourse upon "Whose Servant Are Ye?"

—The United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association are offering all kinds of sugar @ 6¾ cts. ℔ lb. Read their prices on other goods.

—Don't fail to attend the Republican primaries in North Plainfield this evening if you are a resident of that place, and a Republican.

—Thomas Flynn was fined five dollars by City Judge Codington in the city court this morning. He pleaded guilty to the charge of fast driving.

—While skating on the ice at Johnston's pond Wednesday afternoon two boys named Fender and Shannon broke through the ice and narrowly escaped drowning.

—Joe English will lecture at Reform Hall Sunday evening at 7.30. As this will be his last visit in Plainfield for some time, the invitation extended by the managers is urgent.

—A trip through Mexico was the subject of Mr. Ragan's illustrated lecture last evening in Music Hall. It was the last of the series, and seemed to be thoroughly by the appreciative audience.

—A bowling team chosen from the members of the Crescent League will roll a game with a team chosen from the members of the Catholic Young Men's Lyceum on the latter alleys this evening.

—The Uniformed Rank of the Knights of Honor of this city will give a complimentary entertainment in their rooms on West Front street next Monday evening. Admission will be by invitation only.

—A horse belonging to a farmer ran away on Park avenue at about eleven o'clock this morning. The vehicle to which it was attached, was loaded with shingles and before the animal was stopped a large portion of the shingles were strewn along the street.

—Rinall is booming the Spring carpet trade. He says he has already received some good orders from his late announcements in The News. He claims to be showing the largest and finest assortment ever offered in this city. See change in his "advertisement" to-day.

—There is a report afloat to the effect that persons of a questionable repute, also are to be taking impressions of keyholes of the various residences of the city. It would be well to keep a sharp lookout for them as they may intend to burglarize your home.—Ex. What good will that do?

—The Unionist-Gazette of Somerville publishes the following: "The citizens of Warren township object to the proposed annexation of North Plainfield and Plainfield, and have started a petition to that effect which is being well signed as it should be. Warren county cannot lose as close a relative as North Plainfield."

—Mr. F. A. Dunham, the engineer of the justly famed Union county road system, is now at work on the surveying part of the new street through the borough. He has several men at work daily. This and the special work on macadam paving and sewerage keep him very busy. The new street commissioners will meet in his office next week to decide on preliminary arrangements.

—An important chapter from Prof. Adolph Harsch's Dogmengeschichte—History of doctrines, is found in the Sabbath Sun of Feb. numbers of The Sabbath Outlook, edited by Rev. Dr. Lewis of this city, and published by the American Sabbath Tract Society, at room 100, Bible House, New York. In this chapter Prof. Harsch traces the steps whereby Judaism which perverted the earliest Christianity and laid the foundation of many corrupting influences, in after time. Prof. Harsch's history is not available in the English reader, and the Sabbath Outlook has done well in placing this valuable extract before the public.

—George H. Hampton, a colored man of South Bound Brook was recently indicted by the U. S. Grand Jury for perjury in attempting to procure a fraudulent pension. He pleaded guilty to the charge and would have received a sentence of not less than five years. Hampton had always been a hard working man and it was evident that there was some one behind the scenes who was the real criminal. Good work in his prosecutions because interested in his behalf and Attorney Cook went on to Washington to help the prosecution. Senator McPherson and Congressman Benjamin and Commissioner Raum, interested themselves in the case and a letter from Pension Commissioner Raum was secured. Equipped with the letter, Mr. Cook went before Judge Owen and made an eloquent appeal in behalf of Hampton. The result was a suspension of sentence and they and Cook returned to his home. Among the signers to the petition are those of Senator Marsh, Senator Thompson, Sheriff Bergen, and Judge Bartine.

TRAINING THE MEMORY.

WHAT REV. DR. HURLBUT SAYS ON THE SUBJECT.

Various Methods Explained in an Address to Young Men, and Methods Advised.—Some Very Sound Suggestions.

The Rev. J. L. Hurlbut, D.D., addressed young men in Young Men's Christian Association rooms last evening on "The Training of the Memory." As might be expected the address was highly interesting. Part of it was as follows:

I do not think very many of us realize how much depends on our memory. All our knowledge depends largely on our memory. Of course it depends on something beside that, but is dependent on the memory to a very great degree. Just imagine a condition of mind in which a person forgot everything five minutes after he became conscious of a thing. Suppose, for instance, that within five minutes after my speech begins, you have forgotten the beginning. Knowledge depends absolutely upon just two things—one having a clear conception, getting it through your mind; the other memory, or keeping it in your mind. I do not mean to say that a person with perception and memory will make a wise man, for that depends upon judgment as well; but knowledge in itself—of facts and information depends upon these two things—first, having a clear and exact perception of them, and second, holding them in the memory.

There is one thing that is done little for the memory and that is the invention of printing. I do not suppose that in a land of printed books men have the faculty of memory anything like that of people in some countries where printing is unknown; and in times past when there was no printing in the world. For example, there is a poem in Hindu called the Mahabharata, which is seven times as long as Homer's "Odyssey" and "Iliad" put together. Those of you who have seen the "Odyssey" and "Iliad" which occupy two large volumes can get an idea of a pretty long poem. Now there are people in India who can repeat the Mahabharata from beginning to end. There are hundreds, and I have been informed that there are thousands, of people in India who can repeat the entire poem from the first word to the last without making a single mistake.

Not only printing but writing also has weakened the memory, and people who have never been used to writing can remember sometimes a great deal better than people who write. The man who keeps a note-book to remind him of the things which he is to attend to, weakens his memory by so doing.

We have studied three or four systems of memory training. We paid the fee and taken the course in two or three of the systems that are the most popular at the present time, and my conclusion concerning them is that they are good and they are bad. They are good because they lumber up the mind with a great many useless things. There are seven laws for the training of the memory to which I shall call your attention.

The first is, I think, one of the most important of all. It is the law of selection. That is to say if you want to have a good memory you must learn to forget as well as to remember. Nine-tenths of the things that you see and hear are not worth remembering four-fifths of the books that you are likely to read are not worth recalling after you have finished them. And he is a wise man who knows what to select out of the things he has seen or heard.

Select some particular department in which you think it would be of value to train your memory, and practice your memory in that. Now just let me give you a little incident that lead me to this particular line of work that I am speaking of to-night. I had for some years taken an interest in memory-training, and had taken two or three courses of lessons, but never felt very well satisfied with them because they lumbered up the mind with a great many useless things.

To give an instance—I do not care to name any particular course—

Suppose for an example you wanted to learn the names of the president of the United States. One of the present systems proposes a plan something like this: I do not give the exact names it uses, but I could give them. It says there are certain laws of association. Now anyone can remember of the name of the first president. It is George Washington. Everybody knows that to begin with. Washington makes you think of washing day of the first of the week—first man. Adam! Adams is the name of the next president.

The second law that I would name to you is the law of regularity. Do a little every day. Do it, if possible, about the same time every day. You know that the difference between an army and a mob is just a difference of discipline, and the difference between a trained and an untrained mind is just that difference of description, and discipline simply means regular exercise.

The third law is the law of physical condition. Whenever you want to use your faculties for memory training, have them in good condition. Never do it when you are tired.

Now, I want to give you for a fourth principle in the training of the memory one which I am not quite so sure of as I am of the others, but I give it to you on the authority of every book on the subject that I have read, as I think it must be correct, even though I myself have not by personal experience tested it. It is what is called the law of the single sense. How that does not mean very much to you I expect. This is what it means: There are two ways in which we remember and only two. One is the memory by sound and the other is the memory by sight. Never try to combine both methods of memory at the same time.

The fifth principle which I wish to bring to your notice is the law of limitation.

Do not undertake to do too much at once. There is such a thing as overtraining the memory. I have known people who have injured the memory by undertaking too heavy a task without gradually coming up to it.

There is one law that will naturally occur to you in this matter that I will put as the sixth law, and that is the law of attention.

A great many people fail to remember for the reason that they have never gotten a clear apprehension of the subject.

And the last law that I shall speak of is the law of repetition. I believe that reviewing will do more for one's memory than anything else.

Review, review, review! Go over what you have learned again, again and again.

ELECTED CAPTAIN OF POLICE.

Some Blunders in Connection with the Matter.

Capt. Grant, a few evenings ago, was re-elected by the police board captain of police for another year.

The Courier erroneously stated that ex-Chief Carey had been re-elected. The Press, without taking the trouble to investigate and assuming that the Courier upon jumps at conclusions, vilifies the Council and Mr. Carey in the most uncalled-for manner.

Mr. Carey, we are informed by a member of the police board, could have had the office if he wanted it, and was urged by the Board to take it. He emphatically declined because it would interfere with his business. He was urged to take the office in the first place, a few years ago, after he had captured the Plainfield firebugs when every one else had failed. He accepted it very reluctantly and as personal favor to the people but left it to him as the one man in whom all others whom they needed for the office, and he displayed the same remarkable sagacity in the office that he had displayed previously, winning the lasting admiration and esteem of all of the community, but the disreputable and lawless element, who simply illustrated Pope's lines that

"No rogue e'er felt the halter draw,
With good opinion of the law."

As a Councilman his advice was always sought by his fellow councilmen in the most trying time in the history of Plainfield, when our people were most sorely tried by the strokes, who for months kept the city terrorized, destroyed hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of property, and baffled the best officers and detectives we could get. His judgment was found to be so wise that he was given entire charge of the work, which was done by him almost entirely and in his completely outwitting the wily scoundrels—whom the Press by the way had the audacity to defend. He landed them in prison, where some of them died, and all of them paid the penalty for their cowardly crimes.

Chief Carey—all honor to him!—restored peace and security to the people, and none but the most disreputable of organs would speak of him except in the terms highest praise which THE NEWS takes great pleasure in according to him as his merit.

This is called forth by the latest attempt to vilify him by falsehoods most shameful. He is now a private citizen and if he sees fit to retire to which he is not open to him he has, and of which, we understand, he proposes to avail himself.

Hillside Tennis Club Reception.

A very pretty reception was held at the Hillside Tennis Club house last evening at which Mrs. Robert S. Morison received the guests, assisted by Mrs. Dewitt C. Ivins, Mrs. A. M. Wilcox, Mrs. Robert L. Barnett, Mrs. George Phelps Mellick, Mrs. Charles Brooks, Mrs. Fred. W. Lewis, Miss Lena Hart and Miss Simpson.

The picturesque club rooms were most tastefully decorated with roses and palms, and certainly never looked more attractive than on this occasion.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Reill, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Patton, Mr. and Mrs. Adams, Mr. James P. Kelley, Mr. Wales, Mr. Charles W. Opdyke, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Fisk, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Herring Pollton, Mr. and Mrs. Irving Brown, Miss Opdyke, Miss Madge Degaw, Mr. and Mrs. DeWitt C. Ivins, Rev. S. P. Simpson, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Wilcox, Mr. and Mrs. Pollock, Mr. and Mrs. Glenny, Mr. and Mrs. Fred W. Lewis, Mr. D. M. Van Vliet, Miss Lawrence, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, Miss Bartisdale, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brooks, Mr. George Phelps Mellick, Miss Cadlipp, Major and Mrs. Miller, Mr. Bartisdale; the Misses Martine, Miss Bushnell, Mr. Robert S. Morison, Mrs. Robert L. Livingston, and many others.

Bicycles Collide.

As Mr. Van Tine of Richmond street was riding his bicycle along East Front street near Park avenue yesterday afternoon his machine collided with a lady bicycler. Neither Mr. Van Tine or the lady was injured. Several spokes in Mr. Van Tine's wheel were broken.

—The second session of the class in short hand will meet at the Y. M. C. A. to-night. All who desire instruction in this useful art should be present to-night.

THE LEGISLATURE.

BILLS OF MUCH INTEREST TO TRENTON PASS THE SENATE.

The Paid Fire Department for Trenton, the Gerrymandering and the Aldermanic Bills Go Through.—But Little Discussion Over Them.—Proceedings in the House.—The Question of Early Adjournment.—Some Ugly Charges Made.

A large part of the business transacted in the Senate yesterday morning was of interest to Trenton. The first thing done was the passage of House 194, which establishes the paid fire department, for which the firemen have been anxiously awaiting. The bill has now passed both houses, and will be immediately signed by the Governor.

Mr. Lanning's bill gerrymandering the Second Assembly district also passed the Senate. Mr. Harrell spoke for the bill. He acknowledged that it was a party measure, introduced to make the election of two Democratic Assemblymen in Mercer county certain. It takes 200 Republican votes away from the present district and puts it in the Third. Senator Gardner said that if the bill equalized the population of the districts he favored it, but there was no reason why it should not be re-arranged so that the three districts equalized a little more.

Burr's Aldermanic bill, which reduces the number of Councilmen from 33 to 23, and makes that body Democratic, passed by a vote of 13 to 8. Mr. Barrett, in speaking for the bills said it was to equalize the political complexion of the Boards of Camden and Orange. The bill passed by a party vote.

The same resolution, providing for the appointment of a special committee to draft laws in reference to the present dual of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, as was adopted by the House was introduced in the Senate, and adopted. President Adrain appointed as committee Senators Barrell, Bloyd, Gillespie and Keys.

The following bills were introduced:

No. 158. Mr. Rogers. An act to facilitate the service of process upon corporations doing business in this State.

No. 159. Mr. Marsh. Authorizes the election of a board of freeholders in cities having 100,000 inhabitants or over, of three years.

No. 160. Mr. Barrett (for the President). A supplement to the act enabling Boards of Freeholders to acquire, improve and maintain public roads.

No. 162. Mr. Barrett. Provides for the appointment of a Board of Medical Examiners, of a resident physician for a term of three years.

No. 163. Mr. Smith. Provides for the amicable adjustment of grievances and disputes that may arise between employers and employees.

No. 164. Mr. Barrett. Provides that a daily newspaper of the city of Trenton, published for five days, notice of the passage of any bill praying for the repeal of any private, local or special act, or for the incorporation of turnpike or road company.

No. 165. Mr. Rogers. A further supplement to the act enabling cities to supply the inhabitants thereof with pure and wholesome water.

No. 166. Mr. Hudspeth. An act to empower cities in this State to provide for the payment of moneys made to and upon public streets or public places in such cities.

No. 168. Mr. Hudspeth. Provides that when any governing body of any city or county orders the printing of a legal advertisement to be reported in the German language. (Why not also in Italian? Hungarian? and a few dead languages?—Ed.)

No. 169. Mr. Gardner. Relative to monument association.

No. 170. Mr. Hudspeth. Amends the act authorizing cities to fix the salaries of city officers.

No. 197. Mr. Cornish. An act relating to District Courts.

No. 198. Mr. Martin. Appropriates $10,000 for the use of the School of Deaf Mutes.

No. 199. Mr. McMickle. Provides that every person practicing midwifery in any of its branches shall produce a certificate from the State Board of Medical Examiners.

The Spring Elections.

The elections for township officers will be held on March 8. The boards of registry and election meet on March 1 to revise the list, and it is the duty of the clerks of the township committee of the district to put up three notices of the time and place of such meeting one week in advance. The Township Clerks must furnish official envelopes, and the candidates must furnish the tickets. Three Freeholders are to be elected in Somerset county; one each in Branchburg, Bedminster and Hillsborough.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. John Lindsey of West Front street has been confined to the house for the past two weeks by the grip.

Mr. Charles L. Moffett of this city was yesterday admitted to the bar as a lawyer. He will practice in this city.

Mr. H. G. Adams, associated traveler, and an earnest evangelistic worker, will conduct the devotional meeting of the Young People's League of the First Baptist church this evening.

Smashed His Hand.

Jeremiah Rowe, a resident of Silver place, North Plainfield, met with a painful accident yesterday afternoon. He was engaged loading cattle in cars at Montanye, N. J., when some one slammed the door shut catching his right hand and badly crushing it.

A Lecture at the Casino.

Prof. Tyler delivered a lecture last evening on "The Intelligence of Animals." He was not favored with as large an audience as he deserved, possibly on account of so many other attraction in other places about town.

Special Notices.

THE KING'S DAUGHTERS' FAIR, to be held next week in Trenton, for the benefit of the Children's home, is progressing on account of tickets.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE ALSATIA IN A BIG GALE.

She had to Lie to Twenty-four hours and Used Oil with Good Effect.

New York, Feb. 18th, (Special.)—Capt. Woodhouse of the Steamship Alsatia, which arrived this morning from Mediterian ports, seventeen days from Gibraltar, reports that on Feb. 13 and 14, off the banks, he encountered a south-southwest hurricane with tremendous seas, and was obliged to heave to for twenty-four hours. Oil was used with splendid effect. A considerable spell of Arctic weather covered the steamship with ice.

May Well be Pleased.

The Plainfield delegation, says THE NEWS of that city, returned from the great demonstration at Trenton last Tuesday "greatly pleased." And well they might. For a city of its size it made the best showing of any city in the State that is not directly contiguous to some race track. Its great moral uprising was more spontaneous and larger in proportion than that of any other Inland city. And it has further reason to be greatly pleased in the strong arguments delivered presented by Cong. A. Marsh. Plainfield may be greatly pleased with herself, for she has given the State greatly pleased with her.—Editorial from the Elizabeth Journal of yesterday.

And speaking further on the same subject says:

"But a few of the State papers are warning the people not to be too confident that the race track bills are dead. They are only quietly and very corruptly. The people must watch with eternal vigilence and be ready at any time to rush in their might and crush out every effort to make New Jersey a paradise for gamblers and a hell for all other people."

More Variety in the Eggs.

A number of young men from this city formed an amateur theatrical company and dubbed themselves the Boston Variety Company. They thought their "show" was first-class. They had arranged to give a number of exhibitions in neighboring places, including Somerville. Last night they visited Milburn, and gave their first exhibition. A number of the persons who witnessed it became so thoroughly disgusted with the performance that they visited a near-by store, purchased a number of eggs and in no uncertain expression "rotten egged the company out of town. The young men, it is said, have decided to leave, come to the conclusion that it would be wise to abandon the show business.

Now Officers Elected.

At a meeting of the North Plainfield Democratic Association, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Chairman—E. C. Morse.
Vice Presidents—Ira F. Bilker, S. Townsend, John Bodine and L. G. Kline.
Secretary—Andrew E. Kenney.
Treasurer—Benjamin Gavin.

Pythians Close their Conclave

The Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, which was in session at Trenton, adjourned yesterday after installing the newly-elected officers. The amendments to the constitution and the recommendations of the Committee on Legislation were laid over to the next session to be held in that city, the third Wednesday of February next.

A Rumor that the Rink was Afire.

There was a report current on the streets of this city last evening to the effect that the Crescent Rink was afire. The report spread rapidly and the various drivers for the fire companies had their horses hitched up and were in readiness to respond to an alarm if one was sounded.

A Collation to Follow.

At a meeting of Minatoonoe Tribe to be held this evening in the Wetampka Lodge rooms, (Music Hall Building) the officers for the ensuing term will be installed, after which a collation will be served.

To Shoot on Washington's Birthday.

The Independent Gun Club of North Plainfield will hold a live pigeon and inanimate target "shoot" on their grounds in Middle Brook next Monday afternoon. Admission to the grounds will be free. It is expected that a number of expert shooters will be present.

To Hold a Quarterly Meeting.

The Race street M. E. Harmon African Methodist church will hold its quarterly meeting on Sunday next. They extend an invitation to all to be present. On the day the Rev. Peter Selvey will preach. The Rev. Mr. Jackson is pastor of the church.

We estimate—by "figures which cannot lie" that near three million people ate H.-O. in '91. It shall be five million in '92, if the best is not too good for the other two million.

HOW TO SAVE A DOLLAR!

GO TO THE

U. T. and C. G. A. for Your Groceries.

Granulated, Powdered and Cut Loaf Sugars 6¾c. lb; "A" Sugar 5¾c. lb. Best sugar cured Hams, the entire hog, 12½c. lb; best sugar cured Bacon, 10c. lb; best Canada Bacon, 12c. lb; best Trenton preserved Ham, 12c. lb; Farris Hams and Bacon, 13c. lb; Pillsbury's best flour, $5.00 bbl; Pearl Patent Flour (one in the world), $4.50 bbl; fine Pebble Buckwheat, 3c. lb; Pearl cracked hominy for Hasty, 10c. lb; choice California apricots, 2 lbs 25c; choice California peaches, 2 lbs 25c; new Scotch Peas, to quart; axle grease (10c. size) 5c. box

Fine Teas and Coffees a Specialty.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We will guarantee to sell you Dry and Fancy Goods, Crockery, Tinware, House furnishing goods, etc., and in fact Everything that you want at a lower price than you ever bought the same goods at in Plainfield. And when we clean out others charge will prove that V. & W. are not going to do it at a cheaper margin than all others. We offer for the coming week:

4-4 Dwight Anchor	8c
4-4 Heavy Bleaching	7c
36 in. Heavy Linen Crash	9c
4-4 Bleached Sheeting	19c
9-4 Bleached Sheeting	22c
10-4 Bleached Sheeting	25c
200 Yards Percale, 36 in.	10c
200 Door Mats, extra good	each 25c
100 Turkish Rugs, 3 2-3 long	each 70c
50 Tidies, fringed	10c
50 Tidies, plain	5c
100 pair Lace Curtains, full length, pair	39c
100 gentlemen's half hose, full reg. pair	10c

There is a Special Sale of Granite Ironware that will interest housekeepers.

We guarantee Every Article we sell to give perfect Satisfaction and deliver goods wherever you wish.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

Special Offer!

IN ELEGANT NEW SPRING CARPETS for a short time. This Special Offer amounts to a considerable saving to the purchaser, and is well worth taking advantage of. The stock we have on hand includes in Ingrain, Brussels, Tapestry Brussels, Body Brussels, and a good line of Moquettes.

Of all these we have a splendid selection in stock, so there can be no delay in filling orders.

In addition we have been fortunate in selling agents for Messrs. W. and J. Sloane, of New York, which enables us to sell from their houses, either from samples here, or from your own selection there. Any carpet we have in stock we will sell at 10c. per yard less than we can handle the largest and best trade in this city. This agency applies to anything in their house.

By these and other special advantages at our hand this season, we can confidently assure our patrons that we can make it to their interest to give us an early call.

Special Bargains are now offered in Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portieres, etc.

EDSALL'S! EDSALL'S!

Cents-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION wanted by a girl as chambermaid and waitress or as general housework. Call at 64 West Third street. 19-2

HELP WANTED.

FARMER wanted to work a 60-acre farm on shares for a term of years. Possession at once mile from New Brunswick. Must be a competent and reliable party. Good house and good fuel and fruit to use; aply immediately. J. M. Dustan, New Brunswick. 19 3

WANTED—A lady to solicit subscribers for a church paper. Can command her own time. Commission "Weekly Salary," care of EVENING NEWS. 19 3

WANTED—Parties to sell ultra-humid for sewing machines. Liberal inducements. Address with stamp, Ultra-Humid, "Quick Selling," care of EVENING NEWS. 19 3

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of two. Must be good plain cook. No washing. Call 126 Dunellen place after nine a. m. 2-15-tf

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A large fold rug boy. Part brass. May be had by paying expenses of advertising, of M. H. Dunham, East Front street. 2 17tf

FOR EXCHANGE.

HAVE for exchange three small houses for store property. Bilker & Co., agents. 2-12-tf

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased on Ragnold Park, Somerset street. Address R. F. M. Chem, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate agent, Mail and 64 Times, 300 feet above the sea level. 2 12tf

FOR SALE—A $100 Foot typewriter; has had but little use and will be sold at a marked reduction. Address 1 West Fifth street. 2 9tf

HOUSE for sale—Has twelve rooms; all improvements; small and large barn; hot water boiler; pleasantly located; $6,000 easy terms. Bilker & Co., agents, 13 East Front street. 2 12tf

STORE property on West Front street for sale. $7,500. Address Bilker & Co., agents. 2 12tf

FINE HOUSE owned and occupied by the late A. D. Baldwin, is La Grande avenue, Fanwood, for sale or to let. Also the estate, 10 acres, for sale or to let. Apply to Mrs. A. D. Baldwin, 2 La Grande avenue, Fanwood, New York. 1 and 15tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Eight room house, $15 per month. Also seven room house, $14 per month. Both pleasantly located and not far from business portion of city. Also house five minutes from depot, $12 per month. Apply to owner, Henry H. Bowlsby. 2 12tf

FOR RENT or for sale. A fine house at 43 East Second street. Will rent cheap or sell cheap. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2-12-tf

FOR RENT—The pleasant house, 66 and 68 Webster place. Bilker & Co., agents. 2 12tf

FOR RENT—Ten room house, Watchung avenue. Pleasantly located and all improvements. Apply on premises. Rent $20 per month. Bilker & Co. 2 11tf

HOUSE; all improvements; on East Front street, for rent. $20 month. Bilker & Co. 2 12tf

TO LET—Home containing eight rooms, with barn; centrally located. Price $20. Apply to M. M. Dunham, 7 East Front street. 2 12tf

TO RENT—Two nice rooms, second floor, front, for light housekeeping. Rent $7 per month. Corner of Second street. 19-3

THE office at No. 1 East Front street is for rent. It is a splendid location for a lawyer. Lots of light. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2 12tf

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

FLORAL decorations, by Denton's Hillside greenhouses, Fairmount, Plainfield. 2 12tf

QUEERS of farms for rent or for sale apply at once, with particulars, to Chas. Ott, 24 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 2-12-tf

WANTED TO BUY—House with barn. Address giving locality and price, Marcus Fenton, Plainfield, N. J. 19 3

Amusements.

MUSIC HALL!

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Monday, Feb. 22.

One Night Only.

Keystone Bill in the great frontier comedy,

LOST SCOUT!

Or, Life on the Frontier. Presented by a good dramatic and strong specialty company, selected by the Lost Scout Quartette, Banjo, Guitar and Mandolin Club, Cornet Soloist, the baby, cute, comedy and curly. The first scene, the knife fight, the comedienne's song and dance, the supper scene and the broadsword duel.

Lil' Seats now on sale at the Central Pharmacy.

TICKETS FOR THE

DAMROSCH

Symphony Concert to be given in

MUSIC HALL!

on

Tuesday, March 8th,

Will be on sale at the Central Pharmacy, Monday, February 15th.

PRICES—50 Cents to $1.50.

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
25 West Front Street.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black cashmere Hose, 10c.

Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.

Hermsdorf fast black Hose, 22 and 25c.

Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.

Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slate and fancy stripes, 15c.

Hermsdorf fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 69c.

Ladies' Outing Saxe Mousquitaires, in tans, and slates, 25c.

We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.

New line of black and colored silk gimps.

Louis Callman,

26 West Front Street.

AUCTION!

LAING'S HOTEL,

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY,

Feb. 24, 25, 26 and 27.

Beginning at ten o'clock each day. Thirty Bedroom Sets (Oak and Cherry); Lounges, Rubber Tire Chairs, Bureaus, Tables, Mirrors, Bedding, Carpets, Stoves, Kitchen Furniture, including over two hundred and fifty lots, mirrors, etc.

One Billiard and Two Pool Tables in the assortment. One dozen oak top, iron stand Restaurant Tables. Two Soda Water Fountains and Counters. A number of valuable clocks and other articles too numerous to mention. 17 6

EDITORIAL NOTES

Beautiful Stars.

For months the western sky has presented a scene of unusual beauty in the evening after sunset. The two most magnificent stars of our hemisphere, Venus and Jupiter, gradually approached one another, stood in direct line or conjunction a few moments, then passed on. Venus apparently going upward toward the zenith, Jupiter going down toward the sunset. Since midsummer, 1891, Jupiter has been a splendid object in the southern sky, apparently moving from east to west. Now he moves away from us and grows dimmer, while Venus, though Jupiter is 1,400 times as large, outshines the giant, because Venus is so much nearer to us.

Though they appear to be moving in directly opposite directions—Venus eastward, Jupiter westward—they are in reality moving around the sun in the same direction as all the planets do. They are upon different parts of the curve, that is all, like race horses that seem to be moving in opposite directions around a track. One has simply passed the other and is going up on the other side. The presence of two such splendid stars as Jupiter and Venus in such brightness at the same time is rare indeed, and their conjunction when they are so near to us is still rarer. Unfortunately we could not see it on this continent. At the moment when Venus neared the big planet, stood in line with him a moment, passed and then appeared above *him in the sky*, it was in the morning hours, long after both had disappeared below the horizon. Though they seemed so near together the night before and after their conjunction, yet they were *418,000,000 miles* apart, or more than four times as far as the sun is distant from us.

Venus, meanwhile, will continue her upward shining way. In the lifetime of the present generation she will scarcely be so brilliant again as at the beginning of June the present year. She is a brilliant star now, but on June 2 she will be three times as bright as she is at present. This magnificent planet will then be visible to the naked eye in daytime. At night it will be so bright that it will cast a shadow. Jupiter cast a shadow—a faint one—at midsummer in 1891, but Venus' shadow will knock that of Jupiter all out.

Venus will remain at her brightest from June 2 to June 17. After that she *will begin the retrograde motion. July* 9 she will become a morning star. While Venus is nearest to us this summer it is expected that one very important point will be determined—whether, like the moon, she presents always the same side to us, performing a revolution around the sun in the same time that she rotates upon her axis. The astronomer Schiaparelli declares this to be the case.

An Insane Hypnotita.

It was the great lawyer, Rufus Choate, who, undertaking the defense of a man that had committed a murder under circumstances of peculiar atrocity, followed the case up till he discovered the deed had been done while the perpetrator was in the somnambulistic or sleep walking state—unconscious of his actions.

A case even more appalling in the possibilities it starts up has recently occurred. An insane woman, so mad that *it became necessary to put her into a* straitjacket, kept her husband habitually in the hypnotic state. By some means she had gained such extraordinary power over him that the merest *idea she put into his mind by* "suggestion," as the experts call it, was faithfully reproduced in his actions.

One of her ideas was that it was no longer necessary for him or her to eat. She therefore kept him away from food till he was in danger of starvation, as she herself was. At this point the police of New York city, where the couple lived, took the matter in hand. The crazy woman was sent to an asylum. The man, removed from her strange influence, began to eat and enjoy his food and speedily recovered. The woman was a Spiritualist and a writing medium.

But the story awakens strange thoughts. The hypnotic power is becoming more and more common, we are told. Hundreds of persons use it consciously or unconsciously. The life of one under the spell of an insane hypnotist would be weird enough to form the plot of a greater novel than any of the school of uncanny writers have yet produced.

One of the ladies caught in the New York hotel fire had presence of mind enough to wrap a wet towel over her head and face to prevent being suffocated with the smoke. By this means she was able to remain at a window till she gained the attention of those outside. The wet towel saved her life.

A writer in the New York World says that woman does not want man to lean upon any more. She wants him as a companion—a jolly and convenient sort of chum, so to speak. All the same, as long as the present pattern of car windows is in vogue men will be needed.

"The staying quality of a great nation is that it is not easily disturbed in its temper," says the New York Tribune. Likewise is this a staying quality of the great individual.

DE FREYCINET RESIGNS.

A Cabinet Crisis in France on the Catholic Question.

THE GOVERNMENT BADLY BEATEN.

Pope Leo's Recent Utterances in Favor of the Republic a Mighty Factor in Bringing About Its Crushing Defeat—Loubet May Will Probably Succeed Freycinet.

PARIS, Feb. 19.—Premier Freycinet has resigned, and Paris is wild with excitement. A vote was taken in the chamber of deputies on the associations bill, which was a measure against Catholic institutions, and it was defeated by a vote of 304 to 212. M. de Freycinet immediately resigned, and he and six ministers left the chamber.

The battle was opened in the chamber by M. Hubbard, Radical, who called for urgency on the associations bill.

M. Camagnac, Royalist, denounced the bill as a most iniquitous and odious measure and a precursor of the separation of the church and state.

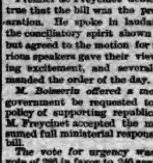
Premier de Freycinet denied that it was true that the bill was the precursor of separation. He spoke in laudatory terms of the conciliatory spirit shown by the pope, but agreed to the motion for urgency. Various speakers gave their views amid growing excitement, and several of them demanded the order of the day.

M. Boisseris offered a motion that the government be requested to continue its policy of supporting republican principles. M. Freycinet accepted the motion and asked for full ministerial responsibility for the bill.

The vote for urgency was adopted by a vote of 286 in favor to 249 against, and then followed the defeat of the bill.

The Catholics Jubilant.

The victory over the government was hailed with enthusiasm by the Catholics until all but the Radicals. The pope's recent utterances in favor of the republic is believed to be largely responsible for the triumph of the church over its enemies. After speaking of the liberty of conscience enjoyed in the American republic, he hoped



M. DE FREYCINET.

his followers declared it his wish and the wish of the church that France should be happy. "She is a nation whose religious mind and generous character, though they may not always bear fair in the straight path which is best suited for her interests, soon repair all faults and show her the clear truth. I pray [an] act in accordance with my prayer that, notwithstanding every resistance, there may come an end to the dissensions and the sterile quarrels which weaken her. All her citizens should meet upon the ground of legality. Each individual *may cherish* his own preferences. But when in the domain of action nothing else exists but the government which France has chosen. The republic is as legitimate a form of government as any other.

"Thanks to her strong constitution," his holiness added, "*France will rise to her* ancient greatness notwithstanding her enemies. I learn with joy that, though she possesses such abundant military resources and such valiant sons, France has not faltered in her prudence and patience. If she will but *free herself from the dissensions* that check the development and increase her influence; if she will but abstain from vain persecuting, she will soon regain the illustrious place and glorious rank in the world which belong to her."

It Is a Bad Defeat.

These utterances were made public just at the time when the government was proceeding to introduce its bill to effect the independence of the religious communities. They made a profound impression, and disarmed all who were not radically hostile to the church and resolved to degrade it. The government found, too late, that a mistake had been made, but resolved to persist, hoping to force the measure through. The defeat comes with stunning force, and is interpreted as a rebuke for the course of the ministry in clerical matters, from the time that M. Falliéres, as minister of public worship, prosecuted the archbishop of Aix for sentiments that were zealous and perhaps indiscreet, but were certainly not intended as any attack on the state.

M. de Freycinet has held the place of minister of war and premier since March, 1890. He is about sixty-four years of age, and has been prominent in public life since 1870, when he was coadjutor of M. Gambetta in the ministry of war. He was minister of foreign affairs from 1877 to 1879 and president of the council in 1890, January to July, 1891, and in 1885, after the resignation of M. Jules Ferry.

Loubet is looked upon as a possible successor of M. de Freycinet.

Balfour's Bill Ridiculed.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—The Irish local government bill, on which the ministry has staked its fortunes this session, was introduced by Mr. Balfour in a speech of considerable force. The scheme met with an extremely hostile reception from both sections of the Irish party and the Gladstonians. Mr. Morley denounced it as "monstrous," "an outrage" and "an imposture."

Mr. John Redmond, Parnellite, was equally emphatic, and Mr. Justin McCarthy followed suit. The support from the Unionist side was somewhat lukewarm and weak. Mr. Morley challenged the government amid tremendous cheers to go to the country on this "precious measure."

The Miners Will Be Paid.

MAHANOY CITY, Pa., Feb. 19.—The strike at the Lawrence and Brown colliery, at Mahanoy Plane, was ended by the assignee promising to pay all wages due on Saturday Feb. 20.

Y. M. C. A. Convention.

AUBURN, N. Y., Feb. 19.—The twenty-sixth annual convention of the Young Men's Christian association of the state of New York opened here with 300 delegates present.

He Was Lost, Not Kidnaped.

RAHWAY, N. J., Feb. 19.—Ira Wolcott, the boy supposed to have been kidnaped by tramps, returned home this evening. He had merely been lost by his sister.

Lingo Must Die.

TRENTON, Feb. 19.—Lingo must die. The supreme court has refused him a new trial.

The Virginia Debt Bill.

RICHMOND, Feb. 19.—The house has also passed the Virginia state debt bill.

THE NEWS BY ALBANY.

The Senate Wants the Sunday Paper and the Racing Game Suppressed.

ALBANY, Feb. 19.—Senator McMahon offered a resolution, which was adopted, stating the fact that it has been currently reported in the public prints that a combination has been formed by certain coal mining companies with the object of controlling and doing business in this state to advance the price of coal, and providing that the president appoint a committee of seven to employ counsel and clerks and witnesses and inquire into the rumor and report on or before March 17 as to what legislation may be advisable to suppress such a combination and the corporations amenable to the laws of this state.

Senator Endres offered a long preamble relating to the death alleged to have been caused by treatment at the Keeley Institute at White Plains, and ending with a resolution that the senate be empowered to investigate the cause of complaint against this institution or any other that receives patients to be cured of drunkenness by bichloride of gold or any other treatment. The report must be made not later than the March 17. The resolution was referred to the committee on public health.

The assembly passed an amendment to the charter of Buffalo, giving the appointment of the police commissioners, although four of the five members from Erie county voted against it.

Assemblyman Haley, a labor representative, had a bill *compelling* all persons convicted of a misdemeanor to be confined in the county in which the offense is committed. No convict labor or contract labor is permitted in prisons, and county jail inmates must be placed at work on public roads from May to September inclusive.

The general laws committee of the assembly gave a hearing on the bill reducing the legal rate of interest in the state from 6 to 3 per cent. Capitalists and bankers from all parts of the state were present, and a committee from the New York clearing house appeared to protest against its passage.

FASHIONS

Tea Jackets.

The variety of tea jackets is as extensive as are the patterns in tea gowns. A pretty model seen is of flowered cream tabbied around the bottom and braided with gold. It had a red plush waistcoat trimmed with

NECKBAND AND SLEEVE FOR TEA JACKET

Valdyke stripes of gold. Another, more ornate, had a silk waistcoat and sleeves *covered with cern lace and a full vest of* silk. A tea jacket more extraordinary, but not pretty was of curious striped silk made like a Chinaman's jacket, and one that was pretty but not extraordinary was made of dotted brocade and lace with *lace sleeves wrinkled all the way up* and daintily furbelowed here and here with ribbon and lace. It had a ribbon girdle. The more lacy or gauzelike a tea jacket is the more becoming it is.

In the cut are illustrated a stylish neck band and sleeve adopted for a tea jacket of China crape, silk or other soft dainty fabrics. The neck band is of silk covered with folds of chiffon and finished off with an embroidered jabot. The full elbow sleeve shown is of the same material as the jacket. *It is caught up toward the waist with folds* of ribbon and finished off with a gradiated frilling of embroidered chiffon to correspond with the epaulets and brace drapery

Guarded Against a Water Famine.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 19.—The Brooklyn bridge has now an artesian well with a capacity of 216,000 gallons per day, which will protect it from difficulties, such as was met with some months ago, when Brooklyn suffered with a water famine.

A Boy to Hang.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Feb. 19.—The supreme court denied a new trial to Charles Miller, the boy convicted of the murder and robbery of two tramps. Unless Governor Barber commutes the boy's sentence he will be hanged April 22.

Burned Up His Dead Children.

MONTREAL, Feb. 19.—Adolph Lewes lost three children and burned their bodies in a cooking stove to prevent coroners' inquests. The magistrates have been applied to, but they hold that he acted within his rights.

A Deathblow to Jersey Racing.

PASSAIC, Feb. 19.—The conviction of the officials of the Clifton Jockey club for illegally maintaining a race track here has been confirmed by the supreme court. This virtually kills racing in this state.

German Editors May Fight.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 19.—A duel is imminent between Editor Danziger, of The Anzeiger, and Editor Willich, of Die Lanterne, on account of an editorial in The Anzeiger referring on Willich.

Sought Refuge in Death.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., Feb. 19.—Isaac L. Cowen a highly esteemed city official, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head. Ill health and despondency was the cause.

Buried by Secretary Tracy.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 19.—Secretary of the Navy Tracy inspected the Brooklyn navy yard, and a consultation with the heads of departments was also held.

Twenty Years for Wife Murder.

EAST CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 19.—Frank L. Moulton, of Lowell, was sentenced to twenty years in the state prison for killing his wife.

Still They Go Back.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—Five contract laborers were returned to Europe by the Immigrant authorities here.

SPLIT ON FREE COINAGE.

Democratic Opposition to the Bland Bill Developing.

THE SILVER MEN ARE CONFIDENT.

But the Anti-Free Coinage Democrats to the Number of Fifty Demand a Caucus to Decide on the Advisability of Postponing the Issue Until After Election.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Mr. Palmer's speech in favor of the constitutional amendment for the election of senators by the people, and Mr. Sherman's resolution foreshadowing the introduction of a bill to meet the case of the Italian prisoners killed in the New Orleans parish prison were the chief features of the morning's business in the senate. The rest of the session was devoted to memorial tributes to the late Senator Plumb. There being a constitutional difficulty in the way of the senate adjourning till after Washington's Birthday without the consent of the house, it was agreed to hold a short session tomorrow.

The house proceedings otherwise confined exclusively to the discussion of the Indian appropriation bill were enlivened by a discussion on the silver question between Mr. Harter, of Ohio, and Mr. Bland, of Missouri, the latter producing a circular which Harter had sent to the various Grand Army posts advising them to write to their congressmen to vote against the free silver bill. The members crowded around the apartment to witness the row, but it ended in farces. Bland said that Mr. Harter was trying to bulldoze congressmen to vote against the silver bill. Mr. Harter denied that this was his purpose. He claimed that the party was committing political suicide, and would re-elect Mr. Harrison if they passed a free coinage silver bill. Mr. Bland offered to keep his silver vote, which he held aloft, for the gold one carried by Mr. Harter, a piece of character acting which was greatly enjoyed by the house.

A split is on in free silver.

The free coinage Democrats in the house have secured the signatures of a majority of Democratic members to the petition requesting the committee on rules to set apart time at an early day for the consideration of the Bland free coinage bill. No attempt will be made to get any more signatures, but the petition will be presented to the committee on rules for several days in order *to give the committee a chance to set apart* time for the consideration of the bill without being influenced in doing so. This, it is believed, will strengthen the cause of free coinage in the house. The free coinage men are much encouraged at the success of their efforts *in securing a majority of Demo*cratic names to their petition, and they contend that, with the free coinage Republicans, the Farmers' Alliance men and a number of acknowledged free coinage Democrats, who did not sign the petition, there will be no difficulty in passing the Bland bill.

The anti-free coinage Democrats are evidently alarmed at the activity of their opponents on the silver question, and they will endeavor to have a Democratic caucus called for Thursday night of next week to consider the bill and the silver question generally with a view to deciding on a policy that will be for the best interests of the party. The following petition, drawn by Representative Harter, of Ohio, was circulated about the house by Mr. Harter, Mosers. Andrew, of Massachusetts, and fifty Democratic signatures were secured.

The Call for a Caucus.

To the Hon. William S. Holman, Chairman:

DEAR SIR—We request a call for a meeting of the Democratic members of the house for Thursday evening, Feb. 25, 1892, at 7:30 o'clock, to consider two resolutions which will be presented. These are as follows:

(1) Resolved, That we are in favor of the coinage of the silver bullion now in the treasury, and that we are unalterably opposed to any legislation that will drive either metal out of general circulation.

(2) Resolved, That it justice to the Democratic party and the best interests for the general business, industrial and financial interests of the nation, we deem it the duty of the Democratic members of the *Fifty-second* congress to defer any definite action on the subject of free coinage until the question of its constitutionality is distinctly made in the elections of 1892.

We ask you further to invite the Democratic members of the senate to this meeting.

In speaking of the request for a caucus Mr. Harter said: "You may say that the request is beginning to circulate at Washington. The great bulk of the members on both sides see that free silver will absolutely ruin the Democratic party. The passage of a law giving to the owner of the average miner only forty-one cents and the miners at Creede, Colo., about fifteen cents a full legal tender coin of 100 cents is such a palpable swindle that a child of ten can see it and a deaf man hear it. Our members begin to realize that it will only help the mine owners, the bloodsuckers and the speculators in New York. It will rob the pensioner of over one-third of his support. It will steal away from the workingman nearly of two dollars out of every thirty cents of each dollar which he sweats for. It will sweep away over 25 per cent. of the savings of laboring men, deserving people and, cheap of over $200 on every $1,000 life insurance policy which protects a home anywhere. No, the Democratic party is not so an, nor will it be when the people have had an object lesson in asylum, and after we have all had time to think the number of men who will vote to take from the millions in order to pour wealth untold on the laps of members of the silver ring will be found comparatively small."

Mr. Geary, from the house committee on foreign affairs, reported a bill to absolutely prohibit the coming of Chinese persons into the United States.

To Visit the World's Fair.

Up to last evening the acceptances of invitations to visit Chicago and inspect the World's fair improvements were 102 from representatives and fourteen from senators. The desire of the house to adjourn over until Tuesday will result in a considerable increase in this number. Arrangements have been made for the transportation of about 200 guests, who will go in four trains of Pullman cars, leaving this afternoon over the Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

Jeff Davis County.

JACKSON, Miss., Feb. 19.—A bill was passed by the legislature creating a new county to be named Jeff Davis county. It is to be formed by uniting large sections of Bolivar and Sunflower counties.

Bradley Elected Commander.

WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 19.—At the encampment of the Grand Army post of this state George W. Bradley, of Bridgeville, was elected department commander.

John Hoey's Alleged Pension.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Feb. 19.—It is said John Hoey has asked the Adams Express company to pension him.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

ONE OF THE BEST

Fitting and best wearing shoes for the money, is our Ladies Genuine Dongola Button Shoe, Price $1.50, common sense and opera toe, width C D & E.

We do not make much on these goods, but we sell them nevertheless. That's the Difference. DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

229 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

CUT THIS OUT.

THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved. This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved. This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

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House-furnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games, Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that others can't touch (make the comparison), 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 25c. Royal Tooth Powder at 6 cents.

J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Missans' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel We have the BEST Feed, Barley, Oats and Sweet Bran, and make a specialty of reclaimed Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 6, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

NO AUCTION SALE AT CAREY'S

UNTIL

FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1892.

Remember, we have the

Finest and Best Storage Rooms

in the city.

76, 78 and 80 West Front Street.

Also come and get your Bed and Bedding, etc, at Carey's.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.

Great Overcoat Sale.

30 DAYS ONLY!

OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.

GENUINE : BARGAINS!

Call and examine before they are are all gone.

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE.

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

and Rheumatic Habits are acknowledged by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES

CONSTIPATION, KIDNEY TROUBLES

FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPEPSIA

and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

45 East Second street, corner Washington

NOTICE!

I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my

Liberty Street Market

where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices

GOOD -:- MEAT!

Of all kinds.

Charles Arnold,

21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Cases for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

CIGAR STORE,

29 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the finest and most approved manner.

The most costly fabrics are very successfully improper laundering. Lace curtains finished equal to new. Our prices will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,

14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

26 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E., Engineer of the Famous Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON, Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public and Conveyancer. Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections made. Office, corner of Park avenue and Somerset street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON, Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections made. Office, corner of Park avenue and Somerset street.

CLARK & HEED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CHAS. A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

OSCAR S. TRALLE, Architect, 287 Broadway, New York; office, rooms 23 and 24, Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD

GOODLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Prompt terms in cement and brick. Our excavator is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House, or at the residence of John Jones, Cleaner and Field Fertilizer. P. O. box 503 Telephone call 24.

Closing Out Sale!

SPLENDID BARGAINS!

WALL PAPER AT COST.

In order to lose not a little you to stock of WALL PAPER to make room for New Goods.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

(Successors to W. P. Adams, 20 East Front Street.)

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

New York's Convention Promises to Be a Unit for Hill.

THE FIGHT AGAINST SENATOR QUAY

It Is the Purpose of His Opponents to Also Encompass the Political Downfall of Senator Cameron—Quay Is Not Napping, Though, and Wins One Victory.

ALBANY, Feb. 19.—There was a base possibility until to-day that ex-President Grover Cleveland might have two delegates of the seventy-two that New York will send to Chicago. That possibility has ceased now, apparently, and the whole seventy-two will be Hill men.

Up in the northern part of the state is the Twenty-first congressional district, composed of the counties of Essex, Clinton, Franklin and Warren. Here Smith M. Weed, who in the old days was such a close friend of Samuel J. Tilden, had political power. He lived in Clinton county himself, and never had any trouble of keeping control of Essex and Warren. With Franklin he seldom bothered.

When he was disappointed a year ago in not getting the nomination for the United States senate he and David B. Hill had a quarrel. Mr. Weed said he had been deceived into believing that the governor would not be a candidate, while Senator Hill declared that he had never made any promises or pledges to any man.

It Was Hill's Day.

This year Mr. Weed determined that the senator shouldn't have the delegation from that district. He didn't join the Cooper Union body, preferring to do his fighting inside the party lines, but he was against Hill just as hard as any of the men who signed the protest against the date of the convention. Senator Hill's friends knew this, and the district went for a boy's day. Hill also knew it was no use trying to capture Essex and Clinton, so he doubled his efforts in Warren and Franklin.

Last week the conventions were held in Essex and Clinton and Mr. Weed's friends took control. Today was Hill's day and he captured the conventions in Warren and Franklin after a hot fight known in the primaries and carried through to the end.

The result of this is that there will be a tie when the delegates of that congressional district meet, and the election of its two delegates to Chicago will be left to the convention. The men favoring Governor Hill will, of course, be elected with a hurrah. That will make the delegation from the state solid for Hill.

A Short Convention.

There is talk of some defection in Chautauqua, and it is likely that the Cleveland men will carry both districts of that large county, but in the election of delegates from that congressional district they will be outvoted by the two districts of Chautauqua and the one of Allegany county.

The convention will be short. It will meet in Harmanus Bleeker hall at noon on Washington's Birthday. It will organize, appoint committees and adjourn until 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Then it will have a permanent organization, elect delegates at large, pass resolutions and adjourn.

A resolution will be passed virtually instructing the delegates to vote for Senator Hill for president in the national Democratic convention. This resolution will be in similar form to the resolution for Cleveland at the convention of 1888. A unit rule will also be added, so that there will be no doubt of the way the delegation stands.

Quay Scores a Point.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 19.—While Quay's opponents were flattering themselves on the strength of the opposition to him his friends quietly scored an important point in the Twenty-fourth Congressional district, composed of a part of Allegheny and all of Washington, Fayette and Greene counties. The Allegheny and Washington end of the district is Republican. Fayette is doubtful and Greene is solidly Democratic.

A conference of Republican committees from these counties was held to fix the time and manner in nominating. Quay's friends had April 19 selected as the date and secured the adoption of a resolution that the delegates shall be chosen on the basis of the Republican vote.

The early date and the manner determined upon, it is thought, will insure the nomination of Quay's man Acheson for congress and give Quay the Republican legislative votes from the district.

The Pittsburg members of the Pennsylvania Republican association, whose names were made known for the first time when they appeared signed to the address sent out from Philadelphia, talked freely today, saying that they are in earnest. All are men of the highest social and business standing and have never been known as independents.

S. U. Trent said: "We already have a strong anti-Quay organization in Allegheny county. It will work in harmony with the state association. A meeting will be held soon, and then we will be fully prepared for the campaign."

Colonel William A. Herron was positive in stating that he has no personal feeling against Senator Quay. He said:

"My principal objection to Senator Quay equally concerns Senator Cameron. I believe Pennsylvania is never heard on the floor of the United States senate. This movement is not in the interest of any person in particular, the whole object being to secure a change. Senator Quay is absent from Washington too much to be able to attend to the duties of his office."

Say State Republican Convention.

BOSTON, Feb. 19.—The Republican state central committee decided to hold the state convention for the election of delegates to the Republican national convention at Tremont temple, Boston, on Wednesday, April 20.

Eighteen Were Drowned.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 19.—Advices from Honolulu report the total wreck of the American whaling bark Tamerlane. Captain Howland and his crew of seventeen men were drowned.

Heirs to Seventeen Millions.

FORT DODGE, Ia., Feb. 19.—Mrs. Thomas Maguire, of Lehigh, and Mrs. Wilfred Carman, of Dayton, have been notified they are heirs to a fortune of $17,000,000 from an old Scotland estate.

Burned to Death.

REYNOLDSVILLE, Pa., Feb 19.—James Martin and Frank Farrell, each about sixteen, were drowned in Sandy Lake creek while playing marbles on the ice.

Destroyed Before It Was Finished.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Feb. 19.—The new Methodist college building was burned. It was in process of erection and was nearly completed.

Three Squares.

Blinks—I don't know about this $1.50 is small pay for a poem that makes three squares.

Editor—What do you expect? That is the price of three squares.

Blinks—Three square wheat?

Editor—Mmm.—New York Herald.

Life Is Short.

"My darling," she murmured, "you know that I love you. Is this not enough for the present? He assured that I will set a day for our wedding as soon as it is possible."

"That's all right, Miranda," doggedly replied the young man, "but I hope you will remember that I've got to be married in this dress suit and it won't last for ever."—Clothier and Furnisher.

THE READING'S NEW OFFICERS.

List of the Men Who Will Conduct the Gigantic Combination.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—The list of new officers of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad appointed in conformity with the new deal is as follows: First vice president, J. Rogers Maxwell, president of the Jersey Central, who will have headquarters in the Jersey Central building, in New York; second vice president, Charles Harrisburg, vice president of the Lehigh Valley, who will be in charge of the finances of the company; third vice president, Robert H. Sayre, vice president of the Lehigh Valley, who will be in charge of construction and maintenance of way; general traffic manager, John Taylor, now with the Lehigh Valley; assistant to the president, Henry S. Drinker, now with the Lehigh Valley. The management of the Lehigh Valley and the Jersey Central is in the same hands as heretofore. Mr. McLeod is president of the consolidation.

Another Reading Denial.

BOSTON, Feb. 19.—E. R. Reynolds, assistant superintendent of the New York and New England railroad, says the report that traffic arrangements have been made with Reading for a large coal tonnage is untrue.

CURTIS SCORES A BIG POINT.

A Witness for the Prosecution Gives Telling Evidence in His Favor.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 19.—The prosecution in the Curtis murder trial introduced in rebuttal the testimony of three witnesses. The testimony of one of these, George Alpers, was a surprise to the prosecution, inasmuch as it tended to impeach the testimony of the officers who swore that from the time they commenced the chase they never for an instant lost sight of Curtis. Alpers testified that he worked in a saloon near the scene of the murder and heard three shots fired on the night in question. That he saw a man running away with three men following, and that the man turned the corner of Shipley street before the officers did. Officer Newman was next sworn. He admitted that he had lost sight of Curtis when in pursuit of him. This is in direct contradiction to the testimony given by him Wednesday when he swore he had kept Curtis in sight all the time.

Knocked Out by Ike Weir.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Feb. 19.—Ike Weir and Frank Steele fought for a purse at the Athletic club. The fight was fiercely fought for twelve rounds, when Ike had punished his opponent so badly that he went to sleep for thirty-two seconds, and the "Spider" won. It was a clean knock out.

Death of Dr. Whitsar.

CAMDEN, N. J., Feb. 19.—The Rev. H. E. Whitsar, D. D., one of the oldest members of the New Jersey Methodist conference, died of pneumonia. His wife was buried Tuesday.

An Annexation Organ.

WINDSOR, Ont., Feb. 19.—A number of advocates of annexation with the United States have formed a company and will start a daily paper to support political union.

Three Men Fatally Burned.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 19.—John McCaffrey, John Fischer and John Ward were fatally burned at the Edgar Thompson works by by the overturning of a steel converter.

The Money Bank Receiver.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The comptroller of the currency appointed Emerson Collins, of Williamsport, receiver of the First National bank of Muncy, Pa.

Dashed Down Fifty Feet.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 19.—Five scene painters were dashed down fifty feet and fatally injured by the fall of a scaffold in the Columbia theater.

Fell Through the Ice.

NEWARK, N. Y., Feb. 19.—Arthur Cummings, a lad, fell through the ice on a pond in Woodside. He was pulled out, but died.

Earthquakes and Smallpox.

TOKIO, Feb. 19.—Sixty houses were destroyed by earthquakes at Nagoya. Smallpox is still raging at Yokohama and Tokio.

She Was Almost a Hundred.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 19.—Mrs. Grace Munson Wheeler died here, aged ninety-nine years, six months and four days.

Indians Kill One Another.

FORT STANTON, N. M., Feb. 20.—In a fight between Lipan and Mescalero Indians, four Indians were killed.

Senator Squires' Mother Dead.

CLINTON, O., Feb. 19.—The mother of Senator Squires, of Washington, died here, aged ninety-two.

Typhus Wiping Them Out.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 19.—Forty of the German colonists at Orenburg have perished of typhus fever.

An American Bark Wrecked.

PARIS, Feb. 19.—The American bark Sea King is stranded at Gravelines and will be a total failure.

The San Francisco Sails.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Feb. 19.—The cruiser San Francisco sailed for Honolulu this morning.

THE LEADER OF THE TURF DEAD.

David Dresham Withers, the "master of Brookdale," Passes Away.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—David D. Withers, the leader of the American turf, is dead. The death of Mr. Withers removes one of the best known figures on the American turf. There is not a true American horseman who will not learn with sorrow that the "Master of Brookdale" has passed away. The "old black" has always been a power on the turf. He, and it is by his racing interests that Mr. Withers is best known. He did not race horses for profit. His hobby was to reach the highest point in breeding. Every thoroughbred that he raced in recent years he bred himself, and though his theory in regard to breeding cannot be said to have been proved correct, he gave the American public the greatest race course known to the world. Mr. Withers was always a lover of horses.

DAVID D. WITHERS.

In 1871 Brookdale, the farm so well known today, was purchased by Mr. Withers, his stable and track up to this time being at Madison, N. J. Brookdale is about four miles from Red Bank and six miles from Monmouth Park, and consists of about 900 acres of fine land.

It is the model stud farm of the country. Today there are about 125 thoroughbreds there. Mr. Withers spent a great deal at least two days a week at his farm. Every detail of the establishment was known to him. In the early days before the breeding stud had assumed large proportions, Mr. Withers used to purchase yearlings at the Lexington sales. The descendants of those horses are now at Brookdale.

A HOME DESTROYER KILLED.

The Late Admiral Baldwin's Daughter Brings Disgrace to Her Family.

PARIS, Feb. 19.—Edward Parker Deacon, an American well known in New York and Boston, suddenly returned to his apartments in the Hotel Splendide, in Cannes, and found his wife in her bedroom in a compromising position with M. Emile Abeille, who is said to be a close friend of the Deacons. Mr. Deacon. The outraged husband hotly upbraided his wife, holding her lover at bay with a revolver. Mrs. Deacon, incensed with terror, crawled from her bed and fell on her knees at her husband's feet.

Mr. Deacon then turned to Abeille, and with scornful and contemptuous words discharged his pistol at the Frenchman, who screamed and fell back upon the rug before the bed. He died in a few moments. The husband then turned again to his wife, and, refusing to shoot her, declared that she should live to have the finger of scorn pointed at her for the rest of her life.

The guests and attendants of the hotel and the police then arrived. Mrs. Deacon's four young children were taken to another part of the hotel and placed in charge of friends. Mr. Deacon went to another hotel, nominally in charge of the police.

M. Bret, the ablest lawyer of Cannes, will defend Mr. Deacon, and the general impression is that he will not only be acquitted, but exhonerated.

Mr. Deacon came from Boston, where he has wealthy and influential relatives. He has lived abroad for about fifteen years. His wife is a daughter of the late Admiral Baldwin, of the United States navy, and is said to be a wealthy woman in her own right. She is a very handsome woman, and her husband recently is said to have become excitable and jealous owing to the excessive attentions she received from the many gentlemen friends of the family.

Two of the Delamaters Acquitted.

MEADVILLE, Pa., Feb. 19.—At the conclusion of the arguments upon the law points in the Delamater trial, Judge Henderson decided that there was not sufficient evidence to warrant the court to submit the cases of T. A. Delamater and George B. Delamater to the jury without imperative instructions for acquittal. The court, however, ruled that the case of George W. Delamater, ex-state senator and Republican candidate for governor of Pennsylvania in 1890, should proceed. By this ruling the entire brunt of the $1,100,000 failure of Dec. 4, 1890, is thrown upon the man generally looked upon as the active spirit of the unfortunate bibliopolic institution. Many people who have attentively listened to the evidence and argument thus far are firm in the belief that George W. Delamater will be acquitted.

The Moral of Hawaii's Election.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 19.—Hawaiian advices state that the election resulted in the defeat of the liberal, or Bush-Wilcox party. The conservatives have a strong majority in both houses. The result of the election may be considered in a general way as favorable to annexation to the United States.

Cardinal Richard Refused.

PARIS, Feb. 19.—Cardinal Richard, archbishop of Paris, having declined to transmit to the French bishops the pope's letter enjoining upon them a cessation of their opposition to the republic, the papal nuncio has been instructed to perform that duty.

Left His Debts Behind Him.

CARROLL, Ia., Feb. 19.—O. A. Kentner, of the Citizens' State bank, disposed of his interest in the bank and left with his wife for parts unknown. He owes thousands of dollars and it is feared the bank is badly involved.

Murder at an Election.

WARRIOR, Ala., Feb. 19.—The municipal election, the issue of which was prohibition and anti-prohibition, resulted in the killing of O. B. Williamson, the Prohibition leader, by George Kelley, the leader of the antis.

A Labor Revolt in Rome.

ROME, Feb. 19.—The Workmen's society of this city has ordered a general strike by all trades as a protest against the reduction of the labor on public works. The garrison of the city has been reinforced.

Major Wyman Resigns.

ALLEGHENY CITY, Feb. 19.—James G. Wyman, mayor of this city, who was convicted for extortion last week, has handed his resignation to councils. He is to be tried for embezzlement shortly.

A Railroad Strike Expected.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Feb. 19.—General Manager Robinson, of the Grand Island road, has determined to refuse the demands of the men. A strike is expected.

Caught by Decoy Letters.

MERIDEN, Conn., Feb. 19.—William Sharpe, colored, an employee of the postoffice, has been arrested for robbing the mails. He was caught by decoy letters.

Rogers' Fine Remitted.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The president has remitted the fine of $79.71 imposed on Isaac Rogers, of Pennsylvania, for violation of the banking laws.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK P. CRANE
Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Dynamos, Motors and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Gasoline stove building and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Bertrand street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 320 Fourth avenue.

RICHER

Hot Water or Steam Heating

Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

60 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

50c a Bottle

for

EMULSION

of

COD LIVER OIL.

with HYPOPHOSPHATES,

at

Williams' Pharmacy

No. 90 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

BROWN & MILLS

Plumbing and hot water heating parlors, 19 PORTER HOUSE, 5 PARK AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Boot black stand connected with the shop.

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.
Of finest
Light Blue Color.
References:—

F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
BOBT. A. MEKEEL, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

19 SOMERSET STREET.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BRICK

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE

P. O. BOX 1462.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

C. DICKINSON
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY
PRESENTS
Also Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses. Repairing promptly attended to.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Al berd, P. O. Box 1008.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Lessons and entertainment in French Lectures. Class or private lessons. Introduction to French Literature. Address Mme. Bonnemaison, French Protestant Girls' Boarding School, and others. For terms or a trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Vinson, rues of Illiers Combray and Bretons, 17 La Grande avenue, Neuilly.

HARNED ACADEMY,
Boarding and Day School, Re-opens MONDAY, Sept. 14th, 1891.
For circular call at the Academy or address EDWARD B. HARNED, Prin. 1187 107 Pine ave., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS PAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. The high instruction in Studies and Practice. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 16 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of Piano and Harmony, gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Library terms to classes. Rest of references. No. 14 Somerset Street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. S. STEPHENS,
Tailor, 72 and 74 Somerset street, opposite post office. Choice goods always in stock. Prices reasonable. Cutting specialty. C. H. Jeffers cuts, trims and goes over; flower pots and hanging baskets; pure white vinegar four years old. Rose geraniums.

MISS LINDSAY,
Dressmaker, Cutter, Fitter, 36 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lind say has a lot of nice maple trees, young ones, and shrubs. 1207

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenue
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.
THREE BEE TEA

201 North Avenue,

Corner Bertrand street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 320 Fourth avenue.

We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicons, etc. In fact everything in one line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek.

32 PARK AVENUE.

DON'T FORGET

In making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for yourself

CUT OUT-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
at LINBARGER'S, the Tailor.
No. 10 PARK AVENUE,
at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER that I GUARANTEE a fit.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST.

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete elocution of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 67 Duer St., North Plainfield.

PEANUTS 5c. P.B.M. COFFEE.
FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.
Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.
I have this day removed the store, to our Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.
DAVID THE ERE,
Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, Preserved Sugar Corn, Succotash & Morrell Park Sugar Corn, Shawsheen Tomatoes, Earl Tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's Stewed Tomatoes, Fast & Webster's extra Sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early June Peas, Stansbury Asparagus Beans, Hudson River Asparagus and tips. Special reduction given by the case and dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats

79 BROADWAY.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Station Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL, NO. 28.

Carriages for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for hire.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service Horses for horses' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

89 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly located coal yard, where he will be pleased to wait on his old patrons and all others who may favor him with their orders. He believes he can please every one who will give him a trial. Orders left at Green Lemmon and Hetherington Coal Co.'s yard will receive prompt attention.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for Threshing and Sawing Grain, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

General Hardware and House-furnishing,

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Carpenter and Machinist Tools!

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

HARNESS and BLANKETS.

UNUSUAL LOW PRICES. TELEPHONE CALL 108.

H. E. RIDER, Manager. A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

THE METROPOLITAN STABLE,

20 and 24 North Avenue, through to second Street.

RACING CARRIAGE PAIRS,
HIGH-LOCKED "C-CART"
AND ROAD CART HORSES,
CANADIAN BUSINESS,
COBS AND BUSINESS HORSES,
LADIES' SADDLE
AND DRIVING HORSES.
ALSO A SPECIALTY IN ONE
TEAMSTER'S ROAD TEAMS, SINGLE
DRIVERS AND TROTTERS.

43 WEST FRONT STREET.

A DISH is never relished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and well-selected stock of Choice

Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes,

BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gins, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER.

If given a call will be able to compare our goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.

F. LINKE, Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer. Telephone Co. 127.

Lumber & Coal
LOOMIS & RICE

Bidway. 49 TELEPHONE 75 X

Real Estate & Insurance.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

REAL ESTATE

and Insurance.

Money to loan on first mortgage.

NO. 68 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

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REAL ESTATE

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INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

69 North avenue.

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AND

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DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

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M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

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Money to Loan on approved security. Corner Green and Park avenue.

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Fraternity and Protection.

1892. Membership, 120,000. 1892.

Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization. Reserves, $1,000,000. Local Council of Home, meets First and Third Tuesday evenings, in Washington Lodge Room, Rose Block.

Louis L. Van Alstyne, Director.
Hugh A. Duff, Secretary, Plainfield, N. J.

Washington Council, No. 24, organized and Second Mondays at 8 p. m. 1187 tf

Builders' Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

37 Somerset street, for

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Shop and residence, New avenue, Plainfield N. J. Specialty: First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1008.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 22

JOHN REHRMANN,
Stair Builder, and hard wood mantel maker, Corner of Second and Rogers streets, North Plainfield, N. J. 15-16-17 J. REHRMANN, 9 Rogers street.

R. V. BAUME,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bound P. O. Box 1008. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Second avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 822.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 81.
W. J. Pierson, No. 19 Vine street, N. E. Gayle, No. 16 Pine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 30 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty
Jobbing promptly attended to
Window Screens
made to order.

PURE MILK
Delivered to any part of the city by
D. D. SCHENCK.
A postal addressed to Box 98 Plainfield will receive prompt attention. 1187

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

CLUB MEMBERS AND CALLING.

A Woman's Duty Regarding Acquaintances in Her Favorite Club.

There is one question which often causes dissension in clubs, and that is the right to blackball and the cases where it is proper to exercise this right. Of course the latter will vary with the aims and nature of the organization. Some societies do not permit the use of the blackball. They employ instead the services of an investigating committee, who make inquiries into the record of the person proposed for membership and report upon her eligibility. This would seem to be merely a shifting of responsibility from the governing committee, or club, to the investigating committee, and would not appear to be a sufficient substitute for the blackball in an organization of a social nature.

While the right to exclude another person from a club should be exercised very seldom, and never from personal motives, it is shown that many individuals would seem to show that many organizations need this safeguard, not only in order to protect themselves from the intrusion of undesirable persons, but also in order to preserve the essential characteristics of the body. Thus, a literary club, while it may admit to membership a certain proportion of people who are not literary men and women, must guard against allowing too many of the latter to enter the limits for obvious reasons. The same thing is true of a musical or dramatic club.

Emerson says: "Do not look scurvy at the set or the club which does not choose you. Every highly organized person knows the value of the social barriers, since the best society has often been spoiled to him by the intrusion of bad companions. He of all men would keep the right of choice sacred, and feel that the exclusions are in the interest of the admissions, though they happen at this moment to thwart his wishes."

It is usual and proper to conduct all matters pertaining to the election or rejection of proposed members with due secrecy, and it would be highly improper for a club member to speak of these proceedings to any one outside of the elective body. Where the decision as to the admission of members is intrusted to a governing committee, candidates and their friends should avoid questioning the individuals composing the board, since these questions may be difficult and embarrassing to answer.

It is an important feature of club training it is wise for women not to ask thoughtless questions: that is, questions which place the person interrogated in an awkward position. Men soon learn this lesson from their contact with the world, and from the rough answers which they often receive when they ask inconsiderate or intrusive questions.

It is usual and customary to notify the member who has proposed a friend for election, of the result of the votes, at the proper time and place. Since it is always a mortifying experience to be blackballed, it would seem to be the part of wisdom to keep the names of the candidates a private matter until they are elected members of the club.

There is quite a large class of clubs, the meetings of which are held in rotation at the houses of the different members. Some persons dislike going in this way to an entertainment given by a lady with whom they are not acquainted, or who has failed to call upon them. A little reflection, however, as to the true nature and object of a club, will show the fallacy of this view. People who belong to an organization of this sort bind themselves to meet together for a certain purpose, and instead of resenting the fact that your fellow member has not yet found time or opportunity to call upon you, you should rather consider that she is in all probability quite willing to make your acquaintance, or, if it is already made, to improve it—otherwise she would not have joined the club.

One must observe a happy medium, however, between ungracious reluctance and over effusiveness. It is very possible for two people to be on pleasant and friendly terms as fellow members of a club without belonging each on the other's visiting list. After attending an entertainment given at a private house, whether it be a club meeting or an ordinary party, one should call upon the hostess. This is the custom among the members of the Town and Country club at Newport. The hostess may return the call if she choose, but if she should not do so the guest need not feel in the least disturbed, for she has fulfilled an obvious duty.

Some persons send cards instead of calling in person. Where two ladies belong to the same club or society, but have never visited each other, neither should offer to do so too promptly.—Florence Howe Hall in Homemaker.

Calling a Halt on the Spoon Fad.

It does seem as if the time had come for an indictment against the souvenir spoon. A certain wise man, with a facility for getting at his mind very off into queer places, gave the subject much grave consideration not long ago, and as a result announced that, in his opinion, they were having a really demoralizing effect upon society. Formerly, he says, the afternoon call and cup of tea were good things, affording rest to the body and possibly to the mind also, but since the spoon became twin topic to the weather all that is changed.

Perhaps twin topic isn't exactly the way to put it either, because that implies that they are equally boring, whereas the spoon is the worst by far the worst. For in the matter of rain or shine it is possible to hazard one's own opinion, while to speak intelligently of the other requires a special education and a brand new dictionary into the bargain. Now, what man in fifty he went on, knows whether that ridiculous little image on the handle of the Bunbey scoop—for the manic appears to have girdled the planet—is a Krishna, or a Noah, or an Episcopal minister in his vestments. And what is more, why should he be made to know? It isn't a bit of information that appears worth giving mind room to.

If one stops to think of it, it is nothing more than a phase of the disease which in poorer folk leads to the collection of stamps and advertising cards and buttons. But there is no safety in defying with temptations of this kind: it is a malady more contagious than the grip and for which no virus has been discovered whose inoculation is a preventive. Therefore, according to the testimony of honorable men, it would be a good thing if these simple observations would make people think twice before setting up a sentiment spoon fetish. —Boston Transcript.

New York Men and Women.

January is the liveliest month in the year for those fortunate ones who live in the gilded circles of what is called society. It is one long month of breakfasts, teas, receptions, banquets and dances. How New Yorkers endure it is a mystery to those who cannot peep behind the scenes. It is this dining and wining that gives rise to the silly reports now and then printed in the papers about the excesses indulged in by New York women. The ladies of New York society could bear the ridiculous stories that are told of them they would be amused as well as disgusted.

A glance at the women and girls on Broadway on any early afternoon when the weather is pleasant will prove that this dashing, straight and strong mothers, wives and sweethearts, whose eyes are bright and cheeks fresh with the glow of health. Live regular, healthy lives. Their faces do not tell of any excesses. On the contrary, if they show anything, it is that their owners bathe regularly, walk miles in the open air, and ride and drive in the early morning and have healthy appetites. If any one doubts this statement let him take a walk on Fifth avenue on a Sunday just as the churches are dismissed.

No city in the world can show such fine, healthy, beautiful, well dressed women as New York. It is the New York man, and not the woman, who is pale or sallow faced, has big rings under his eyes and "that tired feeling" that makes youthful delusion.—Foster Coates in New York Mail and Express.

Sleeping Between Black Sheets.

The fad of wearing black silk underclothing is said to be dying out among New York society women, and they are returning to less striking shades. This may be due to the fact that the fad of sleeping between black sheets is now being introduced and fancy demands a change of color for underclothing. A real society woman could hardly be expected to invent anything new and the idea of black sheets comes from abroad. An item was printed in a London paper some time ago that a certain countess of something or other had gone to sleeping between black silk sheets. A New York woman wrote at once to a friend in London and had the report confirmed.

Thereupon in New York that woman bestowed her own fair form between the lustrous folds that old Gotham could supply, and so the fad took root. The matter was the subject of canvass at the Charity ball this other night, and the fact was developed that in ultrafoolish circles it is now the thing to do. It is quite proper thing. When these delicate dames learn that black dye contains more poison than any other, black sheets and black underclothing may cease to be the rage. Light blue or light pink would be reasonably safe, and the difference to any other shade, if they were consulted.—New York Cor. Chicago Herald.

Ideas That Brought Returns.

There was a young woman in Indianapolis who took some bolting cloth, which is a silk, gauzy fabric used in the manufacture of flour, firm in texture and beautiful to the eye. On this she painted some native Hoosier plant, roots, bloom and flower, and sent it to an exhibition in this city. Nothing of the kind had ever been seen before.

Correspondence was opened with her, and it led the way to many orders and much money for the young woman. Another woman or girl got skeins of yarn and made them into portieres, which she painted in Indian fashion and strung with beads. This was sent to New York and placed in an exhibition where originality is sure to be appreciated, and she, too, prospered by means of orders for curtains to be hung in Adirondack lodges and fishing and hunting clubs.

There was a woman down on a farm in Tennessee who wrote an article on pig killing and sent it to a New York editor. It was a subject she knew all about, and she set it forth with so much wit, vivacity and learning that the editor wrote to her, and she is now doing good work with her pen in this city.—New York Evening Sun.

English Nurses and Hospitals.

When all the particulars of the census are out it will probably be found that there are nearly 30,000 women in the United Kingdom who earn their living by nursing. The number seems large enough, yet becomes comprehensible when we consider that the nursing staff of the largest hospital in London numbers 250, and that the nursing staffs of the twenty largest hospitals reach a total of 1,000. And there are 126 hospitals in London, besides the numerous institutions which supply private nurses, of which several employ over 100 women.

This large band of trained nurses has grown into being since the days of the Crimea, when the labors of Florence Nightingale first roused the enthusiastic admiration of the whole country, and how short a period has brought so great a result is shown by the fact that Miss Nightingale still directs the chief training school for nurses, and is still turned to for advice when committees desire to build homes for different nurses or otherwise improve their schemes.

In the long bids for notoriety now made by many philanthropists it is well to remember that in the cause of nursing the sick the best and greatest workers in the gentle and retiring lovable ladies who sought their reward in the Lady with the Lamp."—London News.

Marriageable Women in England.

There are at this moment in England 507,000 women unmarriageable more than marriageable men. Here is a huge standing army of spinsters who must remain single, not because the men will not marry them, but because there are no men to marry them. And their ranks, of course, happily swelled by those who either cannot get the men they want or have not moved any man to want them. Lady Henry Somerset, like other observers who have spoken on the subject, likes our system of free association between young men and women.

To protect and care for one of the other sex is an art which this sympathetic critic thinks a man cannot acquire too early. It makes the way to a matrimonial proposal a good deal easier than in a stuffy conservative, social convention has made it in England. It helps to expand the feminine mind too; for, notwithstanding Lady Henry Somerset's impression to the contrary, the women do not monopolize the intellectual activity of our people.—San Francisco Argonaut.

California Heiresses.

Anent the marriages of California heiresses, the New York Sun recently said: "It is a matter of no surprise, but a little curious withal, to note how the biggest California, prizes are invariably drawn by well known New York men. Miss Agnes Macdonough, whose engagement to Mr. John G. Agar has been announced, is a niece of the deceased California magnate, William O'Brien, and has her large fortune in her own right. Miss Coleman, her aunt, with whom Miss Macdonough resides, bought Mr. G. G. Haven's beautiful place on the New London shore, and it was there that she and Mr. Agar first met. Mrs. Coleman's daughters married into the Livingston family. Baltimore—spoils of the Washington Mays—and are both very charming women."

She Lived to Be Ninety-four Years Old.

The Marchioness of Westminster, who died recently, was a wonderful old lady. Until her health gave way, about a month before her death, she was extremely active, in spite of her ninety-four years, and took an active share in the management of her property and in the concerns of the poor on the estate. Born in 1797, she was married in 1819, the year of Queen Victoria's birth, and became the mother of four sons and nine daughters. Upon her husband's death, in 1869, she has had an income of $40,000 a year, and it is said that the death of no other member of the peerage could have put into mourning so many noble families as hers has done.—London Letter.

The Value of a College Course.

The girl who has learned by severe application to master a science or a language has acquired a strength of purpose which will help her to master her life work, provided she marries, that of caring for her house, but the girl who has merely accomplished any real work—who has never learned to be self reliant—is not apt to have the inclination or energy to attempt to become a competent housekeeper. She shirks every responsibility, and, in the failure of home life, the hotel is the only refuge, or, as often happens, the couple return to live with mamma.—Brooklyn Eagle.

A Combination Glove.

A novelty is the "mirror and purse" glove with a small pocket for money in the palm of the left hand and a little mirror inserted in the flap that covers the pocket. In the hurried rush from the reception to the theatre the little reassuring glances in the mirror is a great comfort. And on many chatelaines and in many opera glass bags there is now a little receptacle for powder and a puff, so that a lady can quite successfully repair the ravages of one crush in her carriage on the way to another.—New York Letter.

Women's Invention.

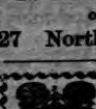
And now we are indebted to women for improved coverings for balls used in playing lawn tennis and like games, for improved dress suspenders, for an electric gas lighter, for the safety dress elevator, for an improved ear transpar, and for an improved fire shovel.—Yankee Blade.

Although German women have not as yet succeeded in getting admitted to the German universities, a bright American girl, Miss Gentry, has passed from the examination required to attend lectures in the Berlin university. This is the first time on record that the favor has been granted to a woman.

A suggestion for ballrooms is to fix a narrow, temporary shelf around the room at the top of the wainscoting, if possible, to support a bank of flowers and ferns. The effect is extremely good, and quite out of proportion to the material used.

One of the best bands now playing in England is Les Hilliers, a celebrated woman's orchestra, that executes most difficult music with great delicacy and brilliancy as well as accuracy.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
Office—
27 North Avenue.


Queen's Farmer's Field Glass
is recommended as one of the best glasses in the market. Every farmer and sportsman should have one. Sold by all dealers at a reasonable price. Ask for the QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS and you will have an invaluable assistant for these purposes.
Size of Glass: All in Prism. Small size 24-28 Large size 32-36 Length of Tube: Small size 6 inches, Large size 10 inches. With strap.
The largest size is the most powerful.
On receipt of price, we will send any of the above by mail, prepaid.
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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
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THE ALBION.
EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE
SPECIAL RATES for FEBRUARY.
Elegantly furnished and steam heated throughout.
Special rate to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
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Hotels.
CASPAR'S HOTEL,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable -:- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,
West Front street, Op. p. Madison avenue
Wallace V. Miller,
Proprietor.
A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

Heating Stoves,
OTHELLO RANGES,
FURNACES
and
Fire Place Heaters!
FURNACE WORK,
WATER-PIPING,
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Telephone Call No. 4. 12 East Front Street

Woman's Exchange
AND INDUSTRIAL UNION
19 Park Avenue.
HOME MADE
Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—
FRESH EVERY DAY.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Outer Motion sweats and Tube Street.
Sat SCALE SAWING, PLANING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order.

"The Very Best"
2 ply rag. The BEST given better materials than the CHEAPEST, if you can not get less it cost.
Put you one. Come to my store for the new and choicest Scotch patterns, from 9 cents a yard, and down it goes a pace.
C. E CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

CARPETS
Largest stock, newest patterns, largest and best 1 plaid carpet rooms; lowest prices.
Dress Goods—Largest stock of new Spring goods in Dress Goods; 42 pieces of 4-4 all wool plain Dress Goods, 12½ yard, worth 18c.
Woolen Underwear—For ladies, misses and children; all full and well-made garments, and at prices that must be seen to be appreciated.
Hosiery—In this department we are selling the best 4-4 seamless at 25c. Gent's Tourist's, 50c; best prints, 5c; white blankets, 35c and 45c pair.
Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Boston, Pa. Look out for announcement of our second Spring Opening, which will be held in March.
L. H. BOERUM, 7 West Front street.

A NEW STYLE
OF
DERBY
Out TO-DAY, at the store of
Hallock & Davis,
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Writing : Paper
BY THE
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Old Sagamore Mills, 15c. lb.
Envelopes to match, 5c. package.
Kensington Wove and Devonshire Linen, 25c. per lb.
Envelopes to match, 10c. package.
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

O. M. DUNHAM,
46 West Front Street.
Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,
WINTER CAPS, ETC.
Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

DON'T FORGET!
If you are thinking of going to Europe, that you can get circulars, prices, tickets and all information concerning the Anchor Line Steamers Anchoria, Ethiopia, Devonia Cincassia, Furnessia, City of Rome, from Henry D. Morrison, agent.
Tickets for friends or relatives to come from the other side.
11 Somerset street, or Lock Box I.

AN ORDINANCE

To License Inns and Taverns and to Regulate and Prohibit the Sale of Spirituous and Fermented Liquors.

The Inhabitants of the city of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. All applications for licenses to keep an inn and tavern within said city shall be in writing, addressed to the Common Council, and shall state the precise place where it is proposed to keep such inn and tavern, and shall state the number of rooms in the house in which it is proposed to keep such inn and tavern, and shall state the number of rooms in the house in which it is proposed to keep such inn and tavern for the accommodation of travelers, and shall state the number of rooms for lodging, and shall state the number of rooms for the accommodation of horses, and shall state the number of stalls for horses, and shall state the number of sheds for horses, and shall state the number of rooms for the accommodation of carriages, and shall state the number of rooms for the accommodation of such other persons as may be desired to be accommodated at such inn and tavern, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide lodging, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide meals, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide refreshments, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide entertainment, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide accommodation, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide shelter, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide food, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide drink, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide liquor, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide spirituous liquors, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide fermented liquors, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide wine, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide beer, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide ale, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide porter, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide cider, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide any other liquors, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide any other refreshments, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide any other entertainment, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide any other accommodation, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide any other shelter, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide any other food, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide any other drink, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide any other liquor, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide any other spirituous liquors, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide any other fermented liquors, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide any other wine, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide any other beer, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide any other ale, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide any other porter, and shall state the number of persons for whom it is proposed to provide any other

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. | E. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 2 Somerset street, Look Box L. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. | 2 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. | PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20 1892 | PRICE TWO CENTS

The Weather.
Heavy snow or rain likely, the latter is promised.

BREVITIES.

—The furniture of Laing's Hotel is to be sold at auction next Wednesday.

—Monday being a legal holiday no paper will be issued from this office.

—Councilman Sebring of the Borough is confined to his home on Prospect place with grip.

—Doane & Van Arsdale will not open their store on Monday next (Washington's Birthday.)

—The City Common Council will meet to adjourn session next Tuesday evening at eight o'clock.

—The class for Scandinavians in the study of the English branches will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening.

—A young man for whom a warrant has been issued was kept busy last evening in keeping out of the way of the police.

—Marsh, Ayres & Co., have a force of men engaged decorating the interior of the residence of Dr. Hedges' new residence.

—Propertyman Mattox of the Music Hall is to have a benefit next Monday evening. He has succeeded in securing a strong cast to present the "Lost Scout."

—*There was a rumor on the street this morning* that a boy was killed on the Central Railroad track in this city. The rumor is denied by the railroad officials.

—The Bible Normal Class of the First Baptist Church, will hold its session next week on Tuesday evening instead of Monday on account of the latter being a holiday.

—The members of the Parent Guild, a society connected with All Saints' Episcopal church, at Scotch Plains, are arranging for an entertainment to be given in the near future.

—The Westfield bowlers rolled a game with the Fanwood bowlers on the latter's alleys Wednesday evening and succeeded in defeating their opponents by the score of 1038 to 1016.

—The Rev. Mr. Hill (colored) is conducting a series of revival meetings in a hall on Somerset street. Last evening about seventy-five colored people attended the meeting.

—The members of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting in the Sunday-school room of the chapel this evening at eight o'clock.

—Books will not be circulated at the Public Library on Washington's Birthday. The reading room and art gallery will be open at the usual hours—9 until 13 a. m.; 3 until 6 p. m., and 7:30 until 9 p. m.

—It is reported that William Classen, a Liberty street barber, has challenged the *alleged fastest hair-cutter in New York* to a match, and that he has deposited a forfeit as a guarantee of good faith. The match is to be for $100.

—Thomas McGrath was arrested last night for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. When arraigned before City Judge Codington he pleaded guilty to the charge and the Judge sentenced him to the county jail for thirty days.

—The members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians of this city are arranging for a grand ball to be held in the T. A. B. Hall next month. The Committee comprises Messrs. P. Casey, J. Galbraith, M. Harrington, P. Keagan, J. Kelley and T. Fitzgerald.

—Strange how the lingerings of superstition will show themselves with some people in this day and age of the world! Here is a Plainfield man who thinks the late little flirtation of Jupiter and Venus was directly responsible for our imbroglio with Chili, while another, a Fanwood resident this time, asserts that it was the direct cause of the present famine in Russia. Uriah Hedges, of Prince Maurice ville, regarded it as a sign of the Second Advent; while a member of the Cranford Board of Health, not wishing to be out-done in his interpretation of the celestial event, applied it to matters nearer home, and considered it a special intimation that he should vote against the opening of a new sewer! So wags the world.—Westfield Leader.

Look Out For Him.

Yesterday afternoon a stranger man called at William Eichman's house at Bound Brook and knocked at the side door quite heavily. Mrs. Eichman responded and the stranger inquired if she had lived there since last September. Receiving an affirmative reply he left.

Soon afterward Mr. and Mrs. Eichman went to the Methodist Church to attend the Bible reading and on their return they found that the house had been ransacked and the children's banks robbed of about $4.50. Entrance had been effected by breaking the lock on the kitchen door. The same fellow robbed Simeon Dwyer's house also at that place, during the absence of the family, and there secured about $10 in cash and an equal value in jewelry.

Suggestions on Sewerage Wanted.

The Committee on the Sewerage of the City are very desirous of receiving suggestions on the subject from any person and these can be given preferably in writing and as promptly as possible to either of the Committee: Jr. W. Serrell, 109 Front street; Geo. H. Frost, 119 Broadway; H. B. Nowell, 20 East Seventh street; R. K. Case, 20 West Eighth street; Alex Gilbert, Mayor's Office.

Draped in Mourning.

Caboose No. 805, of the Central Railroad, is draped in mourning out of respect to the memory of the late John Shay who died at Muhlenberg Hospital on Saturday last from injuries received on the railroad at Bound Brook on the previous day.

REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES.

North Plainfield Borough and Township Tickets Formed.

The meetings of Republicans of North Plainfield Borough and Township were held in the school house last evening.

There was a large attendance, and much interest manifested.

Ex-Mayor Cooley called the meeting to order, and Mayor Pierce was chosen chairman and Mr. T. W. Morrison secretary.

The following were thereupon duly nominated as candidates:

Town Clerk—*Horace J. Martin.*

Overseer of the Poor—Julius W. A. Bauernschs.

Justice of the Peace—John R. MacDonald. (Two years.)

Township Committee — William C. Smith. (Three years.)

Commissioners of Highways—Michael Powers and Frances M. Whitely.

Commissioners of Appeal in cases of Taxation—James S. Lunger, David R. Weaver, and Jonathan Clawson.

Constables—J. W. Van Horne (one year), Thomas Hicks (three years.)

Pound Keepers—Samuel Hudson, Samuel Taynor, Godfrey Reick, and John Stine.

MONEY TO BE VOTED.

For Repair of Roads.....	$1,000
of which $400 is to remain in possession of the Town Committee.	
For Support of the Poor.....	$1,500
of which $200 is to remain with the committee.	
For Salaries of Town Committee, $60 each.	
The amount for the poor is an increase of $300 over the amount called for last year on account of the increased amount of sickness among the poor because of the grip. It was after this explanation was made that the additional amount was voted. The township meeting was then adjourned and the Borough meeting called to order, the same chairman and secretary being chosen.

The following were thereupon chosen candidates:

For Mayor—Edwin L. Bonney.

For Councilmen—T. Wilford Powell, George D. Hallock.

Borough Collector—*H. Newton Spencer.*

MONEY TO BE VOTED

For Roads.....	$2,500
Of which $500 is to be reserved for use on Somerset street.	
For Borough Purposes.....	$1,500
For Board of Health.....	$300

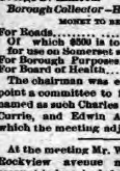
The chairman was empowered to appoint a committee to fill vacancies and named as such Charles Reed, Robert T. Corrie, and Edwin A. Overton, after which the meeting adjourned.

At the meeting Mr. W. W. Howland of Rockview avenue moved that the amount to be asked for roads be made $4,000 instead of $2,500. This was opposed by Mr. A. A. Hegeman who explained that it was unnecessary.

The amount voted for Borough purposes is $300 more than last year. The reason for the increase was not given at the meeting, but some of the Republicans stated afterward that it was to be added to the borough officials' salaries.

CRESCENT LEAGUE TEAM VICTORIOUS

They Defeated the C. Y. M. I. Team in the Bowling Match.



On the bowling alleys of the Catholic Young Men's Lyceum last evening a match game was bowled between the Crescent League team and the C. Y. M. I., which, although the individual scores on both sides were about the average, resulted in the defeat of the C. Y. M. I. team by 198 pins.

A detailed score is here given:

C. Y. M. I.		CRESCENT LEAGUE.	
White.....	138	Van Emburch..	154
Kenny.....	137	Thiess.....	170
Winn.....	141	Masters.....	155
Butch.....	141	Teel.....	156
Gallagher.....	126	Lyman.....	147
Revel.....	142	Davis.....	155
Lynch.....	142	*Shultz*.....	153
Lannigan.....	126	Brett.....	145
Curtis.....	134	Davis.....	125
Schneider.....	111	Van Winkle.....	151
	1316		1515

Umpire—Fred Jones.

What Plainfield?

As there is a Plainfield in Connecticut, another in Illinois, and several others in the United States, the item referred to below may mean any of them, but is just as well for the people in this vicinity to guard against the disease through such agencies:

DISEASE IN PEDDLERS' PACKS.

PLAINFIELD, Feb. 20.—New York Jewish pack peddlers have been scouring this section, and scarlet fever and diphtheria have broken out. Two deaths occurred. The doctors say that the diseases were brought in the filthy packs carried by the peddlers.

The Forty Hours' Devotion.

The "Forty Hours' Devotion" will begin in St. Joseph's church, Manning avenue, North Plainfield, to-morrow with high mass at 10.30 a. m., and will continue all day Sunday, Monday and Tuesday, closing on Tuesday night at eight o'clock. High mass on Monday and Tuesday mornings at 8.30. The evening services on each of the three days, will begin at eight o'clock.

PERSONAL.

Miss Josie Feller of Pearl street, North Plainfield, entertained a number of her friends at her home on that thoroughfare last evening.

Mr. Richard V. Kinney and Miss Emma R. Prugh both of this city were united in marriage by the Rev. Cornelius Beckenoh Wednesday evening.

BOROUGH COUNCIL.

AN ADJOURNED MEETING HELD LAST EVENING.

The Annual Reports of the Various Committees Presented and Ordered Filed—Other Business.

The borough Council met in adjourned session last evening. It was 9.15 o'clock when the meeting was called to order. Mayor Pfaelzer and Councilmen Hallock, Hegeman, Hummer, Needham, and Powell responded to roll call. Councilman Sebring was absent.

On motion of Mr. Hegeman the Standing Committees were instructed to present their annual reports.

Mr. Hallock, as chairman of the Street Committee, *reported that the condition* of the streets of the borough had been improved as much as possible during the past year; that Greenbrook road and Grandview avenue had been macadamized and Somerset street put in good repair, and that if the committee are favored with the same appropriation this year the improvements will be greater. The committee hoped that the petitioners who wished to petition for the improvement of streets will get in their petitions *as early as possible, and recommended* that all subscriptions be paid in advance. The report further stated that the amount of $6,175.70 had been expended during the past year, leaving a balance of $897.51 to the account.

On motion the petition was received and ordered filed.

The annual report of the Fire, Water and Lamps Committee was read by Mr. Powell.

Borough Clerk Brokaw stated that it was not yet complete.

On motion it was ordered filed.

Mr. Needham from the Committee on Licenses and Markets reported that the new borough lockup and court room had been built and furnished during the year, that there was one marshal and ten special marshals in the borough and that they had been very efficient in maintaining order during the past year. The report was received and ordered filed.

Mr. Hummer from the Auditing Committee reported that the committee had audited the books of the Borough Clerk and Collector and found them correct. The report was received and ordered filed.

The report of the Marshals and License Committee showed that during the past year fines amounting to $1062.25 had been collected; that license fees for peddlers and canvassing amounting to $265.50 had been paid in and that the clerk had received $1,500 from the county clerk for liquor licenses. The report was filed.

The annual report of the borough finances was read and ordered filed.

On motion of Mr. Hegeman the Committee on Printing, Stationery and Supplies were authorized to have printed in a suitable form the various reports and so obtain a sufficient number to supply *every taxpayer* in the borough. The resolution was adopted.

On motion the meeting then adjourned.

DUNELLEN DOINGS.

Dunellen Club Life.

It is a noticeable fact that in the evening after supper the streets of Dunellen are almost deserted by the male portion of the community. Several persons asked our correspondent why it is so. Not knowing himself, he started out on a tour of inquiry and found out that the borough is becoming a great place for social and beneficiary clubs. There are hardly a dozen male residents of the borough who do not belong to a club or association of some kind and consequently they congregate at their rooms to enjoy a social evening with their comrades.

First in the field comes the Jr. O. U. A. M. with its 81 members, who meet every Tuesday evening to discuss the business and everything interesting to the general American public. Next is the North America Endowment Society, which meets to talk over its affairs of finance and prospective benefits.

For good social enjoyment the Brother Gardner Club takes the lead. It is composed principally of old Liberty Hall residents, who meet every night in the week at a little office down town and discuss and argue any subject which is brought to their notice. A good many of them are survivors of the late civil war and some of the speeches they make would excite the admiration of a sensational reporter, if he were present. The present topic that agitates their great minds is the combination coal monopoly. The attendance has grown so large lately that they had to reduce the size of the stove in the office to make room for new debaters. A branch club has been organized and meets at what was formerly a real estate office. Their principal hobby is checker playing, and a number of interesting games is in progress between two railroad magnates. It is up and tuck so far and keeps the rest of the members in a state of continual excitement awaiting the finish.

The Boys' Drum and Fife Corps usually met in the tailor shop on the back street until a short time ago when the place was rented to George Day, who drummed them out to make room for his upholstery.

Last Monday night was the first time the Dunellen Whist Club met. Several young men were seen loafing around going from one place to another without any definite object in view. The club room was in the Kretzle building until Saturday night when the proprietor, Billy Conover, moved to Plainfield and left them without an evening's entertainment. (Dunellen Correspondent to the Bound Brook Chronicle.)

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

(Notice of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be received before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day.)

Major W. D. W. Miller will speak at the Memorial chapel as Washingtonwill to-morrow evening.

To-morrow evening at 7.45 there will be held the usual gospel meeting at the Mt. Pleasant school house.

Services will be held in St. Mary's church to-morrow at 7.30, 8.30, 9.45 and 10.45 a. m., and 3 p. m.

Rev. James C. Furnald will preach at the Memorial chapel as Washingtonville to-morrow at 10.30 o'clock.

The Bible and Workers Training Classes will meet as usual at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at 4 p. m.

The young men's meeting will be held as usual to-morrow at 4.15 p. m. in the Y. M. C. A. rooms. All men are welcome.

Church of the Holy Innocents (Episcopal, Dunellen) Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Church service at 3.00 p. m. Seats free.

Devotional services of the Women's Temperance Aid Society every Sunday at Reform Hall at 9.15 a. m., and at 4 p. m.

Monroe avenue chapel, Sunday-school at 3 p. m. Preaching at 8 p. m. by Mr. Charles Holden. Seats free and all made welcome.

Park place chapel, Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Preaching at 7.30 p. m. by Jr. H. K. Carroll. Special services each night of next week.

Services at the church of the Heavenly Rest to-morrow will be as follows: prayer and sermon at eleven o'clock. Sunday-school at three o'clock.

Services to-morrow in the Park avenue Baptist church. Preaching at 10.30 a. m., and 7.45 p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. All are welcome. Seats free.

Congregational church West Seventh street, Rev. C. L. Goodrich pastor. Morning worship at 10.30. Bible study at 3.45 p. m. Prayer meeting at at 4.10 p. m.

There will be the usual meetings in the W. C. T. U. rooms on Sunday at 9 a. m. and at 4 p. m. A praise service will be held this evening (Saturday) at 7.45 o'clock.

In the Trinity Reformed church to-morrow the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck will preach at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. A welcome to all.

Only one service will be be held in the German Methodist church to-morrow. It will be held at 10.30 a. m. The Sunday-school will be held at 9.15 a. m. Wednesday evening at 7.45 o'clock.

Delegates to the late Y. M. C. A. convention at Paterson will report at the Sunday meeting to-morrow at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at 4.15 p. m. Members are especially urged to be present.

First Universalist church, Second place, The pastor, Rev. Edgar R. Clark, will preach. Services at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at 11.45 a. m. Seats free and the public cordially invited.

Joseph English will speak at the meeting of the Reform Club to-morrow evening at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms. Do not to miss this opportunity as this will be his last visit to Plainfield this year.

Trevers Union Mission, Sunday-school at 2.30. Praise service at 7.30. Devotional service at eight o'clock conducted by Mr. W. J. Ladd. Class and Reserve meeting on Tuesday evening at eight o'clock. All are invited.

Church of the Holy Cross the Rev. T. Logan Murphy, rector. There will be celebration of the Holy Communion at 10.30 a. m. Matins at 9.45 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. Even song at 4.30 p.

Services in the First Presbyterian church at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m., conducted by the pastor, Rev. K. P. Ketchum. Subject of the morning sermon, "Parable of the Mustard Seed." In the evening, *A Time to Keep Silence.*"

Grace church, Rev. E. M. Rodman, rector. Feb. 21, Septuagesima Sunday. Early celebration of the Holy Communion at 7.30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at 3 p. m. Evensong at 7.45 p. m.

Services will be held in the First Baptist church to-morrow at 10.30 a. m. The Lord's supper at 11.45 a. m. Sunday-school at 12.15 p. m. At 2.30 p. m. Mr. Holbrook will preach. The young people's meeting will be held Wednesday at 7 p. m. All are welcome.

The Second Reformed church. The pastor, Rev. Chas. E. Mitchell, will preach at 10.30 a. m. A second sermon in the course on the Lord's Prayer, "Lead us not Into Temptation." Sunday-school at 3.30 p. m. Epworth League at 7 p. m. Preaching by the pastor at 8.00 p. m. Subject, "God's or Satan's, Which?"

Crescent avenue church. Rev. W. H. Richards, pastor. Services to-morrow at 10.30 a. m., and 7.00 p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. The pulpit will be occupied in the evening by the Rev. Dr. Talmage. V. Raymond, D. D., of the Fourth Presbyterian church of Albany, N. Y. All seats free at the evening service.

Church of our Saviour, Netherwood, Rev. F. B. Dyer, officiating. Sermon on the subject, "Prayer." Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 11 a. m. Sunday-school at 3 p. m. Evensong at 4 p. m. Preaching by Rev. Dr. J. Jerjes; 3.30 p. m. the Sunday-school and young men's Bible classes meet. Weekly services as follows: Wednesday, 4 p. m. Holy Communion. Thursday, 4 p. m. Lenten lecture. Friday, 4 p. m. Evensong. Saturday, 4 p. m. Evensong. All, especially the young, are invited to these services.

MARRIAGES

KINNEY—PRUGH—In Plainfield, Feb. 17, by the Rev. Cornelius Beckenoh, Jr., Mr. Richard V. Kinney and Miss Emma R. Prugh both of this city.

DEATHS

HARDON—At Plainfield, February 20, '92, Mrs. Mary Hardon, widow of Rev. John Benjamin L. Hardon, of New York. Interment at Worcester, Mass. Worcester papers please copy.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

NO FASTING THIS LENT.

Roman Catholics in Michigan to be Released Because of the Prevailing Grip.

DETROIT, Feb. 20, (Special.)—Michigan Roman Catholics may eat meat during Lent this year with as free a conscience as any Protestant. The announcement is made by Bishop Foley, who has prepared a circular to be read at all the churches in the diocese next Sunday releasing all Catholics from abstinence and fasting during the Lenten season.

The concession is made by authority of the Pope, who *grants* it in consideration of the prevalence of Influenza throughout the world. The faithful are admonished, however, that exemption from abstinence and fast is not an exemption from the obligations of penance and mortification.

FOR A NEW CITY HALL.

The Spot Selected To Cost $2,302,900.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20th. (Special.)—The Municipal Building Commission to-day, by a vote of 5 to 1, decided to select as a site for the new Municipal building, or City Hall, to be erected, the land bounded by Park Row, Duane and Centre streets and Tryon row, including the building of the Staats Zeitung.

This site has a total area of 28,600 square feet, and the building, which will surround an ample courtyard, will have an area of 43,400 square feet on each floor.

The estimated cost of the property to be taken is $2,302,900, including $985,000 worth of the city's property.

Compelled to Cancel Engagements.

LONDON, Feb. 20th, (Special.) — Miss Amelia B. Edwards, who is slowly recovering from a severe illness, has been obliged to cancel all her lecture engagements for the current month.

The Big Hippopotamus All Right.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20th, (Special.)—Caliph, the convalescent hippopotamus in the Central Park Zoo this morning ate his first square meal this week.

They Were Shot At.

Some of the members of the "Boston Variety Company," composed of young men from this city, who gave an exhibition at Milburn Thursday evening, say that the persons who drove them out of town shot at them also and that the members of the Company became so frightened that they laid down in the bottom of the stage. One of the managers says that he is not disheartened, however, and that the Company propose *giving a benefit at Flemington early* next week.

Base Ball.

At a meeting of the Central New Jersey League held at Somerville Thursday evening the members chose Mr. Washington Berriman and Mr. Lima to act as umpires for the next season's games. Mr. Berriman umpired for the Crescents last season and gave entire satisfaction.

It is reported that Mr. Sheridan McIndoe has signed with the Somerville team for next season. Last year he played with the Crescents.

"The News" Alone Was Correct.

To the EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—In an article in the Press last evening entitled "Mobbed at Milburn, The Boston Variety Company from Plainfield stoned from the stage" appeared the name "Godfrey Reick" from the boulevard as participating in the performance and as the only "local" that there is in Plainfield the article must have intended to mean me. I desire to state that I was in no way connected with the company and was not in Milburn on the night mentioned, but was at home in my place of business.

JOHN J. GOFF.

Dated Feb. 20, 1892.

To Hold a Conference.

The commissioners appointed by the Councils of this city and North Plainfield to assess benefits and damages for the opening and widening of Fenno street will hold a conference in the office of County Engineer Dunham some evening next week.

Imitations abound. Substitutions too.

H.-O.

But if it were not so good would it pay to copy it?

Sweet Clover Flour and Buckwheat just in good.

CUT THIS OUT.

THIS IS WORTH 10 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 10 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a 20 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a 25 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Housefurnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that others can't touch under the temperance 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 25c. Royal Tooth Powder at 10 cents. J. C. ALLEN, 18 West Front Street.

HOW TO SAVE A DOLLAR!

GO TO THE

U. T. and C. G. A. for Your Groceries.

Granulated Powdered and Cut Loaf Sugars 4½c. lb; "A" Sugar 5½c. lb. Best sugar cured Hams, 10c lb; best sugar cured Shoulders, 7c. lb; best sugar cured Bacon, 10c. lb; best Plumbation Sausage, 12c. lb; best Boneless prepared Ham, 12c. lb; Ferris Hams and Bacon, 12c. lb; Pillsbury's best flour, $4.25 [illegible] Pearl Patent Flour (best in the world), $4.50 bbl; fine table Butter, 24c. lb; good cooking Butter, 20c. lb; choice California apricots, 4 lbs for 25c.; fine California nectarines, 3 lbs 25c.; new Scotch Peas, 3c quart; table prunes (10c. size) 5c. box.

Fine Teas and Coffees a Specialty.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

GET YOUR
TRUCKING and GRADING
done by Wise Brothers, 20 Grandview ave nue, North Plainfield. 2 20tf

Cent-a-Word Column.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOUND—A kaye fold sg key. Part brass. May be had by paying expenses of advertising, of M. M. Dunham, East Front street. 2 17tf

FOR EXCHANGE.

HAVE for exchange three small houses for store property. Riker & Co., agents. 2-15-tf

FOR SALE.

HOUSE BUILDING lots on Second and Berckman streets cannot be surpassed in location. Six minutes from North avenue station. No better neighborhood. Powers, 35 Park av nue.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address R. F. M. Chase, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to Jr. H. K. Carroll, real estate broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the sea level 2 19tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—House with stable and carriage house. $25 a month. 46 East Sixth street. Good location. Five minutes' walk from station. Enquire J. W. Johnson, 3 La Grande avenue. 20 2

TAKE advantage of an opportunity of a lifetime. Good business. Second street, will not be on the market long, now is the time to buy. Powers.

FOR SALE—A $100 Yost typewriter, first class. Will be sold at a bargain to a quick purchaser. Address 1 West Fifth street. 2 20tf

HORSES and covered wagons for sale. Inquire corner of Sebopha & Co., 72 West Front street. 20 2*

HAVE you a house for sale or to rent? Try advertising it in this column

DON'T FORGET that on Washington's birthday you will have a chance to buy the beautiful lots on Somerset street. Don't be late or you won't get in. Powers, 35 Park av nue.

HOUSE for sale—Has twelve rooms; all the improvements. Wind mill and barn; hot water heater. Lot is nearly one acre; 90,000 easy terms. Riker & Co., agents, 13 East Front street. 2 19tf

DEMEMBER the 22d, day of February. Outings from 25 Park avenue at 7:30 o'clock and every hour thereafter. Powers.

STORE property on West Front street for sale. $7,500. Address Riker & Co., 2 17tf agents.

AGENT on the ground from 9 to 12 and 1 to 4 o'clock. For any information call on Powers in the Chautauqua Building, 25 Park avenue. Open evenings until 9 o'clock.

FOR RENT.

A SIX ROOM house for rent. Riker & Co. $15 monthly. 2-20-tf

TO RENT—Eight room house, $15 per month; seven room house, $14 per month. Both pleasantly located and low for first business portion of city. Also house few minutes drive from depot, $40 per month, apply to owner, Lily L. Norrick. 2 18tf

FOR RENT or for sale. A Flat house at 5 La Grande avenue. Will rent low or sell cheap. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2-13-tf

FOR RENT—The pleasant house, 63 and 65 Webster place. Riker & Co., agents 16 6

FOR RENT—Ten room house, Watervelt avenue. Pleasantly located and all improvements. $30 per month. Riker & Co., agents. 2 11tf

HOUSE; all improvements; on East Front street, for rent. $30 month. Riker & Co., agents.

TO LET—House containing eight rooms with barn; centrally located. Price $25. Apply to M. M. Dunham, 7 East Front street. 2 17tf

TO RENT—Two nice rooms, second floor, front, for light house-keeping. Rent moderate. Inquire 19 Somerset street. 19-3

THE office at No. 3 East Front street is for rent. It is a splendid location for a lawyer. Lots of light. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2 12tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

IF you need a problem solved or in this column and let it be known.

MULFORD'S is the place to get bargains in real estate 12 months in the year.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-20-tf

OWNERS of farms for rent or for sale can find purchasers or tenants by applying to Riker & Co., 13 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 2-16-tf

WHEN you wish to secure help, put an advertisement in this column.

AMUSEMENTS

MUSIC HALL!
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Monday, Feb. 22.
One Night Only.
Keystone Bill in the great frontier comedy,
LOST SCOUT!
Or, Life on the Frontier. Presented by a good dramatic and strong specialty company, featured by the Lone Star quartette, Indiana, trappers, scouts, Indians, and last, but not least, the baby, cute, cunning and curly. The fire scenes, the knife fight, the counterfeiter's cave, the great supper scene and the prairie gazelle.
Seats now on sale at the Central Pharmacy.

TICKETS FOR THE
DAMROSCH
Symphony Concert to be given in
MUSIC HALL!
on
Tuesday, March 8th,
Will be on sale at the Central Pharmacy, Monday, February 15th.
PRICES—50 Cents to $1.50.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
DECORATORS ↓ †
‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.
Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—19 East Front street.

V. L. FRAZEE,
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
25 West Front Street.

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AUCTION!
LAING'S HOTEL,
WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY,
Feb. 24, 25, 26 and 27.
Beginning at ten o'clock each day. Thirty Bedroom Sets, Parlor Suits, Lounges, Library tables and chairs; parlor suites, stoves; bar room fixtures, including two handsome bars and hand bars, mirrors, etc.
One Billiard and Two Pool Tables in fine condition. One dozen oak top, iron stand bar room tables. Five dozen Rattenwood chairs. A number of valuable clocks and other articles too numerous to mention. 17 tf

EDITORIAL NOTES

One of the most important acts of the American Federation of Labor at its late convention was to remove the boycott from Milwaukee beer.

Lieutenant Peary, now at Whale sound waiting for the reappearance of spring and light to make a journey overland toward the north coast of Greenland, traveled a hundred miles in this way five years ago, so that he felt sure of making the present expedition a success. Lieutenant Schwatka traveled safely 3,251 miles by dog sledge in the arctic regions. Lieutenant Peary, however, was not sure that he would take dogs with him. One idea of the journey was that it might be undertaken on foot upon the smooth, hard snow crust, with relays of provisions left at convenient stations.

A frightful story is told about a ghost that comes and commits suicide once a week in a certain house. Ghastly stories of one kind and another are printed without end at present. After being sat upon for a century, ghosts are having their innings now and many intelligent people begin to believe in them. It is fashionable to know somebody who has a ghost about—a veridical ghost. The odd part of it, however, is that it is always somebody else who has seen the apparitions. They never come to you yourself. They never appear to persons who are waiting and anxious to interview them. Under the circumstances, therefore, it is just as well to wait till *you behold one with your own eyes*, face to face, before accepting him. It is a case in which the evidence of another cannot be taken. Also before you accept the ghost be sure that you yourself are not a little off your head or your nerves, or that you have not been eating overmuch of mince pie, terrapin or limburger cheese. Don't accept his ghostship unless he come to you when you are in sound health and in full possession of your senses.

Good Conversers.

It has long been a question which is the greater bore, the fellow who sits still like a stone post and lets you entertain him, never saying a word himself, or the fellow who insists on doing all the talking and never letting you get a word in. Of the two, perhaps the nontalker is the most endurable. But between these is a happy medium. It was reached by the French in the golden days of the salon. Madame Adam is quoted as saying there are still thirty or forty people in Paris who know how to converse, and she is going to bring them together if possible, and try to revive the French salon.

It is changed that almost no Americans can talk well. Men talk business and nothing else; women talk dress, children, servants and physical ailments. Any of these topics—business, babies, dress, servants or dyspepsia—are discouraging to a sensitive person. Therefore, Americans ought to mend their ways and learn what real conversation is.

Anybody can learn to talk well. The first requisite is a universal sympathy with all mankind. Your stint up, reserved individual never can shine as a converser. The good talker must pour the sentiments of his soul out on some topic that interests the listener. Then he must read the newspapers all the time, so that he will know something. Finally, he must let the other fellow talk at least half the time.

Some Literary People.

We are tempted to mention the state in which these literary people live, especially as it is a state that prides itself on being one of the most literary states that ever was, but on second thought we refrain. A lady writes to a friend that she has been visiting some "lovely literary people" in the state named. They are very nice persons, indeed, going in for high art and culture in their way, which they are sure is superior to every other way in this universe.

Their particular fad, however, is never to read a newspaper. All they ever gather of current news dribbles to them through the magazines and religious papers. In dress the women of this lovely literary family are years behind the time. They look like a fashion plate four years old. They feel still upon the old opinions they stored before leaving the editor against newspapers. It is very dry provender now, but no drier than they themselves. They will soon be ready to blow away. Pictures of bygone fashion hang upon their walls—pictures made before the American nation began to feel its wings in the matter of artistic culture.

They are so far behind the time that when James Russell Lowell died they did not hear of it for three weeks, but they did not mind a little thing like that. Great events, heartbreaking calamities, waves of evolution come and go. All are nothing to them. They consider themselves too good to be a part of common humanity. They sneer at its blind, piteous efforts to lift itself up and be healthier and happier. With the living, throbbing life of today they are no more in touch than if they were Chinese and worshiped their dead grandfathers. Mummified in their own self conceit these literary persons remain in an age that has gone past them. They are simply literary curiosities—that is what they are.

MRS. BLAINE'S SORROWS

The Deserted Wife Tells Her Sad Story in Court.

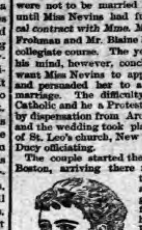
NO DEFENSE MADE BY HER HUSBAND

Neither He Nor His Attorney Put in an Appearance at the Trial and After Mrs. Blaine Told Her Story the Case Was Closed—The Decree Not Yet Issued.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Feb. 20.—The Blaine divorce case has been tried, all the depositions have been read, the plaintiff has given her evidence, and the attorney has rested. Argument will be made only for the plaintiff, however, as the defendant did not put in an appearance. Mrs. Blaine felt much stronger than any time since her arrival in Deadwood, she was able to take the witness stand, and bearing up bravely under the stare of 500 eyes, told the story of her life since her marriage with James G. Blaine, Jr., Sept. 6, 1886.

According to her testimony the courtship was a short one. They met at Augusta, Me., and a few weeks later became engaged. The engagement was then that they were not to be married for four years or until Miss Nevins had fulfilled her theatrical contract with Mme. Modjeska and Daniel Frohman and Mr. Blaine had completed his collegiate course. The young man changed his mind, however, concluded he did not want Miss Nevins to appear on the stage, and persuaded her to a hasty and quiet marriage. The difficulty that she was a Catholic and he a Protestant was overcome by dispensation from Archbishop Corrigan, and the wedding took place in the vestry of St. Leo's church, New York, Rev. Father Ducy officiating.

The couple started the same evening for Boston, arriving there next day. Blaine then left his bride and went to Augusta, Me., to inform his parents of his marriage. Mrs. Blaine returned to New York. A few days later she received a letter from her husband, stating that his parents objected strongly to the match, and intimating that he would have to give her up. The letter prostrated her and she was ill until the receipt of a second letter apologizing for the first and stating since his father had become acquainted with all the circumstances their duty to Boston included, he advised his return to his bride. The husband followed the letter in a day or two and the couple lived at the New York hotel on Fifteenth street until Pittsburg.

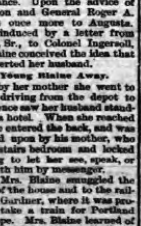


MRS. J. G. BLAINE, JR.

A Mother-in-Law's Threats.

There was a little more than a year of bliss, then came the crowning happiness, the birth of a son. Fifteen months after the marriage, in August, 1888, Mrs. Blaine accompanied her husband on a visit to his parents at Augusta, Me., and from this time her troubles date. Arriving at Augusta she found that children of Mrs. Coppinger, then visiting the Blaines, were down with whooping cough, and that it was necessary for her to send her child away to a hotel while herself and husband went to the parental mansion. This was the first of a succession of disagreeable incidents. A state campaign was in progress in Maine, and her husband constantly accompanied his father to various places where the senior Blaine was making speeches. Whenever he was absent her mother-in-law made it peculiarly hard for her.

Their baby was then ill, and at that time came near dying. She was anxious to communicate with her husband, but was unable to do so because her mother-in-law refused to tell his address, and when she learned this later, however, the telegraph operator refused to send the message until it was paid for and she had no money. Her physician advised that for the baby's health she return to New York immediately," and she did so, notwithstanding her mother-in-law said: "If you go I never want to see you again. I will make you rue it the longest day you live." Mrs. Blaine, so she testified by saying: "I'll keep my son with me. In one half hour if I choose I can take that young man from you," The young wife retorted that if he was that weak he was not worth her time.



JAMES G. BLAINE, JR.

She told of her illness and fruitless appeals for assistance. Upon the advice of General McMahon and General Roger A. Pryor she went once more to Augusta. This visit was induced by a letter from Secretary Blaine, Sr., to Colonel Ingersoll, in which Mr. Blaine conceived the idea that the wife had deserted her husband.

Smuggled Young Blaine Away.

Accompanied by her mother she went to Augusta, and in driving from the depot to the family residence saw her husband standing in front of a hotel. When she reached the front door he entered the back, and was at once announced. Upon by his mother, who led him to an upstairs bedroom and locked him in, refusing to let her see, speak, or exchange notes with her husband.

Subsequently Mrs. Blaine smuggled the young man out of the house and to the railroad station at Gardiner, where it was proposed he should take a train for Portland and sail for Europe. Mrs. Blaine learned of this programme and left by the same train. At Gardiner, however, Mrs. Coppinger intercepted her husband and thereby ended her chance for reconciliation between husband and wife. After this she again wrote numerous letters to her husband, regretting one indiscretion and begging for forgiveness.

She then told of her financial troubles and her theatrical contract with Frohman, and that she could not break it unless she said that she was now able to support her child by her writings, and she could probably resume her theatrical work. She said she came to Deadwood to establish a home for residence, in order to get legal control of her son. Her testimony was clear, convincing, and won the sympathy of all.

Depositions were read from Mrs. Nevins, Dr. Wynkoop, General McMahon, Mrs. Ogden, Mrs. Dorsents and others substantiating her story.

A decree is not expected for several days.

Seal Hunters Warned.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The president has issued the usual proclamation prohibiting the killing of seal in Behring sea

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

The Existing Chinese Restrictions May Be Modified by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The senate at the morning session of the day was devoted to routine business. Petitions and memorials were received and appropriately referred, several resolutions offered, and a number of bills passed, among them a bill to amend the act to execute the existing Chinese restrictions for a period of ten years; a bill for a beacon light on the government breakwater in Delaware river, and a bill for a railroad signal station near Butler Flats, New Redford, Mass., and a bill appropriating $10,000 for a life saving station at Gay Head, Mass.; and a bill to establish a marine board for the advancement of the merchant marine. A bill to provide a permanent system of highways in the outskirts of the District of Columbia led to a discussion as to national bonds and rates of interest, and pending action the senate adjourned until Tuesday next.

Mr. McMillin presided in the house. There was another tilt on the silver question, brought about by Mr. Bland having read from the clerk's desk a letter from a Grand Army of the Republic post in Missouri in answer to the Harter anti-silver circular which has been given such prominence. The letter requested Mr. Bland to inform the author of the circular that the Grand Army would attend to its own business regarding the silver question. Mr. Bland made a few remarks in reply to the matter and Mr. Harter replied in an hour's speech and the house adjourned until Tuesday.

Statesmen Visit the Fair.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The congressional World's fair train to Chicago, consisting of four sections of eight palatial Pullman cars each, left here. The party was composed of a large number of distinguished statesmen, representatives of foreign legations, newspaper men and ladies. The Hon. Adlai T. Ewing, chairman of the citizens' committee of Chicago, had general charge of the party, but each of the separate trains is under the direct charge of an Illinois congressman. The several trains followed each other with intervals of fifteen minutes between the various sections in order to insure safety.

FASHIONS

A New Hunting Costume.

SEEN ABROAD.

Here is an innovation at last in a riding costume for ladies. The high silk hat has for years been the only headgear considered in a riding habit. No style of hat could possibly be more inappropriate for the purpose, but fashion ordered it and ladies had to obey. Many a girl's heart beaver and their heads as best they could. The three-cornered hat shown here is comfortable and pretty. The illustration explains the costume.

FASHION NOTES.

Velvet girdles are very fashionable for evening dress worn by young girls.

Narrow bracelets of solid gold or silver have succeeded to the bangle bracelets, and only one is worn.

Black hosiery is worn with embroidered black kid shoes, with buckles or enormous bows of black ribbon.

Gold and silver heart jewelry is in favor among the high society girls. The heart is usually worn impaled on a pin.

The hair is worn down more than ever, and it should cover the ears. If worn in long braids the ends should be curled.

Bammee serge will be worn, trimmed with rows of narrow gold or silver braid in which a thread the color of the goods is woven.

Civil Service Examinations.

ALBANY, Feb. 20.—On April 20 two important examinations will be held by the civil service commission for examiner of languages in the regents' department, and for examiner of school apparatus in the schools of the state.

Welsh Must Answer Photos.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 20.—Judge Hall has ordered R. Jay Walsh, the secretary of state, to file his answer to the complaint of John J. Phalen, the Democratic claimant to the office, within seven days.

Colonel Towner Missing.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 20.—Colonel O. M. Towner of Grand Forks, manager of the Northwestern Farm Land company of Chicago, is missing. His accounts so far as known are straight.

Charged with Arson.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Feb. 20.—Patrick Sullivan was arrested charged with setting fire to the barn of John L. Monkhouse, and is also suspected of other incendiary fires in Fairfield.

Lawyer Kline Is Grateful.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—A check for $500 has been received from Lawyer Kline, of Hazleton, Pa., for the firemen who rescued him from the Hotel Royal fire.

A Thieving Teller Jailed.

OTTAWA, Feb. 20.—Edward Hubbell, teller of the Bank of Ottawa, who stole $20,000 from the bank, was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

CLEVELAND MEN ACTIVE

They Propose to Fight Hill in the National Convention.

A SPLIT IS IMMINENT IN NEW YORK.

In Case the Protests of the Anti-Hill Forces Are Not Heeded by the State Committee, a Rival Convention May Be Called—The Third Party Conference.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—A number of the leaders of the third party movement, Farmers' Alliance men and women, have gone from Washington, or are going, to attend the conference to be held in St. Louis, beginning next Monday. President Polk, Dr. Macune and Mrs. Diggs have already gone, and Congressmen Jerry Simpson, of Kansas; Kim, of Nebraska; Mrs. Lease and Dr. T. A. Bland will leave today. Of the reasons for and objects of the conference Dr. Macune said:

"This conference is the result of a resolution passed at Ocala over a year ago. There were disagreements at Ocala and an inclination on the part of some of the elements represented to break loose from their former political associations. The delegates from the south opposed this, and wanted to give the people time to consider the matter. It was then agreed and a committee was appointed to prepare a call for a conference of the confederations of labor from every section, and that is what this meeting in St. Louis is.

"A year was given within which the people could deliberate on the propositions before them, and now each confederation sends delegates to confer with each other, the object being to see if they cannot make such concessions as to harmonize and concentrate the action of all in one grand phalanx against monopoly and plutocracy.

"If all can agree then they will formulate their demands and submit them to the two political parties asking that they be adopted. If the demands it makes are not acceded to by either of the old parties then I would not undertake to say what will be done, though I am inclined to think that a convention would be called and a ticket placed in the field. In this event Colonel Polk, I think, would be nominated for the presidency without opposition."

Cleveland Men Will Make a Big Fight.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—Grover Cleveland's friends in New York are not allowing any verdure to spring up under their feet in their fight against Hill and Tammany. Arrangements have been practically completed between the interests of the ex-president and Messrs. Drake, Parker & Co., whereby 500 of the biggest and most influential Cleveland men will be quartered at the Grand Pacific hotel during the Democratic convention. A correspondence has been going on between the hotel people and Mr. Cleveland's friends for some time regarding hotel accommodations during the state convention is in session. The correspondence were it made public, would make interesting reading, but Colonel Parker said that it was fully understood that the 500 Democrats would be Cleveland men, who would come here prepared to wage war against the Hill machine.

"The delegation will include Democrats of national reputation," said Colonel Parker, "but we have agreed not to make publicany of the names of those who are coming, but it will be a Cleveland contingent—all out and out, and it means a hot fight." Democrats who heard the news are happy that the fight in New York is getting warmer. Some took it as an indication that sooner or later Cleveland men would be seventy-two delegates selected by an opposition convention who would carry the fight right into the national convention. Others decided it meant merely that a big demonstration was to be made to show the other delegations that New York is not solid for Hill, notwithstanding he has all the federal patronage. "And it means a western man, too," declared a prominent western Democrat.

There May Be Two Conventions.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—The committee of fifty of the anti-Hill Democrats held a final conference with the executive committee and arrangements for the departure of the committee to Albany on convention day were made. On the arrival at Albany of the committee they will meet other Democrats from throughout the state and will decide on the advisability of calling primaries for a second convention in case their protest is ignored.

In a last appeal to the only power which can revoke the call for the midwinter convention, the committee has sent to the state committee a letter calling attention to the resolutions unanimously adopted at the Cooper Union mass meeting, and asking for their thoughtful and serious consideration in the interests of Democratic harmony and success.

Jones Goes Against Hill.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Ex-Lieutenant Governor Jones has enrolled his name, he says, with those who are protesting against the election of the machine that now so autocratically controls the Democratic party for the advancement of selfish personal interests of one man regardless of the effect upon its future welfare.

Cleveland Cheered.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 20.—A large and enthusiastic Democratic mass meeting was held at Medina. W. C. Warner, of New York, spoke on tariff reform. A delegation to protest against the Hill convention was elected. Mr. Cleveland's name was loudly cheered.

Tired of Political Life.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Representative Ezra B. Taylor, of the Nineteenth Ohio district, has formally announced that he will not be a candidate for re-election. He will be seventy years old when his term expires, and he will retire from political life.

A Kidnaped Boy Found.

HARTFORD, Feb. 20.—Mrs. Helen Ash's foster boy, so said son, who was kidnaped by her divorced husband a month ago, was found in Worcester, Mass., by the police and returned to his mother.

He Lost With Gratified.

SAVANNAH, Feb. 20.—Charles Cummins, colored, has escaped lynching for the murder of Gus Williams. Cummins set five minutes to 11 as the time for his hanging. His wish was gratified.

Minister Reid's Resignation.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—The Gaulois reiterates that Minister Reid has resigned, and adds that he will leave Paris on Feb. 27.

Brazil Quiet Again.

RIO JANEIRO, Feb. 20.—Ordered has been restored in Cearas, from which state reports of trouble come Wednesday.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Secretary of the Treasury Foster will leave for Washington Wednesday on an extended trip for his health.

A dynamite bomb was found outside the Spanish consulate in Messina, Sicily. The burning fuse was extinguished and the police arrested

Dynamite bombs were thrown at the pickets of the Tennessee militia, which is guarding the convict miners at Coal Creek. The attacking miners were driven back.

Colonel William H. Smith, of the Third regiment, Harrisburg, has been dishonorably discharged for conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman.

It is reported in the City of Mexico that reciprocity negotiations with the United States have been temporarily suspended to allow Mexico to consider counter propositions.

CARPETS!

Largest stock, selected patterns; largest and best lighted carpet rooms; lowest prices.

DRESS GOODS—Immense variety of new Spring novelties in Dress Goods; 50 pieces of solid and plain Dress Goods, 36c yard, worth 50c.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.—For ladies, misses and children; all full-sized, well-made garments, and at prices that will be eagerly sought.

FRUIT OF THE LOOM—We are still selling this popular brand of 4-4 muslin at 6c. Good Nainsook, 4c; best prints, 5c; white blankets, 35c and $1 10 pair.

Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa. Look out for announcement of our annual Spring sale. Extraordinary opening, which takes place in March.

E. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa from which the excess of oil has been removed, is Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals are used in its preparation. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST.

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 87 Duer St., North Plainfield.

50c. a Bottle for EMULSION of COD LIVER OIL with HYPOPHOSPHITES, at Williams' Pharmacy

No. 80 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.

Any plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 19 ly

Machine Works.

FREDERICK P. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery,

Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models and inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smoke-stack building and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

PLANETS &c. FOR QUART.

FRESH ROASTED COFFEE 20c. lb.

Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.

I have thereto, by practical the store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.

DAVID CLARK,

Successor to J. H. Clark, deceased.

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

19 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Having the public support in the operation of his newly added steam breaking machine and screen for coal, which he confidently believes enables him to furnish coal cleaner than is possible by any other method of preparation.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best quantities and various sizes carried in stock.

HOUSE AND PRESSED LUMBER

He would also announce that he has increased facilities for handling hay and straw, and will be prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

WHERE A CURRENCY IS NOT

SPECIAL NOTICE

Complying with general request,

BEECHAM'S PILLS

will in future for the United States be covered with a

Quickly Soluble, Pleasant Coating,

completely disguising the taste of the Pill without in any way impairing its efficacy.

Price 25 cents a Box.

New York Depot 365 Canal Street.

DON'T FORGET

In making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS, OVERCOATS, OR TROUSERS;

At LENBARGER'S, the Tailor, NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

C. DICKINSON

OPTICIAN and JEWELER,

has full line of JEWELRY for HOLIDAY PRESENTS

Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses. Eyes examined FREE.

13 PARK AVE.

Do not forget the number.

NEW STORE

Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J

THREE BEE TEA

We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

28 PARK AVENUE.

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, Preserved Sugar Corn, Succotash, Mixed Pickles Sugar Corn, Succotash, Mixed Pickles, Early June Peas, Strawberry Tomatoes, P. H. Leggett's Stewed Tomatoes, Fait & Winterbeer's extra sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early June Peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Hudson River Asparagus and tips. Special reduction given by the case and dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats.

19 BROADWAY.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three 3 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
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Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Cor. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 24.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private parties.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for hotels' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

and Electric Baths as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES, CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

23 East Second street, corner Washington.

NOTICE!

I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my

Liberty Street Market

where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices

GOOD -:- MEAT!

Of all kinds.

Charles Arnold,

21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!

By a po, ular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Cigars for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at

N H. Guttman's

CIGAR STORE,

28 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

The most costly fabrics are very often ruined by improper laundering. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our work will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,

14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

28 Somerset Street,

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

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Engineer of the Famous Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

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Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Office Pat'r Inc. Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Attorney at Law, 97 Broadway, New York city, rooms 91 and 93. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

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JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two banks in operation. Our system is approved of by the Board of Health. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Orders solicited at Park House. Manufactory on Watson Lane, Garden and Front Portlyeas.

P. O. Box 1007 Telephone call 27.

"The Very Best"

is our rule. The BEST given better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot call home or come.

But you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Monument Warerooms, Marble, Granite and stamped linen goods.

C. E CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

No. 9 East Front street.

EDISON WAS OUTWITTED

The Great Inventor Frozen Out of His Own Corporations.

A CLEVER SCHEME MANIPULATED.

Henry Villard Engineers a Plan Whereby the Thomson-Houston Company Swallows Up the Edison General and Leaves the Creator of the Interests in the Lurch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Thomas A. Edison is being frozen out of great interests of his own creation. It is believed that through his ignorance of the ways of Wall street he was outwitted and some one else got control of his stock. He now owns only one-tenth of the stock of the Edison General Electric company, which controls nearly all of his patents, and with that small proportion of the whole stock he is practically powerless.

The Edison General Electric company was organized three years ago by Henry Villard to consolidate the Edison Electric Lighting and Power companies. A plan has recently been perfected whereby a rival concern, the Thomson-Houston Electric company, will swallow up the Edison General. The Edison General stock is to be increased to $6,000,000. Of this amount the present holders will receive in exchange for their shares $15,000,000, while the Thomson-Houston shareholders will exchange $18,000,000. The balance, $15,000,000 will remain in the treasury, subject to disposition, of course, by the majority, which means the Thomson-Houston.

Villard Worked the Deal.

The deal, from all that can be learned, was carried out without the concurrence of Mr. Edison. He has been opposed to it, and will, it is understood, retire from the board of directors. The combination of the two electric companies was effected by Mr. Villard, who has been president of the Edison General since its formation.

There was a conference this other day, the facts of which leaked out yesterday, in which the participants were Mr. Edison, Mr. Villard and Samuel Insull, the vice president and practically the general manager of the Edison General.

"It is an outrage that the Edison General should have been put into the hands of the Thomson-Houston," said Mr. Insull to Mr. Villard.

"It would never have happened except for your mismanagement," said Mr. Villard to Mr. Insull, in tones several degrees below zero.

Thereby hangs the tale. Mr. Insull has long been the right hand man of Mr. Edison in the electrical business. He was Mr. Edison's agent in London. He showed such good business qualities that Mr. Edison summoned him to America and intrusted to him the management of some of his heaviest interests.

The Freezing Out Process.

When the Edison General, the great controlling corporation, was organized, Mr. Insull was put in as vice president to represent Mr. Edison and to, in reality, supervise its operations. Mr. Edison is reported to have had his eyes opened by recent events which have turned out so unfavorable to himself. Now, from all accounts, he is disposed to blame Mr. Insull for not looking more closely after his interests.

Mr. Insull is said to have acquired a large interest in the Edison General and its allied corporations. Nevertheless, if the story is true, he must "walk the plank" and give way as general manager to E. A. Cottle, vice president of the Thomson-Houston. Mr. Villard is to be president, and director of the Edison General by Hamilton McK. Twombly, who is one of the heaviest stockholders in the Thomson-Houston.

Mr. Edison was the principal owner in the companies which made up the Edison General, but the process of "increasing" the stock put him in a very diminutive minority. He was the chief stockholder in the Edison Lighting company, holding over 50 per cent. of the stock of Bergmann & Co., electrical manufacturers in Avenue B; over 50 per cent. of the stock of the Edison machine works at Schenectady; over 50 per cent. of the stock of the Edison Lamp company at Harrison, N. J., and he had a heavy interest in the Sprague Electric Motor company.

Edison's Hands Tied.

The Edison Lighting companies have paid most attention to incandescent and isolated lighting, while the Thomson-Houston has devoted itself principally to lighting of towns, cities and establishments by arc lights. Each, however, was working into the other's field. The consolidation of the two companies is now going on by an exchange of stock.

There is a report that Mr. Edison will organize an opposition company, but as his patents are nearly all controlled by the Edison General Electric company, if he should sell out his interest and start a new company it would be necessary to confine its business to such new patents as Mr. Edison or his colleagues might get.

A Girl's Clothes Afame.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Miss Minnie Barton's clothing caught fire from the range. She rushed screaming through the house completely enveloped in flames. Her mother smothered the flames with some bed clothing, but only after the girl had been fatally burned.

Garza Proclaimed.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Feb. 20.—Governor Hogg has issued a proclamation against Garza and his followers, especially those of Mexican birth, to give no aid in any form to the movement.

Charged with Murder.

ALTOONA, Pa., Feb. 20.—Frank Callen, alias Patrick McDermott, a brakeman of this city, was arrested by detectives on the charge of having murdered Daniel Dougherty in Edgintun, Ills.

Colorado's Latest Silver Crop.

GRIFFLE CREEK, Colo., Feb. 20.—The frequent rich silver strikes at this camp are causing great excitement throughout the state and people are rushing in at the rate of 200 a day.

Lawyer Monaghan in Frisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—Lawyer Monaghan, of West Chester, Pa., has arrived here from Australia. He says he left home because he was half crazed by overwork and insomnia.

Burned Unto Death.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Feb. 20.—Mrs. James Timony's clothing caught fire, and before help could arrive she was so badly burned that she will die.

Their Wages to Be Cut.

READING, Pa., Feb. 20.—Ashrode & Sayre have notified their 650 employees at the Rolling Rolling mill of a 10 per cent. reduction in wages.

FIRED BY A CIGARETTE.

A Millionaire's Wife Burned to Death in Her Own Home.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Mrs. Mary Ann Brayton, wife of Charles Brayton, a millionaire, was burned to death in her own home at 1 o'clock this morning. Mrs. Brayton was a widow when she married Mr. Brayton, and was the mother of Mrs. Frederick Gallatin Bourne, wife of the president of the Singer Manufacturing company. Mrs. Brayton was 70 years old. She was found dead in her bed by her maid. Her clothing was burned off her body, and the bed was also burned. The fire was caused by a cigarette.

A Canadian Warning.

His mother had warned him particularly against making any allusions to Uncle Phillips' hair.

At the dinner table he looked long and searchingly at his avuncular relative and then remarked plaintively, "I don't see why you didn't want me to say anything about uncle's hair, mamma—he ain't got any, anyway."—Once a Week.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

The Fair Bill Tabled After Tacking on a Sunday Closing Clause.

ALBANY, Feb. 20.—The attendance upon the sessions of both houses was so scant that it was impossible to attempt to pass bills.

The senate after progressing the Cantor freedom of worship bill to a third reading confined itself exclusively to the consideration of unimportant bills in general orders, and adjourned before noon over to 3 p. m. next Tuesday.

In the assembly the World's fair bill was reached in regular order, and Mr. Hitt, of Albany, wanted the bill held until the World's fair commissioners of this state could send an amendment to the house.

Mr. Joyce, of Bronx, then offered an amendment providing that "the exhibit of the state of New York at Chicago shall not be open Sundays."

General Bacon characterized Chicago as the most godless city on the face of the earth, except Leadville. He furthermore said no World's fair in this country has ever been *open on Sunday, and for himself he was in favor of the holy Sunday and the* amendment. The amendment was adopted by a vote of 80 to 47.

Bush then moved to lay the bill on the table till the Republicans should decide not to hamper the commission. This motion was carried by a vote of 81 ayes to 49 nays.

Governor Flower transmitted his veto of the Beakes assembly bill appropriating $5,000 for the establishment of a fish hatchery in Delaware county, which he declared to be against the plan of economy.

DELAMATER SAYS HE IS SOLVENT.

He Believes His Assignees Can Pay Every Dollar of His Indebtedness.

MEADVILLE, Pa., Feb. 20.—The court having ruled that G. B. Delamater and T. A. Delamater were to be no longer considered as defendants in the case against the firm of Delamater & Co., the latter defendant, George Wallace Delamater, was on hand with his counsel to begin the defense.

George A. Jenks opened to an address to the jury, during which he said he would be able to show that the Delamater firm was not insolvent, and that the remaining defendant should be set free because the prosecution had failed to establish a case against the defendant. Mr. Jenks presented a list of assets which he said represented $1,240,000, and which he expected to prove would have brought that amount had the failure not been precipitated.

George Wallace Delamater then explained to the court and the jury upon what he based his estimates of the values of the several blocks of stock held by the firm.

Mr. Delamater declared his belief that the Delamater & Co. estate when sold would be able to pay every dollar of the indebtedness due to the depositors. He explained that the securities owned by the firm had been sold to various financial institutions in Philadelphia, New York and elsewhere as securities for loans made for the firm of Delamater & Co., and individuals whose names he declined to give. The case is likely to go to the jury Tuesday.

QUAY DANGEROUSLY ILL.

His Wife Summoned to His Bedside at St. Lucie, Fla.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Feb. 20.—Senator Quay is dangerously ill at St. Lucie. Mrs. Quay has been summoned to his bedside.

Starved Himself to Death.

BROCKTON, Mass., Feb. 20.—Charles E. Hudson, who has for forty-three days refused to take any food whatever, is dead. At his funeral he will be the noblest man in his with water. His mind was perfectly clear and he understood that he was taking his life by refusing to eat. Mr. Hudson was sixty-eight years old, and was at one time a prominent business man.

Portugal Swept and Shaken.

LISBON, Feb. 20.—A fearful cyclone spread destruction in South Portugal. Vessels were swept before the storm and telegraph wires everywhere prostrated. The damage will not less than 5,000,000 francs. To the terror caused by the cyclone was added an earthquake in the province of Algarve, which did much damage to property and caused a panic.

Death of Gilbert Griffin.

KINGSTON, Ont., Feb. 20.—Gilbert Elliott Griffin, in the United States postoffice department since 1837, died. He introduced the money order and railway mail systems in the United States.

Paralyzed by Diphtheria.

MACKENSIE, Ga., Feb. 20.—Every school and business house is closed, and trains are not allowed to stop here on account of a frightful epidemic of diphtheria. Deaths are numerous.

Our Internal Revenue Receipts.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Collections of internal revenue during the seven months of the fiscal year aggregate $88,700,098, an increase over the same period of last year of $1,839,100.

He Tried to Kill His Wife.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Feb. 20.—Foreman Thomas (colored) was found guilty of attempting to murder his wife, in Stamford, and sentenced to fifteen years in the state's prison.

EVEN BALFOUR IS EXCITED.

The Tories Have Another Scandal and Parliament Will Probably Dissolve.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—The Tories are on the verge of a panic. Parnell's charges against Balfour is omitted over the proof of government weakness shown in proceedings of the week. The narrow escape from defeat on the land purchase bill, followed swiftly by the loss of the Belfast postoffice bill, and now by another narrow escape on Welsh issues, and has completely demoralized the Tories and their Liberal Unionist friends.

It is said that Balfour was strongly affected by the manner in which his speech on the Irish local government bill was received and that he afterward conferred with leading Tories in his private room at the house of commons. Some of the utterances at this conference have leaked out. Balfour, it is said, pointed out that it was not only useless but dangerous to defer any longer on the appeal to the electors, and that every day the session was prolonged increased the difficulties of the situation.

He said that as a measure for the conciliation of Ireland the local government bill was a failure, and that the house would have to be fought out distinctly on the question of parliamentary home rule. These sentiments met with general approval, although it was suggested by some of the more timid that a hasty dissolution would look too much like a disorganized rout. The question will come up at a cabinet meeting tonight.

Worked Himself to Suicide.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 20.—George Allen, a clerk at the Pennsylvania Steel works, at Steelton, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a set of razors. Representative Allen. The suicide was chief accountant in the frog switch signal and bridge department and had charge of the semi-monthly payment of 1,000 men. His duties were complicated that melancholy resulted. He was to have taken a vacation until he should recuperate.

The Freycinet Ministry Is Out.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—President Carnot has accepted the resignation of the ministers. He had a long conference with M. de Freycinet before concluding upon acceptance, and the premier told the president that his action could not be recalled, and that the course of the chamber left no choice between dishonor and resignation.

In the Agonies of Hydrophobia.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Feb. 20.—Frank Hippenstal, aged forty-eight, of Center Valley, is afflicted with hydrophobia, caused by the bite of a mad dog. He runs, barks, yelps and goes through most frightful contortions. Doctors say he cannot recover.

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The Hannon-Hackett Murder.

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Builders Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

37 Somerset street, for

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ARBOTT.

Practical Carpenter and Builder Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Shop on Somerset street, near Front, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class wood interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 154.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 331

JOHN HERRMANN,

Stair Builder, and hard wood mantel maker, three corner of Grand and Rogers streets, North Plainfield, N. J. 10-10-1y J. HERRMANN, 8 Regent street.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot. Box P. O. Box 1226. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Watchung avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 943.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 51.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 13 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Real Estate & Insurance.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

REAL ESTATE

and Insurance.

Money to loan on first mortgage.

NO. 23 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Edw C. Mulford

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

29 North avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security. Conveyancing and Fire Insurance.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30 a. m., 12:30, 5:30 p. m.

Close—7:30 and 10:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.

Arrive—10:30 a. m., 5:30 p. m.

Close—10:30 a. m., 5:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.

Mail closes at 4:30 p. m.

E. E. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey

(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time table in effect Nov. 15th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 5 45, 6 30 a m, 4 20, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00, 12 00 m, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p m, 12 01 night. Sunday at 2 14, 5 45, 6 30, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a m, 12 00 m, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p m, 12 01 night. Leave New York, Liberty St., 2 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a m, 12 00 m, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p m, 12 00 night. Sunday at 2 00, 6 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a m, 12 00 m, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 55, 7 35, 8 05, 9 05, 11 05, 12 05 m, 1 05, 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 p m. 12 15 night. Sunday at 7 35, 9 05, 11 05 a m, 12 05 m, 1 05, 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05 p m. Passengers for Somerville, Raritan, Flemington, Lambertville, Williamsport, Scranton, etc., through coach to Flemington.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7 35, 9 05, 11 05 a m, 12 05 m, 2 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 9 05, 11 05 p m. Sunday at 5 45, 9 05 a m, 7 35, 9 05 p m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 35, 9 45, a m. 1 30, 5 20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 45 a m, for Flemington, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton could not be recalled, and that this course of the chamber left no choice between dishonor and resignation.

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Great Overcoat Sale.

30 DAYS ONLY!

OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.

GENUINE : BARGAINS!

Call and examine before they are are gone.

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE,

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

General Hardware and House-furnishings,

and STOVES.

Carpenter and Machinist Tools!

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

HARNESS and BLANKETS.

USUAL LOW PRICES. TELEPHONE CALL 189.

H. F. RIDER, Manager. A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

THE METROPOLITAN STABLE,

20 and 22 North Avenue, Through to Second Street.

HATCHED CARRIAGE PAIRS,

HIGH-ACTIONED "T-CART"

AND DOG CART HORSES,

CANADIAN BUTTERS,

COBS AND BUSINESS HORSES,

LADIES' SADDLE

AND DRIVING HORSES.

ALSO A SPECIALTY IN GENTLEMEN'S ROAD TEAMS, SINGLE DRIVERS AND TROTTERS.

43 WEST FRONT STREET.

A DINNER is never relished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and most carefully selected stock of Choice

Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes,

BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER.

If given a call will be able to compare our goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.

F. LINKE, Wholesale Wine and Liquor dealer. Telephone Call 157.

Lumber & Coal

LOOMIS & RICE

B'dway. 49 TELEPHONE 75

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in ALL SIZES

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

HITHER

Hot Water

or

Steam Heating

Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

42 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.

Of Good

Light Blue Color.

References:—

F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

ROBT. A. BERNER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

41 SOMERSET STREET.

BROWN & MILLS,

Shoeing and hoof cutting parlor, in connection with livery stable, 20 North Avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Horses called for and delivered promptly. Best shoes and best work guaranteed.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Alberta, P. O. Box 1046.

FRENCH LESSONS.

Instruction and colloquial meet in French Lessons. Class or private lessons at residence of pupils, Watchung avenue and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms at 6 Grant Row, Grant street, Plainfield, or address Miss Bertha Lemmon and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,

Boarding and Day School, Re-opened Monday, Sept. 14th, 1891.

For information call at the academy or address MISS A. M. HARNED, Principal. 8 29 tf 197 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S

Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. The high branches taught. Special Prep'ch. At 5 Mrs Wednesdays, from 3 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTESON,

Teacher of piano, harmony and theory either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. F. RIDER,

Yard 20 Somerset street, grower and dealer in Choice greenhouse and garden products; white and colored plants; cut flowers, roses and glassware; flower pots and hanging baskets; cider, vinegar four years old. Best grades constantly on hand.

MISS LINDSAY,

Excellent Free Office. 10 11 West Front street, third girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 29 tf

Lodges.

Fraternity and Protection.

1892. Membership, 150,000. 1891.

Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization of Supreme Lodge, 1867. Insurance in force, $60,000,000. Total Funds, $2,500,000. Meets every 2nd and 4th Thursday, at 8 P. M., in Wheeler Lodge Room, No. 5 Park Place.

Louis L. Van Alstyne, Dictator.

Ralph A. Fay, Reporter.

Watchung Commandery, No. 34, meets 2nd Tuesday evening at 8 p. m. 10 29 tf

PURE MILK.

Delivered to any part of the city by

Dr. Bo, 2 C 37 38 76 47 M.

A postal addressed to Box 69 Front Street street will receive prompt attention. 9 5 tf

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors

The Curiosity Shop.

WOMAN IN GERMANY.

A Point Over Which Female Advocates of Emancipation of Their Sex Lament.

In Germany freedom belongs to those only who are able to fulfill all their duties toward the commonwealth, who are fit to bear the burden of freedom. The principal duty is to defend, sword in hand, the native soil. Whoever, man or woman, was not able to do that, had no claim to the exercise of power in the community, to personal independence, no civil rights, not even the right of administering a private fortune. The child, the invalid, the old man, were temporarily deprived of these rights; women were excluded from them altogether.

With regard to the girlhood of Germany, a change was brought about at the end of the Fifth century. The spirit of the German girl to own property dates from that time. The administration of her fortune, however, was left to a guardian. She was partially free, and not until the Thirteenth *century did she really enter into the* independent possession of her fortune. If she become a legal person, not indeed according to public, but to private right, and so she has remained to the present day.

Only in so far as the legal position of the married woman must exercise a moral influence on the life of the unmarried is it necessary to say a word of the legal foundation of marriage in Germany. It rests entirely on the view of the superiority of man, of the subordination of woman. Even the notion that she is bought by her husband survives, in however slight a form, in the ceremony of betrothal. Her husband is her master, her guardian, her natural supporter; above all, he is her educator. She shares his rank, his name, his dignities, his fortune, but without having cannot administer her own. "In Germania of law she remains a subject," Schmidt concludes, "and if she reigns at all, it must be by the free will of man."

In a country like Germany, where, in all matters connected with moral and intellectual life the links of tradition have *never been severed, the present is ex*plained by the past. Disdainful silence is the widest form of criticism opponents will offer whenever on the platform or from the professional chair the attempt is made to plead in favor of women's political rights, says the English coutemporary from which we quote.

"Good Wine Wants No Bush."

A sign common to the licensed victualer was the "Ivy Bush" or "Bush;" hence the maxim "Good wine needs no bush," as houses where good and wholesome beverages could be obtained needed no bush or sign. A writer in 1638 says, "Spied a bush at end of pole, the antient badge of an alehouse." A further quotation will show the generality of this sign in "Good Newes and Bad Newes." The host says:

I rather will take down my bush and sign
Than live by means of riotous expense.

Publicans were not the only users of this emblem, but all persons displayed it on articles for sale; hence the fixing of a besom or birch broom at the masthead of a vessel on the purchase. In *Hewit's* "Drunkard's Cup" we meet with the following:

"If a house be not worth an ivie bush,
let him have his tooles about him, nut-

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 15 3m* E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Home family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated through out.
Special rates for permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
2 24 6m

A NEW STYLE
OF
D E R B Y
Out TO-DAY, at the store of
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.

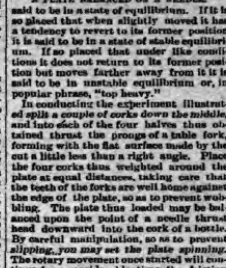
DON'T FORGET!
If you are thinking of going to Europe, that you can get circulars, prices, tickets and all information concerning the Anchor Line Steamers SCINDIA, ETRURIA, DEVONIA CITY OF ROME, from Henry D. Morris, agent.
Tickets for all principal cities to come from the city trade.
11 Somerset street, or Lock Box 1.

STABLE EQUILIBRIUM.

An Amusing Home Illustration of a Principle of Mechanical Science.

There are few who have not witnessed the familiar Jacquot's trick of spinning plates, bowls and other household utensils on the tip of a pointed stick. The method we are about to describe, and which is here illustrated, goes further than this. By its aid an ordinary plate may be supported in a condition of stable equilibrium on the point of a needle, and may even be set spinning while the needle is at rest.

In explanation of the phrase stable equilibrium it may be stated that when the centre of gravity of a given body is supported the whole body is supported and is



A PLATE BALANCED ON A NEEDLE.

said to be in a state of equilibrium. If it is so placed that when slightly moved it has a tendency to revert to its former position it is said to be in a state of stable equilibrium. If so placed that under like conditions it does not return to its former position but moves farther away from it it is said to be in unstable equilibrium or, in popular phrase, "top heavy."

In constructing the experiment illustrated *split a couple of corks down the middle,* and into each of the four halves thus obtained thrust the prongs of a table fork, forming with the flat surface made by the cut a little less than a right angle. Place the four corks thus weighted around the plate at equal distances, taking care that the teeth of the forks are well home against the edge of the plate, so as to prevent wobbling. The plate thus loaded may be balanced upon the point of a needle thrust *down into the cork of a bottle.* By careful manipulation, so as to prevent *slipping, you may set the plate spinning.* The rotary movement once started will continue for a considerable time, the friction of the point of the needle with the plate being practically nil.

A New Idea in Boilers.

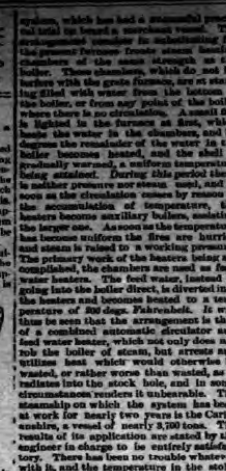
A new idea in boiler construction is the subject of the following remarks in The Journal of Building: "That steam boilers are subjected to extremely destructive strains when the furnaces are first started for raising steam is due to the fact that those portions of the boiler surrounding the furnace become highly heated, while the more remote parts remain for a long time comparatively cool. Hence, there is uneven expansion of the metals, and the consequence is that strains are set up in the boiler, which shorten its life and are otherwise very prejudicial. To remedy this Mr. C. E. Hudson, a naval engineer of experience, has devised a simple, ingenious

ONE OF THE BEST
Fitting and best wearing shoes for the money, is our Ladies Genuine Dongola Button Shoe, Price $1.50, common sense and opera toe, width C D & E.
We do not make much on these goods, but we sell them nevertheless. That's the Difference. DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
49 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro., to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Special Offer!
IN ELEGANT NEW SPRING CARPETS for a short time. This Special Offer amounts to a considerable saving to the purchaser, and is well worth taking advantage of.
The stock includes all grades in Tapestry Brussels, Body Brussels, and a good line of Moquettes.
Of all these we keep complete pieces in stock, so there can be no delay in filling orders.
In addition we have been made selling agents for Messrs. W. and J. Sloane, of New York, which enables us to sell from their house, either from samples here, or from your own selections there, at the SAME PRICES as they sell at. By this Special arrangement we can handle the largest and best goods in this city. This agency applies to anything in their house.
By these and other special advantages at our hand this season, we can confidently assure our patrons that we can make it to their interest to call early.
Special Bargains are now offered in Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portieres, etc.
EDSALL'S! EDSALL'S!

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.
USE
Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.
A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.



INTERLACED RIMS.

of trees in which the main branches have been tied together by a living brace made of united twigs. This species of *grafting* by interlacing can be used in many places to advantage.

The accompanying illustration from American Garden shows four elms interlaced about twelve feet above the ground. The trees were fastened together securely when young, and they have now united into one solid trunk for a considerable space.

Everybody Likes Me.
Because I Relieve and Prevent
CHAPPED HANDS, FACE, LIPS, ROUGHNESS OF THE SKIN, and WRINKLES
ANTI-CHAP IS SPLENDID YOU SHOULD ALL DRUGGISTS
ALL 25¢ USE IT.
Wash the baby with Anti-Chap Soap.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
Office:—
27 North Avenue.

Writing : Paper
BY THE
POUND!
Old Sagamore Mills, 10c. lb.
Envelopes to match, 5c. package.
Kensington Wove and Devonshire Linen, 25c. per lb.
Envelopes to match, 10c. package.
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

O. M. DUNHAM,
46 West Front Street.
Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,
WINTER CAPS, ETC.
Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

THE HOUSEHOLD

DECORATIVE WORK.

Artistic Things in Embroidered Linen and Brocades—Pretty Candle Shades.

It is a pretty notion to mediævalize the finest quality for bedcloths and toilet covers, and indeed some of these might readily be mistaken for silk brocade, so highly finished are they. In some cases the pattern of the damask itself is outlined with embroidery, executed with a single strand of filoselle; in others no notice is taken of the design of the material; but an embroidered pattern is placed upon it much in the style of the brocade embroidery which appeared last season. The two patterns have a better effect when they are suggestive, similar in general plan though not alike, but entirely distinct; that of the background should in reality be like a faint echo or reflection of the other.

Many of the newest sofa cushions are made of beautiful brocades, with the patterns embroidered in silks, chenille and gold thread. Some exquisite designs are worked in tapestry stitch, and others in tent stitch on a watered gold or silver ground. The stitches are worked on canvas, laid on the watered material, which is drawn taut on the frame. Then give panels of silk, or even lace on silk, carried diagonally between embroidery. Basket stitch as *grounding has been brought out of late,* and very handsome effects are the result.

Some pretty candle shades for the dinner table might be made in a broad, extended shape, with light green silk, frilled and trimmed with lace, and adorned with a bunch of artificial flowers. Many are made of crimped paper, but the draped shades are prettiest made of mousseline chiffon, with the double flounce round, and the poppies in silk, and also other flowers. Square wires, covered with white silk, a frill of the same at the edge and a deep fall of lace all over are excellent too.

Pickled Mangoes.

For pickled mangoes use young muskmelons or nutmeg melons. Cut a small square from the side of each one, and with a teaspoon scrape out all the seeds. Lay the mangoes in strong brine and let them remain for three days. Drain off the brine and freshen in pure water for twenty-four hours. Fill them with a stuffing made of one cupful of English mustard seed mixed with one-half cupful of grated horseradish, one teaspoonful each of mace and nutmeg pounded, two teaspoonfuls chopped onions, a little ginger and one dozen whole pepper corns; to a pint of the mixture add one teaspoonful of sugar, one teaspoonful of best salad oil, one teaspoonful of celery seed and one-half tablespoonful of ground mustard. Replace the piece cut out, pack the mangoes in a deep stone jar and pour scalding vinegar over them. Repeat this process at intervals of two days for three times more—add a bit of alum to the vinegar the first time. Tie up the jars and set away in a cool place. They will not be ready for use under four months.

A Handsome Quilt.

The quilt to which our illustration refers, was presented as a silver wedding present to Princess Christian by the associates of the Royal School of Art Needlework. Design and work being of exceptional

CENTER OF QUILT.

with a fall satin roulleau. The embroidery consists of a charming combination of pink dog roses and green leaves, laid in work, with scrolls in applique white silk. The *center shield contains the letter H. (Helena),* with a crown above, and the arrangement of the embroidered parts is shown in the cut. In each of the four corners of the quilt is also an embroidered design combining the pink dog roses, green leaves and scrolls.

Care of Hard Wood Floors.

Wood floors that have been finished in shellac or hard oil finish should be kept free from dust with a soft feather or hair brush, or by wiping with a soft cloth. When a dampened cloth is used the floor must afterward be rubbed dry with a dry cloth. When there is any dirt that is not entirely removed in this way, the floor can be washed with water and a little soap and then washed off with clean water and rubbed dry.

After the finish is worn down to the surface, as in the wear and tear of the floor all over evenly with No. 1 sandpaper and give it another coat of shellac or hard oil finish, after which continue to keep as before.

Floors finished in plain oil only should be kept clean in the same manner as above, more soap and water being required.

Waxed floors can be cleansed by washing off thoroughly with turpentine or benzine, after which they can be renaxed if desired.

Peach Dumplings and Syllabub.

Peach dumplings are nice. Butter half a dozen cups and line with paste, then fill them with peaches finely sliced; sweeten and cover with a top crust; place the cups in a pan of boiling water to steam them, covering the pan, or bake them for half an hour or so. Then turn out on a dish and serve with thick cream and sugar.

For peach syllabub, line a dish with ladyfingers split in two and fill with the following mixture: Soak one-third of a box of gelatine in a little cold water for twenty minutes, add a cupful of boiling water to dissolve it; add to it two well beaten eggs, into which have been stirred one-half cupful of white sugar and one cupful of peach pulp, with a little vanilla flavoring. Whip one pint of cream and beat all together until it begins to thicken; then pour into the dish and set on the ice till served. To obtain the peach pulp ripe peaches may be mashed or pressed through a colander.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We will guarantee to sell you Dry and Fancy Goods, Carpets, Upholstery, Housefurnishing goods, etc., and in fact Everything that you want at a lower price than you ever bought for before. Come and get proof of what we charge and others charge will prove that V. & W. are selling goods at a closer margin than all others. We offer for the coming week:

4-4 Dwight Anchor	8c
4-4 Hope Brown Sheeting	6c
20 in. Heavy Linen Crash	9c
8-4 Bleached Sheeting	19c
9-4 Bleached Sheeting	21c
10-4 Bleached Sheeting	23c
200 Linen Mats	10c
300 Door Mats, extra good	each 37c
100 Turkish Rugs, 3 feet long	each 70c
2,000 yds Best French Cambric, per yard	10c
10-4 Bed Spreads, full size	39c
100 gentlemen's half hose, full reg. pair.	10c

There is a Special Sale of Granite Ironware that will interest housekeepers.

We guarantee Every Article we sell to give perfect Satisfaction and deliver goods wherever you wish.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH
THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS
AND
BONELESS BACON?
Order them of
R. W. RICE & CO.
THE North Plainfield Grocers.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the fruit of the hour.

RING UP 241
This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.
Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have the Best Wheat, Barley, Oats and Corn Meal, and make a specialty of reclaimed Oats. Leave your order with
FRENCH BROS.,
CITY MILLS.
Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

NO AUCTION SALE AT CAREY'S
UNTIL
FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1892.
Remember, we have the
Finest and Best Storage Rooms
in the city.
76, 78 and 80 West Front Street.
Also come and get your Bed and Bedding, etc., at Carey's.

This Date in History—Feb. 20.

1800—Francois Marie Arouet de Voltaire (known as Voltaire), poet, dramatist and celebrated philosopher, born in Paris; died 1778.

1809—Joseph H, most noted of modern impersonators of America, died; born 1741.

1810—Joseph Jefferson, gifted and most noted actor of that name, born in Philadelphia.

1826—Joseph Hume, British (Scotch) statesman and author, died; born 1777.

1836—The Senate agreed to the House bill admitting four new states—North and South Dakota, Montana and Washington.

1866—Electrical fire alarm telegraph patented and suggestions; the government appropriates $40,000 therefor and the socialists doubled their vote.

1888—Collision at Eighty-sixth street station in the New York Central and Harlem railroad tunnel; 8 railway employes killed.

How She Took It.

Eunice is a bright little girl with a taste for the stage, and some time ago she was one of a lot of children in kirmess dances. When the kirmess was given it happened that all of the children's dances, except the particular one in which Eunice took part, were encored, and her mother felt some anxiety that Eunice would feel the slight. She was ready with some good excuse when Eunice should appear, but there was no need of it.

"Oh, mamma," she exclaimed, as she rushed to her mother all excitement, "ours was the best of all. All the others had to do theirs over again and we didn't."—Detroit Free Press.

A Disgusted Monarch.

It happens occasionally that even the most powerful monarchs are unable to fail fill their wishes. On one occasion Alexander the Great, who was born 356 B. C., wishing to have his photograph taken, went to the studio of Heliodorus & Bros., on the corner of Broadway and Park place.

Upon making known his wish Heliodorus called Alexander's attention to the fact that photography had not yet been invented.

"I forgot all about that," remarked Alexander. "I guess I'll have to wait awhile," and he walked out very much disgusted.—Texas Siftings.

Better Than Being an Heir.

"Keene has come into a fine thing by the death of old Bilyuns."

"Indeed! Is he one of the heirs?"

"No; he is the executor."—New York Press.

1892 February. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29					

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5	4.32 a.m.	Last Quarter	20	7.16 p.m.
Full	12	2.33 p.m.	New	27	10.02 p.m.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Herrendorf fast black Hose, 22 and 25c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 10c.
Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.
Herrendorf fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES ! GLOVES !

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 67c.
8 button length Suede Mousquitaires, in tans, and slate, 85c.
We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.
New line of black and colored silk gimps.

Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

Woman's Exchange
AND INDUSTRIAL UNION
73 Park Avenue.
HOME MADE
—Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—
FRESH EVERY DAY.

Hotels.

CASPAR'S HOTEL,
24 & 26 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable -:- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,
West Front street, Opp. Madison avenue
Wallace V. Miller,
Proprietor.
A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

65 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street, Look Box I. Telephone Call 61. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 23 1892 PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be fair, with slight changes in temperature.

BREVITIES.

—Special offering in new styles of fine carpets at Edsall's.

—A number of coal trains passed over the Central Railroad Sunday.

—Plays were displayed on the various school buildings of the city yesterday.

—The Plainfield Gesang and Turning Society will hold a meeting to-morrow evening.

—The "Chronothanatoletron." What a name! None but the "Y's" would have thought of it.

—A new treat is in store for members of the Young Men's Auxiliary at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-night.

—Mr. Felix Marx of East Front street recently purchased a large tract of land adjoining his handsome residence.

—Joseph English, the temperance *evangelist, attracted* a large audience at Reform Hall Sunday evening.

—Saturday evening the police arrested Johanna Haley. The charge against her was drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

—The Independent Gun Club of North Plainfield held a sweepstake "shoot" on their grounds in Hyde's grove yesterday afternoon.

—The City Common Council will meet in adjourned session this evening for the purpose of acting on the liquor license applications.

—A fight occurred in a house in the boulevard Saturday night. *A policeman* was called in to quell the disturbance. No arrests were made.

—The promenade concert of Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, Knights of Honor, will take place in the rooms of the Wetumpka Lodge this evening.

—The Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting in the Sunday-school room of the chapel this evening at eight o'clock.

—Captain George Laible, the midget, whose parents reside in Dunellen, is now travelling with a theatrical company in Australia. He expects to be gone two years.

—It was long supposed that bees collected the wax direct from flowers. Now it is known that if they are kept from plants and fed on sugar only they will form wax.

—The Forty Hours' Devotion began in St. Joseph's Catholic Church in North Plainfield at the half-past ten o'clock mass Sunday morning and will close this evening at the eight o'clock service.

—On Saturday afternoon Captain Grant took Thomas McGrath to the county jail to serve out a thirty days' *sentence imposed by City Judge Codington* for drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

—Some unknown person attempted to set fire to the barn of Mr. W. J. Winges of Dunellen at an early hour Friday morning. Fortunately the fire was discovered in time to extinguish it without much trouble.

—As a weapon of defense in actual combat the cavalry saber is no longer useful. It has come to be regarded merely as an ornament. According to Col. Mosby, of confederate fame, there were but very few soldiers killed with the saber in our civil war.

—The Chautauqua Circle of the Congregational Church will meet in the church parlors this morning. A particularly interesting programme appropriate to the Washington anniversary has been prepared. The ladies will appear in Lady Martha attire. All interested are invited.

—Yesterday morning a number of small boys with flags amused themselves by parading up and down Grand view avenue, North Plainfield. After they were tired of that amusement they sought the trunk of an old tree in a near-by field, arranged their flags around it and began to enjoy themselves in various ways.

—Yesterday Frank Monoton was scouring the city to find the man who gave him a black eye. He told the police that if he found him there would be trouble. He said that on Saturday evening while he was under the influence of liquor some one "slugged" him and that now he was in search of the party. He did not succeed in finding him, however.

—Counting on monies received from delinquents to help pay, it has been the custom, during the past five years or so, for the Republicans of North Plainfield to ask voted at each election less than was necessary to defray the running expenses of the borough. The delinquents have not paid as calculated, and the result has been a deficiency increasing each year. To end that $1,500 is asked for this year, instead of $1,000, the amount asked last year. Some of the Republicans supposed the increase was simply to increase salaries. But those who have the matter in charge say there is no such intention.

City Court Notes.

Albert Cook was last night arrested for drunkenness. This morning City Judge Codington sentenced him to the county jail for thirty days.

Fred Naylor was also arrested last night for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. This morning he pleaded guilty and was sent to the county jail for twenty days.

John Keely was arrested for fast driving. He pleaded not guilty. His trial is set down for to-morrow at 10 a. m.

KILLED BY ELECTRICITY.

ANOTHER HORSE MEETS SUDDEN DEATH FROM A FALLEN WIRE.

The Animal Belonged to Joseph Duffy, a Milkman, and Met its Death on Putnam Avenue—The Electric Light Company Paid all Damages Claimed.

At about seven o'clock Sunday morning a horse belonging to Joseph Duffy, a milkman, who resides at Netherwood was instantly killed by stepping on an electric wire. Mr. Duffy also had a narrow escape from death and had it not been for milkman Wm. Thorn he, in all probability, would not now be in the land of the living. As it was he received a severe shock.

Mr. Thorn says that he and Duffy usually met on that thoroughfare at about seven o'clock a. m., and that on the *morning above mentioned* he noticed that Duffy stopped suddenly. He inquired what was the matter and was informed that a pole was lying across the street.

Mr. Duffy then proceeded to lead his horse around the obstruction, but the animal stepped on a "live" wire and immediately dropped dead.

Duffy thought the horse had only stumbled and tried to assist him to his feet. In so doing he received a shock of the electricity. He was about to make another attempt when Mr. Thorn stopped him. It is claimed that the pole was fleeced and that the heavy rain of Saturday caused it to topple over. A new one has been put up.

The Electric Light Company settled all damages with Mr. Duffy, he claiming $100, the value of the horse.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Harry Yarnell, formerly of this city is visiting Mr. French of West Front street.

Mrs. Booth, of Lakewood, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Turton of Washington street.

Mr. Thomas Kenna, formerly of this city but now of Port Oram, spent Sunday and yesterday with friends here.

Mr. Paul J. Lozeaux and Miss Marie Lozeaux of Brook avenue, North Plainfield, are visiting friends in Canada.

Mr. Robert Trewin returned to his home in Flemington to-day from a week's visit to his parents on Orchard place.

The members of the Grace Church Guild held a meeting at the residence of Mrs. J. B. Dumont of East Seventh street this afternoon at two o'clock.

On Thursday evening the first concert of the season of the New York Philharmonic Club will be given in the Casino. Miss Marion S. Weed, contralto, and Mr. Richard Hoffman will assist.

Mr. Jeremiah Manning of Seventh street, the builder, has been confined to his home for the past six weeks with grip. Mr. Manning was to engage in some large enterprises of benefit to Plainfield which his illness greatly interfered with.

The Second Melopoia Concert will be given in the Casino this evening. An interesting programme has been prepared and the leader, Mr. W. R. Chapman, who has secured the contract as musical director of the world-renowned Patti, promises this to be the best of the Melopoia concerts.

The gymnasium of the Plainfield Bicycle Club was gaily be-decked with bunting, Japanese parasols, and colored lights last evening and about twenty young couples enjoyed themselves dancing. Much taste was displayed in the decorations. Among those present were Messrs. A. Streuli, A. Streuli, E. Tracy, C. Murphy, Miss Van Boskerck, Miss Streuli and Miss Corlies.

A FANWOOD ROBBERY.

Burglars Enter a Residence at That Place and Steal Two Pocketbooks.

During Sunday night or early yesterday morning burglars effected an entrance into the residence of Mr. F. D. Warren, who resides nearly opposite the railroad station at Fanwood. They ransacked the various rooms of the house and succeeded in securing two pocketbooks, one belonging to Mr. Warren and the other to his servant girl. They also stole some some silverware, but Mr. Warren, fortunately, had nearly all his silverware locked up in a safe. He estimates his loss at about one hundred dollars.

Burglars also attempted to effect an entrance into several places at Westfield during the same evening but they were frightened off.

An Interesting Meeting.

A meeting of unusual interest was held at the rooms of the W. C. T. U. Sunday. Miss Yates and Mr. Edsall conducted it, and led in fervent prayer; the Rev. Mr. Fernald and Mrs. Fernald gave short but earnest appeals for increased energy and faithfulness on the part of Christian workers, urging the need of a wide distribution of temperance literature and able lectures as the most effectual means of spreading the temperance sentiment. Mrs. Kimball told the sad history of one Plainfield home made desolate by the licensed liquor traffic. The music as led by Chorister Dunham assisted by members of his choir was quite impressive, especially the solos by Miss Ida Dunham and Miss Maggie Sheppard. Messrs. Edsall and Moon were earnest in exhortation and testimony. Temperance literature was distributed.

—A play entitled "The Lost Scout" was interpreted at Music Hall last evening.

THE EIGHTH ANNIVERSARY.

The Plainfield Reform Club Celebrated it Last Evening

The eighth anniversary of the Plainfield Reform Club was appropriately celebrated in the Club's building on West Second street last evening. The choir opened the meeting by singing, and prayer was offered by the Rev. Dean *Rodman. The president, Mr. H. N. Spencer*, gave a friendly talk and the Misses Manning sang. Both artists were enthusiastically encored. Rev. Edward Stewart, a former Plainfielder, made a short address, and Mr. Joseph English, interested the audience for over an hour and a half by his frequently funny sayings. He was applauded. A vote of thanks was tendered the talented Misses Manning, who have but recently returned from an extended western trip. A collation was served after the meeting and an informal reception was held. Dean Rodman, Mr. E. Stewart, Hon. Chas. Place, Hon. Frank Marsh, Messrs. E. P. Williams, J. Voehl, A. Vanderbeek, and Vice President Crossley, occupied the platform.

The following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, The habit of drunkenness that moderate drinking of alcoholic stimulants leads directly to drunkenness, immorality, poverty, and crime, and

WHEREAS, The craving for intoxicants which enslaves drunkards, is produced by a diseased state of the most horrible and fatal nature, and

WHEREAS, The right of personal liberty is at best but a myth, and that legislative restraints practices degrading to the individual, and injurious to others who must help bear the consequences, is for the best interest of mankind, and

WHEREAS, The moral order, moral *character and financial welfare of our community* are imperilled by saloons and all liquor traffic, degrading men physically, mentally and morally, and consequently poisonous or disgusting to women they associate with, and

WHEREAS, We spurn with contempt the insinuation or pretense that citizens of Plainfield are financially unable to pay the taxes essential to local government, without the aid of money obtained by legalizing licentiousness and the creating of disease, and

WHEREAS, The saloon curse causes in Plainfield a waste of more than ten times as much money as we derive from the saloon traffic, be it

Resolved, At Reform Hall this anniversary of the Birthday of George Washington, and the eighth anniversary of the organization of the Plainfield Reform Club, by the citizens of Plainfield therein assembled, that the moral, financial, social, nor any other respectable reason why said Club should be usurped by the ruinous work of the 16 individuals now asking for licenses, and we earnestly implore the Common Council to refuse all applications for licenses to sell either spirituous or malt liquors during 1892.

THE SHORTEST ON RECORD.

The Freeholders Have Little to do at a Special Meeting.

The Union county Board of Freeholders met Thursday afternoon. It was a special meeting, and it was expected that there would be some matters to come before the Board, and some legislative bills to consider.

Among the committee to report was the special committee appointed to confer with a like committee of the Essex county board in reference to macadamizing the road from Morris and Elizabeth turnpike in Summit.

The committee reported that the Essex county committee would not pledge to do any work of the nature proposed, but would present the matter to their county Board.

In view of this it was resolved that this county take no further action until some other communication comes from Essex county.

Two or three salaried bills were passed and the Board adjourned, having occupied less than five minutes.

Notice to King's Daughters.

The Executive Committee of the Relief Association desire to become better acquainted with the workings of the other benevolent agencies of Plainfield and to compare notes with them as to cases treated and methods employed. To this end they cordially invite and urge each of the various circles of King's Daughters to send representatives to any of the regular meetings of the committee, which are held at the Relief Rooms every Thursday morning at ten o'clock. The discussion and comparison of work cannot fail, we think, to be beneficial to both societies. E. B. LOCKWOOD, Sec'y.

Boys' Club Notes.

The average attendance per evening during the past week was 74, the largest being 85 and the smallest 60. The number of visitors was six.

All members must bear in mind the entertainment to be given them on Saturday evening at the Bicycle Club rooms. Let every member be present to enjoy the evening.

Notwithstanding the attractions last evening, a large number of boys enjoyed the free hours in the rooms playing games and reading books. The number present was 88 boys and six visitors.

New Quarters.

On and after February 27th, the Salvation Army, which is at present using the old Council Chamber as its barracks, will occupy the place on West Second street, known as the Elkwood saloon. The members of the army have arranged to have a stage erected and to have the place put in good repair.

A Runaway on Front Street.

A horse belonging to a farmer residing in the Notch ran away on West Front street Saturday evening at about eight o'clock and succeeded in wrecking one of the hacks of the wagon to which it was attached before it was caught.

NO CHANGE IN THE LAW.

ONE REPEALED BY ANOTHER 'A DAY LATER.

The Law of Feb. 9th would Probably Have Effected Plainfield and North Plainfield—The Law of Feb. 10th Leaves the Date of the March Local Elections as Usual in Union and Somerset.

About a week ago Mayor Gilbert received a copy of a new law respecting Spring elections, and brought the matter to the notice of Mayor Place of the borough. Both examined the law and concluded that it effected both Plainfield and North Plainfield.

It is as follows:

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That elections of all officers elected by the voters of any municipality in this State shall hereafter be held on the second Tuesday in April, except that elections for mayor, councilmen or other municipality in this State is now by law directed to be held on any day other than the second Tuesday in April, such election shall be held on the second Tuesday in April next following the date fixed by law for the holding of such election; the terms of office of all municipal officers elected in this State shall commence on the first Monday in May following the date of such election.

2. And be it enacted, That each and every officer of every municipality in any county of this State shall hold his office until his successor shall be elected and qualification of his successor.

3. And be it enacted, That all acts or parts of acts which provide for the election of municipal officers on any day other than the second Tuesday in April are, so far as they are inconsistent with this act, repealed, and that this act shall take effect immediately.

The above law was enacted February 9th.

Mayor Place before committing himself, however, brought the matter to the notice of Borough Counsel Reed, who wrote to the Secretary of State for opinion as to construction of the present Legislature, relating to elections.

He received one which only effected counties of the first-class. This, he informed Mayor Place, did not effect Somerset county.

The law is as follows:

CHAPTER 1, LAWS OF 1892.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY.

An act concerning elections in municipalities in counties of the first class and fixing the time for holding the same.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That all elections of all officers elected by the voters of any municipality in any county of the *first class* shall hereafter be held on the second Tuesday in April; where any election for mayor, councilmen or other municipal officer in any municipality in any such county is now by law directed to be held on any day other than the second Tuesday in April, such election shall hereafter be held on the second Tuesday in April following the date now fixed by the law for the holding of such election; the terms of office of all municipal officers elected in any county of the first class in this State shall commence on the first Monday in May next after the election of such officers.

2. And be it enacted, That each and every officer of every municipality in any county of the *first class* shall hold his office until his successor shall be elected and qualification of his successor.

3. And be it enacted, That all acts or parts of acts which provide for the election of municipal officers in any county of the first class on any day other than the second Tuesday in April are, so far as they are inconsistent with this act, repealed, and that this act shall take effect immediately.

The Italics are ours.

The above law was enacted February 10th.

The mayor remarked that the law Mr. Reed had was not the one Mayor Gilbert had read to him, though resembling it very closely. Mr. Reed communicated last Friday with the Secretary of State, but could learn of no other law.

There is no doubt, however, that the law referred to passed in Trenton is intended to have escaped the notice of Mr. Kyte, the member from this district, who says it is impossible to keep track of legislation as it is done under Democratic methods. Bills are being constantly introduced, the real character of which does not always appear even upon most careful reading.

It will be evident, however, that the second law above quoted and enacted Feb. 10th, repeals the law enacted Feb. 9th, and thereby makes no change in the date of holding the local elections in Plainfield and North Plainfield.

The Courier on Saturday, basing its opinion on the repealed law, erroneously stated that the elections would take place in April instead of March, and caused more or less confusion in the minds of those trying to follow the not yet old way.

ATTEMPTED TO STAB HIM.

This Chinaman Objected to Familiarity.

Yesterday morning Mr. Edward Mundy, an employe of Mr. A. I. Smalley of North avenue, had a thrilling experience. During the morning one of the Chinamen employed in the laundry on that thoroughfare visited the shop and purchased some meat. Mr. Mundy waited on him and after he had filled his order he said something to him in "fun."

The Chinaman did not answer but grabbed his meat and took it to the kitchen. He soon returned, however, returning with a large dirk knife and attempted to stab Mr. Mundy. He was ejected from the store.

A Narrow Escape.

Mr. Stephen Hope, the janitor of the Bryant School, had a narrow escape from death yesterday morning. He was in the third story of the building and was engaged in raising the flag on the pole in honor of Washington's birthday. The rope caught his foot and at the same time the wind which was blowing strongly caught the flag and had not Mr. Hope caught hold of the window sash he would have been drawn out of the window. As it was he had considerable trouble to extricate himself.

Arrested for Disorderly Conduct.

At about ten o'clock Saturday evening Policeman Cooney arrested Edward Day of Scotch Plains and John Traynor of Netherwood for acting in a disorderly manner at the depot. Traynor's employer on Sunday morning gave bail for their appearance.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

A Lord Justice Dead.

LONDON, Feb. 23d, (Special.)—The Right Hon. Sir Henry Cotton, D. C., L. P. C., late Lord Justice of Her Majesty's Court of Appeals, died to-day.

Pen Sketches from Life.

A little sharp-faced old woman, boarded the last car of a Pennsylvania train leaving the Elizabeth depot the other evening, and took the last seat in the car. No train was a local and stopped at all the way stations.

As the conductor had to commence at the first car collecting tickets and the train was a long one, a way station had been passed and the train was nearing another before he entered the last car. His entrance caused the silent watcher to immediately go to sleep. When the conductor asked "ticket, please!" there was no response. He touched her shoulder, and finally shook her roughly to awaken her. Slowly she raised her head and gazed sleepily at him. "Ticket, please" he again asked. She still gazed at him with dull eyes.

"Come, come" said he sharply" your ticket, please." Slowly her eyes sank until they rested on his extended hand, then they went to his face again and she drawled out, softly, "What?"

"Your ticket! Ticket!! TICKET!!! and as the conductor's voice crescendoed, the attention of all the other passengers was attracted.

"What did you say?" she softly cooed.

The conductor swore softly, and the passengers grinned and tured further to their seats to enjoy the fun. Putting his watch close to her ear the conductor bulloed "I-want-your-ticket!"

This time she heard.

"I haven't any" she remarked in a matter-of-course tone.

"What the d—, I mean, what did you get on for then?"

"To ride!" (The conversation was in a perfectly natural town now. She seemed to forget that she was deaf.)

"Where did you want to go?" asked the conductor. She named a station some distance along the road. The conductor told her how much it would be.

"I haven't any money," she replied.

"I'll put you off and have you arrested."

"What for?" How innocent!

"Stealing rides!"

"I'm not!"

"You—he was interrupted by the train drawing into a station. Here the old woman was put out—not a difficult task—and as the train pulled out she hobbled away with a companion woman who met her by the depot steps. She had quite evidently beat her way to her destination.

The "Lost Paradise" at Proctor's.

The play does not preach—but it teaches the Gospel of humanity and consideration for others by a powerful object lesson. Alternated with scenes of absorbing interest are comedy passages which refresh the mind of the spectator and his sympathies are thoroughly aroused. "The Lost Paradise" has been called a play of the future but it is more properly a dramatic reflex of the present, wherein those who run may read the signs of the times.

Following "The Lost Paradise" will be produced "The English Rose," a drama by Sims & Buchanan which is now in active rehearsal. Seats are already secured for the opening night—March 8th.

The Westfield and Somerville Teams.

The Base Ball Committee of the Central New Jersey League received the following bulletin this morning:

BULLETIN NO. 6.

The Westfield Athletic Club has contracted with S. McIndoe, Chas. A. Hammill, John Howe, John Lever, P. O'Connell, John O'Neil, John Warner, and has released John McCabe and R. McManus.

The West End Athletic Club of Somerville has contracted with Gilbert, Hutchins, G. Ryman, M. Kenedy, T. Moorehead, J. Farrell, J. Heizer, and J. Lutter.

L. C. MARSH,
Sec'y. N. J. C. B. B. L.

Central New Jersey Ball League.

The Central New Jersey Base Ball League has been organized in Plainfield for 1892. The league is composed of the Crescents of Plainfield, the West Ends of Somerville, and the crack plines of Elizabeth and Westfield. This is the first time that a complete organization of Central New Jersey clubs has been effected, and the series of games which have been scheduled will be the most interesting of any heretofore played.—New Brunswick Home News.

Hersey's Oats

Here is the whole fact—

H-O.

You get the profit every time you buy a package.

A Perfect Oat-meal.

AUCTION! AUCTION!

T. J. GILLIES, auctioneer, will sell at 327 South Second street, at 12 o'clock, M., on WEDNESDAY, FEB. 24, Sofa, parlor and dining room chairs, bookcase, mirrors, pictures, crockery, extension, leaf, heavy extension tables, face machines and tools, chamber suites, single bedsteads, springs and mattresses, spring mattresses, feather beds and pillows, blankets, quilts, shams, table cloths, toilet sets, bureaus and small bureaus, washstands, carpets, mats, matting, frames, photo stoves, refrigerator, tubs, chairs and glass ware, iron, tin, wood and stone ware, lawn mower, garden tools, door and window screens, 2 coal, 2 parlor, 1 cylinder and two oil stoves. MRS. MOORE.

GET YOUR TRUCKING AND GRADING done by Wise Brothers, 20 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 20d

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

DECORATORS ‡ †

‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.

Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—429 East Front street.

MASTER'S SALE.

CHANCERY OF NEW JERSEY.

On bill for partition. Between Abram M. Vail, complainant, and Sarah E. Line, et al., defendants. By virtue of a decree in the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, made in the above stated cause, on the twenty-fifth day of January, A. D. one thousand eighteen hundred and ninety two, I, John H. Stillman, Master in Chancery of said court, will expose for sale at public vendue on the premises on

THURSDAY, THE TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF MARCH

next, between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and five o'clock afternoon of the said day, that is to say, at two o'clock p. m., so much of the lands and tenements hereinafter particularly described, to wit, all those certain tracts and parcels of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Plainfield, County of Union and State of New Jersey, described as follows:

FIRST TRACT.

Beginning at a stake being a corner of property of the estate of Jane E. Spooner on the west corner of property conveyed by Samuel M. Gillespie to Isaac Line and Abram M. Vail (Firm Name), and running thence (1) along the said Northeasterly and Spooner line, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a corner of land sold by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to an angle in the same; thence (2) still along the line of said lot in a southwesterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the center of Division avenue; thence (3) along the said direction along the center of said Division avenue, a distance of forty-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to John S. O'Scanlin; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a corner of land sold by said Line and Vail to Frank Whitley; thence (4) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (5) along the line of said lot in a Southwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (6) along the line of said lots in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to John S. O'Scanlin.

SECOND TRACT.

Beginning at a point in the center of Division avenue, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet in a Northeasterly direction from the center of the intersection of said Division avenue with Second street in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a corner of land sold by said Line and Vail to Frank Whitley; thence (1) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (2) along the line of said lot in a Southwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (3) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Frank Whitley; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (4) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (5) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Frank Whitley; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (6) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (7) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (8) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (9) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (10) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (11) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (12) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (13) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (14) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (15) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (16) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (17) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (18) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (19) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (20) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (21) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (22) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (23) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (24) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (25) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (26) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (27) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (28) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (29) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (30) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (31) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (32) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (33) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (34) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (35) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (36) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (37) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (38) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (39) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (40) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (41) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (42) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (43) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (44) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (45) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (46) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (47) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (48) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (49) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (50) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (51) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (52) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (53) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (54) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (55) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (56) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (57) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (58) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (59) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. 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Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (68) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (69) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a stake; thence (70) along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to a stake in the center of Division avenue; thence (71) along the center of said Division avenue in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed by said Line and Vail to Michael Hammers; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction

EDITORIAL NOTES

We can calculate approximately the gains of life insurance companies when we read the announcement that a leading one recently gave to its retiring president a pension of $37,000 a year for life.

The fact that the fastest Atlantic steamers are now using to some extent southern coal, from the Pocahontas fields, for their furnaces, instead of the English coal they have hitherto employed to produce steam, may mean great things to Virginia.

A British naval expert, Captain S. Eardley Wilmot, has written an essay on the development of navies. He criticises and praises our new effort in that direction as it deserves, and concludes with these words: "Before the century closes the United States will probably possess a fleet recalling the old days when her wooden walls were to be seen in every water, easy of recognition by their lofty spars, and noted for the smartness of their exercises."

The Polite Japs.

Delightful beyond description is Rev. Samuel Barnett's characterization of the politeness of the Japanese. It is particularly refreshing to Americans, who are accustomed to our restless, pushing crowding, blunt and abrupt ways. In Japan the traveler learns the lesson that "all may be polite: cabmen and prisoners may be gentlemen." Think of a jolly cabman; what an idea it is! Mr. Barnett remarks further, "I never saw more grace than that shown in the courtesy which passed between the governor of the prison at Kioto and a female prisoner." Fancy an exchange of drawing room courtesy between the keepers of one of our police stations and the prisoners confined there! It would seem as if the world were coming to an end. If, more over, an American should see the driver of a high track wagon waiting courteously for a street car or carriage to pass, instead of tearing through ahead of it and swearing and cracking his whip, it would certainly give him such a fit that he would most likely go off into a corner and die.

A country where all mankind are polite and sweet tempered to one another perpetually, where there is no quarreling, where the people are always gay and graceful. Grief and sorrow are crowded out of life as quickly as possible and forgotten. With all this sweetness and gentleness, however, the traveler finds the Japanese busy as bees learning all that is best in western civilization. They are building railroads and telegraphs and establishing public schools and industrial colleges. Here indeed appears to be the nearest approach to paradise to be found upon this globe. No wonder Sir Edwin Arnold loves Japan.

The Soft Coal Smoke Nuisance.

If any people can invent or discover a method whereby the appalling nuisance of soft coal smoke can be abated, it will be the inhabitants of Chicago. They are untiring in their efforts to discover the solution of the trouble that is the only drawback to the perfect happiness of the Chicagoan. The cities of Chicago, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis and Kansas City ought to combine and offer a prize of $50,000 to the person who should devise a successful way to prevent the generating of smoke from bituminous coal. It must be done sooner or later. Whether it will be through a more perfect furnace which will sufficiently oxygenize all the particles of coal so that none will escape into the air, whether it will be by the invention of an artificial fuel that shall be without smoke, or whether indeed electricity may not be harnessed for heating purposes, remains to be seen. One or the other of these ways seems practicable.

The Chicago Tribune believes the problem can be solved by the adoption of a down draft furnace recently tested in that city—a furnace that makes the smoke pass downward over a second bed of coals and thus is all consumed. But most of the furnaces thus far devised for smoke consumption are open to the objection that the heat produced is so intense it burns out grate bars, furnace and all. In the furnace mentioned by The Tribune, however, the grate bars are hollow and kept constantly filled with water inside, which passes from the entering valve into the boiler.

Meantime the coal smoke nuisance is undoubtedly one that the cleanest of eastern cities will be at once forced to face. Heretofore it has been the pride of Atlantic coast cities that they were clean, that their atmosphere was pure and clear. It was owing to the fact that anthracite coal was burned everywhere. But manufacturers have discovered that the bituminous coal will burn quickly and get up steam with far more ease and rapidity than the hard coal will. It is also cheaper. Consequently, one by one they are yielding to temptation, and unless restrained by law will ere long use the soft coal universally. Steam boats, railway engines and factories will belch forth volumes of infernal black smoke just as they now do throughout the west. The evil is growing so that even now New York does not begin to be so clean as it was five years ago. At present rate not a long time will pass till it will be as dirty as Chicago.

NEW YORK SPLIT.

A Democratic Revolt Against the Regular Convention.

TO CONTEST HILL'S CLAIM.

A Second Convention Has Been Called for May 31 at Syracuse.

The Bolt Was Brought About by the State Committee Ignoring the Protest of the Committee of Fifty Against the Early Convention—The Regular Convention Instructs Its Delegates to the National Convention to Present Senator Hill's Name for President—The Senator in His Speech of Acceptance Defines His Position on the Tariff and Finance.

ALBANY, Feb. 23.—The New York Democracy is split and there will be another state convention held in Syracuse on May 31. This has been brought about by the state committee refusing to consider the protest of the representatives of the committee of fifty appointed by the New York Cooper Union mass meeting against the early convention. The committee's action was based on the belief that the protest was against candidates and not really against the early convention.

After the recess of the Democratic state convention, Temporary Chairman Beebe called the body to order. Daniel G. Griffin presented the report of the committee on credentials, which was adopted. John E. Dayton made the report of the committee on permane nt organization, naming General Daniel E. Sickles for permanent chairman. The report was adopted and General Sickles was introduced amid loud and continued applause. Every point in General Sickles' speech was applauded vigorously. The mention of Senator Hill's name at its conclusion was the signal for round after round of applause.

Mr. Sulzer, from the committee on resolutions, presented the report of that committee, which was read by the secretary as follows:

New York Democratic Platform.

The Democratic party of the state of New York, in convention assembled, renews the pledge of its fidelity to the great cause of tariff reform, and to the whole Democratic faith and tradition, as affirmed in our national platforms from 1856 to 1888, as well as in our state platforms announcer at with the opening of Governor Tilden's letter of acceptance in 1874, and long, thrice approved and alike illustrious service in the chief magistracy of the Empire state.

First—Gold and silver the only legal tender; no currency inconvertible with coin.

Second—Steady steps toward specie payments; no step backward.

Third—Honest payment of the public debt in coin; sacred preservation of the public faith.

Fourth—Revenue reform; federal taxation for revenue only; no government partnership with protected monopolies.

Fifth—Home rule to limit and localize most jealously the forces now intrusted to public servants, municipal, state and federal; no centralization.

Sixth—Equal and exact justice to all men; no partial legislation; no partial taxation.

Seventh—Hostility to the whole force of trust, not a private perquisite; no third term.

Eighth—Economy in the public expense that labor may be lightly burdened. We here and then, steadfastly adhere to the principles of a sound finance. We are against the coinage of any silver dollar which is not of the intrinsic value of every other dollar of the United States. We therefore unite with the friends of honest money everywhere in stigmatizing the Sherman progressive silver basis law as no measure of the people and the Democracy, and as a fit appendix to the subsidy and bounty swindle, the McKinley worse-than-war tariff, the Blaine reciprocity lunacy, the remodeled surplus, the advancing deficit, the defective census and faithless representation, and the revolutionary procedures of the billion dollar congress—all justly condemned by the people's great uprising last November (1890)—a verdict which renewed this year (1892) will empower Democratic statesmen to guide the people's councils and to execute the people's will.

The Democrats of New York, with proud hope, yet with perfect deference to their brethren of other states and cordial estimation of their renowned leaders as worthy standard bearers of a people's cause, point to the nominating of David B. Hill to the office of president as a fit expression of the whole Democratic faith and tradition and of our settled purpose to rescue this perverted government from the clutch of autocrats and plutocrats, from spendthrift administration, odious taxes and debased money. In obedience to the mandate of the Democratic voters of New York, the delegates selected by this convention are instructed to present to the national Democratic convention the name of David B. Hill as their candidate for president of the United States, a statesman who has led his party from victory to victory for seven consecutive years and who has never known defeat.

The said delegates are further instructed to act as a unit in all matters intrusted to their charge, said action to be determined by the vote of a majority of delegates.

At the reading of the resolution instructing the delegates to present the name of Senator Hill there was prolonged applause. At the close of the reading the resolutions were unanimously adopted. John R. Fellows, on the floor of the house, moved that Senator Hill be invited to address the convention and that a committee of three be appointed to escort him to the hall. The chairman appointed Messrs. Fellows, Adams and Manning.

Delegates and Electors.

The committee on delegates and electors then presented the list of delegates to the national convention and of electors as follows:

Delegates at Large—Roswell P. Flower, Edward Murphy, Jr., Daniel E. Sickles, Henry W. Slocum.

Delegates: 1, S. D. Townsend, Ed Hawkins; 2, John Delmar, M. J. Coffey; 3, J. W. Ridgway, W. C. Bruce; 4, Edward Beher, Isaac Black; 5, P. H. McCarren, J. P. Adams; 6, Benjamin Wood, John R. Fellows; 7, R. R. Roosevelt, J. M. Bowers; 8, David Leventritt, John Fox; 9, A. J. Cummins, Patrick Keenan; 10, Edward Cahill, Henry Uelzman; 11, Hugh J. Grant, Franklin Bartlett; 12, Henry Belmont, George Ehret; 13, David McClure, DeLancey Nicoll; 14, F. I. Lorkin, D. D. Lovejoy; 15, George M. Beebe, Henry Bacon; 16, James W. Hinckley, S. J. Tilden, Jr.; 17, J. T. Broadhead, D. W. Cameron; 18, Thomas R. Ball, Hamilton; 19, James H. Manning, A. N. Brady; 20, John Foley, A. J. Quackenbush; 21, H. Griffin, W. P. Cantwell; 22, H. B. Bruyer, S. R. Phelps; 23, J. L. Dempsey, F. L. Schreiber; 24, C. Tennant, Clinton Beebwith; 25, W. B. Kirk, Hugh Duffy; 26, Elliot Danforth, C. Burns; 27, L. Rousk; 28, Charles N. Bulger, H. W. Bellinger; 29, A. Schoonmaker, Jr., Thomas Carey; 30, Frank Campbell, Frank Rourke; 31, Fred Cook, Thomas Raines; 32, John Cannon, D. J. Hamill; 33, W. F. Sheehan, G. Long; 34, C. L. Trowbridge, M. Scanlon; 35, James W. McMahon, Fred L. Newton.

Electors at Large: William Sidney, Erastus Corning.

Electors: 1, Frederick Bachmann; 2, John T. McCaffrey; 3, John H. Graham; 4, Edward H. Litchfield; 5, John Weber; 6, Edward Ehrgott; 7, Evan Thomas; 8, John A. McCall; 9, John J. O'Connor; 10, John D. O'Brien; 11, Hamilton Cassidy; 12, Alfred E. Steckler; 13, Thomas F. Grady; 14, Martin J. Keogh; 15, Thomas F. Smith; 16, Phillip C. Riley; 17, David Kennedy; 18, Thomas Fitzpatrick; 19, Thomas Dunn; 20, Edward Wemple; 21, Patrick C. McCreary; 22, William F. Porter; 23, A. T. Saxe; 24, S. S. Whitbeck; 25, Wilbur G. Wheeler; 26, Thomas F. O'Dell; 27, Edward M. McIntire; 28, Bourke L. Swartwood; 29, Charles E. Walker; 30, Donald McKinnon; 31, Joseph H. Howe; 32, Charles A. Sweet; 33, William C. Greene; 34, W. H. Hoyt.

A resolution was passed authorizing the state committee to fill vacancies in this list or in any nomination for state office.

Senator Hill then appeared at the head of the aisle, and "sorry" on the committee. His appearance was greeted with prolonged applause, most of the great audience standing and waving hats and handkerchiefs. The cheers broke out on the platform. When the convention had quieted Chairman Sickles introduced the senator. He said:

"Gentlemen of the convention, I have the honor to present to you Young Hickory, the next president of the United States."

The introduction was received for renewed cheering. The senator read from manuscript a carefully prepared speech. He said:

Senator Hill's Speech.

FELLOW DEMOCRATS: Your committee summoning me to this presence have apprised me of that unanimous vote which will make them your approval of me to the authorized representatives of the Democracy of the United States and to be recorded in the annals of our national convention. With what terms shall I acknowledge this official act, and follow Democrats, which instead of polishing to some new untried career, might amply reward and crown the labors of the longest life? The words of cardinal whose "Lead, Kindly Light" has touched the hearts of all Christendom, be my utterance. The burden of my response than I myself could ever frame to the great Democracy whom you represent.

My respect for them obliges me to submit myself to their praise as to a grave and emphatic judgment of me, which it would be rude to question, unthankful not to be proud of, and impossible ever to forget."

The reporting of the Democracy all over our land is the most suspicious sign of the times. When the people of France rose against oppression a hundred years ago it meant revolution—a change of rulers and a social earthquake. When the Democracy of America rises to assert its supremacy it is the uprising of their servants and political reform. When you see the farmers arousing and allied, when you see all the forces of labor stirring, when you see in every state the great Democratic party up and alive, it means that the reign of plutocracy is nearly over and the bright day of Democracy is approaching dawn. The power of political parties is to promote the expression of the people's mandates. The function of statesmen is to frame and execute the same by just and equal laws. The Democratic party has this proud record.

If any words of mine could reach every fireside in our land, that is what I would ask my fellow countrymen at this time to consider: All our troubles, all our dangers at this very hour after so many years of Republican rule are the direct consequences of that rule, and flow from unconstitutional legislation by the very men who sit in the high places over us the Democracy will do with power. On the other hand the Democratic party, which relies on the people and would see all power "broad based upon a people's will" is precisely that party, whose creed has ever been a strict construction of the constitution and confinement of the government to its few specific granted powers. I commend this consideration to my fellow countrymen for heighthorly debate and fireside meditation till the snows melt.

The Enemies of Democracy.

The enemies of Democracy (today their name is the Republican party) prolong with true Democratic instinct its quiet—and its aristocratic, plutocratic, once monarchical succession.

They distrust the people. Their distrust is perfectly sincere. When self-ridiculed Republicans learn a higher patriotism, when they learn to trust the people and hate a plutocratic rule, then they leave the Republican party as Chase did, as Greeley did, as Trumbull did, as Charles Francis Adams and his sons did. But the Republican party is the party that says it not obeys them. When 4,040,000 people in New York find their way at last to a rule of the majority, Republicans ascribe it to a machine. When a great majority of 5,000,000 people make manifest their determination in the purpose vote and the electoral colleges, Republican leaders invent a veritable machine to get away from the people, and they call it reform, and award with public plunder and public trusts, by hundreds, high and low, every participant actor and defender of that colossal fraud. The Republican party neither trusts the people nor obeys them. It now requires another upheaval at the ballot box like that of 1890 to have convinced that the wicked work of the billion dollar congress must be repealed and the people's will obeyed.

And now you must pardon me while I run possibly a few personal words. My fellow citizens of your next national standard bearer is a matter of the very least importance, being strictly subordinate to the principles and the Democratic national victory next November. Now, organization cannot be dispensed with. And organization means somebody's time and labor and life, for we have no money. But organization there must have, and turned in time to be of strength. Every Democrat should lend a hand at the cost of time and trouble according to the measure of his ability. Every Democrat who cannot pay share of the common tax. It is the best I have to give; it is all I have to give. Do not, I beseech you, misunderstand me in this matter.

Now what is our present situation? Autocrats and plutocrats have taken away from people their rights of the Democracy, and they are pressing on toward the permanent subversion of the government of the republican form inestimable. Every month you hear of a new combine. They work easily through men who do not trouble themselves with the question of the next trust. Their own purpose is fixed, and the Republican submission is complete to mold and fashion over our Democratic government into a partnership of privileged classes, collecting taxes for insurance as bribes to new defenders of their bad as monarchical as old. The more daring men who worked the billion congress into party in the interest of trusts contrived legislation which is gaining for them the power of Cinnese princes and the fortunes of Monte Christo. With surprises on the men of wealth they calmly hide the sources of their wealth. Labor has more need of its rights than those much advertised bargoons. It has a right to a fair race for wealth.

The Tariff and Silver.

The two McKinley laws have transformed the federal power of taxation for revenue into an instrument of extortionate taking from the people of billions of our labor products, of millions by subsidies, bounties and enhanced prices, a stupendous increment for the wealth of the employers of less than 7 per cent. of all our people. Shall these laws stand? The bimetallic silver basis law transforms the federal coinage power of the nation into an in strument for the gradual expulsion of our gold from circulation and the substitution of silver basis, and for the permanent reduction of every American dollar by 50 per cent. or more below the level of the values that ruled in the long period of our free bimetallic coinage from 1792 to 1853. Shall such a law stand? There has been no such appeal to the people for them since Cromwell called the law of England "a tortuous and ungodly jumble."

The demonetization and repeal of the edicts of the billion congress has contorted from Republican leaders their first promise to refuse to repeal. The demand for repeal is a spontaneous of the largest measures of tariff reform, I admit, but it is a demand for reform and it is a demand emerged by the billion congress; and it is every more for it has apprised the country that their party is the party of repeal. The Democratic party alone can be trusted to undo the work of the two McKinley acts into a finality. Repeal is not a proposal to stop at the middle of the road or anywhere. My language expressly barred out that idea. Repeal, however, when the tariff of 1883 was the law of the land in the hour of our defeat three years ago, I still here in Albany, was the Democratic party safe to the mast the flag of tariff reform.

Tariff reform will remain and require pro-

BEECHAM'S PILLS

WILL CURE

Sorry and Horrible Affections, Pimples and Blotches on the Skin, Bad Legs, Ulcers, Wounds, etc.

The cause of all these complaints is floating in the blood, and nothing will cure you so long as that remains.

This class of diseases requires that the blood be purified, and Beecham's Pills are used in order to cleanse it from all the impurities. It is of no use to heal the sore by outward applications.

Beecham's Pills will Cure these Affections. Of all druggists. Price 25c. (coins a box. New York depot, 365 & 367 Canal St.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST.

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

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CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.

Of Best

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20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

50c. a Bottle

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COD LIVER OIL.

with HYPOPHOSPHITES,

at

Williams' Pharmacy

No. 80 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

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OPTICIAN

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JEWELER,

has a full line of

JEWELRY

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HOLIDAY PRESENTS

Also Gold Spectacles and Eye-glasses mounted FREE.

13 PARK AVE.

Do not forget the number.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK P. CHASE

Manufacturer of

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Bicycles, Rollers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging to all its branches. Smokestack banking and painting.

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Corner Berkman Street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 300 Fourth avenue.

PEANUTS 5c. PAR QUART.

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Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.

I have thoroughly renovated the store, corner Front and Front street streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.

DAVID CLARKE,

Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

20 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for coal coal, which he confidently claims is the best and most perfect screen that is possible to be made by any other method of screening.

HOUSE AND MARINE LUMBER.

He would also acknowledge previously favored patronage for Yarmouth and recently new trade, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Miscellaneous.

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in interpretation, elocution and voice culture. Class or private. Terms reasonable. Pupils prepared for graduation in Plainfield High school, and others. For terms address Miss Jessie Bradner, Plainfield, N. J.

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Harned Academy, School, Re-opens MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891.

For information call at the Academy or address EDWARD S. HARNED, Prin. 9 20 tf 137 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J

MISS FAWCETT'S

Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

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Teacher of piano. Silver Beach, Miss at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 107 E. second street.

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H. S. SPENCER,

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MRS. LINDSAY,

Wedding-cake Maker, 24 West Front street. Good price wanted. Mr. Lind say has a few of also maple trees, ginger vines and shrubs. 9 20 tf

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In making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

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At LINDABURY'S, the Tailor,

NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

NEW STORE

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Fine Groceries,

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THREE STAR TEA

We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

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A. M. Vanderbeek,

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To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and select line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, Preserved Sugar Corn, Succotash & Morrill Paris Sugar Corn, Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Early Tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's Stewed Tomatoes, Full of Webster's extra stuffed Peas, Trudeau Gate Sweet Peas, extra early June Peas, Mamboro Stringless Beans, Hudson River Asparagus and tips. Special reduction given by the case and dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats.

79 BROADWAY.

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SAVINGS INSTITUTION

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Laing's Hotel Stables,

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TELEPHONE CALL NO. 28.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private use.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service guaranteed. Terms reasonable.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

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NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES

CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM

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and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

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I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my

Liberty Street Market

where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices

GOOD :- MEAT!

Of all kinds.

Charles Arnold,

21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST and CHEAPEST

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MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Cigars for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at

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CIGAR STORE,

149 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

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AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

Goods heretofore lost or injured by this concern will be replaced or repaired by improper laundering. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our stamps will call for and deliver goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

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And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

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FOR STARVING RUSSIANS

A Shipload of Provisions Sent to the Hungry Peasants.

PHILADELPHIA'S HUMANE TRIBUTE

The Indiana, Loaded Down with 3,000 Tons of Food, Cheered as She Starts on Her Mission of Mercy—All Creeds Join in Celebrating the Event.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 23.—The Indiana, laden with 3,000 tons of flour and provisions for starving Russian peasants, left Washington avenue during a scene of enthusiasm seldom beheld in this city.

When the Indiana pulled out into the stream the southern wharves were black with people, housetops had been pre-empted, tugs were tooting, and even many sightseers had climbed to stations in the tall masts of the vessels lying in the port. Gen. modore Sargent's bluff countenance beamed with delight as he ordered his vessel to go ahead.

The Indiana lay between piers 53 and 54, her bow touching the latter and her stern the former. She was decorated with bunting from stem to stern, and above her music over all others was the flag of the city of Philadelphia. The Russian flag and the Red Cross burgee was also there. The First Regiment band and the German societies' male chorus of 120 voices entertained the general public with music and song. Superintendent Linden and Captain Edgar, with 150 officers, preserved order upon this and the neighboring piers. Soon after the arrival of the vessel Maj. Stokley alongside the Indiana, bringing the mayor and party aboard, word was passed that the farewell addresses would be made in the company's warehouse, the crowd preventing the exercises from being held upon the deck of the steamer.

All the Faiths Mingled.

An improvised platform had been constructed upon a pile of boxes and barrels, and around these fully 400 stood and listened to the brief five minute addresses.

When the chorus of 120 voices, under the leadership of William Fischer, had finished the song, "America," Francis B. Reeves introduced Bishop Whittaker.

He was followed by the Rev. H. L. Wayland, of the Baptist faith; Archbishop Ryan, the head of the Catholic church; Bishop Cyrus D. Foss, of the Methodist denomination, and Rabbi Marcus Jastrow, of the Hebrew faith, in brief addresses. Then every voice was lifted heartily in the singing of "America," and thus the exercises closed. The final godspeed yet remained to be given. Every one crowded toward the water. As far as the eye could see up and down the river the piers were black with the multitude.

On the bridge of the steamer stood Commodore Sargent. The crew were stationed about the deck. The flags overhead stood straight out in the stiff breeze. The smoke was curling lazily from the steamer's pipes.

Then the whistle was blown, spectators hurried ashore, orders were shouted forward and aft, the gangway was hauled upon the wharf, the cables began loosening the lines, and the order, "Cast off all!" rang out, followed by the screechings of tug boats, the firing of cannon and the shouts of the people. The ovation lasted as long as she remained in sight and then the throng dispersed.

Everything Was Given Free.

Captain Sargent, in command of the Indiana, expects to reach the destination, Libau, Russia, on the Baltic sea, on March 9. The cost of the Indiana for the voyage was given to the citizens' committee free of charge by the International Navigation company. The coal for her use on the trip—about 800 tons—was donated by a coal company of this city.

The many thousands of barrels of flour were carried free of charge by the Pennsylvania railroad from the various shipping points to Girard Point, on the Schuylkill river, where the vessel was loaded, and her cargo was placed on board by stevedores free of cost to the committee. The cargo is insured for $50,000 free in the Insurance Company of North America.

One of the members of the committee sailed on the Indiana. The representative selected by the committee to look after the distribution of the cargo, Messrs. Rudolph Blankenburg, Francis B. Reeves and A. J. Drexel, Jr., will take a steamer to Liverpool and thence go by rail to St. Petersburg. They will there confer with United States Minister Smith and then go to Libau, expecting to reach there a few days earlier than the Indiana.

THE FRENCH CABINET CRISIS.

President Carnot May Dissolve the Chamber and Let the People Decide.

PARIS, Feb. 23.—No solution is yet in sight of the French ministerial situation. President Carnot, who is greatly perplexed, has consulted M. Marez, the well known Radical, and M. Magnier, of The Evenement, and other journalists as to the course to be pursued.

It is believed that the president will dissolve the chambers, on the ground that they have ceased to represent the actual sentiment of the nation, and thus refer the decision to the people.

In consequence of the French cabinet crisis Whitelaw Reid, the American minister, who had arranged to depart on Saturday next for New York, will postpone his journey. He has received further instructions from Washington, on which this resolution a based.

Noted Englishmen Under a Cloud.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—Mr. Horatio Bottomley, Sir Henry Isaacs, ex-lord mayor of London; Mr. Joseph Isaacs, a brother of Sir Henry, and Mr. Harris Dollman, are charged with conspiracy to defraud the Hansard union out of the sum of $150,000.

Germany's State Secrets Bill.

BERLIN, Feb. 23.—Chancellor von Caprivi introduced the government's bill to punish those who betray the secrets of the state. One section provides that any person who betrays the plans of a fortress should be imprisoned for life.

Flames in Decatur.

DECATUR, Ills., Feb. 23.—Fire entirely destroyed Linnard Library block, in which were located a number of stores, a business college, lodge rooms of secret orders and the office of the Western Union Telegraph company.

Connecticut's Farmers' League.

HARTFORD, Feb. 23.—The State Farmers' league will hold a special meeting at the capitol on March 7. Plans for a reorganization will be considered.

Killed by an Engine.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Feb. 23.—George Beland, a farmer at Port Ann, was struck by an engine at Fort Edward and instantly killed.

FASHIONS

The Course of Fashion.

SEEN ON THE STAGE.

It is well known that coming fashions cast their shadows before them, first on the stage. It is there they are generally first worn. Our illustration is of a costume just shown which shows the course fashion is taking. It is composed of pale blue brocaded *crepe de chine*, trimmed round the hem with a flounce of gold lace, caught up here and there with bows of mauve velvet. The bodice is prettily arranged with a corselet of mauve velvet, and a soft drapery of Venetian point lace, forming a fichu at the back, while the sleeves are finished with frills of gold lace, and further ornamented with velvet bows.

AN OVATION TO CLEVELAND.

Michigan Extends a Royal Nonpartisan Reception to the Ex-President.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Feb. 23.—Ex-President Cleveland received a great ovation here, the occasion being the annual observance of Washington's birthday by the University of Michigan, before which he delivered an address on "Sentiment in Our National Life." Resolutions which extended the freedom of the city and conferred the right of honorary citizenship on the ex-president were engrossed and deposited in a solid silver box, encased in a handsome box lined with velvet and satin and presented to him by a committee of citizens irrespective of party, the affair being a nonpartisan one. Mr. Cleveland's address, which was a finished and lengthy effort, and which was loudly applauded, concluded with the following peroration:

You may be chosen to public office. Do not shrink from it, for holding office is also a duty of citizenship. But do not leave your faith behind you. Every public office, small or great, is held in trust for your fellow citizens. They differ in importance, in responsibility and in power, but honest and faithful service is the only way to win and keep the confidence and pure heart be discarded. Of course other equipment is necessary, but without this mentorship all else is insufficient. In times of grave responsibility it will solve your difficulties; in the most trying hour it will lead you out of perplexities, and it will at all times deliver you from temptation.

In conclusion, let me remind you that we may all properly learn the lesson appropriate to Washington's birthday, if we will; and that we shall fortify ourselves against the danger of failing short in the discharge of any duty pertaining to citizenship by looking thoroughly imbued with true American sentiment and the moral ideas which support it. We are honestly true to ourselves

To thine own self be true,
And it must follow as the night the day;
Thou canst not then be false to any man.

After the reception the ex-president returned to Detroit, where he was the guest of ex-Postmaster General Don M. Dickinson.

MICHIGAN'S REPUBLICANS DINE.

Blaine Sends a Letter and McKinley Talks on the Tariff.

DETROIT, Feb. 23.—At the Michigan club banquet, General Alger presiding, the following letter was read:

General R. A. Alger, Detroit:

MY DEAR SIR—I regret that I cannot be present at your club re-ailgn on the 23d; official engagements forbid. But I cannot refrain from sending a word of good cheer on the prospects of the Republican party. On all leading measures relating to the industrial and financial interests of the people we are strong and growing stronger.

On the contrary, our opponents are weak and growing weaker. They are divided; we are united. If we do not win it is our own fault. We will be *justly* censurable if, with such great measures involved, every Republican does not feel that he is appealed to personally and that victory in the election depends on him. Very sincerely yours,

JAMES G. BLAINE.

One of the speakers was Governor McKinley, of Ohio, who said among other things:

When the nation wanted the tariff revised on protection lines in 1888, it called the Republicans into power to do it, and that party did it to stay. Not one page of it can be repealed in ten years. At the present rate, the present congress cannot repeal it in twenty-five years. They have started in to repeal it item by item, and there are 2,500 items in it.

You can't make wool free on the sheep's back and put it on our backs. Protection must be for all or none. No man or woman in Michigan knows of the tariff as a burden, but every one of them knows it as a blessing.

The Democrats don't know what they want. Cleveland don't know. Hill don't, but he says at the outcome of what has taken place in New York today.

Elkins for Governor.

WHEELING, Feb. 23.—National Committeeman N. B. Scott says that Secretary of War Elkins is to be nominated for governor and will accept. The formal announcement of his candidacy is to be made at the convention of Republican clubs in Parkersburg Wednesday.

Fearful Dynamite Explosion.

LEXINGTON, Va., Feb. 23.—By a premature explosion of dynamite at the limestone quarry of Goodwin & Co., a number of persons were fatally injured. John C. Thweit had both legs fractured and his eyes blown out.

Shot His Daughter's Villifier.

HASTINGS, Neb., Feb. 23.—Myron Van Fleet, a prominent character, was shot and killed by Captain A. D. Yocum, special inspector of pensions, whose daughter Van Fleet vilified.

PERRY'S BRASH EXPLOIT

The Train Robber Tells How He Got Into the Car.

HE CONFESSES A PREVIOUS CRIME.

Express Messenger Moore's Car, He Admits, Was Robbed by Him Near Utica Last Fall—He Praises McInerney's Grit and Is Glad He Didn't Kill Him.

ROCHESTER, Feb. 22.—Train Robber Cross has confessed that he is the son of Oliver H. Perry, a Syracuse contractor, and that his name is Oliver Curtis Perry. He has also owned up to the Utica train robbery, as well as to his extraordinary attempt on the money car of the American express between Syracuse and Lyons.

Daniel McInerney, the messenger who was wounded by Croot, was brought to his home in this city and surgical aid summoned. He was under the influence of anesthetics and Dr. Moore, his surgeon, would not allow him too see strangers. The doctor says he will recover if blood poisoning does not set in. His worst wound is in the right thigh.

The bullet must have been one from the largest pistol of the three Perry carried. The wound on his temple is slight and that on his hand was made by a fragment of a large bullet. The piece was found in the wound.

McInerney told his family that when he found himself in the power of the robber he rolled out some of the less valuable packages and covered valuable ones with them. Perry was impatient to get the currency and threatened to shoot if it was not surrendered. He said to the messenger: "You can't fool me; I've been in this business before."

The Messenger Was Gritty.

While Perry was waiting to get the money the train reached Lyons and the game was up. Mrs. McInerney said of her son: "He was always gritty. I knew if he was tackled he would fight it out."

J. B. Prentiss, agent of the American Express company in this city, went to Lyons and had an interview with the robber. Mr. Prentiss said: "He is the same man who committed the Utica robbery, Oliver Curtis Perry. He admitted the whole thing, and told where he had been. Since the Utica robbery he said he had been in Canada, down south and in the west.

"He always went under his own name and was indignant at the statement that he took any other name. He told me he knew when they were after him in any place, and avoided arrest by changing his voice and putting on gold spectacles.

"Perry is one of the brightest and coolest fellows I ever saw. He told me that his health is failing, and that he knew he would go to prison for this and never come out alive. He said that he weighed 150 pounds in September and weighs only 120 now. He had extra cartridges on him, he surrendered and three revolvers, one large and two small. The largest one had a bore you could put your finger down. He said: McInerney was a good man, but indiscreet. He ought to have thrown up his hands. I did not want to kill him, but only wing him.' He did not get a cent. There was nothing in the car for him to steal.

How Perry Got on the Train.

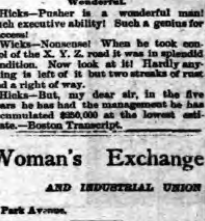
"I asked him how he got on the train, and he replied that he was in the depot in Syracuse when they were loading it, but got on in the freight yard while the train was running fast. He got in the car by attempting to open the small hook on one edge of the car roof and sliding down the other. I asked him if that was not dangerous, and he said it wasn't. He added: 'I broke two panes of glass in the window and put my head through one and my pistol through the other. I took McInerney's pistol when he dropped it. It was only half cocked.'"

Before Perry was captured he had a mustache but shaved himself with a razor which he carried. New York detectives saw the prisoner and recognized him. Perry's examination has been postponed until tomorrow. *The authorities are guarding* him closely. He has been visited by many people, and expressed satisfaction that none of the shots at the messenger took fatal effect.

A Noted Ex-Convict Dead.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 23.—Michael Dunn, the reformed ex-convict, who passed half his life in prison, died at a home he established for ex-convicts with the assistance of Darwin J. Sessions, the man who was recently accused of murder for the shooting of Theodore Larbig.

"A Man with a Pull."



—Life.

Wonderful.

Hicks—Pusher is a wonderful man! Such executive ability! Such a genius for management!

Wicks—Nonsense! When he took control of the X. Y. Z. road it was in splendid condition. Now look at it! Hardly anything is left of it but two streaks of rust and a right of way.

Hicks—But, my dear sir, in the five years he has had the management he has accumulated $260,000 at the lowest estimate.—Boston Transcript.

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Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—
FRESH EVERY DAY.

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Prices { Smallest size $5.00 / Medium size $7.00 / All in best leather cases. (Largest size $10.00) with strap.
The largest size is the most powerful.
On receipt of price, we will send any of the above, by return mail, prepaid.
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Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Box 3. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

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Revised and Supplemental Notice.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:05, 9:05 a. m., 12:05, 3:05, 5:05 p. m.
Close—7:30, 10:30 a. m., 1:30, 4:30, 6:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—8:05 a. m., 5:05, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 6:00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:05 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

E. H. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey
(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street (North River).
Commencing Monday, Oct. 19th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 2:45, 4:30, 6:03, 7:30, 8:50, 9:48, 10:05, 10:57, 11:50 a. m. and 12:00 noon, 12:01, 1:20, 2:15, 3:12, 3:45, 4:12, 4:45, 5:12, 5:45, 6:12, 7:02, 7:35, 10:15, 11:50 p. m. Sunday, 2:45, 4:30, 6:03, 7:30, 8:50, 9:48, 10:05, 10:57, 11:50 a. m. and 12:00 noon, 12:01, 1:20, 2:15, 3:12, 3:45, 4:12, 4:45, 5:12, 5:45, 6:12, 7:02, 7:35, 10:15, 11:50 p. m. Leave Somerville, 2:37, 4:22, 5:55, 7:22, 8:42, 9:40, 9:57, 10:49, 11:42 a. m., 12:08 noon, 12:53, 1:12, 2:07, 3:04, 3:37, 4:04, 4:37, 5:04, 5:37, 6:04, 6:54, 7:27, 10:07, 11:42 p. m. Sunday, 2:37, 4:22, 5:55, 7:22, 8:42, 9:40, 9:57, 10:49, 11:42 a. m., 12:08 noon, 12:53, 1:12, 2:07, 3:04, 3:37, 4:04, 4:37, 5:04, 5:37, 6:04, 6:54, 7:27, 10:07, 11:42 p. m. Leave Bridgewater, 2:33, 4:18, 5:51, 7:18, 8:38, 9:36, 9:53, 10:45, 11:38 a. m., 12:04 noon, 12:49, 1:08, 2:03, 3:00, 3:33, 4:00, 4:33, 5:00, 5:33, 6:00, 6:50, 7:23, 10:03, 11:38 p. m. Sunday, 2:33, 4:18, 5:51, 7:18, 8:38, 9:36, 9:53, 10:45, 11:38 a. m., 12:04 noon, 12:49, 1:08, 2:03, 3:00, 3:33, 4:00, 4:33, 5:00, 5:33, 6:00, 6:50, 7:23, 10:03, 11:38 p. m. Arrive at New York, 6:40, 8:10, 9:40, 10:40, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:00, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:30, 5:00, 5:40, 6:40, 7:30

CHARMING ELDERLY WOMEN.

They Preserve Their Activities, Like the Worst and Please Young Men.

The finest ripest fruit of the present day is its elderly women. Their appropriate soil is a great city. Physically they attract the eye. Their cheeks are as red as pippins beneath early snows. Their figures are luxuriant without loss of symmetry. There is a muddiness of dress which serves to round and follow changes of fashion. As they pick their way over street crossings they disclose well shod feet and sprightly ankles. In walking they neither waddle nor totter. They have acquitted and they retain an admirable carriage. They ignore the immunity which their years allow and are as well set up as when they were schoolgirls.

This extreme sophisticated and alert, reflects their mental and social equipment. The highest education is a latter-day phrase. Life has given them their mental discipline and layers of experience are packed away in the choicest forms of knowledge. Greek conjugations and comic sections are valueless for merely conversational purposes. With whatever occupies the public mind they are conversant. They dip into the reviews and magazines, take their own daily paper, and read all the new novels, having read the old. They can quote from Macaulay and as far back as Swift and The Spectator. They understand pertinent references to Fielding as promptly as to Twisted. They may have a keen hunch about psychology but they have a deal of knowledge about human nature, and the difference is not wide.

There is a breadth of vision and easy discrimination of judgement and a liberal view of humor in the elderly women of the day that incline them to the society of men and of men younger than themselves. Their conquests have become a trifle too conscious of jolnte and want to compare notes and grasp permission for reprobation or gout. Younger men bring them club stories and jokes of a superior sort, ask their judgment concerning affairs of the heart, social and business matters.

Privately the young men regard them as "good stuff," and take them out to dinners of the choicest ordering for the young men know that these elderly women know. The men are flattered by the preferences of such women and can overwhelm them with attentions which in no case can be misinterpreted.

Women younger than themselves these elderly women regard as still in the age of bread and butter. They are sympathetic over the trials with servants and concern for the diseases of children, but they steadily maintain a genial jeweled dignity. They smile at the social vanities, jealousies and pretentions of younger women and dismiss such cruelties with a few discreet words. Their youth and encourage the presence of young girls, for whom they have golden words of wisdom.

When the evil days come and they find it difficult to get daily on their knees, they get crotcheted cloaks which they use like a marshal's baton or a fairy wand. The pink ribbons in their caps are not signals of distress. By and by you will find them at Hot Springs, Lakewood, in Florida, where they hold court on sofas. If their toes are bandaged they are hidden under new frills and pinked out flounces, lest they advertise for sympathy and check the cheerful conversation which they like to hear flowing around them. Brave veteran! they have their wounds and scars, but they make them no affair of the world's.—New York Evening Sun

Chilian Beauties.

While the general thought of today in regard to Chili has a hellward tendency, it is pleasant to turn to a more peaceful subject in connection with the little republic. It matters not how rough the heart of man may be, he is generally susceptible to the beauty and thoughts of a more gentle one quest may reign when we forget the men in the contemplation of the women of Chili. The races of the north, who are for the most part fair, are prone to acknowledge the beauty of their dark eyed south ern cousins. The standard of beauty may not be so high—that is, it may lack the regularity of feature that is so charming the classic simplicity which possesses the face of its own—but the women of the warmer latitudes have a certain coquetry that is more or less irresistible. Especially so is it in the case of the creole and Spanish types which are found in Chili.

The women all affect the black shawl, or manta, and this is the reglilation morning and church attire the women are going to mass without this simple wrap. Some travelers go so far as to assert that it is this mantle which lends so much charm to the wearer and makes her attractive, while without it she might not receive a second glance. This may be true, but no matter how beautiful charmes might be there would to something lost throughout the entire opera did she not wear her manta. Those who have seen Carmen can appreciate the charm of the women of Chili in whose veins runs the Spanish blood. There is coquetry in every motion, suggestive of sly exchange of notes at the church porch under the eyes of the watchful duenna.

In Chili however, the women do not suffer the tiresome chaperonage that is so dergone by their Spanish sisters, but perhaps that is one of the advantages of a republic. If they even take women as street car conductors, but it must be said that the manta does not play a part in the collection of fares, which is commonplace under any circumstances. The women were put on during the war with Peru, when men were scarce and all needed at the front. These conductors, however, are many of them very attractive, and the youth of Valparaiso is not inclined to sit inside the car while a pretty young woman stands on the outer platform. The Paxon type is not the ideal in Chili, but one cannot personify the idea of that, "proud brow under each circumstance, and the best examples of Chilian beauty are distinctive.—Harper's Weekly

Milk for Children.

"Milk is so especially adapted for children's needs by beneficent nature that every effort should be made to induce it to assimilate in them as well as it does to seem to agree naturally," said the family doctor. "I have never yet found a child who could not be induced to drink milk with advantage, and in cases of vomiting disease it is invaluable, often saving a patient's life. How important it is, therefore, that every child should learn to drink milk is those with whom it apparently does not agree should be tested while the children are well and able to bear the experiment.

"There are many ways in which it may be made to assimilate. The simplest way is to add a couple of teaspoonfuls of lime water to each glass of milk. If this does not succeed, make the child sip it slowly, eating bits of cracker meanwhile. This I have found an excellent way. Another is to heat the milk, but do not boil it, as that gives a disagreeable taste. This is the best way yet for delicate people, and although a child may not like it at first, they will like it after a time. Birds them to take it if necessary but do not force them.

"If all other methods fail cooked milk in the shape of gruels, etc., may be resorted to, but the plain milk is the best. Of course there are digesters, such as preparations of pepsin and other medicines that may be given afterward to assist digestion, but I always prefer to make the stomach do its own work if possible. It is very apt to turn lazy if assisted too much, and to refuse to act independently."—New York Tribune.

It is Woman's Duty to Think.

The conversation of sensible men is generally richer and more varied in contents than that of sensible women. Politics even local politics, must be a little more elevating than "housekeeping babies and servants"—certainly more so than are those when the elements of gossip and scandal are introduced. A man can hardly hold his part in a political discussion in a village store without mastering of information on the tariff, the monetary system, of the country, unlimited immigration, the history and comparative merits of Democrats and Republicans. One sided as his opinions may be he nevertheless possesses them.

With a woman the case is different. No one talks politics with her She is got clear upon free trade, the Chinese question, nor the operations of congress and the senate. She is not altogether to blame in this. It is the man's duty to the wife who devotes herself to his comfort to be no less diligent in his efforts to prepare mental nutrition for her. The fact remains that many women decline to receive it, and even the most patient of husbands wearies of the frivolous talk of striving to educate his wife in these questions, whether of politics, business or literature, which attract him. He either ceases sympathizing altogether or perhaps a sadder and more alternative—resigns his early desires for higher things and settles into a money making machine.

It is a woman own it to her husband to keep the weapons in her mental armory bright and keep the obligation is no less binding upon her for the sake of her children. A child's respect is compelled up to a certain age, after that it must be earned. It is a terrible shock to juvenile faith when a child once realizes that the father and mother are not omniscient.—Philadelphia Press.

Etiquette and Mental Troubles.

Did you ever stop to think that if one half the anxiety expended to teach a child not to eat with his knife were directed toward teaching it to be charitable and pure, truthful and reverent, the entire world would be the better for it? It is horrid and vulgar and all that, of course, to put one's Knife between one's lips, but put it there and keep it there, my child, and you will spend these years in sorrowful words and bits of scandal. As for me, I shall grow gray bonded perhaps, and decrepit if the figures among my old dame's children shall rise up and call me grandmother, the friends of my youth shall wase also as wanes the harvest moon, but even down to and through the palsy of life's decline I shall protect my right to take up a bit of elusive potato with what ever utensil it seemeth easiest to avail my self of. For me, I think the angel who guards the celestial gate will stop to ask so much whether we used our knives in eating as whether we sinned and stabbed it at other with weapons of scandal and indiscriminating hate.

There will be worse things charged against us, I suppose, than the breach of social amenities or the failure in conventional usages. The question propounded will take hold of deeper matters, and our entrance into the great company of the elect shall depend on graver issues. So let us spend less time in polishing the externals, let us look to it that not only the fabric of the character we weave grows glistening and white, but also that the texture is firm and there are no dropped stitches and shoddy yarn for the light of eternity to reveal.—Chicago Herald.

How French Girls Study.

In a French private school there is one thing to be borne in mind—the element of stability in a schoolgirl's life. She enters at five years of age, sometimes at four, the school where she will remain till her education is finished. Her teachers know her from earliest childhood. They watch her character develop and her mind unfold. They understand her capacities. Perhaps her mother has been trained in the same school before her, or she may have relatives among the nuns. At any rate, she is their child. They know and love her and they lay the foundations of her education well, for they are responsible for the whole structure.

They have the end in view from the beginning. They lead her up gradually from one thing to another. They calmly lay out for her systematic study embracing five, six, ten and even twelve years. There is always plenty of time and no hurry. Things are taken quietly and gone into deeply. The school terms are longer and school life is less broken into by vacations than with us. The girls study more hours a week and more weeks in the year than we do.

School opens the last week in September, and does not close till the second week in August. There are no long or winter vacations and no Saturday holidays. Six weeks in the late summer, and a few days each at New Year and Easter, all Sundays and the principal church holidays, and usually a half holiday on Thursday, are all the breaks made in school life, which goes on almost interrupted in slow, healthful regularity for ten months and a half out of the twelve.—Atlantic Monthly

A Pie Tunnel.

Who can make a green apple pie so that its juice won't run and stain over the oven when baking? I can, but not until I quit putting water or moisture into the pie. Brown sugar dissolves sugar does not, also put nuts, double it under the plate's fluting. If you will, blind the edges with rags, patch the coming hole with dough, do not cut slits, but a spoonful of sugar in the top. All of water or moisture before baking. If I bake it, will surely leak, run, stain and smudge when baking. To avoid all this, add nothing to the fruit but sugar, spice and a sprinkle of flour As soon as the pie is done, through a tiny tunnel carefully inserted into an air hole, pour in a cup of hot water The tunnel an old oil can, designed for longer use about mower or sewing machine, carefully cleansed by boiling, makes a good pie tunnel, but one with more flare, that any tinsmith will make to order, is better

"Too extravagant! Sugar-sweetening everyday pies!" some one says. "I always use all or part molasses." Yes, and half the juice, half the molasses and sugar you give the pie leaks and burns to a scorching under in the oven. Can you look me in the eye and say that this is not true? But if molasses is to be used for sweetening it can readily be made into pie. Take 1 cup of boiling hot water, 1 cup molasses, put one with more flare, that any tinsmith will make to order, is better

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Saving Scraps of Toilet Soap.

A thrifty suggestion, made by a woman whose silvered head attests her years of experience, is a use for the scraps of soap left in the toilet dishes when a fresh cake is taken. These she gathers and preserves carefully, and when the accumulation is sufficient puts them, with a very little water to moisten the mass, into a tin kept for the purpose. It is then set on the stove and melted slowly, and when a little cool bottled to be for a second use. "As I say the hard and precious soap I can get," she says, "it pays to utilize the scraps."—Her Point of View in New York Times.

A Tribute to American Women.

The Duke of Marlborough is a great admirer of the American woman, and says that "she has a natural quickness for appreciating the humorous side of life around her, and she takes infinitely more pains, and in some respects greater trouble to surround, than the Englishwoman displays. After marriage the bright, cheery girl remains the gay, carefully dressed married woman who always trying to show herself quietly to the best advantage, and she understands the art perfectly among all classes of people."

A Home for Hindoo Widows.

Pundita Rama Bai's home for high caste Hindoo widows is now occupied by twenty-six widows from nine to twenty five years of age, some of whom lost their husbands before they were seven years old. A young and wealthy widow, who, like the Pundita, never saw her husband since she was but quite an infant, is interested in this work.

Constance Eaglestone describes the woman of the upper class in southern Italy as a brilliant humming bird whose irresponsible existence is passed in flashing her own bright hues in the sun, while the women of the lower classes endure with *cheerfulness lives of trial and privation.*

Tea stains on china cups are often an accepted evil with housekeepers. They are removable, however, usually with salt and water and a vigorous rubbing. A particularly obstinate case may be treated with bonedust and water, the bonedust being obtainable from any druggist.

Mrs. Shane, of Wyoming, has a mining claim in the locality known by the poetic name of Awhoop Gulch, and with her own hands keeps up the assessment claim and teaches the public school while she walks until the mine is developed.

The Confederation of Woman's clubs now represents 150 clubs, some of which contain as many as 800 members. Chicago and San Francisco have the largest clubs, but New York claims the pioneer—Sorosis.

To clean stone jugs and jars, fill them with hot water, add one a tablespoonful of baking soda to each gallon of water. Let it stand over night. If not thoroughly cleaned repeat the operation.

Household troubles should be kept far away from the sickroom. For the time being let the sufferers have immunity from the hundred and one cares of daily life.

The oldest widows now living of Revolutionary soldiers are said to be Ann Young, aged 98, and Nancy Raines, 98 years old.

A pinch of salt added to a glass of milk makes it not only more palatable to many, but more easily digested.

This Date in History—Feb. 23.

1647—Pope Eugenius IV died.
1786—Sir Joshua Reynolds, painter, died.
1807—Republic of the Mexicans at Buena Vista.
1811—Joanna Baillie, poet and dramatist, died.
1862—The Federal army took possession of Nashville.
1873—The Maria Theresa Bridge, opened at Buda Pesth, Hungary, destroyed by ice.
1874—Sir Joshua Reynolds, painter, died.
1875—Joseph Allen, clergyman and delegate to the Paris peace conference of 1849, died in Worcester, Mass.; born in Becket, Mass.
1880—A reservoir dam burst in Arizona, destroying 40 lives and $1,000,000 worth of property.
1881—Parkersburg, W. Va., flooded and $4,000,000 worth of property destroyed. General Robert McAllister, noted cavalryman, died at Belvidere, N. J. Desperate affray in Columbus, O., between editors of rival Sunday papers; Editor Osborne and a bystander named Hughes killed.

Short Rations.

The Widow Flapjack keeps a boarding house in Harlem, and we regret to say that she does not give her boarders as much as they can eat. Gus De Smith, in particular, is given to grumbling about the fare. A few mornings ago she gave him a very small piece of beefsteak, but instead of masticating it he merely folded his arms and looked at it, like Napoleon at St. Helena.

"Why don't you eat your steak?" asked the Widow Flapjack.

"It's too thin."

"Blow it, then."

"I am afraid to."

"Why?"

"For fear it will blow away, it's so small."—Texas Siftings.

1892			February.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29					

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	5	4m.	Last Quarter	20	7h. 15m. A.M.
Full Moon	12	2h. 38m. P.M.	New Moon	27	11h. 20m. P.M.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 15 3m* E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
1 24 6m

CARPETS!

Large stock, selected patterns; largest and best lighted carpet room; lowest prices.

DRESS GOODS—Immense variety of new Spring novelties in Dress Goods; 50 pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, 12c yard, worth 15c.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR—For ladies, misses and children; all full-sized, well-made garments, and at prices that cannot be equaled.

FRUIT OF THE LOOM—We are still selling this popular brand of 4-4 muslin at 6c. Good Yonwilling, the best prints, 5c; white blankets, 65c and $1 19 pair.

Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa. Look out for announcement of our annual Spring and Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.

E. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

A NEW STYLE OF DERBY

Out TO-DAY, at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

O. M. DUNHAM,

40 West Front Street.

Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduce on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,
WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

ONE OF THE **BEST** Fitting and best wearing shoes for the money, is our Ladies Genuine Dongola Button Shoe, Price $1.50, common sense and opera toe, width C D & E. We do not make much on these goods, but we sell them nevertheless. That's the Difference. DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

CUT THIS OUT,

THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

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This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase J. C. ALLEN.

Housefurnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that others can't touch (make the comparison), 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 25c. Royal Tooth Powder at 16 cents.

J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

Special Offer!

IN ELEGANT NEW SPRING CARPETS for a short time. This Special Offer amounts to a considerable saving to the purchaser, and is well worth taking advantage of.

The stock embraces all grades in cotton and wool, and all-wool Ingrains, Tapestry Brussels, Body Brussels, and a good line of Hemps.

Of all these we keep duplicate pieces in stock, so there can be no delay in filling orders.

In addition we have the same selling agents here as in Jersey City, Orange and New York, which enables us to sell from their rooms, either from samples here, or from your own selections there, at the SAME PRICES as they sell at. By this Special arrangement, we can handle the largest and best trade in this city. This agency applies to anything in their house.

By these and other special advantages at our hand this season, we can confidently assure our patrons that we can make it to their interest to call on us for anything in carpets.

Special Bargains are now offered in Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portierres, etc.

EDSALL'S! EDSALL'S!

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

BABY : LAUGHS

when mamma uses

ANTI-CHAP.

For children and infants. There is no preparation so cleansing and healthful for the little ones as Anti-Chap

Wash your baby with Anti-Chap Soap. Dust the baby with

ANTI-CHAP POWDER

Papa, Mamma, Everybody should use the delightful Ant-Chap Your druggist keeps it. 25 cents.

Writing : Paper

BY THE

POUND!

Old Sagamore Mills, 15c lb.

Envelopes to match, 5c. package.

Kensington Wove and Devonshire Linen, 25c. per lb.

Envelopes to match, 10c. package.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

PELTON Water : Motors.

CHEAPEST TO

Buy and Operate!

LAWN SEEDS

and Fertilizers

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Hardware, Plumbing

and Tinwork.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

What Plainfield's leading store is doing

V. & W. SAY:

We will guarantee to sell you Dry and Fancy Goods, Notions, Carpets, House furnishing goods, etc., and in fact Everything that you want at a lower price than you ever bought them for, and a cheaper price than what we charge and others charge will prove that V. & W. are selling goods at a closer margin than all others. We offer for the coming week:

4-4 Bleached Sheeting	22c
4-4 Heavy Brown Sheeting	6c
36 in. Heavy Linen Crash	9c
9-4 Bleached Sheeting	19c
9-4 Bleached Sheeting	21c
10-4 Bleached Sheeting	22c
300 Door Mats	each 10c
200 Door Mats, extra good	each 37c
100 Turkish Rugs, 3 by 4 long	each 70c
3,000 Yards Figured French Cambrics, per yard	10c
100 doz Ladies' Hose, full regular, sale 10c	
100 gents' Hose, full reg. pair 15c	

There is a Special Sale of Granite Ironware that will interest housekeepers.

We guarantee Every Article we sell to give perfect Satisfaction and deliver goods wherever you wish.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS AND BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!

This is a fac-simile of a stick containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of the bread. They a $5 lb bag of grocer before buying a barrel. We have the BEST Wood, Barley, Oats and Jersey Bran, and make a specialty of rockmeal Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

HOW TO SAVE A DOLLAR!

GO TO THE

U. T. and C. G. A. for Your Groceries.

Granulated, Powdered and Cut Loaf Sugar 4½c. lb; "A" Sugar 4½c. lb. Best Sugar cured Hams, 10c lb; best sugar cured shoulders, 7c. lb; Rump Corned Beef, 5c lb; best Pickled Pork, 12c. lb; best Western prepared Ham, 12c. lb; Farris Hams and Bacon, 14c. lb; Pilsbury's Best Flour, $4.50 bbl; Pearl Patent Flour (best in the world), $5.50 bbl; fine table Butter, 20c. lb; good cooking Butter, 16c. lb; choice California apricots, 3 lbs 25c; choice California no tarine, 3 lbs 25c.; new Scotch Peas, 5c quart; table grease (like lard) 5c. box

Fine Teas and Coffees a Specialty.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office:—27 North avenue, (with Woolston & Buckle.

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

26 West Front Street.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Hermsdorf fast black Hose, 22 and 25c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.
Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.
Hermsdorf fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 67c.
8 button length Suede Mo-quitaires, in tans, and slate, 85c.
We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.
New line of black and colored silk gimps.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

Hotels.

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable Rates.

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Opp. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. | T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Look Box I. | Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. | 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. | PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." | WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24 1892. | PRICE TWO CENTS.

CITY COMMON COUNCIL.

THE SIXTH MEETING HELD LAST EVENING.

Only Eight Licenses Granted.—The Others Refused or Referred Back.—Mr. Marsh's Protest Against Granting Any Licenses.—Mr. Case Also Protested.—Other Business.

The City Common Council met in adjourned session last evening. It was 8.30 o'clock when the meeting was called to order. All the members were present with the exception of Mr. Ackerman.

A petition signed by Mr. W. B. Ostrom and others, requesting Council not to grant any licenses, was read.

Mr. A. L. Force and other members of the Trinity Reformed church presented a petition requesting Council not to grant any licenses.

Edward Maynard and others petitioned Council not to grant a license to Eugene Hoerster to sell liquor at the corner of Fourth and Liberty streets.

The Rev. P. E. Smyth, Charles C. Dilts and others also petitioned Council not to grant Mr. Hoerster a license.

Charles McIntosh and others petitioned Council not to grant a license to William Lee or Arthur Scott to sell liquor at the corner of South Second street and Muhlenberg place.

Mr. J. W. Jackson and other members of the M. E. church petitioned Council to refuse all licenses.

All the above petitions were referred to the Committee on Licenses.

Mr. Marsh stated that he had come to the meeting with the intention of having very little to say on the question of granting liquor licenses, but that since he had sat there and listened to the petitions, the cry coming up from the best and the humblest citizens and good women against the granting of any licenses, he hoped that none would be granted. He said he would leave the matter to the consciences of each Councilman. He said there were sufficient grounds to meet the petitioners half way. "They request 'no,' he continued, "not to allow a bar in the vicinity of the factories. A worse thing can not be done than to locate a bar there, and I believe the members of Council will listen to these appeals. I wish you could see the women's faces. There have been several convictions of the liquor ordinances and we are bound by our oaths to vote against granting a license to any person thus convicted."

Mr. Frazee was of the opinion that all the petitions complied with the law and should be granted. Continuing he said: "Then if any one of the men licensed violates the ordinance I for one will vote to revoke his license."

Mr. Case addressed the Council in behalf of Mr. Hoerster who petitioned Council not to grant any licenses. He said they had no voice at the polls, but that he thought Council should listen to their appeal.

Mr. George W. Rockafellow and other merchants petitioned Council to raise the license fee of peddlers and hawkers. The petition was referred to the Committee on Laws and Ordinances.

The bond of Street Commissioner R. A. Meeker was presented, referred to the Finance Committee and subsequently ordered recorded. Messrs. R. J. Shaw and Henry Eggerding were his sureties.

The bond of Aaron Mattox as constable was received and referred to the Finance Committee and subsequently ordered recorded.

A resolution offered by Mr. Marsh in reference to the apportionment of taxes, was adopted.

Mr. See presented the lease for the Council Chamber and other city offices and moved that the Mayor and Clerk be instructed to execute the same. It was so ordered.

Mr. Marsh moved that the rules be suspended in order to allow the License Committee to report later in the evening. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Marsh from the Committee on Streets and Public Lights reported that the bill of Seymour G. Smith for testing the electric street lights was correct and recommended that the same be paid. The bill was referred to the Auditing Committee.

Mr. Marsh stated that the police were very faithful and were compelled to be on duty every Sunday. He thought that each policeman should be given a Sunday to himself and he offered a resolution to that effect. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Marsh stated that on behalf of the Police Committee he would announce that George W. Gruel had been appointed Captain of Police for the ensuing year; that the appointment was made Feb. 16th, 1892.

Mr. T. W. Morrison, Mr. F. W. Runyon and Force Brothers had been requested to submit proposals to print in pamphlet form the Rules of Order and the Ordinances. The instructions were indefinite. Mr. Morrison for a fine quality of paper submitted a bid of $1.60 per page for the rules and $1.62 for the ordinances, Mr. Runyon $1.80 per page for the ordinances, and $30 for the rules, and the Force Brothers, for a cheaper grade of work than the others understood was desired, $1.37 per page for the ordinances, and $15 for the rules, the latter on motion receiving the contract.

Mr. Marsh presented a petition for two electric street lights on Irving avenue. The petition was referred to the Committee on Public Lights.

The Ordinance in reference to the licensing of peddlers and hawkers was passed on its first and second readings ordered engrossed and advertised.

Mr. Frazee offered a resolution to the effect that the Committee on Fire and Buildings be instructed to consider the advisability of allowing the firemen to elect their own chief and assistants. The resolution was adopted.

The same gentleman presented a bill in reference to street railways which had been introduced in the Legislature. He said the bill was known as assembly bill, No. 192, and that it took away the rights of the citizens to have a voice in the matter of granting such a franchise and left it optional with Council. He moved that the Council oppose the passage of the bill. The matter was referred to the Committee on Laws and Ordinances.

The ordinance in reference to the duties of the City Physician was read the second time, ordered engrossed and advertised.

The ordinance in reference to the assessorship of East Fourth street was passed on its first and second readings, ordered engrossed and advertised.

Mr. Weber from the License Committee reported that 26 persons had protested against the granting of any licenses and that 108 persons had petitioned Council to grant a license to Lee & Scott. The report was ordered filed.

The Committee then reported on the License applications as follows, of those who had complied with the law:

John Rafferty for a saloon license on Park avenue. It was granted; Messrs. Case and Marsh voting in the negative.

Charles Smith, saloon license; granted. Messrs. Case and Marsh voting against it.

Charles Bock, saloon license; rejected. Messrs. Case, Ginns, Johnson, Marsh and See voted against it.

Fred Casper, hotel license; granted. Messrs. Case and Marsh voted in the negative.

Jas Connelly, saloon license, granted. Messrs. Case, Marsh and Weber voted against it.

E. P. Thorn, saloon, granted. Messrs. Case, Marsh and Weber voting against it.

Messrs. Lee & Scott appeared for a license to sell liquor at the corner of South Second street and Muhlenberg place.

Mr. Case said that, as president of the Board of Governors of the Muhlenberg Hospital he thought it his duty to protest against granting the license to that place as it was situated too near the hospital.

The license was refused by a vote of 9 to 1. Mr. Frazee voted in the negative.

The next application was that of Jacob Blimm for a hotel license. The application was granted. Messrs. Case, Ginns and Marsh voted against it.

John J. Goff applied for a hotel license. It was granted. Councilmen Case, Erickson, Ginns and Marsh voted against it.

Joseph T. Sullivan applied for a saloon license. It was refused. Councilmen Case, Erickson, Ginns, Marsh and See voted against it.

The next application was that of Michael F. Watson.

Mr. Erickson moved that it be not granted.

The motion prevailed. Mr. Frazee voted in the negative.

The application of James J. Day for a saloon license was also refused by a vote of 9 to 1. Mr. Frazee voting in the affirmative.

The application of John E. Beerbower was next presented.

The committee presented several petitions, one of which was from Mrs. Louis Peterson requesting that her husband's name be withdrawn from Mr. Beerbower's petition.

On motion of Mr. Erickson the application was not granted. The vote was 9 to 1. Mr. Frazee voted for it.

The next application was that of Henry Windhaus for a hotel license. The license was refused by a vote of 8 to 2. Councilmen Frazee and Johnston voted in the affirmative.

Frank Linke was granted a wholesale license by a vote of 8 to 3. Messrs. Case and Marsh voted against him.

The applications of Wallace V. Miller and Angelo M. Force were referred back for correction.

The Auditing Committee reported the bill of Seymour G. Smith correct and it was ordered paid. The meeting then adjourned.

Plainfield Won.

On Monday afternoon last the first series of the New Jersey Trap League shooting contests was held on the grounds of the Woodside Gun Club between the members of the men selected by Captain Charles Smith from the members of the Independent Gun Club of this city and a team from that place. The Plainfield team won. The scores are as follows:

Chief Apgar	24
T. Brantinghan	24
E. D. Miller	21
Tee Kay	20
Dan Terry	20

Mr. Smith is being congratulated for choosing such an excellent team, and the forty members of the club are unanimous in the opinion that they have chosen a good captain.

—Last Monday afternoon the members of the Perth Amboy Gun Club held a "shoot." The principal prize was an ox. While the shooting was progressing, somebody stole the ox. The members of the Tottenville fire department are suspected.

THE MELOPOIA CONCERT

A BRILLIANT ASSEMBLAGE ATTEND IT AT THE CASINO LAST NIGHT.

A Programme with Variety Enough for All.—Enthusiasm Aroused.—Mr. Chapman wants the Society to Repeat His "Sanctus" in New York.

Y far the best,—so said the Casino audience last evening, respecting the second private concert of The Melopoia. Well the audience seemed to be correct. The members on the floor decked stage never sang better and the talent secured to assist was exceptional, as may be seen, being Mme. Lillian Blauvelt, soprano; Signor Antonio Galassi, Baritone; The Rabinstein Trio: Mr. Otto K. Schill, violin; Mr. Adolph Rosenbecker, 'cello; Mr. W. Ward Stephens, piano, Miss Jessie M. Utter and Mr. Emilie Levy, accompanists.

The programme was as well arranged and varied that every number was warmly applauded.

Carmen's "Toreado Song" was sung by Signor Galassi and Faust's "Jewel Song" by Mme. Lillian Blauvelt evoked from the audience a perfect storm of applause. Both were encored at every appearance. Youthful Mme. Blauvelt's voice is of remarkable sweetness and compass. She has unusual beauty, and is so winsome that the audience even encored before they heard her voice. Her first selection "The Jewel Song" seemed very appropriate, for the motherhood that appeared some one remarked, "Isn't she a perfect little jewel."

Then, and rather an amusing mishap happened when Signor Galassi, as an encore piece at the last appearance during the evening, sang the comic song about "The Quack Doctor," from the opera of "The Barber of Seville."

E. P. Thorn, saloon, granted. Messrs. Case, Marsh and Weber voting against it.

Messrs. Lee & Scott appeared for a license to sell liquor at the corner of South Second street and Muhlenberg place.

Mr. Case said that, as president of the Board of Governors of the Muhlenberg Hospital he thought it his duty to protest against granting the license to that place as it was situated too near the hospital.

The license was refused by a vote of 9 to 1. Mr. Frazee voted in the negative.

The next application was that of Jacob Blimm for a hotel license. The application was granted. Messrs. Case, Ginns and Marsh voted against it.

John J. Goff applied for a hotel license. It was granted. Councilmen Case, Erickson, Ginns and Marsh voted against it.

Joseph T. Sullivan applied for a saloon license. It was refused. Councilmen Case, Erickson, Ginns, Marsh and See voted against it.

The next application was that of Michael F. Watson.

Mr. Erickson moved that it be not granted.

The motion prevailed. Mr. Frazee voted in the negative.

The application of James J. Day for a saloon license was also refused by a vote of 9 to 1. Mr. Frazee voting in the affirmative.

The application of John E. Beerbower was next presented.

The committee presented several petitions, one of which was from Mrs. Louis Peterson requesting that her husband's name be withdrawn from Mr. Beerbower's petition.

On motion of Mr. Erickson the application was not granted. The vote was 9 to 1. Mr. Frazee voted for it.

The next application was that of Henry Windhaus for a hotel license. The license was refused by a vote of 8 to 2. Councilmen Frazee and Johnston voted in the affirmative.

Frank Linke was granted a wholesale license by a vote of 8 to 3. Messrs. Case and Marsh voted against him.

The applications of Wallace V. Miller and Angelo M. Force were referred back for correction.

The Auditing Committee reported the bill of Seymour G. Smith correct and it was ordered paid. The meeting then adjourned.

Plainfield Won.

On Monday afternoon last the first series of the New Jersey Trap League shooting contests was held on the grounds of the Woodside Gun Club between the members of the men selected by Captain Charles Smith from the members of the Independent Gun Club of this city and a team from that place. The Plainfield team won. The scores are as follows:

Chief Apgar	24
T. Brantinghan	24
E. D. Miller	21
Tee Kay	20
Dan Terry	20

Mr. Smith is being congratulated for choosing such an excellent team, and the forty members of the club are unanimous in the opinion that they have chosen a good captain.

—Last Monday afternoon the members of the Perth Amboy Gun Club held a "shoot." The principal prize was an ox. While the shooting was progressing, somebody stole the ox. The members of the Tottenville fire department are suspected.

THE CASINO.

"PAPA, HAYDN"

HIS UNHAPPY WEDDED LIFE AND MISFORTUNES GENERALLY.

Composer of the National Hymn of Austria, and also of the Great Oratorio, "Creation."

(The previous articles or this series from the same pen, signed "E," were as follows: I.—"Mozart or No Music;" II.—"Palestrina and His School;" III.—"Beethoven and His Music;" IV.—"Instruments and Instrumentalists;" V.—"Bridging the Abyss;" VI.—"Wagner and the Fathers of French Opera;" VII.—"Bach, the Father of Harmony;" and VIII.—"Handel, the Composer of 'The Messiah' and Other Oratorios;" VIII.—"You Gluck, the Father of Dramatic Music.")

No. IX.

The Plainfield ladies who listened to Mr. Dean's lecture Saturday probably found their sympathies worked upon more for Haydn and his misfortunes than they had been for any of the previous composers.

Joseph Haydn was born either March 31 or April 1, 1733, and died May 31, 1809.

The musical talent in the Haydn family was hereditary. At the age of six Joseph was so anxious to study the piano and violin that his father sent him to live with his cousin, who was a musician of some note, and it was here that Joseph began his first musical studies, his cousin proving a very good teacher. Although Joseph afterwards complained that he received a great many more stiffs over the head than he considered necessary.

After he had been with his cousin about two years he obtained a position in Vienna, in this manner. A musical director from Vienna was in need of new sacred music, and, chancing to hear of the boy musician, thought he would be quite an addition to the orchestra choir. For that purpose he went to see Haydn and ask him to play for him. This he did very creditably, playing with the exception of his trills. When the director criticised him in that line he replied, "Why, I could do it if I had any one to teach me."

The director was so well pleased with the self-confidence of the young lad and with his beautiful voice that he offered to become Haydn's teacher.

Haydn says that whenever he heard trills or runs in his mind that it always put him in mind of cherries, because he seemed never able to get a mouthful on as by a handful or so of bright red cherries.

"Those wrong, bad were trills and cherries combined in his mind that in after years, when drilling one of his soprano pupils, he would stamp behind him. The trills of which she did not succeed in getting very well, he asked her if some cherries would not help her, and sent a boy out for some.

Joseph progressed very rapidly under his new teacher, and was given a good position in the orchestra at Vienna.

At the age of thirteen he wrote his first mass.

Following this he composed sixteen shorter ones, but these he kept and not paid any attention to counterpoint. His idea was that the more notes he could get in the better. He even tried to compose a piece for twelve voices and instruments. When an old master advised him to learn to write well for two voices, before attempting to compose for more, he replied that it was as much to get the notes in foreground for all the parts.

During the first year in Vienna he bought a second-hand theoretical treatise on harmony and counterpoint. He also purchased a harpsichord, and with these two treasures, he spent many hours of hard study.

In his spare time, his parents had died, and he was left without any means of support. To make matters worse he lost his position, his voice broke, very hoarse, and he stood more than none. Thus at the age of seventeen he found himself in a very unfortunate position without an outlook or a lookout of brighter times.

Fortunately for him, however, one of his fellow students was Italian, and he introduced to several artists, one of whom brought him to a Venetian band master who, after listening to his playing, engaged him at once.

How glad Haydn was to be able to have a good meal made one more, for he was so particular about his appearance, that his shabbiness, due to his poverty, annoyed him.

One evening a Venetian lady, the wife of a theatre-director, was surprised to hear a beautiful composition played beneath her windows as a serenade. She immediately descended and, on listening to the shadow of the curtains to listen. Suddenly the lower door opened and a man rushed out to pay the delicate tribute of one serenaded. Haydn, who was the musician, drew slightly back, bracing himself for the unfavorable reception he was sure he would receive, but, imagine his surprise, when the handsome, lordly of the house approached him, and, upon his rendering of the music, and invited him into the house.

Here he was served with refreshments, and then engaged to compose the music for a new opera which his host had in charge.

It was for this that he wrote his first quartet, which was called "The Devil on Two Sticks."

Now that he was on the road to success, he got the German mania for matrimony.

Many years before he had met a young girl with whom he fell deeply in love, and now thought of her. But when he saw her her love was too low for her and had taken the veil of sisterhood. However, her father persuaded Haydn that her scruples would make him happy, so, on Nov. 26, 1760, at the age of twenty-eight he married her. But it turned his existence. With her he led a life of torture.

She cared nothing for him, except to have his name and fame. She would not think of enough mean tricks to annoy him. She never let him have a moment's peace. She would throw his shoes into the street, spoil his or some manuscript which he very highly prized. She even invited any particular friend or acquaintance to the house, would fill the house with a lot of her friends. As it went from bad to worse, for many years, at length, when Haydn could no longer stand it, he returned to the house, upon his name, he very politely told his wife of the fact, gave her his house, and she was forced to depart with her friends.

The month after he divorced his wife, his wife was engaged by Prince Esterhazy and took up his abode at the castle at Esterhazi.

The castle was situated on a lonely marsh, shut off from the world, but Haydn compared it to Paradise, although he scarcely ever saw anyone except the princes and his courtiers.

In this place Haydn spent thirty years, and during that time did not come into contact with the new methods and changes generally in the outside world, he was compelled to become original in his compositions.

During these thirty years he wrote nine hundred and ninety miscellaneous pieces, twenty-two operas and a number of operettas. Besides these he wrote six symphonies, the conducting of which he always superintended.

On September 26, 1790, his patron, the prince, died, and although his successor wished Haydn to continue as master, he would not do so, but returned to his old home in Vienna.

While there he received a call to London, which after much urging he accepted and on March 11, 1791, he gave his first concert, for this he received £1,000.

This concert was noticed in all the morning papers, which was something very unusual at that time.

He returned to Vienna, but only remained there a short time, as he was again wanted in London. For his second trip there he wrote a three part cantos entitled "Thy Voice, oh Harmony, is Divine."

It was during his second trip to London that he received the title of "Doctor of Music."

He remained in London eighteen months and returned to Vienna in 1795.

He composed the National Anthem of Austrailia, on January 1, 1797, taking for the chorus, "Long Live the Queen." Upon its first appearance it was sung in all the theatres and public places in the country.

On March 27, 1798, his wonderful "Creation" was sung universally for the first time.

At the time of the Turkish invasion, in May, 1809, a bomb burst near Haydn's house. This frightened the servants, who all rushed to their master's room. He pacified them as best he could and told them that no harm could come to them while he was there. Then to help soothe and quiet them he opened the piano and began to sing his favorite piece, "Creation."

Just before finishing, his strength suddenly gave out and he fell to the floor in a swoon.

He was carried to his room and died a short time after.

Because of his fondness and fatherly interest for young musician, and his willingness to help them, he was called "Papa Haydn." This name stuck to him long as he lived.

Beethoven says, "Original indeed thou art, in thought and exhibition. Then turn to thee and say I Thou! Oh, Haydn! art inspiration."

E.

WETUMPKA.

How the Lodge Entertained its Friends Last Night.

The members of Wetumpka Commandery No. 34, Knights of Honor, held their annual promenade concert and dance in Watchung Hall on West Front street last evening. The affair was largely attended and was one of the most enjoyable ever given by the organization Promptly at nine o'clock the concert began and at its conclusion dancing was indulged in and lasted until about midnight.

During the evening refreshments were served.

The following Committees had charge of the arrangements:

Entertainment Committee—Sir Knight John H. VanMiddlesworth, Sir Knight Frank P. Haffner, Sir Knight Alvah W. Ten Eyck, Sir Knight Wm. N. Dunbaugh, and Sir Knight David K. Sutphin.

Floor Commander—Sir Knight John Fulton.

Assistant Floor Commander—Sir Knight Louis VanAistyne.

Associate Commanders—Sir Knights Lewis H. Brown and John Y. Barrett.

Reception Committee—Sir Knights J. G. Ferguson, Jr., C. J. Feytel, C. Dickinson, Guillermo Thorn and H. L. Nelsmeyer.

Prof. Guttman furnished the music.

—The sale of the furniture at Laing's hotel will be continued this evening at eight o'clock.

This word comes all the way from troublesome Chili—

H-O.

"I find H.-O. superior to the best Scotch oatmeal in flavor and nutrition."

HORATIO BATTLE.

Oct. 5th, 1891.

MASKS : : : : : : MASKS

ALL KINDS

and Prices.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

A Statue for James Russell Lowell.

London, Feb. 24.—Leslie Stephen, M. A., the editor and author, has written a letter to the Times in which he proposes that a fund be raised for the purpose of erecting a monument to James Russell Lowell, the noted American author and former Minister to the Court of St. James, in Westminster Abbey.

Another Ocean Record.

New York, Feb. 24. (Special)—The White Star steamer Majestic has made the fastest winter voyage on record. Her time from Queenstown to Sandy Hook was 5 days, 20 hours, 22 minutes.

PERSONAL.

The engagement is announced of Clark W. Evans, formerly of Plainfield, but now of Baltimore, son of ex-Mayor Evans, to Miss Marion Edith, daughter of Charles D. Wells of Lebanon, Pa.

Miss Lottie Raymond, of 81 Kensington avenue, entertained her friends at a leap year sociable, Monday evening, Feb. 22. Many were present from Scotch Plains, including Miss Louise Stillger, Mr. John Stillger, Miss Emma Clark, Miss Amy Cook, Mr. Fred Happel, Miss Maggie Steele, Mr. Fred Monte, Miss Katie Hart, Mr. Norman Dunn, Miss Ella Ball, Miss Cole, Mr. William Hazel and Miss Ella Frantz.

Special Notices.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Plainfield Street Railroad Company will take place on Tuesday, March 1, 1892, from two o'clock until three o'clock in the afternoon at the office of Walter L. Retford, Esq., at Plainfield, New Jersey.

CHANCELLER W. RIKER, THOMAS NEVINS, 8-cy Pres.

24 2 cncc & cw

SPECIAL NOTICE.

All members of Warren Engine Company of North Plainfield are requested to meet in the engine house, Saturday evening at seventhirty. Important business.

GEO. H. FAIRCHILD, Foreman.

GET YOUR

TRUCKING and GRADING

done by Wise Brothers, 90 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 2361

AUCTION!

LAING'S HOTEL,

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY.

Feb. 24, 25, 26 and 27.

Beginning at ten o'clock each day. Thirty Bedroom sets, fifty Parlor suites, Dining tables and chairs; parlor suites, stoves; bar room fixtures, including two handsome bars and back bars, mirrors, etc.

One Billiard and Two Pool Tables

in fine condition. One dozen oak top, iron, stand bar room tables. Five dozen Eastwood chairs. A number of valuable clocks and other articles too numerous to mention. 17 09

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

DECORATORS ‡ †

‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.

Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—419 East Front street.

CARPETS!

Largest stock, selected patterns; largest and best lighted carpet room; lowest prices.

DRESS GOODS—Immense variety of new Spring novelties in Dress Goods; 50 pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, 11c yard, worth 15c.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR—For ladies, misses and children; all full-sized, well-made garments, and at prices that cannot be equaled. 2 2362

FRUIT OF THE LOOM—We are still selling this popular brand of 4-4 muslin at 8c. Good Towelling 4c; bed spread prints, 5c; white blankets, 69c and $1.19 pair.

Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Boston, Pa. Look out for announcement of our annual Spring opening of millinery opening, which takes place in March.

L. H. BOERM, 7 West Front street.

SOMETHING NEW AT

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S.

There are about 50 extra large Japanese Rugs that were $2.75, we close them out at $1.39. Half value.

There are 100 extra fine Japanese Rugs, fringed all around, in yours for 79c.

200 yards extra fine heavy damasked table linen 70 inches wide; value 65c., our price 47c.

20 dozen fine linen glass towels, 15c kind for 10c.

There is an extra good thing in our undressed Check Homespun Linen, made to sell for 25c, our price 19c.

We ask special attention to a line of Hemburgh Embroideries that are said to be the best in quality and design and the lowest in price ever offered in Plainfield.

Another case of those full, regular made Ladies' Hose, 15c, yours for 10c.

Gentlemen shirts are 100% fine for the Small size and Tank Shirts, same as you usually pay 75c, our price 50c.

Our sale of fine lace curtains were still crowded. This is the last week we have ever offered, and you may be sure about the same price that you pay for good trousers.

Van Emburgh & White.

WE HAVE IT!

WHAT IS IT?

The Best 25c. Table Butter in Plainfield.

Our Tea and Coffee Department is a whole store in itself.

All Kinds of Sugar 4½c. lb.

Our quality of goods; square dealing and low prices have won for us both name and fame throughout Union county.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 20 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Cents-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A MAN with a family wants work of any kind. Address "G," care EVENING NEWS. 2 2 2

WANTED—Competent girl for general house work. Apply 5 Cedar place. 2 24 3

WANTED—Situation as nurse, by a middle-aged woman. Inquire at 232 East Second street. 2 24 2

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A nurse to take charge of child and cooks herself useful. Apply 16 Crescent avenue. 2 24 3

WANTED—A useful man. Must be sober, industrious and honest. Competent to take charge of garden, horse and cow. Wages $16. Address "B," care of EVENING NEWS. 2 4 3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Reference required. Apply 28 Willow avenue, North Plainfield. 2 24 2

FOR EXCHANGE.

HAVE for exchange three small houses for store property. Riker & Co., agents. 2 24 3-24 tf

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, overlooking street. Address E. P. M. Church, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above the sea level. 2 19 tf

FOR SALE—Ten young horses, two mules. Bixley Hotel, Scotch Plains. 2 4 3

HOUSE for sale—Has twelve rooms; all improvements. Wind mill and barn; hot water heater; pleasantly located; $6,000; easy terms. Riker & Co., agents, 13 7 and Front street. 2 19 tf

MANURE for sale. Bixley Hotel, Scotch Plains. 2 4 3

STORE property on West Front street for sale. $7,000. Address Riker & Co., 2 17 tf

FOR RENT.

ANYONE wishing to rent a dwelling house and workshop, $31, address "H," care EVENING NEWS. 2 2 3

A GENTLEMAN'S country house, 8 rooms, all improvements. Two acres of ground; fine barn to rent. $25 month. Riker & Co., agents. 2 2 4

AFTER April 1st the six room house at No. 5 Dudley street will be for rent. Call 11 Mountain avenue. 2 24tf

A SIX ROOM house for rent. Riker & Co. $15 monthly. 2 20 tf

FOURTEEN room house to rent. All improvements. Only a few moments' walk from depot. $30 per month. Riker & Co., agents. 2 20 tf

FOR RENT or for sale. A Pine house at 5 La Grande avenue. Will rent low or sell cheap. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2 12tf

FOR RENT—Ten room house, Westervelt avenue. Pleasantly located and all improvements. $20 per month. Riker & Co., agents. 2 11tf

ONLY a few of those 14 room houses are left for rent. $25 to $35. Riker & Co., agents. 2 24tf

HOUSE; all improvements; on East Front street, for rent. $30 month. Riker & Co., agents. 2 17tf

ROOMS to rent. 121 Duer street. 25 3

TO LET—Store No. 29 West Front street, now occupied by Philip Swan. Also separate storage rooms with plastered walls. Apply to Wm. M. Stillman. 2 24 wfcw tf

TO LET—House containing eight rooms, with barn, pleasantly located. Price $20. Apply to M. M. Dunham, 7 East Front street. 2 17tf

THE office at No. 5 East Front street is for rent. It is a splendid location for a lawyer. Lots of light. M. M. Dunham, agent 2 12tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

FLORAL DECORATIONS by Denton, Hillside Avenue Florist. Palms and plants in variety. 25 3

MONEY to loan on Plainfield and West-End Sold real estate. Address P. O. Box 212 24 29

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 5 East Front street. 2 20tf

OWNERS of farms for rent or for sale will find a agency at same, with particulars, by Riker & Co., 13 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 2 5 tf

WANTED—Two or three acres, suitable for trucking, with or without buildings. 44 West Third street. 24 3

WANTED—Small truck place near Plainfield. Address "R.," 202 Broadway, Plainfield. 24 3

WANTED—Small house, 5 or 6 rooms, with barn for one horse. 44 West Third street. 24 3

EDITORIAL NOTES

National Banks.

Hon. Edward S. Lacey, comptroller of the currency, writes in The North American Review his answer to the question, "Can our national banks be made safer?" Mr. Lacey approves of our present national bank system. The only concern in his mind is the matter of improving it, leaving its main features as they are. Congress organized the national banking system in 1863 on the recommendation of Secretary Chase. Two years later there were 1,513 national banks, with deposits aggregating $723,281,232. Sept. 25, 1891, the country contained 3,077 of these banks, with deposits amounting to $2,040,633,924.

The system has been in operation twenty-nine years. At the beginning of last October 4,648 banks had entered the national system. During the twenty-nine years it has lasted 3¼ per cent. of the national banks have failed. The annual average loss to creditors has been only one-twentieth of 1 per cent. On the other hand, of banks other than national, during the single year ending June 30, 1891, there were failures entailing losses to creditors which amounted to more than all the losses of the national banks in the twenty-nine years of their existence.

This showing, Mr. Lacey thinks, speaks sufficiently for itself as to the merits of the national bank system. National banks have increased to the average number of 213 yearly during the past five years. That is at the rate of fifty-three a year more than during the period previous to 1887. The increase has been greatest in the region west of the Mississippi. Moreover, in a single year the receipts of these banks amount to $129,247,093,000, "a sum greatly in excess of the estimated value of *all the real and personal property of* Great Britain and the United States combined."

In analyzing the causes of the losses from national banks Mr. Lacey classes them per cent. as follows:

Depreciation of securities	27.0
Injudicious banking	22.7
Fraudulent management	18.3
Defalcation of officers	9.9
Excessive loans to officers and directors	7.1
Real estate and real estate loans	6.9
Excessive loans to customers	5.0
Failure of large debtors	4.1
Total	100.0

The remedy is suggested by the nature of the evils themselves. First of all is the necessity for improvement in the character and business capacity of bank officers and directors. The moral sentiment of community must force this improvement. Oversevere and stringent legislation would drive the national banks and the best men connected with them out of the business.

The Meat We Eat.

Since 1870 the census returns show that the fruit production of this country has increased ten times as fast as the meat production. Considering the quality of much of the meat that we eat, perhaps this is well. It is reported that when meat was sent to the starving peasants in some parts of Russia they ate of it and fell ill. The unaccustomed diet sickened them because they had not been brought up on meat, although it was considered healthy flesh.

There is no telling what might happen to the stomachs of beef, pork and mutton eating Americans if they were not inured to danger—for danger there is, in spite of the utmost precautions to secure perfectly healthy meat. It may be that the evil is worse than we know of, and that a considerable portion of the headache, rheumatism, fever, catarrh, consumption even, that afflict the human race come to it through the microbes of unhealthy meat.

A butcher who had been years in the business reports that he has rarely killed *an animal of any kind that he considered* perfectly healthy. The liver was usually diseased. "What do you do with the livers?" was asked him. "Oh, we throw them to the hogs and they devour them." The public devours the hogs and is none the wiser. Cows and oxen that have passed their prime are always fattened and sold for beef when they begin to go down hill from old age. The same is the case with poultry. Exactly what results to the human beings who eat this meat has never yet been estimated. The conclusion to be drawn from it all is that a rigid Biblical Jewish system of meat inspection is needed.

In the case of the disastrous fire at the Hotel Royal, New York, is to be noted the same fact observable in all hotel fires attended with loss of life. The servants, particularly the chambermaids, are the first victims. Among the dead and missing at the New York fire were five chambermaids. These are usually thrust into small, out of the way rooms, inaccessible to the firemen when flames break out. The hapless prisoned women either are burned to death or suffocate, all way of escape being cut off. When the fire is extinguished, then somebody remembers that a dozen chambermaids were sleeping in some little inside rooms up under the roof. Not the least of the terrors that beset poverty and helplessness is this that it is not protected in life and limb as wealthier. Who thinks of the lives or safety of the very poor who toil? There are always plenty and more than plenty to take their places in case they are cut off by accident.

PERRY IS CHAINED DOWN

The Train Robber Was Planning to Escape from Prison.

HAD DIAGRAMS OF THE JAIL KEYS.

He Was Caught Slipping Them to a Man Who Visited Him and Claimed to Be His Father—A Satchel and Its Ghastly Contents—The Prisoner Pleads Not Guilty.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 24.—Oliver Curtis Perry, the noted American Express train robber, was arraigned before Judge Carver. Deputy Sheriff Collins, who made the arrest after a terrible struggle with the desperado, left the jail with his prisoner chained to his right arm, followed by a crowd of villagers anxious to get a look at the famous outlaw. Perry held a handkerchief before his face during the trip, and the crowd were greatly disappointed on account of seeing nothing more than his eyes and forehead.

When the judge's office was reached the street was jammed with spectators, and the deputy and his prisoner experienced great difficulty in reaching the office. When the crowd was allowed to enter the wildest confusion reigned, during which the robber appeared very nervous, and after the excitement had subsided the prisoner stated to one of the detectives that the mob reminded him of his seventy days in the far west.

During the rush hats were knocked off and trampled under foot, the coats of the spectators were almost torn from their backs, faces were scratched, maps and pictures torn from the walls, office chairs smashed and general confusion reigned.

The complaint made by Engineer Alexander McGilvery was read, alleging assault in the second degree to which Perry pleaded not guilty, waived examination and declared that he wanted no counsel, preferring to plead his own case. Perry was held in $5,000 bail.

He Had a Diagram of the Keys.

When Perry and the deputy were about to leave the court room for the county jail Perry's father, Oliver H. Perry, came hurrying in from the railroad station from his

OLIVER C. PERRY.

home in Syracuse. The prisoner seemed much affected, stepping up to him he said: "Hello, father," and kissed him. The father showed much emotion and the prisoner seeing it said: "Don't cry, father, it will be all right." He was taken back to jail followed by his father and a large crowd.

That every effort will be made by Perry's friends to help him escape is evident. Shortly after being locked in the corridor the prisoner held a long conversation with his father. The wily deputy sheriff, who is always on the alert, detected the prisoner pass a scrap of paper through the iron bars to *his father. After the conversation had* been finished Perry requested the elder Perry to step into the office, and closing the door informed him that he was compelled to make him submit to being searched, which he immediately proceeded to do, and was rewarded by finding the scrap of paper, and on it was correctly drawn an exact copy of the key which unlocks the corridor door.

Perry, Sr., was allowed to leave after being informed by Deputy Collins that he could allow him to do further mischief and that hereafter he will not be allowed to enter the jail.

May Be an Accomplice.

Jerry Collins is of the opinion that the prisoner expected to get a key made by his father which would fit the lock and after opening the corridor door to file the heavy steel bars which is on the outside and to which is attached a padlock out of reach from the inside. During the visit his father gave him some canned fruit and oranges. They will be examined for the purpose of ascertaining whether anything is concealed inside of them. A new night watch was put on duty to guard the jail and Sheriff Thornton informed the reporter that Perry will be chained to the floor to make certain that he will commit no further mischief. Persons connected with the jail seem to entertain the opinion that the man who represents himself as Perry's father, and who was so affectionately kissed by Perry after the hearing in Police Justice Carter's office, is not his father at all, but an accomplice who is aiding him to escape.

Perry's Ghastly Ornament.

While Perry's alleged father was talking to him in the jail, Perry seemed very anxious regarding a hand satchel which he had left in some place in Syracuse. When Perry, Sr., left the jail he was followed by a detective sent by Collins, who traced him to Syracuse to the place where the satchel had been left. When he left the house the detective took it from him and brought it to Lyons. When it was examined, among the contents was found the ear of a human being which was preserved in alcohol and inclosed in a glass bottle, and two hands of gold battered from some of the jewelry stolen in the express robbery near Utica last September.

The sheriff showed the ear to Perry and asked him where he got it. He said that he cut it from a colored man's head and intended to use it as an ornament on his mantel at home. Still he was very much excited over the affair, and seems to think that he is playing in hard luck.

To Administer the Barnaby Estate.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 24.—Judge Spink appointed Stephen C. Edwards administrator of the estate of Mrs. Barnaby. There has been no agreement yet from the probators of the will, and counsel say they know of none contemplated.

The Indianapolis Tieup.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 24.—The street car tieup remains unchanged. Petitions bearing 10,000 signatures are circulating asking Peasnell's removal will go forward to the Chicago directors of the company.

Reciprocity with Austria.

LONDON, Feb. 24.—The Vienna correspondent of The Times says that negotiations for the establishment of reciprocity relations are about to be commenced between Austria and the United States.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

A Senate Committee Appointed to Report Upon the Coal Trust.

ALBANY, Feb. 24.—President pro tem. Cantor called the senate to order, and there were a large number of petitions read in on the usual subjects of excise and World's fair Sunday opening.

Bills passed: Mr. McCarren's, Curtis petition bill for a disabled National Guardsman; Mr. Tripp's, allowing the Union school of Cortland to spend $15,000 on improvements; Mr. Gardner's, to incorporate the village of Williamsville; Mr. Stranahan's appropriating $120,000 for the payment of the indebtedness of the Oswego canal lock lengthening.

Mr. Gould's bill for a new highway over the canal at Nassmberg called forth a political discussion as to the canal investigation by Governor Flower's message. Mr. Erwin said that the deadlock of last year that cost $5,000 a day was caused by the refusal of the czar of Democracy, David B. Hill, to allow this investigation. He had been aided by Mr. Jones, of Binghamton. Senator Coggeshall in a long speech said that for the deadlock of last year and for the defeat of legislation Czar Hill and his lieutenants were responsible, as the people would show him next fall. The senate adjourned with the Gould bill the first one on the order of the third reading.

Lieutenant Governor Sheehan announced this committee to investigate the coal trust under the McMahon resolution; Senators McMahon, Cantor, McCarren, Hagan, Endres, Erwin, Saxton.

Mr. Bush, of Ulster, was in the chair in the assembly in the absence of the speaker. The general appropriation bill was ordered to a third reading and recommitted to the ways and means committee with power to report at any time.

Mr. Hitt called up the World's fair bill and moved that it be recommitted to the committee on ways and means for amendment, with power to report at any time. This was carried without debate.

The big canal improvement bill was also referred back to the canal committee for a further hearing.

FASHIONS

LATEST STYLES.

Fantastic Dress Bodices — New Dress Trimmings.

Dress bodices promise to be more fantastic than ever. Some of them seem to be all convolutions. An evening dress of palest pink and green brocade had a green velvet bodice, arranged in crossway folds back and front, and a pointed band of brocade, trimmed with rows of gold passementerie, which was also folded. The back of the bodice was crossway, but front, and of the are corselet shaped bodices of black lace for evening wear. In the accompanying cut is illustrated a stylish low bodice in white bengaline silk, partly veiled with a beaded corselet and berths fringe in multi color tints. Fringe to match is placed *around the berths, which is pointed front* and back. Bands of curliest ostrich feathers head the fringe and an aigrette appears on one shoulder.

STYLISH LOW BODICE.

One of the newest trimmings for the bottom of dress skirts is a narrow ruche of silk. Passementerie bows are much used for festooning lace flounces. Swiss belts of jet and deep jet fringes are the newest or naments for evening dresses. Lace prom ises to be very fashionable. Lace cuffs, frills on skirts and a thousand other combinations all tend to show that lace is about to play an important part in the fashions of the day. Embroidery is thrown into the background, but not so utterly as to prevent it being still the best trimming *for velvet mantles and other garments* made of heavy materials. It is whispered that sequins are to take the place of the mock gems that have been employed in dress trimmings for the past two or three seasons.

Manager Altman Missing.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 24.—Harry Altman, manager of the St. Louis branch of the United Life Insurance company, of New York, has been missing since last Thursday. It is known that he has been in financial trouble for some time.

Census Returns Coming In.

ALBANY, Feb. 24.—The first election district enumerators' return to be filed with the secretary of state was that of the Second district of the Fifth ward of Syracuse.

An Old Paper Changes Hands.

MONTREAL, Feb. 24.—The Montreal Herald, a paper 50 years old, was sold to J. R. Young, of the New England paper company, acting for a syndicate of Montreal men.

A Spanish Steamship Ashore.

CAPE CHARLES, VA., Feb. 24.—A Spanish steamship, name unknown, is ashore on Hog Island. Wreckers from Norfolk have been ordered to go to her assistance.

Kaiser Wilhelm Hauled Off.

BREMEN, Feb. 24.—The North German Lloyd steamship Kaiser Wilhelm, ashore yesterday in the Scheldt, has been hauled off.

Speaker Crisp Very Sick.

OLD POINT COMFORT, VA., Feb. 24.—Speaker Crisp is a very sick man here and his condition alarms his friends.

Cardinal Mermillod Dead.

ROME, Feb. 24.—Cardinal Gasper Mermillod, bishop of Lausanne and Geneva, is dead, aged sixty-eight years.

Postmaster Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—G. F. Dond has been appointed postmaster at Bennett, Allegany county, N. Y.

HENSEL WILL PROBE IT.

The Legality of the Reading Deal to Be Investigated.

BOTH SIDES CITED TO BE PRESENT.

Railroad Presidents McLeod, Maxwell and Wilbur and Complainants Cassett and Peabody Notified to Appear for Hearing at Harrisburg on March 3.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 24.—Attorney General Hensel has addressed letters to A. J. Cassett, A. McLeod, president of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company; J. Rogers Maxwell, president of the Central Railroad of New Jersey; E. P. Wilbur, president of the Lehigh Valley, and Terence V. Powderly, relative to the Philadelphia and Reading railroad deal. The following is a copy of the letter addressed to Mr. Cassett:

To Mr. A. J. Cassett, 305 Walnut street, Philadelphia:

SIR—The governor of the commonwealth has referred to me your letter of Feb. 19, referring to the recent arrangement effected between the Lehigh Valley Railroad company, the the Central Railroad Company of New Jersey and the Philadelphia and Reading company, whereby it is alleged the control of the first two named companies has been acquired by the last named in violation of the constitution of the commonwealth and to the prejudice of the interests of the community. I am instructed by the governor to take such action as will enforce the constitution and bring all who have violated it to punishment.

Hensel Will Investigate.

In a recently published statement I said it was the usual practice of this office "to entertain any respectable complaint of the abuse, misuse or non-use of corporate franchises, and upon due notice to give full hearing to complaint and complained against," and "when it seems to appear that the public interest is affected with the circumstances render it proper and necessary that the commonwealth intervene and resort is had to the court, wherein by its judicial processes, inquiry is made and judgment is reached."

In accordance with that practice and referring to the subject matter of your letter, I beg to inform you that I have fixed Thursday, March 3, at 12 o'clock M., as the time when, and the chamber of the supreme court at Harrisburg as the place, I will hear the complaint you have already made or any further matter bearing upon the subject thereof which you may desire to present either in person or by counsel; that I have notified the presidents of the Lehigh Valley Railroad company, the Central Railroad company of New Jersey, and of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company of this appointment, and that they will then and there be given a like opportunity to be heard, and that I have called upon them to furnish me then or previous to that time copies of the leases of agreements under which they have made the arrangements complained of, and that I have notified the president of the Lehigh Valley Railroad company, the Central Railroad Company of New Jersey, and of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company, of the appointment, and that they will then and there be given a like opportunity to be heard in reply, and I have called upon them to furnish me then or previous to that time with copies of the leases or agreements under which they have made the arrangements complained of."

Flower Asks Abbett to Explain.

TRENTON, Feb. 24.—Governor Abbett has received from Governor Flower a letter requesting an explanation of the conduct of the Trenton health authorities, who returned to New York without permission the two Italians who came over on the typhoid infected steamer Manilla. Governor Abbett referred the communication to the Trenton health board, who will prepare a reply.

They've Got Tascott Again.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 24.—Detective Webster, of this city, arrests Thos. L. R. Harrod, of Alton, Indian Territory, has located W. B. Tascott, the murderer of Millionaire Snell, of Chicago, and will leave at once to arrest him.

Harmony Relieves Belknap.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The navy department is advised that Admiral Harmony assumed command of the Asiatic squadron at Yokahama, Japan, relieving Admiral Belknap.

Foutz and Terry for Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 24.—Dave Foutz and William H. Terry, the well known baseball players, signed with the Brooklyn club for the coming season as pitchers.

Looking for Stolen Dynamite.

PARIS, Feb. 24.—The police are making a search of the houses of suspects who brought out the city for dynamite recently stolen from a government factory.

To Help Irish Home Rule.

OMAHA, Feb. 24.—The officers of the Irish National league have issued an appeal for funds to help the cause of home rule for Ireland.

Charged with Burglary.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 24.—Thomas O'Connell was arrested in this city on a charge of burglary committed in New York.

The Freezers Still Work.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Treasury agents have been sent to Europe twenty-two contract laborers.

Miss Blanche Fellows
SOPRANO SOLOIST.
Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.
No. 97 Duer St., Perth Plainfield.

CRUSHED STONE!
ALL SIZES.
Of Great
Light Blue Color.
References:—
F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com'r
Smalley Bros.,
34 SOMERSET STREET.

EITHER
Hot Water
or
Steam Heating
Apparatus furnished and set up in residence and Public Buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 Manning Avenue, Perth Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Repairing Engine, etc.

50c. a Bottle
for
EMULSION
of
COD LIVER OIL,
with HYPOPHOSPHITES,
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
No. 80 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

C. DICKINSON
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses. Eyes examined FREE.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

Machine Works.
FREDERICK P. CHASE
Manufacturer of
Electrical Machinery.
Bicycles, Rollers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Gasoline stock building and painting.
201 North Avenue,
Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.
FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.
Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.
I have thoroughly renovated the store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.
DAVID CLARKE,
Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
20 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating machine screen for cleaning coal. By its peculiar motion he believes he enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUND AND DRESSED LUMBER
He would also announce recently increased facilities for sawing and dressing lumber, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

"UNDER A SUCCESSFUL BOOT."
STILL ROLLING
Dr. Holmes, the most of the time on the road.
BEECHAM'S PILLS
are made there and will get a special and extensive sale. Without question the best selling proprietary medicine in the world. Sold everywhere. Price 25 cents a box.
New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

DON'T FORGET
In making Holiday Purchases that you may buy as a present for yourself
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
AT LINDAMOOD'S, the Tailor,
NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,
at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

We have a new line of
Skates and Sleds
Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of
Musical Instruments
and Sporting Goods.
A. M. Vanderbeek,
38 PARK AVENUE.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
W. BAKER & Co.'s
Breakfast
Cocoa
from which the excess of oil has been removed, is
Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.
No Chemicals
are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent* a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 ly

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in Hard
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
South Avenue
P. O. BOX 1467.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

To the Public:
Neuman Bros.
Desire to call special attention to their choice and reliable line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, Preserved Sugar Corn, Burnham & Morrill Paris Sugar Corn, Strawberry Tomatoes, Earl Tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's Stewed Tomatoes, Fait & Winberner's extra sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early June Peas, Hamburg Sterlingham Mushrooms, Hudson River Asparagus and tips. Special attention given by the same and down. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats.
79 BROADWAY.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS H. POPE, Treasurer.

A. M. SEGUINE
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service guaranteed.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE.

NOTICE!
I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my
Liberty Street Market
where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices
GOOD :- MEAT!
Of all kinds.
Charles Arnold,
21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!
By a positive vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, NEWEST AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,
Holders and Bogues for the HOLIDAY TRADE, can be found only at
N H Guttman's
SEGAR STORE,
12 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.
The most costly fabrics are very often ruined by improper washing. Our patrons' garments refinished equal to new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.
H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING
call at
Bremmer Bros',
28 Somerset Street.
And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made-to-order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.
Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.
We Have Cut Prices
on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON, Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E. & S., Engineer of the Famous Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON, Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Office, No. 25 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notary Public. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner of Deeds and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office, Market Block, Front and Somerset streets.

OSCAR B. TEALE, Architect, 247 Broadway, New York City, rooms 33 and 34. Importers and Traders Exchange Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD
CORDLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Terms reasonable. Our operations are supervised by the Board of Health. Special attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of Van Lenge, Gardner and Field Fertilizers.
P. O. box 1067. Telephone call 21.

"The Very Best"
is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.
The best your money. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Wrappers, Embroidery silks, and stamp d linen goods.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

IT BODES A THIRD PARTY

The St. Louis Conference May Name a National Ticket.

A WILD SCENE IN THE CONVENTION.

Congressman Mason Invites the Body to Take Him Out and Hang Him If It Be a Crime to Be a Democrat—Monster Reception to Grover Cleveland in Detroit.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 24.—"If it is a crime to be a Democrat then you can take me out and hang me now." Thus, with quivering frame, distended eyes, uplifted arm and clenched fist Congressman Charles T. Mason, of the Fourth Georgia district, hurled defiance at the delegates to the industrial conference. A perfect cyclone of groans and hisses, starting on the floor and following its track up to the top gallery of Exposition hall, followed in the wake of the challenge.

"Hang me now," repeated Mason, in a voice that penetrated the din, and again there was an avalanche of unnatural sounds, in the midst of which, with apparently every nerve and fiber shaking with passion and excitement, the Georgia congressman sank back into his seat.

It Looks Like a Third Ticket.

In this exciting episode was made manifest the final determination of the delegates to this convention to declare in favor of a third party and an independent presidential ticket. Mason was at the head of four delegates from the Farmers' Alliance of his state who had been designated to act by the state executive committee of the party. G. C. Post, of the well known Alliance advocate, had preceded him with the same number of delegates representing the same organization, but who had been chosen by different districts. Mason was avowedly in favor of forming a declaration of principles and submitting them for approval to the Democratic national convention, opposing a third party ticket at all hazards, that it might not result in the delivery of some of the southern states to the Republicans. Post, on the other hand, is an out and out third party ite. The committee on credentials decided to seat three of the Post men to two or the Mason delegates. It was on this proposition that the fight occurred. Post was satisfied but Mason was not. In the course of the debate W. E. Branch, of Georgia, charged that while Mason was for harmony in the abstract, he was not for any harmony that would not deliver over the farmers, bound hand and foot, to the Democratic party. It was this attack that led to the outbreak.

Free Silver Tabled.

Outside of this episode the day was practically wasted. Business was continually interrupted with songs and story telling. Frances Willard and Mrs. Lease, of Kansas, were added to the committee on platform, and then Jerry Simpson started a whirlwind of talk with a resolution calling for the establishment of a permanent census bureau, with a special division to gather statistics of interest and important to farmers. The resolution was adopted.

Next, Mr. Wilson, who submitted a resolution demanding the passage of the bill for free and unlimited coinage of silver. Willits, of Georgia, in an emphatic speech, opposed this until the bill could be read, so that they would know what they were voting for. Amid great cheering, he said nine-tenths of the great industrial and agricultural classes were in favor of free and unlimited coinage of silver and insisted that the proper place for such a demand was in the platform. This evoked cries of "It will! It will!"

In the end the resolution went on the table, and after General Weaver's son had done a whistling and banjo act and Mrs. Nicholls, of Chicago, had rendered a song that told how the gold and silver in the coffers of the White House was going to be cleared out when the people got to Washington, the convention adjourned until tomorrow.

A Monster Cleveland Reception.

DETROIT, Feb. 24.—A great demonstration of welcome was given ex-President Cleveland here yesterday afternoon. There were more people on the streets than at any time during the hot political campaign, political clubs coming from all directions, and they all cheered themselves hoarse.

Mr. Cleveland looked happy, for he received assurance from Democratic leaders and state committeemen that the Michigan delegates to Chicago would be for him. Some of the leaders say, however, that there will be no chance for his nomination, the action at Albany make it impossible to take either New York candidate.

The night the formal reception in honor of the ex-president was held at the Cadillac hotel. So thick was the multitude that pressed against the hotel entrance that men and women that got into the jam could not extricate themselves. Mr. Cleveland cordially grasped the hand of each, and at the close of the reception it was estimated that the hotel 15,000 people had passed before him. The line was broken for a few moments while the ex-president and General Alger exchanged courtesies amid a scene of great enthusiasm. An incident that caused considerable laughter was the vain endeavor of an elderly lady to embrace Mr. Cleveland.

It Suits the Hill Men.

CHICAGO, Feb. 24.—It was decided at the meeting between the representatives of the executive committee of the national Democratic committee and the local committee that a wigwam to hold 15,000 people should be erected on the lake front, the national committee to control 12,000 and the local committee 3,000 seats. The Hill men here look favorably upon this action, as they think it signifies full guaranties favorable to their candidate. It looks now as though the main showing in the convention would be for Senator Hill.

Some Significant Events.

DETROIT, Feb. 24.—The Michigan club banquet was intended to be a rallying of local Republicans without any reference to the presidential favorites, and yet there were some significant events. General R. A. Alger, who is looked upon as Michigan's "favorite son," presided. The greatest ovation of the evening, however, was given to William McKinley, and not to Alger. Perhaps the most significant event of the evening was the neglect to read the letter of regret from President Harrison.

Fearful Double Tragedy.

NEW ALBANY, Ind., Feb. 24.—John Kaiser quarreled with his wife and shot her dead. Kaiser took refuge under a barn. Citizens armed with guns ordered Kaiser to surrender, but he refused, and drawing a revolver blew out his brains.

Satisfied Workmen.

BEVERLEY, Feb. 24.—The shoecutters in this town say they are satisfied with their present wages. The price list presented by the Shoecutters' union has not yet been considered by the manufacturers.

Time to Run.

Pretty Girl Teacher—What! Do you intend to withdraw from the Sunday school? Wah Lee—Yessee. Me fraidee stay here. Pretty Girl Teacher—Afraid? What are you afraid of?

Wah Lee—Thlee leap year.—New York Weekly.

She Had the Advantage of Him.

She—You shouldn't squeeze my hand going out of the theater. When I squeezed back I meant you to stop.

He! I—why, I—I—didn't touch your hand!—Life.

SUMMING UP CURTIS' CASE.

The Comedian's Wife Screams and Falls in a Faint in Court.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 24.—Lawyer Knight's eloquent plea for the actor, M. B. Curtis, in the Grant murder trial here was interrupted by a scream from Mrs. Curtis, who was seated beside her husband. She fell in a dead faint upon the floor.

Half a dozen women rushed forward to help her, while her husband put both arms around her. Lawyer Foss and the court clerk then carried the prostrate woman to the judge's chamber. After she had been taken from the courtroom Curtis himself, evidently in a very nervous state, rested his brow upon his hand, while tears dropped from his eyes. After a moment's pause Attorney Knight went on with his argument, and said:

"The court will tell you that the prosecution will have to prove Curtis guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. This is mighty and will prevail, but Curtis has always maintained that he was innocent. Who told Curtis that night that a footpad had attacked him? He told that story to the sergeant of police that awful night, when he knew he was charged with murder. No one suggested his defense to him there.

"Who could have had a motive for the $240 he had on his person and which he did not have at the police station? Dr. Cook and Mrs. Cook both swear that he had it. Who fixed that plumber's bill which he intended to pay with that $240? Surely these stories were not the figment of a brain befuddled with drink."

Moreland's Blackmail Scheme.

LONDON, Feb. 24.—The trial of Maitland F. Moreland, the law tutor of Oxford, for blackmail, has commenced. Moreland wrote letters to a number of the titled and wealthy students, signing the name Mrs. Maitland, posing as a young widow in need of financial aid and who had a quiet residence where frequent meetings could be indulged in, and then threatened to expose the answers received unless he was supplied with hush money.

A Man Dies for a Man's Love.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 24.—Dr. Charles T. Breedlove, of Baltimore, committed suicide in the Lindell hotel here last night. He left a letter saying he loved Isaac Judson, a teacher in the high school here, and would kill himself rather than be separated from him. Judson was in the room when the fatal shot was fired.

A Theatrical Company in Trouble.

MACCHESNEY, Conn., Feb. 24.—Harris Brothers' People's Theater company, which has been playing a week's engagement here, has disbanded. The company includes eight men, four women and a child. All of the actors slept in the Opera House Tuesday night. Their baggage has been attached for debt.

Major Clark Dead.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 24.—Major H. W. Clark, one of the most known civil engineers in this part of the state, died, aged fifty-four years. Major Clark was a veteran of the Hundred and Eighty-fifth New York volunteers.

The Last White House Reception.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—A vast crowd surged through the White House last night to pay their respects to the president and Mrs. Harrison. It was the closing reception of the season, and was given in honor of the public. Every rank and condition of life was present.

Tolstoi Ordered to Desist.

LONDON, Feb. 24.—A dispatch to The Standard from Moscow states that Count Tolstoi, who has been engaged in the work of relieving the distress in the famine districts, has been ordered by the government to return to his estate.

Bad for the Ice Crop.

AUGUSTA, Me., Feb. 24.—Ice operations on the Kennebec river are totally suspended on account of the thaw of the past two days. The houses are not over half full. Hundreds of men are idle and the ice is rapidly wasting.

Chicago Gets Everything.

BUFFALO, Feb. 24.—At the national electrical convention in session here, San Francisco requested the next national convention. San Francisco will get left. Chicago is slated for it.

Victoria Still Ill.

LONDON, Feb. 24.—The queen arrived at Windsor castle from Cowes, Isle of Wight. In spite of official statements to the contrary, Victoria has not recovered from her recent illness.

Ex-Alderman Pine Dead.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 24.—William E. Pine, who was an alderman of this city for two terms and ran for mayor on the Law and Order ticket four years ago, is dead.

McInerney Will Recover.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 24.—Daniel T. McInerney, the express messenger who was shot, is in a fair way of recovery, the wound in his thigh being the only serious one.

A Newspaper Suspends.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Feb. 24.—The Daily Florida Standard, which began publication here a year and a half ago as an anti-Call organ, has suspended.

Japan Ought to Be Used to Them.

TOKIO, Feb. 24.—There were 2,388 earthquakes in Japan during the past three months, seventy-nine of which were quite severe.

THE NEW FRENCH CABINET.

M. Rouvier Assigned the Task of Forming It by President Carnot.

PARIS, Feb. 24.—M. Rouvier, minister of finance under M. de Freycinet, has been selected by President Carnot to form a cabinet, with Rouvier as premier. It is definitely stated that M. de Freycinet, M. Ribot, M. Constans and M. Develle, each refusing his respective portfolio, will co-operate with M. Rouvier in forming the new cabinet. M. Loubet and M. Bourgeois will, it is believed, join the cabinet. M. Loubet has acted with the Left in a moderate way.

M. Rouvier, the new premier, was born in 1842, at Aix, and became a lawyer in Marseilles, where he earnestly opposed the Emperor Napoleon by articles in the journals. This prevented any public promotion until the overthrow of the empire. After Sedan, M. Rouvier was appointed to the prefecture of Bouches-du-Rhone. In 1872 he was appointed on a commission to reform the judiciary of Egypt, where he zealously watched the interests of France. In 1876 he was elected to the chamber of deputies from Marseilles, and this was his start in a political career. He took a place on the extreme Left.

His progress in politics was somewhat thwarted. On the following May the Left legation that he had been guilty of immoral acts within the precincts of the Palais Royal. The Monarchists, who looked upon him as a rising and dangerous adversary, did all they could to exaggerate the charges. Rouvier demanded an investigation and was acquitted, although the judgment of acquittal carried with it a certain implication not altogether favorable.

Rouvier was re-elected in 1877. In the debates in the chamber he showed a thorough and comprehensive grasp of commercial and financial questions, and his subsequent service as minister of finance has justified the opinion then formed of his abilities.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

Buffington's Nomination Confirmed—Another Senatorial Deadlock.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The session of the senate was prolific in notices of intention to take up other matters at some future day, but was entirely occupied in the discussion of the pure food bill. The debate was participated in and listened to almost exclusively by Mr. Paddock, who had the bill in charge, and the senators from the southern states who opposed its passage. It was unfinished when the senate adjourned.

The senate in secret session confirmed the nomination of Joseph Buffington, of Pennsylvania, to be United States district judge for the western district of Pennsylvania.

The president sent to the senate the nominations of William B. Gilbert, of Oregon, to be United States circuit judge for the Ninth judicial circuit, and Henry Smith, of Michigan, to be assistant register of the treasury.

Mr. Gilbert has been a resident of Oregon for twenty years. He is a lawyer of prominence in Portland, but has never held any judicial position. His public career having been confined to service in the state legislature. He has always been a consistent Republican.

The house was in session only twenty minutes. In the absence of the speaker Mr. McMillin was elected to preside. The hearing of the Chicago contested election cases was postponed until Thursday next. After the call of committees and the transaction of routine business the house adjourned.

Voegtly Succeeds Wyman.

ALLEGHENY CITY, Pa., Feb. 24.—At a joint session of the select and common branches of the city council, Nicholas H. Voegtly was unanimously elected mayor for the interval between the present and April 19, when the regular election will be held. He held to elect a mayor for one year. This arrangement covers the unexpired term of ex-Mayor Wyman, who recently tendered his resignation.

The Case of Miss Mitchell.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 24.—Judge Dabbon overruled the motion of Gen. Wade, counsel for Alice Mitchell to be permitted to inspect the letters in the hands of the attorney general. Miss Mitchell was returned to jail accompanied by her relatives. The motion of Lillie Johnson for bail was then taken up, and was not finished when the court adjourned.

Miners in a Bloody Riot.

NANTICOKE, Pa., Feb. 24.—A riot between drunken miners grew out of a political argument and the principal street here was soon the scene of blood, pistol reviews, and general free for all fighting. Fourteen men were badly wounded, and two, it is believed, fatally.

Mercier May Be Arrested.

MONTREAL, Feb. 24.—The investigation of the scandals connected with the late Mercier government has been resumed. It is claimed that the worst has not yet been unearthed and that there will soon be enough evidence to cause the arrest of the late minister.

Leo Will Contribute to the Fair.

ROME, Feb. 24.—Pope Leo has decided to send several copies of art to the Chicago exhibition, including, probably, an early map of America, of great value, which shows how the continent was divided by the pope between Spain and Portugal.

Tried to Blow a Church Up.

NEW HARTFORD, Ia., Feb. 24.—Unknown parties threw a lighted bomb under the Methodist Episcopal church here. The building was badly shaken but no one was hurt.

Another Fish for John L.'s Net.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. 24.—Bendorf, the famous English pugilist who fought Wolf at Cape Town, South Africa, a few years ago for a purse of $20,000, has arrived.

Riddled a Negro with Bullets.

VARNER, Ark., Feb. 24.—George Harris, a negro prisoner in the jail here, was riddled with bullets by a mob for the murder of E. T. Parker, a sewing machine man.

To Decide if Field Is Sane.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—At the trial of E. M. Field for forgery, on motion of his counsel, it was decided to first have a jury pass on the question of his sanity.

New York's Dog Show.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—The Westminster Kennel club's annual dog show is open at the Madison Square Garden. It will close Friday night.

Elkins Goes Home.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—Secretary Tracy has returned to Washington from New York. Secretary Elkins has gone to West Virginia.

Death of Sir Henry Cotton.

LONDON, Feb. 24.—Right Hon. Sir Henry Cotton, late lord chief justice of appeal, is dead, aged seventy-one years.

Fell from a House Top.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 24.—Christian Meagher, a carpenter, fell from the top of a house and was killed.

DOUCHERTY'S NEW ENGLAND CONDENSED

MINCE MEAT THE ORIGINAL

Builders Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

37 Somerset street, for ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK. ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT, Practical Carpenter and Builder Residence corner Somerville and Front streets. Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—Fine Grades of Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1346

William C, Smith, Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 10

JOHN HERRMANN, State Builder, and fancy wood turned maker. Shop corner of Grand and Rogers streets, North Plainfield, N. J. 10-10-3 y J. HERRMANN, 8 Regent street.

R. V. SAUMS, Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Kyte's. P. O. Box 1222. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

John P. Emmons, MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 942.

DIBBON & GAYLE, Carpenters & Builders P. O. BOX 51.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street, N. J. Shop, No. 19 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick, CARPENTER AND General Jobber.

SHOP, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty

Jobbing promptly attended to

Window Screens made to order.

Woman's Exchange AND INDUSTRIAL UNION 73 PARK AVENUE.

HOME MADE —Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes— FRESH EVERY DAY.

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass

is constructed to meet the wants of those who require a very powerful glass of moderate size. Every farmer will understand the advantage of being able to distinguish the character of a distant animal, or the quality of the crops on a neighboring farm stock at some distant point of his farm; in short to bring objects upon which he wishes to look within a few feet of his eyes. QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS is, in fact, the ideal instrument for these purposes.

Prices { (Small size 24 in.) $5.00 (Medium size 7.50 (Largest size 10.00) } All in mahogany case with strap.

The glasses in the cut represent the size.

On receipt of price, we will send any of the above by express, prepaid.

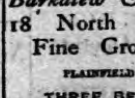
QUEEN & CO., Manufacturers. 924 Chestnut St. Philadelphia.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn, 18 North Avenue Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE SEF TEA



BROWN & MILLS, Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in connection with the Grand Central hotel, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Razors honed and ground with the finest.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Leave Plainfield at 7.15, 9.02, 11.08 a. m., 2.40, 4.30, 7.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.40 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.
Arrive at 8.45 a. m., 2.00 p. m.
Close at 9.00 a. m., 2.30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia 4.45 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Mail closes at 6.00 p. m.

E. B. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(THE POET READING R. R. CO., LESSEE.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time—Solar time, 4 minutes faster than Plainfield.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.20, 6.40, 7.14, 7.39, 8.00, 8.05, 8.30, 8.45, 9.02, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.08 a. m., 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.40, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.45 p. m. Sunday at 5.40, 7.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.45 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty st., at 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45 a. m., 12.00 m., 12.15, 12.30, 12.45, 1.00, 1.15, 1.30, 1.45, 2.00, 2.15, 2.30, 2.45, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.15, 4.30, 4.45, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45 p. m., 12.00 m. Passengers for Newark and Elizabeth take cars at 7.45, 8.45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.35, 8.05, 9.45, 11.05 a. m., 12.35, 2.05, 3.35, 5.05, 6.35, 8.05, 9.35, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 5.40, 8.05, 9.35, 11.05 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOUTH PLAINFIELD.
Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.35, 8.05, 9.45, 11.05 a. m., 12.35, 2.05, 3.35, 5.05, 6.35, 8.05, 9.35, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 5.40, 8.05, 9.35, 11.05 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.
Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.20, 6.40, 7.14, 7.39, 8.00, 8.05, 8.30, 8.45, 9.02, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.08 a. m., 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.40, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.45 p. m. Sunday at 5.40, 7.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.45 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty st., at 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45 a. m., 12.00 m., 12.15, 12.30, 12.45, 1.00, 1.15, 1.30, 1.45, 2.00, 2.15, 2.30, 2.45, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.15, 4.30, 4.45, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45 p. m., 12.00 m. Passengers for Newark and Elizabeth take cars at 7.45, 8.45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.35, 8.05, 9.45, 11.05 a. m., 12.35, 2.05, 3.35, 5.05, 6.35, 8.05, 9.35, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 5.40, 8.05, 9.35, 11.05 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOUTH PLAINFIELD.
Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.35, 8.05, 9.45, 11.05 a. m., 12.35, 2.05, 3.35, 5.05, 6.35, 8.05, 9.35, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 5.40, 8.05, 9.35, 11.05 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 7.35, 9.45, a. m. 1.35, 5.05 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
LEAVE PLAINFIELD.
7.15 a. m. for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Buffalo and the West.
11.08 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton and Allentown.
2.40 p. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.
4.30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Buffalo and the West. Parlor car to Easton, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, etc. 1 hour ahead to Williamsport.
7.30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.
9.30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.
11.45 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, and Scranton. 9.12 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Williamsport, etc. 2.30 p. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Harrisburg.
9.30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 6.37, 8.05, 11.09 a. m., 2.45, 5.05 p. m. Sundays, 5.40, 11.09 a. m., 5.05 p. m. Leave Grove 8.22, 12.1, 9.22 p. m. For Perth Amboy 6.37, 8.05, 11.09 a. m., 2.45, 5.05, 7.09 p. m. Sundays 5.40, 9.22, 11.09 p. m.

FOR ASBURY PARK AND OCEAN GROVE.
For Freehold 7.26, 9.05, 11.09 a. m., 2.45, 5.05, 8.05 p. m. Sundays 9.22, 11.09 p. m.

FOR PHILADELPHIA AND SOUTH SHORE ROUTE.
For Philadelphia at 5.45, 8.20, 9.40, 10.47 a. m., 12.02, 1.50, 3.04, 4.10, 5.20, 6.40, 8.20, 10.30 p. m. Sundays at 5.45, 8.20, 9.40, 10.47 a. m., 12.02, 1.50, 3.04, 4.10, 5.20, 6.40, 8.20, 10.30 p. m.

For Trenton 5.45, 8.20, 9.40, 10.47, a. m., 12.02, 1.50, 3.04, 4.10, 5.20, 6.40, 8.20, 10.30 p. m. Sundays at 5.45, 11.10 a. m., 3.04, 6.40 p. m. 11 night.

For Baltimore and Washington at 9.40, a. m., 2.56, 5.16, 6.40, 8.20, p. m., 11 night. Sunday at 9.40 a. m., 2.56, 6.40, 8.20 p. m., 11 night.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen Pass Agt.
J. H. OLHAUSEN, Agent.

Pennsylvania R. R.
Standard Railway of America.
Pre-dated time-table in effect on the later-looking switches and clocks, November 15, 1891.

On and after Nov. 15th, 1891, trains leave Plainfield (Park avenue) as follows:

4.25 a. m.—Western Express daily, with Pullman Cars to Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis; daily for Pittsburgh, Columbus, Cleveland, and St. Louis, daily except Sunday, for Chicago and Toledo.

7.05 a. m.—Western Express Daily, with Pullman Cars to Buffalo, Niagara Cars and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Daily except Sunday for Cincinnati, Toledo, Williamsport, Rochester, Buffalo and Chicago.

8.50 a. m.—Pacific Express, with Pullman Vestibule Buffet Parlor Cars, daily for Pittsburg, Chicago and Toledo, daily, except Saturday, for Cleveland.

For Delaware, Maryland and the South—1.03, 6.57, 7.50, 9.00 a. m.; 1.02, 3.39 p. m. On Sundays—3.02, 5.24, 9.45, 9.30 a. m.

For Newark and New York—3.02, 5.24, 5.45, 6.57, 7.50, 8.00, 9.00, 9.30, 10.32, 11.02 a. m., 12.02, 1.02, 2.02, 3.02, 3.39, 4.02, 4.32, 5.02, 5.24, 5.45, 6.02, 6.57, 7.50, 8.00, 9.00, 9.30, 10.32, 11.02 p. m. On Sundays—3.02, 5.24, 9.45, 9.30, 10.32, 11.02 a. m., 12.02, 1.02, 2.02, 3.02, 4.02, 5.02, 5.24, 6.02, 7.50, 8.00, 9.30, 10.32, 11.02 p. m.

For New York only—10.0 p. m. Sunday.

For Philadelphia—3.02, 5.24, 5.45, 6.57, 7.50, 8.00, 9.00, 9.30, 10.32, 11.02 a. m., 12.02, 1.02, 2.02, 3.02, 3.39, 4.02, 4.32, 5.02, 5.24, 5.45, 6.02, 6.57, 7.50, 8.00, 9.00, 9.30, 10.32, 11.02 p. m. On Sundays—3.02, 5.24, 9.45, 9.30, 10.32, 11.02 a. m., 12.02, 1.02, 2.02, 3.02, 4.02, 5.02, 5.24, 6.02, 7.50, 8.00, 9.30, 10.32, 11.02 p. m.

For Trenton—1.03, 6.57, 7.50, 9.00, 10.41, 11.47 a. m., 12.02, 1.02, 2.02, 3.02, 3.39, 4.02, 4.32, 5.02, 5.24, 5.45, 6.02, 6.57, 7.50, 8.00, 9.00, 9.30, 10.32, 11.02 p. m. On Sundays—3.02, 5.24, 9.45, 9.30, 10.32, 11.02 a. m., 12.02, 1.02, 2.02, 3.02, 4.02, 5.02, 5.24, 6.02, 7.50, 8.00, 9.30, 10.32, 11.02 p. m.

For Woodbridge—6.46, 10.30 a. m.; 2.34, 4.45, 6.34, 9.12 p. m. On Sundays—10.30 a. m.; 6.34 p. m.

For Bound Brook—1.03, 7.50, 9.00, 10.41, 11.47 a. m., 12.02, 1.02, 2.02, 3.02, 3.39, 4.02, 4.32, 5.02, 5.24, 6.02, 6.57, 7.50, 8.00, 9.00, 9.30, 10.32, 11.02 p. m. On Sundays—3.02, 5.24, 9.45, 9.30, 10.32, 11.02 a. m., 12.02, 1.02, 2.02, 3.02, 4.02, 5.02, 5.24, 6.02, 7.50, 8.00, 9.30, 10.32, 11.02 p. m.

For Perth Amboy—1.03, 6.57, 7.50, 9.00, 10.41, 11.47 a. m., 12.02, 1.02, 2.02, 3.02, 3.39, 4.02, 4.32, 5.02, 5.24, 6.02, 6.57, 7.50, 8.00, 9.00, 9.30, 10.32, 11.02 p. m. On Sundays—3.02, 5.24, 9.45, 9.30, 10.32, 11.02 a. m., 12.02, 1.02, 2.02, 3.02, 4.02, 5.02, 5.24, 6.02, 7.50, 8.00, 9.30, 10.32, 11.02 p. m.

For South Amboy—12.35, 5.46 p. m.; Sunday 10.30 a. m.

For East Millstone—7.50 a. m.; 12.35, 5.15 p. m.

For Somerville—7.50 a. m.; 12.35, 5.15 p. m.

For Bridgewater—7.50 a. m.; 12.35, 5.15 p. m.

For Bernardsville—7.50 a. m.; 12.35, 5.15 p. m.

For Basking Ridge—7.50 a. m.; 12.35, 5.15 p. m.

For Gladstone—7.50 a. m.; 12.35, 5.15 p. m.

For Peapack—7.50 a. m.; 12.35, 5.15 p. m.

For Chester—7.50 a. m.; 12.35, 5.15 p. m.

For Morristown—7.50 a. m.; 4.06 p. m.

For Boonton—7.50 a. m.; 4.06 p. m.

For Hackettstown—7.50, 11.07 a. m.; 4.06, 6.30 p. m. Sundays 10.41 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

For Dover—7.50 a. m.; 4.06, 6.30 p. m. Sundays 7.50 a. m.; 6.30 p. m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, points on Coast and Sea Girt—9.30 a. m. Sundays 9.30 a. m. and 11.02 p. m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, points on Coast and Sea Girt—9.30 a. m. Sundays 9.30 a. m. and 11.02 p. m.

For Point Pleasant, Island Heights, Toms River, 9.30 a. m. and 5.45 p. m. week days; Sundays 9.30 a. m. and 11.02 p. m.

For Freehold—7.50, 11.07 a. m.; 4.06, 6.30 p. m. Sundays 10.41 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

For Matawan—7.50, 11.07 a. m.; 4.06, 6.30 p. m. Sundays 10.41 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

For Keyport—7.50, 11.07 a. m.; 4.06, 6.30 p. m. Sundays 10.41 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

For Red Bank—7.50, 11.07 a. m.; 4.06, 6.30 p. m. Sundays 10.41 a. m. and 6.30

GIRLS WHO FLIRT.

WHY MEN MARRY WOMEN WHOSE ACTIONS THEY CONDEMN.

A Possible Solution of the Mystery of the Single State of Sedate Girls and the Splendid Marriages of So Called "Fri volous" Young Women.

Select your own immediate circle of young lady friends—those whom you have known during the last ten years—and you will find, I think, that few if any of the flirtishly inclined girls remained single while certainly one of the quietest and most behaved and more industrious sisters are still clinging, ungathered on the parental branch.

Not many years ago I heard a father call attention his two lovely and accomplished daughters against an intimacy with two of their girl friends. "These girls are becoming so flirtish and gay," he said, "that I am sure your good names will suffer if you are seen much in their company. Men are quick to comment upon and misinterpret such frivolous actions as I see those girls indulge in, and I do not want you to suffer from an unwise intimacy. I have no doubt that they are innocent girls now, but they will soon lose the reputation of innocence if they are not more prudent."

The daughters of the gentleman listened to his counsel and ceased to visit the young ladies who had been accused of being flirts —and not without cause and yet I regret to relate, the two flirts are today wives of men who adore them, and who are the most tender and devoted husbands, while the two prudent ones remained at home an wooed and unwon.

Innumerable cases of a similar kind have come under my immediate observation.

I always feel exasperated with men when I see them choosing such girls for wives, while the prudent and discreet ones are passed by, exasperated not because of their choice so much as because of their praise for the type they neglect and their censure for the type they wed. It is a curious problem.

I have tried to solve it and render the conduct of men consistent with their ever repeated assertion of aversion to the very girls they seem most ready to marry.

It seems to me that I have arrived at the explanation of the problem.

Men themselves do not know why they are attracted to and won by these girls despite their better judgment, but I think I can explain the matter to them.

Stronger and deeper than man's cultivated and acquired taste for the domestic virtues of civilized life is the inborn admiration for what they usually term "go" in a woman.

I think I have seen more men's eyes sparkle when they described a woman as full of "go" than I have ever seen from any other cause.

A man will be very calm and matter of fact when he tells you how very beautiful some woman is, he will be phlegmatic and prosaic when he tells you of some "highly accomplished and charming woman" he knows. Not a ripple will disturb the repose of his face when he speaks of some good, domestic, virtuous girl of his acquaintance, but when he says, "By Jove she's full of go!" his calm becomes exhilaration, his eye glows, his voice thrills.

I have heard them say it worse at times and it is always with the same intense delight and appreciation

I heard it said once of a girl on a country farm; the hired man fell ill just in the harvest season; and she took his place in the great reaper and drove nine horses with the energy and vim that was out and beyond. I heard it said of a young girl who had been reared in luxury and idleness, and whose father died suddenly and left the family with nothing but debts, in less than six months she had canvassed all the adjoining towns and had obtained a large paying class in music. I heard it said of the wife of a famous politician whose energy and tact and brilliancy won him half his success, and I heard it said of a society girl, who was not beautiful or rich, but who became a belle because she was the best dancer, rider, swimmer and talker in her set.

Now it is the same element—a sort of combustive hidden quality of character—that actuated these women to do what they did, that actuates so many girls to become flirts. Girls devoid of this element do not understand why they are not as attractive as the more successful and imprudent friend may be, and think the male sex very unappreciative.

They hear men severely criticise the girls whose intellectual "go" has led her into flirtations follies with no sex yet be it attracted, in spite of himself by the quality which actuated her follies, and he rush to marry her.

"I do not see that it pays to be well behaved and prudent," said a very beautiful, and modest girl to me recently. "The men treat you with respect, but they pay all their attention to and finally marry the girls who flirt with them."

I could not deny the truth of her statements, yet I felt sorry to admit it. But no modest and discreet girl need envy the happiness of a flirt.

If she marries a man she loves, every indiscreet act and every familiar attention she has received from other men during her flirting days will be like drops of gall in her cup of sorrow. And if she does not love the man she marries surely she is not to be envied, for she is very likely to coo those her flirtations upon her return.

The best advice I can give to the modest and good girls is to cultivate "go." Extremely discreet and domestic girls who never feel any inclination to kick over the traces of conventionality are worthy and excellent members of society but they seldom possess much "go." This quality needs to be born in a person, like any other qualities, if we would achieve great results, yet it can be cultivated.

Shake yourself up, overcome your self consciousness, your indolence and your fears of public comment. Try to be animated, try to be ambitious, tactful stumping and thoughtful of others.

Don't go into conventional ruts and act like every other girl you know. Dare to be yourself, for every one has an individuality peculiarly her own. But in your efforts to be attractive don't attempt to be flirtish when it is not your nature to be so, because you see that men make love to flirts even while despising them. If you do you will surely bring ridicule and disgrace upon yourself and win no man's respect.

It is not the flirting which draws the men to the flirt, but the magnetic "go" in which, when misdirected frequently causes a girl to flirt that attracts them even in spite of their judgment.

A man would prefer a girl who possessed "go" and who did not become a flirt if you could give the element separate into a flirt, you will be like some literary aspirants who emulate the style of Burns and Swinburne without possessing any of their genius.

Would I petting my dear girls, but cultivate "go."—Kin Wheeler Wilcox in Chicago Tribune

The Children's Hymn.

The constantly increasing consumption among school children, and the very general use of such use of glasses, ought to suggest to us whether we have not been sufficiently careful of the conditions affecting the eyes of the young. Do we see to it that the light by night or by day is not unsteady as of a cheap and large type, requiring no straining or forcing of the eyes in order to read? Do we encourage a large and open margin in books? Do we see that the style of a famous politician whose energy and tact and brilliancy won him half his success, and I heard it said of a society girl, who was not beautiful or rich, but who became a belle because she was the best dancer, rider, swimmer and talker in her set.

Now it is the same element—a sort of combustive hidden quality of character—that actuated these women to do what they did, that actuates so many girls to become flirts. Girls devoid of this element do not understand why they are not as attractive as the more successful and imprudent friend may be, and think the male sex very unappreciative.

They hear men severely criticise the girls whose intellectual "go" has led her into flirtations follies with no sex yet be it attracted, in spite of himself by the quality which actuated her follies, and he rush to marry her.

"I do not see that it pays to be well behaved and prudent," said a very beautiful, and modest girl to me recently. "The men treat you with respect, but they pay all their attention to and finally marry the girls who flirt with them."

I could not deny the truth of her statements, yet I felt sorry to admit it. But no modest and discreet girl need envy the happiness of a flirt.

If she marries a man she loves, every indiscreet act and every familiar attention she has received from other men during her flirting days will be like drops of gall in her cup of sorrow. And if she does not love the man she marries surely she is not to be envied, for she is very likely to coo those her flirtations upon her return.

The best advice I can give to the modest and good girls is to cultivate "go." Extremely discreet and domestic girls who never feel any inclination to kick over the traces of conventionality are worthy and excellent members of society but they seldom possess much "go." This quality needs to be born in a person, like any other qualities, if we would achieve great results, yet it can be cultivated.

Shake yourself up, overcome your self consciousness, your indolence and your fears of public comment. Try to be animated, try to be ambitious, tactful stumping and thoughtful of others.

Don't go into conventional ruts and act like every other girl you know. Dare to be yourself, for every one has an individuality peculiarly her own. But in your efforts to be attractive don't attempt to be flirtish when it is not your nature to be so, because you see that men make love to flirts even while despising them. If you do you will surely bring ridicule and disgrace upon yourself and win no man's respect.

It is not the flirting which draws the men to the flirt, but the magnetic "go" in which, when misdirected frequently causes a girl to flirt that attracts them even in spite of their judgment.

A man would prefer a girl who possessed "go" and who did not become a flirt if you could give the element separate into a flirt, you will be like some literary aspirants who emulate the style of Burns and Swinburne without possessing any of their genius.

Would I petting my dear girls, but cultivate "go."—Kin Wheeler Wilcox in Chicago Tribune

Rising in the Air.

Rising in the air like the bubbles in the champagne of the legend. There should be space between the knife and fork for a bubble.

Have the fruit of fruit in the center of the table. Have a tiny stalk at each end of the table. Spread little butter plates at the top of each plate. If buttered salt and pepper shakers are used place them at the side of each plate. If large cream pitcher at the corners of the table. Put four table spoons on the table, either in two corners or in the middle. Have the knife and fork in serving. Put the carving knife and fork at the head of the table, and the cups and saucers, sugar bowl, cream pitcher, hot water bowl, etc., and the meat dishes at the other end.—St. Louis Republic.

Having Gravy Handy.

The matter of having gravy ready when wanted is a very important part of the household economy, and many a dish which otherwise might be "flat, stale and unprofitable," is made nutritious and palatable by the addition of half a cup of strong gravy. Make your cook keep all the scrapings of gravy from the beef steaks or any made gravy, season well with salt and pepper and keep in the refrigerator. It will always be wanted in the next day's cooking.

If you have no gravy ready when you want it, you can always make it by taking some bones of cooked meat, cracking them and putting them in a saucepan with any bits of meat or gristle. Cover them with cold water and stew slowly for two hours and your will have excellent good gravy. This should be done daily with the bones and bits of meat "left over."—New England Homestead.

A Use for Old Mosquito Netting.

A good suggestion is a use for mosquito netting after it has done duty on bars or as wall covering. If it excellent wash and dish cloths may be made. The netting should be folded several times, six or eight at least, and the square made considerably larger than desired, as the material shrinks a great deal. The thickenesses are then to be quilted in long stitches and at wide intervals with white darning cotton, the edges turned in, where they are not folded, and the article is ready. If the netting is colored, toss the cloths into the boiler before using and boil out the dye. The wearing quality of these netting cloths is almost unexcelled, while the loose mesh makes them very satisfactory to use.—Hen Point of View in New York Times.

A Cheap Disinfectant

A cheap portable disinfectant is permanganate of potash. A bottle full of these crystals, bought at the store of any chemist, will last for years. It can be used when wanted by putting a pinch of the potash over night in a jug of water, in the morning it will present a reddish appearance and can be used for drains, etc. A small quantity of this mixed with the slops and removed daily keeps a room fresh and destroys disease germs. The only drawback is that, if too strong, the liquid will stain linen, or anything else it has the misfortune to fall upon, a finger bowl, if there be no servant. If you have a waitress, she will place the finger bowls on as you finish with the fruit. If fresh fruit be served there must also be placed at each one a fruit knife and plate. The knives and spoons should be placed at the right and the forks and napkins at the left. The tablecloth to be of the finest of the linen. There should be space between the knife and fork for a finger bowl.

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How to Set a Table.

Breakfast being the plainest meal of the day, the arrangement of the table should always be simple. The cloth should be laid, and at each person's plate place a knife, fork, teaspoon or dessertspoon, tumbler and napkin, and if fresh fruit is to be served, a finger bowl, if there be no servant. If you have a waitress, she will place the finger bowls on as you finish with the fruit. If fresh fruit be served there must also be placed at each one a fruit knife and plate. The knives and spoons should be placed at the right and the forks and napkins at the left. The tablecloth to be of the finest of the linen. There should be space between the knife and fork for a finger bowl.

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LITTLE THINGS.

A goodby kiss is a little thing,
With your face turned to the door as you flee
In haste to meet the train of the day;
Of a thoughtless word or a cruel sting
That you made an hour ago.

A kiss of greeting is sweet and rare,
After the day's work is done;
But it equalizes the fervors out of the care
And dims on the forehead yet more color.

In the years that have flown away.

"Tis a little thing to say, "You are kind,
I love you, my dear;" such slight
But it makes a difference in the heart.
Ere long, I find,
For love is tender, as love is blind.
As we grow older and rougher and slight.

We starve each other for love's caress.
We take, but do not give,
It seems so easy some soul to bless,
But we dole less grudgingly, here and fast.
'Till 'tis bitter and hard to live.
—Jewish Messenger.

A HUSBAND'S TRIBUTE TO A WIFE.

General R. F. Butler Tells What a Woman Did on the March and in Camp.

No higher tribute to woman as a wife and mother has ever been paid than is accorded to Mrs. Brigadier R. F. Butler by her husband in his memoirs. Writing of his career during the civil war, he says:

My wife, with a devotion quite unparalleled, gave me her support by accompanying me at my earnest wish, in every expedition in the war of the rebellion, and made me a home wherever I was stationed in command.

She joined me at Annapolis and accompanied me to Fortress Monroe when I was assigned there in May, 1861. She went with me on the expedition to Ship island for the attack upon New Orleans, wherein I was exposed to the greatest peril of my life, and only when my ship was hourly expected to go to pieces and when I im portunately appealed to her good sense that our children must not be bereft of both parents did she leave me to seek safety on board a gunboat.

She suffered great privations and hard ships on the sands of Ship Island while we were awaiting the attack on New Orleans, and was on the first vessel containing troops that went up the river after the surrender of Forts Jackson and St. Philip.

She went ashore with me and lodged at the St. Charles, hotel on the night after I took possession of the city of New Orleans. When in 1861 I was assigned to the command of the Department of Virginia and North Carolina she accompanied me again to Fortress Monroe. In 1864 she went with me to the field, and was present with me during most of the campaign of 1864.

Thus I had an advantage over most of my brother commanding generals in the department and in the field, in having an adviser, faithful and true, clear headed, conscientious and conservative, whose conclusions could always be trusted in the mere military movements, although she took full note, she never interfered by suggestion, for in regard to them I relied upon the opinions of my valued, accomplished and efficient staff officers.

In other matters all that she agreed to was right and for the best, and if there is anything in my administration of affairs that may be questioned, it is that in which I followed the best of my own opinions.

Retreating home with me, after I retired to civil and political life, Mrs. Butler remained the same good adviser, educating and guiding her children during their young lives with such skill and success that neither of them ever did an act which caused me serious sorrow or gave me the least anxiety on their behalf.

She made my home and family as happy as are possible to such her place in society when at Washington, and maintained it with such grace, dignity and loveliness of character that no one could say to me aught but words of commendation.

Girls in Lisbon.

Miss Batchelder, daughter of the American minister to Portugal, says that the Lisbon girls are beautiful and attractive, but are very closely guarded, never appearing unaccompanied on the street and rarely being seen on foot. Carriage driving of a decorous kind is a favorite amusement, but the girl who follows the queen's ex ample appears on horseback, is regarded as very advanced in her ideas. The girls play a little tennis in summer, dance and play cards for amusement in winter. They are rarely invited to formal dinners as their parents are, but appear at the opera.

The chief delight of these delicately bred and carefully guarded maidens is the great bull fight at Cintra, which a most unconventional American girl who carries her own hatchkey and travels alone in the plebeian, democratic street car, would scarcely have the nerve to witness, much less to enjoy, the horrible spectacle.—Exchange.

Eat What You Like.

It is a sound rule for all of us, says an eminent doctor, that with respect to food our likes and dislikes are the best guide as to what is good for us and it is safe to act upon the plan that whatever we relish will prove on the average harmless and wholesome, and whatever produces disgust will prove, as a general thing, indigestible. Nothing can be more wrong, for instance, than to make children eat fat, for example, when they don't want it. A healthy child likes fat and eats as much of it as he can. If he shows signs of disgust at fat, that proves him to be of a bilious temperament and he ought never to be forced to eat fat against his will. A good many of us have disordered digestion in after life simply because we were compelled to eat rich food in childhood which we felt instinctively was unsuitable to us.

Keeping Silver Bright.

To wash silverware never use soap in the water, as it dulls the luster, giving the outside more the appearance of pewter than silver. When it wants cleaning rub it with a piece of soft leather and prepared chalk, the latter made into a kind of paste with pure water, as impure water might contain grit. Use olive oil if it is to be kept bright—do not tie it up in bags and set it away to tarnish. Use it all the time and it will stay bright and shining.—Spring field Homestead.

Hints on Bread Making.

When putting the bread in the oven it should be hot enough to hold the hand in and count twenty rather quick. Care must be taken with the fire, to keep the heat even during the time of baking, and also is the best time to set in your rolls, as a more moderate fire is necessary for them. —New York Journal.

Mold on Olives.

After a bottle or jug of olives has been opened the mold will soon form. A little borsemdish or a few nasturtiums placed therein will prevent this to a certain ex tent. The better way is to buy them in small bottles, so that the bottle may be used before they have a chance to mold.—Exchange.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—66 Madison Avenue,

Office—37 North avenue, (with Woolston & Buckle.)

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

25 West Front Street.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black 8-unions Hose, 10c.
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Herrsdorf fast black Hose, 22 and 25c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 12c.
Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.
Hermsdorf fast black socks, 25c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, Opossum, 47c.
8 button length Suede Mo quitaires, in tans, an t slate, 85c.
We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.
New line of black and colored silk gimps.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

MASTER'S SALE.
IN CHANCERY OF NEW JERSEY.

On bill for partition, Between Abram M. Vail, complainant, and Sarah Ann Vail, et al., defendants.

By virtue of a decree in the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, made in the above cause, of the eighteenth day of January in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and ninety-two, I, John H. Jackson, Master in Chancery of New Jersey, will expose for sale at public vendue on the premises

THURSDAY, THE TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF MARCH

next, between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, that is to say, at two o'clock p. m., as follows: All those lots of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Plainfield, County of Union and State of New Jersey, described as follows:

FIRST PLOT.

Beginning at a stake being a corner of property of the late Samuel M. Gillespie, and at the southwesterly corner of property conveyed by Samuel M. Gillespie to Isaac Vail and Abram D. Vail, First Plot, and running thence in a Southeasterly direction along said Spooner line, a distance of about two hundred and fifty feet to a point or lot sold by said Line and Vail to Michael Hennessy; thence along the line of said lot in a Southwesterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to another corner of said lot; thence along the line of said lot in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred and seventy-five feet to the northwesterly line of Division avenue; thence in a Northeasterly direction along the center of said Division avenue, a distance of about forty-five feet to a point or lot sold by said Line and Vail to John S. O'Reilly; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to another corner of said lot; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of forty feet to a point in the line of Seventh street, lot; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point or lot sold by Vail and Hiss to John J. O'Connor; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point or lot sold by Vail and Hiss to Patrick Whitley; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to corner of lot sold by Vail and Hiss to John J. O'Connor; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the line of Seventh street, lot; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point or lot sold by Vail and Hiss to John J. O'Connor; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of forty feet; thence along the Northeasterly line of said O'Connor's lot in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred and seventy-eight and seven-tenths feet to a point or lot sold by Vail and Hiss to Patrick Whitley; thence along the line of said lots in a Northeasterly direction a distance of forty-five and seventy-five feet to a corner of lot sold by Line and Vail to James Newton; thence along said lot and the line of lot sold by Line and Vail to William Fitzsimmons in a Northwesterly direction a distance of about one hundred and seventy-four feet to a corner of said Fitzsimmons' lot; thence still along said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of eighty-five feet to a point in the center of Grove street; thence along the center of said Grove street in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about ninety-nine feet to a point in the center of said Grove street, late of Jane E. Spooner; thence along the line of said property of said Spooner in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and sixty-eight and three-tenths feet to the place of beginning.

SECOND PLOT.

Beginning at a point in the center of West Seventh street and the easterly corner of property sold by Samuel M. Gillespie to Isaac Vail and Abram D. Vail, and running thence along the line of said property in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of three hundred and sixty-six feet to a point in the line of the First Baptist Church; thence along the rear line of said property; thence along the rear line of Dunellen lots in a Northeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred and forty-six feet to the line of lot sold by Line and Vail to John Stewart; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the line of lot sold by Line and Vail to David Stewart; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the center of John street; thence along the center of John street in a Northwesterly direction a distance of two hundred and eight feet to a point in the center of Park avenue; thence along the center of Park avenue in a Northeasterly direction a distance of about seven hundred and eighty feet to the line of the First Baptist Church; thence along the line of said Cemetery and the Cemetery lots in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about seven hundred and eighty feet to the Eastern corner of property sold by Samuel M. Gillespie to Line and Vail (second Plot), and old center of West Seventh street; thence along said center line in a Southwesterly direction a distance of two hundred and eighteen feet to a point and place of beginning.

THIRD PLOT.

Beginning at a point, being the intersection of the eastern line of Dunellen lots and John street, and running thence along the center of West Fourth street in a Northeasterly direction a distance of about seven hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the line of the First Baptist Cemetery; thence along the line of said Cemetery in a Southeasterly direction a distance of two hundred and eighty feet, to a point in the line of lot sold by Line and Vail to David Stewart; thence along the line of said lot in a Southwesterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the center of John street; thence along the center of John street in a Northwesterly direction a distance of two hundred and eight feet to the place of beginning.

The intention of these descriptions being to include all the property conveyed by Samuel M. Gillespie to Isaac Vail and by deed dated May 11, 1871, and recorded in Book of Deeds, etc., in same county conveyed by said Line and Vail to Abram D. Vail, excepting the parcel of land sold by the owners of the building the south side of Line, widow of Isaac Line, deceased, to said premises (the same being a lot of land 25 feet front on Park avenue and 100 feet deep), and also excepting an easement to said premises, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof, and also all the estate, right, title, interest, property, claim and demand whatsoever of the said Abram M. Vail, Sarah Ann Vail, Margaret R. Lewis, on which mortgage there is due, as we are informed by complainant's solicitor, the sum of $1,000 for principal money with interest thereon from the seventeenth day of April eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, besides costs of suit and sale, and which will be made in part payment of the purchase money, or the purchaser may pay the whole thereof in cash.

JOHN H. JACKSON,
Special Master in Chancery of New Jersey.
Dated, February 20, 1892.
CHAS. A. MARSH, Solicitor. 2 23 4t

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 15 3m* E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.

Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated through out.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 9 6m.

Hotels.

CASPAR'S HOTEL.

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable -:- Rates.

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Cor. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient trade.

O. M. DUNHAM,

40 West Front Street.

Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,
WINTER CAPS, ETC
Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

ONE OF THE **BEST** Fitting and best wearing shoes for the money, is our Ladies Genuine Dongola Button Shoe, Price $1.50, common sense and opera toe, width C D & E.

We do not make much on these goods, but we sell them nevertheless. That's the Difference. DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

CUT THIS OUT.

THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

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Housefurnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that others can't touch (make the comparison), 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 25c. Royal Tooth Powder at 10 cents.
J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

Special Offer!

IN ELEGANT NEW SPRING CARPETS for a short time. This Special Offer amounts to a considerable saving to the purchaser, and is a well worth taking advantage of.

The stock embraces all grades in cottons and wool, and all-wool Ingrains, Tapestry Brussels, Body Brussels, and a good line of Moquettes.

Of all these we keep a splendid patterns in stock, so there can be no delay in filling orders.

In addition we have been made selling agents for Messrs. W. and J. Sloane, of New York, which enable us to sell from their house, either from samples here, or from your own selection at the factory, at the SAME PRICES as they sell at. In this special way we can handle the largest and best trade in this city. This agency applies to anything in their homes.

By these and other special advantages at our hand this season, we can confidently assure our patrons that we can make it to their interest to give us an early call.

Special Bargains are now offered in Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portierres, etc.

EDSALL'S! EDSALL'S!

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

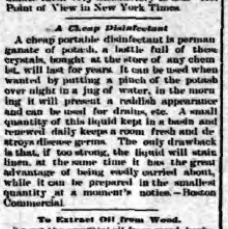
USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Everybody Likes Me.



ANTI-CHAP.

I contain no greasy or sticky substance I penetrate the skin; I eradicate spots and pimpl s; I keep the skin smooth, soft, pliable; I am barrel ss. Try me, and I will become your favorite.

All druggists sell me at 25 cents.

Also remember the famous ANTI-CHAP Soap in connection with ANTI-CHAP.

A NEW STYLE OF DERBY

Out TO-DAY, at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

PELTON-Water : Motors.

CHEAPEST TO

Buy and Operate!

LAWN SEEDS

and Fertilizers

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Hardware, Plumbing and Tinwork,

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 East Front Street. Telephone 6.

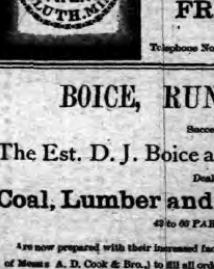
IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS AND BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.



Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And labels so light
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 241

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIALS, and they agree fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel We have the BEST Feed, Barley, Oats and Clover Bran, and make a specialty of reclaimed Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

NO AUCTION SALE AT CAREY'S

UNTIL

FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1892.

Remember, we have the

Finest and Best Storage Rooms

in the city.

76, 78 and 80 West Front Street.

Also come and get your Rod and Reeling, etc., at Carey's.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Weather.

It promises to rain or snow with about stationary temperature.

BREVITIES.

—The Philharmonic Concert is to take place at the Casino this evening.

—The various barrooms of the city closed up at eleven o'clock last evening.

—The United Tea and Coffee Growers offer a speciality in their advertisement to-day.

—Hear the popular talk to be given by Capt. Morrison at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening.

—The Swedish class in English branches will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting this evening at eight o'clock.

—The breaking of one of the fire alarm wires caused the gong to whistle at about eleven o'clock this morning.

—Policeman Cooney last night arrested a man known as "Smokestack Jack" for drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

—A team from the Plainfield Crescent League will visit Somerville March 4th and roll a game with a team of that place.

—Auctioneer Hezekiah Hand has been engaged to sell the remainder of the furniture and fixtures belong to Miller Bros., at Laing's Hotel. The sale will continue the remainder of the week.

—Boys and girls are cordially invited to attend the Loyal Temperance Legion meeting in the Y. W. C. T. U. rooms, corner of Front street and North avenue to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

—Major Miller will speak in Hope chapel this evening about his experience in the war. All who are interested in the story of the war as told by one who was a soldier are invited to be present.

—Van Emburgh & White say they do not believe in dull times and a visit to their immense store, they say, will certainly prove that dull days are unknown there. They call special attention to a line of trade makers they are offering.

—Edsall says his special offer on carpets applies on goods selected through him at W. J. Simms the same as if sold in his department, here. This special arrangement between these most reliable houses is of much importance to Plainfield purchasers.

—Dr. Griffen's electrical treatment is all the go now for the cure of felons. Within two weeks after the efficacy of the treatment became known over a dozen people were cured by it. His electric baths are doing wonders for persons suffering with nervous prostration, a cure being effected in all cases.

—A most interesting talk about the sea may be expected from Captain Geo. D. Morrison at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening at eight o'clock. A voyage from New York to Java and the Phillipine Islands will be described. The admission will be free and all men whether members of the association or not are invited.

—The New England Magazine for March is a very bright number. The article on Harvard Club Life, by William Dana Orcutt, will attract a great deal of attention just now, when the newspapers are discussing the barbarities of the "fast set" at Harvard. It is beautifully illustrated, and gives a detailed description of the peculiar customs of the different college societies.

—Senator Marsh says that the new law changing the dates of municipal elections does not apply to the townships. It is also understood and reported that it does not apply to other cities than those in counties of the first class. In that case the date of the election in this city is not changed. Fuller information concerning the scope of the new law may prove the latter report to be incorrect.—Elizabeth Journal.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Plainfield Post Office for the week ending February 22, 1892:

Brown, Byard
Baker, Miss Christian
Buchanan, J
Campe, Dill
Compton, Mr
Furer, Joseph
Green, Mrs M E
Grady, Miss Maggie
Hoyb, Dr and Mrs E P
Jack, Frank W
Jordan, Mrs Henry
Johnson, Mathilde
Johnson, Mrs Sarah
Kline, Theodore A
Leach, Mrs Jane
Lisle, Chas
Moore, Mrs Elizabeth
Martin, J
Mattocks, Mrs Wm
Naylor, Miss Hattie
Pennington, Harris
Robinson, Miss Viola
Sicefloio, Mrs Chas
Stanley, John H
Pshatlee, Mrs Sarah J
Terrell, Mrs Chas
Terry, Mrs Chas
Teed, Wm
Ubilick, D
Vail, James M
Watson, James G

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. E. R. Force, P. M.

A New Team for No. 2.

After the first of next month Frank Randolph, who for some time past has used his team of horses for drawing Engine No. 2 to fires, will take his team out of the house. Mr. Lewis Coddington recently purchased a new team of horses and will stable them in No. 2's house and use them for drawing the engine to fires.

A Story of the Sea.

Capt. George D. Morrison will give a popular talk about the sea at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening. A voyage from New York to Java and the Phillipine Islands will be described. The admission will be free, and all men are invited. A very fine miniature ship will be on exhibition during the evening.

The Firemen Object.

A meeting has been called of the members of the Borough Fire Department. The object of the meeting is to make formal protest against the engine house being used as a place of election.

DISCHARGED FOR PLAYING POLICY.

No Gambling Permitted Among Central Railroad Employees.

The Central Railroad Company recently discovered that many of its employees on the New Jersey Division were playing policy. As gambling is strictly prohibited by the company the discovery has turned out to be a serious matter for several men employed about the Jersey City station.

As a result of the investigation Station-Master G. W. Tinsman has resigned and Train-Callers Hicks and Mills have been discharged. It was said at the Jersey City station yesterday that the men had probably been playing the game nearly two years. The strangest feature of the case is that so many of them could have been playing so long without being found out by the road's officials. A disgruntled employee, after being victimized on several occasions, wrote to the Superintendent an anonymous letter calling his attention to the practice.

The ingenuity devised by the policy players was of a kind that permitted the gambling to go on from day to day without exciting the least suspicion. The game was carried on in this way: Train-Callers Hicks and Mills compiled slips that necessitated their being constantly on duty at the entrance to the gangways just outside the waiting-room. By being so centrally located it was convenient for all the trainmen and others who desired to go into the game to leave their deposits with them. There is a little office between the gangways. It is used by the train-callers, and within its sheltering sides the two were able to receive deposits, book the mystic numbers that the players had decided before dreamed of and turn the list and money over the policy agent, who called regularly. A printed form was used on which the player's name appeared, together with the "gigs" he wished to play.

Occasionally the policy-dealer was generous enough to permit some one to dream correctly in which event he drew a small sum of money. The luck would be quietly ventilated, with the inevitable result of inducing heavier speculation. One of the men is credited with having drawn $800.

One of these lambs one day concluded he had lost too much, and he made up his mind that he would get even by destroying the policy-dealer's rush of trade. He wrote the annoymous letter to headquarters and Superintendent Peddle was not long in finding out all about the practice. It is thought that other dismissals will be made.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. James Searing of Madison avenue is visiting friends in Westfield.

Mr. H. A. Streuli and family of Hillside avenue sail on Saturday for Spain, to be gone until November.

Miss Millicent Ferguson of New York spent Washington's birthday with her cousin, Mrs. J. C. Pierson of West Front street.

County Clerk Vanderveer of Somerset county celebrated the fourteenth anniversary of his marriage at his home in Somerville Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Thomas B. King died at her home on West Front street yesterday. The funeral services will take place from her late residence on *Sunday afternoon at half-*past two o'clock.

Miss Livermore, daughter of the Rev. L. E. Livermore, died at the home of her parents in New Market yesterday afternoon of diptheria. Deceased was twenty years old, a graduate of the Plainfield High School, and had a large number of friends in this city.

Captain William T. McIlhton, formerly captain of Company "E," Fourth Louisiana infantry, Confederate army, and a promiuent member of the New York Cotton Exchange, died of heart failure yesterday, at the residence of General Samuel K. Sehwenk, United States Army, Holly Grove Farm.

The Youth's Companion of this week mentions on the title page cover of its New England edition the name of Henry D. Morrison of Plainfield as one of the famous contributors of leading articles. His article is illustrated, and the illustration made the frontispiece of the cover. Others of the dozen are Charles Dickens and Thomas Stevens, the latter the only man who has made a trip around the world on a bicycle. The Companion has a circulation of over half a million.

Mayor Gilbert of Plainfield made the hit of the evening at the recent Lincoln Anniversary dinner at Elizabeth, and blossomed forth as an exceedingly able and entertaining public speaker, to the agreeable surprise of the committee that secured him to make the opening address. It had been the intention of Chairman Kean to secure some men of national fame to talk at the affair, and he even journeyed to Washington to see if he could not coax his friend Tom Reed to come to Elizabeth and be the grand piece de resistance in the oratorical line at the feast. The ex-Speaker however, owing to press of business, could not come and hence the elaborate programme for the occasion had to be abridged. It is doubtful, however, in the opinion of those who had the pleasure of listening to Mayor Gilbert's masterly review of Lincoln's career, if his address could be much improved upon, even by speakers of national reputation.—N. Y. World.

A New Division.

George Polhemus of this city went to Bloomfield, N. J., recently and assisted in instituting a new Division of the Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias. That will make fifteen divisions in this State and that constitutes a brigade. At a meeting to be held within two weeks the officers of the new division will be elected.

A GAS EXPLOSION.

While a Plumber was Looking for a Leak his Torch Ignited the Gas.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. Charles Hand, the owner of the Crescent Rink, noticed that gas was escaping from leak in one of the gas pipes. He secured the services of a plumber and while the plumber was looking for the leak the torch which he was using ignited the gas and caused an explosion. The force of the explosion badly damaged the building and it was only through the efforts of the workmen that a fire was averted.

It was found that a coupling on one of the gas pipes had been tampered with by some mischievous person.

County Board of Agriculture.

The Somerset County Board of Agriculture, which was temporarily organized Jan. 15, met in the Court House on Saturday last to perfect the organization. Senator Keys presided. After hearing interesting reports from Messrs. Pitzgs and Hoagland, representatives to the meeting of the State Board of Agriculture, held at Trenton, Jan. 19th, and also the interesting remarks of Franklin Dye, Secretary of the State board, showing the importance of county organization, the permanent organization was proceeded with and the following officers were elected to serve the ensuing year:

President—W. J. Keys.
Vice President—David C. Voorhees.
Treasurer—Ryneer Staats.
Secretary—A. P. Sutphen.

Directors—Amos C. Sutphen, Bedminster; John M. Holmes, Bernards; Abraham DuMont, Branchburg; Stephen E. Garretson, Bridgewater; G. V. N. Veghte, Hillsborough; A. V. D. Pitzgerald, Franklin; John A. Brokaw, Montgomery; Geo. W. Bullman, North Plainfield; Thomas C. Bied, Warren.

The delegates to the State board, temporarily appointed, were made the permanent delegates: Joseph Pitzgs for two years and Jacob S. Hoagland for one year.

Considerable interest is manifested in this matter of organization by the farmers of the county, although *on account* of the storm the townships were not well represented. In view of the slim attendance it was deemed advisable to adjourn until Saturday, March 12, at 2 p. m., in the Court House, and a committee, consisting of Jacob S. Hoagland, Joseph Pitzgs and C. E. Sutphen, was appointed to submit a constitution and by-laws for adoption.

The officers respectfully request the attendance of all farmers in the county who can make it convenient to attend, believing that such organization will greatly benefit and arouse an interest in agricultural matters. Secretary Dye has promised an interesting speaker to be present on this occasion.

Crescent League Bowling tournament.

Contestants Please Take Notice.

The committee has decided that as few games are bowled as scheduled it will be best to allow contestants to bowl games whenever they can find it most convenient from this date until March 20th.

This plan is adopted in the hope that *at least ten games will be rolled every* day, contestants can thus save much annoyance to themselves and to the committee.

Beginning on March 20th all games then to play will be scheduled and no excuse (except illness) will be received, and the rule will be enforced and all games not rolled as scheduled will positively be forfeited. Charles A. Reed.

Dated Feb'y. 25th, 1892. Manager.

The Sixth Anniversary.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Congregational church will celebrate the sixth anniversary of the society next Sunday evening, at 7.30 o'clock, in the church. They have invited Mr. James Cruikshank of Brooklyn to address them, which makes the meeting of general interest to all Endeavorers. All the other societies of the city have been asked to participate. Mr. Cruikshank is an interesting speaker on Y. P. S. C. E. topics, and is the same one who addressed the York Avenue Baptist church society not long ago.

Will Sell Temperance Drinks.

Messrs. Lee & Scott, the two young men who were refused a license by Council Tuesday evening say that they propose to open the building at the corner of South Second street and Muhlenberg place as a hotel and that they will sell temperance drinks only.

Stole Three Pair of Shoes.

Some person as yet unknown last evening broke open a pair of shoes from a store on Somerset street. The shoes were hanging outside the store. A few weeks ago some shoes were stolen from a store on West Second street. The thief also escaped on that occasion.

KING—At Plainfield, N. J., on Wednesday, Feb. 24, 1892, Eliza, wife of Thos. B. King.

Funeral services from her late residence, 320 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J., Sunday Feb. 28, at 2.30 p. m.

LIVERMORE—At New Market, February 24th, Miss A. Corinne Livermore, of diphtheritic croup, age 20 years, two months, 26 days.

Interment at Hillside cemetery from the residence of Rev. L. E. Livermore, Friday, Feb. 26th, at 10 o'clock.

Funeral services at the Seventh Day Baptist Church, March 5th, at 10.30 a. m.

PROPOSED LEGISLATION.

Measures Introduced in the Senate and House of Assembly.

The following bills were introduced in the Senate Tuesday evening:

No. 170. Mr. Keys. Requires all persons making contracts to refer to the entrance according to advertised rules, and any one making false entries shall be liable to a fine of $500, or imprisonment not exceeding one year.

No. 171. Mr. Keys. Pensions school teachers on half pay.

No. 172. Mr. Butcher. Legalizes certain sales of land.

No. 173. Mr. Barker. Allows any private incorporated school society to convey real estate.

No. 174. Mr. Barker. Combines two election precincts in Gloucester county.

No. 175. Mr. Hinchliffe. Establishes a Board of Education in second class cities whose population exceeds 50,000.

No. 176. Mr. Mason (by request.) Vacates public parks, the land of which has not been conveyed to the people.

No. 177. Mr. Cornish. Provides for the incorporation of the Montana Cemetery Association, of Montana, N. J.

No. 178. Mr. Barrett (by request.) *Prohibits store-keepers from selling medi*cines except upon written prescription. Provision of a registered pharmacist.

No. 179. Mr. Hudspeth. Provides for sinking fund in cases where the appropriation for building police stations in Hudson county.

Joint Resolution No. 3. Mr. Barrett. Provides for the proper ventilation of the Senate Chamber and other needed repairs.

No. 180. Mr. Miller. Makes term of office one year for Borough Assessor and Collector in boroughs organized under act of 1891.

HOUSE.

No. 312. Mr. Flynn. Fixes charges for and rental of telephones and telephone service in first and second class cities at not exceeding $3 per month.

No. 313. Mr. Flynn. Gives mayors, in second class cities, a veto power any resolution involving the expenditure of fifty dollars or over and requires three-fourths of votes to pass over the veto.

No. 314. Mr. Hutchinson. Prevents a sum gate or any person employed by him from acting as judge, attorney, proctor or counsel.

No. 315. Mr. Snyder. Gives the Governor power to fill all vacancies in the Boards of Managers of the Geological Survey of the State, so that there will be two from each Congressional district.

No. 316. Mr. Dempsey. Requires that all District Court Judges shall be counsellors-at-law.

No. 317. Mr. Dupuy. Exempts owners of lands who macadamize public roads at their own expense, from paying road tax.

No. 318. Mr. Kyte. Amends the ballot reform law requiring the official envelopes to be pink in color.

No. 319. Mr. J. Parker. Amends the act relative to the organization of fire patrol or protective associations.

No. 320. Mr. J. Parke. Gives Common Councils and Boards of Aldermen power to charge seven per cent. interest on past dues, taxes and assessments.

No. 321. Mr. Ernst. Amends the law relative to the distribution of the school money so that no district shall receive a less sum than $300.

No. 322. Mr. Wright. Authorizes townships by vote of the people to raise money for the purpose of drainage.

No. 323. Mr. Wright. Amends the act relative to the incorporation of religious societies.

No. 324. Mr. Ernst. Authorizes township committees to employ persons to fight and extinguish forest fires.

No. 325. Mr. Potts. Amends the law of distribution so that all personal estate shall go to and be paid over to the widow of the deceased, provided there are no children or representatives thereof.

No. 326. Mr. Potts. Provides for the care of infants by the mother when husband and wife are living in a state of separation.

No. 327. Mr. Potts. Amends the act relative to the incorporation of trustees of religious societies.

FANWOOD NOTES.

Interesting Items from a Neighboring Village.

At a recent Republican primary Freeholder Kyte was re-nominated as freeholder from that township. It is thought that no one will be nominated by the Democrats.

It has been decided to raise $2,000 by taxation for the use of the Fire Department.

Seven persons have applied for liquor licenses in Fanwood Township this year. Heretofore only two have been licensed by the committe, but as there is not any objection to the granting of licenses the Committee appear to be of the opinion that it would be wise to grant them as then the places would be under their control and in case of a violation of the law they could revoke the licenses. One of the members of the Committee says that the Township might as well have the money as the applicants will sell anyhow.

From The Newark Daily Advertiser, Feb. 22d, 1892.

Washington.

[Written by the late Dr. Abraham Coles, February 23d, 1856.]

I stop to hint, on the passing day,
Whose mighty dust in glory sleeps.
Where broad Potomac swells and sweeps
And mourns and murmurs past his grave.

O spot most hallowed! Shrine most blest!
Every pebble, wild flower, blade
Of common grass, is sacred made;
The dust of Washington is West.

Here unforgetful pilgrim feet,
From all the earth shall come and crowd;
And half mankind with foreheads bowed
Make tributes pay and homage meet.

What though no mausoleum towers,
In marble grandeur, grace of art,
To memorialize the human heart,
Immortal as the soul of ours.

Memorial of sculptured stone
Is needed not; no slab so rough
But it is precious. It is enough
Bears it the name of WASHINGTON.

The "Shoot" for a Pig.

A number of the members of the Independent Gun Club of this city went to Marion to-day to participate in a "shoot" for a live hog owned by a farmer by the name of Jacob Pentz of Fanwood. The winner of the pig, will, according to the rules, be compelled to catch it.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

RIOT IN BERLIN.

Four Thousand Workmen March Against the Kaiser's Palace.

BERLIN, Feb. 25th. (Special.)—The Emperor yesterday, in his speech to the members of the Brandenburg Diet, who banqueted him, caused a sensation by remarking:

"The people need not care for party squabbles and chattering. I go my way, and that is the right way. We are in a state of transition and destined for great things. I'll conduct you into splendid times, and those who will not help me may as well shake the German dust from their feet. I ask you to confide in and help me.

But this was as nothing to the sensation which the unemployed laborers of this city created to-day.

About 4,000 unemployed workmen met by pre-concerted arrangement in a public square, and after voicing their views on the presiding form of government march in a body against the palace singing "Marseillaise."

A small body of police who attempted to disperse them were rolled heels over head. Finally a powerful force of police charged the rioters, who, after a desperate fight broke and fled.

AN AWFUL DEATH.

A Man Falls Two Hundred Feet and is Crushed to a Shapeless Mass.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25th, (Special.)—Charles White of 51 Snedeker avenue, East New York, met an awful death this morning at the new Havemeyer Office Building, corner of Cortlandt and Church streets.

He fell from the thirtenth floor to the cellar, a distance of nearly two hundred feet, and was crushed into a shapeless mass.

White was only twenty-two years old and had been married but a short time.

MORE YELLOW JACK IN PORT.

The Steamer Advance, from Rio, Reports Several Deaths on Board.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25th, (Special.)—The steamer Advance arrived at this port this morning from Rio Janeiro, and is detained at Quarantine for yellow fever, which still rages fiercely at several Brazilian ports. Several deaths are reported among the passengers and crew of the Advance, and a number of persons are ill on board.

FIGHTING THE GRIP.

The Way in Which Different Constitutions Resist Influenza.

[From the Saturday Review.]

There is no more mysterious thing about the nature and origin of a cold as there is about the influenza, and it is popularly believed that catching from one member of the family to another, and not infrequently a whole household is down at the same time with "colds" as many families are now down with influenza. The only obvious difference is the greater intensity of the symptoms of influenza, and the greater need for care—such care as we are now constantly preaching—lest a cold—to avoid complications which are no necessary part of either, but which often accompany both forms of complaint.

When we look to the victims of the prevailing epidemic we find they are, for the most part, what might be called well-preserved lives, old people who by careful and extremely temperate living and by the watchful care of their medical attendants, have survived longer than the average term of years of life would have permitted had they been exposed to it. We are constantly hearing of the increase in the length of life in recent years, and much of this is due to our increased knowledge in combatting the diseases or the modes of death which surround the aged of both sexes. Others of these epidemics are said to be shut out, and the arts of eating, drinking and sleeping have become so carefully formulated and so widely studied, that many persons are able to live on in a mechanical sort of way on a very small amount of vitality. It is these persons who are now falling easy victims to influenza against which they have not sufficient reserve force to throw it, with more pain and inconvenience, it must be admitted, but with less danger than that attending an ordinary cold.

All the deaths are not those of aged persons in fact, but the feeble and damaged constitutions at all ages are of the same type, and fall easy victims to a disease which is in the air, and which easily finds its way to the fireside and the invalid couch. The best preventative measure against the influenza is perfect health. Perhaps we are getting a little too temperate in eating and drinking, and coddle ourselves too much in food and wraps at ordinary times; but, in any case, the best safeguard is to get what we all know as the best treatment of a bad cold—a warm bed, warm drinks and plenty of nourishing diet, with quietude and freedom from mental worry and anxiety; while the best preventative is good living and plenty of fresh air.

It makes a luxury of Oatmeal-Eating and does it Easily—H.-O.

Special Offer!

IN ELEGANT NEW SPRING CARPETS for a short time. This Special Offer amounts to a considerable saving to the purchaser, and is well worth taking advantage of.

The stock embraces all grades in cottons and wools, and all-wool Ingrains, Tapestry Brussels, Body Brussels, and a good line of Moquettes.

Of all these we keep a splendid piece in stock, so the re can be no delay in filling orders.

In addition we have been made selling agents for Messrs. W. and J. Sloane, of New York, which enable us to sell from their house, either from samples here, or from your own selections there, at the SAME PRICES as they sell at. By this special arrangement we can handle the largest and best trade in this city. This agency applies to anything in their house.

Terms and other special advantages at our hand this season, we can confidently assure our patrons that we can make it to their interest to give us an early call

Special Bargains are now offered in Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portierres, etc.

EDSALL'S! EDSALL'S!

WE HAVE IT!

WHAT IS IT?

The Best 25c. Table Butter in Plainfield.

Our Tea and Coffee Department is a whole store in itself.

All Kinds of Sugar 4½c. lb.

Our quality of goods; square dealing and low prices have won for us both name and fame throughout Union county.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

SOMETHING NEW AT

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S.

There are about 50 extra large Japanese Rugs that were $3.75, we close them out at $2.75. Half value.

There are 100 extra fine Japanese Rugs, fringed, real value $2, yours for 79c.

200 yards extra fine oil cloth for covered table tops, 70 inches wide; value 65c., our price 45c.

50 dozen fine linen glass towels, 15c kind for 10c.

There is an extra good thing in our undressed 5-hook Foster Kid Glove, made to sell for $1., our price 79c

We ask special attention to a line of Hamburgh Embroideries that are said to be the finest in quality and design and the lowest in price ever displayed in Plainfield.

Another lot of linen collars, regular made Ladies' Black Hose. Value 25c., our price 10c.

Some choice lots of Carpets at special bargains. Regular made 3-ply Ingrains, value 65c., our price 45c.

50 dozen fine linen glass towels, 15c kind for 10c.

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EDITORIAL NOTES

George Washington.

It will not be exactly in the nature of news to inform our readers that George Washington was born Feb. 22, 1732, still some of our readers might forget it. But he had been dead over ten years before his surviving fellow countrymen began to think what a very great man he had been, and they resolved to celebrate his birthday. Soon after this began the miracle period of American history writing, when every Revolutionary general became a demigod and every Englishman a coward, and a horse thief and a liar besides. Then it was that George Washington began to loom up in all the proportions of a hero of mythology. The stories that were printed in the early United States histories of him and other Revolutionary worthies would bring a blush to the cheek of Colonel Sellers.

The glamor has been stripped from most of these miracle tales. It is an image breaking age. They say now that George was not a statesman, nor even a great soldier. He did not write literary work; no, not the composition of his farewell address. He did swear—actually use profane language—especially at Monmouth. He had a tremendous sense of his own dignity and a decided weakness for the fair sex. And his greatest sin is that he wrote some love poetry that a boy of fifteen ought to have been ashamed of.

So far the glamor that shimmered around George Washington has flickered out. At one point, however, it yet lingers, growing even brighter, like a steady flame. Nobody has as yet been able to prove that George ever told a lie. The hatchet story is long since exploded, figment as it was of the fertile imagination of Rev. Mr. Weems. But still the basis of fact remains. If Washington ever told a lie nobody has so far been able to prove it on him. This is great. Let us still adore the memory of George, for here he stood alone. "Modern degeneracy had not reached him."

If he had lived in our time, probably even he could not have helped sending word that he was out when an agent called to see him, but he did not live in our time. So we may still worship the name of George Washington. But worship it strong, for we live in a time when, like the little girl in the story, many people "would rather tell a thousand lies than cut down one cherry tree."

Mr. Pullman on Tipping.

The founder and owner of the Pullman sleeping car system, Mr. George Pullman, declares that he sees no reason in tipping sleeping car porters. He himself is dead against it. They are well paid for their services on his cars, he says, and there is no reason why passengers should tax themselves extra like that. Besides it tends to demoralize the service and make persons who should be men creatures alternately cringing and insolent.

The Washington Post quotes with approval Mr. Pullman's declaration, but adds the following for his serious consideration:

> This sounds very nice, Mr. Pullman, but what is to become of the passenger who makes no bold or to attempt to act on your suggestion? What action has the Pullman company taken to protect the would be reformer from the system of torture the autocrat of the Pullman car would be sure to inaugurate?

Professor Heilprin's Peary relief party will probably start early in June. About June 15 the professor expects to leave St. John's, N. F., and steer northward along the Greenland coast. He and his crew will touch at Disko and Upernavik to announce themselves and leave word that they have passed northward. Above Upernavik they will begin to look in earnest for Peary. They will go to where news of him or he himself may be found. The first is Cape York, the second Conical Rock, the third Wostenholme island. If they do not find him at one of these points they will leave in stone mounds information of their presence and cruise on northward to Peary's headquarters, on the shore of McCormick bay, latitude 77 degs. 43 min. north. The ice breaks usually about July 15, and Heilprin will be at Melville bay at this time to go north the moment the way is clear. Melville's headquarters are 500 miles north of Upernavik, along the coast. If Peary is not found Heilprin will stay in the northern waters as long as he dares, till Sept. 1.

The glory of Japan—that its people never lose their temper—seems to be departing. Even Japanese good nature is not proof against the strain of popular elections. Though the general political campaign now on is only the second one since the adoption of the new constitution in February, 1889, yet there have been far fights, rioting and even killings. This is like our republic, in which men are sometimes killed at primaries. Well, elections are enough to make anybody mad, especially when they go the wrong way. Japan is now tasting the sweets of liberty and enlightenment. But it is a pity, a thousand pities, if the famous good nature of the Japs will have to go along with oriental despotism.

Lord Salisbury, in the house of lords, "After the sacrifices Great Britain has made in connection with the Nile land, I do not believe England will ever surrender its supremacy over that country to another power."

A THIRD PARTY IS BORN.

It Will Be Christened at a Fourth of July Convention.

UNANIMOUS VOTE ON A PLATFORM.

It Demands Free Silver, Government Ownership of Railroads and Telegraphs, the Abolition of Land Monopoly and a Graduated Income Tax.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 25.—A new political party has been born, and it will be christened on July 4 at a convention to be held in a city to be decided on tonight, where will be nominated a presidential ticket.

There was a scene of great enthusiasm when, after Benjamin Terrell, of Texas; Paul Vandervoort, of Nebraska, and Thomas Wadsworth, of Indiana, had spoken, appealing for the abolition of sectionalities, the old veterans all over the hall clasped hands and cheered for the restored Union. Delegate Branch, of Georgia, introduced a resolution protesting against the condition of the common people of this country and holding the Republican and Democratic parties responsible for existing conditions, and it was adopted by a vote of 410 to 130.

The platform was then read as follows:

The New Party's Platform.

First—We demand a national currency, safe, sound and flexible, issued by the general government only, a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, and that without the use of banking corporations, a just, equitable means of circulation, at a tax not to exceed 2 per cent, to set forth in the sub-treasury plan of the Farmers' Alliance, or some better system; also by payments in discharge of its obligation for public improvements.

Second—We demand free and unlimited coinage of silver.

Third—We demand that the amount of circulating medium be speedily increased to not less than $50 per capita.

Fourth—We demand a graded income tax.

Fifth—We believe that the money of the country should be kept as much as possible in the hands of the people, and hence we demand that all national and state revenues shall be limited to the necessary expenses of the government economically and honestly administered.

Sixth—We demand that postal savings banks be established by the government for the safe deposit of the earnings of the people and to facilitate exchanges.

Seventh—Your subcommittee on land plank beg to submit to your approval the following: The land, including all the natural resources of wealth, is the heritage of all people and should not be monopolized for speculative purposes, and alien ownership of lands should be prohibited. All lands now held by railroads and other corporations in excess of their actual needs and all lands now owned by aliens should be reclaimed by the government and held for actual settlers only.

Eighth—Transportation being a means of exchange and a public necessity, the government should own and operate the railroads in the interest of the people.

Ninth—The telegraph and telephone, like the postoffice system, being a necessity for the transmission of news, should be owned and operated by the government in the interest of the people.

Tenth—We demand that the government issue legal tender notes and pay the Union soldiers the difference between the price of the depreciated money he was paid and gold.

Resolved, That we hail this conference as the consummation of the perfect union of the hearts and hands of all sections of our common country; the men who wore the gray and the men who wore the blue meet here to extinguish the last smouldering embers of civil war in the hearts of a united and happy people, and we agree to carry the Stars and Stripes forward forever to the highest point of national greatness.

A Scene of Wild Disorder.

The reading of the platform was followed by tremendous applause. Delegate Swayne moved that an eight hour plank be added. The Knights of Labor set up a howl that Swayne was a traitor and insisted that he be ejected. This was finally accomplished after Swayne had knocked down half a dozen men. But the disorder was not a circumstance to that which prevailed for many hours afterward. Nothing like it has ever been seen in a political or other convention in the country. Frances Willard was responsible for it. She arrived and was granted the opportunity of presenting a minority report. It read as follows:

First—We demand universal suffrage without distinction of sex.

Second—We believe that the liquor traffic is the great enemy of reform in this nation, it is the chief foundation of corruption in our politics and we denounce its pernicious influence upon our country and demand its suppression. We hold the states respectively have full authority to legislate concerning the sale of intoxicating liquors, and we demand the federal government to respect their action and collect no revenue from the traffic within such state.

A Georgia delegate here asked to know if, supposing they adopted the resolution, the Prohibition party would abandon its convention and give the independent movement their support. A chorus of delegates yelled, "No!" and "Not much!" but Miss Willard remained silent.

Alva Carpenter, of Colorado, offered the following as a compromise:

We demand that the question of universal suffrage be referred to the legislatures of the different states and territories for favorable action.

To Nominate a National Ticket.

From this time on disorder and uproar was indescribable. The convention lost itself. It was simply a howling mob. Even the experienced manipulator of big gatherings as President Polk completely lost himself and was as helpless as a baby trying to steer a merchantman.

Finally, when everybody was almost exhausted, it was agreed that the roll of states should be called. The result showed 240 for the plank and 365 against, a number not voting. After a long and bitter fight, in which the convention threatened to break up, the platform was adopted unanimously amid great enthusiasm.

The report of the special committee on the anti-option bill protesting against dealings in grain futures, was presented and unanimously adopted. Another was the Denver girl's woman suffrage was adopted as a simple resolution.

On motion of Willetts, of Kansas, the convention adjourned sine die, but immediately the gathering was again called to order as a mass meeting by Dr. McCune of Kansas, and General John B. Weaver, of Kansas, as president.

Taubeneck, of Illinois, announced that the executive committee of the People's party proposed to meet at once, and then the gathering broke up and the committee came to confer with it regarding the calling of a convention to nominate a president and vice president. This was adopted and the committee chosen as follows: C. H. Van Wyck, Nebraska; C. W. McClure, Texas; T. J. Mackey, Georgia; Dr. J. C. Dewing, Nevada; Thomas B. McGuire, New York; John F. Willetts, Kansas; L. L. Polk, North Carolina; Pierce Hackett, Missouri; J. S. Morrill, Louisiana; H. M. Gilbert, Illinois; L. M. Garrett, Illinois; John Hankins, Florida; John Silce, Ohio; Mrs. M. E. Lease, Kansas; Mrs. Dr. Dibble, Texas; W. H. Warwick, Virginia, Ben Terrell, Texas.

Then the mass meeting adjourned for a couple of hours to give the committee a chance to get together.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

A Message from the President on the Aid the World's Fair Asks.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The Idaho contested senatorial election—a question of the highest party importance—was taken up all day without reaching any conclusion.

The congressional excursionists having returned there was a large attendance in the house. Speaker Crisp, who has been sick occupied his chair and called the house to order. After some routine business had been transacted the house went into committee of the whole on the Indian appropriation bill, and after a long debate adjourned without action.

T. W. Harvey, president of the World's Columbian exposition, in a letter to the president calls attention to the report submitted Nov. 25, 1891, citing the action of the national commission upon the proposition of the Illinois corporation to apply to congress for a loan of $5,000,000. Since the submission of this report the board of reference and control of the national commission had been authoritatively advised by the Illinois corporation that it had requested its members to apply to congress for a loan of $5,000,000 and had determined to apply for an appropriation of a like sum.

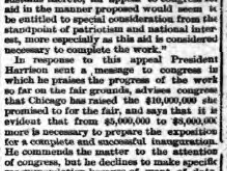
A aggregate expenditure of $18,000,000 would have been made up to the time of the opening of the exposition gates. It would be evident that while the Illinois corporation had made application for the sum of $10,000,000 in fulfillment of the obligation imposed upon it by the act of congress, it would, however, even if an appropriation of $5,000,000 be made by congress, be required to provide an additional sum of $5,000,000. President Palmer says:

"Considering the national and international character of this great undertaking, the manifest desire of the American people that success shall be fully secured and the relations which the government necessarily sustains thereto, an appeal to congress for aid in the manner proposed would seem to be entitled to special consideration from the government which the national interest will best, more especially as this aid is considered necessary to complete the work."

In response to this appeal President Harrison sent a message to congress in which he praises the progress of the work so far on the fair grounds, advises congress that Chicago has raised the $10,000,000 and promised to for the fair, and says that it is evident that from $5,000,000 to $6,000,000 more is necessary to prepare the exposition for a complete and successful inauguration. He commends the matter to the attention of congress, but he declines to make specific recommendation because many of the facts and steps that liberality on the part of the United States is due to the foreign governments who have so generously responded.

The message was referred to the exposition committee.

Chairman Holman, of the Democratic caucus, has issued a call for a caucus tonight to consider the tariff and silver questions.



DAY DRESSES.

The Most Fashionable Shapes in Skirts.

The New Fan Shapes.

The two stylish gowns shown in the accompanying cut are of more than passing interest, because they show the most fashionable shapes in skirts.

TWO STYLISH GOWNS.

The dress with the "swallow tail" bodice has the new fan back. It fits the figure like a riding habit and is lined with silk. The other dress has the "swallow tail" back, the "swallow tail" and the Newmarket bodices are very generally worn with check tweed and serge costumes.

Velvet seems destined to become one of the chief trimmings for thick dresses. A street costume, which united the double requirements of ease and elegance, consisted of an emerald velvet skirt and a rather lighter green cloth redingote. A band of lophophore feathers went round the tunic, while wrists and neck were also edged with those beautiful feathers, whose glossy green harmonized exactly with that of the dress. This style of costume can be best completed by a hat to match, when it is a remarkably comfortable and convenient walking dress, not only showing the figure off to advantage, but leaving the wearer unimpeded by either trained skirt or heavy mantle.

Wales' Chum Married.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Arthur Wilson, Jr., of Tranby Croft, and Miss Alice Filmor, daughter of Lady Filmor, were married in St. Peter's church. There was a large and fashionable attendance.

An Artist Sent to Jail.

BERLIN, Feb. 25.—Professor Koppay, the noted painter, has been sentenced to a month's imprisonment for illegally purchasing curios belonging to the Church of Altzirano.

Widening Our Sphere.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British minister, has signed the parcel post convention between the United States and the Windward Islands, British colony.

Maher Goes to New Orleans.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Peter Maher, the Irish champion fighter, with Billy Madden, quietly left here for New Orleans, where Maher is to fight Fitzsimmons on March 2.

Rouvier Will Run It.

PARIS, Feb. 25.—After a conference with his colleagues M. Rouvier, at the request of of President Carnot, has decided to attempt the formation of a new ministry.

Vessel and Cargo a Total Loss.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Feb. 25.—Schooner Bessie B., of Lake Worth, is ashore near Lake Worth, in Lonisana. The vessel and cargo is a total loss.

Killed in a Collision.

COLUMBIA CITY, Ind., Feb. 25.—Fireman Lee Cook was instantly killed in a collision near here.

ALICE KISSED THE BLOOD

Lillie Johnson Tells the Story of Freda Ward's Murder.

ITS HORRORS DETAILED IN COURT

After the Crime Miss Mitchell Pressed Her Gory Hands to Her Lips Saying, "It's Freda's Blood and I Love It"—Some Bad Testimony Against Miss Johnson.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 25.—There was an odor of warm blood perceptible in the criminal courtroom so horrible were the details of the Ward-Mitchell tragedy as told by various witnesses, among whom was Lillie Johnson, who testified in her own behalf. When Miss Johnson told how Alice Mitchell kissed her own bloody hands, screaming that it was Freda's blood, a woman fainted and was quickly carried out. Before Miss Johnson took the stand she fainted in an anteroom while in conversation with her lawyers, and when she had finished her story and had undergone a severe cross examination at the hands of the iron hearted attorney general, she was almost bodily carried to her seat.

The present issue is Miss Johnson's application for bail under the writ of habeas corpus, and it is the opinion of those that followed the testimony that she has not many points in her favor. A young, innocent looking, baby faced girl, weeping on the witness stand, would ordinarily be prospective of sympathy on the part of a trial jury, but when the adroit Attorney Judge Dubose has all the severity of the English Jeffrey and his regard for human life is not in very high repute, it will be shown by the long list of convictions at his bar. Miss Johnson's attorneys made a desperate fight to show that she knew nothing of Alice Mitchell's intentions when they parted in the buggy, but they partially failed to do this.

She Wrung Her Bloody Glove.

After various witnesses had testified to seeing Miss Mitchell at Miss Ward's throat, J. J. Williams testified that just just before the killing Miss Mitchell and Miss Johnson whispering in front of the custom house and saw Alice follow the Ward girls, saw Lillie Johnson follow her and then return and drive the buggy down to the incline and wait for Miss Mitchell. He heard a scream, looked down the incline and saw Alice Johnson about her with a knife. She grasped Freda Ward and drawing her back pulled the razor across her throat. After cutting her in the face, the blood squirted on Miss Mitchell's hair and hands, and as she rushed up the hill Williams saw her wringing the blood from her right glove. As soon as Miss Mitchell reached the top she cried, "I have cut Freda's throat."

This closed the state's list of witnesses and Miss Johnson was introduced to testify in her own behalf. After the young lady was almost carried to the stand, having fainted a few minutes before, she raised her head and on her face was a look of awful misery. Her head was low and, but the effort asked her to look straight ahead and speak loud for the benefit of the reporters.

She said she was twenty years old and had been located at Notre Dame, Ind., and in this city. She had known Alice Mitchell for five years and had known the Ward girls for two years. Her love for her favorite while Alice was friendly with Freda. She loved Freda and Freda loved her. When the girls were separated Alice confided the story of her love to the witness and often wept that she could see Freda no more. On the day of the killing she was driving with Alice Mitchell, and they had gone to the custom house the Ward girls passed, and Miss Mitchell said:

"Oh, Lill, Freda Ward winked at me and I am going to kill her goodby." She followed Miss Mitchell to the corner, but returned and got into her buggy. In a moment Alice came running up the hill with her face, hair, hands and dress soiled with blood. Witness cried, "Alice, who has cut you?" Miss Mitchell then jumped in over the wheel of the buggy and cried out: "I have cut Freda Ward's throat; tell me the quickest way to kill myself."

She Kissed Freda's Blood.

"Don't kill yourself," said the witness; "go home and tell your mother." Then Alice said, "Is there much blood on my face?" Witness answered "Yes." Alice replied, "Wipe it off;" but changed her mind and cried, "No, do not wipe it off; it is Freda's blood and I love it!" Suiting actions to her word, she kissed her bloody hands, staining her lips.

The attorney general then took a turn at the young lady. She denied that on the afternoon before the killing she had gone to the steamer Ora Lee and with Miss Mitchell searched for the Ward girls, but finally admitted that her presence on the steamer was to see the young ladies, but she denied that she told the young ladies that they would 8x the Ward girls on Tuesday after Alice and she had returned to the Mitchell home. She also told her mother what she had done, and as Lillie started to leave threw her arms around her and cried: "Kiss me if you like. Love me."

Witness added that she got letters from several correspondents at her brother's office, not wanting her mother to know she would have such correspondence.

She signed the name Jessie James to these letters and Alice signed Freda Myra Ward to them. Witness then entered a general denial of having any knowledge of Miss Mitchell's intention, and said that she herself had never gone wild nor did she know that Alice carried a razor. Upon being pressed to answer why she followed Alice Mitchell when the latter was killing Freda Ward, the girl said, "Just to see Alice bid her goodby," and she began to weep bitterly. She was taken from the stand and carried to her seat. The court frowned and said he would go no more today. Miss Johnson is in the jail and is said to be suffering from nervous prostration. "If she remains in jail another month," said her physician, "she will die."

Treason in Uruguay.

MONTEVIDEO, Feb. 25.—The president of Uruguay has arrested Generals Caldeal Berache Herrera Y. Obes, of the First infantry, for treason in attempting to incite a revolution against the government.

A Fatal Fire in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 25.—The magnificent Albion building was destroyed by fire. Lew Talbott, fireman, was burned to death in the ruins. The loss is $125,000.

The Carlisle Indian School.

CARLISLE, Pa., Feb. 25.—The thirteenth anniversary of the Indian Training school took place here, some 800 Indian children participating in the exercises.

Died on Board a Train.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 25.—Annie Gibson, aged eighteen years, died on board the New Jersey Central railroad while going from this city to Elizabeth.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Typhus has been discovered in two newly arrived Russian Hebrew families in St. Louis.

The British bark Argyll, from Bolle, Philippine Islands, for the Delaware breakwater, struck a rock near Balabac and became a total loss.

Wardlaw Reid has obtained the consent of the state governments to admit free stereotype plates of pictures of the Chicago fair building to be used in the French illustrated papers.

The German postoffice department has made report to the postoffice department at Washington that all but fifteen bags of the mail which were on board the steamship Elder, wrecked on Jan. 31, have been recovered.

Nathaniel Hill of Lowell, Mass., has brought suit for $100,000 damages against a number of mill owners, alleging they conspired together to obtain possession of a plan invented by him for the main driving belt for which does away with gears and toothed wheels.

Miss Annie Dougherty, of Morristown, N. J., who is suffering from what is believed to be hydrophobia, is gradually growing weaker and her physician despairs of her recovery.

The Boston Times publishes a letter from Leslie Stephen, the well known author, proposing that a fund be raised to erect a statue in London of the late James Russell Lowell.

Rev. C. J. Wilson, of the George's Road Baptist church, New Brunswick, N. J., has resigned his pastorate. Six months ago he lost his wife and five children, and now Emily F. Getty, a widow of Toronto, Canada.

Paid for His Son's Act.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 25.—General J. V. Meserole, father of Joseph Meserole, who shot and killed Theodore Larbig, has sent a $5,000 check to Mrs. Larbig, widow of Theodore Larbig. Mrs. Larbig, after her husband's death and before Meserole's acquittal, commenced an action to recover $5,000 for the loss of her husband. On Meserole's acquittal Mrs. Larbig consented to withdraw the suit.

Pennsylvania Printers Organize.

SCRANTON, Feb. 25.—Governor Abbett has nominated Henry C. Kelsey as secretary of state; John Stockton, attorney general; B. F. Lee, clerk of the supreme court; A. B. Hunt, superintendent of public instruction; M. J. Ledwith, lay judge of Essex county; John Happer, law judge of Passaic county, and Lewis L. Heyer, lay judge of Union county.

Banker Collins Arrested.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Feb. 25.—J. W. Collins, president of the California National bank of this city, which recently suspended, has been arrested on a charge of embezzling $350,000 of the bank's money. The financial surprise is felt here as Collins was deemed upright. The bank's liabilities aggregate about $1,000,000 and it is not believed that it will resume.

Two Desperate Outlaws Arrested.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 25.—Thomas and William Bell, giants, desperadoes and outlaws for years, were arrested here by Officer Charles H. Case, of Poughkeepsie. Many crimes are laid at the doors of the Bells. The arrests were made on the specific charge of burglary.

Missing Dr. Crawford Seen.

HAVERSTRAW, N. Y., Feb. 25.—Peter Sherman, who lives several miles south of here, says he saw Dr. Crawford, the missing dentist, pass his house a short time ago. This leads to the belief that the doctor is not drowned but is wandering about.

Want Damages from the State.

ALBANY, Feb. 25.—Claims were filed against the state by Chauncey M. Button, of Bullivan county, for damages to land by an overflow of the Erie canal, for $1,191.08 and by George H. Dennis, of the same place, on similar grounds for $265.

Flower's First Reception.

ALBANY, Feb. 26.—Governor and Mrs. Flower gave their annual reception at the executive mansion last evening. About 700 guests attended. It was a most brilliant affair and a success in every particular.

Ex-Sheriff Hendrickson Dead.

RED BANK, N. J., Feb. 25.—Ex-Sheriff Sam Tobias Hendrickson died at his home here, aged sixty-eight. He was largely interested all over Monmouth county, and his estate is estimated at $250,000.

Talmage's Church to Be Sold.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 25.—The Tabernacle, Talmage's church, has been ordered sold to satisfy a mortgage.

Baltimore Sends Them Back, Too.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 25.—Eleven contract laborers were returned from here to England

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,

WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

50c. a Bottle

for

EMULSION

of

COD LIVER OIL,

with HYPOPHOSPHATES,

at

Williams' Pharmacy,

No. 60 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

PELTON

Water : Motors.

CHEAPEST TO

Buy and Operate!

LAWN SEEDS

and Fertilizers.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Hardware, Plumbing

and Tinwork.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

PEANUTS &c. PER QUART.

FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.

Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.

I have thoroughly renovated the store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.

DAVID CLARKE,

Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating machine coal screen for nut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL

Is used in stoves and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery,

Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smokestack building and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 320 Broadway.

C. DICKINSON

OPTICIAN

and

JEWELER,

has full line of

JEWELRY

for

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses. Eyes examined FREE.

13 PARK AVE.

Do not forget the number.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, &c.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING,

Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 13 Tr

BROWN & SHEAA

Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in PERCY'S HOUSE, 15 SOUTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Best black stand connected with shop.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROFESSOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL, NO. 24.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service guaranteed in every instance.

BOARDING HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

ELECTRICITY

and Electric Belts as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES

CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM

FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPEPSIA

and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

62 East Second street, corner Washington

NOTICE!

I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my

Liberty Street Market

where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices

GOOD :- MEAT

Of all kinds.

Charles Arnold,

31 Liberty street.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MERCHANT AND BRIAR WOOD PIPES,

Holders and cigars can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

CIGAR STORE,

18 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the first class manner. Satisfaction guaranteed.

The most costly fabrics are very carefully washed by improper laundering. Lace curtains stretched to their original beauty. Our work will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry.

14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

28 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

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"The Very Best"

is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.

But you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Notions, Wrappers, Embroidery silks, and stamps of linen goods.

C. E CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

No. 9 East Front street.

HIS LEGACY OF INSANITY

Field Alleged to Be Tainted with Hereditary Madness.

THE FAMILY SKELETON EXPOSED

It Is Dragged Into Court to Prove That the Young Scion of Illustrious Lineage Is Not Responsible for His Acts—His Idiotic Vagaries Recounted.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—The family skeleton which has long been hidden in the closet of the Field family was ruthlessly exposed in court in order to show the jury that Edward M. Field inherited insanity from two generations back, and is therefore a mental wreck at the present time, totally incompetent to plead to the six separate charges found against him by the grand jury.

As Bourke Cockran, quoting Dryden, said, "Great wit and madness are close allied, and their partitions do their bounds divide;" so, from a family which was thus afflicted, came the great man who conceived the Atlantic cable, the eminent jurist, who is an honor to the profession, and the Rev. Henry M., who has reached the pinnacle of fame as a preacher. He reasoned that the hereditary affection had bridged this generation and appeared in the new one.

The Family Skeleton.

Addressing the jury, Mr. Cockran said that it was with great reluctance that he was obliged to reveal family secrets. A young scion of a noble family was charged with a series of misdeeds of which he was guiltless, for he was not in possession of his mental faculties when the alleged wrongs were committed. An awful legacy of insanity had been handed down from generations to the defendant and his unfortunate sister, Susan, who is now confined in a private asylum, suffering from the same species of mania which has made itself apparent in the prisoner.

"I can prove that insanity showed itself before Cyrus Field's irregularities were discovered, but let me take you back to the ancestors of the Field family and show you by records that the affection was their curse.

"The father of David Dudley, Stephen, Cyrus W. and Henry M. died an imbecile in the Montpelier (Vt.) asylum. Lorenzo, an uncle, died in the same place. Their father—a Revolutionary captain—and their mother died the same way in an asylum. Their son William and a daughter Ella jumped out of a window while suffering from acute mania. Strange to say, all these imbeciles refused to eat, and it will be remembered that this queer notion characterized the actions of the defendant here for a long time. Jonathan Field, another of his ancestors, was insane, and Curtis C. Field, a son of Lorenzo, committed suicide while insane.

The Legacy of Insanity.

"Long before Edward M. Field showed symptoms of a failing mind it was found necessary to incarcerate his sister Susan, a beautiful and talented young woman who, while insane, wrote 'Palermo,' an idyl of Sicily, and 'Castles in Spain,' two novels which have made money for her and her publishers. Now, to this long line of victims to hereditary insanity comes the prisoner at the bar. This legacy of insanity might have bridged over him and his children had it not been for an unfortunate accident which befell him in his boyhood. He was out horseback riding with some friends in this city and in an ungarded moment was thrown from the animal, striking on his head on the pavement. He was picked up unconscious, and when he subsequently recovered his physician told his parents that it would not be advisable to send him back to school and recommended that he be put on a farm in the country until he had reached a mature age.

"One day while out driving with a party of college chums and some young ladies, among whom was his present wife, Miss Clara Lindley, he fell back from his seat and became unconscious. When resuscitated he complained of pains in his head and for three weeks he was under the care of a Pittsfield physician. The physician said he would eventually become a lunatic, but the young woman would not believe it and married him.

"He has made her a good husband," continued Mr. Cockran, "and, like a faithful wife, it was she who discovered his rapidly failing mental condition and called others into consultation, who recommended an assignment, but not until after this assignment was made did any one discover that there had been irregularities in his business transactions.

"For eighteen months previous to this assignment, but Mrs. Field alone, but others of his friends noticed peculiarities in the prisoner's manner which made them anxious. Mrs. Field thought the apparent rational visitation would pass off as it had done before, and she nursed and tended him day and night.

Imagined Himself a Horse.

"One night she was awakened from her bed by peculiar noises in her room and after striking a match, found her husband walking about the room on all fours. He thought he was a horse and insisted on being considered as such until she dissuaded him of the fancy. A few weeks before the failure he announced to his wife that he intended to take a trip around the world in his little yacht, and then she knew he was insane.

Evidences of Lunacy.

Mr. Cockran described the extraordinary excitement under which the defendant labored just prior to his collapse. For six months he acted strangely, and when spoken to by his wife would burst into tears and sob like a child.

"The aim of this inquiry," Mr. Cockran said, "was not to give the defendant absolution nor to take him out of the range of trial when he should regain his mental faculties and be able to plead understandingly. It was to show by a chain of circumstances, running back to his childhood days, that he inherited his present malady, and was not in a mental condition to direct his defense."

Then Mrs. Field was called to the stand, and in answer to the questions of Mr. Cockran repeated the story already told by counsel. She was clear and precise in her statements. During all her examination her afflicted husband never moved from the position he had assumed when he was brought into court.

A Hog Eaten Corpse.

CITY POINT, Va., Feb. 25.—The body of a well dressed white man was found in a swamp near here. It had been partially devoured by hogs. There are suspicions of foul play.

A Society Man Horsewhipped.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Lindley H. Chapin, a society man, publicly horsewhipped Clarence A. Potter, also a society man, for spreading lies about him.

The Curtis Jury Out.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 25.—The fate of Actor Curtis is now in the hands of the jury.

Benighted Superstition.

Mrs. Silmslet—Well, that fellow Longhead, who talked about taking board here, is just about the most superstitious man I ever did hear of. He's actually afraid of ghosts.

Maid—Ghosts, is it?

Mrs. Silmslet—Yes, he writes that he has changed his mind about coming, because he's been told that half a dozen people have starved to death here.—New York Weekly.

After the Quarrel.

He—Maud—I—I should like to walk home with you, if you will let me.

She (coldly)—You may, if pups gives his permission.

He—All right. I'll ask him. Where is he?

She—He went to Chicago last night.—Harper's Bazar.

A Lucrative Treatment.

Eminent Specialist—Yes, madame, your husband is suffering from temporary aberration, due to overwork. The form of his *mania is quite common.*

Wife—Yes; he insists that he is a million aire.

Eminent Specialist—And wants to pay me $500 for my advice. We'll have to humor him, you know.—Harper's Bazar.

Too Much.

Hassett—I gave my seat to a girl in the bridge cars this morning.

Fassett—Did she thank you?

Hassett—No, she didn't have time. She fainted.—Life.

Bishop Kinlock Consecrated.

ATLANTA, Feb.25.—Bishop Cleveland Kinlock Nelson was formally consecrated bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of Georgia today. The exercises took place in St. Luke's cathedral. The ceremonies were imposing. Nine bishops were present and about fifty clergy were in procession. The sermon was preached by Assistant Bishop Rullison, of the diocese of central Pennsylvania.

After the Cordage Trust.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Chancellor McGill, of New Jersey, has granted a temporary injunction restraining the Elizabethport Cordage company from parting with any of the stock of the National Cordage company which it owns. This is the first attempt to declare the cordage trust an illegal corporation.

Another Dishonest Teller.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 25.—Charles F. Junemville, receiving teller of the Canal bank, has absconded with $5,000 of the bank's funds. He was in the employ of the bank for thirty-two years and is of a distinguished New Orleans family. He is married and has several grown up children.

Killed His Brother and Escaped.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 25.—Two brothers, William and James Hill, got into a quarrel and James shot and stabbed William to death. James then hoodwinked an officer into assisting in carrying the body away, saying his brother had a fit. He is captured by the search of a physician the murderer escaped.

A Bark and Her Crew Lost.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The French bark Perle was wrecked. The crew did not understand the use of the rocket life saving apparatus and five of them who were tied to a line were brought in dead. Others jumped into the sea and perished.

She Sang for the President.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Mme. Sissenata Jones, the colored prima donna, sang before the president and family. She was accompanied by her husband and was presented to Mrs. Harrison by ex-Minister to Liberia J. H. Smith.

The Chess Match Still Tied.

HAVANA, Feb. 25.—In the chess match, Tschigorin having the move, played a king's bishop's pawn to Steinitz's fourth. On the forty-seventh move the game was abandoned a draw. The score: Steinitz, 8; Tschigorin, 8; draw, 3.

Wires for the Race Tracks.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 25.—The Mercantile Telegraph company has been organized here for the race tracks. It will have wires to St. Paul, Chicago and the northwest.

A Counterfeiter Caught in the Act.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Feb. 25.—George Myers was arrested near here while engaged in the manufacture of counterfeit five cent nickel pieces.

Hon. Robert Couch a Bankrupt.

SALEM, Mass., Feb. 25.—Hon. Robert Couch, of Newburyport, filed a petition in voluntary insolvency. His liabilities amount to $55,836.

The Canadian Boodlers.

QUEBEC, Feb. 25.—The royal commission has traced $1,400 of boodle money to M. Dessaint, ex-member of the Quebec legislature.

Chicago Bean Puts and Calls.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—The directors of the Chicago board of trade have decreed that trading in puts and calls must stop.

San Diego Has an Earthquake.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Feb. 25.—The most violent earthquake shock ever experienced here shook this town up.

This Date in History—Feb. 25.

FREDERICK I.

1600—Robert, earl of Essex, famous favorite of Queen Elizabeth, beheaded.

1634—Count Wallenstein, the famous Imperial general in the Thirty Years' War, assassinated by secret orders of the emperor.

1713—Frederick I of Prussia died.

1723—Sir Christopher Wren, architect and designer of St. Paul's, etc., died.

1746—Charles Cotesworth Pinckney, statesman, born in Charleston; died 1825.

1862—The national congress passed a general conscription bill for all men between 18 and 45.

1871—Main points of treaty of peace between France and Germany agreed on: it was ratified and signed on the 26th.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS.

Harrison Delegates Elected in Alabama. Springer on Cleveland.

DECATUR, Ala., Feb. 25.—The Republican district convention nominated R. W. Austin for congress and by the same vote elected him as D. C. Addred as delegates to the national convention and A. W. MacDonald and C. R. Donegan alternates. J. M. Hinds was made district elector. The Harrison administration was indorsed. The Mosely and Parsons element were condemned for attempting to elect delegates who are opposed to Harrison's renomination.

Springer Says Cleveland Is Barred.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Mr. Springer says Mr. Cleveland cannot longer be regarded as a presidential possibility. If his name is to be presented to the Democratic convention at Chicago, it must be presented by the Democratic delegation of New York. In no other way can he become a candidate before the convention.

Hurd Thinks Otherwise.

TOLEDO, O., Feb. 25.—The name of Grover Cleveland will be presented to the Chicago convention by Frank Hurd, unless the programme as arranged by the Ann Arbor conference this week is upset.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

The Canal Investigation Committee Reports No Evidence of a Ring.

ALBANY, Feb. 25.—Mr. Sullivan's Brooklyn bridge bill was a special order in the senate. Senator O'Connor attacked it on account of its being exempted from taxation. He was answered by Senator McCarren. Senator Mullin offered an amendment providing that the approaches to the bridge should be taxed as soon as the bridge was completed and leasing the corporation out of the exemption from taxation. The amendment was lost and the bill passed.

Senator Hagen and Assemblyman Sulzer introduced a bill which, it is believed, will settle the fight over the appearances of children on the stage. The bill allows managers of theatres and gardens of Chicago to grant licenses for the appearance of children under sixteen in theatrical performances, after notice to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, and an opportunity for a hearing has been given.

The special investigation committee of the assembly presented its report, exonerating all public officers against whom charges had been made, and stating that no *evidences exist of a "canal ring."*

The Kaiser's Latest Sensation.

BERLIN, Feb. 25.—Emperor William caused another sensation yesterday. He made a speech at a banquet given in his honor, and said: "The people need not care for party squabbling; I go my way and that is the right way. We are in a state of transition and destined for great things. I'll conduct you into splendid times, and those who will not help me may as well shake German dust from their feet."

A Desperate Escape.

SAVANNAH, Feb. 25.—The Emanuel county deputy sheriffs, Kendrick, who for a week held off the combined posse of four counties, made a desperate escape. The posse fired the cabin and with cocked guns awaited the prisoner. He dashed out, firing as he went, and succeeded in wounding so many of the officers that they scattered in confusion and he got away.

Keystone Officials Acquitted.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 25.—Bookkeeper Eye and Teller Lawrence and Maguire, of the defunct Keystone National bank, charged with having made false statements to Bank Examiner Drew when the latter was making his examination in October, 1890, were found not guilty by order of Judge Butler, there not being enough evidence to convict.

Another Big Will Contest.

DEDHAM, Mass., Feb. 25.—The will of Mrs. Sarah W. Glover, who left an estate of $1,000,000, is to be contested by her cousins. She died without issue and left to the cousins sums ranging from $50 to $4,000, the balance being bequeathed to Thayer academy.

Durston Not to Be Removed.

ALBANY, Feb. 25.—Superintendent of Prisons Lathrop says there is absolutely no truth in the report of Warden Durston's removal and that no such movement had ever been considered by the state department.

Cadets at Large Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The president has appointed the following cadets at large at the United States naval academy: Paul E. Taussig, John T. M. Terry, Frank E. Ridgely and Richard J. Oglesby, Jr.

Dying with a Gash in His Head.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 25.—Edward Smith, night watchman at the D., L. and W. shops, was found in his room dying with a deep gash in his forehead. John Hoolihan was arrested on suspicion.

Fireman Harder Killed.

AUBURN, N. Y., Feb. 25.—Two freight trains on the New York Central and Hudson River railroad collided in the passenger station in this city and Fireman John Harder was instantly killed.

Stole an Actress' Jewels.

LYNN, Mass., Feb. 25.—William Henderson and Mike Sweeney are charged with stealing the jewels and money of Hattie Bertrand Clarke, leading lady of the "Uncle Darling" company.

Killed by a Falling Chimney.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The 170 foot high chimney of the Thornton mills at Chleckheaton fell and almost completely demolished the mills. Several persons were killed and many seriously injured.

A Presidential Vacation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The president, Mrs. Harrison and Mrs. Morrow and her children, will leave Washington Friday for Virginia beach. The party will be absent about a week.

Died in a Debtor's Jail.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—James Doyle, aged seventy-five years, sent to Ludlow street jail in August, 1888, for debt by the administrator of his brother's estate, died there.

Our Gold Filling Up.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The net gold coin and bullion in the treasury has increased during the past ten days more than $1,000,000, being now $126,251,913.

Closed by Our Tariff.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Feb. 25.—The granite works at the West End have been closed for good on account of the heavy United States tariff.

Hotels.

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable :- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Opp. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choice and wide line of new canned vegetables, viz: French Peas, Preserved Sugar Corn, Succotash & Mortell Parts Sugar Corn, Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Kart Tomatoes, F. B. Legends Sugar Tomatoes, Fait & Winterman's extra sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early, June Peas, Hamburg Stringless Beans, Hudson River Asparagus and tips.

Special reductions given by the case and dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats.

79 BROADWAY.

Miss Blanche Fellows

SOPRANO SOLOIST.

Will accept vocal pupils Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Deep breathing and tone production a specialty.

No. 87 Duer St., Forth Plainfield.

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.

Of finest

Light Blue Color.

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F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

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Smalley Bros.,

24 SOMERSET STREET.

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Hot Water

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Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.

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40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

DON'T FORGET

In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,

OVERCOATS, OR

TROUSERS,

At LINBARGER'S, the Tailor,

NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,

as the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

28 PARK AVENUE.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in DIRECT

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—8:00, 9:00, a. m., 12:00, 5:00 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 8:30 a. m., 12:00 (noon), 3:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9:30 a. m., 5:00, 6:00 p. m.
Close—8:30 a. m., 3:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:00 to 10:00 a. m.
Mail closes at 9:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey
(THE POPE READING R. R. CO., Lessee.)
Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time-Table in effect Nov. 16th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 7:35, 8:05, 8:45, 9:25, 10:05, 10:45, 11:25, a. m., 12:05, 12:45, 1:25, 2:05, 2:45, 3:25, 4:05, 4:45, 5:25, 6:05, 6:45, 7:25, 8:05, 8:45, 9:25, 10:05, 10:45, 11:25, p. m. Sunday, 2:14, 4:54, 6:04, 8:00, 10:00, 11:30, 11:59 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty st., at 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, p. m. Sunday, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 7:35, 9:05, 11:00, a. m., 12:27, 1:30, 3:05, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:35, 9:05, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 9:05, 11:00 a. m., 4:30, 6:30, 9:05, 11:00 p. m. Leave Somerville at 7:00, 8:00, 9:30, 11:30, a. m., 1:00, 2:30, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:30, 10:30 p. m. Sunday, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 5:00, 6:00, 8:30, 10:30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8:45, 7:35, 9:05, 9:45 a. m., 12:05, 4:30, 6:30, 8:20, 9:21 p. m. Sunday, 8:45 a. m., 12:05, 6:30, 8:20 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7:35, 9:45, a. m., 1:05, 5:20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5:45 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Somerville, Mount Olive, Washington, Tamaqua, Williamsport and Scranton.

8:0 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton and Allentown.

9:05 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Delvan and Watkins.

9:45 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Sunbury and Williamsport.

4:30 p. m. for D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Nanticoke, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Delvan and Watkins.

5:20 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Reading and Intermediate.

6:30 p. m. for Flemington, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

8:20 p. m. for Flemington, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

9:30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

8:0 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 9:05 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Williamsport, etc. 9:30 p. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Reading and Intermediate.

6:30 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH AND OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7:35, 9:05, 11:00 a. m., 2:51, 4:30 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 9:05 a. m., 4:30, 6:30 p. m. Ocean Grove at 9:30, 9:40, 11:09 a. m., 2:05, 5:04, 8:00, 7:00 p. m. Sundays, 9:40, 11:09 a. m., 7:00 p. m. Arrive at Long Branch at 10:30, 10:40, 12:09 a. m., 3:05, 6:04, 9:00, 8:00 p. m. Sundays, 10:40, 12:09 a. m., 8:00 p. m.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Philadelphia 8:45, 9:30, 10:45, 11:47 a. m., 2:01, 3:45, 5:24, 6:26, 9:31, 11:09 a. m., 12 night. Sundays 12:47 a. m., 8:45, 9:30, 10:45, 11:47 a. m., 5:24, 6:26, 9:31, 11:09 p. m., 12 night.

For Trenton 8:45, 9:30, 9:42, 10:45, 11:47 a. m., 12:27, 2:01, 3:45, 5:24, 6:26, 9:31, 11:09 a. m., 12 night. Sundays at 9:06, 11:15 a. m., 7:06, 8:36, 9:14, 9:36 p. m., 1:12 night.

For Baltimore and Washington at 9:45 a. m., 2:24, 4:15, 9:54 p. m. 11 night. Sundays, 9:45 a. m., 2:24, 4:15, 9:54 p. m., 1:12 night.

For Atlantic City 9:45 a. m., 1:05 p. m. Sundays, 9:45 a. m., 1:05 p. m.

For Bound Brook 8:27, 9:03, 11:00 a. m., 12:45, 3:31, 4:57, 6:00, 8:25, 10:50 p. m. Sundays, 8:27, 9:03, 11:00 a. m., 12:45, 4:57, 6:00, 8:25, 10:50 p. m.

For New Brunswick 8:27, 9:03, 11:00 a. m., 12:45, 3:31, 4:57, 6:00, 8:25, 10:50 p. m. Sundays, 8:27, 9:03, 11:00 a. m., 12:45, 4:57, 6:00, 8:25, 10:50 p. m.

For Princeton 8:27, 9:03, 11:00 a. m., 12:45, 3:31, 4:57, 6:00, 8:25, 10:50 p. m. Sundays, 8:27, 9:03, 11:00 a. m., 12:45, 4:57, 6:00, 8:25, 10:50 p. m.

For Lambertville 8:27, 9:03, 11:00 a. m., 12:45, 3:31, 4:57, 6:00, 8:25, 10:50 p. m. Sundays, 8:27, 9:03, 11:00 a. m., 12:45, 4:57, 6:00, 8:25, 10:50 p. m.

On Sundays—2:02, 3:34, 5:05, 9:20, 10:47, 10:15, 10:25, 10:35, 10:45, 10:55, 11:05, 11:15, 11:25, 11:35, 11:45, 11:55, 12:05, 12:15, 12:25, 12:35, 12:45, 12:55, 1:05, 1:15, 1:25, 1:35, 1:45, 1:55, 2:05, 2:15, 2:25, 2:35, 2:45, 2:55, 3:05, 3:15, 3:25, 3:35, 3:45, 3:55, 4:05, 4:15, 4:25, 4:35, 4:45, 4:55, 5:05, 5:15, 5:25, 5:35, 5:45, 5:55, 6:05, 6:15, 6:25, 6:35, 6:45, 6:55, 7:05, 7:15, 7:25, 7:35, 7:45, 7:55, 8:05, 8:15, 8:25, 8:35, 8:45, 8:55, 9:05, 9:15, 9:25, 9:35, 9:45, 9:55, 10:05

THE COLLEGE WOMAN

SHE IS GOING TO THE FRONT IN PRACTICAL AFFAIRS.

With Added Intelligence College Bred Girls Are Model Mothers — Original Lines Along Which the College Woman Works—What They Have Done.

In the tremendous momentum of the movement for woman's advancement in place and power it is the hand of the college bred woman that controls the lever. It is not in her value as a leader, but in her virtue as a moderator that her greatness lies.

The importance of the college woman's influence in this question is not in the matter of superior scholarship, even though Phillipps Farwell has written her name above that of the senior wrangler of England's great university. Of great value is it to the woman's cause that she has taken off her corset and built her gymnasium, and comes out of college a stronger woman than when she went in, with a better chance for that finer proportion of the children of the educated women survive infancy than do those of other mothers lacking the college training which has been popularly believed to unfit women for motherhood. It is that she is bringing to bear upon the smallest details of the practical interests of life the discipline and enlightenment of scientific thought, thus refuting at every turn the time honored traditions that college life and business training unfit women for the greater responsibilities of wifehood and motherhood.

COLLEGE SETTLEMENTS.

Over in Rivington street has been demonstrated most successfully the college woman's idea of practical philanthropy, which is not of the almsgiving or fancy fair fashionable kind. The philanthropists of the college settlement invite the little children in to swing in the big swings and play in the sand heaps of their yard. They ask the children over to a cup of tea in a nice, neighborly way in the afternoon. They coax the boys and girls into their bright parlor in the evenings and give them games to play and books to read. They have clubs for sewing and cooking and dressmaking lessons in hygiene, history and science.

Six or seven college women are in residence at the settlement, all busy workers in their various callings and devoting their leisure time and strength to helping the lives in Rivington street. Chicago has a similar settlement called Hull House, where college men and women mix in the classes and enter into the entertainments provided for the people. The graduates of the Order of Theodora Daughters take private pupils free of charge and assist them in the university extension work.

Leaving the field of philanthropy for that of intellectual progress, most women among them is the Kingwood farm enterprise, under the management of Frances Fisher Wood. Confronted with the problem of feeding a fatherless child, instead of consulting the old woman oracles and experimenting with patent foods this college woman studied the matter of infant food thoroughly from the best medical books written on the subject. As the result of her scientific experiments has been established the Kingwood farm, which is the wonder and admiration of the Granite State.

In the large, perfectly ventilated build ings are stalls for this famous Kingwood herd, each one with a pedigree as long as an English earl's. Canvas cushions are provided in the roomy stable for the sleek beauties to kneel on when they want to rest. The cushions are of such a size that a woman can sit with her needlework in their passageways. And the old farmers are never tired of telling how the milk will keep for a week after it is once sterilized and sealed in bottles.

OTHER NEW LINES OF WORK.

A new departure of college woman is in the raising of fruits, large and small, and in flower culture. One of New York's successful teachers has invested the capital accumulated by teaching in a flower farm in the south of France. A professional woman writes from southern California: "I have a small tract of six acres of orchard and garden, where I have filled in all my spare time for the past sixteen years most agreeably and profitably. I am satisfied that women can earn a comfortable living with a few acres of land, and the cultivation of the mind and development of body which an intelligent person can derive from such vocation will be a double compensation."

Lucy P. Salmon, of Vassar college, is collecting statistics on the great problem of domestic service, in the hope that some way out of the difficulty may be found. She urges that domestic labor, while having features peculiar to itself, is amenable to the laws which control other forms of industry, and that in the laws which underlie it a trained mind is essential. And she argues wisely that the great question for women to study is how homes may be retained without the friction and waste of material and nerve force that attends housekeeping as now conducted.

Prejudice against the college training of women is breaking down, and though fathers are still more inclined to educate their sons than their daughters, a much more broad culture said recently: "If I haven't enough money to educate both my sons and daughters, I shall send the girl to college, because they need it more than the boys. Not that they are less bright than their brothers, for I think intellectually they are more clever, but because the world demands greater skill and better preparation in a girl than in a boy.

"The college is never sharply criticised, meets with greater obstacles and is treated with less confidence in her ability than a boy, consequently she needs the best start. Besides, physically she is at a disadvantage and needs the discipline of the college training to enable her to work with less expenditure of nervous force than the untrained woman knows how to work."—New York Sun.

Stoppage of the Nose.

The nostrils of infants are often plugged up with a gross mucus, which prevents their breathing freely and likewise makes it difficult for them to suck or swallow. In this case, after a suitable purge has been given, two or three grains of white vitriol, dissolved in half an ounce of raspberry jomm water and filtered, is to be applied now and then to the nostrils with a linen rag. A distinct sense of relief will follow the syringing of the nostrils with the following Bicarbonate of soda, twenty grains to one ounce of warm water. This at once brings away the thick and useless mucus and makes breathing free.—New York Commercial Advertiser

Real Friends.

You say you have learned your mother well how, when she went to school, she had such a dear girl friend, and how they two have kept up the friendliness for many years, and you wish you could be such a pair? Ah, but school friendships are often *the most enduring of any. Then you have* wondered if you and your present "best friend" will be together when both of you are gray headed. Now let us see how things stand between you and your best friend. Anne, of course you like her very much, but you must remember that very frequently there comes a little "tiff" and you "fall out." When such a thing happens you straightway transplant your affections to some other girl, and your friend does likewise. You two scarcely speak when you meet and generally make a point of showing great devotion to the new friend in the presence of the old one.

Now isn't it rather silly to have these unhappy differences so frequently? If Anne does some very unworthy act, then she deserves the loss of your friendship; but is your regard so frail a thing that it cannot stand small differences of opinion? Cannot you be more generous?

If your friend is lovable and you are the kind of girl you ought to be, then you will bear with her inconsistencies and put up with some of her faults. Perhaps you are not quite perfect yourself, and she may have to bear some things from you.—Harper's Young People.

Are Literary Women Unpractical?

Are literary women unpractical?

Every one knows the history of that grand woman, Louisa Alcott, hospital nurse, seamstress, school teacher, housekeeper, devoted daughter and self denying sister.

By means of her ready pen Frances Hodgson Burnett paid her husband's legal expenses while he was studying to become an oculist in France and Germany.

What Harriet Beecher Stowe effected for the negro, Helen Hunt Jackson strove to accomplish for the Indian.

Lucy Larcom made a specialty of aiding the women workers in the factories of Lowell and other cities.

Julia Ward Howe assisted her husband in the education of the blind and mute in the institution of which he was president.

Such notable wives and mothers as Marian Harland, Mary Mapes Dodge, Kate Upson Clark and many others need no introduction.

The executive ability of Mrs. Frank Leslie is regarded as enormous.

Mrs. Blanche Willis Howard has chaperoned young ladies on the Continent, taught them cooking and housekeeping and nursed them herself during illness.—Writer.

The Double Kettle.

A double kettle is a very excellent thing for some kinds of cookery, but there are many dishes which cannot be prepared successfully with it. It is impossible for one such utensil to be used successfully for everything, though some of our cooks seem to be anxious to use it so. Oatmeal is rather better cooked in a single porcelain lined kettle, which is the way it is cooked in scotland, though there the kettle is apt to be one of plain iron. The double boiler is the best utensil we have to make oatmeal, cornmeal in half and coarse sance and many other things. You cannot make chocolate successfully in it, however.—New York Tribune.

Keep Cold Air Out of the Oven.

While baking do not open your oven doors only on a crack, as fanning in cold air makes the cake fall

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office—37 North avenue, (with Woolston & Dunlo).

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

28 West Front Street.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.

Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.

Herwedorf fast black Hose, 22 and 25c.

Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 10c.

Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.

Hermsdorf fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES ! GLOVES !

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, &c., Special, 67c.

8 button length Suede Mo-quitaires, in tans, and slate, 85c.

We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.

New line of black and colored silk gimps.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

MASTER'S SALE.
IN CHANCERY OF NEW JERSEY.

On bill for partition. Between Abram M. Vail, complainant, and Jane E. Spooner, et al., defendants.

By virtue of a decree in the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, made in the above cause, bearing date, and bearing date on the third day of February, A. D. 1892, I, the subscriber, one of the masters of said Court, in the city of Jersey City, in the county of Hudson, and in the state of New Jersey, by the direction of Edward Q. Keasbey, Esq., one of the masters of said Court, will expose for sale at public vendue on the

THURSDAY, THE TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF

next, between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, that is to say, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon of the said day, all the lands and premises hereinafter particularly described, or such part thereof as shall be sufficient to raise the sum of said premises situate, lying and being in the City of Plainfield, County of Union and State of New Jersey, described as follows:

FIRST PLOT.

Beginning at a stone set in the corner of property of the estate of Jane E. Spooner and the westerly corner of property conveyed by Samuel P. Gillespie to Henry and Abram M. Vail, (Trustees), and running thence in a Southeasterly direction along the line of said Vail to Fourth street; thence along the line of said Fourth street in a Southwesterly direction a distance of about one hundred and fifty feet to a corner of property of said Jane E. Spooner; thence in a Northwesterly direction along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred and fifty-five feet to the corner of Division avenue; thence in a Northeasterly direction along the line of said Division avenue a distance of fifty-five feet to the line of lot sold by Jane E. Spooner to Abram M. Vail; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of about one hundred and sixty-two feet to the corner of Spruce street; thence along the center of Spruce street, in a Southeasterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and fifty-five feet to the center of Division avenue; thence along the center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction a distance of fifty feet; thence along the Northeasterly line of Vail to Franklin Walter; thence along the line of said lot in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred and ninety-five feet to a point in the rear line of Seventh street lot; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of about one hundred feet to corner of lot sold by Vail and Ellis to John A. Brooks; thence along the line of his lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of about one hundred and ninety-seven and six-tenths feet to the center of Seventh street; thence along the center of Seventh street in a Southwesterly direction a distance of about one hundred and ninety-seven and six-tenths feet to the center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction a distance of fifty feet; thence along the Northeasterly line of Vail to Franklin Walter; thence along the line of said lot in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred and ninety-five and two-tenths feet to a point in the rear line of Seventh street lot; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred feet to corner of lot sold by Vail and Ellis to John A. Brooks; thence along the line of his lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of about one hundred and ninety-seven and six-tenths feet to the center of Seventh street; thence along the center of Seventh street in a Southwesterly direction a distance of about one hundred and ninety-seven and six-tenths feet to the center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction a distance of fifty feet; thence along the Northeasterly line of Vail to Franklin Walter; thence along the line of said lot in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred and ninety-five and two-tenths feet to a point in the rear line of Seventh street lot; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred feet to corner of lot sold by Vail and Ellis to Daniel Mackenzie; thence along the line of said lot in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of fifty-five feet to a corner of lot sold by Jane and Vail to Daniel Mackenzie; thence along said lot in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and sixty-eight feet to the center of Division avenue; thence along the center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of about four hundred and sixty-eight feet to the center of John street; thence along the center of John street in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred and sixty feet to a point in line of lot sold by Jane and Vail to David Stewart; thence along the line of said lot in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of about four hundred and sixty-eight feet to the center of Division avenue; thence along the center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in line of lot sold by Jane and Vail to David Stewart; thence along the line of said lot in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about four hundred and sixty-seven feet to the Easterly corner of property sold by Samuel P. Gillespie to Henry and Abram M. Vail, (Trustees), and the center of Division avenue; thence along the center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in line of lot sold by Jane and Vail to David Stewart; thence along the line of said lot in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about four hundred and sixty-seven feet to the Easterly corner of property sold by Samuel P. Gillespie to Henry and Abram M. Vail, (Trustees), and the center of Division avenue; thence along the center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point and place of beginning.

SECOND PLOT.

Beginning at a point in the center of West Fourth street and John street, and running thence along the center of West Fourth street in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the line of lot sold by Jane and Vail to Cemetery; thence along the line of said Cemetery in a Southeasterly direction a distance of two hundred and eight feet to a corner of lot sold by Jane and Vail to Daniel Mackenzie; thence along the line of said lot in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a corner of lot sold by Jane and Vail to Daniel Mackenzie; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the center of John street; thence along the center of John street in a Northeasterly direction a distance of two hundred and eight feet to a point and place of beginning.

THIRD PLOT.

Beginning at a point in the intersection of the center lines of West Fourth street and John street, and running thence along the center of West Fourth street in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the line of lot sold by Jane and Vail to Cemetery; thence along the line of said Cemetery in a Southeasterly direction a distance of two hundred and eight feet to a corner of lot sold by Jane and Vail to Daniel Mackenzie; thence along the line of said lot in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a corner of lot sold by Jane and Vail to Daniel Mackenzie; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of two hundred and eight feet to the center of John street; thence along the center of John street in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point and place of beginning.

FOURTH PLOT.

Beginning at a point in the center of West Fourth street and John street, and running thence along the center of John street in a Southeasterly direction a distance of two hundred and eight feet to a point in the line of lot sold by Jane and Vail to Daniel Mackenzie; thence along the line of said lot in a Southwesterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a corner of lot sold by Jane and Vail to Daniel Mackenzie; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of two hundred and eight feet to the center of West Fourth street; thence along the center of West Fourth street in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point and place of beginning.

FIFTH PLOT.

Beginning at a point in the center of West Fourth street, said point being the corner of property sold by Vail and Ellis to A. A. Caldwell; thence along the line of said property in a Southeasterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and ninety-five feet to a point in the rear line of Seventh street lot; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred feet to corner of lot sold by Vail and Ellis to John A. Brooks; thence along the line of his lot in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and ninety-seven and six-tenths feet to the center of Seventh street; thence along the center of Seventh street in a Southwesterly direction a distance of about one hundred and ninety-seven and six-tenths feet to the center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction a distance of fifty feet; thence along the Northeasterly line of Vail to Franklin Walter; thence along the line of said lot in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred and ninety-five and two-tenths feet to a point in the rear line of Seventh street lot; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred feet to corner of lot sold by Vail and Ellis to James Wentz; thence along said lot and the line of lot sold by Vail and Ellis to Wilson Hubbard, a distance of about one hundred and ninety-seven and six-tenths feet to the center of John street; thence along said center of John street in a Northeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred and sixty feet to a point in line of lot sold by Vail and Ellis to Daniel Mackenzie; thence along said lot in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of fifty-five feet to a corner of lot sold by Vail and Ellis to Daniel Mackenzie; thence along said lot in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about four hundred and sixty-eight feet to the center of Division avenue; thence along the center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of about four hundred and sixty-eight feet to the center of John street; thence along the center of John street in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred and sixty feet to a point in line of lot sold by Vail and Ellis to Daniel Mackenzie; thence along the line of said lot in a Southwesterly direction a distance of fifty-five feet to a corner of lot sold by Vail and Ellis to Daniel Mackenzie; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of about four hundred and sixty-eight feet to the center of Division avenue; thence along the center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in line of lot sold by Jane and Vail to David Stewart; thence along the line of said lot in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about four hundred and sixty-seven feet to the Easterly corner of property sold by Samuel P. Gillespie to Henry and Abram M. Vail, (Trustees), and the center of Division avenue; thence along the center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point and place of beginning.

Dated, February 18, 1892.

ABRAM M. VAIL,
CHARLES JACKSON,
Special Master in Chancery of New Jersey.

Dated, February 18, 1892.

CHAS. A. MASON, Solicitor. 2 23 td

LOVE INDEED.

One love is dead!
I would not have it so. I say,
I would not have my whole year May!
Let pair for one day passion's sake,
Else how can love reward and cheer,
How can love know?

One love is dead!
And still my cheeks and eyes are wet,
Our souls are stirred with vain regret.
We gone farewell, yet cannot speak.
And dear one, though our love is weak,
Though hearts are twain that once were one,

Since love is done.

But love is dead!
I know it, woe it, and that like
Must set a date to our bliss.
Yet when I felt thy mouth meet mine,
My life again seemed half divine,
Our very hearts together rose
Can love be done?

Can love be done?
Who cares if this be mad or wise?
Trust not my words, but read my eyes,
Thy kiss hath sleeping love awoke,
Then take me to thy heart; ah! take
The life thou gavest it is thine own is one,
Love is not done!

—Toronto Truth.

THE HOSTESS WHO FUSSES.

Pianist of a Feminine Writer Who Has Suffered at Some Time in Her Life.

It is a true that you never thoroughly know your women friends till they come to stay in your house, it is likewise undeniable that even the friend of your bosom will develop undreamed of domestic virtues or vices when you become the recipient of her hospitality. If there is any element of friction between entertainer and entertained, it is always more pronounced in the middle class three-maids-and-a-boot-and-knife-boy establishment than in the banquets of our richer brethren. This is not of necessity, because the limited number of servants means fewer guests at a time, and in consequence one sees more of the "lady of the house" than would otherwise be possible.

There are occasions when such a consummation is of all things to be desired, and this is not the case when you are the victim of the undivided attention of a fussy hostess who is bent on entertaining you.

Trains, etc., being to blame, we arrive at 7:45, cold and hungry, dinner being at 8. We note that the master and mistress of the house have already donned their evening garments. He is the soul of punctuality and considers being late for dinner the one unpardonable sin. We have no maid-the size of the house, etc., forbids that—and knowing that at this hour the waiting maid has her hands full and the "split" girl is especially wanted in her hybrid capacity, we think with despair of our necessary unpacking and arranging, while our hostess wastes five of our precious fifteen minutes loitering in the hall. She does this by making what she considers the proper inquiries about our journey—why the train was late, if we didn't find it very cold, etc., and at length asks if we would like to see our room.

We jump at the offer and wonder which frock will go on in ten minutes.

She ushers us into the suite, opens a door, and with a slight wave of the hand indicates that we are to make ourselves at home. We enter, and so does she! We have already had enough experience for our vision of down-in-time-with-a-scrumble to be dispelled. She first observes that our candles are not lighted. She proceeds to illuminate, but the candles are new and the wicks will not catch. At last they flicker, and she looks around to see that the surface we have chosen is free from flaws of any kind, with our help. One cannot be brutally brusque within a quarter of an hour of arrival in a strange house. Then she asks if the fire is to our liking, which it is not, and a hot bronzen happens to be our beau noir. She puts on coals and luckily blacks her own fingers and is obliged to go out.

By this time it is three minutes to 8. Of course we are late, but our host on this occasion is amiability itself, and the dinner is announced in his dry remark: "I was sure you would be late. I heard my wife in your room." At 9:30 a move is made for the bed. The last anecdote welcomes the release, and with a thankful heart we just begin to say good night, when "I'm coming up to see that everything is right in your room" comes sweetly from the lips of our tormentor.

A moment's reflection makes us think that perhaps this solicitude is justifiable, and that we may be wrong in the idea that it would be kinder to let a tired guest depart in peace. On entering our bedroom she declines the proffered chair, and says she must be going in a minute. Despite this assertion she gets upon the subject of clothes and servants and never leaves us till midnight.—Philadelphia Press.

No Cheery Hera.

She selected one by one the green coffee beans, mixed them in learned proportions, roasted them with great care that they should not get black, ground them, poured with her graceful hands, slowly and as stated long as faithfully observed, the pure and limpid water boiled on a brilliant flame. In the cup, white and thin as an eggshell, she put a lump of vest sugar, obtained by means of the most patient strategems. Then she poured the black, burning liquor into the cup, and beautiful, illuminated by love, clothed in white, her black hair in curls on her narrow forehead, her eyes full of pride and maternal tenderness, brought to her husband a drink that cures desire vainly, but that is worthy of rewarding the nights spent in ecstacy of poets, whose thoughts fly around the world like birds of joy and light.—New York Times.

Oatmeal Gruel.

Properly prepared an oatmeal gruel is delicious. Stir two tablespoonfuls of oatmeal into a boiling mixture of half a pint of milk and half a pint of water. Let it cook slowly for two hours where it will not burn but will merely simmer. If the steam cooked oatmeal commonly sold in the grocery stores is used, it will require but half an hour's cooking. A small half teaspoonful of salt should be added to the oatmeal when it is put over to cook. It may be cooked in a double boiler, but if so, the inner dish which contains it must be set for a few minutes on the stove lid at the beginning. The gruel is all the better, however, for being cooked in a single porcelain lined kettle, if you are willing to take care to stir it occasionally.—New York Tribune.

Reviving Wilted Flowers.

We are told to put wilted plants received by mail in water half an hour. I've frequently left them all night and found them fresh in the morning. Badly wilted lily bulbs I've left in water two nights and a day and was surprised to see how plump they became.—Daisy.

Be Careful with Canned Lobster.

Then canned lobster is used open a few hours before using, to allow the confined odor to pass away.—New York Journal.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white,
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 241

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have it at 1st Ward, Bayley, Oak and Jersey Bran, and make a specialty of reclaimed Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

NO AUCTION SALE AT CAREY'S

UNTIL

FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1892.

Remember, we have the

Finest and Best Storage Rooms

in the city.

76, 78 and 80 West Front Street.

Also come and get your Bed and Bedding, etc., at Carey's.

ONE OF THE BEST

Fitting and best wearing shoes for the money, is our Ladies Genuine Dongola Button Shoe, Price $1.50, common sense and opera toe, width C D & E.

We *do not make much on these goods,* but we sell them nevertheless. That's the Difference. DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

CUT THIS OUT.

THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved. This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved. This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved. This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved. This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved. This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved. This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Housefurnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that others can't touch (make the comparison), 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 26c. Royal Roots Powders at 16 cents.

J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Great Overcoat Sale.

30 DAYS ONLY!

OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.

GENUINE : BARGAINS!

Call and examine before they are are all gone.

WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE,

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

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DON'T FORGET!

If you are thinking of going to Europe, that you can get circulars, prices, tickets and all information concerning the Anchor Line Steamers NUMIDIA, ETHIOPIA, DEVONIA CALIFORNIA, PERSIA, CITY OF ROME, from Henry D. Mott or agent.

Tickets for friends or relatives to come from the other side.

11 Somerset street, or Lock Box I.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.

Descriptive Pamphlet Mailed Free.

2 25 3m* E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE

SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.

Home family hotel.

New y improved and steam heated through out.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER,

12 26 6m

CARPETS!

Largest stock, se ected patterns; largest and best l gisted carpet rooms; lowest prices.

DRESS GOODS—Immense variety of new Spring novelties in Dress Goods; 50 pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, the yard, worth 15c.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR—For ladies, misses and children; all full and well-made garments, and at prices that cannot be equalled.

FRUIT OF THE LOOM—We are still selling this popular brand of 4-4 muslin at 8c. Good Towelling, 5 and 7cts. per yard. 9c; white blankets, 35c and $1 19 pair.

Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Boston, Pa. Send for cards for assortment of our annual Spring and Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.

R. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Company Table Manners.

There seems to be an idea among many people that company is different, and manners for company from what is observed in everyday life. While it is the proper thing to have for an invited company a more elaborate dinner, and a little more ceremony in the service than for the family table, it must be remembered that one should not put on and take off good manners as one would a garment. They are a part of one's self, and whether the family meal consist of many courses or only a cup of tea and a slice of toast, it should always be served decently and in order, and the manners of the members of the household should be such that one need not blush for them, even in the finest company.

As soon as a child is old enough to come to the table he should be taught by precept and example what good table manners are. If the father and mother be so unfortunate as not to have had proper training themselves, they should study to correct any bad habits they have for the sake of their children. Let it be understood that good manners are not the acquiring of every new fashion which fashionable people prescribe. There is a great difference between good manners and good form. What is good form today may be very bad form tomorrow, but good manners are not changeable. Unselfishness, kindly feelings and politeness are the foundation of good manners.—Maria Parloa in Ladies' Home Journal.

How Two Women Have Succeeded.

A Philadelphia woman arranges and supervises the dinners of wealthier women. She is practically in charge of the house during a dinner party. While the dinner is in progress she directs the movements of cook and waiters, and keeps an eye on the little details which are frequently of supreme importance in securing the best effects. The hostess is relieved of all care, and she need not torment her soul with doubts about the roast while trying to look happy.

Another woman is making a comfortable livelihood through the preparation of a pudding. She acts in accordance with the principle that it pays to know something better than anybody else. She asserts that her pudding is superlative in quality and has been all her energies toward making other people think so. To do this and to keep the secret of the pudding, but she supplies it on orders to private families. She has convinced enough women of means of the merits of the pudding to make the work profitable.—Exchange.

Taste in Dress.

It is a mark of weakness to be eccentric in dress; and to devote to it so much time and thought that the pursuit dwarfs the mind and takes from the opportunity for culture and for spiritual growth is worse than weak—it is wicked. One may, however, especially in these days of artistic excellence in dress, show taste in the marks, the jewels, the shapes, fabrics and colors best suited to one's personality, and in a manner adopt a style of her own. The dress of a woman of intelligence would have an appropriate relation to its uses; the business dress should be trim, tidy and modest-service; the home dress and that for occasions of ceremony, ornate, tasteful, elegant and "costly as the purse can buy."—Harper's Bazar.

Reporting Progress.

Police Captain—Did you catch that murderer last night?

Detective—No, but I dreamed that I had a clew.—New York Weekly.

Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscribers, Executors of Sarah Hazlett, late of Plainfield, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-seventh day of April next.

MARGARET HAZLETT,
JOSEPH A. PETERSON.

Dated February 16th, 1892. 2 25 9

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscribers, surviving Executors of Sarah Ann Cowperthwait, late of Charles J. Fox, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the sixteenth day of March, next.

ERASTUS KEYSER,
SIMEON J. FOX.

Dated January 8th, 1892. 1 19 9

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscriber, Executor of Sarah A. Earle, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the thirteenth day of April, next.

CROWELL HARDEN.

Dated February, 1892. 2 9 9

A NEW STYLE OF DERBY

Out TO-DAY, at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

DECORATORS ↓ †

‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.

Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—29 East Front street.

MASKS : : : : : : MASKS

ALL KINDS

and Prices.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

46 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 61. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1892 PRICE TWO CENTS.

ALL BY ELECTRICITY.

A NEW INVENTION FOR PRINTING NEWSPAPERS.

What Came of a Chance Remark of a "News" Reporter.—Printing Newspapers by Electric Currents, and Without Ink, Rollers, or Impression.

Will wonders never cease? Here is the latest:

A New Yorker has invented a machine whereby newspapers may be printed without ink, rollers, or impression, simply by contact.

The paper is chemically prepared, so that the action of the electricity upon it wherever it comes in contact with the type is to color it blue, green or dark brown. The inventor has not thus far been able to get black.

The electricity which runs the machine is communicated through the type to the paper to print it, and the press is to run twice as fast as any machine now in existence, so that one like that used by the New York Herald, printing 120,000 papers an hour, will print 240,000 an hour.

An experimental machine has been made and pronounced a great success. It is fed from a continuous roll of paper miles in length, and both sides of the paper printed at once.

The finest half-tone engravings are printed at the same speed.

At present a fine half-tone engraving cannot be printed well at a greater speed than 1,000 an hour. And it requires the finest of paper and even then. That has been the experience of the Century people and the Harpers, who do the finest work in this line.

By this evention the ordinary newspaper used for printing dailies can be made to give a fine result, and the printing done as rapidly as it is possible to have the cylinders revolve.

The inventor is a practical electrician who until three months ago was employed on the New York World, as electrician.

He was out walking one day previous to that time with a News reporter, who, knowing him to be an electrician and connected with the World remarked, in speaking of the wonders of electricity, that he expected at no distant day to even see newspapers printed by that agent.

That started the electrician thinking, until he finally developed an invention. He showed it to Edison, who at once saw its practicability, and made the inventor an offer which he at once accepted, giving up his position on the World.

As stated an experimental machine has been made with results so satisfactory that applications have been filed for twenty patents, and favorable assurances have been already received.

The next thing in order will be to print without type. No charge for the suggestion.

HE JUMPED TO ESCAPE.

A Tramp Risked a Broken Limb in Orold to Avade Arrest.

At about seven o'clock last evening Policeman Cooney received a telegram from Dunellen to the effect that four tramps had invaded that place and amused themselves by breaking windows and committing other depredations. The telegram also stated that the tramps had boarded an east-bound coal train and were bound for this city.

Mr. Cooney waited on the Central avenue bridge for the train to arrive. When it did he saw the tramps. They saw him also and three of them jumped from the train and ran down the bank on the other side and made their escape. The fourth one apparently had been asleep, but the noise made by his associates awakened him. As soon as he saw the policeman he also made a dash for liberty and jumped from the bridge into the street, and distance of about twenty feet. Mr. Cooney had the satisfaction of hitting him with a stone. The blow acted as a tonic on the tramp, who, when last seen was running down Central avenue at a 2.40 pace.

THE PHILHARMONIC CLUB CONCERT.

The Last of the Series 91-92 Given at the Casino Last Evening.

The third and last of the series of the New York Philharmonic Club concerts, seasons 91-92 was given at the Casino last evening.

The usual Casino audience attended and seemed to enjoy the music thoroughly, although no enthusiasm was aroused.

Miss Marion Weed mezzo-soprano and Mr. Richard Hoffman, piano, were the soloists.

The concert began promptly at eight o'clock and was over about ten.

Ninety Miles an Hour.

The speed of the new engine, No. 903, of the Central Railroad, was tested this morning. It arrived in this city at 10:50 o'clock, five minutes ahead of scheduled time. The run from Jersey City to Plainfield, it is said, was at the rate of 90 miles an hour. The man who was testing the speed sat on one of the cylinders of the engine and had a large piece of iron adjusted in front of him to protect him from the wind caused by the rapid running of the monster piece of machinery. Two other men, besides the engineer and firemen, occupied the cab.

A Street Railway Meeting.

The Plainfield Street Railway Company, of which Mr. Thomas Hevins of Orange is President, will hold a meeting in the office of Mr. Walter L. Hetfield in this city Monday afternoon, March 7th, from two until three o'clock.

THE YATES RECEPTION.

OVER FOUR HUNDRED GUESTS ENJOY THEIR HOSPITALITY.

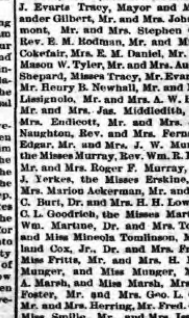
The Beautiful Home on Seventh Street Flower Be-decked and Thronged with Society People.—An Enjoyable and Highly Successful Affair.

EAVY canopies extended from door to roadway of the handsome home of Hon. J. W. Yates, on Seventh street, and seemed to eagerly swallow in its depths the youth, beauty and elegance, in fact the social life of Plainfield and North Plainfield, that stepped from the seemingly never ending stream of carriages at its entrance, last evening.

For a week past the "Yates' Reception" has been a favorite topic of social conversation.

About seven hundred invitations were issued, and over four hundred guests attended. These were received by Mr. and Mrs. Jos. W. Yates, the Misses Yates, assisted by Mrs. J. Evarts Tracy, Mrs. Henry B. Newhall, Miss Belle Butler, Miss Dumont and Miss Yates of Rockford.

The house was a "perfect flower-garden." Palms extended their graceful leaves from nooks and corners, while the air was laden with the exquisite perfume of roses, carnations and lilies. Ferns and smilax were everywhere. The stairs, landings and chandeliers were burdened, and lambrequins and portierres were made, of smilax. From the shelter of a bank of ferns and lilies came sweet music at intervals from the skillfully hidden musicians.



To the smallest detail, everything was arranged. In consequence the reception was one to be long and pleasantly remembered.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. J. Evarts Tracy, Mayor and Mrs. Alexander Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. John B. Dumont, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Cahoone, Rev. E. M. Hodman, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Cakerlin, Mr. and Mrs. M. Daniel, Mr. and Mrs. Mason W. Tyler, Mr. and Mrs. Augustus D. Shepard, Misses Tracy, Mr. Evarts Tracy, Mr. Henry B. Newhall, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Lissignolo, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Haviland, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Middleditch, Dr. and Mrs. Endicott, Mr. and Mrs. John Mc Naughton, Rev. and Mrs. Fernald, Miss Edgar, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Murray, Jr., the Misses Murray, Rev. Wm. R. Richards, Mr. and Mrs. Roger F. Murray, Rev. D. J. Yerkes, Mr. and Mrs. Erskine, Mr. and Mrs. Marion Ackerman, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Burt, Dr. and Mrs. H. H. Lowrie, Rev. C. L. Goodrich, the Misses Martine, Mr. Wm. Martine, Dr. and Mrs. Tomlinson, and Miss Mineola Tomlinson, Mr. Rowland Cox, Jr., Dr. and Mrs. Fritts and Miss Fritts, Mr. and Mrs. H. Raymond Munger, and Miss Munger, Mr. Craig A. Marsh, and Miss Marsh, Mrs. Fannie Foster, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. L. Goddard, Mr. and Mrs. Herring, Mr. Fred. C. Smith, Miss Smilie, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Rushmore, Mrs. L. N. Lovell, Mr. Lee Lovell, Mr. and Mrs. Townsend Rushmore, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rushmore, Miss Gilbert, Rev. and Mrs. Jesse L. Hurlbut, Miss Laura Gilbert, Rev. and Mrs. Wm. C. Honeyman, Misses Anthony, Mr. and Mrs. Ephraim Miller, Miss Bulkley, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Huntington, Miss Huntington, Mrs. Dr. Kimball, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Miller, Rev. and Mrs. T. Logan Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. Erickson, Miss Annie Murphy, Mrs. Chas. Hunter, and Miss Hunter, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Walk, and Miss Walz, Mr. and Mrs. I. C. Pierson, Miss Pierson, Mr. McKenzie, Mrs. West, Mrs. Clarence Le Maoby, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. D. Wadsworth, Mr. and Mrs. I. D. Titsworth, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. W. Jackson, Mr. A. C. Baldwin, Miss Gardner, Miss Niles, Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Squires, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Stewart, Miss Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stillman, Mr. John Walton, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Waring, Mr. and Mrs. Martin I. Cooley, Mr. and Mrs. James McGee, Mr. and Mrs. Henry McGee, Mr. and Mrs. James R. Joy, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Wood, Miss Wood, Mr. Joseph Sandford, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Thompson, Mrs. Tiffany, the Misses Tweedy, Mr. and Mrs. VanBokkerek, the Misses VanBokkerek, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. VanArsdale, Mr. and Mrs. Clifton Wheat, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Vanderbeek, Mr. and Mrs. James DeGraff, Mr. Wm. R. Wilder, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac L. Miller, Miss Stovell, Mr. and Mrs. Denne VanFlect, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Chapman, Mr. Aaron M. Powell, Miss Pierson, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Palmer, Mr. and Mrs. Beale, the Misses Day, the Misses Miller, Mr. John Leal, Miss Way, Miss Julia Scribner, Miss Scribner, Mrs. Worthington, Mr. Albert Tilney, Mr. and Mrs. Van Sehe, Dr. Murray, and about three hundred and fifty others.

The floral decorations were by Deuton, the Hillside avenue florist.

LETTERS TO THE PEOPLE

The "Chronothanatoletron."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Will you kindly insert the following notice

FOR THE "Ys."

In the Casino Saturday evening, well-known young ladies of the "Ys" are to give a capital performance, whereof will be explained the derivation, composition and meaning of "Chronothanatoletron," the word which has been such a mystery for the past few weeks. Those who take part in the entertainment are prominent young ladies of this city, whose names, with the characters they assume, are here given in full:

"Inventress,"	Eleanor T. Morrison
"Sarah,"	Louise Lewis
"Sarah,"	Mary Frueh
"Cornelia,"	Amy Green
"Cleopatra,"	Mabel Foster
"Mother Elizabeth,"	Louise Hinton
"Mother Bickerdike,"	Grace Lewis
"Cecilia,"	Alice Holmes
"Agnes Bickerdike,"	Lena Moore
"Hypatia,"	Louise Green
"Mother Superior,"	Lena Moore
"Joan of Arc,"	Madge Sanphen
"Martha,"	Augusta Clark
"Martha Washington,"	Augusta Holmes
"Priscilla,"	Ernestine Smith

Andrew Carnegie's Advice.

First—Never enter a barroom. Do not drink liquor as a beverage. I will not *paint the evil of drunkenness*, or the moral crime; but I suggest to you that it is low and common to enter a barroom. It unmanly of any self-respecting man, and sure to fasten upon you a taint which will operate to your disadvantage in life whether you ever become a drunkard or not.

Second—I wish young men would not use tobacco. The use of tobacco requires young men to withdraw themselves from the society of women to indulge in the habit. I think the presence of women from any assembly tends to lower the tone of that assembly. The habit of smoking tends to carry young men into the society of men whom it is not desirable that they should choose as their associates. The practice of chewing tobacco was once common. Now it is considered offensive. I believe the race is soon to take another step forward, and that the coming man is to consider smoking as offensive as chewing was formerly considered. *As it is* practically abandoned now, so I believe smoking will be. — T. W. C. T. U.

[The "Ys" have been in existence about five years, and give much of their time and their money toward helping to relieve distress among the poor. THE NEWS has already told of how committees of prominent Plainfield young ladies visit the hospital, bringing flowers for the sick, and reading and singing for them when requested, but few know how many homes have been visited, and help rendered where needed. The fees for such objects as these that the funds are used and for which the "Chronothanatoletron," advertised elsewhere, is to be given. The entertainment will be well worth seeing.—Ed.]

The Value Placed on a "News" Article.

George P. Rowell & Co., of New York, the publishers of Printers' Ink, a weekly whose circulation sometimes exceeds 80,000, and which has recently been denied by the post office rating as second-class matter, third-class rates being demanded, pooled to the newspapers for expressions of opinions. Believing Rowell & Co. were being unjustly dealt with, the great dailies of New York, Philadelphia, Chicago and Boston, besides the leaders of the smaller towns, came out unanimously and strongly in favor of sustaining the excellent publication referred to. THE NEWS expressed an opinion in accord with the others. A letter from Messrs. Rowell & Co., dated the 20th, says:

"Permit us to thank you for the defence of Printers' Ink that appeared in your issue of Wednesday, Feb. 17th. We think it the best we have seen."

Another letter was received in which the firm stated that 17,000 postals containing the article had been sent to all the papers in the United States to have them publish it and charge it to the account of the firm. It does business on the principle that any expense to the concern will be enormous, but they say they consider THE NEWS article worth it all.

This is the third or fourth time News' articles have been sent over the country in this very way. It is a compliment to us, to say the least, to see THE NEWS so highly appreciated, and thus by the largest concern of its kind in the world

Looking for the Owner.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—For the past few days a white horse, old and lame, has been seen in different parts of the city wandering about. It seems to have been turned out to die by its heartless owner. Yesterday it met faithful services. On Tuesday it was cared for by a family on West Second street who notified Officer Lynch, and Captain Grant then had it taken to Seguine's stables in the hope of superadding life and pushing the cruel owner. It is to be hoped that the people in this city will take more interest in supporting the society whose duty it is to protect God's helpless dumb creatures.

"BLESSED ARE THE MERCIFUL."

A Desperate Tramp.

Policeman Lynch yesterday arrested a tramp who was terrorizing the residents of this city and North Plainfield. The fellow attempted to force his way into several North Plainfield residences, and also attempted the same trick on Mrs. Reed's restaurant on Front street. In court this morning, he pleaded guilty to disorderly conduct and was sentenced to the county jail for thirty days.

Chief Deane is Shocked.

While fixing one of the fire alarm boxes in this city yesterday morning, Chief Engineer Thaddeus O. Deane received a bad shock of electricity. He was not seriously injured, however.

The Weather.

Cloudy and some light rain, followed by clearing weather by night.

HUNDREDS ATTENDED.

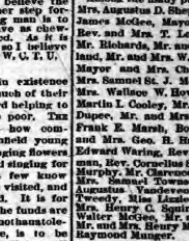
THE RECEPTION GIVEN BY MR. AND MRS. B. A. HEGEMAN, SR.

As their Home on Sycamore Avenue, North Plainfield, Last Evening—Music, Flowers and Sociability—Thoroughly Enjoyable and Successful.

OCIETY assumed and enjoyed the hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Hegeman, Sr., of Sycamore avenue, North Plainfield, at their reception last evening.

The interior of the house was charmingly flower bedecked, and sweet aromas of music filled the air.

Mr. and Mrs. Hegeman were assisted in receiving by Miss Eleanor Boome, Mrs. Harbaugh, Mrs. M. B. Boome and Mrs. B. Arrowsmith Hegeman, Jr.



Among the many present were Mr. and Mrs. Augustus D. Shepard, Mr. and Mrs. James McGee, Mayor and Mrs. Gilbert, Rev. and Mrs. T. Logan Murphy, Rev. Mr. Richards, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Haviland, Mr. and Mrs. W. Journeay Rounce, Mayor and Mrs. Chas. Place, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel St. J. McCutchen, Mr. and Mrs. Wallace W. Howland, Mr. and Mrs. Martin I. Cooley, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. P. Dupee, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. C. Evans, Mr. Frank E. Marsh, Boyoge Cousellman and Mrs. Geo. B. Hallock, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Waring, Rev. and Mrs. Honeyman, Rev. Cornelius Schenck, Miss Annie Murphy, Mr. Clarence Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Vandeventer. The Misses Tweedy, Miss Lizzie F. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Squire, Mr. and Mrs. Walter McGee, Mr. and Mrs. James Joy, Mr. and Mrs. Henry McGee, Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Munger.

PERSONAL.

Editor Messler of the Somerset Democrat was in this city to-day.

Mr. William H. Blinn and Miss Louise Seibel both of this city are to be married on March 9th.

Miss Lulu Kerwin of Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., is visiting her sister, Mrs. E. J. Harding of this city.

A number of Plainfielders held a surprise party at the residence of Mr. Carmen in Dunellen last evening. The affair was very enjoyable. Prof. Gutzman's orchestra furnished the music.

Miss Eleanor G. R. Beal of Netherwood, one of Plainfield's society belles, was married to Mr. William G. Snow of Watertown, Mass., Tuesday evening, at the Church of Our Saviour, the Rev. S. P. Simpson officiating. The happy couple started Tuesday night for Old Point Comfort where they will spend their honeymoon, and will reside in Watertown, Mr. Snow's home.

Miss Marion Edith Wells of Wilkesbarre, (not Lebanon), Pa., daughter of Charles D. Wells, is the young lady who has become engaged to Clark W. Evans of Baltimore, formerly of this city, where he was long a resident and well-known. Mr. Evans built the Crescent rink, and traded it and other realty he had here for property in Brooklyn, of the estimated value of $100,000.

A very enjoyable talk was given by Capt. George D. Morrison, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. at Association rooms last evening. A large audience listened with pleasure to his instructive and entertaining description of a trip from New York to Java and the Philippine Islands. The Captain related in his usual happy manner some of his early experiences at sea and in the course of his remarks gave his hearers some sound advice. A miniature ship was on exhibition during the evening.

MARRIAGES

SNOW—BEAL—By the Rev. S. P. Simpson, at the Church of Our Saviour, Netherwood, Tuesday, Feb. 23, 1892, Eleanor G. R. Beal, daughter of Albert J. Beal, to Wm. G. Snow of Watertown, Mass.

DEATHS

BACH—In North Plainfield, Feb. 24, 1892, William Bach, aged 68 years. Of Funeral notice from his parents residence, No. 207 Somerset street, Saturday, Feb. 27th, at 2 P. M. 2 T&O*

KING—At Plainfield, N. J., on Wednesday, Feb. 24th, 1892, Eliza, wife of Thos. E. King.

Funeral services from her late residence, 1208 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J., Sunday Feb. 28, at 2.30 p. m.

2t-2t-2*

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

MORE RIOTING TO-DAY.

Serious Trouble Anticipated in Berlin.

BERLIN, Feb. 25th. (Special.)—The unemployed workmen who mobbed the police yesterday began rioting again today. There appears to be a strong feeling against the German Emperor.

Oilcloth Works Burned Down.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Feb. 26, (Special.)—The Union Oilcloth Works at Elizabethport were entirely destroyed by fire early this morning. The loss on building, stock, raw and manufactured, will amount to $250,000. There is no insurance.

More Cases of Typhus.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26. (Special.)—The health officers to-day found two more cases of typhus fever in a lodging house on Twelfth street.

NEARLY A FATAL ACCIDENT.

Mr Oliff's Narrow Escape From Death Last Evening.

Mr. J. Lewis Oliff, a clerk employed in Mayo's drug store, had a narrow escape from death at about half-past seven o'clock last evening. He was riding a bicycle along Park avenue near Seventh street when he collided with a wagon belonging to Mr. Baker of Seventh street.

The force of the collision threw Mr. Oliff from his wheel and the wagon passed over him. Persons who were near by ran to his assistance, but when he was picked up he was unconscious. It was first thought that he was dead. He was carried into the office of Dr. Endicott and restoratives were administered. He was later taken to his home at No. 200 Arlington avenue. His injuries are considered serious.

The wheel which he was riding was twisted into a shapeless mass. Persons who saw the accident say that they do not know which person was to blame.

BREVITIES.

—Trains on the fourth track were delayed last evening on account of the unloading of ice near Grant avenue.

—Prof. John Lam, a prominent gospel temperance lecturer from New York, will address the meeting at Reform Hall Sunday evening.

—As reported in THE NEWS of yesterday the "shoot" for a five hundred pound pig took place on the grounds of the Jersey City Heights Gun Club. The "shoot" resulted in a tie.

—The executive committee of the Union County Christian Endeavor Union met in the Third Presbyterian church chapel in Elizabeth last evening and arranged for the conference to be held next month.

Found Her Child.

Little Maud Apgar, who was kidnapped from the home of her mother in Phillipsburg last September, by her father Louis Apgar of this city, says that she has been grossly neglected by the latter. Yesterday her mother again secured possession of her, having ascertained where her father had her in hiding, which was at Millington, N. J. She then drove to Bound Brook and took a train for her home.

Suing for an Accounting.

A suit has been begun in the New York Supreme Court by Dr. H. W. Mitchell, of No. 747 Madison Avenue, and Sarah M. Mitchell, his wife, on behalf of themselves and other stockholders of the Commercial Alliance Life Insurance Company, against Harvey M. Munsell, his wife, Mary J. Munsell, and C. Rudd, the Commercial Alliance Life Insurance Company and the National Alliance, to recover $140,000, which is claimed was improperly taken out of the assets of both companies.

John I. Rolfe of Plainfield, is the president of the Commercial company, which has a capital of $500,000. Munsell was the president and Hunt secretary of the Alliance.

The complaint asserts that in 1890 the Commercial company had cash assets of about $300,000, besides securities of $400,000, and had outstanding policies and risks amounting to $1,800,000. The assets of the Alliance were then $50,000, insisted of $10,000 in cash, against which there were outstanding policies and risks of about $15,000,000.

MUNSELL HAS HIS SAY.

President Rolfe, of the Commercial Alliance Company, says the suit was that of a disgruntled stock subscriber.

"There has been nothing intended in the matter," said he. "The Commercial bought out the business of the National Alliance.

Thursday's Cash

Here is the whole fact—

H-O.

You get the profit every time you buy a package.

A Perfect Cereal

THE CHRONOTHANATOLETRON;

OR,

Time and Death Annihilator.

A play to be given by the Y's

AT THE CASINO,

Saturday Evening, February 27th.

MUSIC BY MISS MABEL MADDOX.

TICKETS - - - - - 50 CENTS.

To be had at Shaw's Drug Store.

ONE OF THE BEST

Fitting and best wearing shoes for the money, is our Ladies Genuine Dongola Button Shoe, Price $1.50, common sense and opera toe, width C D & E.

We do not make much on these goods, but we sell them nevertheless. That's the Difference. DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.

USE

Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

IF you need a position advertise in this column and let it be known.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Competent girl for general house work. Apply 25 Craig place. 24-3

WANTED—Young man to solicit orders and deliver them. He must also understand the care of horses. References required. Address "Butcher," care of Evening News. 25-2*

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased on Somerset street. Somerset street. Address R. F. M. Chase, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the sea level 2 19tf

FOR SALE—Farm, 37 acres. Handsomely located; 500 yards from New Market station on Valley Railroad, and one mile from Dunellen station on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, at reasonable terms. Apply to James Runyon, P. O. Box 108, Dunellen, N. J. 26-2t

FOR SALE—Ten young horses, two mules, Bixby Hotel, Scotch Plains. 24-3

NOW is the time to purchase the best building lots in the city on easy terms; lots, $295 and upwards. Powers, 35 Park avenue.

HOUSE for sale—Has twelve rooms; all improvements. Wind mill and barn; best water; pleasantly located; $6,000; easy terms. Riker & Co., agents, 13 East Front street. 2 19tf

LOTS on Second street 30 by 150 feet at $800. Powers, 35 Park avenue.

MANURE for sale. Bixby Hotel, Scotch Plains. 24-3

NO better lots than those on Berckman street; 50 feet front. Price, $600. $10 to $30 cash. Powers.

STORE property on West Front street for sale. $7,000. Address Riker & Co., agents. 2 19tf

THE cheapest lots in the city are those lots on Second and Berckman street; 30 feet front, 150 deep. Only $360. For full information in regard to these lots, call on Powers, at 35 Park avenue; open evenings.

FOR RENT.

ANYONE wishing to rent a dwelling house and store, $25, address "21," care Evening News. 24 3

AFTER April 1st the six room house at No. 129 Somerset street will be for rent. Call 11 Mondays and Fridays. 2 26tf

FOR RENT or for sale. A Flat house at 3 La Grande avenue. Will rent low or sell cheap. M. M. Dunham, agent. 2-19-tf

ONLY a few of those 14 room houses are left for rent. $25 to $28. Riker & Co., agents. 2 19tf

TO LET—Home of five rooms. Inquire 197 Somerset street. 25 3

TO LET—House containing eight rooms, with barn; centrally located. Price $25. Apply to M. M. Dunham, 7 East Front street. 2 19tf

THE office at No. 5 East Front street is for rent. It is a splendid location for a lawyer. Lots of light. M. M. Dunham. 2 19tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

MONEY to loan on Plainfield and Westfield real estate. Address P. O. Box 212. 24 3*

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-26tf

OWNERS of farms for rent or for sale will find a ready agency, with purchasers by Riker & Co., 13 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 2-19-tf

WANTED—Two or three acres suitable for building lots, with or without house. 44 West Third street. 24 3

WANTED—Small house, 5 or 6 rooms, with barn for one horse, 44 West Third street. 24 3

GET YOUR TEAMING and GRADING done by Weiss Brothers, 90 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 26tf

Amusements.

MUSIC HALL!

One Night Only!

Wednesday, March 2.

Return of our Popular Favorites, The Minstrel Monarchs.

Primrose & West's

BIG MINSTRELS.

Remember, everything entirely new this season.

Watch for the grand street parade. No change in prices.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street

Wm. A. Woodruff,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.

Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

NO. 45 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

EDITORIAL NOTES

Mr. Gladstone, aged eighty-two, takes six-mile walks every day.

George C. Grumbling, who lived at Nineveh, committed suicide. No wonder, with such a name and living in a place with such a name.

The czar and czarina of Russia will go to the Crimea in March. But they will not visit the famine stricken districts. That is the very region they ought to visit if they have any human feeling for their subjects at all. The sight of the faces of their emperor and empress, the knowledge that these rulers were mindful of their deep distress, would rouse all the loyalty and hope in the Russian peasant breast, if there is any left. Emperor William of Germany would know better than this.

The Northern Lights.

The magnificent display of the aurora borealis was visible from Iowa to the Atlantic coast, over all the region north of St. Louis. It was the grandest sight of this kind that has been witnessed in recent years.

But if anybody wishes to test the magnificent accumulations of science through the ages since the world has been peopled by men, let him investigate the cause of the aurora borealis. Most authorities agree that it has something to do with electricity. One high up astronomical professor assures us that the "atmosphere seemed to be charged with a tremendous amount of electricity, and a great commotion appeared to be going on in the northwest."

One may add to this highly exact information the further announcement that the aurora borealis will appear so be in some way connected with the spots on the sun. At the time of greatest apparent activity in the sun's photosphere these displays of northern lights are apt to occur in our sky. A further fact is that the telegraph and telephone lines are interfered with by the aurora borealis. The transmitting apparatus will not work reliably. "The thing seemed to come in waves," said a telegraph manager.

A German scientific man who, like his studious race, was accustomed to shut himself up and evolve things from the depth of his consciousness, advances the theory that the aurora borealis is caused by great volumes of electricity passing from a dense into a rarer atmosphere. He passed a current of electricity from a dense into a rarefied atmosphere and found that electric phenomena corresponding to those of the aurora followed. Still we don't know. It does not look well to be conceited over the amount of human knowledge.

Years of Railroad Accidents.

From a paper by Mr. H. D. Pront in The North American Review it appears that 1880 and 1891 were years of extraordinary activity in railway accidents. Both in Europe and America 1891 was particularly disastrous. In the United States during the month of January, 1891, there were five train collisions in which passengers were killed. The year began and ended with startling accidents.

The year 1890 was notable for the fact that during its months 893 persons were killed. During the first eleven months 753 people were killed. In the first eleven months of 1891 705 were killed. Previous to the two years named the largest number of deaths on the rail occurred in 1888, when the number was 667. An increase so extraordinary, therefore, deserves more than passing notice. Looking further at the figures, it is found that 68 per cent. more persons were killed in the first eleven months of 1890 than in the years beginning with 1882 and ending with 1884. At the same time the increase in railway miles of track was only 42 per cent. For all that, however, Mr. Prout deduces from his figures, or from his inner consciousness, it is hard to say which, the cheerful conclusion that train accidents are relatively fewer in the country than they were in 1884 and 1888.

We are to remember that half the people who are killed on railroads are killed through their own fault. Either they are walking on the track contrary to law, or they are stealing rides on the trains. Taking out this number, Mr. Prout proceeds to examine into the cases in which people have been killed in train collisions or accidents. He selects thirty-odd of the most prominent ones. The conclusions in which the general public a deeply interested are summed up briefly.

Of the thirty-six accidents note this, that twenty-two of them might have been prevented if employees had obeyed orders. Nineteen of them would probably have been prevented if the roads had been provided with block signals and interlocking switches and signals. Some of the accidents would have been prevented and others would have been much less severe if freight trains had been fitted with air brakes. Comparatively few of the thirty-six accidents were due to defects of track and equipment. This is some satisfaction, which is, however, more than counterbalanced by the fact that at least thirty of the thirty-six were the fault of railway officers or employees. One-twelfth were caused by deliberate malice.

BATHED IN BLOOD

Berlin's Streets Reddened with a Furious Mob's Gore.

THE YOUNG KAISER HOOTED

Ten Thousand Men Fight the Police Up to the Palace Gates.

They Were Demanding That the Emperor Give Them Food or Redress Their Wrongs, and the Startled Monarch, Pale Faced, Gazed on Them, but Spoke Not the Word to Quiet Them—Bakeshops Looted and the Bread Devoured by the Hungry Wretches—The Police Finally Disperse the Mob After Wounding About Four Hundred and Arresting a Hundred of the Leaders of the Riot.

BERLIN, Feb. 26.—Berlin's streets are drenched in blood. Ten thousand of Emperor William's unemployed and starving subjects became a wild and desperate mob, and fought the police and soldiers up to the very gates of the imperial palace, and the young kaiser must tremble for what may come next. The quiet Germans seemed to loose their apathy and to be fired with the spirit of '48, when their fathers, on that memorable March day, paraded before the same palace with the people's dead, while King Frederick William IV stood a bare-headed witness of the ghastly review. Not since that brief reign of the people has Berlin witnessed such a scene.

The disturbance originated at a meeting of about 3,000 or 4,000 workmen at Lip's brewery. The men had gathered there to receive the report of a deputation which they had sent to the burgomaster, Herr Forckenbeck, asking him to use the emperor in behalf of the unemployed workmen of Berlin and to intercede with his majesty upon their behalf. The men wanted Herr Forckenbeck to go to Potsdam to appeal in a fair and unprejudiced commission to inquire into the wrongs which the workmen complain of and promise immediately the legislation necessary to redress their grievances. The deputation called upon the burgomaster at his official residence, but they were halted at the door of that official's officers.

Their message was communicated to Herr Forckenbeck who, by the way, is an extreme liberal and a democrat. But the burgomaster recognizing the fact that the situation was a very dangerous one refused to receive the delegation, sending them a message to that effect. In his own opinion, the workmen had better return peaceably to their homes, as there was nothing to be gained by the demonstrations similar to the one he understood they were contemplating.

On to the Castle!

With this information as the result of their visit to the burgomaster the delegates returned to Lip's brewery, where they announced to their comrades, who by that time numbered fully 5,000 men, the disappointing result of their mission. The message of the burgomaster was received by the workmen with howls of rage and storms of bitter execration, mingled with yells of—

"Let's go to the ministry of commerce!"

"Let's march in a body to the reichstag and demand redress!" and finally with the shout of—

"Let's appeal in person to the emperor!" This last suggestion caused such a howl that the assembly that it must have been heard for miles around.

"To the reichstag!" was the cry. "Let's tear down the gates if necessary, and see the emperor!"

Herr Kessler, the noted agitator, was conspicuous in his efforts to calm the passions of the infuriated. Standing upon a table which had been handed over the heads of the people in order that it might serve as a platform from which the orator might speak, Herr Kessler shouted, barehanded, holding his hands above his head so as to attract more attention.

"I beseech you to be prudent. Do nothing which will give the government an excuse to use arms upon you. The hour has not come; this is not the time to make a demonstration in behalf of your wrongs. As you value your future happiness, for the sake of your wives and children, do not be led to be slaughtered by the soldiers. Even now police agents are at work in your midst exciting you to walk into a trap." But the remarks of Herr Kessler, as well as those of other prominent leaders in the crowd, were drowned under deafening cries of—

"Let's go to the reichstag! to the reichstag! The emperor must receive us!"

Insults for the Kaiser.

The mention of the emperor's name was received with howls of derision on all sides, accompanied by a perfect hurricane of angrily insulting remarks addressed to his majesty, who must have trembled for the security of his throne had he been present. The real sentiments of the German masses seemed, for the first time, to have been expressed in the bitter curses and fearful insults hurled by 5,000 tongues at the young grandson of the great Emperor William.

The utterances at Brandenburg, about causing everybody in Germany who did not support him to shake the dust of Germany from their feet, was particularly referred to with deep curses, as was the other and similar remark credited to his majesty, to the effect that he would "grind to powder those who opposed him."

Hell seemed to have broken loose among these men. The counsels of their most admired leaders seems not to have had the slightest effect upon them. Their blood was stirred up to a boiling over pitch and they were resolved, come qui come, to march upon the emperor's palace. And they did so.

Shouting and yelling "To the castle!" and loudly singing the "Marseillaise," they made their way through the streets to the Unter-den-Linden, cheered on by encouraging cries from the thousands upon thousands who had heard of the disturbance, and who were evidently, almost to a man, in sympathy with the rioters.

It is estimated that fully 6,000 persons marched through the Unter-den-Linden and almost to the castle gates, the "Marseillaise" roaring its echoes into the sacred apartments of the emperor. At that stage of the riot, many people believed that a revolution had broken out in Berlin, and the wildest rumors concerning the movement spread on all sides.

The officers in command of the different corps of the garrison were communicated with by mounted orderlies and by wire, and such was the excitement and preparation for some time that one would have fancied the people of Berlin were rising en masse against the emperor and his government.

By this time the rioters had reached a point outside of the castle gates, and there they halted, among the "Marseillaise" thundering tones, and wildly shook for the emperor to appear.

So soon as the force of police on the spot had been sufficiently reinforced a charge upon the rioters was ordered, and then began a series of the most desperate hand to hand fights ever witnessed in the streets of Berlin. The police hit right and left with the flat of their swords, and wielded well with the stocks of their rifles or hammered at the rioters with batons. During the melee the police made about two hundred arrests, but each arrest seemed to be the signal for an attempt at rescue upon the part of the mob, and in some cases they tore their comrades from the grasp of the police and carried them away in triumph.

While this battle was being fought almost beneath the castle windows, Emperor William, of Germany, pale and looking like a man just recovering from a severe attack of sickness, watched his subjects struggling with the men they had termed his "butchers of their only son," and that they desired to appeal to their monarch for the justice which they claim they are unable to obtain elsewhere.

When the presence of the emperor at the window became known (he stood at a large window on the first story) there was such a howl, mingled with cheers, that it must have caused him a very uncomfortable feeling. But by lifting his hand he could have put a stop to all the rioting and by addressing a few calming words to the mob, promising to investigate their complaints, he could have sent them home satisfied; but he did not do it, and the battle between the police and the dissatisfied workmen continued. The mob by this time had swelled to 10,000, and desperate that the police were driven back and it began to look as if the gates of the castle would be compelled to fire on the mob. Reinforcements, however, enabled the police to beat back the rioters who retreated into the eastern quarters, attacking stray bodies of police en route, routing a number of them and fighting desperately with the authorities at every opportunity.

The Bakeshops Looted.

The rioting was not ended by the repulse of the workingmen who went to attack the palace of Hohenzollern royalty. As darkness came on the mob increased in numbers and grew more dangerous in temper, and they held virtual possession of the eastern quarter of the city. The whole police force of Berlin was called out, under orders to go to any extremity to suppress the rising. The working people were not sanguinary, but they were resolute. They opposed the police stubbornly, and refused to disperse. The police used their weapons unsparingly, while the populace battled with sticks and any other weapons that each happened to have.

In Gruenerweg strasse the mob attacked the bakeshops and stores, demanding bread and beer. They pillaged the bakeshops and divided the bread among all who wanted it. The half famished people seized and devoured the food with a wolfishness that was the result of their misery and hunger. Some men left the mob and hurried home with loaves under their arms to their starving wives and children, and down on the street and hungered on the spoils. At Elizabeth strasse the police stopped a man who was hurrying along with loaves clasped in his arms. He refused to halt, and begged to be allowed to pass. "My children have had nothing to eat since Tuesday," he cried. They had other work to attend to and allowed him to go.

The beer obtained from the plundered beershops inflamed the excitement and made many more desperate. The riot spread into different parts of the city, and some of the more violent endeavored to organize an attack on the garrison. But the populace were not ready for this.

Meantime the conflict raged between the police and the mob, the former gradually gaining ground.

The police were directed with much judgment and skill, their instructions being to aim for the capture, or, if necessary, the killing of those who appeared to be leaders. This they carried out, and as fast as one who seemed to be a ringleader was taken, he was hurried away to prison. In this way the mob was kept disorganized and prevented from forming in any formidable group.

Four Hundred Injured.

The military remained under arms, but took no part in the struggle. This course is said to have been followed by the direct orders of the kaiser, who commanded that the military should not interfere unless the police should prove themselves unable to cope with the mob. It is also intimated that the authorities had a premonition that the soldiers could not be fully trusted in a conflict with the people, and that they were held in reserve lest they would be on the streets. The truth is said to be that the authorities, both civil and military, were dazed and almost demoralized by the suddenness of the explosion.

They could not believe that men would be so desperate as to attack the police of the kaiser, and would not run riot in the streets of Berlin unless there was some conspiracy which included a portion, at least, of the garrison.

It is not known how many were killed, if any, but over a hundred were seriously, if not fatally, injured, and at least 300 less severely cut. About a hundred persons are in jail.

Everybody admits that it has been a most eventful day in the history of Germany, and some people look upon this riot as the dawn of a new era, as the first encounter between the officials of the government and the people. There is no doubt that the people as a body are wearied of the young emperor's vagaries and of his utterances, and the outlook is far from being a bright one.

Every effort is being made on behalf of the authorities to hide the truths, and the so called official news agencies have been cautioned to say as little as possible about the riot and to confine themselves to the official versions of the disturbance. This, however, does not in any sense alter the facts in the case, nor does it detract from the great significance of the riot, which took place this afternoon beneath the windows of the apartments occupied by Emperor William of Germany, with that rattle brained young monarch gazing pale faced upon the scene.

All official reports to the contrary, the day will be a red letter day in the history of Germany.

Potter's Trunk Disposed Of.

BOSTON, Feb. 26.—Judge Aldrich ordered the trunk of Asa P. Potter placed in the hands of Hon. John Lowell, who is to examine its contents and turn over to the receiver such papers as are the property of the Maverick bank.

Opposed to Free Coinage.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 26.—The chamber of commerce has requested the senators and congressmen from this state to use all their influence in defeating the free coinage of silver bill.

Killed in a Railroad Wreck.

BERLIN, Feb. 26.—Three persons were killed and ten badly injured in a railroad wreck at Molbrow, Silesia.

THE CAUCUS FRUITLESS.

Democrats Still Remain Divided on the Silver Question.

POPULAR ELECTION OF SENATORS.

The Senate Subcommittee on Elections Agree Upon a Measure to Have the Senators Elected by a Direct Vote of the People and to Hold Office for Six Years.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Mr. Hale's reciprocity resolution being called up in the senate by Mr. Vest elicited a somewhat lively tariff debate which is to be continued at a future day. A number of prominent senators who have been absent several days were back in their seats, among them Senators Hill and Brice, who, however, took no part in the debate. The Idaho contested election case was again taken up, but was broken off in the middle of a speech by Mr. Dubois on behalf of the contestant.

The Popular Vote for Senators.

The sub-committee of the senate committee on privileges and elections, to which was referred the several propositions to amend the constitution so as to provide for electing United States senators by direct vote of the people, have arrived at a conclusion respecting these measures. It is to favorably report to the full committee a substitute for the several propositions, reading as follows:

That the senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state who shall be chosen by a direct vote of the people of the several states for six years, and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature, and each senator shall have one vote.

If vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the general election in such state for members of the house of representatives in congress, when such vacancies shall be filled by a direct vote of the people as aforesaid.

The subcommittee assert that the proposed amendment is a just tribute to the intelligence and honesty of the individual voter; that it is an enlargement of the right of suffrage on the part of those entitled to its exercise under existing laws; that it tends to render impossible the use of improper methods to influence senatorial elections which has in the past few years been manifest, as we believe ourselves, from time to time by many of the leading and most influential journals of the country of both political parties, and that the adoption of the proposed amendment will bring the senate into more amicable relations with the people.

The proceedings of the house were uninteresting, the entire session being devoted to the consideration of the Craig-Stewart election case from the Twenty-fourth Pennsylvania district. The discussion of the merits of the case developed no new arguments. Mr. Brown, Democrat, of Indiana, however, digressed into an arraignment of the methods employed by the Republicans in the Indiana campaign and the financial interference of Mr. Wanamaker in the last election.

Still Split on Silver.

The unusual interest manifested in the silver question as a party issue was evidenced by the large attendance of Democratic members of the house who attended the caucus of the majority, which took place in the hall of the house. Of the 238 Democratic members of the lower house, nearly 170 were present. Mr. Bland, of Missouri, submitted a substitute resolution providing that Democratic members of the committee on rules be instructed to bring in a resolution setting apart a time not later than March 25 for the continuous consideration of the Bland free coinage bill until final action.

The call for the caucus stated that it was for the purpose of considering two resolutions stating that Democratic members are in favor of the continued use of gold and silver as money, and were opposed to any legislation which would drive either metal out of circulation; and that the Democratic members, with the consideration for the general business of the country, deemed it their duty to defer any definite action on the subject of free coinage until after the elections of 1892.

Mr. Harter, of Ohio, who circulated the petition for the caucus, immediately raised a point of order against Mr. Bland's resolution, on the ground that only the resolutions to discuss which the caucus was called could be considered. He urged his fellow members not to take up hasty action on so important a matter, one of such vital interest to the party, and hoped that the Bland resolution would not be permitted to have precedence. The point of order was overruled, and the discussion then took the form of a general debate on the silver question, Mr. Bland opening the ball in behalf of the larger number of speeches made.

A Fruitless Caucus.

Mr. Bland indulged in some criticism of Mr. Hardin's action in endeavoring to sidetrack the free coinage bill, and urged the adoption of his resolution of instruction to the committee on rules. Speeches were also made by Messrs. Wilson, of West Virginia; Fowler, of New Jersey, and Hooker, of Mississippi, in favor of Mr. Bland's resolution.

Mr. Pierce, of Tennessee, made a strong appeal from a political standpoint in favor of the resolution. He contended that Mr. Cleveland was elected president when he had a liberal silver plank in his platform while in 1890, when he had no opposition to free coinage, he was defeated.

Mr. Fowler contended that New Jersey would be stronger to the Democracy with a free silver plank in the next national platform, and that if such a plank were inserted the state would go Democratic by an increased majority.

Mr. Williams, of Massachusetts, a member of the committee on coinage, weights and measures, had the assault on the resolution, contending that the passage of a free coinage bill meant political death to the Democratic party in the east.

Messrs. Wilson, of Connecticut; Herbert, of Alabama; McKinney, of New Hampshire, and Enoch, of New Jersey, supported Mr. Williams in his stand. Most of these gentlemen were free coinage men, but were prosecute against the free coinage bill, based on the belief that it would cause disruption in the party and bring ignominious defeat to the next presidential election. Several of the antis stated that they would not be bound by any action the caucus might take in the matter.

The discussion continued for nearly two hours, and then Mr. Oates, of Alabama, obtaining recognition, said it was obvious that the caucus could not agree upon the majority, but that no results could be had because the antis would not be bound by caucus action. He therefore moved the caucus adjourn, which was carried.

Tried to Kill Himself.

FREEHOLD, N. J., Feb. 26.—Frank Eskridge tried to kill himself because his sweetheart rejected him. He didn't succeed.

FASHIONS

Tea Gowns.

There is a decided tendency toward classically draped tea gowns, made in this materials, with long wing sleeves, the inner sleeves of lace. The Watteau backs are made in a new style, the fullness between the shoulders formed with a pouf of the material introduced, which widens into the back breadth. The princess shape, with a contrasting front breadth, is the prevailing style, and long looped ribbon bows are introduced. A triple cape is often a feature on the shoulders.

Fashionable Corsage.

In the illustration here presented is shown a dress in silver gray ottoman silk.

AN ATTRACTIVE RECEPTION GOWN.

with corselet over a chemisette in silk gauze.

The folded belt is of gray ribbon, and it is fastened under a full large bow called the cabbage bow. The long gloves meet the elbow sleeve, which are apparently held in place with a ribbon band and bow to match the belt. The collarette is of shirred gauze and lace.

Vermont's Convention.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Feb. 26.—The state Republican committee has called the state convention for the election of delegates to the national convention at Montpelier, April 13. The state convention for nominating state officers will be held at Burlington, June 22.

Rexroat Beat Bogardus.

VIRGINIA, Ills., Feb. 26.—George Rexroat, of this city, defeated Captain A. H. Bogardus in a trap shooting match by the score of 92 to 88. Rexroat has attracted a great deal of attention of late by his wonderful shooting.

Newark Need Not Fast.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 26.—The Roman Catholics in the diocese of Newark are exempt from fasting and abstinence by a special dispensation of the pope owing to the prevalence of the grip.

Selling Smuggled Opium.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 26.—James Reilly (colored), Samuel Udeski and another white man were caught selling opium in the lower part of this city and arrested.

O. M. DUNHAM,
46 West Front Street.
Latest styles in
HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Prices reduced on
GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,
WINTER CAPS, ETC.
Best $2.00 Derby
in the city.
CALL AND SEE.

BROWN & HILL,
Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in FORD'S HOTEL, No. 5 SOUTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Best black stone cemented with the stock.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 13 Ty

BITHER
Hot Water
or
Steam Heating
operation furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

50c. a Bottle
for
EMULSION
of
COD LIVER OIL,
with HYPOPHOSPHATES,
at
Williams' Pharmacy,
No. 20 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

We have a new line of
Skates and Sleds
Also Musical Boxes, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of
Musical Instruments
and Fancy Goods.
A. M. Vanderbeek,
32 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn
18 North Avenue
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.
THREE BEST TEA

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for nut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL
In best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER
He would also announce recently increased facilities for planing and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders to the same in the best manner at short notice.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.
The most costly fabrics are very thoroughly and carefully cleaned. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city of sufficient size to warrant.
American Steam Laundry,
13 EAST FRONT STREET.
H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING
call at
Bremmer Bros',
28 Somerset Street.
And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made to order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.
Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.
We Have Cut Prices
on good working pants.

ELECTRICITY
and Electric Belts as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN
will cure
NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, KIDNEY DISEASES
CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM
FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic Diseases generally.
Consultation Free!
25 East Second street, corner Washington

NOTICE!
I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my
Liberty Street Market
where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices
GOOD MEAT!
Of all kinds.
Charles Arnold,
21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!
By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the
HANDSOMEST, FINEST AND CHEAPEST
stock of
MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,
Holders and Cigars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
CIGAR STORE,
42 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!
Machine Works.
FREDERICK F. CHASE
Manufacturer of
Electrical Machinery.
Bicycles, Rollers and Frames repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smoke-stack building and painting.
201 North Avenue,
Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

C. BRUNNER
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY PRESENTS
Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses. Eyes examined FREE.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

DON'T FORGET
In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself or
CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,
At LINBARGER'S, the Tailor.
NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,
at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.
REMEMBER That I GUARANTEE a fit.

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.
FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.
Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Temperance Drinks.
I have thoroughly renovated the store, corner Front and Somerset streets, and solicit a share of public patronage.
DAVID GLASER,
Successor to J. R. Clark, deceased.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE
P. O. BOX 1057.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

"The Very Best"
is my rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.
But you can. Come to my store for the best coals, chopped Mixed Feed, Corn, Embroidery Silks, and stamped linen goods.
C. E. CLARKE,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

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JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

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Engineer of the Famous Union County Inland System. Special attention given to street paving, sewerage, etc. Offices, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Office, 5 Park avenue, Plainfield, over the First National Bank.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitors and Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public and Conveyancers, Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office, corner Park and Somerset streets.

OSCAR E. TRALE,
Attorney, 267 Broadway, New York city, rooms 32 and 33. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD
CORDLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY
J. S. Co
JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Twotons in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Prices reasonable. No dirt or dust. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of Shade Lawns, Garden and Field Fertilizers.
P. O. box 987. Telephone call 26.

PASTOR DILL IS GUILTY.

Convicted of Using Language Which Would Tempt to Sin.

THE CURTIS JURY FAILS TO AGREE.

It Stood Ten for Conviction and Two for Acquittal—A New Trial Ordered—Miss Johnson Faints in Court—The Delamater Jury Disagrees—Field's Case.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Feb. 26.—The long awaited verdict in the Dill trial, which has been going on before the New Jersey Presbytery off and on for months, has been rendered. Lawyer Theodore F. Little finished his summing up for the prosecution, and then, after nearly seven hours of discussion and voting behind closed doors, the Presbytery made this announcement: "As the result of the trial the Presbytery of Morris and Orange found the

PASTOR DILL.

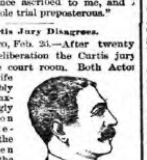
Rev. Arthur Cushing Dill guilty of using language inconsistent with the character of a minister of the Gospel, and which tends to tempt others to sin or mar their spiritual edification.'" It was further announced that a committee of three ministers and two elders were appointed to recommend an appropriate sentence in the case for the consideration of the Presbytery at its next meeting, which will be held on Thursday, March 31 at 9:30 a. m., in the chapel of the First church in Morristown.

It was only on one of the three charges urged against Pastor Dill that the verdict of guilty was rendered—that of immoral conversations. On the two other charges of improper conduct and untruthfulness he was acquitted.

A buzz of astonishment went up when the preliminary verdict was announced and everybody listened eagerly when Pastor Dill was asked by the stated clerk, the Rev. Dr. Whitaker, what he had to say. He replied "Nothing, except that I do not understand why I should be found guilty on the three allegations in the first charge when they are unsupported by corroborated evidence and when I flatly denied them on the stand. I now repeat that I never made use of the immoral utterance ascribed to me, and I consider the whole trial preposterous."

The Curtis Jury Disagrees.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 26.—After twenty four hours of deliberation the Curtis jury returned to the court room. Both Actor Curtis and his wife were preceptibly nervous, and society was strongly depicted upon their countenances after the jury had taken their seats in the jury box they were asked by the court if they had come to an agreement. The foreman arose and said: "No; we are unable to agree. The jury stands ten for conviction and two for acquittal." Thereupon the court ordered the jury discharged.



M. B. CURTIS.

The case will be called again next Saturday morning, when it will be set for a hearing.

The standing of the jury was a surprise to everybody in the crowded court room. It was generally believed that most of the jurors were willing to acquit Curtis, and that there were but one or two who held out, and finally it was reported, and generally accepted as true, that "Sam'l of Posen's" twelve peers stood eleven in favor of finding him not guilty of the terrible charge and that only one believed him guilty and wanted to convict him. The result, therefore, when announced was received with surprise, mingled with murmurs of regret.

Miss Johnson Faints in Court.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 26.—The interest in the trial of Lillie Johnson, under a writ of habeas corpus, obtaining a certificate for bail, is unabated. Miss Johnson was veiled, and so weak was she that her father had to assist her to remove her wraps. Father Yeak, pastor of St. Patrick's church, was called. Miss Johnson is a member of his congregation, and he testified to her good character.

Attorney Patterson went into the history of the case at length. As the lawyer pictured Lillie Johnson's quiet home life and compared it to her present position, with her character forever ruined, though she was innocent of any complicity in the commission of the crime, the prisoner began to weep, and when he entered into the details and told how Freda Ward's throat was cut the girl's whole frame was convulsed. The sobs of the father and daughter could be heard throughout the courtroom.

The attorney general then addressed the court in opposition to the granting of the writ of habeas corpus. He spoke briefly, stating that he would say nothing further than that. When the final trial came up, he would produce such evidence as would show that Miss Johnson should be held for murder. The judge said he would decide tomorrow whether he would grant bail or refuse it, and then ordered the prisoner taken back to jail.

Miss Johnson started to rise but fell back fainting in a chair. Her father and brother picked her up and carried her limp from the courtroom.

Field's Trial Postponed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—The inquiry into the sanity of Edwin M. Field has been postponed till Tuesday. Dr. George J. Fisher, state inspector of insane, and Dr. Charles L. Lindley, young Field's brother-in-law, both testified that the prisoner was of unsound mind and not responsible for his actions.

Delamater's Jury Disagree.

MEADVILLE, Pa., Feb. 26.—The jury in the Delamater case announced that they were unable to agree. They were accordingly discharged. It is learned that the jurors stood nine for conviction and three for acquittal.

Mrs. Montage Found Guilty.

BELFAST, Feb. 26.—Mrs. Montage, daughter-in-law of Lord Montagu, who tricked up her three-year-old daughter till she was found dead, has been found guilty of manslaughter. She is now being tried for cruelty.

Dan Lamont Seriously Ill.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—Colonel Daniel S. Lamont is at the home of his father, in Mt. Gravesville, N. Y., suffering from nervous prostration. His physician says Mr. Lamont's condition is serious.

Uncle Billy's Religious Scruples.

Uncle Billy recently developed a great deal of interest in religious matters, and it was observed with a good deal of surprise by several local owners that he was no longer ready and willing to take a hand at the work they offered him. One of the men who had depended a good deal on his services said:

"I'm sorry that you won't work any more."

"'Deed, sah, I is puffickly willin to wuhk; but I kain't wuhk in yoh bost."

"Why not?"

"Kase she's a two master."

"Why, that's no reason at all."

"Massa, of you wants to 'peril yuh own soul, hain' nome ob my business; but de Good Book says plan as day, dat no man kain't sarbe two masters."—Washington Star.

"Adding Fuel to the Flame."

—Life.

THE NEWS OF ALBANY.

John J. Linson Succeeds Maynard and Daniel Magone Succeeds Belknap.

ALBANY, Feb. 26.—The senate passed the bill appropriating $60,000 for dredging Black Rock harbor.

The senate judiciary committee has decided to report favorably the bill of Mr. Edwards, determining that women shall be allowed to vote for candidates for school commissioners.

Mr. Riley's prison labor bill, introduced in the assembly, provides that all male prisoners over eighteen years of age shall be subject to draft for manual labor on the roads of the state. The roll of such men shall be given to the superintendent of prisons and the list revised each month.

Every convict who faithfully performs his duty is to have 10 per cent. of his sentence over and above that now commuted, relieved.

Assemblyman Sulzer's bill, providing for the establishment of a state reformatory for women, was favorably reported on by the committee on ways and means and ordered to a third reading.

Governor Flower signed the bill which allows the incorporation of the Commercial Travelers' Home association and allows them to build a home. The governor appointed John J. Linson, of Kingston, to succeed Isaac H. Maynard, recently appointed judge of the court of appeals, and Daniel Magone, of Ogdensburg, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Judge Sly C. Belknap.

General Wood Dead.

GENESEE, N. Y., Feb. 26.—General James Wood, one of the most prominent citizen of Livingston county, died at the Danville sanitarium. At the outbreak of the war General Wood organized a regiment and was chosen colonel of the 28th. Attended another Republican convention. He took part in a number of important campaigns and engagements, among others the famous march to the sea. General Wood was an ardent Republican. In 1870 he was elected to represent this senatorial district in the state legislature.

England Is Willing.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—Definite statements based on information from Washington reached Wall street to the effect that Great Britain was not only ready to enter into a bimetallic conference with the United States, but had formally notified this government that it was prepared to be represented. In making this arrangement she enters into no pledges as to her future policy.

Fined for the Quay Libel.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 26.—A. J. Barr and J. Mills were fined fifty dollars each and The Post Publishing company $500 for libeling Senator Quay. Judge Porter stated that no malice was shown in the publication that it was done during a heated campaign and was due to negligence more than from motives.

A Peculiar Accident.

WEST ELIZABETH, Pa., Feb. 26.—A freight train dashed through an open switch into an engine, wrecking both engines and piling up twenty gondolas. One of the gondolas was thrown across the street and through the front of a drug store, fatally injuring James Donnelly and Miss Annie McGuire.

Another Bank Defaulter.

TROY, N. Y., Feb. 26.—Fred H. Wood, the trusted bookkeeper of the Manufactures National bank, is a defaulter. The amount of the defalcation is placed at $30,000, but an examination of the books only showed a deficiency of $8,000. Wood is supposed to be in Canada.

Rochester's Poultry Show.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 26.—The New York State Poultry society will hold an exhibition in this city in January, 1893.

He Will Die in Prison.

LYONS, N. Y., Feb. 26.—George A. Lambert, the Rose valley patricide, was taken to Auburn to serve a life sentence.

Seven Boats Capsized.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 26.—Walter Halligan, of this city, knocked out Jimmy Lynch, of this city, in the seventh round.

Paymaster Thompson Retired.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Paymaster Charles P. Thompson, United States navy, has been placed upon the retired list.

Rubenstein Is Champion.

MONTREAL, Feb. 26.—The figure skating championship of Canada was won by Moses Rubenstein, of Montreal.

Escaping Gas Killed Her.

BOSTON, Feb. 26.—Kate Richardson, aged thirty, was found dead in bed, asphyxiated by escaping gas.

His Life Crushed Out.

MOUNT HOLLY, N. J., Feb. 26.—A heavy rail fell on Thomas Belcher and crushed his life out.

THE THIRD PARTY CALL.

An Invitation to the People to Send Delegates to the Omaha Convention.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 26.—The People's party has issued the following call: "To the people of the United States: The national committee of the People's party of the United States, acting in conjunction with the following C. W. Macune of Texas, H. E. McCune of Texas, M. I. Branch of Georgia, J. H. Powers of Nebraska, R. M. Humphrey of Texas, L. D. D. Lamont of Louisiana, Marion Cannon of California, T. B. McGuire of New York, J. H. Willetts of Kansas, L. L. Polk of North Carolina, M. M. Garnett of Illinois, J. D. Seitz of Ohio, Mary E. Lease of Kansas, Ahan L. Diggs of District of Columbia, A. P. Pascal of Florida and Ben Terrell of Texas, representatives of a certain meeting of members of the various labor organizations of this country held in this city of St. Louis on the 24th day of February, 1892, respectfully urge that all good citizens who support our demands shall meet on the last Saturday in March next in their respective towns and villages and hold public meetings and ratify these demands and take steps to organize preparatory to electing delegates to a national convention, and we call upon all duly qualified voters of the United States who are in favor of our principles and of nominating candidates for president and vice president on our platform, to send delegates to a convention of the People's party to be held in Omaha, July 4, 1892, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon."

The basis of representation shall be four delegates from each congressional district and eight delegates from each state at large, making the total number 1,776.

This call is signed by H. E. Taubeneck, chairman; Robert Schilling, secretary national committee, People's party. For the committee appointed by the mass convention: Ben Terrell, Texas; H. Loucks, South Dakota.

CASSATT WON'T FACE HENSEL.

He Is Willing to Testify in Court About the Reading Deal.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 26.—Governor Pattison has referred the following communication from A. J. Cassatt to Attorney General Hensel:

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 24, 1892.

To the Hon. Robert E. Pattison, Governor of Pennsylvania:

SIR—I have just received a communication from Attorney General Hensel which I herewith enclose, in which he declines to grant the full measure of my duty as a private citizen when I laid before you proofs I deemed conclusive that a plain provision of the constitution had been violated, and I only asked for such action, if any, as to your sense of official duty should prove.

If you think the questions at issue are of sufficient public importance to justify your asking the courts to pass upon their legality you will. I am sure, take the proper steps to that end, and in that case I will cheerfully testify to any facts within my knowledge; but I am unable to see any advantage in a preliminary hearing before Attorney General Hensel, and must respectfully decline to be a party to it. I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant.

A. J. CASSATT.

Mr. Cassett's letter has called forth considerable comment. It is the general opinion that he has "backed out" in a very undignified way, and that he is presumptuous in attempting to dictate the investigation procedure.

If Master Workman Powderly fails to appear now, it is probable that the complaint will be dismissed.

A Colored Swindler Caught.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Feb. 26.—A colored man calling himself Professor McDowell, of the Onslow Literary institution, Owensboro, N. C., collected money of many citizens, but was quickly headed off, with Mayor Briggs' name down for twenty-five dollars, led to his arrest. He has collected a large amount of money in the different cities nearby.

Turnbull Was a Canadian.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 26.—Seaman Turnbull, of the Baltimore, murdered at Valparaiso, was not an American citizen, but a Canadian. His father, Captain Turnbull, is a resident of Charlottetown, P. E. I., and has made a claim on the American government for his son's death.

Three Necks Saved.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 26.—The death sentences of Andrew Toth, Michel Sabol and George Hanusik, of Allegheny, whose execution was fixed for April 8, were commuted to imprisonment for life by Governor Pattison, in accordance with the recommendation of the board of pardons.

Another Rockefeller Million.

CHICAGO, Feb. 26.—John D. Rockefeller has given another million dollars to the University of Chicago. This makes the donor's total contribution to what promises to be one of the greatest educational institutions of the world the great sum of $3,000,000.

To Make Corrigan a Cardinal.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—A high prelate of the Catholic church in this city has received a cablegram from Rome informing him that a movement was on foot there by the Jesuits and proscriptionist party to make Archbishop Corrigan a cardinal.

Girl, Boy and Money Missing.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 26.—Phillis Henry, aged seventeen, and John Reilly, aged nineteen, are missing, and it is thought that they have eloped. Reilly's father had $600 in the house. It is also missing.

To Further Irish Home Rule.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—The National Federation of America will issue a call to all the friends of the Irish home rule movement in this city to organize for the coming general election in Ireland.

In Flames at Sea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—The steamer Caracas, from Curaco, passed a brig rigged vessel in flames on the high seas. There were no signs of life about her.

Bombs Found with Them.

LONDON, Feb. 26.—Three Spaniards have been arrested here on a charge of being anarchists of Xeres. Three bombs were found in a valise in their room.

A Case of Money or Your Life.

DORCHESTER, Mass., Feb. 26.—Oscar Lockwood demanded money from Robert Brown. Brown refused and was fatally shot by Lockwood, who escaped.

A Youthful Forger.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 26.—Charles Schmidt, a fourteen-year-old youth, was arrested for forgery and passing a check for twenty-two dollars.

Too Free with His Kisses.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 26.—A crazy Italian named Annetto was arrested for stopping women on the street and trying to kiss them.

Mines Fatally Burned.

ASHLAND, Pa., Feb. 26.—Alec Novick and William Narrock were fatally burned by a gas explosion in Green Ridge mines.

Queen's Farmer's Field Glass

is unequaled for all uses where a very powerful glass is required. Has been before the public for many years. Every farmer should have one. Every one who attends the races should have one. The QUEEN'S FARMER'S FIELD GLASS is well known as the best combination glass ever produced.

Prices { Small size 24.00 / Medium size 7.50 / Large size 10.00 } All in Leather mountings with strap.

The largest glass is the most powerful.

On receipt of price, we will send any of the above by mail, postpaid.

QUEEN & CO.,
Manufacturing Opticians,
924 Chestnut St. Philadelphia.

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CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable -:- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Opp. Madison Avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

Builders Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

37 Somerset street, for

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Also agent for the well known Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1564

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 219

JOHN HERRMANN,
Stair Builder, and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Grand and Roger streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
J. HERRMANN, 9 Regent street.

D. V. BAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Jobbing in Clinton avenue, near depot, Evergreen, P. O. Box 1225. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 842.

DIBBSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 81.
W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street, H. P. Gayle, No. 1 Clinton street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,
CARPENTER
AND
General Jobber.
SHOP, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
Jobbing promptly attended to
Window Screens
made to order.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—8:30 a. m., 12:30 p. m., 5:30 p. m.
Close—8:30 a. m., 12:30 p. m., 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—9:45 a. m., 5:30 p. m.
Close—9:45 a. m., 5:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 9:45 a. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street Station in Plainfield, Park Place, Dist.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 6:20, 6:50, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty street, at 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m. Sunday at 5:45, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30 p. m. Passengers for Newark and Elizabeth change at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 a. m., 12:40, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m. Sunday at 9:40 a. m., 12:40, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND BRIDGE.
Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 6:20, 6:50, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty street, at 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m. Sunday at 5:45, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change at Bridge.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 a. m., 12:40, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m. Sunday at 9:40 a. m., 12:40, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.
Leave Plainfield at 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 a. m., 12:40, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m. Sunday at 9:40 a. m., 12:40, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 7:10, 9:45, a. m., 1:25, 5:20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
LEAVE PLAINFIELD.
5:45 a. m. for Boston, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Lewisburg, 7:30 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton and Allentown.
8:07 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.
9:45 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.
4:37 p. m. for D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Lansing, Harrisburg, etc., farther east to Mauch Chunk.
5:20 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, etc.
6:30 p. m. for Flemington.
6:40 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.
8:30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.
9:45 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Scranton. 9:12 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, etc. 7:05 p. m. Sundays for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Reading and Harrisburg.
8:25 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 3:37, 6:03, 11:09 a. m., 2:55, 5:06 p. m. Sunday 12:02 p. m. Ocean Grove 6:02 a. m., 1:20 p. m. For Perth Amboy 6:02, 8:05 a. m., 1:20, 5:06 p. m. Sunday 12:02 p. m. Arrive at Perth Amboy 6:30, 8:35 a. m., 1:50, 5:35 p. m. Sunday 12:30 p. m. Connect at Perth Amboy for Long Branch.

SOUND BROOK ROUTE.
For Philadelphia at 5:45, 6:20, 6:50, 10:47 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m. Sundays at 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 a. m., 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m.
For Trenton 5:45, 6:20, 6:50, 10:47 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m. Sundays at 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 a. m., 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington at 9:45, a. m., 2:40, 4:40, 5:40 p. m. Night. Sunday at 9:40 a. m., 2:40, 4:40 p. m. Night. Through cars to Washington.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen Pass Agt.
J. H. OLDEN, Gen Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.
Standard Railway of America.
Protected throughout by the inter-locking switch and signal system.
On and after Nov. 15th, 1891, trains leave Plainfield as follows:
4:25 a. m.—Western Express daily, with Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars for Pittsburg, Columbus, Cleveland, and St. Louis, daily except Saturday. For Chicago and Toledo.
7:00 p. m.—Western Express daily, with Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, and Toledo and Chicago. Also for Toledo Williamsport, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.
5:45 p. m.—Pacific Express, with Pullman Vestibuled Sleeping Cars daily for Chicago and Toledo, daily except Saturday, for Pittsburg, Columbus, Cleveland, and St. Louis, daily except Saturday. For Chicago and Toledo.
7:00 p. m.—Western Express daily, with Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, and Toledo and Chicago. Also for Toledo Williamsport, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.
For Atlantic City, (daily except Sundays), with day coaches attached, 7:00, 7:30 a. m.
For Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Belvidere, Manunka Chunk,

Science Progress.

VOLCANOES AND EARTHQUAKES.

Facts in Relation to These Violent Efforts and Convulsions of Nature

The majority of the volcanoes are found near, or at least at no very great distance from, the sea, though volcanoes of later age are inulted to regions very different from those in which volcanic action used to be. For instance, in America we have only volcanoes on the Pacific side, and the Andes furnish several. Mexico, Central America and California possess many volcanoes, and as far north as Alaska we find

BIRTH OF A VOLCANO.

Mount Kling. There are plenty of extinct volcanoes in Europe, but the Mediterranean produces the active vents, and about the Red sea and the Caspian, and even in the central chain of Asia, there are volcanoes far from water. The Hawaii Isles, on the other hand, are all volcanic, and Austral asia furnishes us with remarkable specimens, so altogether the testimony tends to prove that where volcanic remains are apparent the sea had at one time been, or now is, near at hand. There are about 270 volcanoes at present in activity. Four in Europe, eleven in Iceland and Jan Mayen's land in Asia, ninety three, in Africa, twenty six, forty six in North America and the Aleutian Isles, twenty seven in Central America and the Antilles, in South America, thirty one, and twenty four islands with volcanic tendencies largely developed. There may be many more "resting."

EARTHQUAKE FISSURES.

Volcanoes are openings or rents which communicate with the melted rock within the earth, and the conical form of volcanoes is owing to the deposits of volcanic matter as it falls from the opening called the crater. The volcano builds its own hill, and inside the crater we find cones from which smoke and steam issue. These cones within the cone are the points of issue of vapor and smoke, miniature volcanoes making up a whole. The signs of eruption are much the same, and usually occur a couple of days before the actual outbreak. First smoke appears, perhaps, and the sulphur of sometimes accompanied by earth quake occur.

New volcanoes are continually in process of formation as the violent efforts of nature break suddenly give rise to outbreaks, which are the most destructive of natural convulsions. The slow subsidence and gradual upheaval of the land is still going on, but we are hardly startled by the account of a rupture of the ground or the destruction of a portion of a city.

The motion of the earthquake is generally in a direct line, but the undulating sometimes what are termed vertical shocks arise and destroy solidly built edifices. Mountains have been overturned by earthquake shocks, and trees have been twisted around. Sometimes the ground yawns into enormous fissures. The sea is tossed into great waves and encroaches upon the land, and when the sea recedes the recession of the water is followed by a more terrible inrushing wave sweeping all before it. Earthquakes often occur far away from volcanoes, and without any visible connection with volcanic action.

Artistic Effects in Metal.

Artistic metal work can be made as prominent a feature in the scheme of decoration of a house or building, says The Builder and Woodworker, as will have the wood work coloring or other elements of ornamentation. Appreciation of this fact is increasing, and architects and their clients no longer consider the only hard ware and other metal work of a building as a matter to be left to chance or to the option of the contractor, but well worthy of careful study, the selection of which for use will have an important bearing on the final result. A great variety of woods are now employed, and an almost equal variety of metals and metal finishes have recently become available. In the proper selection of these, and in the harmonizing of one with the other, there is a large opportunity for the obtaining of beautiful effects.

Hardening Plaster of Paris.

A London exchange calls attention to a process for hardening plaster of paris, making that substance suitable for flooring purposes, communicated to the French Academy of Sciences. The plaster is mixed with one-sixth its weight of flue, freshly sieved lime, and used with as little water as possible. After it is thoroughly dry it is treated with a saturated solution of either zinc sulphate or iron sulphate. With the first the hardened plaster remains white, while the second, by gradual oxidation, yields the color of iron rust, which gives a fine imitation of mahogany under the application of linseed oil.

Sterilizing Water.

The of late much discussed question of sterilizing water for the supply of cities by means of electricity has again cropped up in a paper by Mr. R. Meade Bache, recently read before the American Philosophical society. Mr. Bache has made a number of experiments, which go to prove that a current of electricity sent through water destroys bacteria, but as in prior experiments by others, he was not able to ascertain whether the liberated oxygen or the electricity it self kills the germs. In any case the water is at least partially sterilized.

A new thing in nails is a lead headed nail, which has appeared in the London market. In the process of extruding rods, the lead head flattens under the blow of the hammer, thus preventing leakage.

THE OTHER HALF OF THE HOUSEHOLD

An Artistic Luncheon.

A Pretty Scheme for the Decoration of Luncheon Tables.

A very pretty arrangement for a luncheon party of sixteen is that of illustrating the four seasons with four small tables, each seating four people. The first, or spring table, is all in delicate shades of green and white. Lilies of the valley and maiden hair form in silver glass vases stand on a centerpiece wrought with catkins, and pale green ribbons lie along the cloth from the center half way to the corners, where they tie round lily of the valley bouquets, the loops and sides of the bow falling with the cloth at the corners nearly to the floor. The summer table is next, in a rose table, and flowers of the deepest mingled blue and pink are pleading though not exactly novel. The autumn table is sure to be yellow and its flowers chrysanthemums, and the winter table is set with quantities of cut glass. In the tall cut glasses holly berries and snowdrops are intermingled, and the glossy green ivy leaves form a mat around the central candelabra of cut glass with scarlet silk shades. The only unpleasant feature of this style of luncheon is that sometimes a tactless hostess seats the sensitive maid who has seen a good many seasons come and go in vain at the autumn table, and she doesn't like it.

A Nice Dish of Turnips.

Peel the turnips, boil them in slightly salted water till they are half done, take them out, slice off a thin bit from the bottom to insure their standing firmly and cut a piece off the top, scoop out the middle of the turnips, make a stuffing with minced veal, onion and parsley, and with it fill the turnips, use the slice which was cut off the top as a cover, tie them round with thread, place them in a shallow saucepan pour over them some boiling broth (gravy is preferable), add a lump of butter, season and let them simmer till quite tender, which will take from one to two hours, then on a dish, remove the threads, thicken the sauce with the yolk of an egg, pour it over the turnips and serve hot. These will take about two hours.

Rose Leaves.

The whites of four eggs, beaten stiff, two cups of white sugar, one cup of butter, two cups of sweet milk, two spoonfuls of baking powder, a spoonful of rose flavoring and flour to make quite a thick batter. Drop in spoonfuls, about an inch apart, on a baking tin and bake in a quick oven. If made just right they will come out lovely sweet puffy cakes, light and delicate. For icing make the usual white frosting, and color pink with fruit coloring, red sugar, or a few drops of cochineal. Flavor strong with vanilla. These are very nice to serve with ice cream, says The Housekeeper's Weekly.

Fruit Roll.

Bread dough ready for the oven and roll it thin, spread lightly with butter, sprinkle with currants, seeded and halved raisins, sugar and a little cinnamon, cut into 3 inch wide strips and roll up like jelly cake. Lay them flat in a baking pan or tin, cover them set in a warm place and bake when light. The top should be eaten within three or four days.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—64 Madison Avenue;

Office—37 North avenue, (with Weeden & Buckle).

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

25 West Front Street.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black seamless Hose, 7c.

Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.

Herredorf fast black Hose, 22 and 25c.

Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 25c.

Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.

Hermsdorf fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 67c.

8 button length Suede Mo quitaires, in tans, and slate, 85c.

We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.

New line of black and colored silk gimps.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

MASTER'S SALE.

IN CHANCERY OF NEW JERSEY.

On bill for partition. Between Abram M. Vail, complainant, and Isaac D. Vail, et al., defendants.

By virtue of a decree in the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, made in the above cause, I shall expose for sale at public vendue on the

THURSDAY, THE TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF

next, between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, that certain tract or parcel of land and all of the lands and premises hereinafter particularly described, to wit, all those certain tracts and parcels of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Plainfield, in the County and State of New Jersey, described as follows:

FIRST PLOT.

Beginning at a stake being a corner of property of the estate of John Vail, deceased, and the westerly corner of property conveyed by Samuel M. Clifford to Abram Vail and Isaac D. Vail (First Plot), and running thence in a Southeasterly direction along said Spooner's line, a distance of about one hundred and fifty feet to a corner of lot sold by said Clifford to Mordecai Spooner; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of about one hundred feet to another corner of said lot; thence along the line of said lot in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred and fifty feet to the line of Division avenue; thence in a Northeasterly direction along the line of Division avenue, a distance of fifty-five feet to the line of lot sold by Vail and Hills to John F. O'Rourke; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and ninety-seven and six-tenths feet to the corner of lot sold by Vail and Hills to John F. O'Rourke; thence along the line of his lot in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and ninety-seven and six-tenths feet to the corner of lot sold by Vail and Hills to John F. O'Rourke; thence along the line of his lot in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and twenty-five one-hundredths feet to a stone in the road of Seventh street; thence along said road in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and twenty-five one-hundredths feet to a point in the rear line of Seventh street lots; thence along the line of said lots in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of about forty-five and two-tenths feet to a corner of lot sold by Vail and Vail to James Weston; thence along said line of lot in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and ninety-seven feet to the line of land of Sarah Ann Firebrook in a Northwesterly direction a distance of about three hundred and seventy-seven feet to a corner of said Firebrook's lot; thence along said lot in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and sixty feet to a corner of said lot; thence along said lot in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and sixty feet to the line of Fourth street; thence along said line of West Fourth street; thence along said corner line of West Fourth street in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of about ninety-nine feet to a point in the corner of the First Baptist Church; thence along the line of said Cemetery and the line of land sold by Vail and Hills to John F. O'Rourke, in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred and sixty-seven feet to the Southerly corner of lot sold by Vail and Hills to John F. O'Rourke; thence along the line of said Cemetery in a Northeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred and seventy-five feet to a corner of lot sold by Vail and Vail to David Stewart; thence along the line of said lot in a Southeasterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and forty-six feet to the corner of said lot; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and seventy-five feet to the line of West Fourth street; thence along said line of said street in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of about ninety-nine feet to a point in the corner of John Street; thence along the line of said John street in a Northwesterly direction a distance of two hundred and eighty-six feet to a point and place of beginning.

THIRD PLOT.

Beginning at a stake in the intersection of the center lines of West Fourth street and John street, being a corner of property of the estate of West Fourth street in a Northwesterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the line of land sold by Vail and Vail to David Stewart; thence along the line of said Cemetery in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a corner of lot sold by Vail and Vail to David Stewart; thence in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and forty-six feet to a point in the center of John street; thence along the center of said John street in a Northwesterly direction a distance of two hundred and eighty-six feet to a point and place of beginning.

The above described premises being to be subject to the Line said Vail by deed dated May 31, 1888, except such portions of the same as have been heretofore conveyed by the said Vail to other parties, including the estate and interest of the said Vail in and to Fourth, Fourth A. Line, widow of Hezekiah Line, deceased, in and to the premises and having been assigned to Samuel A. Hills and Isaac D. Vail, executors of the last will and testament of said Hezekiah Line, deceased, and the said Samuel A. Hills and Isaac D. Vail, executors as aforesaid, and to the said premises belonging or appertaining, as shall be necessary to pay and satisfy a mortgage executed by Abram M. Vail and Margaret E. Lane, as which mortgage there is now due and owing the sum of five thousand and eighty dollars for principal money with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent. per annum from the first day of April, 1891, and the costs and charges of this sale, and the expenses of the said executors as aforesaid, which said premises will be sold free and clear of the lien of the said mortgage, and of all claims and demands of the said executors as aforesaid, and of all persons claiming by, through or under them.

Dated February 15, 1892.

ISAAC D. VAIL,

Special Master in Chancery of New Jersey.

Drake & Mason, Solicitors.

Chas. A. Mason, Solicitor. 2 23 4t

THE ARIZONA KICKER.

Everything Still Booming in the Genial West.

FOUND DEAD.—In this Sunday morning's issue we have to announce the death of Big Jim, the half breed, who has been a local character for years. The deceased was found dead in his cabin last night with whisky dowsed him, and the boys chipped in enough to buy him a coffin.

Big Jim was the first man in this town we drew a gun on us, and he shot both hind buttons off our coat while we were on the run. He was also the first man to clean out our editorial office after we got started. He chased us down a draw on through a window and the stove after us and we ran four miles before we made a halt. We can't say that we regret his death, but indulge in the hope that he will keep warm during the coming winter.

FOOR OLD FLAT.—The other day we received forty-eight large sheets of red cardboard from Chicago on which to print signs of "for sale" and "to rent." A red cardboard sign had never been seen in this town, and the enterprise of The Kicker in spanning no expense to introduce them was generally and favorably commented on. This, as a matter of course, rankled in the breast of our contemporary down the street, and when one of those signs was nailed up opposite his office he was goaded to desperation. He went up and waited for us at Cowboy alley, and when we came along he pulled his gun and began blazing away.

Poor old cross eyed, knock kneed alleged editor! He shot and shot, and not a bullet came within a rod of us, and when he got through we picked him up and dropped him into an empty barrel and went our way. We have given him at least fifteen first rate chances to kill us, but his shooting is on a par with his editing. We rather like to see him break out once in awhile. It is proof that he has been richly trained in the school of journalism he might have been something of a hustler. We shan't hurt him, and if it is any consolation for him to come gunning after us he's welcome to it.

SHE STILL FLOATS.—Last week we had an editorial advising Uncle Sam to take possession of Mexico and make it a portion of this great and glorious country. We were somewhat hilarious when we wrote it, and perhaps we brought up the stuff a spangled banner ten or twelve feet higher than she is usually boosted. However, The Kicker never takes anything back which happens to be connected with Bunker Hill, Valley Forge and the immortal George.

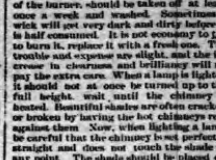
It seems that the article gave offense to Senor Emanuel Garcia, the greaser who runs the gambling shop over the postoffice and Monday forenoon he visited the office to pull our nose and express his dissatisfaction. He found us off our guard and rather had the advantage for the first twenty seconds, but when we got to work he didn't last long. A doctor says he will pull through if inflammation or erysipelas doesn't set in, and we are glad of it if he was inclined that way. We object to hanging a man who won't fight for his country. That's what we were imbued with when we wrote the article, and at this stage of the game the old flag still proudly floats in the breeze of liberty. We don't know whether Uncle Sam will take our advice or not, but we want to drop a hint right here that in case of a war with a foreign power this town will expect to do more than its share to shed more gore than any other ten of equal size in the west.—M. Quad in New York World.

Religiously Speaking Eighties.

If lamps be governed there proper attention one cannot wish for a more satisfactory light. The great secret of having a good light is to keep the wicks trimmed so that they will burn clear and not smoke. Use a good oil and be careful in trimming the lamps. Put a folded newspaper on the table so that any drops of oil that may fall and drops of oil may fall upon it. Wash and wipe the chimneys and shades. Now take off all those parts of the burner that will burn in hot soap suds and wiping with a clean soft cloth. Trim the wicks and turn them quite low. With a soft, wet cloth wipe off every drop of oil from the burner; working the cloth as much as possible inside the burner to get off every particle of the charred wick. Now fill the lamps within about one inch of the top and wipe off with a damp towel and then a dry one. Adjust all the parts and return them to their proper places. Whenever a new wick is required in a lamp, wash and scald the burner before putting in the wick. With a student lamp the receptacle for waste oil, which is screwed on the bottom of the burner, should be taken off at least once a week and washed. Sometimes a wick will get very dark and dirty before it is half consumed. It is not necessary to let it burn it, replace it with a fresh one. The trouble and expense are slight, and the increase in cleanness and brilliancy will repay the extra care. Wheat a lamp is lighted it should not at once be turned up to the full height, wait until the chimney is heated. Beautiful shades are often cracked or broken by having the hot chimney rest against them. Now, when lighting a lamp be careful that the chimney is set perfectly straight and does not touch the shade at any point. The shade should be placed on the lamp as soon as it is lighted.

A Decorative Door Weight.

Not every home has its doors provided with hooks, whereby they may be firmly fastened open, neither are those hooks an really convenient as the old fashioned door weight, with which a door may be held at any angle one pleases. Our cut gives a



COVERED DOOR WEIGHT.

suggestion for converting this prosaic but useful article into a decorative object as well.

The material used is a dull blue serge, embroidered in two shades of blue silk and edged with silk cord. The bundle is lined and stiffened with canvas.

On a Cold Day.

He—There's a good deal to be said in favor of cremation.

She (shivering)—Yes, indeed. It's so clean and nice and warm!—Exchange.

Correctly.

"I think it is too bad," said Mrs. Brownsmith, "that I have to slave all day Sunday just the same as any other day in the week, while you just sit around the house and do nothing but smoke and read."

"But you forget, my dear," replied Mr. B. in his blandest tones, "that the Sabbath was made for man."—Boston Transcript.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.

Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.

2 15 3m* E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE

SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.

Select family hotel.

Thawy furnished and steam heated through out.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK S. MILLER.

12 2 6m

CARPETS!

Large stock, se ected patterns; largest and best lighted carpet rooms; lowest prices.

Dress Goods—Immense variety of new Spring novelties in Dress Goods; 50 pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, 36 yard, worth 15c.

Muslin Underwear—For ladies, misses and children; all full sized, well-made garments, and at prices that cannot be equalled.

Price of the Look—We are still selling this popular brand of 4-4 un lin at 5c. Good Toweling, 4c; best prints 5c; white blankets, 35c and 61 19 pair.

Agent for King Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa. Look out f r announcement of our annual Spring and Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.

E. H. HOUGH, 7 West Front street.

DON'T FORGET!

If you are thinking of going to Europe, that you can get circulars, prices, tickets and all information concerning the Anchor Line Steamers Alsatia, Etruria, Devonia Cyclonia, Furnessia, City of Rome, from Henry D. Morrison, agent.

Tickets for friends or relatives to come from the other side.

11 Somerset street, or Lock Box I.

SOMETHING NEW

AT

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S.

There are about 50 extra large Japanese Rugs that were $3.75, we close them out at $2.75. Half value.

There are 100 extra fine Japanese Rugs, fringed, real value $3, your choice for 79c.

300 yards extra fine cr am damasked table linen, 70 inches wide; value 65c., our price 45c.

50 dozen fine linen glass towels, the kind for 10c.

There is an extra good thing in our unbleached 5-hook Foster Kid Glove, made to sell for $1, our price 79c

We ask special attention to a line of Hamburgh Embroideries that are said to be the finest in quality and design and the lowest in price ever brought in to Plainfield.

Another one of those full, regular made Ladies' Black Hose. Value 25c., our price 19c.

Gen lemen there are 1000 fine four-in-hand ties and Tuck Scarfs, same as you usually pay 50c for; our price 25c.

Our sale of fine tron granite ware still on times. This is the finest lot we have ever offered, and you may be sure it is about the same price that you pay for good tinware.

Van Emburgh & White.

Special Offer!

IN ELEGANT NEW SPRING CARPETS for a short time. This Special Offer amounts to a considerable saving to the purchaser, and is well worth taking advantage of.

The 40 inch Brussels, 40 grades in cotton and wool, Tapestry Brussels, Body Brussels, and a good line of Moquettes.

Of all these we have a complete piece in the store, so there can be no delay in filling orders.

In addition we have been selling for several years, for Messrs. W. and J. Sloane, of New York, which enable us to sell from their house, either from samples here, or from your own selections there, at the same Prices as those at which they sell from their warerooms, and we can handle the largest and best trade in this city. This agency applies to anything in their house.

By these and other special advantages at our hand this season, we can confidently assure our patrons that we can make it to their interest to give us an early call

Special Bargains are now offered in Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portieres, etc.

EDSALL'S! EDSALL'S!

CUT THIS OUT.

THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.

This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.

This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

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This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

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This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.

This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

House-furnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that o hers can't touch (under the circumstances), 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 25c. Herald Tooth Powder at cents.

J. C. ALLEN, 49 West Front Street.

WE HAVE IT!

WHAT IS IT?

The Best 25c. Table Butter in Plainfield.

Our Tea and Coffee Department is a whole store in itself.

All Kinds of Sugar 4½c. lb.

Our quality of goods; square dealing and low prices have won for us both name and fame throughout Union county.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 27 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH

THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS

AND

BONELESS BACON?

Order them of

R. W. RICE & CO.

THE North Plainfield Grocers.

Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread as white
And biscuits as light.
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the finest FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DELEVAN IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have the Best Feed, Barley, Oats and Jersey Bran, and make a specialty of rechoud Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

23 to 29 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

NO AUCTION SALE AT CAREY'S

UNTIL

FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1892.

Remember, we have the

Finest and Best Storage Rooms

in the city.

76, 78 and 80 West Front Street.

Also come and get your Rod and Bobbins, etc., at Carey's.

This Date in History—Feb. 26.

1815—Battle of Bonrmonte and death of Murat, King of the two Sicilies. Pope Alexander VI excommunicated him and Pope Julius II gave away his kingdom to one who could take it" a French prince had the right and gained the kingdom.

1802—Lafayette, Napoleon, Duke of Rochefoucault, and Catholic satirist and general thinker, born; died in exile 1874.

1816—Rossini, Rivarey, author of "Mefistofeles," born.

1820—Victor Hugo, French novelist and dramatist, born.

1868—The "Armstrong Curtsgun-house" relating to the trouble with France laid before the House of Representatives.

1881—Thomas Moore, lyric poet, died in Wiltshire; born in Dublin 1779.

1885—Charles Guiteau convicted of murdering President Garfield; hanged June 30.

1887—Vance, N. T., swept by an extraordinary flood. Much sentiment aroused by dispatches that Anna Dickinson had been placed in a lunatic asylum.

A Smart Man.

Managing Editor (to proprietor)—Fiyer, pay up town man, ought to have a desk. He's the best reporter we've got.

Proprietor—How's that, I thought he was a regular stick.

Managing Editor—Stick? Why, he's a genius. He found that broken rail that caused that accident on the Zig Zag Central, and sat on a stone eight hours waiting for the next accident to occur, so he could get the story in tonight's paper.—Drake's Magazine.

Where?

The editor in chief looked up over his spectacles and remarked to the managing editor:

"I notice in this literary magazine that Walter Besant asks, 'Where have all our poets gone?'"

"Ugh!" grunted the managing editor, and he went out and gazed down into the dank, dark, silent abyss of the elevator shaft for as much as two minutes.—Detroit Free Press.

Blouses for Day and Evening Wear.

The blouse still retains its popularity. To women who have to dress economically it is almost indispensable. The newest blouses for day wear are of plaid or striped silk, trimmed with a single row of feather stitching around the collar, cuffs and waistband. They are worn with tweed dresses, and look pretty nice under the fashionable open fronted coats. Evening bodices are wonderfully dressy. Some are made entirely of Valenciennes lace. The bosque is finished off with a deep flounce and the sleeves are puffed on the shoulders and tied with ribbon at the wrists. The collar is a variation on the Medici. A pale blue satin de Nisi or rose colored silk slip looks pretty under a lace bodice.

A very pretty bodice is made of pale pink crepe de chine. It is called the Pandora. The neck is cut in the favorite V shape and trimmed with a fluffy frill which forms a kind of fichu, and the sleeves, which are manifestly inspired by those of the elbow with ribbon. It is a beautifully fitting bodice and may be worn at the theater or table d'hote. Another new model is made of pale silk and has puffed silk sleeves. It puts one in mind of a jockey's jacket. Perhaps the prettiest bodice of all is made of sky blue silk puffed around the neck and basque with soft, filmy stuff the same color. The neck was cut modestly low and the sleeves were somewhat full and reached to the elbow.

Carbolic acid has been recommended as good for sweetening the tool with which hardened steel is worked.

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

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ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY FEBRUARY 27 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be generally colder and fair.

BREVITIES.

—The borough Council will hold a regular meeting next Friday evening.

—Prof. John Lane, a prominent gospel temperance lecturer, from New York, will address the meeting at Reform Hall at 7.45 Sunday evening.

—Last evening a woman with a lighted lantern was searching the city for her husband. She made inquiries of the police, but then had seen she had not succeeded in finding him.

—Prof. F. A. Jones expert optician, will be at the store of C. Dickinson, 13 Park avenue on Monday, Feb. 29. All persons troubled with weak eyes and nervous headaches are invited to call. No charge for examination.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Sarah Butcbe, the wife of George Butcbe of West Front street, died last evening after a lingering illness.

Mr. Jacob Blimm of Somerset street will leave this evening with the members of the old volunteer fire department of New York for New Orleans.

The numerous friends of Mr. Henry P. Pugh will regret to learn that this good citizen expects to remove with his family to Plainfield on April 1st. He would have bought a lot and built a residence here but was unable to secure land in a desirable location at a reasonable price. —Bound Brook Chronicle.

A pretty home weddiug took place at the residence of the bride's parents at Brookville, L. I., on Monday last, on the night of Washington's Birthday, when Louise, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nelson D. Giles, was united in marriage to William J. Giles, by the Rev. J. A. Cubberly. The bride wore a becoming dress of light silk and was attended by Mary Runyon was bridesmaid, and Charles Runyon best man. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. J. Runyon, and daughter; Miss McIntosh, Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Steyens, E. Runyon, of Newark; Mr. and Mrs. M. Runyon, Mr. N. Runyon, Mr. and Mrs. W. Smalley, Miss Lizzie and Ada Runyon, Miss Gert. Runyon, Mrs. Frank Runyon, of Stelton, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Coriell, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Giles, the Misses Jennie and Mary Giles, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Bayuon, of Plainfield; Mr. Joe Field, Mr. H. Field, Mr. S. Bond, Mr. G. Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Giles, of Bound Brook; Mr. and Mrs. H. Giles, Mrs. E. Dunham, S. Bedell, of Dunellen, Mr. Chas. Dayton, Mr. J. I. Brokaw, Miss Brokaw, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Dunham and son, Mr. Bernard; the Misses Minnie Currie and Nettie Dayton, of New Market; Mr. and Mrs. E. Schenck, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Giles, Mr. and Mrs. C. Randolph, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Boice, Mr. and Mrs. W. Randolph, Mr. and Mrs. A. Tuppen, Mr. and Mrs. DeWitt Giles, Mr. H. Boice, Mrs. L. Boice, Mr. Chas. Giles, and the Misses Edna and Lulu Boice of Randolphville. The bride and groom received many beautiful and useful presents. They left Wednesday on their honeymoon.

Dean's Stabat Mater Lectures.

A most interesting course of Lenten lectures upon "The Stabat Mater" will be given by Mr. Frederic Dean, in Behr Bros. Hall, No. 81 Fifth avenue, on successive Thursday mornings, at eleven o'clock, during the first six weeks in Lent, March 10, 17th, 24th, and 31st. The lectures will be illustrated with selections from the most famous musical settings of this ancient Latin hymn, rendered by eminent soloists with the accompaniments of piano, organ and orchestra. The works chosen for illustrations are "The Stabat Maters" of Joquin des Pres, Astorga Pergolesi, Haydn, Rossini, Palestrina, and Dvorak.

Especial attention has been given to the "Stabat Mater" of Astorga, which will have its initial American performance at the third of these lectures, and will be given with solo and chorus and with the original orchestral accompaniment of the composer and will be conducted by Mr. Jerre Scharenwka.

Among the patronesses of this course are, Mrs. Daniel Butterfield, Mrs. D. P. Griswold, Mrs. W. B. Dinsmore, Mrs. Howard D. Bean, Mrs. James Grant Wilson, Miss Ida M. Tarbell, C. H. Dickson, Mrs. George Place and others.

As the subscription tickets are limited in number, those desiring seats apply for them at once.

An Incendiary Attempt.

Some one attempted to set fire to the stables connected with Laing's Hotel Thursday evening. Fortunately the attempt was frustrated by the vigilence of the police. Some years ago the stables were destroyed by fire. The fire at that time was the work of an incendiary.

Seriously Injured.

Mr. J. Lewis Ollif, the young man who was thrown from his bicycle Thursday evening by colliding with a carriage on Park avenue near Seventh street, appears to be more seriously injured than was at first reported. He is still in a comatose state.

A Cold Wave Promised.

The weather prognostication for tonight and to-morrow is chilling.

It says "the cold wave will reach here by to-night and the thermometer will register several degrees below freezing." Get out your heavy clothing again.

The Chronothanatoletron To-Night.

The "long-named" entertainment to be given by the "Ys" at the Casino this evening is causing much curiosity. The young ladies anticipate a large audience. The proceeds of the entertainment are to be used for charity.

State Charities Aid Association.

The regular meeting of the Union county branch of the State Charities Aid Association of New Jersey was held last evening at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. in this City.

SUMMER RESORT FOR THE Y. M. C. A.

A Home by the Sea Presented to Them by a New Jersey Land Company.

A number of New Jersey capitalists have banded themselves together, organized a stock company, and purchased a large track of land just north of Asbury Park, fronting on the picturesque Deal Lake. On this tract a plot of ten acres has been formally presented to the State Young Men's Christian Associations, and it has been accepted by the State committee. The company also propose to erect for them a large building, to be used as a training school, similar to the institution conducted by Mr. Moody at Northfield, Mass. This will be fitted out with a fully equipped gymnasium and bowling alley, and will be utilized as a sort of general assembly of the State associations.

The company will also set apart a portion of the grounds for camping purposes, and will make a bicycle track and a base ball field. The grounds will be handsomely arranged and graded, and all the expense will be borne by the company.

This will be a most desirable resort during the Summer months for the young men connected with the associations. The sale of liquor and similar objectionable drinks will be restricted, and the place will be conducted in a manner befitting the purposes for which it is established.

NO FASTING DURING LENT.

Catholic Rules to be Relaxed Because of the Gip.

The Roman Catholics in the Diocese of Newark are to be exempted from fasting and abstinence during Lent by a special dispensation of the Pope, owing to the prevalence of the grip. The usual lenten regulations had been issued by Bishop Wigger, but they have been done away with by this action of the Pope, and a new circular will be issued by Bishop Wigger in regard to the observance of Lent.

At a conference of the Catholic clergy in Elizabeth yesterday Bishop Wigger announced that he had received from Rome authority to dispense with fasting and abstinence during the present incurable grip. He said that a circular letter announcing this fact and giving new regulations for Lent will be issued, to be read in all the churches to-morrow. He also said that living, prayer and works of mortification will take the place of fasting and abstinence.

BANKING AND INSURANCE.

The First Annual Report of the Commissioner a Very Interesting One.

George S. Duryee, the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, has finished and sent to the Legislature his first annual report. It thus far deals with savings banks and building and loan associations. The insurance companies will be dealt with later.

There are twenty-six savings banks in the State, two of which, the Dime at Woodbridge; and the Elizabethport Savings Banks are in process of voluntary liquidation. The deposits of these banks were small and the patrons of the Dime will suffer.

The total resources of savings banks have increased during the past year $1,238,333.67, on January 1, 1892, they were $26,875.45; the amount of deposits was $23,637,704.09; surplus $2,977,239.35, and the other liabilities $60,871.58. With the exception of $350,285 in bonds of railroads and canal companies, the total resources of the banks are invested in real estate and bonds and mortgages in New Jersey, bonds of the federal government, first mortgage railroad bonds, bonds of the State, and the various cities and counties of the State. The mortgage loans on January 1st of this present year the amount to $14,326,411, an increase during the year of $790,729. The aggregate amount invested in building loans amounts to $590,628, and increase of $160,393. The real estate acquired under foreclosure is $615,567.61 on hand last, showing a decrease of $19,808 during the year.

On the first day of this year the banks had $1,445,961.61 to the credit of their depositors during the year have increased $1,385,004, which is not quite up to the increase during the previous year by nearly five years. The amount on deposit now in the banks of this State is represented in the State is 131,739—6,000 more than last year. The surplus held by the institutions amounts to $2,977,265, an increase of $39,967.

The average rate of interest paid by the savings banks of this State is represented by the fraction in 3.5 per cent. Thirteen banks paid 3 per cent.; two paid 3 and 2 per cent.; one paid 2½; one one 3½; four paid 3 and 4; and two paid 4 per cent. During 1891 there was a decline in interest which is $43,273 more than was paid last year.

The result of the periodic examinations shows the institutions to be in a sound and prosperous condition, and a word of commendation of the spirit and method of management is justified by the facts. The requirements of the law with respect to investments is closely followed. Biennial examinations are made, and are found to assist materially in preventing the decline of the institutions. A statement showing the condition of savings banks in the hands of receivers is being prepared and will accompany the report.

There are thirty-two State banks in operation, six of which increased their capital during the past year. Sixteen trust companies are also under the control of this department. The total resources of these companies amount to $26,993,732.27, and the deposits.

The commissioner recommends an act requiring these companies to deposit savings deposits and invest them only as provided under the Saving Bank law.

The Masquerade Ball.

The Committee of Arrangements, who have charge of the Masquerade ball of the Plainfield Gesang and Turning Society, are doing all in their power to make the affair a grand success. They have secured the services of Mr. Theodore Vroom, who is now busily engaged decorating the hall. The ball is to be given next Monday evening. A prize will be awarded to the lady wearing the best costume. The committee will be at the hall as advertised.

EPISODES RECALLED.

BY THE RECENT DEATH OF A FORMER PLAINFIELDER.

Story of How He Led the Most Remarkable-Looking Fire Company Ever Seen in a Civilized or Uncivilised Community.

The life of William H. Racey of Montclair, a former well-known Plainfielder, who died in Salisbury, N. C., on Feb 23d, while en route with his son and daughter to Asheville, N. C., for his health, and who was buried in Greenwood this afternoon, was full of incidents, at least one of which has found its way into several books.

Mr. Racey was born Oct. 15, 1823, in New York city. When a boy he ran with Engine company No. 40, and on Oct. 25, 1855, joined the Volunteer Fire Department, and soon became prominent as a member. He was successively elected secretary, assistant foreman, and in 1860, foreman. On the occasion of the visit to America of the Prince of Wales, he served as chairman of the Committee on Music engaged for the parade of the New York firemen in honor of the royal visitor.

At the outbreak of the war, he entered as a private in the 1st Regiment of New York, and served three months.

He next raised a company and went with Burnside to North Carolina. This was Company I of the 23d New York Vols., which enlisted to serve for three years in the war.

The regiment's terrible losses in battle, during the Burnside expeditions in 1862, caused it to be disbanded by order of Gen. McClennan, who then commanded the army of the Potomac. Upon his return home Mr. Racey again applied to Governor Morgan for permission to raise a military company for service in the field. The application was, however, denied, whereupon Mr. Racey in fulfillment of a promise made to Gen. Burnside, repaired in June, 1862, to New Berne, N. C. Upon his arrival there he was offered but declined a commission as an officer in a Massachusetts regiment.

Shortly after his going to New Berne, he threw organized a fire department based upon the plan adopted in New York. The first company formed was the Liberty Hose Company No. 1, and with Mr. Racey as foreman. Other companies were organized, and in one year seven different apparatus were added to the department, of which Mr. Racey was elected chief engineer.

Besides rendering aid as firemen, the members of the Department also occasionally did service as soldiers, and during an attack made upon the city by the rebels, Mr. Racey, while in command of seven hundred men, was assigned to duty in the breastworks.

In Barnum's old museum, on the present site of the Herald building, firemen once appeared as actors in a play entitled "The Iron Chief." Mr. Harrywood, Mr. Barnum's manager, had observed that the "Lady Washington Light Guard," composed of members of Engine Co., No. 40, marched with considerable precision, having been drilled industriously. He said, "by my soul, they'll do to perform some of their evolutions in our new military play!"

The idea was not distasteful to the men of Engine Co. No. 40, and they agreed to accept the proposal, and turn out for rehearsal the next morning at some unfortunate members.

At the time they appeared on the stage of the lecture room of the museum, some dressed as Hessians and Continentals, and others in citizens' dress, "Moll" Pitcher, the famous heroine of Revolutionary days; but while in the midst of the performance the fire bell in Hall hall sounded an alarm for fire. "Boys," yelled Fireman Racy, who was acting manager during the play, "there is a fire in the Seventh District!" Instantly his thirty comrades bolted from the stage, rushed up Fulton street, got their engine, and started with it—the most extraordinary looking fire company ever seen in the street of a civilized or uncivilized community, "Moll" Pitcher at the head of the rope, and five Indian bounding and a fireman's trumpet. On reaching the fire, followed by a motely throng, during which the laughter of the sight, the firemen applied themselves earnestly to the brakes, while Greenwood, in the Museum, was in a state of excitement, to the audience the cause of his sudden dilemma.

Barnum has published a picture and description of the scene in his "Struggles and Triumphs," and this is taken from a book published by M. Crane, 21 College-place, and one by Harper Bros., entitled "Perquisites of the Ladies of New York," and "The Volunteer Fire Department."

Mr. Racy was a prominent in the Military Order of the Loyal Legion; the Veterans of the 71st Reg.; the Society of the Army of the Potomac; Volunteer Firemen and the G. A. R. Four daughters and one son survive him.

[Notice of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be handed in before noon Saturday to insure insertion the same day.]

Park Place Chapel. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Preaching at 7.45 p. m., by Dr. Carroll.

Monroe Avenue Chapel. Sunday-school at 2 p. m. Preaching at 3 p. m. by Mr. James McGee.

The Gospel services at the Mt. Pleasant School House every evening will be led by Mr. Seely Edsall.

Mr. E. L. Suffern will speak at the Memorial Chapel at Washingtonville tomorrow evening.

The Bible and Workers Training Classes will meet as usual at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at 3.15 p. m.

The young men's meeting will be held as usual to-morrow at 4.15 p. m. in the Y. M. C. A. rooms. All are welcome.

Church of the Holy Innocents (Episcopal, Dunellen) Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Church service at 3.30 p. m. Seats free.

Devotional services of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society every Sunday at Reform Hall at 9.15 a. m., and at 4 p. m.

Services will be held in St. Mary's church to-morrow at 7.30, 8.30, 9.45 and 10.45 p. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m.

There will be the usual meetings in the C. T. U. rooms to-morrow, at 3 p. m., and 4 p. m. A praise service will be held this evening at 7.45 o'clock.

Mr. Hugh Boyle of the Y. M. C. A. are requested to bring a friend to the young men's meeting to be held at the association rooms to-morrow at 4.15 p. m.

Services to-morrow in the Park avenue Baptist church. Preaching at 10.30 a. m., and 7.45 p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. All are welcome. Seats free.

Services will be held in the German Reformed church to-morrow at 10.30 a. m., and 8 p. m. Sunday-school at 9.15 a. m. Weekly service Wednesday evening at 8.45 p. m.

Crescent avenue church. Rev. W. R. Richards, pastor. Services to-morrow at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. All seats free at the evening service.

First Unitarian church, Second place. The pastor, Rev. Hobart Clark will preach. Services at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at 11.45 a. m. All seats free and the public cordially invited.

In the Trinity Reformed church tomorrow the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, will preach morning and evening at 10.30 and 7.30. Sabbath-school will meet at 2.30 p. m. All are invited.

Services at the Church of the Heavenly Rest to-morrow, Quinquagesima Sunday, will be morning prayer and sermon at eleven o'clock. Sunday-school at 3 p. m. Service on Ash Wednesday at 10.30 a. m. Evening prayer at 7.30 p. m.

The church of the Holy Cross the Rev. T. Logan Murphy rector. The celebration of the Holy Communion at 8.30 a. m. Holy Communion, 10.45 a. m. Evening and sermon at 11 a. m. Even song at 4.30 p. m.

Services will be held in the First Church of Christ to-morrow at 10.30 a. m. The Lord's Supper at 11.45 a. m. Sunday-school at 3 p. m. Preaching at 7.30 p. m. Ladies prayer meeting at 3 p. m. All are welcome.

Warren Mission. Sunday-school at 2.30. Praise service at 7.30. Devotional service at eight o'clock conducted by Mr. George D. Morrison. Christian Endeavor meeting Tuesday evening at eight o'clock to which all are invited.

Congregational church West Seventh street. Rev. C. H. Goodrich pastor. Morning worship at 10.30. At 7.30 p. m. there will be a special service under the auspices of the Y. P. S. C. E. Address Cruikshank of Brooklyn will deliver an address.

Services in the Park avenue Baptist church to-morrow at 10.30 a. m., and 7.45 p. m. The Rev. Jesse L. Hurlbut, D. D., will preach in the morning, and the Rev. H. W. Hulbert of New York, in the evening. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. All welcome. Seats free.

Methodist Episcopal church. The pastor, Rev. Chas. S. Mitchell, will preach at 10.30 a. m., the third sermon in a series of four on the text was Life: Man's Manifest in the Flesh?" Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Epworth League at 7 p. m. Evening sermon by the pastor at 7.45 p. m. Subject: "Bondage, but not Slavery."

The services in St. Joseph's church, Manning avenue, North Plainfield, during Lent will be as follows: Low mass at 6.30 and high mass at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at 3 p. m., and vesper service at 4 p. m. Lenten services every Wednesday and Friday evening at eight o'clock.

Grace church, Rev. E. M. Rodman, rector. Feb. 28th, Quinquagesima Sunday. Early Communion at 8 a. m. Sunday-school 2.30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at 3 p. m. Evening service at 4.30 p. m. Ash Wednesday. Early celebration of Holy Communion at 7.30 a. m. Morning service at 10 a. m. Evening service at 4.30 p. m.

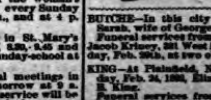
Church of our Saviour, Netherwood, Rev. S. P. Simpson. Quinquagesima Sunday. Holy Communion 7.30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school 3 p. m. Evening prayer at 4.45. Two free stages leave Park station on North avenue for church Sunday morning at 10.30 for the church. Rectory, Grove street, Mr. Putnam's house. Return to Plainfield on the conclusion of the services.

First Baptist church—9.30 a. m., service of prayer for the ingathering upon the services of the day; 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. preaching by the Rev. Dr. D. Stuart Dodge. 12 m. Bible School and young men's Bible classes meet. Weekly appointments at 4 p. m. as follows: Monday, the Bible Normal class. Wednesday, the regular church prayer meeting. Friday, prayer meeting of the Young People's League. All, especially the young, are invited to these services.

Strange Actions.

Monday afternoon a young man entered Thomas' restaurant and inquired if supper was ready. Being informed that it would be ready in a short time he looked around for some one to play pool with him. He was accomodated and lost several games. After supper he proceeded to play pool with several who he got through had eleven games to his account. Mr. Taylor thought it was about time that a settlement was made. The young man pulled a note book out of his pocket and began to figure at a lively rate, tearing out the page and putting it into his pocket when he got through. The proprietor again asked him to settle when the form of figuring was resumed, arousing a suspicion in Mr. Taylor's mind that everything was not right. He and the young man's upper story. He sent immediately for Constable Warden, who examined the young man and found that he was from Brooklyn, N. Y. He gave his name as Hamilton and was in trouble with his parents. They were telegraphed to and an answer received asking Mr. Taylor to take care of the young man until Tuesday morning. Mr. Dunlop came up Tuesday, paid the bill and thanked the hotel people for their kindness to the lad. He said the boy's mind occasionally became unbalanced and he left home Saturday night. Nothing was learned from him until the telegram came. Cigarette smoking was evidently the cause.—Bound Brook Chronicle.

Dunellen Correspondence.



BUTCHE—In this city Feb. 26th, 1892, Sarah, wife of George Butcbe.

Funeral services from the residence of Enoch Briggs, 316 West Front street, Monday, Feb. 29th, at two o'clock p. m. Interment private.

KING—At Plainfield, N. J., on Wednesday, Feb. 24, 1892, Elma, wife of Thos. H. King.

Funeral services from her late residence, 320 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J., Sunday Feb. 28, at 2.30 p. m.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

STRIKERS IN A RIOT.

A Bloody Struggle Feared with the Authorities.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 27th. (Special.)—No less than a dozen riots have occurred since 6 o'clock this morning in connection with the street car strike.

At an early hour, and by prearrangement with the street car company, Mayor Sullivan ordered out the police to assist in running cars.

The strikers and sympathizers fought every inch of ground, and at 7 o'clock three cars were overturned in the gutters.

By eight o'clock the mob numbered 1,000 men, and business generally is interrupted by the violent proceedings. Nearly 50 arrests have been made, and a dozen cars injured by rocks.

The police force is composed of only 110 men, and would be utterly defeated in case of a battle.

So far clubs have been the only weapons.

The mob is increasing, and a bloody encounter is probable.

A HORRIBLE MURDER.

Masked Men Burn a Woman to Death.

VIENNA, Austria, Feb. 27th. (Special.)—The details of a most horrible story were received in this city yesterday, telling of a fiendish act committed, it is alleged, to avenge another terrible crime. A band of masked men, in the small village of Mipin, in the province of Bukowina, went to the house of a handsome young widow named Marie Leppers, forced their way into the bedroom, bound her, poured petroleum over her and set it on fire and then stood calmly and watched her burn amid horrible shrieks and struggles, until nothing was left but a blackened mass. They then quietly left. The woman was suspected of having murdered her husband.

THE RIOTOUS MOB OF BERLIN.

Yesterday's Disorders Quieted Down by Midnight—The "Vorwarts."

BERLIN, Germany, Feb. 27, (Special.)—There was some disorder near the Schloss Freiheit and Palace at 10 o'clock, when several arrests were made, and there was a disturbance at the East End at about 11.

The *Vorwarts* earnestly entreats comrades to hold aloof most carefully from demonstrations in the streets, as imprudence now may cause workmen to forfeit their most sacred rights.

New York's Population.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27, (Special.)—The census enumerators ceased their labors today. It is estimated that the population of New York City is 1,800,000.

Fifteen Minutes to Get Out of Town.

Policeman Kiely last night arrested three tramps for riding on coal trains. He found them in the electric light station. Early in the evening they met James Barry, a resident of West Third street, and asked him for a chew of tobacco. He handed them a paper, each one took a chew and then one of them put the tobacco in his pocket and asked Barry if he did not have more. When Barry answered in the negative they pleaded guilty and City Judge Codington suspended sentence and gave them fifteen minutes in which to get out of town.

A New Establishment.

Mr. M. E. Beach has been appointed agent for The Arnold Automatic Steam Cooker and various other articles which he is exhibiting at the store No. 61 Park avenue. A steam coffee-cooker and a simple labor-saving dust-pan are among the articles for sale. They are highly recommended by all who have used them.

We estimate—by "figures which cannot lie"—that near three million people ate H.-O. in '91. It shall be five million in '92, if the best is not too good for the other two million.

GET YOUR TEAMING AND GRADING done by Weiss Brothers, 30 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 23tf

THE CHRONOTHANATOLETRON;

OR,

Time and Death Annihilator.

A play to be given by the Y's

AT THE CASINO,

TO-NIGHT

MUSIC BY MISS MABEL MAXON.

TICKETS - - - - - 50 CENTS.

To be had at Randolph's, Reynolds' and Shaw's Drug Stores, and at the door.

Housework Made Easy!

The Arnold Automatic Steam Cooker for meat, vegetables and puddings, the Automatic steam coffee cooker, and a simple, labor saving, 25 cents Dust Pan are new inventions which are recommended highly by all who have used them.

The agent,

M. E. BEACH,

No. 61 Park avenue, invites everyone to call and see them. The price for each article is moderate.

Amusements.

Masquerade Ball!

at the Hall of the

Gesang and Turning Society,

MONDAY EVENING, FEB. 29.

SUITS may be procured at the Hall to-morrow and Monday.

A prize will be awarded to the lady wearing the Prettiest Costume.

Tickets. - 50 Cents.

MUSIC HALL!

One Night Only!

Wednesday, March 2.

Return of our Popular Favorites, The Minstrel Monarchs.

Primrose & West's

BIG MINSTRELS.

Remember, everything entirely new this season.

Watch for the grand street parade. No change in prices.

Cent-a-Word Column.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Pocket book containing $10 and some papers. Between Race and Warren streets and Park avenue. Finder please return to N. W. office and receive reward.

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address R. P. Lochaee, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate agent. Call and see them. 500 feet above the sea level. 2 23tf

PINE pugs for sale, 75 Dunellen avenue, Evona. 27-3

FOR SALE—cheap—Chicken house to run 12 laying pullets also parlor stove and kitchen table, 377 Second place. 27-3

FOR SALE—Farm, 27 acres. Handsomely located; 300 yards from New Market station on Lehigh Valley Railroad, and one mile from Dunellen station on Central Railroad of New Jersey, at reasonable terms. Apply to Eugene Runyon, P. O. Box 183, Dunellen, N. J. Will rent at reasonable figure. 56-22

HOUSE for sale—Has twelve rooms; all improvements; also stable for seven horses; hot water heater; pleasantly located; $6,000; easy terms. Riker & Co., agents, 13 Park avenue. 2 19tf

STORE property on West Front street for sale. $7,500. Address Riker & Co., agents. 2 19tf

THE HOUSE owned and occupied by the late A. D. Button, 14 La Grande avenue, Plainfield, N. J., for sale, to close the estate. Enquire on premises, or, at 61 Barclay street, New York. 1 end 14t

FOR RENT.

A STORE to let. Suitable for furniture store or plumber. Good location. Apply to P. M. Smith. 27-3

AFTER April 1st the six room house at No. 249 Somerset street will be for rent. Call 11 Sheridan avenue. 27-3

FOR RENT or for sale. A Fine house 10 & 5 La Grande avenue. Will rent low or sell cheap. M. E. Beach, agent. 2-13-4t

OFFICE, a few of those in the Journal building left for rent. $20 to $30 a month. Riker & Co., agents. 2 24tf

TO LET—Store No. 32 West Front street. Also desirable rooms in the Journal building. Also separate storage rooms with plastered walls. Apply to Wm. M. Stelle, 32 West Front street. 2 24 with tf

TO LET—House of five rooms. Inquire 107 Somerset street. 2 24tf

TO LET—House containing eight rooms with barn; centrally located. Price $20. Apply to M. M. Pratt, Journal building. 2 17tf

THE office at No. 5 East Front street is for rent. It is a pleasantly located office for a lawyer. Lots of light. M. M. Dunham. 2 12tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

MULFORD'S is the place to get bargains in real estate 10 months in the year. 56 tf

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Plainfield store, 11 Somerset street. 2-20tf

OWNERS of farms for rent or for sale can find purchasers or tenants by applying to Riker & Co., 13 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 2 19tf

EDITORIAL NOTES

"Overeating and lack of exercise" caused the attack of illness of a distinguished gentleman recently. Other distinguished gentlemen and gentlemen not distinguished may make a note of it.

Mr. George E. Woodberry declares that the first condition of true literary success is to throw away all thought of money and write for the sake of writing. It is unfortunate, but it is to be feared we shall have little true literary success in this generation.

There can be and is such a machine as a perpetual motion motor and it will "mote." It is hidden from the world in the patent office at Washington. It is constructed on the principle that the varying expansion and contraction of different metals with heat and cold will keep it going, and it has now actually been moving along several years without stopping. It will thus move till its machinery is worn out. Whether the principle can be utilized on a large scale is yet untried, the machine in operation at the patent office being very small.

The United States fish commission is introducing hundreds of thousands of fresh water fish into the streams to which they are adapted throughout the country. Rearing ponds have been established at many of the state stations, and young fry are being emptied into brooks and rivers. So far success has crowned the work of the commission. Perhaps in a quarter of a century more we shall have the rivers and lakes of the country restocked with fish, so as to furnish no mean addition to the food supply of our hundred million people. But the present generation must co-operate in the efforts of the fish commission.

Land for the People.

A gentleman who likes to amuse himself by thinking out what humanity might do to better its condition materially suggests that common people themselves go in for some of the "unearned increment" of land values.

Instead of letting rich men buy up all the suburban acres around cities and holding them till they rise in value, then squeezing dollars out of people who want homes, this philanthropist suggests that the people themselves club together and secure these lands.

Take a tract of say twenty acres. One hundred people could easily put by one dollar a week, which would be $100 per week. If the twenty acres cost $10,000 the association would pay for an acre of ground every five weeks, and in less than two years they would be owners of the land with all its "unearned increment," just like the bloated monopolist. They could get the money from a loan and building association in a lump and pay cash.

The Ideals of Our Youth.

Chauncey M. Depew, in a recent address to the New York Woman's Press club, said a finer thing than even Mr. Depew often utters. He told his audience that the best way to find happiness was to be true to the ideals of their youth. After wealth, love, fame and all else had failed, that still remained.

This is as true as beautiful. If, as the old belief was, children were souls born into the world out of heaven, then naturally young people would have with them still some lingering memory of the spheres they had left, some traces of the loyalty, the high endeavor, the brotherly kindness. The artistic beauty and perfection of the vanished realm would haunt them in dreams, and ideals of work to be accomplished here, where the crude material lies all about them.

The most nearly mortals could realize these dreams would be in fidelity to the ideals of youth. All mankind have them at first, generous and high and honest. He who can hold fast to them, who can go down to old age knowing that men are not all selfish and brutal, and who is still striving to produce in perfection the work he set his heart on in young manhood, this mortal is not all unhappy.

Professional Women and Society.

A writer says that a brilliant and attractive professional woman—lawyer, doctor, minister, teacher, lecturer or artist—can get into the very first ranks of society anywhere. Society is tired of the conventional cut which it has worn so long, like a dress suit, and wants to be amused. Therefore it welcomes the witty, bright professional woman.

This was a observation. If the ladies of first society have any marriageable sons or brothers they keep them away from acquaintance with the professional woman as from smallpox. They don't want her married into the family.

This, however, is nothing against the professional woman, as the writer appears to think. A professional woman who is worth anything at all cares more for her work than for anything else. Compared with the joy of the highest success in that work ordinary society life is dull and vapid indeed. If her chosen life labor is to her what it ought to be, the rich young man who never did anything useful in his life would be a great drawback and hindrance as a husband. A singer or painter with an ideal beckoning her on like a shining hand would be very foolish to leave her path and descend to the plane of common calls and receptions.

QUIET REIGNS IN BERLIN.

The Young Kaiser Proves Himself a Plucky Monarch.

HE BOLDLY FACES THE POPULACE.

Almost Unattended He Rode on Horseback Through the Streets and Was Received with Cheers—He Said He Would Lead the Soldiers if Necessary.

BERLIN, Feb. 27.—The storm has appar ently blown over and law and order has resumed its sway in this city. The undaunted kaiser determined to brave it out, too, for accompanied by a single aid-de-camp, and preceded only by two mounted policemen, he left the palace on horseback, passed at a leisurely pace through Unter den Linden and rode to and around the Thiergarten, returning to the palace as he had come. On his return to the Schloss from his ride in the Thiergarten the people gathered there generally cheered him, as they had done in the Thiergarten, and he replied by a smile of recognition. He was pale, as he is naturally always pale except when in the flush of excessive exercise or indulgence, and those who have studied his appearance say that the pallor of his countenance in face of the exciting events proves self-command. It is said that when he was approached on the subject of ordering out the garrison, he replied:

"When the soldiers go I will lead them."

The Kaiser Has Grit.

This he uttered in a tone of decision, which put a stop to further inquiry and carried the conviction to the military that the kaiser would be used as a last resort and that the kaiser would send his troops to no danger he was not willing to face himself. No one doubts the nerve and courage of the kaiser any more than that of his late father and mother. The general opinion is that he would show himself on occasion brave even to rashness, and would not hesitate to play, as he once said, King Richard to the people's Wat Tyler.

His riding out almost unattended is mentioned as showing both his courage and his faith in the attachment of the people to his house. Notwithstanding the socialist propaganda there is a deep, underlying sentiment among the masses of loyalty to the Hohenzollerns. This is especially strong in Brandenburg, among the descendants of the ancient residents, who are still the substantial element of Berlin, of Konigsberg and Frankfort-on-the-Oder society. The news of the demonstration against the palace called out a multitude of the substantial citizens and these gave hearty evidence, by cheers, of their fidelity to the kaiser and their appreciation of his courage in going unguarded among his subjects.

The report of the kaiser's ride spread through the city and had more influence than the police in allaying and conciliating the populace. The sidewalks of the Unter den Linden were thronged with a compact crowd to witness his return. The cheers were without end. Many followed them until a point was reached where about 150 socialists were gathered in a mob. As the kaiser approached, with his aid riding at a short distance behind, the mob of social ists jeered and groaned.

More Socialists Cut Down.

The kaiser remained majestic and erect. Not a muscle of his countenance appearance more like that of his soldier grandfather. He seemed not to hear a jeer or a groan or to give the slightest attention as the police, with drawn swords, rushed in the spot and threw themselves upon the socialists. The latter seemed unprepared for an attack. They had apparently calculated that there would be no interference with them under the presence of the kaiser. A few of them stood stubborn for a moment, resenting by epithets the assault of the police. Then they tried to escape. The police cut them them down with their swords, not killing any, but wounding several slightly. These who appeared to be leaders were seized and hurried away to prison on the charge of lese majeste.

The instant the disturbance was passed and the cheers renewed the kaiser dropped the mask of impassiveness and again showed by his manner that he recognized and esteemed the plaudits of the people.

Nearly all the police force is on duty, or on reserve at a moment's call, only those who were injured or exhausted in yesterday's struggle being relieved. The police do not interfere with people unless they seem bent on mischief or express sympathy with the socialists in action. Then the offenders are either arrested or ordered instantly home. The total number of arrests made during the two days is 200 and sixty persons are known to have been wounded. Many of the slightly wounded are supposed to have made their escape and to be in hiding with friends.

The kaiser is said to be angry, not so much with the mob as with the authorities of Berlin for having been found unprepared to suppress what he will call them, from burgomaster down, to a severe account.

How France Views It.

PARIS, Feb. 27.—The French press views the Berlin riots with unconcealed complacency. The Temps says that the state, in Germany, is reduced to support on a tight drawn system of discipline, and the excesses committed may easily be the precursors of other and more serious outbreaks. "It is evident that the kaiser is tired of the attempt to reconcile monarchical institutions with socialism.

Heartsease for Miss Stanford.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 27.—Mr. John Murphy, sued for breach of promise by Miss Elizabeth Stanford, has settled with the fair plaintiff. Mr. Murphy agrees to pay Miss Stanford fifty dollars a week for two years.

Another Chicago Prize.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—Lord Randolph Churchill has entered his 3-year-old bay colt, Sirocco Reynard, by Sir Simon Rine Rock, for the Derby and the Hesing stakes for 1892, to be run here.

W. A. Croffut Married.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Mr. W. A. Croffut, well known in newspaper circles, was married to Miss Rosie B. Nichols, of this city. The couple left for a bridal tour to Connecticut.

Bought by the N. Y. and N. E.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—The purchase of the Waterbury and Meriden railroad by the New York and New England Railroad company is announced.

It Doesn't Bother Some People.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 27.—Leopold Marx, steward of the Standard club, committed suicide because he couldn't pay his debts.

Lamont Gone to Florida.

CORTLAND, N. Y., Feb. 27.—Colonel Lamont, wife and Dr. Hendricks have gone to Florida.

PRESIDENT HARRISON'S TRIP.

An Ovation at Norfolk—The Party Arrives Safely at Virginia Beach.

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 27.—President Harrison and his friends were complimented at the reception he received at the hands of the people of Norfolk. When the Norfolk and Western train pulled into the depot there were fully 5,000 persons present. A salute of twenty-two rounds was fired as the train came to a standstill, and with each report there went up a shout from the vast throng which was filling every square foot of standing room upon the platform and around the depot.

After the train had stopped a cheer went up for the president of the United States, and one was also given for Baby McKee. General Groner, general manager of the Norfolk and Western road, and Colonel Eddy entered the car and shortly afterward appeared with the president upon the rear platforms. No speeches were made. The president, escorted by General Groner, proceeded to Virginia Beach depot. They left at once for their destination.

The Party Arrives Safely.

VIRGINIA BEACH, Va., Feb. 27.—The president and party arrived safely at the Princess Anne hotel. The party are in good health, and the president is delighted with the reception he has met with and the arrangements for his comfort. The president intends to get all the rest and quiet he can.

The Cannon Burst.

WAVERLY, Va., Feb. 27.—As President Harrison's train was passing through here a salute was fired from a cannon which burst and a piece of it struck Mr. A. H. Maffold, who had it in charge, but he was not seriously injured.

FASHIONS

The Very Latest.

A GRACEFUL BODICE.

Here is a charming bodice, suitable for any soft material, trimmed ribbon and flowers. Full bodice, crossing the front from the right shoulder to the left side, and ornamented with sprays of flowers. Short puffed sleeves and ribbon, waistbelt. Our illustration shows the design perfectly.

And We are Called Extravagant.

Such a hue and cry as is raised about the extravagance of the women of our day, and yet at the court of St. James, in a dress of velvet embroidered with gold, which is said to cost no less than $1,800. Marie de Medicis had a gown worn with 32,000 pearls and 3,000 diamonds, and her example was followed by lesser personages, who cheerfully expended more than their annual income on gowns so laden with precious stones that their wearers could scarcely move about in them. Mme. de Montespan, the beauty who reigned at the court of Louis XIV., wore at one grand festival "a gown of gold on gold, and over that gold frieze stitched with a certain gold which makes the most divine stuff that has ever been imagined," according to the panegyrics written by the pen of Mme. de Sevigne.

Fire! Death! Poison! Blood!

PASSAIC, N. J., Feb. 27.—There is a well at the roadside in front of the Fourth Ward hotel in North Passaic, which is used by many families in the neighborhood and also supplies a horse trough. When the proprietor of the hotel got up in the morning he saw a sign on the well containing the following words: "Blood! Fire! Poison! Death! Paris Green and Indigo!" The stones about the well had been removed and there was Paris green on the ground. When water was drawn it was found to be mixed with coal oil. A sample has been sent away for analysis.

Who Owns This Money?

MANCHESTER, N. H., Feb. 27.—Shortly before New Year's a letter was mailed to a lady in Franklin. It was made up of letters cut from a newspaper and read: "Will you be convinced? Wish you a happy New Year." It contained a large sum of money in United States greenbacks. The lady to whom it was addressed refused to receive it and it was sent to the dead letter office, whence it was forwarded here for investigation. Unless its sender appears the money will be turned into the national treasury.

The Double Scull Race Assured.

TORONTO, Feb. 27.—Articles of agreement for the double scull race on May 30 at Point of Grave, Canada, between Ward, Teemel and Hosmer on the one side and Hanlan and O'Connor on the other, was signed today by Hanlan and O'Connor. The race will be for the championship of the world and $1,000 a side.

Prohibition with a Vengeance.

NORTH GROVE, Ind., Feb. 27.—Jacob Bernhardt started a saloon here in spite of the vigorous protests of the people. Yesterday morning before daylight the saloon building was blown into thousands of pieces by a dynamite bomb, which had been placed in the interior by the Prohibitionists.

Jay Gould Indisposed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—Mr. Jay Gould, who was intending to start for the southwest with a party of friends on Wednesday in his private car Atalanta, has been obliged to postpone his trip on account of a bad cold, and he is still confined to his house by his indisposition.

THE HOUSE SEATS CRAIG

The Pennsylvania Contest Decided by Ousting Stewart.

PARTISAN LINES WERE NOT DRAWN.

Some Democrats Voted in Favor of Stewart and Repudiated Craig—Other Business WITH Enter the International Monetary Conference and Defines Her Position.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The Hahn case occupied the senate without conclusion. The debate was enlivened by the novelty of the contestant's presentation of his case on the floor of the senate. It was the general opinion that more graceful and impressive oratory than that which Mr. Chagett brought to bear upon his case has not lately been heard within the senate chamber. The legal points involved in the case have perceptibly broadened as the discussion has proceeded, and the probability of an immediate determination of the case has grown more remote.

After the transaction of routine business the house then proceeded to the consideration of the Craig-Stewart contested election case from the Twenty-fourth Pennsylvania district.

Alexander Craig Seated.

After arguments by Mr. Moore, of Texas, and Mr. O'Ferrall, of Virginia, for the contestant and Mr. Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, for the contestee, the previous question was ordered, and on a yea and nay vote, 150 to 58, the contestant, Hon. Alexander Craig, was declared elected to the seat from the Twenty-fourth congressional district of Pennsylvania. Escorted by Hon. Jason Brown, of Indiana, Mr. Craig was then sworn and took his seat, which took his seat amid applause on the Democratic side.

Messrs. Cockran, New York, and Babbitt, of Wisconsin, Democrats, voted for Stewart, the contestee. Messrs. Bayne, Powers, of Vermont; Dean, of Ohio, and Vaughen, of Wisconsin, Republicans, voted for Craig, Democrat, the contestant.

The Silver Bill.

No action has yet been taken by the committee on rules respecting the order for consideration of the silver bill, but it is expected that it will be taken on a date shortly after April 1. Opinions differ as to the meaning of the caucus. The friends of free silver coinage assert that the Bland bill will be passed without question after it has been duly discussed. On the other hand doubts are expressed as the ability of the friends of free silver to muster a majority of votes. "The measure is killed," said a representative, who will vote with his state delegation for free coinage although personally opposed to it. "I know Democrats who will vote against free coinage and more who will vote against consideration. I can call the roll," he continued, "but it would not be wise at this time to do it."

A Monetary Conference.

Satisfactory progress is being made by countries interested toward the holding of an international monetary conference, by representation of the United States, Great Britain, France and Germany. Correspondence looking to such a conference has been in progress for some time, the only country holding aloof having been Great Britain. At the treasury department it was ascertained that England had now signified her consent to take part in a conference, and, what is more important, had indicated in a measure the extent to which she would go in the matter. The intimation is made that England, which since 1816 has had but one monetary standard, that of gold, would adopt silver to the extent of permitting the Bank of England to hold one-fifth of her reserve in silver, would issue small silver notes, and would open the India mints to silver.

Secretary Foster's Mission.

The United States has been foremost in soliciting this conference and Secretary Foster has taken an active interest in the silver bill now before congress. He was early deprived of a conference with Senators Teller and Aldrich on this subject because of his departure for Europe while these senators were absent from Washington.

While Secretary Foster's trip abroad is for the sole object of benefiting his health he will remain at Southampton, England, for more than a week. In that time he will be called upon by Minister Lincoln and perhaps by members of the British government, and he will certainly not permit the opportunity to escape to combine business with recuperation, especially as he is anxious at this time to gain public information relative to the free silver question out of the economic political questions of the day. At least such is the opinion expressed by an official of the treasury department, who possesses Secretary Foster's confidence.

Powderly Very Sick.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 27.—T. V. Powderly, general master workman of the Knights of Labor, is very sick at the Richelieu hotel. His physicians have ordered complete rest. It is said that Mr. Powderly may be forced to resign his position as leader of the Knights of Labor.

Canadian Liberals in Despair.

TORONTO, Feb. 27.—Three more government candidates have been elected to the commons, leaving the Liberals are dependent, and the parliamentary majority of the government increases with each succeeding bye election.

Ex-Judge Taylor Sues for Divorce.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 27.—Howard J. Taylor, ex-judge of probate court of Danbury, has begun an action for divorce against his wife, Mrs. Ann Gertrude Taylor. Intemperance and general bad conduct are the grounds alleged.

A Clergyman in Disgrace.

LACONIA, N. H., Feb. 27.—Rev. J. H. Haines, a popular Methodist clergyman, has been found guilty of conduct unbecoming a clergyman and expelled from the Methodist conference.

Small Results for Big Work.

DENBIGH, Mass., Feb. 27.—Burglars blew open the safes of C. D. Brooks and C. Moffett Brothers. They secured thirty dollars at the first place and twelve dollars at the latter.

Death Didn't Part Them.

PALMER, Mass., Feb. 27.—Talma and Leman Brown, brothers, recluses and misers, both died of the grip. The estate is worth about $75,000 and will go to distant relatives there.

Ten Will Be Shot.

CHIHUAHUA, Mex., Feb. 27.—Mexican soldiers have arrived here from Ascension, bringing ten prisoners who started the rebellion there. They will be shot.

Won't Recognize Newport's Bonds.

NEWPORT, R. I., Feb. 27.—Treasurer Sherman, of the Savings Bank of Newport, announces his determination not to recognize the new city bonds.

"BEECHAM'S A GUINEA A BOX."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

A Wonderful Medicine for Bad Livers, Worst of Appetite, Pallor of the Skin, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Blotches on the Face, Rheumatism, Bilious Attacks, Cold Chills, Fevers, Nervousness, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, Nervous Apprehensions, Fear of Evil, and All Nervous and Trembling Sensations.

To cure these complaints we must remove the cause. The principal cause is generally to be found in the stomach and liver; for these two organs right and put well together. From two to four pills taken a day for a short time will remove the evil, and restore the sufferer to sound and lasting health.

Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box. Beecham's Pills, St. Helens, Lancashire.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is

Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more *economical, costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.
Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.
Hemstitch fast black Hose, 22 and 25c.
Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.
Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slate and fancy stripes, 15c.
Hemstitch fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 67c.
8 button length Suede Mosquitaires, in tans, and slate, 65c.
We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.
New line of black and colored silk gimps.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
25 West Front Street.

To the Public:

Neuman Bros.

Desire to call special attention to their choices and a la t line of new cased vegetables, viz: French Peas, Pressed veal Sugar Corn, Burnham & Morrel Pork Sugar Corn, Strawberry Tomatoes, Fart Tomatoes, F. H. Leggett's St wed Tomatoes, Fait & Winterset's extra sifted Peas, Golden Gate Sugar Peas, extra early June Peas, Stanberg Stringless Beans, Hudson River Asparagus and tips.

Special reduction given by the case and dozen. Also a fine assortment of Gordon & Dilworth's Jellies and Mince Meats

79 BROADWAY.

SHOWY & HILL,

Shaving and hair cutting parlors, 19 FOREST PLACE, corner of POWER AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Best black stand connected with the above.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING,

Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order.

13 Ty

HITHER

Hot Water

or

Steam Heating

Apparatus furnished and set up in residences and Public Buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 Manning Avenue, North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe Fitting, Machinery Repairs, etc.

50c. a Bottle

for

EMULSION

of

COD LIVER OIL

with HYPOPHOSPHATES,

at

Williams' Pharmacy,

No. 20 West Front Street, Cor. Grove.

We have a new line of

Skates and Sleds

Also Musical Horns, Drums, Fancy Horns, Harmonicas, etc. In fact everything in our line of

Musical Instruments

and Sporting Goods.

A. M. Vanderbeek,

32 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn

18 North Avenue

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

THREE DAY TEA

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOUNTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL Its fine qualities and screen size carried in stock.

HOUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER

He would also announce recently improved facilities for planing and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Bicycles, Rollers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smokestack building and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

C. DICKINSON
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER,
has a full line of
JEWELRY
for
HOLIDAY PRESENTS
Also Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses. Eyes examined FREE.
13 PARK AVE.
Do not forget the number.

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 20.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

DON'T FORGET

In making Purchases that you may buy for yourself

CUSTOM-MADE SUITS,
OVERCOATS, OR
TROUSERS,

At LINBARGER'S, the Tailor,

NO. 10 PARK AVENUE,

at the same price as you would pay elsewhere for ready made garments.

REMEMBER that I GUARANTEE a fit.

PEANUTS 5c. PER QUART.

FRESH ROASTED EVERY DAY.

Fruits, Nuts, Candies and Tropical Fruits Drinks.

I have thoroughly renovated the store, carpeted and repapered the walls, and solicit a share of public patronage.

DAVID CLARKE,
Successor to J. H. Clark, deceased.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1467.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

ELECTRICITY

and Electric Belts as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN

will cure

NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, SKIN DISEASES
CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM
FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPEPSIA
and Chronic Diseases generally.

Consultation Free!

62 East Second street, corner Washington

NOTICE!

I have sold my meat market in North Plainfield, but still have my

Liberty Street Market

where I will continue to sell at reasonable prices.

GOOD MEAT!

Of all kinds.

Charles Arnold,

21 Liberty street.

Election is Over!

By a popular vote of the Citizens of Plainfield it was unanimously acknowledged that the

HANDSOMEST, PUREST AND CHEAPEST

stock of

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR-WOOD PIPES,

Holders and Cigars can be found only at

N. H Guttman's

CIGAR STORE,
19 W. SECOND ST.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved manner.

The most costly fabrics are very often ruined by careless washing. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our wagon will call for and deliver all goods in the city or vicinity free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,
24 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU WANT CLOTHING

call at

Bremmer Bros',

25 Somerset Street.

And get prices. You will be surprised to find that a made-to-order suit of clothing will not cost anymore than a ready made suit.

Our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, just added, is a new venture.

We Have Cut Prices

on good working pants.

Professional Cards.

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Counsellors at Law. Commissioners Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public, Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.
Engineer of the famous Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public, Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 28 West Front street.

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Architect, 207 Broadway, New York City, rooms 36 and 38. Important and Trust Bank Building, Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

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ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Telephone in operation. Office opposite U. S. Express Co. by the Board of Health. Postoffice address, Plainfield, N. J. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of Poudrette, Lime, Garden and Field Fertilizers.

P. O. Box 986. Telephone call 9.

"The Very Best"

is our rule. The BEST gives better satisfaction than the CHEAPEST, if you cannot get both at once.

But you can. Come to my store for the best and cheapest Confectionery, Extracts, Embroidery silks, and stamped linen goods.

C. E CLARKE,

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 9 East Front street.

A SEARCH THAT FAILED.

Dr. Crawford's Whereabouts a Blank Mystery Still.

TWO TRAILS THAT LEAD TO WATER

Both Followed Up but They Abruptly End and Tell No Conclusive Tale—The Doctor's Last Letter Indicates an Intention to End His Life with a Bullet.

HAVERSTRAW, N. Y., Feb. 27.—The mystery surrounding the disappearance from his home in Haverstraw on Sunday last of Dr. J. R. Crawford, a dentist, is as dark as ever. All the circumstances point to suicide, although there are some people in Haverstraw who express the hope that he is yet alive, and to support their theory cite the alleged fact that once before in his career he disappeared without warning from among his friends and was not heard from for five years. Yesterday a final and exhaustive search was made for him. It was without result and will probably be the last regularly organized searching party sent out.

The Search Led to the River.

Twenty citizens, headed by W. T. Purdy, master of the Masonic lodge of which the doctor was a member, started on the search. Purdy was in charge of the expedition, and among the volunteers were Samuel and Aaron Snedeker, Frank, George and Josiah Felter, Duke Babcock, Jr., Dercuder Cadi, W. H. Jenkins, C. D. Sloat and Fred Waldron, all well known citizens of Haverstraw and friends of the missing man.

The party divided into three divisions and scoured the country for a circuit of five miles. There were two shadow trails to work upon. One was the statement of a West Shore railway watchman and a woman as to the effect that they had seen the doctor going down the West Shore railway track toward the mouth of the tunnel, which is a short distance south of the Haverstraw station.

South of the track footsteps which, it was thought, might be those of the doctor had already been found. They lead down by the dynamite works which exploded with such terrific violence not many months ago. From the dynamite works they led to the river. There were steps showing a foot about the size of the doctor's and they were the tracks of a man wearing shoes. The doctor wore rubber shoes, when he left his home between 11 o'clock and noon on Sunday last, after sending his servant girl with a message to his wife who was staying with her brother-in-law, B. J. Allison, of Stony Point. The steps led to the river's brink and there were no return steps.

The Footprints Found.

But in the meantime other footprints had been found. These led around the south side of the tunnel and far down the Long Clove. Then they were found on the abandoned roadbed of what is known as the Zigzag railway, being the old Jersey City and Albany line. For a long distance they followed the deserted roadbed. They were the steps of a man with a foot about the size of Dr. Crawford's, and they were the steps of a man wearing rubber shoes.

It was the plan of the search party to *trace these steps as well as to generally* scour the wild, bleak mountain sides and their ragged tops. In the previous searching during the day the footprints were lost sight of on the Zigzag road, but were found again by a party which struck off into the woods and among the mountains. On the mountain ridge and in a well beaten path they were found again. They led along the mountains for two miles and were followed as long as there was light enough to see. The following day they were traced all the way to Swarthout pond, where they were again lost sight of.

Yesterday's search began by scouring the country all the way to Swarthout pond, and while one party was doing this, another, led personally by Mr. Purdy, was making a microscopic search for the missing footprints beyond the pond. It was partially successful. The footprints were found. There was no mistaking them. They were clearly and sharply defined. But the trouble was they began nowhere and ended nowhere.

Near the Knickerbocker Ice company's barn at Rockland lake they suddenly appeared for a short distance and as suddenly disappeared. For hours the search party groped about the neighborhood, searching every inch of ground for a long distance in all directions. But it was useless. The footprints were gone.

A Blank Mystery.

So the doctor's disappearance is as blank a mystery as it was when his wife came home last Sunday and found his watch and jewelry on the bureau, a number of sealed farewell letters lying on the bed and the doctor himself missing.

One of these letters was addressed to Corporal Tanner, and it was opened last night. It related to the pension which the doctor drew for his services in the late war, and urged the corporal to see that his pension money got to his wife and to his one child, a ten-year-old boy. The letter closed by saying that when the corporal received it the writer would have been mustered into the ranks of the dead by a revolver bullet.

To his warm friend, Dr. Bailey, he wrote a long letter, closing by saying that it would be no use to search for his body, as it would be full of lead and weighted down, and also that it would be far from home.

Dr. Crawford had long been in a melancholy condition. His eyesight failed him so that he was unable to practice his profession, and he could not get into any other occupation. The result was that he found himself, at fifty-six years of age, fast drifting into helplessness.

McLeod Is Ready.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 27.—Attorney General Hensel received the following from President McLeod: "This company will be represented by its counsel at the time and place appointed for hearing the complaints of Messrs. Casatt and Powderly against the legality of the Reading leases, and I have referred to counsel your request for the production of copies of the agreements referred to."

Hard to Form a French Cabinet.

PARIS, Feb. 27.—Ex-Minister Bourgeois has given up the hope of forming a ministry, and Senator Loubet, at the earnest request of the president, has entered upon the task.

Porcelain Workers Sent Back.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 27.—Two porcelain workers were returned to Germany. They had shipped from Bremen under contract to work in Wheeling.

Arastus Sentenced to Death.

PARIS, Feb. 27.—Lieutenant Arastus has been found guilty of the murder of Baroness Deliard and sentenced to death.

All's Fair.

Mr. Richfellow—Do you notice what a beautiful, pearly, satin complexion Miss Beauté has?

Rival Belle—Yes. I don't see how she does it.—Good News.

The Course of What's It's Name, Etc.

She—Oh, Vernon! And did the deadly boot-jack nearly get one of you?

He (with suppressed emotion)—Oh, heavens! How can I tell her I have learned to love another?—Brooklyn *Life*.

WALTER CAMP CUPPED.

Presented with a Magnificent Gift for His Services to Yale.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—It was a jolly crowd of Yale boys that sat down in the concert hall in Madison Square Garden to do honor to Walter Camp in recognition of his services to Yale university. Covers were laid for 400. Judge Henry E. Howland presided. At the speakers' table sat Walter Camp, Chauncey M. Depew, Hon. Isaac M. Brown-ley, Rev. Joseph H. Twitchell, Mr. W. A. Stiles, Buchanan Winthrop, Professor E. L. Richards and Captain Welling.

Judge Howland, in a complimentary and entertaining speech, presented Mr. Camp with a loving cup made by Tiffany.

It is entirely of silver. Three players are represented—McClung, Heffelfinger and Boyce—in position and holding a football on their backs, a quarter of its length being cut off at the top, forming the bowl of the cup. On a medium block, embracing a copy of the resolutions passed by the Yale graduates tendering Mr. Camp a banquet and the autographs of the donors accompanied the cup.

Walter Camp thanked the donors for their generous gift in a few well chosen words. His reference to the glorious victories of Yale on the athletic field aroused the greatest enthusiasm

Chauncey M. Depew was, of course, the orator of the occasion, and his witty speech provoked much applause and laughter.

A Strangling Match.

BRADFORD, Pa., Feb. 27.—William Gibbs, the Kansas demon, and Dennis Gallagher, of Buffalo, engaged in a wrestling match at the Opera House here. Gibbs was strangled into insensibility, and may die. In the first bout, after twenty minutes' work, Gallagher got Gibbs' neck in his right arm, with the windpipe at the elbow, and choked him until his wind left him in the face. The audience, under the impression that the strangle hold was barred, arose with cries of "Foul! foul!" Gallagher kept his eyes upon the audience, and evidently forgot his opponent *until he was insensible. Gibbs was carried* out almost dead.

Two Men Killed with a Razor.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 27.—Pat Handley and John Copie had a fight with Mike Walsh. Later on they met on Chicopitoulas and Erato streets and Handley drew a revolver. Walsh pulled a razor and with one blow almost severed Handley's head from his body. Handley fell to the ground a corpse. Copie then interfered and also had his throat cut from ear to ear. He died on his way to the hospital. Walsh was arrested.

A Frightful Atrocity.

VIENNA, Feb. 27.—A handsome young widow named Leppers, of Menin, was supposed to have murdered her husband. There was no legal proof, but a number of people believed her guilty. Several of these visited her home, seized and bound her, poured kerosene oil over her and set it on fire. The woman died in frightful agony, while the lynchers looked on callously, waiting until she was dead.

Newspaper Insurance Challenged.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 27.—Insurance Commissioner Kaine asks Attorney General Hensel to determine the Philadelphia Enquirer's authority to print advertisements offering $500 to the legal heir of any person meeting death by accident and having a properly signed and dated Enquirer coupon in his or her possession at the time of the accident.

Miss Johnson Is Quite Ill.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 27.—Contrary to expectations Judge Dibbrell did not pass on Lillie Johnson's application for bail. This delay is considered as unfavorable to Miss Johnson. She is reported to be quite ill, and a physician has been summoned to the jail to visit her. A glimpse of Miss Mitchell was caught and she seemed to be in good humor.

Parsons Loses His Case.

HARTFORD, Feb. 27.—The jury in the case of John S. Parsons, of Unionville, against Dr. George C. Jarvis, of Hartford, and Dr. Emmett C. King, of Unionville, for $15,000 for alleged malpractice in setting and treating his broken legs, returned a verdict for the defendants.

Expelled from Parliament.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Edward S. De Cobair, member of parliament from Belfast, failed to appear in the house and face the charges of gross immorality made against him, and by a unanimous vote has been expelled.

The Phelan-Walsh Case.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 27.—The supreme court has set next Tuesday for hearing the case of John J. Phelan, the Democratic claimant for the office of secretary of state, against R. J. Walsh, the Republican holdover.

Spencer Jr. Alpaugh Dead.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Feb. 27.—Spencer M. Alpaugh, of the firm of Alpaugh & Magowan, of Trenton, the largest pottery concern in the United States, died here of pneumonia.

Collector Gleason Will Retire.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 27.—George M. Gleason, collector of the port of Ogdensburg for two years, will resign that office on May 1 on account of private business.

Judge Botkin Won't Try Them.

TOPEKA, KAN., Feb. 27.—Judge Botkin arrived here, and announced that he had decided not to sit as judge in the cases of the six men held for the murder of Sheriff Dunn. The announcement was entirely unexpected and created a sensation.

BUTTERWORTH WILL RESIGN

After the Election of World's Fair Directors He Steps Down and Out.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—Benjamin Butterworth, secretary and solicitor general of the World's fair, has announced that he would retire from office, leave Chicago and return to Cincinnati after the annual election of World's fair directors in April. Major Butterworth's retirement, it is thought, will remove all obstacles to the return of Mr. Cago to the presidency of the local board. His successor will doubtless be a man whose politics will have some influence with the present congress, and that man will probably be Adlar T. Stevenson, who was first assistant postmaster general under the Cleveland administration.

Chili Won't Be at the Fair.

VALPARAISO, Feb. 27.—Chili has declined altogether to take part in the World's fair at Chicago on the plea that she cannot afford it. Lieutenant Harlow had an interview with the government and expressed his regret that Chili found it necessary to withdraw her previous acceptance. Lieutenant Harlow leaves here soon for Washington.

A Strike at the World's Fair.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—Three hundred staff workers at the World's fair grounds have struck because their employers refused their demand for an increase in wages of two cents an hour.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in **Elocution**, class or private lessons. For terms, address Muse, Al bortt, P. O. Box 1096.

FRENCH LESSONS. Instruction and entertainment in French Lectures, class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms as to trial lessons free, write to Prof. L. Vinur, care of Misses Berthoud and Newton, 17 La Grande-avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY, Boarding and Day School, Re-opened Monday, Sept. 14th, 1891

For information call at the Academy or address EDWARD B. HARNED, Prin. 8 20 y 187 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 3 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Rear of residence, No. 107 Somerset Street.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST MORTGAGE

45 North Avenue.

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AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

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AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.

Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

NO. 65 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES,

Of finest

Light Blue Color.

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P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

EDWT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

94 SOMERSET STREET.

PURE MILK.

Delivered to any part of the city by

D. SCHENCK.

A postal addressed to No. 60 East Front street will receive prompt attention. 9 27 y

Kline's Extracts

Pure Fruit Flavors

Hotels.

CASPAR'S HOTEL,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable -:- Rates

LAING'S HOTEL,

West Front street, Opp. Madison avenue

Wallace V. Miller,

Proprietor.

A first-class family resort. Special attention paid to transient guests.

Builders' Cards.

Call at Musgrave's

37 Somerset street, for

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets (Plainfield N. J. Postoffice address). Five years with *Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1944*

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 213

JOHN HERRMANN,

Stair Builder, and hard wood mantle maker. Shop corner of Grove and Eagle streets, North Plainfield, N. J. 10-10-1y J. HERRMANN, 6 Regent street.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens P. O. Box 1263. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 941.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 81.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street, H. S. Gayle, No. 15 Vine street. All work promptly attended to.

Daniel Hulick,

CARPENTER

AND

General Jobber.

SHOP, 30 Somerset street, Plainfield N. J.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

Jobbing promptly attended to

Window Screens

made to order.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS E. POPE, Treasurer.

Revival and Reorganization of Hacks.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—8:05 a. m., 2:30 p. m., 9:30 p. m.
Close—8:45 a. m., 12:00 m., 3:00 p. m., 6:45 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:05 a. m., 2:30 p. m.
Close—8:45 a. m., 3:00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey

(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)

Stations in Central New York Time, Depot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect Nov. 15th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

LEAVE Plainfield at 6 18, 7 32, 8 38, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 15, 5 07, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m., 12 00 night. Sunday, 2 54, 4 15, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m., 12 00 night. 12 01, 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m. Leave New York, Liberty st., 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m., 12 00 night. Sunday, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m., 12 00 night. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

LEAVE Plainfield at 6 18, 7 32, 8 38, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 15, 5 07, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m., 12 00 night. Sunday at 8 54, 4 15, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m., 12 00 night. 12 01, 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

LEAVE Plainfield at 8 38, 7 32, 8 38, 9 42 a. m., 12 00 m., 3 00, 4 15, 6 00 p. m. Sunday at 8 54, 9 30 a. m., 3 00, 6 00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

LEAVE Plainfield at 7 30, 9 05, a. m., 1 20, 4 20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

PLAINFIELD, DUNELLEN AND SOUTH PLAINFIELD.

6 05 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Hellertown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk

THE CURIOSITY SHOP

FAMOUS AMERICAN BELLS.

A Pretty Legend About the Old "Slave Bell"—The Oldest Peal.

The subject of bells has always been a fascinating one and a favorite with poets and romantic writers. Our own Longfellow has more than one poem on this subject, among them "The Belfry of Bruges," "The Bells of Lynn," "The Song of the Bell," "The Bells of St. Blas" and "The Belfort Aird." There are a good many bells in America with a history and more or less legendary lore connected with them. A writer in The Christian at Work, from which the accompanying cut is reproduced, makes some interesting statements in regard to these, among which occur the following:

The old slave bell exhibited in 1876 at the Centennial exposition had served for many years to call to work the 150 slaves in the Pontaubleau sugar plantation of Louisiana. A striking point of resemblance between the "slave bell" and the liberty bell is in the fact that each has a fissure in the side. Concerning the fissure in the slave bell a pretty legend is related:

The bell stood in the center of the plantation and was pealed to summon the force of slaves to and from their work. Early in the morning its clanging roused the tenants of the quarters to their daily tasks, and at eventide its silvery notes announced that the hour for rest had come. Faithfully did the bell perform its duty till the day when President Lincoln's emancipation proclamation was sounded through the land. Then the heart of the bell broke for very joy. At all events, a fissure was found in its side the very next day.

PEAL OF BELLS AT ST. AUGUSTINE.

Apropos of the Centennial exposition, it may be added that a number of interesting bells will be on exhibition in Chicago in 1893. One of them, now in the city of Washington, is said to have once hung in the tower of a church built by Columbus at Isabella, in Santo Domingo, the first European settlement in the New World.

Probably the oldest peal in America is one of four bells hanging in the quaint belfry of the Spanish cathedral in Augustine, Fla. They bear the date 1682. Another old bell is the property of a Catholic church at Kaskaskia, Ills. It was presented to the parish by King Louis of France, in 1741. The largest bell in America is the one in the Cathedral of Notre Dame, at Montreal. It was cast in England in 1847, and weighs 135½ tons.

It is said that the largest bell ever made in this country weighed 21,000 pounds, and before it was fractured hung on the city hall in New York. On one or two occasions this bell was heard up the Hudson river thirteen miles in the night, when the city was comparatively quiet.

The chime in Trinity church, New York, is probably the best in the country. The largest bell of the little group in Trinity church was cast in 1845. Grouped around it are other bells, decreasing regularly in size to the smallest, which weighs scarcely 100 pounds. These lesser bells are well worth the looking at. "In good old colony times" they crowned the seat, eight of them in company, a present from good Queen Anne to her loyal subjects in the New World, and it is said to this day that they were the first chime of bells whose voice was heard this side the Atlantic.

Love and Wedding Rings.

Love and wedding rings are intimately associated, yet Colley Cibber exclaims, "Oh, how many torments of life in the small circle of a wedding ring." Do you know why the gold circlet is placed on the left hand? Opinions differ, says a writer in Chambers' Magazine. On the one side it is affirmed that a vein proceeding from the heart to that finger is the cause on the other that it denotes that the wife is subject to her husband. Napoleon I. when he married his second empress, whispered in M. Fruit's ear, "The Roman law ordains that all slaves should wear rings, and as the women are our slaves they ought to wear this badge of servitude." The little corporal and the great emperor was not given to weighing his words so far as politeness was concerned. It is more gratifying to women to know that men in a thousand grateful ways have demonstrated the tenderness of their passion by "the giving and receiving of a ring." Herrick sings

> And as this round
> No end can bound
> To flaw or rise to sever,
> So let our love
> Like this remove
> As pure as gold forever.

It was more the fashion in old days than now to engrave a verse within the ring. Many such have been handed down to us. For example:

> Thus may our lives be one perpetual round,
> Nor care, nor sorrow, ever shall be found.

Flotsam and Jetsam.

Silver articles are called plate from the Spanish word *plata*, which means silver.

The eyeball of the owl is immovably fixed in its socket, hence the look of wisdom that that bird always appears to have.

In the horse an eye in which white predominates indicates a vicious nature.

According to Scribner's the greatest number of immigrants ever landed in New York in a year was 445,570, in 1882, the greatest number in a day, nearly 10,000 May 11, 1887.

The First Lighthouse.

In popular histories of the seven wonders of the world we read that the Pharos, the first lighthouse, could be seen at a distance of 100 miles. In order for this to have been possible the Pharos must have been a mile and a quarter in height, says The Industrial World.

GOOD HEALTH

COLD BATHS IN TYPHOID.

The Large Percentage of Recoveries in Some Towns of Germany.

The Lancet tells that the system of cold baths in the treatment of typhoid fever as employed in Germany has been put to the test by Dr. Jodes, and he reported to the Societe des Hopitaux that during the years 1888 and 1889 he treated thirty-six cases of typhoid fever by cold baths; that is to say, with water at 18 degs. C., repeating them every three hours. Of thirty-six cases the experimenter obtained thirty-three recoveries. Drs. Remy and Richard, who, on their side, had followed this method, obtained 103 recoveries out of 108 cases.

A French critic, writing on the cold water system of the treatment of typhoid fever in Germany, gives the following statistics, drawn up by Dr. Lonquet, relative to the German army, which may be found interesting here: In 1865, out of 3,500 typhoid patients, there were from 500 to 700 deaths. From 1882 to 1886 the number of patients was nearly identical, but thanks to the application of the cold baths, the deaths among the soldiers amounted on the one hand to 221 and to 185 on the other. Since then the diminution of the mortality was slow, constant and mathematically according as the cold water system extended. From 24 per cent. in 1865 the mortality fell to 11 per cent. in 1875. In 1883 it was not more than 9 per cent.

Tall Men.

The tallest men of western Europe are found in Scotland, Spain, Normandy, France, Yorkshire, England, and the Ardennes districts of Belgium, according to the Grand Rapids Telegram-Herald, which further finds that Prussia gets her tallest recruits from Schleswig-Holstein, the original home of the irrepressible Anglo-Saxons; Austria from the Tyrolese highlands. In Italy the progress of physical degeneration has extended to the upper Apennines, but the Albanian Turks are still an athletic race, and the natives of the Caucasus are as sinewy and gaunt as in the days of the Argonauts. In the United States the thirty-eighth parallel, ranging through Indiana and northern Kentucky, is as decidedly the latitude of big men as the forty-second is that of big cities. The tallest men of South America are found in the western provinces of the Argentine Republic, of Asia in Afghanistan and Kaypoosna, of Africa in the highlands of Abyssinia.

Hypnotic Effect of Warm Bandages.

Warm baths, as is well known, produce a calming effect and tend to bring on sleep. Popular Science News notes the attempt of a foreign physician to apply such a method in patients who are in a feeble state. In order to get where a bath is inapplicable. His method consists in wrapping the lumber region and belly with linen cloths soaked in warm water, and then covering them with oiled silk or rubber cloth, so as to prevent evaporation, while the whole is kept in place and loss of heat prevented by a flannel cloth.

This procedure is of ready performance, and the author says that by this simple means he has secured the most favorable results in the treatment of insomnia.

Everybody Likes Ma.

Wash the baby with Anti-Chap Soap.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office—57 North avenue, (with Woolston & Buckle.

MASTER'S SALE.
IN CHANCERY OF NEW JERSEY.

On bill for partition. Between Abram M. Vail, complainant, and Sarah A. Lane, et al., defendants.

By virtue of a decree in the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, made in the above stated cause, and bearing date on the third day of February, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, I, Charles Jackson, one of the special masters of said court, will expose for sale at public vendue on the premises on

THURSDAY, THE TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF MARCH

next, between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, that is to say, at two o'clock p. m., all such of the lands and premises hereinafter particularly described, lying and being in the County of Union and State of New Jersey, described as follows:

FIRST PLOT.

Beginning at a stake being a corner of property of the estate of Jane E. Baker and the property corner of property conveyed by Samuel M. Gillespie to Isaac Van Liew, March 14, 1871 (First Plot), and running thence in a Southeasterly direction along said Van Liew's line, a distance of about one hundred and fifty feet to a corner of lot sold by said Line and Vail to Michael Hungry; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction a distance of forty-five feet to an old stake; thence in a Southeasterly direction a distance of said lot in a Southeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to the center of Division avenue; thence in a Northeasterly direction along the center of said Division avenue a distance of fifty-five feet; to line of lot sold by said Line and Vail to Frank Wolfe; thence along the line of said lot in a Northwesterly direction a distance of about one hundred and seventy-five feet to a corner of said lot; thence in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of seventy-five feet to the corner of Spruce street, in a Southeasterly direction, a distance of thirty-one feet to line of lot sold to the center of Division avenue; thence along the center of said Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of thirty-two feet to line of lot sold by said Line and Vail to Frank Wolfe; thence along the line of said lot in a Southeasterly direction, a distance of one hundred and ninety-five feet to the center of Seventh street; thence in a Northeasterly direction along the center of said Seventh street a distance of about one hundred and seventy-five feet to the center of Division avenue; thence along said center of Division avenue in a Northeasterly direction a distance of fifty feet; thence along the Northeasterly line of said O'Rourke's lot in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred and ninety-five feet to a point in the rear line of Seventh street lot; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of about forty-five and one-half feet to a corner of said lot; thence Van Vail to James E. Wright; thence along line of said lot and the line of lot sold by Line and Vail to Wilson Ayres, in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about three hundred and seventy-five feet to a corner of said lot; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of eighty-five feet to a point in the center of John street; thence along said center of John street in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about one hundred and sixty-five feet to a point in line of lot sold by Line and Vail to Daniel Meanier; thence along the line of said lot in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of fifty-five feet to a corner of said lot; thence along said lot in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and seventy-five feet to the center of Spruce street; thence along the center of said Spruce street in a Northeasterly direction a distance of about two hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in line of property of the estate of Jane E. Spooner; thence along the line of said property in a Southeasterly direction, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the center of Fourth street; thence along the center of said Fourth street in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of about ninety-five feet to a point in line of property of the estate of Jane E. Spooner; thence along the line of said property in a Southeasterly direction, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the center of Spruce street; thence along the center of said Spruce street in a Southwesterly direction a distance of about two hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in line of property of the estate of Jane E. Spooner; thence along the line of said property in a Southeasterly direction, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the center of Fourth street; thence along the center of said Fourth street in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of about ninety-five feet to a point in line of property of the estate of Jane E. Spooner; thence along the line of said property in a Southeasterly direction, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the center of Seventh street; thence along the center of said Seventh street in a Southwesterly direction a distance of about two hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in line of property of the estate of Jane E. Spooner; thence along the line of said property in a Southeasterly direction, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the center of John street; thence along the center of said John street in a Northwesterly direction a distance of about two hundred and seventy-seven feet to the Easterly corner of property conveyed by Samuel M. Gillespie to Isaac Van Liew, March 14, 1871 (First Plot), and running thence along the line of said Van Liew's property in a Southwesterly direction a distance of one hundred and eighty-five feet to a point in the center of Seventh street; thence along the center of said Seventh street in a Northwesterly direction a distance of about two hundred and eighty-five feet to the place of beginning.

SECOND PLOT.

Beginning at a point in the center of West Seventh street, said point being the corner of property sold by Vail and Line to M. A. Cuthbert; thence along the line of said property in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of three hundred and twenty-five feet to a point in the center of Sycamore avenue; thence along the rear line of said property; thence along the rear line of Benjamin Ayres property, a distance of two hundred and eight feet to a corner of lot sold by Line and Vail to David Stewart; thence along the line of said lot in a Southwesterly direction a distance of about one hundred and forty-six feet to the center of John street; thence along the center of said John street in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about four hundred and seventy-one feet to a point in line of lot sold by Line and Vail to David Stewart; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the line of cemetery of the First Presbyterian Church; thence along the line of said Cemetery and the Cemetery of the Methodist Church, in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about seven hundred and sixty-seven feet to the Easterly corner of property sold by Samuel Colleges to Line and Vail (Second Plot), and old center of Union avenue; thence Southwesterly along said center line in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and eighty-five feet to a point and place of beginning.

THIRD PLOT.

Beginning at a point in the intersection of the center lines of West Fourth street and John street; said running thence along the center of West Fourth street in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the center of Seventh street; thence along the line of said Seventh street in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the center of John street; thence along the line of said John street in a Northwesterly direction a distance of two hundred and eighty-five feet to the place of beginning.

FOURTH PLOT.

Beginning at a point in the center of West Seventh street, said point being the corner of property sold by Vail and Line to M. A. Cuthbert; thence along the line of said property in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of three hundred and twenty-five feet to a point in the center of Sycamore avenue; thence along the rear line of said property; thence along the rear line of Benjamin Ayres property, a distance of two hundred and eight feet to a corner of lot sold by Line and Vail to David Stewart; thence along the line of said lot in a Southwesterly direction a distance of about one hundred and forty-six feet to the center of John street; thence along the center of said John street in a Northwesterly direction, a distance of about four hundred and seventy-one feet to a point in line of lot sold by Line and Vail to David Stewart; thence along the line of said lot in a Northeasterly direction, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the line of cemetery of the First Presbyterian Church; thence along the line of said Cemetery and the Cemetery of the Methodist Church, in a Southeasterly direction a distance of about seven hundred and sixty-seven feet to the Easterly corner of property sold by Samuel Colleges to Line and Vail (Second Plot), and old center of Union avenue; thence Southwesterly along said center line in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of about one hundred and eighty-five feet to a point and place of beginning.

THIRD PLOT.

Beginning at a point in the intersection of the center lines of West Fourth street and John street; said running thence along the center of West Fourth street in a Northeasterly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the center of Seventh street; thence along the line of said Seventh street in a Southwesterly direction, a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet to a point in the center of John street; thence along the line of said John street in a Northwesterly direction a distance of two hundred and eighty-five feet to the place of beginning.

The land and tenements hereinbefore being to be sold all the property conveyed by Samuel M. Gillespie to Isaac Van Liew, March 14, 1871, and by Isaac Van Liew to Abram M. Vail by deed dated May 11, 1891, except such portions of the same as have been heretofore sold and conveyed by said Vail to other parties, including the estate and interest of the said Vail in the dwelling house of Sarah A. Lane, widow of John Lane, deceased, in and upon which said house having been assigned to Samuel A. Hills as executor as aforesaid, and the said Hills having by the investments and appurtenances to the same belonging, and the said Sarah A. Lane having the privilege to occupy the same during her widowhood, it shall be necessary to pay and adjust, by and between the said Hills and the said Margaret E. Lane, on which mortgages there remains due the sum of five hundred and twenty-eight dollars for principal money with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent. per annum from the first day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one and the expenses of this sale as hereinafter mentioned, said premises will be sold free and clear of the dower of the said Sarah A. Lane, and the said Hills, as executor as aforesaid, and the said Margaret E. Lane, by building lots on the same, and if so to say, by building lots on the same, and if so to say, by building lots on the same.

JOHN E. JACKSON,
Special Master in Chancery of New Jersey.
Dated, February 24, 1892.
CHAS. J. MARSH, Solicitor. 2 22 td

Mentholated Preventive of Grip.

Menthol is now recommended as a preventive of the grip. This is but the concentrated essence of peppermint, well known in the form of mentholine pills. It is also used in the form of an alcohol solution. Menthol is highly popular nowadays as a remedy for ordinary cold in the head, neuralgia, toothache, etc.

ETIQUETTE

ENTERTAINING CONVERSATION.

Pleasant Faculty and Suggestions Versus Ill Conditioned Facts.

Did not Lord Byron say the most entertaining conversation he ever had was with a jackpudding? Conversation, that blessed of social arts—conversation, and have not we all sat and grouped while some servile adherent to truth was explaining how an incident, in itself entertaining, was told him by Brown, who got it from Robinson, to whose servant Jones it actually occurred in a former place. Still, people who are apt to repeat should exercise a little care. To make, apropos of the fidelity of native servants, your shikaree the hero of a story in India, which you have previously on the same evening related as happening to your uncle in Ceylon, is perhaps carrying the license too far for any one short of old soldiers but nevertheless, many will subscribe most heartily to the dictum, "A consummate liar is a better ingredient in a company than the scrupulously truthful man."

The object of conversation is to amuse, and people who would blame the man who in his efforts to entertain wanders rather in the airy regions of romance than the dull plains of fact, remind one of the old Scotch lady who objected comprehensively to fiction on the ground that it was "all a pack of lies." What does the genial autocrat of the breakfast table say on this point? "All generous minds have a horror of what are commonly called facts. Your are the brute beasts of the intellectual domain. Who does not know fellows that always have an ill conditioned fact or two, which they hoist after them into decent company, like so many bulldogs, ready to let them slip at every ingenuous suggestion, or convenient opportunity, for mischievous fancy? I allow no facts at this table. What! because bread is good and wholesome and necessary and nourishing, shall you thrust a crumb into my wristpipe while I am talking?" And was not honest Sam Johnson always ready to maintain the other side regardless of the merits of the case, to provoke discussion? As a young man, he confesses he frequently chose the weaker side if he thought it gave him a better opening for displaying his dexterity in fence.

A Fashionable Trousseau.

In a modern trousseau an English maid's outfit: "Four dozen of all under linen is considered enough, eight pairs of boots and twelve pairs of shoes, including slippers. A girl spending the season in London and the rest of the year in the country should have three tailor made gowns, two tea gowns, a couple of ball gowns, three dinner gowns, a home dinner dress, three washing dresses, two full dress morning dresses and about two others."

OUR YOUNG FOLKS

ITALIAN PIPE PLAYERS.

How They Tramp from Town to Town with Pipes.

Italy has long ranked first among nations in respect of the musical genius of its people. Melody and harmony seem born

ITALIAN PIPE PLAYERS.

with them, and great names could be quoted among them, both as composers and performers. The peasants are musical in their way, playing on the pipe and others using a wind instrument resembling the Scotch bagpipe. Their airs are mostly cheerful songs, handed on by ear from one to another. The words are often some love ditty or village tale, the construction and grammar of which would hardly pass examination with a school inspector.

Italians with their rough musical instruments or their hearty organs are often seen in the streets of American towns. Many of them come from the valley of Savoy. Sometimes they have a monkey or white mice. To their pets they are much attached, and they teach them many tricks. By showing off their pet animals and by their music they obtain money, a little at a time, in the towns through which they pass. They lead this wandering life for years, and it is sometimes not until they are old that they return to the vineclad hills of their home in Savoy, where, with the little fortunes they have accumulated, they live the rest of their lives.

Anecdotes of a Baby King.

His majesty Don Alfonso XIII, king of Spain, who was born in 1886, is the subject of numerous anecdotes, all of which have been recently collected and published in book form under the title "The Biography of a Baby King." Following is a story of his first boots:

In due time the pair of royal feet required to be shod, as baby feet generally do, so in his fourth month the foot of the baby king was duly measured, the royal bootmaker was duly instructed and the royal shoes were in due time sent home. Beautiful objects they were, too: tiny, of course, as befitted a baby, but lovely to look at; gold embroidered on white, as befitted a king. And the same day that Alfonso XIII put on his shoes 600 other new shoes were put on 600 other baby feet in Madrid, making 602 in all, for her majesty the queen was pleased to order that the occasion of the king's putting on his boots should be a ceremony, and to celebrate the important event she bestowed new shoes upon 300 of her little children in Madrid, and thus made a right royal entertainment of the matter.

John Crawford's Dog.

There once was a beautiful Newfoundland dog that was an honest and faithful dog. They called him Tray in the village and on it these words were cut, "I am John Crawford's dog; whose dog are you?" So everybody knew him. It was almost a daily trick to lay a penny on his nose and hold him, as a signal, toss it up in the air and catch it in his mouth. Then, coin in mouth, he would trot off to the baker's for a penny roll. One morning our hero went to the shop but no baker was there. So he waited and waited and waited. But no baker came. By and by he lost his patience, for dogs are mortal like the rest of us, and resting his paws on the counter he looked around. Then, spying a scone which in his sight was worth a penny, he laid the piece of money on the counter, took up the scone and walked out of the shop.

What Next?

Hold up your head, put in your tongue—
How badly you're behaving!
Your whiskers, sir, are much too long;
It's time you thought of shaving.

You're older far than I am, Smut
(Now, don't you turn away, sir)
And yet your hair has never been cut,
Nor have you shaved, I'm sure.

It won't be long before you'll see
My whiskers will be showing;
Ten years next birthday I shall be,
And fast, they say, I'm growing.

YOUR WHISKERS, SIR, ARE MUCH TOO LONG.

How funny my young master is,
Such notions strange to harbor!
What next, indeed! I'm sure, my pals
Require no whiskers on their gills.

Folks will not let our tails alone,
But needs must cut them shorter;
Our very ears are not our own—
They are off quite a barter.

There's many a thing that I could tell
We have to struggle under;
But when it comes to shaving—well,
This is the crowning wonder!

The invention of gunpowder is generally ascribed to Bertholdus or Michael Schwartz, a Carmelite monk of Goslar, south of Brunswick, in Germany, about 1320. But many writers maintain that it was known much earlier in various parts of the world. Some say that the Chinese and Hindoos possessed it centuries before.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.
Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.
2 13 tm* E. ROBERTS & SONS.

THE ALBION.

EIGHTH STREET and PARK AVENUE
SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished and steam heated throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK P. MILLER.
12 29 6m

CARPETS!

Large stock, selected patterns; largest and best lighted carpet rooms; lowest prices.

DRESS GOODS—Immense variety of new Spring novelties in Dress Goods; 50 pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, 36 yard, worth 25c.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR—For ladies, misses and children; all fully trimmed garments made and at prices that cannot be equalled.

FRUIT OF THE LOOM—We are still selling this popular brand of 4-4 muslin at 8c. Good Toweling, 5c; bed prints, 5c; white blankets, 85c and $1 10 pair.

Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa. Look out for announcement of our annual Spring and Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.

E. H. BOERUM, 7 West Front street.

DON'T FORGET!

If you are thinking of going to Europe, that you can get circulars, prices, tickets and all information concerning the Anchor Line Steamers HOLLANDIA, ETHIOPIA, DEVONIA, CALABRIA, PERSIA and CITY OF ROME, from Henry D. Moore, agent.

Tickets for all places to come from the other side.

7 Somerset street, or Lock Box 1.

SOMETHING NEW

AT

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S.

There are about 50 extra large Japanese Rugs that were $3.75, we close them out at $2.75. Half value.

There are 100 extra fine Japanese Rugs, fringed, real value $2, yours for 79c.

300 yards extra fine cut gum damasked table linen, 70 inches wide; value 65c, our price 45c.

50 dozen fine linen glass towels, 15c kind for 10c.

There is an extra good thing in our undressed 3-hook Foster Kid Glove, made to sell for $1, our price 75c.

We ask special attention to a line of Hamburgh Embroideries that are said to be the finest in quality and design and the lowest in price ever displayed in Plainfield.

Another case of those full, regular width Ladies' Black Hose, value 25c, our price 19c.

Gen. knows there are 1000 fine four-button ties and Teck Scarfs, same as you usually pay 50c for; our price 25c.

Our sale of fine Irish granite ware still continues. This is the finest lot we have ever offered, and can buy it at about the same price that you pay for good tinware.

Van Emburgh & White.

Special Offer!

IN ELEGANT NEW SPRING CARPETS for a short time. This Special Offer amounts to a considerable saving to the purchaser, and is well worth taking advantage of.

The stock embraces all grades in cotton and wool, and all-wool Ingrains, Tapestry Brussels, Body Brussels, and a good line of Moquettes.

Of all these we keep duplicate pieces in stock, so there can be no delay in filling orders.

In addition we have been made selling agents for Bigelow, Kennard & Sloane, of New York, which enable us to sell from their house, either from samples here, or from your own selections there, at the SAME PRICES as they sell at. By this special arrangement we can furnish the largest and best trade in this city. This agency applies to anything in their house.

By these and other special advantages at our hand this season, we can confidently assure our patrons that we can mak it to their interest to give us an early call.

Special Bargains are now offered in Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portierres, etc.

EDSALL'S! EDSALL'S!

CUT THIS OUT.

THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase.
J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase.
J. C. ALLEN.

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This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase.
J. C. ALLEN.

Housefurnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that others can't touch (make the comparison), 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 25c. Royal Tooth Powder at 9 cents.

J. C. ALLEN, 128 East Front Street.

WE HAVE IT!

WHAT IS IT?

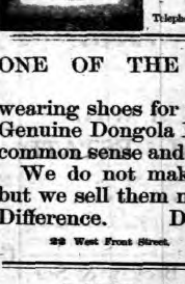
The Best 25c. Table Butter in Plainfield.

Our Tea and Coffee Department is a whole store in itself.

All Kinds of Sugar 4½c. lb.

Our quality of goods; square dealing and low price have won for us both name and fame throughout Union county.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers.
22 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.



Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for imperial flour!
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light.
That joy is the ruin of the hour.

RING UP 241

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of the BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in this city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of it. Buy a 25 lb bag and if not satisfied before buying a barrel We have the BEST Pearl Barley, Oats and Jersey Bran, and make a specialty of recleaned Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

ONE OF THE BEST

Fitting and best wearing shoes for the money, is our Ladies Genuine Dongola Button Shoe, Price $1.50, common sense and opera toe, width C D &E.

We do not make much on these goods, but we sell them nevertheless. That's the Difference.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

62 to 69 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

NO AUCTION SALE AT CAREY'S

UNTIL

FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1892.

Remember, we have the

Finest and Best Storage Rooms

in the city.

76, 78 and 80 West Front Street.

Also come and get your Rod and Bedding, etc., at Carey's.

A NEW SET OF DERBY

Out TO-DAY, at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

DECORATORS ↓ †
‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.

Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store—29 East Front street.

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR, WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.

PELTON

Water : Motors.

CHEAPEST TO

Buy and Operate!

LAWN SEEDS

and Fertilizers.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Hardware, Plumbing

and Tinware.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

18 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor, Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, FEBRUARY 29 1892 PRICE TWO CENTS

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

Borough Candidates.

MAYOR,
EDWIN L. BONNY.

COUNCILMEN,
GEORGE D. HALLOCK,
T. WILFORD POWELL.

COLLECTOR,
HENRY N. SPENCER.

Township of North Plainfield.

TOWN CLERK,
HORACE J. MARTIN.

OVERSEER OF THE POOR FOR 3 YEARS,
J. W. A. BAUERSACHS.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
JOHN R. McDONALD.

TOWN COMMITTEEMAN,
WILLIAM C. SMITH.

COMMISSIONERS OF APPEALS,
M. POWELL, F. M. WHITELY.

COMMISSIONERS OF APPEAL,
J. S. LUNGER, CLAWSON, D. R. WEAVER.

CONSTABLES,
J. W. VAN HORN, (for one year.)
THOS. BUTLEDGE, (for three years.)

BREVITIES.

—Next Wednesday will be Ash Wednesday, the beginning of Lent.

—The borough Council will hold a meeting next Friday evening.

—The City Common Council will meet in regular session one week from to-night.

—Classes in Mechanical Drawing and bookkeeping will meet at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

—Two colored women engaged in a fight on Liberty street last evening. No arrests were made.

—Primrose & West's minstrels are to give an exhibition in Music Hall next Wednesday evening.

—The Union County Board of Chosen Freeholders will hold a meeting in the Court House at Elizabeth next Thursday afternoon.

—The temperance meetings at Reform Hall yesterday were very largely attended and much interest was manifested. A number of persons signed the pledge.

—The Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting in the Sunday-school room of the chapel to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—An unknown woman, while attempting to cross the tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Elizabeth Saturday evening was struck by an express train and decapitated.

—Mrs. Tomlinson, County President of the W. C. T. U., will speak to the "T's" at their regular business meeting to-morrow afternoon at four p. m. All the "T's" are requested to be present.

—A horse attached to a light wagon ran away on Front street yesterday afternoon. The horse had been left standing without being tied. One of the wheels of the wagon was wrecked.

—A co-partnership has been formed between Messrs. Homan and Carey, who have secured as assignees the effort of Mr. J. V. F. Ryerson, and propose to dispose of the same at cost as elsewhere advertised.

—On complaint of Overseer of the Poor Vanderbeck a young man named Gordon was arrested Saturday night for non-support of his family. Policeman Frederickson made the arrest. Gordon furnished bonds in the sum of $1,000, to hereafter contribute to their support.

—All liquor licenses will expire this evening at eleven o'clock. The persons whose applications were granted at the meeting of Council held last Tuesday evening may continue business after they have paid the license fee of $700. The cartmen, hackmen and peddlers license will also expire to-night.

—A peculiar talk on peculiar ideas or a journey into space will be the subject of the popular talk to be given by Mr. George H. Morrison at the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Thursday evening of this week. M. H. J. Runyon will speak at the same place on the 10th and ex-Mayor Randolph on the 17th proximo. The admission will be free.

—It is worth noticing that the catalogue of the appearance of the aurora shows that it has appeared oftener on February 13th—as far as the records go—than on any other day. The phenomenon appeared with especial brilliancy on February 13th, 1831; February 13th, 1838; February 13th, 1865; and February 13th, 1887. It is also often seen in March.

—The Second subscription concert of the Plainfield Choral Society will be given on Thursday March 3d. The program will consist of miscellaneous selection, including Gade's new work, "Joan of Arc," with the following soloists: Miss Katharine Hilke, soprano; Mr. John H. Bickelson, tenor; Mr. Percy Averill, baritone; and an orchestra from the New York Philharmonic Society.

—It may be accepted as a safe thing to be to anticipate an early Spring and fine weather, for A. J. DeVoe, the weather prophet, says that there will be scarcely any Spring weather this year, and advises farmers to be on the outlook for storms until May, when a hot wave will sweep over New Jersey. He suggested that potatoes should be planted in low ground and as early as possible.

—It was on one of the trains on the Belvidere Railroad Saturday, and the train was just drawing up to Washington's Crossing Station. The brakeman stuck his head in the door and in a sepulchral voice said: "Washington's Crossin." "Faith, let me have a bit at him" exclaimed an Irishman, jumping from his seat. "I know Moodley was his birthday but I hadn't heard anything about him comin' back to Jersey."—True American.

AN EXPRESS AGENT'S CRIME.

Accused of Stealing a Package of Jewelry.—Arrested in New York.

Viscount C. Linden, formerly baggage man at the Westfield depot, and agent for the United States Express Company, was Saturday arrested in a restaurant on West street, New York, on a charge of grand larceny.

Last Fall a package of jewelry was sent by a Chicago firm to a jeweler in Westfield, and Linden, as the express agent, delivered it. The package was sent C. O. D., and the jeweler refused to receive it, whereupon Linden took it back to his office. The package mysteriously disappeared, and some days after Linden made gifts of rings and other jewelry to young girls in the village. His lavish distribution of jewelry aroused suspicion, and the articles were identified as belonging to the lost package.

Before Linden could be arrested he too disappeared. County Detective Kerou, since Linden's indictment in October last, has been at work on the case, and yesterday located Linden, who was engaged as a cook in the West street lunch rooms.

Inspector Byrnes assigned Detective Navello to assist, and Detective Kerou arrested Linden, taking him to the New York police headquarters.

Senator Marsh is preparing to obtain a requisition for the transfer of Linden to this State for trial.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Charles Frey, formerly of this city but now of Brooklyn, N. Y., is visiting friends here.

Mrs. Henry Van Middlesworth, of this city, is visiting her father-in-law, John Van Middlesworth of Bridge street, Somerville.

Prof. Stimpson of the New York school of Artist-Artisans has been confined to his home, the Seminary on West Seventh, for several days past with a severe attack of the grip.

Miss Annie Wilson of Broad street, Newark, and Mr. Robert Parker of Brooklyn, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John N. Gulick of Park place, North Plainfield, yesterday.

The condition of Mr. J. Lewis Olin, the young bicyclist who was so badly injured by colliding with a carriage on Park avenue Thursday evening, was yesterday reported as much improved.

Hon. John Ulrich of this city has been chosen State Organizer of the Republican Clubs of New Jersey, by the State Republican League, through the President, Mr. Joseph H. Gaskell, who shows by this appointment his good judgement.

In the Casino audience Saturday evening there was a patriarchal-looking gentleman who bore a striking resemblence to Mr. Charles Potter. It was his brother, Dr. Potter, a retired physician of Adams' Centre, N. Y., who was on a visit to the home of the distinguished builder of printing presses. He returned to his own home to-day.

Madame La Prince and daughters, the Misses Marie and Aimee, of New York, were yesterday guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Morrison of Mountain avenue. Madame La Prince is an English woman, who, with her husband, a French gentleman prominent in art matters, located in this country some years ago to look after business interests. They secured the historic Jumel Mansion on Fifth avenue, as a place of residence, from which is had one of the most beautiful panoramic of the metropolis. At the age of seventeen Madame La Prince took the first prize for drawing at the art exhibition of the South Kensington Museum, London. The family is noted in art matters. Her brother, Mr. George Robinson Whitney, was a few years ago an honored guest for a week of the King of Italy, and was by him appointed Director-in-Charge of the Italian Exhibit of Statuary, at the London International Exhibition a few years ago. Madame La Prince has been chosen by the World's Fair Commissioners one of three women to decide upon the standard of women's art work to be exhibited, and was on Saturday elected President of the New York Society for the Promotion of Ceramic Art, which includes among its members many of the so-called "four hundred." Mr. La Prince and Mr. Whitney are now in Europe. One of Mr. La Prince's direct ancestors built the fortress at Cherbourg, France, and there hangs in the family home, in New York, a parchment signed by Louis XIV, showing this ancestor as one of the King's Military Counsellors.

Found Dead Yesterday.

Charles Winston, a well-known resident of this city, was found dead on a sofa at his home on Liberty street at about six o'clock yesterday morning. County Physician Wescott of Scotch Plains was summoned. He pronounced the cause of death heart disease, and, deeming an inquest unnecessary, issued a permit for burial. Less than three months ago the wife of the deceased also died very suddenly from a stroke of paralysis. Mr. Winston had been a resident of Plainfield for a number of years.

A Narrow Escape From Death.

An elderly man from Dunellen narrowly escaped death at the Grant avenue station last evening. He attempted to board the train due in this city shortly after eight o'clock after the train had started. He missed his footing and was dragged some distance before he succeeded in getting his feet on the lower step and with the assistance of a brakeman he safely boarded the train and escaped serious injury.

THE MYSTERIOUS WORD

THE "CHRONOTHANATOLETEON" EXPLAINED.

By Sixteen Talented Y's, to the Enjoyment of a Fine Audience at the Casino Saturday Evening.—The Entertainment a Gratifying Success.

The "Chronothanatoleteon, or Old Times made New," an entertainment for female characters only, was written for the close-day exercises at Dana Hall School, (Wellesley Female Seminary,) Wellesley, Mass., by two members of the class of '87, whose names (it is to be regretted) are not given. It was first performed before members of the class and their friends June 15, 1887.

Some of the Y's are graduates of Wellesley, and this may explain how the play came to be selected, and given in Plainfield.

The object of the play is historical. The object of those who gave it at the Casino was to replenish their treasury to promote their charitable work. The play opens with the appearance on the stage of Miss Louise Lewis, as "The Genius of the 19th Century," and Miss Eleanor T. Morrison, as "The Inventress."

"Genius," attired in white, draped with the stars and stripes, and carrying a scepter and wearing a silver crown, slowly entered at the right of the stage and, while engaged in a soliloquy, approached "Inventress," who, wearing a carpenter's apron over her dress, was busily engaged at the left of the stage completing a mysterious-looking cabinet, but occasionally stopped a moment to listen to the words of "Genius."

The soliloquy recalled man's work in different ages, from "Archimedes, the historic sage," down to the 19th Century, and closed thus:

"But, oh! that one
Could backward turn the wand'ring sun.
And man, the conqueror of space,
With time, as well, could run the race."

At this point "Inventress," addressing "Genius," triumphantly explained that she had completed an invention by which the wish of "Genius" may be gratified, and the historic characters of any age brought forth from the past at will. The mechanism of the invention is operated by a crank which "Inventress" turns. The machine is named, The Chronothanatoleteon.

"Genius" looks in wonder at it. "Inventress" desiring that it be tested, "Genius" asks to see Sarah, the wife of Abraham," (Miss Mary E. French.) "Inventress," with scarcely any effort, turns the crank. In a few moments, when the doors of the cabinet fly open, and "Sarah" appears. She is lead out by "Inventress" and introduced to "Genius," whom she tells of her beloved [illegible]

"Ah" is attired in the dress worn by the Jewish women of the time of Abraham, as given in the Bible dictionary. "Inventress" explains to "Sarah" the invention which has brought her from the tomb to the present, and then brings forth "Pharaoh's Daughter" (Miss Lucile H. French) whose costume is an undertunic of purple, an over tunic of mixed goods, a scarf about the waist, and an Egyptian head-dress, and over all, including the head, a grayish-brown garment, easily removed.

In this way, after brief but appropriate conversation between the characters on the stage, in which "Genius" and "Inventress" take part, holding the audience intensely interested, now and then provoking laughter at the wit or humor, personages were asked for and brought forth, in the following order, the conversation continuing with each new character, to have it explain how it became famous in history:

"Cornelia, the Roman Matron" (Miss Alice Green), attired in white drapery, bordered with purple, such as worn by the Roman Matrons 2,000 years ago.

"Egeria," (Miss Mabel Potter.) Attired in a heavy, plain, white sleeveless costume, with royal purple mantle, and having for ornaments gold arm-bracelets formed like serpents, a necklace of chains of gold and coin, and magnificent diamonds flashing at every turn, and wearing a golden crown set with a diamond star.

"Queen Elizabeth" (Miss Lou Clawson) Costume: A black and gold silk dress, trimmed with lace.

"Mother Bickerdick," (Miss Grace Lewis,) attired in plain skirt, a soldier's coat, and an old-fashioned bonnet, and carrying a carpet bag. The inquisitive-wide-awake Yankee, wore the army dress red cross on her breast.

"St. Cecilia," (Miss Alice Holmes, the contralto.) Costume: Long flowing white robes. She also wore a golden shower head and carried a small harp. She sang a song in Latin, and repeated it, in response to the applause which followed.

"Mother of Bologne," (Miss Ida Spicer,) Costume: Student's robe with square cap and mantle, all of garnet.

"Hypatia," (Miss Ella Green.) Costume: White draperies, and golden coronet.

"Cornelia," (Miss S. Lena Bass.) In costume of Indian Maiden.

"Joan of Arc," (Miss Madge Sutphen.) Costume of French Shepherdess, carrying a staff.

"Sappho," (Miss Florence Clark.) Greek costume of pale blue and white, gold band in hair, and carrying a little harp. She sang in Greek and was applauded.

Next came "Martha Washington," (Miss Augusta Holmes,) in characteristic costume, and "Lucretia Mott," (Miss Christine Smith,) in Puritan dress of gray and white, proceeding at once to work the spinning wheel, while she would have it but John speak for himself.

After the characters were all brought forth there was an interesting dialogue and then all, singing, went through the march, "Inventress" and "Genius" returned one by one to the cabinet and disappeared, excepting "Genius" and "Inventress."

The song was as follows:

1—Let the light of the aged be slow or be fast;
Yive la chronothanatoleteon.
The wish of a woman shall surely be last.

Chorus.—Yive la chrono—yive la chrono—
Yive la chronothanatoleteon.

2—Gladly's eighth wonder her ideas at last,
Who can turn if her will, even Time in its flight.

3—And brave to the invention, whose name is so fast
Who can turn if her will, even Time in its flight.

4—And hears to the Present, and hears to the Past,
And hears to the invention, the genius and last.—Chorus.

When the last notes of the song had been sung, "Genius" and "Inventress," hand-in-hand, bowed an adieu amid applause from the audience, as the curtain closed them from view.

Miss Maud Maxson presided at the piano, playing accompaniments.

The proceeds amounted to several hundred dollars.

The young ladies after the performance were all heartily congratulated by their friends who were all most agreeably surprised, at the general excellence of the play throughout.

Catholic Church Notes.

On Ash Wednesday masses will be celebrated in St. Mary's church at 6 and 8.30 a. m. There will also be a service in the evening at 8 p. m.

The usual lenten devotions will be held in St. Mary's and St. Joseph's Catholic churches every Wednesday and Friday evenings at eight o'clock.

At all the masses in St. Mary's church yesterday morning, the Rev. Father Smyth, the pastor, read a circular from Bishop Wigger, announcing that by a special dispensation from the Pope, owing to the prevalence of the grip, Catholics would be absolved from abstinence and fasting until further notice.

Base Ball News.

The Somerville Democrat has the following to say in reference to the coming base ball season:

As will be seen by the schedule Somerville opens the season on May 21 by playing away from home in Elizabeth, and closes at Somerville September 17 with their old rivals, the Crescents. Let the boys begin to play ball from the start and get a dead clinch on the pennant. All of these games are to be hard ones—the club's pennay this year. If the West Ends expect to bring to Somerville that glorious emblem of honor and victory they must "play ball" all the time. We are told on good authority that Manager Keller of the Crescents has secured a cyclone wonder which he intends to put into the box, and he scarcely believe that he will get into the field with the team he now has.

A Farm for Jersey Tramps.

The Board of Chosen Freeholders at Trenton have decided to purchase a farm and quarry to be used as a work place for tramps. The farm purchased is that of Levi B. Stout, in Hopewell Township, near Moore's station, on the Belvidere Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad. The farm consists of about 128 acres, is nicely situated, and contains a good quantity of stone, which can be worked easily. The shipping facilities are good by both rail and water, and the price is $6,000. The farm is situated near Lambertville, and is twelve miles from Trenton, where tramps will be committed to this farm.

Injured at the Depot.

Saturday evening a resident of Spooner avenue, arrived in this city on the 5.08 train. While attempting to descend the steps at the North avenue station he missed his footing and was precipated to the pavement below, striking on his head. A long and deep gash was inflicted in his right temple which bled profusely. A hack was secured and he was taken to the residence of Dr. Long where his wounds were dressed. He was later taken to his home. The doctor did not know his name.

Mr. Van Tine Also Injured.

Mr. Van Tine, a resident of Richmond street, while riding a bicycle near Dunellen yesterday afternoon was thrown from his wheel and sustained painful injuries. He consulted a physician and ascertained that the ligaments of one of his arms had been badly strained. He is now carrying the arm in a sling, and it will be some time before he will be able to use it.

Bitten by a Cat.

While playing with a cat at his home on Duer street, North Plainfield, a few days ago, Mr. Thomas Jennings of that thoroughfare, was severely bitten on his left hand by the feline. A physician cauterized the wound.

Some time ago a Bonnebrook man was bitten by a cat and died from the effects of his injuries.

Looking for a Fire-Bug.

Captain of Police George W. Grant is on the lookout for a colored man named Abraham Crosby who is wanted at White House. He is suspected of having set fire to the Central Railroad station at that place. He was arrested on that charge but succeeded in escaping from the constables who had him in charge.

Sprained an Ankle.

Mr. Wm. J. Sutton of East Front street met with a painful accident yesterday afternoon. He was attempting to ride a bicycle from this city to Dunellen but had only proceeded a short distance when he was unfortunate enough to have a horse run off. One of his ankles was badly sprained.

A Collision on Front Street.

Two farm wagons being driven in opposite direction collided on West Front street yesterday at about half-past three o'clock Saturday afternoon. A wheel on one of the wagons was wrecked. No other damage resulted.

—The annual masquerade ball of the Plainfield Gossip and Turning Society will be held in their hall on Somerset street this evening at eight o'clock.

To Explain the Objects of the Order.

The Independent Order of Foresters, who furnish their members with physicians, nurses, medicines and five dollars a week while sick and six hundred dollars at once to three thousand dollars at a cost of from four to seven cents a day, will explain the objects of the order this evening at the residence of Mr. Joseph Bell, No. 6 Grove street, Dunellen. A public meeting in Odd Fellows' Hall, No. 9 West Front street, Plainfield, this evening, March 1st, is also to be held. All are invited.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

TWELVE HORSES BURNED TO DEATH

A Fire-Bug Confessed the Crime.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 29th. (Special.)—Twelve horses were suffocated and roasted to death in a blazing stable at 228 Dean street, Brooklyn, shortly after 2 o'clock this morning, and Joseph White, who confessed that he set the building on fire, was arrested two hours later. The police believe that he is responsible for two other fires that occurred in the neighborhood, shortly before the Dean street fire.

RIOTING IN INDIANAPOLIS.

Several Special Policemen Injured by the Strikers.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 29th. (Special.)—The situation in the street car strike this morning was terribly critical.

The company proceeded to run the street cars this morning, relying on the assistance of the police.

Determined opposition on the part of the strikers followed, and in the row a number of special policemen were injured.

RECIPROCITY WITH FRANCE.

Minister Reid and M. Roche Reach a Commercial Agreement.

PARIS, Feb. 29th, (Special.)—Mr. Whitelaw Reid, the American Minister, and M. Jules Roch, Minister of Commerce, today arrived at a definite agreement for the establishment of a commercial treaty between France and the United States.

M. Roche will, on Thursday next, introduce a bill in the Chamber of Deputies to ratify the agreement.

Bombs Thrown in Paris.

PARIS, Feb. 29, (Special.)—The Faubourg St. Germain, one of the most aristocratic quarters of Paris, was thrown into confusion and excitement this morning by the explosion of what is believed to have been an infernal machine, at the house of the Princess de Sagan, who is almost as well known in New York as in Paris.

—The small boy now either amuses himself by flying a kite or spinning a top.

—The annual meeting of the Mcall Association will be held at the Public Library, Tuesday morning, March 1st, at eleven o'clock. A full attendance is desired as the election of officers for the ensuing year will take place.

—The delegates who represented Manitonomo Tribe at the meeting of the Grand Lodge of the Improved Order of Red Men, which was held at Trenton have returned to their home in this city.

—The P. & R. express engine No. 256 which was wrecked at Pennington on the P. & R. road a few months ago, has been repaired, and is on its old run between Philadelphia and Jersey City.

—Telegraph linemen have been at work putting additional cross-arms on the poles along the railroad track, and it is reported that the six wires running along North avenue, Westfield, are to be taken down and transferred to the railroad poles.

—The Reading Company, it is now rumored, will establish retail coal deposits in all towns along their lines, and refuse coal to other dealers. It is far better that such a big combination should not exist, than that the public should be thrown upon its mercy and fair dealing.—Ex.

—Pastor Dill, of Stirling, has been found guilty of one of the charges preferred against him. Whether guilty or not Mr. Dill long ago vitiated all the good he ever did at Stirling. When a minister is not at peace and in sympathy with any reasonable proportion of his congregation it is time he left it. He has no business to divide a church against itself.—Elizabeth Journal.

Hornby's Oats

Here is the whole fact—

H-O.

You get the profit every time you buy a package.

A Perfect Cereal

Card of Thanks for Lost Money Restored.

I wish to return my sincere thanks to the finder of a pocket book containing a sum of money, which was lost by the writer on Saturday afternoon, February 20th, on Somerset street, between the Presbyterian church and Park avenue. The finder of the pocket book, Mr. Frank Hall, of Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J., returned the same to me in the most honorable manner. I shall not forget the kindness of Mr. Hall, and will gladly pay a liberal reward to any one who will give me information that will lead to the discovery of the finder of my pocket book.

CHAS. E. KNOWLES.

Plainfield, Feb. 26th, 1892.

FORTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE CO.

JANUARY 1, 1892.

ASSETS.

Real Estate	$12,628,947.13
Stocks and Bonds	77,847,686.40
Bonds and Mortgages	21,678,225.58
Loans Secured by Collaterals	4,551,000.00
Premium Loans	397,700.59
Cash in Office and in Banks and Trust Companies	5,070,962.37
Interest and Rents due and accrued	583,037.81
Net amount of uncollected and deferred premiums	3,756,466.34
Total Assets	$125,947,280.81

LIABILITIES.

Reserve, or value of outstanding policies	109,422,156.00
Other Liabilities	1,578,111.30
Total Liabilities	$110,806,267.30
SURPLUS, being the sum amount which will be shown to be the Company's surplus by the Annual Report of the New York State Insurance Department as of December 31, 1891	$15,141,023.31

INCOME.

Total Premium Income	26,358,275.80
Interests, Rents, Etc.	5,597,919.58
Total Income	$31,854,194.98

DISBURSEMENTS.

Losses paid	$6,087,490.70
Endowments paid	1,098,795.11
Annuities, Dividends, Surrender Values, etc.	5,512,075.07
Total paid policy-holders	$12,671,460.88
Commissions	3,913,162.69
Agency Expenses, Physicians' Fees, Advertising and printing	1,550,614.38
Taxes, Salaries and other expenses	1,317,362.05
Total Disbursements	$19,452,600.00

Number of policies issued during 1891, 52,746. New Insurance $128,694,985. Total number of policies in force January 1, 1892, 195,452. Amount at risk $614,824,713.

JOHN A. McCALL, President.

HENRY TUCK, Vice President. A. HUNTINGTON, M. D., Med Director.
ARCHIBALD H. WELCH, 2d Vice Pres. CHARLES C. WHITNEY, Secretary.
GEORGE W. PERKINS, 3d. Vice Pres. HORACE C. RICHARDSON, Asst Sec.
RUFUS W. WEEKS, Actuary. EDMUND C. STANTON, Cashier.

Live insurance men residing in Plainfield can obtain excellent contracts as general, special, travelling or local agents by applying to office

SEABOARD DEPARTMENT,
115, 117, 119 Broadway, New York.

PERCY V. BALDWIN, Asst Manager. HENRY W. BALDWIN, Gen. Manager.

NEW FIRM.—HOMAN & CAREY.

Having been assigned the goods and chattels of J. V. F. Ryerson, No. 28 Somerset street, we will proceed to close out the same in the next

Ten Days at COST.

The property consists of 22 Wagons, 4 Sleighs, 25 Sets of Harness, light, heavy single and double; 100 Whips, 75 Horse Blankets, 150 Collars, lots of parts of harness, Chains, Big Bolts, Springs, Chamois and a thousand other things. Also a large lot of wheelwrights' supplies, Blacksmith supplies.

Open Until Nine O'clock Evenings.

HOMAN & CAREY. 2 00d

CORPORATION NOTICE.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., February 26, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that Magnus Hawkins has applied to the common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous, vinous, malt and fermented liquors in quantities from one quart to five gallons, at 46 Liberty street, in the Fourth Ward, which application is signed by

Simeon Harris, David Barry,
Patrick Forster, Andrew Jones,
W. A. Wood, Edward Cline,
Neil Scott,

citizens and freeholders. All persons knowing of any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the undersigned on or before the 7th day of March instant.

Done in accordance with the requirements of the "ordinance to license and regulate and to prohibit the sale of spirituous and other intoxicating liquors."

F. W. RUNYON, City Clerk.

GET YOUR TEAMING and GRADING done by Weiss Brothers, 20 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 2 28d

PELTON Water : Motors.

CHEAPEST TO

Buy and Operate!

LAWN SEEDS

and Fertilizers.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Hardware, Plumbing and Tinwork.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

18 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 5.

MUSIC HALL!

One Night Only!

Wednesday, March 2.

Return of our Popular Favorites, The Minstrel Monarchs.

Primrose & West's

BIG MINSTRELS.

Remember, everything entirely new this season.

Watch for the grand street parade. No change in prices.

Housework Made Easy!

THE ARNOLD AUTOMATIC STEAM COOKER for meat, vegetables and puddings, the Automatic steam coffee cooker, and a simple, labor saving, 25 cents. Dust Pan are new inventions which are recommended highly by all who have used them.

The Agent,

M. E. BEACH,

No. 61 Park avenue, inviting everyone to call and see them. The price for each article is moderate.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

DECORATORS ↓ †

‡ ‖ § PAINTERS.

Great variety of Wall Paper. Painters' supplies. Office and store, 307 East Front street.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Speaking of this country, Rev. Hugh Price Hughes says he was profoundly impressed with the countless possibilities of this republic. But he adds immediately: "If its citizens will only remember, as Herbert Spencer and Matthew Arnold tried to teach them, that character is more important than the almighty dollar."

The older the country grows the more and more generally will the birthday of Abraham Lincoln be celebrated. It was more widely observed this year than ever before. Some fifteen years elapsed after the death of Washington before his countrymen began to think of celebrating his birthday. Now Feb. 22 is by law a national holiday. In the years to come probably Feb. 12 will be also. At any rate this year the Philadelphia Press sees in the general celebration of Lincoln's birthday the opening of the presidential campaign.

A funny discovery has been made by a French scientific traveler—at least he says he made it—that in the Canary Islands the natives have a whistling language. They whistle instead of talk, and the performance is accomplished by putting two fingers inside the mouth and then blowing. The language is much like the Spanish, though how M. Lajard can know that is hard to say. It is as if one should put two fingers in his mouth and whistle the words, "Hello, Jones!" instead of speaking them in the ordinary way. But why the Canary inhabitants should take all that trouble, especially when they were in a place where they could not wash their hands, is not clear. They would convey all the disease microbes in the universe into their bodies. The whole story has a mixed up look somehow.

When People Are Civilized.

When people are civilized mankind will live in the country. The cities will be centers of business and commercial exchange. Men will go to them as they now go to their stores, factories or offices. They will do their day's work there, but they will not think of living there any more than they now think of sleeping in their shops or counting rooms. Great tenement houses will be done away with. Solid city blocks, each house containing several dark rooms, will be done away. Mankind will have developed sense enough to make their houses all light, so that none will be obliged to spend even the business hours of the day in dark dens like rats in a hole.

But the real life for rich and poor will be in the country, the blessed country. Rapid transit will have solved one problem of existence and helped to make life worth living. Express trains will shoot men in from the beautiful country towns at the rate of a hundred miles an hour. Transportation will be so low that it will be within the power of every man to have a house and garden all his own. His children will play outdoors all day long and grow beautiful and strong. Flowers will bloom and vegetables will grow in his garden, so that home to him will be a bit of paradise. The land grabbers will be all dead then. Common people will have learned out of their own brains how to circumvent them.

Irrigation and Congress.

Governor John N. Irwin, of Arizona, writing in The Forum, places the irrigation subject before the public in a clear form. A domain equal to the states of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois now lies before the agriculturist, incalculably rich in all that goes to the making of crops, excepting only water. Much of this land will return in fruits, nuts and vegetables $350 to $500 an acre.

What has been done already is instanced in the case of Colorado and California, the only states so far which have well defined irrigation laws and systems. Irrigation costs in the neighborhood of ten dollars an acre in much of the arid region. Governor Irwin says:

Three plans are presented for the construction of lakes for the storage of water:

First—That it be undertaken by the government of the United States as a national work.

Second—That the state or territory provide the reservoirs within its borders.

Third—That the work be done by private capital.

Of these the last, taking everything into consideration, is infinitely preferable.

The future prosperity of the people in the arid region, and the mining in the region naturally be made to support depends upon the solution of the problem of water storage or the reservoir system. There is no lack of water. The trouble arises from the unequal and unseasonable distribution, and the problem is to retain the water falling in the rainy season and that caused by the melting of the mountain snows in the spring, and to use it as needed for the production of the crops. And this problem is merely a matter of capital first and engineering skill second. It must be noted that all the arid region consists of mountains and valleys. The mountains contain the water and the valleys the soil. Everywhere in the mountains are natural reservoirs for water that only need walls of masonry or earth, scientifically to hold safely and surely the great mass of water.

These reservoirs or artificial lakes, once securely constructed, the question of supply will be answered, and all doubt as to the great future of irrigation will be settled forever. To these great works, the attention of capital and brains is invited. The era of railroad building in the older states is almost closed. In the arid region all the work remains to be done. In it is to be employed the greatest energy and money. Upon its development rests the well being of millions and the foundation of fortunes.

But before much can be done congress must act. Reservoir rights must be defined. The system of location must be made clear and titles must be unclouded. Many of the rivers flow through two or more states or territories, and into the question as to how far the different states must be adjudicated by congress.

BLAINE SHIELDS HIS SON

He Blames Marie Nevins for the Couple's Separation.

THE SECRETARY DEFENDS HIS WIFE.

He Says That Recent Events Compel Him to State That Mrs. Blaine Never in Any Manner Sought to Part His Son and His Wife—Father Ducey Sharply Rebuked.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Secretary Blaine has furnished to the United Press a long statement relating to the marriage of his son, James G., Jr., to Marie Nevins and their divorce. He says that he and his family have borne quietly every publication inspired by the young lady, but the last outrage of the kind, embodied in the decision of a judge at Deadwood, Dak., says Mr. Blaine, assumes a character which makes it impossible to remain longer silent.

The statement opens with a letter written by the secretary to Rev. Father Thomas Ducey, of St. Leo's church, New York, who officiated at the wedding, as follows:

Father Ducey Blamed.

ARGYLE, Me., Sept. 13, 1888.

The Rev. Thomas L. Ducey, Rector St. Leo's Church, 24 East Twenty-ninth street, New York:

SIR—On Wednesday morning last my young son, James G. Blaine, Jr., shocked me by the announcement that on the preceding Monday he had been united in marriage with Miss Marie Nevins; that you had performed the ceremony in your own residence; that my son and Miss Nevins were unaccompanied by friends or relatives, and that two of your household servants were the sole witnesses.

My son was born Oct. 12, 1866, and is not therefore eighteen years old.

Through my oldest son, Walker Blaine, who went to New York as soon as I heard these unhappy tidings, I learned that you had misrepresented his age to you, stating that he was within a month or two of twenty-one. But he did not (according to your own statement to my son Walker) conceal from you the vital fact that he was a minor; he did not conceal from you, his parents

MORE RIOTING IN BERLIN

Pools of Blood in the Streets Mark the Scene of Battle.

YET ANOTHER OUTBREAK FEARED.

Both the Garrison and the Police Force Strengthened and the Kaiser Ready to Lead the Soldiers—The Dissatisfaction Spreads to Hamburg and Dresden.

BERLIN, Feb. 29.—The socialists are not by any means yet quelled. Groups of them gathered early yesterday morning in the Unter den Linden near the palace. They did not form in one dense crowd, but apparently waited for some expected word of command. The police ordered them to disperse, but they held their ground. Then the police attacked them savagely, using both the flat and the point of the saber and wounding a number severely. The socialists, if they had weapons, did not use them, but dispersed without any serious resistance.

The Police Swallowed Up.

Toward afternoon matters became more serious. The agitators changed the scene of operations to the thoroughfares frequented by workingmen. It seemed as if more than half of Berlin was out on the streets, shouting and bent on riot and the others on watching the rioters. A report spread that the people were to march to the palace and demand an audience by the kaiser. The dense throng tried to form itself for parade. Thousands were in the motley, ill-formed ranks and thousands more were ready to fall in when the police gathered to make a charge. The police threw themselves impetuously upon the people. They were simply swallowed up, the police struggling like fish in a sea of humanity.

Then more police were summoned from all directions and charged more furiously, using the edge of the saber. This maddened the crowd. They tore stones from the pavement, they plucked sticks from boxes and booths and picked up weapons and tools wherever they could find them. With these they carried on a long and desperate battle, which for a time seemed doubtful. The mob had its temper aroused to the highest pitch, and while the combat was fiercest, word was sent to have the troops in readiness. The kaiser, who had ridden out in a carriage with one side during the afternoon was kept advised of the situation and gave instructions that, if the use of the military should be absolutely necessary, he should be notified, as it was his intention to lead them. It is said that the kaiser remained booted and spurred until word came that there was no further danger, and that the rioters had been scattered by the police.

A Fierce and Bloody Fight.

Meantime the fight on Rosenthal strasse was fierce and bloody. The police kept in phalanx, steadily pressing the populace backward. If a policeman fell those near him closed the gap, while the man had a chance to get up, or if disabled was removed. Several of the policemen received blows that put them out of the struggle. One giant socialist, known as a Hercules among his associates, faced the police with his fists and leveled two of them before he fell, penetrated by a saber cut that caused the blood to spurt from his neck. Another of the mob, armed with a billet of wood, laid about him so furiously that the police could not get close enough to saber him and one was about to shoot him. The rioter saw the pistol pointed and threw the stick of wood at the policeman, knocking the revolver from his grasp. The next instant the rioter was sabered.

The stones flew in showers, but the police were well protected from these by their helmets, and it was only occasionally that an officer was hurt by missiles.

Above the noise of the blows and the rush of the combatants rose the cries of the rioters, cursing the burgomaster and the police. It was noticed that nothing was shouted against the kaiser or the government. The rioters did not all direct their energies to resisting the police. A good number gave their attention to pillage, and shops were looted as freely as on Thursday night.

The police were victorious at last. The rioters became frightened at the spectacle of their comrades bleeding to death. Many lay seriously wounded, and others fled, badly hurt, to their homes. Once the stampede began the flight ended in an incredibly short time, and the police themselves were amazed at the suddenness of their relief from an arduous conflict. They had not taken many prisoners, for all the policemen that could be mustered were needed on the spot, but the rioters suffered most severely, and after the removal of those who were too badly wounded to get away, the scene showed a big pools of blood here and there and the debris of improvised weapons, the severity of the encounter.

More Rioting Feared.

The riot was not completely quelled with the victory in the Rosenthal strasse. Frankfurter strasse was also occupied by a considerable crowd, and many of those who fled from Rosenthal strasse rallied at this point. The police, flushed with success and infuriated by resistance, charged on them mercilessly, cutting right and left and not sparing anyone. It was impossible for the mob to stand long before the fury of such an onset. Cries of pain and yells of rage told the effect of the police blows. Men with cheeks cut open, others with blood pouring from wounded and helpless arms, ran out of the ground for their homes. The fight was quickly over.

The troops remained in barracks throughout the night, and this morning the whole garrison paraded in arms. They were then marched back into the barracks, to remain throughout the day.

At this time there are grave fears of more rioting and the authorities are taking precautions by strengthening both the garrison and the police. The leaves of absence of all policemen have been cancelled and even the retired and pensioned members of the force, who are in sound health, have been notified to be ready on summons.

News has been received from Hamburg, Dresden and other places of uneasiness among among the populace caused by the Berlin rioting, but no serious disturbances are reported.

A Railroad Submerged.

PLEASANTVILLE, N. J., Feb. 29.—A gale has been raging here from the northeast, and is blowing with hurricane force. The meadows between here and Atlantic City are submerged about a foot. The tracks of the Camden and Atlantic railroad are under water and trains are being delayed.

A Five Story Building Burned.

NEW YORK, Feb. 29.—Fire completely burned the five story building, 425 to 431 Eleventh avenue, causing a loss of $300,000.

Jay Gould Better.

NEW YORK, Feb. 29.—Jay Gould is so much improved that he expects to start on his southern trip Wednesday.

IN THE POLITICAL ARENA.

Cleveland Believed to be Frowning on the Syracuse Convention.

SYRACUSE, Feb. 29.—William A. Beach, of this city, the leader of the Cleveland Democrats of this county, acknowledges that he has received a letter from Grover Cleveland referring to the movement for a contesting delegation to Chicago. He refuses, however, to make known the contents of the letter but his inactivity leads to the belief that Cleveland is frowning on the Syracuse convention as a stroke of bad politics. Wieting Opera House was engaged for the convention called to be held in this city on May 31 by Mr. Beach by telegraph from Albany. Further than that he has not entered to aid the movement. Speaking of the convention he said:

"I don't care to talk much about the movement that has been started against the midwinter convention. I will not speak for any Democrat but myself. No, nothing has yet been done toward the organization of Onondaga county. There will be no one organizing here unless the movement is general throughout the state. The leaders had a conference in New York, and probably when they have finished we will know more about what is to be done. Yes, I have heard it said that Cleveland advised that no convention be held in opposition to the one that has already been held. I think his idea on the subject is about the same as mine. The meeting at Albany acted contrary to my advice. My idea was to select and delegate a committee of prominent Democrats to make a formal protest before the delegates from all the states in the Union against the Hill convention and the delegates elected by it.

"The convention, however, decided to send a contesting delegation to Chicago. Now the movement is not so much in the interest of Cleveland as it is against Hill and the methods employed by him. We want the will of the Democrats of the state of New York represented at Chicago. We want for our candidate for president a man who represents Mr. Cleveland's ideas on the tariff."

"No, a convention has been called for May 31 in this city, but will it be held?" inquired the reporter.

"My opinion is that the convention will be held and delegates elected to the national convention at Chicago. If it should be decided not to send delegates to Chicago I think the convention will be held any way to show the feeling that exists among the Democrats who are opposed to machine methods and snap conventions."

Arkansas Wants Harrison.

LITTLE ROCK, Feb. 29.—The Republican state central committee issued a call for a state convention to be held in this city April 7, to select delegates to the national Republican convention. A resolution indorsing Harrison's administration and favoring his renomination was unanimously adopted.

A Million Dollar Fire.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 29.—A conflagration occurred in this city, the worst in many years, and the result is a million dollar loss. An immense granite and brick structure, but recently built at the junction of Flatbush avenue and Fulton street and occupied by the large clothing firm of Smith, Gray & Co. and the Flatbush railway warehouse concern, was completely gutted. With the exception of a few tottering walls, not a vestage of the once handsome building remains. Several adjoining structures were also ruined by the fire, while a number of frame houses were badly damaged. Charles Shay, an assistant foreman, is so badly hurt that he will die. John Hall fell from a ladder twenty-three feet and broke his ankle. A fireman named Burns was hit by falling walls and was injured internally. An unknown fireman is badly injured.

A Rumor That Hill Will Wed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—There is a story current that Senator Hill is soon to be married. Originally the name of the daughter of the late William L. Muller was coupled with his, but it is now declared to one who broached the subject to him that the report was absolutely false. Later the story took the form that Mr. Hill was engaged to a rich Albany widow, and that they would be married late in the coming summer. A gentleman who is thought to be in a position to know said that he has every reason to believe that inside of a year David would no longer be in the ranks of the bachelors. Nothing but an actual marriage will ever convince some folks of this.

Mme. De Barrios to Wed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 29.—Beautiful, accomplished and rich Mme. de Barrios, the widow of the renowned General Justo Rumno de Barrios, who was at one time president of Guatemala, is about to wed for the second time. The man to whom this beautiful woman is about to intrust her hand and her vast fortune is Jose Martinez de Roda, a marquis of Spain and the possessor of one of the proudest titles known to the Spanish nobility. He has just arrived here and the event will take place next month.

The Police Cleared the Church.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 29.—A meeting of the Congregation Mischnaias at the church, 102 South Orange avenue, President Oscar Mantz suspended two members for giving the story to the newspapers about the disappearance of $500 from the church treasury. Several members objected to the president's action, when they also were suspended. A general row ensued and the police were called to clear the place.

Short in the Accounts.

OLNEY, Ills., Feb. 29.—The experts now going over the county officers' books for the years from 1881 to 1891 show the following shortages to have been found: Frank Colespie, ex-treasurer, $12,841.39; Thomas Brazeis, ex-treasurer, $2,786.41; James T. Richey, ex-sheriff, $483.23; Arch Spring, ex-sheriff, $2,011.52; Thomas Lippet, circuit clerk, $974.06; John Vonganton, Jr., county clerk, $1,595.23. Total, $20,654.

He Married Widow Carson.

NEWARK, N. H., Feb. 29.—Dr. George, the medico-spiritualist whose influence over the widow of ex-Mayor Carson, of this city, aroused the indignation of Mr. Carson's friends here, was married to Mrs. Carson at Concord. Mrs. Carson is not far from seventy and much older than George. She is thought to be worth several hundred thousand dollars.

Postmaster Lamson Accused.

SOUTHINGTON, Conn., Feb. 29.—Postmaster O. N. Lamson is accused of opening letters and mixing the mail of business men here. He will be arrested.

Racer Foxhall Here.

NEW YORK, Feb. 29.—The celebrated horse Foxhall has arrived here from England, and will be taken to Mr. Eaton's stables in Kentucky.

The Street Car Riots Stopped.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 29.—The street car riots have stopped, but the cars have not resumed running.

A Leap Year Incident.

"Annie Marian, have you made many proposals of marriage yet?"

"Not many: but the year is still young." —Life.

Died with His Secret.

BERLIN, Feb. 29.—John Roeder, a chemist, had a secret for making tar. For fear may one should discover his method he always worked at it alone in his laboratory. The laboratory took fire in some way unknown and Roeder was burned to death.

A Blind Girl Burned to Death.

BAY CITY, Mich., Feb. 29.—A blind girl named Eva Sowy, aged seven years, was alone in the house with her grandfather, who was confined to his bed by illness, when her clothing took fire from a coal stove and she was burned to death.

A Quarrel Ends in Murder.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Feb. 29.—Frank Broose and William H. Detner quarrelled, and Detner shot Breese in the back of the head, killing him instantly. Detner escaped, but if captured will be lynched.

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FRENCH LESSONS. Instruction and entertainment in French Lectures, Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High school, and others. For terms and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Vincent, care of Misses Redfield and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY, Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891. For information call at the Academy or address EDWARD N. HARNED, Prin. 107 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

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CRUSHED STONE!
ALL SIZES.
Of finest
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Prices { Smallest size (3x20) $1.50 / Largest size (4x24) $2.00 } All in leather mounted, with strap.

The largest size is the most powerful.

On receipt of price, we will send any of the above by return mail, postpaid.

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Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 868.

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Storm doors and weather strips a specialty
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Window Screens
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ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—6.25, 9.05 a. m., 12.05, 3.05, 6.05 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 3.30, 6.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARITAN MAILS.
Arrive—9.05 a. m., 3.05, 6.05 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 3.30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9.00 to 10.00 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

Railroad Time Table.

Central Railroad of New Jersey
(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time Table in effect Nov. 15th, 1891.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 7.14, 7.37, 8.06, 8.14, 8.38, 8.49, 9.03, 9.30, 10.07, 10.30, 11.03, 11.30 a. m., 12.03, 12.30, 1.03, 1.30, 2.03, 2.30, 3.03, 3.30, 4.03, 4.30, 5.03, 5.30, 6.03, 6.30, 7.03, 7.30, 8.03, 8.30, 9.03, 9.30, 10.03, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 7.14, 7.37, 8.06, 8.14, 8.38, 8.49, 9.03, 9.30, 10.07, 10.30, 11.03, 11.30 a. m., 12.03, 12.30, 1.03, 1.30, 2.03, 2.30, 3.03, 3.30, 4.03, 4.30, 5.03, 5.30, 6.03, 6.30, 7.03, 7.30, 8.03, 8.30, 9.03, 9.30, 10.03, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Leave New York at 8.35, 9.05, 9.35, 10.05, 10.35, 11.05, 11.35 a. m., 12.05, 12.35, 1.05, 1.35, 2.05, 2.35, 3.05, 3.35, 4.05, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 6.05, 6.35, 7.05, 7.35, 8.05, 8.35, 9.05, 9.35, 10.05, 10.35, 11.35 p. m. Sunday, 9.05, 9.35, 10.05, 10.35, 11.05, 11.35 a. m., 12.05, 12.35, 1.05, 1.35, 2.05, 2.35, 3.05, 3.35, 4.05, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 6.05, 6.35, 7.05, 7.35, 8.05, 8.35, 9.05, 9.35, 10.05, 10.35, 11.35 p. m.

Passengers for Newark, Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Perth Amboy and Bayonne change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.30, 8.37, 9.25, 11.05, 11.55 a. m., 1.30, 3.35, 4.30, 5.20, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.30 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 8.37, 9.25, 11.05 a. m., 1.30, 4.30, 5.20, 6.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 7.30, 9.25, a. m., 1.30, 5.20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
LEAVE PLAINFIELD.
5.45 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Delaware and Scranton. 7.30 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown.

8.37 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor and Mauch Chunk.

9.25 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Delaware, Susquehanna, Scranton, etc., through coach to Williamsport.

11.05 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Sunbury, Williamsport, Scranton, etc.

1.30 p. m. for D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville, Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton, Reading Harrisburg, etc. Parlor car to Mauch Chunk.

4.30 p. m. for Flemington, High bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

5.20 p. m. for Flemington.

6.30 p. m. Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

8.30 p. m. 1st Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

9.30 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Scranton. 10.30 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton, etc. 11.30 p. m. Sundays for High Bridge branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

12.30 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 7.37, 8.06, 11.09 a. m., 4.14, 6.49 p. m. Sundays, 8.06 a. m., 4.14 p. m. For Perth Amboy at 7.37, 8.06, 9.05, 11.09 a. m., 4.14, 6.49, 7.49 p. m. Sundays 8.06, a. m., 4.14 p. m.

SHORE FAST LINE.
Leave Plainfield at 8.06, 9.05, 11.09 a. m., 4.14, 6.49, 7.49 p. m. Sundays 8.06 a. m.

For Trenton 8.45, 9.30, 9.42, 10.42 a. m., 12.37, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.45, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20 p. m. Sundays at 9.42, 10.42 a. m., 5.20, 9.20 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 9.42 a. m., 2.05, 4.45, 5.20, 9.20 p. m. 1.37 night. Sunday at 9.42 a. m., 5.20, 9.20 p. m.

For Philadelphia, Broad Street Station, 8.45, 9.30, 9.42, 10.42 a. m., 12.37, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.45, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20 p. m. 1.37 night. Sunday at 9.42, 10.42 a. m., 5.20, 9.20 p. m.

For Trenton 8.45, 9.30, 9.42, 10.42 a. m., 12.37, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.45, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20 p. m. 1.37 night. Sunday at 9.42, 10.42 a. m., 5.20, 9.20 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 9.42 a. m., 2.05, 4.45, 5.20, 9.20 p. m. 1.37 night. Sunday at 9.42 a. m., 5.20, 9.20 p. m.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Pass Agt.
A. G. OLDEN, Gen. Supt.

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Standard Railway of America.
Protected throughout by the latest-looking switches and signals.
On and after Nov. 15th, 1891, trains leave Elizabeth as follows:

4.55 a.m. Western Express daily, with Pullman Vestibuled Drawing Room Sleeping Cars for Pittsburgh, Columbus, Cleveland, and St. Louis, only stops Saturday, for Pittsburgh and Toledo.

7.00 p.m. Western Express Daily, with Pullman Vestibuled Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Also Sleeping Cars for Chicago, Cincinnati, Toledo, Williamsport, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

8.50 p.m. Pacific Express, with Pullman Vestibuled Drawing Room Sleeping Cars for Chicago and Toledo, daily except Saturday, for Cleveland.

For Washington, Washington and the Southwest, 7.05, 8.07, 7.00, 8.00 a.m., 12.02, 2.02 p.m. On Sundays—7.05, 8.07, 8.00 a.m., 12.02, 2.02 p.m.

For Newark and New York—6.42, 5.34, 6.46, 7.30, 8.15, 8.41, 9.06, 10.30, 11.07, 11.40 a.m., 12.00 m., 12.15, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p.m. On Sundays—2.00, 5.34, 6.46, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 a.m., 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p.m.

For New York only—2.45 a.m. daily.

For Long Branch, 8.07 a.m., 2.02 p.m. Sundays, 8.07 a.m., 2.02 p.m.

For Atlantic City, 8.07 a.m., 2.02 p.m. Sundays, 8.07 a.m., 2.02 p.m.

For Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Lakewood, Toms River, Beach Haven, Tuckerton, Sea Girt, Manasquan, Point Pleasant, Bay Head Junction and Intermediate points, 8.07 a.m., 2.02 p.m. Sundays, 8.07 a.m., 2.02 p.m.

For Atlantic City, daily, except Sundays, with day coaches attached, 1.30 p.m.

For Sea Girt, 8.07 a.m., 2.02 p.m. Sundays, 8.07 a.m.

For Redbank—12.34, 1.02, 2.44, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a.m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p.m. Sundays—12.34, 1.02, 2.44, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a.m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p.m.

For Matawan, 12.34, 1.02, 2.44, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a.m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p.m. Sundays—12.34, 1.02, 2.44, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a.m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p.m.

For Keyport—12.34, 1.02, 2.44, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a.m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p.m. Sundays—12.34, 1.02, 2.44, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a.m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p.m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Point Pleasant, Bay Head Junction and Intermediate points, 8.30 a.m., 12.30, 4.30 p.m. Sundays, 8.30 a.m., 4.30 p.m.

For Sea Girt, 8.30 a.m., 12.30, 4.30 p.m. Sundays, 8.30 a.m., 4.30 p.m.

For Toms River, Island Heights, Toms River, 8.30 a.m. and 12.30 p.m. week days (Sundays, 8.30 a.m.).

For Freehold—7.30 a.m., 12.30, 4.30 p.m. week days. Sundays, 8.30 a.m., 4.30 p.m.

For Freehold—7.30 a.m., 12.30, 4.30 p.m. week days. Sundays, 8.30 a.m., 4.30 p.m.

For Lakewood—7.30 a.m., 12.30, 4.30 p.m. week days. Sundays, 8.30 a.m., 4.30 p.m.

For Bordentown, Burlington and Camden—7.30 a.m., 12.30, 4.30 p.m. week days. Sundays, 8.30 a.m., 4.30 p.m.

For Mount Holly, Lumberton, Vincentown, Pemberton, Medford, Moorestown, Junction—7.30 a.m., 12.30, 4.30 p.m.

For Cape May, Ocean City and Ocean City—8.30 a.m. week days.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Point Pleasant, Bay Head Junction and Intermediate points, 12.30 p.m. Sundays, 12.30 p.m.

For Sea Girt, 12.30 p.m. Sundays, 12.30 p.m.

For Toms River, Island Heights, Toms River, 12.30 p.m. week days (Sundays, 12.30 p.m.).

For Freehold—12.30 p.m. week days. Sundays, 12.30 p.m.

For Freehold—12.30 p.m. week days. Sundays, 12.30 p.m.

For Lakewood—12.30 p.m. week days. Sundays, 12.30 p.m.

For Bordentown, Burlington and Camden—12.30 p.m. week days. Sundays, 12.30 p.m.

For Mount Holly, Lumberton, Vincentown, Pemberton, Medford, Moorestown, Junction—12.30 p.m.

For Cape May, Ocean City and Ocean City—12.30 p.m. week days.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Point Pleasant, Bay Head Junction and Intermediate points, 4.30 p.m. week days. Sundays, 4.30 p.m.

For Sea Girt, 4.30 p.m. week days. Sundays, 4.30 p.m.

For Toms River, Island Heights, Toms River, 4.30 p.m. week days (Sundays, 4.30 p.m.).

For Freehold—4.30 p.m. week days. Sundays, 4.30 p.m.

For Freehold—4.30 p.m. week days. Sundays, 4.30 p.m.

For Lakewood—4.30 p.m. week days. Sundays, 4.30 p.m.

For Bordentown, Burlington and Camden—4.30 p.m. week days. Sundays, 4.30 p.m.

For Mount Holly, Lumberton, Vincentown, Pemberton, Medford, Moorestown, Junction—4.30 p.m.

For Cape May, Ocean City and Ocean City—4.30 p.m. week days.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Point Pleasant, Bay Head Junction and Intermediate points, 7.49 p.m. Sundays, 7.49 p.m.

For Sea Girt, 7.49 p.m. Sundays, 7.49 p.m.

For Toms River, Island Heights, Toms River, 7.49 p.m. week days (Sundays, 7.49 p.m.).

For Freehold—7.49 p.m. week days. Sundays, 7.49 p.m.

For Freehold—7.49 p.m. week days. Sundays, 7.49 p.m.

For Lakewood—7.49 p.m. week days. Sundays, 7.49 p.m.

For Bordentown, Burlington and Camden—7.49 p.m. week days. Sundays, 7.49 p.m.

For Mount Holly, Lumberton, Vincentown, Pemberton, Medford, Moorestown, Junction—7.49 p.m.

For Cape May, Ocean City and Ocean City—7.49 p.m. week days.

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J. E. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agent.

COLD WEATHER AND BALDNESS DO NOT AGREE.
USE
Randolph's Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.
A POSITIVE CURE FOR DANDRUFF. HALF PINT BOTTLES 50 CENTS.
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IS YOUR TABLE SUPPLIED WITH
THE FAMOUS FERRIS HAMS
AND
BONELESS BACON?
Order them of
R. W. RICE & CO.
THE North Plainfield Grocers.

Great Overcoat Sale.
30 DAYS ONLY!
OVERCOATS AT ALMOST YOUR OWN PRICE.
GENUINE : BARGAINS!
Call and examine before they are are all gone.
WERNER'S CLOTHING HOUSE,
30 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
General Hardware and House-furnishings,
and STOVES.
Carpenter and Machinist Tools!
BUILDERS' HARDWARE.
HARNESS and BLANKETS.
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AND DOG CART HORSES,
CANADIAN HUNTERS,
COBS AND ROADSTER HORSES,
LADIES' SADDLE
AND DRIVING HORSES.
ALSO A SPECIALTY IN GEE
TLEMEN'S ROAD TEARS, SINGLE
DRIVERS AND TROTTERS.

43 WEST FRONT STREET.
A DINNER is never relished without a glass of GOOD WINE. We also wish to call the attention of our patrons and the public generally, to our large and most carefully selected stock of Choice
Sherries, Sauternes, Clarets, Champagnes,
BURGUNDIES, etc. Also our fine grade of Whiskies, Gin, Brandies, and Cordials. We have also on hand a fine selection of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC ALE, PORTER AND BEER.
If given a call will be able to compare our goods for quality and price with any of the first-class wholesale houses in New York City.
F. LINKE, Wholesale Wine and Liquor dealer.
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AND INDUSTRIAL UNION
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HOME MADE
Bread—Rolls—Pies—Cakes—
FRESH EVERY DAY.

Lodges.
Preservity and Protection.
1892. Membership, 150,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $22,000,000 since organization. Assets, $1,000,000. Grand Commander, Simon Sterne, New York. Supreme Secretary, S. P. R. Meredith, Lodge Room, 1 Madison Square, New York.
Louis I. Van Alstyne, Dictator.
Ralph A. Fry, Reporter.
Wilmoyle Commandery No. 81, 1st second and fourth Mondays at 8 p. m. 12 10 tf

Miscellaneous Cards.
H. S. STEVENS,
Has moved to Somerset street, corner of Madison avenue, where he will be pleased to see his old customers and friends. Everything new and fresh. Lower prices and better goods than ever before. Remember the place, corner Somerset and Madison avenue.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Has removed her office to No. 24 Somerset street, next door to Mrs. Hall's, where she has a lot of nice maple trees, grown from seed, for sale. 1 29 tf

THE ARIZONA KICKER.

The Onerous Duties of Mayor and Editor Combined.

WE'RE GOT TO DO IT.—We understand that some of the boys feel a bit sore as we become as mayor of this town we are trying to dignify the office by wearing white shirts and exchanging long legged boots for laced shoes. We replaced the sawdust spittoons in our room in the town hall with regular crockery affairs, and Hank Seiffer, Joe Glynn and others are going around saying that we've no further use for the crowd.

While we wish it distinctly understood that as a man we don't feel above any of the boys, as mayor of a hustling western town certain things are expected of us and must be carried out. We've got to keep our hair cut, use passably good grammar and present a decent appearance to strangers. No one need be surprised if we are not at the next dog fight, or if we issue an order that our official room is not headquarters for the gang. We expected the boys would feel hurt, but we believe our policy will win their approval in the end.

Over at The Kicker office any one who wishes can use the editor cuspidor all over the fixtures and elevate their feet clear to the ceiling, but when we are in the mayor's office we shall insist on all callers using the regular spittoons and at least keeping their heels off our desk. Strangers are dropping in every day, and we want them to see a difference between our office and the barrooms around town.

HE STILL TIRES US.—The last straw that broke the camel's back in the case of our contemporary down the street was when we were elected mayor by an overwhelming majority. He never could forgive us for being the first to introduce a paper collar and red cardboard and genuine printer's ink into this section, and when we exposed the actual figures of his 2,000 circulation (40) he tried to shoot us. But our election was the finishing blow. During the campaign he charged us publicly with being a thief, a thug, a slanderer, a swindler, an assassin, a convict, an incendiary, a liar, a bunko man, a murderer.

He also managed somehow to raise the sum of seven dollars in cash and went up against our election. His charges all fell to the ground, and he lost his cash money.

We were warned that he meant to shoot us, but he shouldn't take a mean advantage. We peak with a shotgun, we haven't worried any. Last evening, as we sat in our sanctum writing the red-hot editorial on the Chilton question to be found on the second page, our esteemed contemporary came up the alley and shot at us six times through the transom. The actual measurements are that we were only eight feet from him, and yet his best shot only cut the buckle off our vest back. We heard him crying as he went away after emptying his revolver. Poor old man! We pity him and yet he makes us tired, and some day when we are out of sorts we shall probably kill him and pay all the expenses of a first-class funeral.

TO THE PROFESSION.—Several theatrical troops which hit this town last fall neglected to leave complimentary tickets at The Kicker office. We made it as warm as possible for them, and none of them took in enough cash to pay the bill posting. We give fair notice in advance that we own the only hall where a show can be given. As mayor, we have the granting or refusing of licenses. As editor of The Kicker we can make it very pleasant or very lonely for any troop which refuses to come down. We state this matter very plainly because we want it plainly understood.

After the mayor (which is ourself) has granted a license, advance agents should call upon the editor of The Kicker (which is ourself again), and leave us six tickets. His name will call for a corner of Kicker hall (which is ourself some more) and arrange terms, date, etc. In this way everything can be arranged to the mutual satisfaction of all parties.

EXPLANATORY.—Readers will miss one of our most attractive departments this week —that headed "Cowboy Capers." Mr. John H. Bangs, late of New York city, was the accomplished editor of that department on a salary of four dollars a week and found.

Last week he borrowed our outfit for a ride into the country and he hasn't returned yet. The mule was sent back, but Mr. Bangs still tarries. It seems that some of Colonel Long's cowboys caught him, and not liking his free and easy style with the pen they pulled him up to a limb. Being very busy with other matters, they let him hang too long and were obliged to bury him.

Mr. Bangs was a fluent writer and will be sadly missed. We had intended to raise him to $4.50 next week, and also to lend him a white shirt and introduce him into society. We shall, however, expect to take his place next week, and the department will be made even more interesting, if possible.—M. Quad in New York World.

Nine Little Legal Points.

When he had comfortably settled himself in a chair by the lawyer's desk he said:

"Attorney for the ——road, ain't you?"

"Yes, sir. What can I do for you?"

"Well," said the caller, "when I was coming down town this morning there was an accident."

"You don't look as if you had been in fured."

"I wasn't."

"Any of your friends hurt?"

"No."

"Well, what's the matter, then?"

"Now, wait a minute till I get through," said the caller. "I had paid my fare to come down town—clear to the end of the line—but the company didn't bring me down. It didn't bring me half way."

"What of it?"

"Don't be impatient. I told the conductor I wanted some kind of a conveyance to get the rest of the way and he refused to pay for one."

"Well, I should think he would."

"He also refused to return my nickel."

"Of course he would."

"But when I was wrecked between here and St. Paul the company whose train was wrecked sent me through by another road without expense."

"Certainly. Implied contract, you know. Agreed to take you to your destination when you paid for your ticket."

"But when I paid my fare to the conductor wasn't there an implied" —

"No sir. Not at all. It's entirely different."

"Oh, your road doesn't have to do what it agrees to?"

"Look here. Perhaps you"—

"Now, wait. Don't get excited. What must a man do to get anything from your company?"

"Um, well, if your leg had been broken or if you had been killed in the accident" —

"What then, sir? What then?" asked the caller in excitement.

"Why, then," said the lawyer reflectively, "we would probably have proved contributory negligence and sued you or your relatives for blocking the road."—Chicago Tribune.

Taking Him Down.

In an isolated hospital ward were two patients, one a very nervous and timid fellow, the other a very sick man. The very sick man died and the timid fellow, trembling with fear, in a bed near by like.

To relieve the timid patient of his unattractive companion, a hospital orderly was sent to convey the corpse to the dead house. The orderly proceeded to obey with alacrity, and on entering the room found the two men, one (the corpse) lying on his bed, the other (the timid chap) stretched out stiffly, with the sheet pulled over his face. Naturally supposing the one with the sheet pulled over him to be the corpse, he proceeded to remove him.

The patient, quaking all over with fear, groaned, "Don't—don't take me; I'm dead." Whereupon the orderly, in disgust, blurted out: "What's the matter with you? Do you think you know more than the doctors do?"—Argonaut.

THE ARIZONA KICKER.

Everyday Incidents in the Editorial Life.

WILL BE HERE.—We received word the other day from Colonel John Fairbanks, who is running a cactus farm about twenty miles west of town, that he would try and come in some time within a fortnight to attend a meeting of the board of health. It seems to have got rifled because we blasted his political ambition by proving that he sold himself to both parties last fall. He might as well ride out of Arizona on a three cornered rail.

We shall be home every day in the week for the next month, and those who intend knocking on the door when he calls. He may just walk right in and begin popping away, and if he downs us no one about the office will do anything to prevent his getting away. We can feel our private graveyard just aching for another victim.

TOLD HIM SO.—On several different occasions we have said to Ben Williams through these columns that this town couldn't appreciate a man of his eccentric conduct. Ben didn't believe us. He continued to drink, quarrel and shoot at everybody who differed with him on Biblical questions, and last night the boys pulled him out and sawed his legs off at the knees on the bare back and asked him if he wanted a change of climate. He did. He wanted it bad. He was hunting for it when last seen, and if he is a liar he won't return here for some time to come.

In this connection it may be well to say a few words about Wash White. He has tried to kill three or four men in the last four weeks, and we believe him to be the party who fired a dead jackasse rabbit through our bedroom window one night last week. Unless he makes a great change in his conduct the boys will get up a surprise party on him soon, and their little affairs are never pulled off without some one getting hurt.

CURIOUS COINCIDENCE.—Most of our citizens will readily recall to mind Major Blackshaw, who spent some two weeks here last summer trying to break the faro banks. It is perhaps needless to say that the major left town under cover of night almost daily, and on one occasion showed us a human ear which had once belonged to a man in Prescott who called him a liar. We believe he claimed to have carried the ear for sixteen years.

It seems that when the major left here he went north, and one day he fell in with a man and exhibited the relic. The stranger turned out to be a brother of the man who lost the ear, and he not only took possession of it, but of both of the major's ten boot. The latter will now know how it seems to have somebody using his ears to put on rings on a barkwalk, and we can't see as we feel a bit sorry for him.

LOCATED.—As there was some little misunderstanding as to what had become of the man who stole General Brannegan's watch, we made it our business to find out the other night, we rode out into the country about three miles yesterday and obtained all possible particulars. The stranger had been provided with four rocks to the west of the Raisin valley trail after it crosses Buffalo creek, and some one has put up a blackboard with his description on it. We are glad to say that the search has been of short duration. We think he did. We think that several other organs also failed him at about the same time. Any one who thinks he got away is laboring under a mistake, and such an idea also does the boys injustice.—M. Quad in New York World.

A CASE OF TWO HEADS.

Working Together, How Much Better They Are Than One.

Two men went into a restaurant on Dearborn street last Saturday evening. One was a tall, pockmarked pilgrim, who wore a heavy ulster. The other was a short, heavy set man, with a gold headed cane and an eyeglass. They took seats at different tables.

The tall man called for a cup of coffee and a doughnut. He ate slowly and not at all like a hungry person.

The other man put his case carefully down through the back of the chair behind him, inspected the bill of fare and ordered antelope steak, frogs' legs and champagne.

Before he was half done the other man finished his coffee, wiped his mouth, mentioned slowly past him, paid his bill at the cashier's desk and went out.

The fat little man ate his luxurious dinner as if he enjoyed it, and lingered long and lovingly over his champagne.

But at last he finished, picked up his check, gathered up his hat and overcoat and looked for his cane.

It was gone.

Then he strode to the cashier's desk, full of wrath, and asked for the proprietor.

That functionary was summoned, and he opened out on him:

"Do you protect your guests, sir, from such villainous robbery?"

"What have you been robbed of?" inquired the proprietor.

"Of a gold headed cane, sir—a fine gold headed cane!" exclaimed the fat little man.

"I am sorry such a thing has happened in my establishment," rejoined the proprietor, but we are not responsible for the loss of anything of that kind. You can see the notification to that effect by looking at one of the framed signs on the walls."

"Yes, sir, I see them, and the notification is that you are 'not responsible for hats, overcoats or umbrellas.' I didn't lose my hat, overcoat or umbrella, sir! I lost a gold headed cane that cost the friends who presented it to me a ten dollar bill! I demand payment for that cane, sir! Your insolence saw me come in with it, sir! It's gone!"

The raised voice and excited gestures of the indignant guest had begun to attract attention from the rest of the restaurant and tried to quiet him, but without effect.

"No, sir!" he shouted. "I don't go out of here without cane, or I'll spend a thousand dollars in suing this establishment, and I'll carry the case to the highest court in the land."

"Don't make any further fuss, my friend," said the proprietor, much worried. "What's the amount of your check?"

"It's a beggarly four dollars."

"Then let's talk matters. How will you compromise? I don't think we ought to suffer for your own negligence in losing that cane, but I'll meet you half over. Will you give me that cane, take a dollar and call it square?"

"Sir, I will. It has cost me five dollars to patronize your place, but you have acted like a gentleman, all things considered. Good evening."

He surrendered his check, picked up the two dollars the cashier pushed forward to him, and went out of the restaurant with the heavy dignity of the man who knew his rights, and knowing had dared to maintain them.

As he passed a corner a block and a half away he was joined by a tall, pockmarked pilgrim in a long ulster, who hauled him a long, slender thing that looked like a gold headed cane, closed his hand over something in return that had a metallic clink, and the two went on down the street in solemn silence.—Chicago Tribune.

HIS INSPIRATION.

The Greatest Effort of His Life and Its Fearful Effect.

"Horrors, what an obscure hand you write!" said the literary editor to the new space writer as he turned in a bit of poetry.

"Oh, it's plain enough," interjected the poet hastily. "The rhymes and the meter will help the compositor out, and there'll not be the least bit of trouble if they just follow copy."

And the copy went hustling up the tube to the composing room.

"Say, what dod-gasted chump has been sending in his Chinese laundry bill for copy?" wildly yelled out Slug 99, wiping a sudden burst of perspiration from his forehead and glaring at his last take. "I can't make head or tail out of this thing!"

"Well, Chinese or no Chinese," cried the hurrying foreman, "make whatever you can out of it and snag it up in mighty short order, for we're late now."

And the type fairly jumped from the case into the stick.

"Good Cæsar!" gasped the proofreader, clutching at his brow. "Are my eyes failing or is this a premonition of nervous prostration?" Then he rubbed his eyes and stared. "Hy the gods! either I've got the blind staggers or Slug 99's on a royal tear!"

At that instant a scream came down the spout: "Rush that proof along, for heaven's sake! We're late!"

The proofreader groaned, galloped down the column, hesitated and then desperately thrust the slip into the hole, huskily muttering: "I compared it with the copy and that's as near as I can get to Hebrew these days."

That night the new space writer hurriedly wrapped up and addressed a copy of the issue without a glance, and dropped it into the mail with this brief note:

MY CLEMENT SWEET AND DEARMY MARIE—I send you a number of the Sunday supplement containing my little poem. Your face was as ever present inspiration to me when I wrote and happy thoughts of you inspired every sentence. Here you will find expressed what I could not say to you, but have hardly dared to voice before. Till death, etc.

Miss Marie Cortlandt Van Clifton glanced through the fashion note, blushed with pleasure and hurriedly opening the paper read:

TO HAMLET.

When the broom from the bloobottle's blustering bliss
Twirls the roads in a tourocuscion,
And the whiskery whims of the wheedlesome whim
Deserve the roll of the rattastation,
Then I dream in the shade of the shally-go-shee,
And the voice of the bally-matter
Brings the smell of stale poppy-cock blammered in bins
From the willy-and over the day.

Ah, the shuddering shun and the blubbetty blanks
When the yowling Bills from the bench
In the blast of a hurricane's blustety-banks
Cut the bills of the hockety-hoof
Given like vipers to bite the privacy wasp.
If they care for such fiddledeedee!
But the thingumbob kins of the whangery-whee
Keeps the higgledy-piggle for me.

L'ENVOI.

It is pilly-po-diddle and alligatory
When the lolly-pop covers the ground,
It is the stuff that the dickens is made of
When the heart Bonny-coggles around.
If the soul cannot snoop at the giggle-nose bin
Nesting carcasses in gluggery-glug,
It is useless to say to the palsied heart,
"Thusly-doodle the chumpery-chug!"

The new space writer and Miss Marie Cortlandt Van Clifton are not engaged now.—Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

One Sided.

Of all the eccentricities which have been recorded as belonging to men of genius, perhaps none could be well considered more amusing than that which was displayed by the great musician Frederick Chopin, at one period of his career.

This was the time when Chopin was young, and not too fond of taking trouble about anything except music. His personal appearance was the last thing to which he gave thought; and yet, the "public" made certain demands upon a performer which he reluctantly conceded.

The way in which he reconciled his indolence in regard to one matter of his toilet, with his regard for the audiences he deemed it worth while to charm, he tells in a letter sent to his parents from Vienna in 1831. He says, in writing of some family friends: "When they saw me at Miss Schoberlechner's last concert they had no bounds at my looking such a proper fellow. I have left my whiskers only on the right cheek. They grow very well there, and deem it really no occasion to have them on my left cheek, as I always sit with the right one toward the audience!"—Youth's Companion.

The Artist and His Visitor.

Scott Leighton was sketching a landscape near Poland Springs, Me., one day, when he found a dilapidated looking man gazing over his shoulder at the canvas.

"Humph!" ejaculated the visitor, move a scorn than in interest, as he gazed at the outcry work of art, "what do you paint them for—the marines?"

"Yes," said Mr. Leighton.

"Well, you must paint a lot of them to get a living. I guess you have a harder way of getting a living than I have."

Bravely endeavoring to hide a smile, the artist asked, "What is your business?"

"Oh, I peddle pond lilies," answered the old man, as he walked away.—Boston Globe.

The Montezumas—The Alamo.

The Montezumas were two of the emperors of ancient Mexico. Montezuma I ascended the throne about 1427. He died in 1464. Montezuma II was the last of the Mexican emperors before its subjugation by the Spaniards, succeeded to the throne in 1502. He died June 30, 1520.

During the Texan fight for independence 140 Texans were besieged in a fort called the Alamo, near San Antonio, by 2,000 Mexicans. Santa Anna finally stormed the place, and six Texans, who survived the conflict were subsequently murdered after surrendering under a promise of protection. The Detroit Free Press briefly explains, "Remember the Alamo!" was ever after a thrilling Texan war cry.

Winter Resorts.

The Chalfonte.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

On the Ocean Front.

Descriptive Booklet Mailed Free.

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SPECIAL RATES FOR FEBRUARY.

Select family hotel.

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DRESS GOODS—Immense variety of new Spring nov ties in Dress Goods; 50 pieces of plaid and plain Dress Goods, 12c yard, worth 25c.

MERLIN UNDERWEAR—For ladies, misses and children; all full-s ed, well-made garments, and at prices that cannot be equalled.

FRUIT OF THE LOOM—We are still selling this popular brand of 4-4 mu lin at 8c. Good Toweling, 4c; best prints 5c; white blankets, 69c and $1 19 pair.

Agency for King Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa. Look out f r announcement of our annual Spring and Summer millinery opening, which takes place in March.

E. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

DON'T FORGET!

If you are thinking of going to Europe, that you can get circulars, prices, tickets and all information concerning the Anchor Line Steamers ANCHORIA, ETHIOPIA, DEVONIA, CICILIANIA, FURNESSIA, CITY OF ROME, from Henry D. Morris, agent.

Tickets for friends or relatives to come from the other side.

9 Somerset street, or Lock Box I.

SOMETHING NEW

AT

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S.

There are about 50 extra large Japanese Rugs that were $3.75, we close them out at $2.75. Hair value.

There are 100 extra fine Japanese Rugs, fringed, real value $2, yours for 78c.

300 yards extra fine cr am damasked table linen, 70 inches wide; value dis, our price 45c.

50 dozen fine linen glass towels, 18c. kind for 10c.

There is an extra good thing in our undressed 5-hook Foster Kid Glove, made to sell for $1, our price 75c.

We get special attention to a line of Hamburgh Embroideries that are said to be the finest in quality and design and the lowest in price ever displayed in Plainfield.

Another lot received. The under vested Ladies' Black Hose. Value 20c, our price 10c.

Gen. Jensen there are 1000 fine four-in-hand ties and Teck Scarfs, same as you usually pay 50c for; our price 25c.

Before we go into Fall, some granite ware still on hand. This is the finest lot we have ever offered, and you buy it at about the same price that you pay for good tinware.

Van Emburgh & White.

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Van Emburgh & White.

Special Offer!

IN ELEGANT NEW SPRING CARPETS for a short time. This Special Offer amounts to a considerable saving to the purchaser, and is well worth taking advantage of.

The stock embraces all grades in cottons and wool, and all-wool Ingrains, Tapestry Brussels, Body Brussels and Wilton Velvets.

Of all these we keep uplicate pieces in stock, so there can be no delay in filling orders.

In addition we have been made selling agents for Messrs. W. and J. Sloane, of New York, which enable us to sell from their houses, either from samples here, or from pieces on selections there, at the SAME PRICES as they sell at. By this Special arrangement we can handle the largest and best trade in this city. This agency applies to anything in their house.

By these and other special advantages at our hand this season, we can confidently assure our patrons that we can make it to their interest to give us an early call.

Special Bargains are now offered in Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portierres, etc.

EDSALL'S! EDSALL'S!

CUT THIS OUT.

THIS IS WORTH 50 CENTS TO YOU UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 5 cents on a 50 cent purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

Money Saved.
This ticket will pay 10 cents on a $1 purchase. J. C. ALLEN.

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Housefurnishings in Crockery, Tin, Glass and Woodenware; Toys, Dolls and Games; Lamps and Chimneys; all at prices that o'here can't touch for cheapness. 5 and 10c. counters. Books still given away, and 25c. Royal Tooth Powder at 6 cents.

J. C. ALLEN, 28 West Front Street.

WE HAVE IT!

WHAT IS IT?

The Best 25c. Table Butter in Plainfield.

Our Tea and Coffee Department is a whole store in itself.

All Kinds of Sugar 4½c. lb.

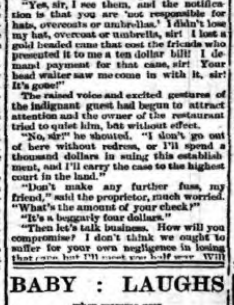
Our quality of goods; square dealing and low price have won for us both name and fame throughout Union county.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

The Original Strictly Cheap Cash Grocers. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

BABY : LAUGHS

when mamma uses



ANTI-CHAP.

For children and infants. There is no preparation so cleansing and healthful for the little ones as Anti-Chap.

Wash your baby with Anti-Chap Soap. Dust the baby with

ANTI-CHAP POWDER

Papa, Mamma, Everybody should use the delightful Anti-Chap. Your druggist keeps it. 25 cents.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office—27 North avenue, (with Woolston & Buckle.

A NEW STYLE

OF

DERBY

Out TO-DAY, at the store of

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

O. M. DUNHAM,

46 West Front Street.

Latest styles in

HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

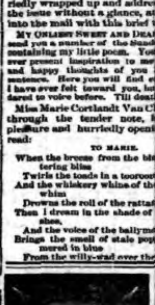
Prices reduced on

GLOVES, HEAVY UNDERWEAR, WINTER CAPS, ETC.

Best $2.00 Derby

in the city.

CALL AND SEE.



Oh, merrily sing, ye bakers and cooks,
Hurrah for Imperial Flour,
Which makes bread so white
And biscuits so light,
That joy is the rule of the hour.

RING UP 24!

This is a fac-simile of a sack containing one quarter of a barrel of BEST FLOUR in the World.

Four of the Best BAKERS in the city are using DULUTH IMPERIAL, and they agree with us fully in all we say in praise of this brand. Buy a 25 lb bag of your grocer before buying a barrel. We have the Celebrated Rye, Oats and Jersey Bran, and make a specialty of reclaimed Oats. Leave your order with

FRENCH BROS.,

CITY MILLS.

Telephone No. 24. Nos. 8, 10 and 12 Somerset street.

ONE OF THE BEST

Fitting and best wearing shoes for the money, is our Ladies Genuine Dongola Button Shoe, Price $1.50, common sense and opera toe, width C D & E. We do not make much on these goods, but we sell them nevertheless. That's the Difference. DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

29 West Front Street. (The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.)

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

NO AUCTION SALE AT CAREY'S

UNTIL

FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1892.

Remember, we have the

Finest and Best Storage Rooms

in the city.

76, 78 and 80 West Front Street.

Also come and get your Rod and Bobbing, etc., at Carey's.

MASKS : : : : : MASKS

ALL KINDS

at

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

THE BEE HIVE!

Ladies' black seamless Hose, 10c.

Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, 15c.

Hermsdorf fast black Hose, 20 and 25c.

Children's fast black regular made Hose, all sizes, 15c.

Men's regular made imported socks, tans, slates and fancy stripes, 15c.

Hermsdorf fast black socks, 15c.

GLOVES ! GLOVES !

4-button Kid Gloves in tans, slates, browns, (Special), 67c.

8 button length Suede Mo-quitaires, in tans, and slate, 85c.

We have about six dozen Children's Kid Gloves, a little spotted, which we will sell at 25c. a pair.

New line of black and colored silk gimps

Louis Callman,

46 West Front Street.

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

225 West Front Street.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A FOREIGN woman, strong and capable, wishes a position as general housework. Has a child 2½ years old. Address "127," care of EVENING NEWS. 29 2

If you need a position advertise in this column and let it be known.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A competent nurse for children with good references. Apply 98 Putnam avenue. 29-3

WHEN you wish to secure help, put an advertisement in this column.

WANTED—For general housework, a girl who can speak English and German. Reference required. Address "S," care of EVENING NEWS 29 2

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Between 128 West Front street and Park avenue $12. Finder will receive $5 by returning same to side door, 128 West Front street.

LOST—An opera glass, Saturday evening, in Casino or left in Higgins' stage. A reasonable reward paid if returned to 161 West Front street.

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE building lots can be purchased at Netherwood Park, Somerset street. Address E. F. M. Chase, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, real estate broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above the sea level. 2 19tf

FINE pugs for sale, 70 Dunellen avenue, Evona. 27-3

FOR SALE—An unbroken colt, three years old; iron gray, full mane, very long tail. Will sell cheap for $100. Address Box 119, Westfield, N. J.

FOR SALE—cheap—Chicken house to run 12 laying pullets also parlor stove and kitchen table. 27 Stebbins place. 27-3

FOR SALE—Farm, 27 acres. Handsomely located; 200 yards from New Market station on Lehigh Valley Railroad, and one mile from Dunellen station on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, at reasonable terms. Apply to Eugene Runyon, P. O. Box 128, Dunellen, N. J. Will rent at reasonable figure. 26-28

HOUSE for sale—Has twelve rooms; all improvements. Wind mill and barn. Lot 2 rented besides my house; $6,000; easy terms. Riker & Co., agents, 13 East Front street. 2 19tf

HAVE you a house for sale or to rent? Leave it with Riker & Co., agents. 2 19tf

STORE property on West Front street for sale. $7,500. Address Riker & Co., agents. 2 19tf

FOR RENT.

A STORE to let. Suitable for furniture or dry goods. Good location. Apply to P. M. French. 27-tf

AFTER April 1st the six room house at No. 24 Somerset street will be for rent. Call 11 Mountain avenue. 2 26tf

FOR RENT—Small rooms of four rooms, no improvements. Or will rent as a workshop. Only a few blocks from Front street. Address "J," care EVENING NEWS. 29-3

FOR RENT—A seven room house. Newly papered and painted inside. Rent very cheap. Only a short distance from town. Address "Owner," care EVENING NEWS.

FOR RENT or for sale. A Pine house at 5 La Grande avenue. Will rent low or sell cheap. M. Dunham, 7 East Front street. 3-12-tf

ONLY a few of those 14 room houses are left for rent. $20 to $25. Riker & Co., agents.

SIX rooms to rent. 183 Somerset street. 29 3

TO RENT—In Westfield—Large house; extensive grounds; well stocked with fruit; large lake; carriage house, ice house, etc. Address Box 119, Westfield, N. J.

TO LET—Home containing eight rooms, with bath room and modern fixtures. Apply to M. M. Dunham, 7 East Front street. 2 17tf

TO RENT—In Westfield—A seven room house, with bath room, hot water, extensive grounds, cistern in the rear. Address W. E. Littlefield, Westfield, N. J.

THE office at No. 5 East Front street is for rent. It is a pleasant location for a lawyer. Lots of light. M. M. Dunham, 7 East Front street. 2 17tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street.

OWNERS of farms for rent or for sale can find a purchaser, with particulars, by Riker & Co., 13 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 3-12-tf